



THE
OFFICIAL GAZETTE
OF THE
COLONY AND PROTECTORATE OF KENYA.

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Colony and Protectorate of Kenya.

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GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 94.

ARRIVALS.

Name.	Rank.	From leave or on 1st Appointment.	Date of leaving England.	Date of Embarkation.	Date of arrival at Kilindini.
J. A. G. Elliot	District Commissioner	Leave	Jan. 28th, 1921	Jan. 28th, 1921	March 11th, 1921
C. S. Hemsted	do.	"	do	do	do
W. W. B. Kitching	Chief Draughtsman, Land and Survey	"	do	do	do
R. H. T. Blunt	Asst. Storekeeper, P. W. D.	"	Jan. 31st, 1921	Jan. 31st, 1921	do
B. J. F. Franklin	Asst. District Commissioner	"	Jan. 21st, 1921	Jan. 21st, 1921	do
C. A. Cornell	do.	1st appointment	Feb. 4th, 1921	Feb. 4th, 1921	do
C. B. Mathews	do.	"	do	do	do
G. V. Allen	Asst. Bacteriologist	"	do	do	do
G. W. Shutt	Driver, Uganda Railway	Leave	Jan. 27th, 1921	...	do

DEPARTURES.

Name.	Rank.	On leave or termination of appointment.	Date of Departure.
W. A. F. Platts	District Commissioner	Leave	March 5th, 1921
R. Weeks	do.	do	do
H. M. Jones	Overseer, P. W. D.	do	do
John Ford	Laboratory Assistant	do	do
J. W. Francis	Headmaster, Education Dept.	do	do
A. Kane	Wireless Operator	do	do
T. A. Dickson	District Commissioner	do	do
A. G. Baker	District Surveyor	do	do
B. E. F. Wetkin	Sanitary Inspector	do	do
Mrs. Mathews (<i>Nee</i> Miss Wilkinson)	Postal Department	do	do
Lieut. Coupland	...	do	do
Lt.-Comdr. F. R. Hemsted, R.N.R.	Chief Officer, Lake Steamers, U. Rly.	do	do
Miss R. Anderson	Nurse, Medical Department	do	do

APPOINTMENTS.

- S. 615.
CHARLES BRODRICK THOMPSON, Assistant District Commissioner, to be Acting District Commissioner, Vanga, with effect from the 3rd February, 1921.
- S. 19291.
WILLIAM SYDNEY MARCHANT, Assistant District Commissioner, to be Acting District Commissioner, Malindi, with effect from the 26th February, 1921.
- S. 18816/64.
FORSTER HEDDLE BROWN NORRIE, M.B., CH.B., to be Medical Officer, with effect from the 4th March, 1921.
- S. 1196.
THOMAS ALEXANDER GRAY, Assistant Commissioner of Prisons, to be Acting Commissioner of Prisons, with effect from the 14th March, 1921.
- S. 3392.
SAMUEL RAMSAY HILL, Superintendent Mombasa Prison, to be Acting Assistant Commissioner of Prisons, with effect from the 14th March, 1921.
- S. 3359.
JOSEPH FINCH, Second Grade Gaoler, to be Acting Superintendent Mombasa Prison, with effect from the 14th March, 1921.

SECRETARIAT,

NAIROBI,

March 23rd, 1921.

S. 22297.

CHARLES ALBERT CORNELL, to be a Cadet in the Administrative Service, with effect from the 4th of February, 1921.

S. 22301.

CHARLES BERTRAM MATTHEWS, to be a Cadet in the Administrative Service, with effect from the 4th of February, 1921.

MAGISTERIAL WARRANTS.

S. 839.

GEORGE HAROLD OSBORNE, to be a Magistrate of the First Class, with power to hold a Subordinate Court of the First Class in the Township of Mombasa, whilst holding his present appointment as Resident Commissioner, Mombasa.

S. 21931.

HUGH LIGHTFOOT MOOD, to be a Magistrate of the Second Class with power to hold a Subordinate Court of the Second Class, with effect from the 17th March, 1921, and so long as he is holding his present appointment as Assistant District Commissioner in Charge, Mara. Masai Reserve.

W. K. NOTLEY,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

COLONY AND PROTECTORATE OF KENYA.

AN ORDINANCE.

No. 20 OF 1921.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 15th day of March, 1921.

EDWARD NORTHEY,
Governor.

**An Ordinance to Regulate the Manufacture and
Sale of Native Intoxicating Liquors.**

BE it enacted by the Governor of the Colony of Kenya, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Native Liquor Ordinance, 1921." Short title.

2. In this Ordinance:—

Definitions.

"Local authority" means the Council of any Municipality constituted under the Municipal Corporations Ordinance, 1909, or any Ordinance substituted therefor and any committee or other authority appointed under the East Africa Townships Ordinance, 1903, for the purpose of the said Ordinance.

"Licensing Board" means the person or body of persons authorised to grant, renew or transfer licences under this Ordinance.

"Native intoxicating liquor" means pombe, fermented asali, tembo kali, and all liquors such as are prepared by natives which contain more than one per centum by weight of absolute alcohol.

"Sale" includes barter.

3. The Governor-in-Council may from time to time by proclamation apply this Ordinance to any area in the Colony and Protectorate and upon its application this Ordinance shall come into full force and effect within the limits of such area. Application of Ordinance.

Provided that the Ordinance shall not be applied to any area where there is a Local Authority except at the request of such Local Authority and that it shall not be applied to any area where there is no Local Authority except at the request of the Administrative Officer in charge of the area.

4. (1) The Governor may appoint in any Township or other area a Licensing Board consisting of three members of whom two including the Chairman shall be a quorum for the consideration and determination of applications for or relating to the granting, renewal or transfer of licences for the manufacture and sale of native intoxicating liquor and may fill any vacancy arising in such Board through the absence of any member or from any other cause. Licensing Boards.

(2) No member of a Licensing Board shall have any interest in any application before the Board.

(3) The Resident Commissioner shall be Chairman of such Board provided that in Townships or other areas where there is no Resident Commissioner the District Commissioner or such other person as the Governor may appoint shall be the Chairman.

(4) The decision of the majority of the members shall be the decision of the Board and in the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a casting as well as a deliberative vote.

(5) A Licensing Board shall have power to refuse any application or all applications made to it.

(6) The powers and duties of a Licensing Board shall, in areas to which no Licensing Board has been appointed, be exercised and carried into effect by the District Commissioner of the district or by such other person as the Governor may appoint.

Licensing Boards when to sit.

5. (1) Licensing Boards shall sit on the 1st Monday in December and at the discretion of the Chairman may sit on the 1st Monday in June in each year or on a date as near to those dates as may be possible at such time and place as the Chairman shall appoint and shall consider and determine all applications for the granting, renewal, transfer, removal and refusal of any licence for and in respect of which notice has been given.

(2) At least one month's notice of any sitting shall be given by the Chairman in the Gazette.

Who may hold licence.

6. (1) No licence shall be issued under this Ordinance to any person other than persons of African extraction or of Arabian extraction born in Africa.

(2) No licence to sell in a Township shall be issued to a female.

Employment in connection with the sale.

7. No female shall be employed in connection with the sale of native intoxicating liquor on licensed premises in a Township or except with the special permission of the Licensing Board in any other area such permission to be endorsed on the licence.

No person to manufacture or sell without a licence.

8. (1) No person unless he holds a licence issued under this Ordinance shall manufacture for the purpose of sale or shall sell native intoxicating liquor.

Approved premises.

(2) Every licence issued under this Ordinance shall authorise the holder to manufacture and sell native intoxicating liquor on such premises or in such village only as the Licensing Board shall approve and specify on the licence and in a Township shall be displayed in a conspicuous place in the licensed premises.

(3) No premises in any Township shall be licensed unless they are approved by the Licensing Board and by the Medical Officer of Health and further provided that such premises are furnished and equipped to the satisfaction of the Board and no such premises shall be used for any purpose other than that for which the licence was granted (except as an eating house) except by permission of the Licensing Board endorsed on the licence.

Premises on private land.

(4) A licence in respect of premises on private land shall not be issued unless the consent of the occupier of the land has first been obtained.

Special temporary licences.

(5) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained a Licensing Board may issue a special temporary licence authorising the person named therein to sell native intoxicating liquor on premises named in such licence on the date and during the hours named therein.

Fee.

(6) There shall be payable in respect of any licence issued under this section and in respect of any transfer of any licence such sum as the Governor-in-Council may from time to time fix by notice in the Gazette.

Duration of licence.

9. Every licence granted under this Ordinance shall expire on the 31st day of December of the year in respect of which it was issued provided that where application has been made for the renewal of such licence it shall continue in force until the decision of the Licensing Board has been notified to the applicant and for seven days thereafter.

10. (1) In any Township the Local Authority may prescribe the days and hours during which native intoxicating liquor may be sold. Hours of sale of native intoxicating liquor.

(2) In any Township where the Local Authority has not prescribed the hours during which native intoxicating liquor may be sold no such liquor shall be sold between the hours of 8 p.m. and 8 a.m. To whom may be sold.

11. No person who has been granted a licence under this Ordinance shall supply any native intoxicating liquor:—

(a) To any Non-native.

(b) To any female in a Township.

(c) To any person apparently under the age of 18 years.

(d) To any drunken person.

(e) To any person except for consumption on the premises specified in the licence or for purposes of transport from the place of manufacture to licensed premises.

Provided that in the Provinces of Seyidie and Tanaland any native desiring to purchase native intoxicating liquor outside his reserve for consumption in his Reserve shall obtain a permit to possess and transport such liquor from the place of purchase to the intended place of consumption. Such permit shall be in writing and shall be obtained from the District Commissioner of the district in which the licensed premises are situated who shall have absolute discretion to refuse its issue; and there shall be stated on the permit the date of issue, the date of expiration and the quantity of liquor so to be possessed and transported.

12. A licence granted under this Ordinance shall not be transferable from one person to another person or from one set of premises to another set of premises except with the consent in writing of the Licensing Board who may refuse such consent. Licence not to be transferred without sanction.

13. Any unlicensed person who shall manufacture for the purpose of sale or shall sell native intoxicating liquor and any licensed person who shall manufacture for the purpose of sale or shall sell native intoxicating liquor on premises other than those authorised by his licence shall be guilty of an offence and shall upon conviction be liable to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to a fine not exceeding £100 or to both such fine and imprisonment and to forfeiture of any licence issued under this Ordinance. Sale on unlicensed premises.

14. Any person in a Township found in possession of native intoxicating liquor off licensed premises shall be guilty of an offence unless he shall prove that the liquor in question was being transported from the place of manufacture to licensed premises for the purpose of sale therein and shall be liable on conviction to a term of imprisonment not exceeding one month or to a fine not exceeding £5 or to both such fine and imprisonment and the liquor in question shall be confiscated. Provided that this section shall not apply to any native holding a permit under the proviso in Section 11 (e). Being in possession of native intoxicating liquor off licensed premises.

15. If any premises licensed under this Ordinance for the manufacture for the purpose of sale or for the sale of native intoxicating liquor shall in the opinion of the Licensing Board become unsuitable or shall fall into disrepair the Licensing Board may suspend the licence until such premises have been made conformable to its requirements. Unsuitable premises.

16. Any premises in any Township licensed for the sale of native intoxicating liquor shall be provided with such latrine accommodation as the Medical Officer of Health or in the absence of a Medical Officer of Health as the District Commissioner or Resident Commissioner shall direct. Latrine accommodation.

17. No person holding or having held a licence to sell native intoxicating liquor shall be entitled to claim a renewal of such licence as of right or to claim any compensation in respect of such licence if such licence is not renewed. No vested interest created by licence.

18. (1) No licensee shall allow drunkenness on his licensed premises. Drunk and disorderly persons.

(2) No licensee shall admit to his licensed premises any person who is drunk or disorderly or who carries a dangerous weapon.

(3) A licensee shall take all steps in his power to compel any drunk or disorderly person or any person who is found to be in possession of a dangerous weapon to leave the licensed premises.

Refusal to obey licensee.

19. Any person entering or remaining on licensed premises against the orders of a licensee as provided for in the preceding section shall be guilty of an offence.

In this and the preceding section the word "licensee" shall be taken as including "employee."

Powers of arrest.

20. Any Police Officer may arrest any person found on or near any premises licensed under this Ordinance or on any road or in any public place drunk and incapable or drunk and disorderly.

Explanation of Ordinance to applicant.

21. Any person applying for a licence under this Ordinance shall have the provisions of the Ordinance fully explained to him by the Chairman of the Board and should the licence be granted the Chairman on signing the licence shall certify on the same that the provisions have been so explained.

Power to inspect.

22. Any Magistrate or Police Officer of or above the rank of an Assistant Sub-Inspector or European Police Constable in charge of an outstation or any other person authorised thereto by a Magistrate shall have power to inspect any premises licensed under this Ordinance and to demand and inspect the licence. Refusal to produce a licence when demanded under this section shall be deemed to be an offence.

Power to search unlicensed premises.

23. Any Magistrate or Police Officer of or above the rank of an Inspector (or any European Police Constable in charge of an outstation) and any other Police Officer having special written authority from a Magistrate or Police Officer of or above the rank of an Inspector may at any hour enter any unlicensed premises in which he suspects that native intoxicating liquor is being sold and may if cause be discovered take into custody all persons found therein, and may take possession of all liquor found therein, and all such persons shall be brought before a Magistrate as soon as possible and upon conviction all such liquor found therein shall be forfeited.

Power to search licensed premises.

24. Any Police Officer may enter any licensed premises at any time when he has reasonable grounds for believing that liquor is being sold on such premises contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance and if cause be discovered may take into custody the licensee and all his servants and all persons taken into custody shall be brought before a Magistrate as soon as possible and such Police Officer may take possession of all liquor found on such premises and upon conviction all liquor found therein shall be forfeited.

Evidence.

25. In any proceeding relating to any offence under this Ordinance it shall not be necessary to show that any money actually passed or that any native intoxicating liquor was actually consumed if the Court hearing the case be satisfied that a transaction in the nature of a sale actually took place or that any consumption was about to take place and proof of consumption or intended consumption of native intoxicating liquor in licensed premises by some person other than the occupier or his servant in such premises shall be evidence that such liquor was sold to the person consuming or about to consume the same by the holder of such licence.

Tapping of trees.

26. (1) No person shall tap trees for palm wine except he has first taken out a licence in that behalf from the District Commissioner.

(2) Such licence shall authorise the holder to tap trees for palm wine in such area and within such hours as the District Commissioner shall approve and specify on the licence.

(3) There shall be payable in respect of any licence issued under this section such sum as the Governor-in-Council may from time to time proclaim, provided always that no sum shall be payable in respect of any licence granted to tap trees for palm wine intended for private consumption by the owner or his household or dependents and not for purposes of sale. Such licences shall be endorsed by the District Commissioner with such conditions as he may think necessary.

(4) Any Magistrate or Police Officer of or above the rank of an Assistant Sub-Inspector or any European Police Constable shall have power to demand and inspect any licence issued under this section. Refusal to produce a licence when so demanded shall be deemed to be an offence. Such offence shall be cognisable to the Police.

27. Any person who shall commit any offence under this Ordinance or shall contravene any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall, where other provision is not made by this Ordinance, be liable to a term of imprisonment of either description not exceeding six months or to a fine not exceeding £50 or to both and to forfeiture of any licence under this Ordinance. Penalties.

28. This Ordinance shall not be deemed to limit the application of the provisions of the Native Authority Ordinance, 1912. Saving.

29. (1) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Ordinance the Governor-in-Council may at the request of a Local Authority in charge of any area declare by proclamation in the Gazette that the right to manufacture and/or sell and supply native intoxicating liquor in such area is vested exclusively in the Local Authority and thereupon such Local Authority may establish breweries and canteens or hostels for the purpose of manufacture and/or sale of native intoxicating liquor. Application by Local Authority for exclusive right to manufacture and sale.

(2) Such Local Authority shall not be required to apply for any licence under this Ordinance in respect of any canteen or hostel so established.

(3) All breweries, canteens or hostels so established shall be registered in a register to be kept by the District Commissioner.

(4) From and after the date of any proclamation as hereinbefore mentioned no further licences shall be granted under this Ordinance in respect of any premises within the area within which the Local Authority is authorised to establish breweries, canteens or hostels and no licence existing at the date of the proclamation shall be renewed or transferred.

30. (1) The Governor-in-Council may from time to time make Rules for any of the following purposes:— Power to make Rules.

(1) For the confiscation of any liquor manufactured or being manufactured or kept in contravention of this Ordinance and of all instruments and utensils appertaining thereto.

(2) For the manufacture for the purpose of sale or for the sale of native intoxicating liquor by any Local Authority and the management and control of the breweries, canteens or hostels of such Local Authority.

(3) For the taking of samples and for the analysis of native intoxicating liquor manufactured for sale or sold by a Local Authority or any other licensed persons.

(4) For the prohibition of the manufacture for the purpose of sale or sale by any person of any native intoxicating liquor exceeding the strength of 7.5 per centum by weight of absolute alcohol.

(5) For the provision of co-operative arrangement between Local Authorities for the manufacture for the purpose of sale or sale of native intoxicating liquor.

(6) For providing that any officer duly appointed for that purpose shall at all reasonable times have the right to enter and inspect any brewery, canteen or hostel established by a Local Authority for the purpose of ensuring:—

(a) That good order and proper standards of comfort and cleanliness are maintained.

(b) That proper books of accounts are kept by the Local Authority in connection with the manufacture for the purpose of sale or sale of native intoxicating liquor and for the purpose of examining and auditing the same.

(c) For the purpose of inquiring into any complaints against the proper conduct of the premises and for the above purposes the Local Authority shall afford all reasonable facilities and assistance to such officers whilst engaged in the foregoing duties.

(7) For providing that such officer shall transmit a written report of any such inspection as mentioned above to the Chief Native Commissioner as to the facts ascertained by such inspection and a copy of such report shall be transmitted to the Local Authority concerned.

(8) For providing that should such Local Authority fail to maintain to the satisfaction of the Governor any brewery, canteen or hostel the Governor may direct by proclamation in the Gazette that all powers, duties and authorities conferred under this Ordinance on such Local Authority shall be temporarily transferred to and vested in the Senior Resident Commissioner or any other suitable Government Officer who shall exercise all such powers and authorities on behalf of the Local Authority.

(9) For providing that all profits accruing to a Local Authority from the manufacture for the purpose of sale and sale of native intoxicating liquor shall be expended in such ways and on such projects on behalf of the natives resident in the area controlled by such Local Authority as may to the Governor seem best and expedient.

(10) For the fixing of any fees to be charged for services rendered in connection with this Ordinance.

(11) Generally for the better carrying into effect of the purposes of this Ordinance.

Repeals.

31. The East Africa Native Liquor Ordinance, 1907, the East Africa Native Intoxicating Liquor Ordinance, 1908, and the East Africa Native Intoxicating Liquor Ordinance, 1915, are hereby repealed.

AN ORDINANCE.

No. 21 of 1921.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 15th day of March, 1921.

EDWARD NORTHEY,
Governor.

An Ordinance to Amend the Rent (War Restriction Amendment) Ordinance, 1921.

BE it enacted by the Governor of the Colony of Kenya, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof:—

Short title.

This Ordinance may be cited as "The Rent (War Restriction Amendment No. 2) Ordinance, 1921," and shall be read as one with the Rent (War Restriction Amendment) Ordinance, 1921, hereinafter referred to as "the Principal Ordinance."

Amendment of Section 6 of
the Principal Ordinance.

2. Section 6 of the Principal Ordinance is hereby amended by the deletion of the words and figures "Sections 3 or 4" in the second line thereof and the substitution therefor of the words and figures "Sections 4 or 5."

AN ORDINANCE.

No. 22 of 1921.

Assented to in His Majesty's name this 15th day of March, 1921.

EDWARD NORTHEY,
Governor.

An Ordinance to make Provision for Granting Pensions to Widows and Children of Deceased European Public Officers.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the granting of Pensions to the Widows and Children of European Officers employed in the service of the Government of the Colony of Kenya. Preamble.

BE it therefore enacted by the Governor of the Colony of Kenya, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council thereof as follows:—

1. This Ordinance may be cited as "The Widows and Orphans Pension Ordinance, 1921." Short title.

2. (1) In this Ordinance, if not inconsistent with the context, the following expressions have the meanings hereinafter respectively assigned to them, viz:— Interpretation.

"This Government" means the Government of the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya.

"European Officer" means any officer both of whose parents were of pure European descent (but includes also any other officer who is appointed under the conditions of service ordinarily applicable to Europeans).

"East African Service" means the service of the Government of any one or more of the following:—

The Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, the Protectorate of Uganda, the Protectorate of Nyasaland, the Protectorate of Zanzibar, the Protectorate of Somaliland and the Tanganyika Territory; which Governments are referred to as "East African Governments."

"The Scheme" means the scheme common to all the British Colony and Protectorates in East Africa and the Tanganyika Territory for granting pensions to the Widows and Children of European officers in the East African Service which it is intended to establish by this Ordinance and by similar legislation in the others of the said Colony, Protectorates and Territory.

"Crown Agents" means the Crown Agents for the Colonies.

"The Secretary of State" means one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

"Of a pensionable age" as applied to children means, in the case of a male, that he is under the age of eighteen years, and, in the case of a female, that she is under the age of twenty-one years and has not been married. A child shall be deemed to cease to be of a pensionable age within the meaning of this Ordinance, if a male, on attaining the age of eighteen years or dying under that age, and, if a female, on attaining the age of twenty-one years, or dying or marrying under that age.

"Contributor" includes a person all of whose contributions are fully paid and a person who has been transferred from the service of this Government to other East African Service while contributing under the scheme.

"Beneficiary" means and includes,

- (a) The widow of a contributor;
- (b) The children of a contributor, by his marriage with any wife dying in his life-time, who are alive and of a pensionable age at the death of their father.

The words "monthly" and "month" refer to calendar months.

(2) When the marriage of any contributor has been annulled or dissolved by the decree of any competent court the wife party to such marriage shall for all purposes of this Ordinance be deemed to have died and the contributor to have become a widower at the date of such decree.

Who shall become contributors.

3. (1) Subject to the exceptions mentioned in the next section, every European officer appointed permanently or temporarily to a post in the service of this Government after, and not appointed or selected for appointment to the East African Service on or before the 1st of April, 1921, shall become a contributor under the provisions of this Ordinance from the date on which he commences to draw any of the salary of the post.

(2) Subject to the same exceptions, every European officer who was in, or selected for appointment to, the East African Service on the 1st of April, 1921, may, if at the time of election he is in the service of this Government, by a written notice addressed to the Crown Agents and received by them before the 1st of October, 1922, elect to become a contributor: and if he so elect, he shall contribute as from the first day of the month next after that in which his notice was received by the Crown Agents.

(3) If a European officer who was in, or selected for appointment to, the East African Service on the 1st of April, 1921, elects to become a contributor and is appointed to the service of this Government subsequently to such election, he shall contribute under this Ordinance.

If such an officer does not elect to contribute to the scheme and is appointed to the service of this Government subsequently to the 1st of April, 1921, upon such terms as constitute a re-appointment to or re-engagement in the East African Service, he shall, for the purposes of this Ordinance, be deemed to be appointed to the service of this Government on the date of such re-appointment or re-engagement.

4. (1) The following shall not be eligible to be contributors— Who shall not be contributors.

(a) Governors and their Private Secretaries and Aides-de-Camp, if not contributors before they held these positions or holders of substantive appointments entitling them to be contributors.

(b) Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men on the active list of the Navy or of the Regular Army temporarily employed by an East African Government in either a military or a civil capacity.

(c) Persons temporarily employed on special missions.

(d) Females.

- (2) The following shall not be eligible to become contributors:— Who shall not become contributors.

Persons who have attained the age of forty-nine, unless they are transferred from other East African Service in which they were contributors under the scheme and have not completed their periods of contribution.

- (3) No officer shall be required to become a contributor under this Ordinance if, and for so long as, he is contributing to an approved scheme or to the Uganda Railway Provident Fund. No claim for exemption under this sub-section shall be valid unless it is made in writing and reaches the Crown Agents not later than three months after the date from which the officer commenced to draw salary from this Government. An officer who under this sub-section has claimed exemption from becoming a contributor under this Ordinance may not subsequently become a contributor under this Ordinance unless either he ceases to contribute to the approved scheme or to the Uganda Railway Provident Fund, as the case may be, or he marries, or he leaves the service of this Government and is subsequently re-appointed to it. Nothing in this sub-section shall exempt an officer who on appointment or re-appointment to the service of this Government is already a contributor under the scheme, from continuing his contributions thereto. Who may, but need not become contributors.

An "Approved Scheme" means a scheme for the granting of Pensions to the Widows and Children of Government Officers established in a British Colony or Protectorate outside East Africa or in British India which has been declared by the Secretary of State to be an approved scheme for the purpose of this sub-section.

5. (1) The rates of contribution shall be as follows:—

Rates of contribution.

(a) An officer the maximum of whose scale of salary (or whose actual salary if he is not on an incremental scale) exceeds the amount given in any line of the first column below but does not exceed that given in the corresponding line of the second, shall contribute at the annual sterling rate given in the corresponding line of the third column:—

Column 1.	Column 2.	Column 3.
£	£	£
—	275	12
275	300	15
300	400	18
400	500	24
500	600	30
600	700	35
700	800	40

and so on, the annual contribution increasing by £5 for each step of £100 in the salary scale.

Provided that where the officer's salary is expressed in rupees or florins the sterling contributions shall be taken to be £12 annually where the maximum of the scale of salary (or the actual salary if he is not on an incremental scale) does not exceed 300 rupees or florins a month, and £15 annually where the salary exceeds 300 rupees or florins a month.

(b) A contributor who before the date of his first payment of contribution under this Ordinance or within three months after marrying shall by written notice to the Crown Agents so elect may make an additional annual contribution of one-half of the amount specified in the line in column 3 above, which is applicable to him at the date of notification, or, if he so decides at the date of notification, of one-half the amount so specified which is applicable to him from time to time. A contributor who has not so elected before the date of his first contribution or within three months after marrying may be permitted so to elect at any time during his contribution term, subject to the approval of the Governor after medical examination. If he so elects to make an additional annual contribution he shall make it accordingly as from the date on which he first became a contributor or as from the first day of the month next after that in which his notice was received by the Crown Agents or as from the first day of the month next after that in which the Governor's approval was given to his subsequent election as the case may be.

A contributor who at the time of his appointment or re-appointment to the service of this Government is already making an additional annual contribution under the scheme shall (unless he elects at any time under Section 7 (1) to discontinue such additional contribution) continue to pay it as an additional annual contribution under this Ordinance: and an officer who has ceased to contribute under the scheme may on being re-appointed to the service of this Government elect to make an additional annual contribution at the rate then applicable to him or if he so elects at the rate applicable to him from time to time. No officer shall be allowed to make more than one additional annual contribution under the scheme at the same time.

(c) No officer shall be required to contribute at a higher rate than £60 a year.

(2) A European officer who is in the service of this Government on the 1st of April, 1921, and who elects to become a contributor may, if he wishes, when so electing pay to the Crown Agents as a lump sum contribution an amount not exceeding the total without interest of the amounts which he might have contributed by way of annual and additional annual contributions prior to the date of commencement of his contribution if this scheme had come into operation on the 1st of April, 1916.

(3) Where a contributor is in receipt of salary from more than one East African Government his contributions under this Ordinance shall bear the same proportion to the contributions which he would have paid under this Ordinance had the whole of such salary been payable by this Government as the salary in fact payable by this Government bears to his total salary.

Salary only to determine rates of contribution.

6. For the purpose of fixing the rate of contribution no regard shall be had to any personal, duty, or acting allowance, nor to any other receipts, emoluments or advantages of any kind which the officer may receive or enjoy; but the contribution shall be assessed with regard only to the amount of the salary of the definite post held by the officer without previous deduction of the amount of his contributions.

Period and manner of contribution.

7. (1) All annual contributions shall be paid in monthly instalments and shall, subject as hereinafter mentioned, be payable until either the contributor dies, or he has contributed to the scheme for an exact number of years that number being obtained by subtracting his age next birthday at entry from the age of 50.

Provided that a contributor who is making an additional annual contribution may at any time by notification to the Crown Agents elect to discontinue such contributions as from the beginning of the month next after that in which his notification of election is received by the Crown Agents.

(2) The Government shall deduct the contributions from the salaries of contributors. If a contributor is on leave on half salary or under interdiction, or on leave without salary, he shall still be liable to contribute at the ordinary rate. In the last

mentioned case, if the contributor does not himself pay to the Government his contributions during the period when he was on leave without salary, the amount of his contributions in arrear shall be deducted from the first payment of salary subsequent to such leave.

8. All contributions under this Ordinance shall be paid into, or credited by the Crown Agents to, the Treasury of the Colony of Kenya.

How contributions shall be brought to account.

9. Registers shall be kept by the Crown Agents in which shall be entered the date of the birth of every contributor and, if he be married, the dates of the births of his wife and children (if any) particulars of his contributions, and all other dates and particulars respecting contributors and their families material to be recorded for the purposes of this Ordinance.

Registers of contribution to be kept.

10. (1) Every contributor shall within three months of his first becoming a contributor under the scheme notify to the Crown Agents in writing:—

Information to be furnished by contributors.

(a) the date of his birth and

(b) if he is a married man, or a widower with children of a pensionable age the dates of his marriage and of the births of his wife and children (if any).

(2) Every contributor who marries while a contributor shall within 3 months after his marriage notify the same to the Crown Agents in writing and state the date of the birth of his wife.

(3) Every contributor shall notify to the Crown Agents in writing within 3 months from the date of the event:—

(a) the birth of any child born to him;

(b) the marriage of any female child under the age of 21;

(c) the death of his wife or of any of his children of a pensionable age.

(4) After the death of any married contributor, the widow of such contributor shall notify to the Crown Agents in writing within 3 months from the date of the event:—

Information to be furnished by widows.

(a) the date of the death of the contributor, if he was not at the time in the East African Service;

(b) the birth of any posthumous child born to such contributor;

(c) the marriage of any female child of such contributor under the age of 21 years;

(d) the death of any child of such contributor while of a pensionable age.

(5) Any such statement or notice shall be proved by the production of birth, death, or marriage certificates or by affidavit or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the Crown Agents.

Proof of statements.

11. (1) A contributor or widow who fails or neglects to comply with any of the requirements of the foregoing section shall, for each default, pay a fine not exceeding £2 sterling, which may be deducted from his or her salary or pension as the case may be.

Penalty for non-compliance.

(2) A contributor or widow who wilfully makes any false statement respecting any of the particulars required by this Ordinance to be furnished shall be liable to forfeit at the discretion of the Secretary of State all or any part of his or her rights under the scheme.

Penalty for false statement.

12. The Crown Agents shall calculate the pensions payable under this Ordinance and shall pay the pensions as they become due. They shall charge the sums so paid as well as any refunds

Calculation of pensions and mode of charge.

of contributions paid in accordance with this Ordinance as follows:—

(a) Where the whole of the officer's contributions under the scheme has been received by this Government the whole cost of pensions or refunds in respect of that contributor shall be charged to this Government.

(b) Where the officer's contributions under the scheme have been received partly by this Government and partly by one or more other East African Governments the same proportion of the cost of pensions or refunds in respect of that contributor shall be charged to this Government as the amount of the officer's contributions received by this Government bears to the total amount of his contributions.

Pensions to beneficiaries.

13. Subject to the provisions of this Ordinance:—

(i) On the death of a contributor leaving one or more beneficiaries such beneficiary or each of such beneficiaries shall receive a pension calculated according to the Pension Tables and instructions set forth in Schedules A. and B. to this Ordinance.

Pensions where more than one beneficiary.

(ii) If pensions are payable to more than one beneficiary each beneficiary shall receive such a proportion of the pension which it would have received if it had been the only beneficiary as unity bears to the total number of beneficiaries.

Effect of lapse of pension on pensions of remaining beneficiaries.

(iii) Where there are more beneficiaries than one receiving pensions in respect of the same contributor and any of such beneficiaries ceases to exist within the meaning of this Ordinance the beneficiary or beneficiaries if more than one remaining in existence shall, or each of them shall, as from the date of such cessation receive the pension it would have received if it and the other beneficiary or beneficiaries (if any) remaining in existence had been the only beneficiary or beneficiaries in existence at the death of such contributor.

Pension to widow.

14. (1) Where a beneficiary consists of the widow of a contributor the pension payable to such beneficiary shall subject to any deductions in respect of partial forfeitures under Section II (2) be paid to her and shall cease on her death, bankruptcy or re-marriage or on the forfeiture of the whole of such pension in accordance with the provisions of that sub-section.

Lapse of widow's pension.

(2) If on such pension ceasing as aforesaid there are no children of the marriage of such widow with the contributor living and of pensionable age, such beneficiary shall be deemed to cease to exist and the pension payable to it shall lapse.

Pension to children on lapse of widow's pension.

(3) If on such pension ceasing as aforesaid there are such children living and of pensionable age such pension shall be continued and paid to such children as hereinafter provided and such children shall be deemed to constitute a beneficiary within the meaning of this Ordinance.

Pensions to children.

15. Where a beneficiary consists of children of a contributor the pension payable to such beneficiary shall be at the same rate as the pension which their mother received or would have received if she had been alive and entitled to a pension, and shall be paid to such children in equal shares while they remain of pensionable age. When any of such children ceases to be of pensionable age his or her share of such pension shall be paid to the surviving children of pensionable age in equal shares and when the last surviving child of pensionable age ceases to be of pensionable age such beneficiary shall be deemed to cease to exist and the pension payable to it shall lapse.

Who not entitled to pension.

16. (1) No widow of a contributor whose marriage with him is contracted after he has left the East African Service or has attained the age of 55, whichever of these events shall first happen, and no issue of such marriage shall be capable of constituting a beneficiary or become entitled to any pension under this Ordinance.

(2) No widow of a contributor whose husband dies within twelve calendar months of the marriage without issue of such marriage born in his lifetime or in due time after his death, shall be capable of constituting a beneficiary or become entitled to any pension under this Ordinance; provided that the Crown Agents may, with the approval of the Governor of the East African Colony or Protectorate in which the contributor last served, grant to such widow all or any part of the pension to which she would have been entitled but for the provisions of this sub-section.

17. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Ordinance no officer who is dismissed from the East African Service for misconduct shall be entitled to rank for benefit under this Ordinance whether by way of pension or return of contributions.

Officer dismissed for misconduct not to rank for benefit.

18. All pensions payable under this Ordinance shall commence upon the death of the contributor in respect of whom they are payable, shall accrue daily, and shall be payable monthly in arrear, provided that a pension may be payable quarterly instead of monthly if the pensioner so desires.

Pension: when to commence, and how payable.

19. If a widow's pension ceases in her lifetime by reason of her bankruptcy, and there are no children of hers to whom such pension can be continued in accordance with Section 14 (3) hereof, the Crown Agents with the approval of the Governor of the East African Colony or Protectorate in which the contributor last served may, from time to time, during the remainder of her life, or during such shorter period or periods, either continuous or discontinuous, as shall be thought fit, pay to such widow an allowance at a rate not exceeding the rate of such pension, or may apply the same for the maintenance and personal support or benefit of such widow, in such manner as the Crown Agents may, from time to time, think proper.

Allowance in lieu of pension to widow on bankruptcy.

20. No pension payable under this Ordinance and no rights of any contributor acquired thereunder shall be assignable or transferable or liable to be attached, sequestered or levied upon for, or in respect of, any debt or claim whatsoever.

Pension not to be assigned or levied upon.

21. If the widow of a contributor while in receipt of a pension ceases to assist, deserts or abandons a child of hers by the contributor whom she is bound by law to maintain and who is of a pensionable age, the Crown Agents may, in their discretion, pay to a fit and proper person on behalf of such child, such portion of the pension as they may think fit and the widow shall have no further claim in respect of such portion.

Payment of pension to persons acting on behalf of minors in case of desertion.

22. In all cases where under this Ordinance the parties entitled to pensions are minors, such pensions may be paid, either to the legal guardian, or guardians, of such minors, or to such minors or to such person or persons as the Crown Agents may, in their absolute discretion, think fit and proper persons to apply the same for the benefit of such minors, and after such payment, the Crown Agents and this Government shall be free from all responsibility in respect of such payment.

Discretion as to payment of minor's pensions.

23. The Crown Agents may require such proof as they deem desirable that any person claiming to be entitled to pension, or on behalf of whom such claim is made, is alive and entitled to pension; and the payment of any pension may be refused until such proof is furnished to the satisfaction of the Crown Agents.

Proof of title may be required before payment of pension.

Increases of contributions.

24. Increases of contributions shall rank for the purpose of calculating pensions as if they were fresh entrances at the respective ages of husband and wife when the increase takes place.

Contributions may continue in full if salary reduced.

25. If the salary of a contributor be reduced so that he comes under a lower scale of contribution under Section 5, he may upon giving notice in writing to the Crown Agents of his desire to do so continue to contribute at the rate formerly paid, in which case his widow or children shall be entitled to pension accordingly, but if his rate of contribution be reduced any pension to his widow or children shall be reduced in the same proportion as it would have been increased had his rate of contribution been raised instead of lowered.

Half contributions of contributor dying in or leaving the East African Service without beneficiaries to be refunded.

26. If a contributor being

(a) a bachelor, or

(b) a widower without children of a pensionable age,

leaves, or dies in, the East African Service, there shall be payable to him or his legal representatives in case (a) one-half of his total contributions without interest and in case (b) one-half (without interest) of the contributions which he has paid since the death of his last wife or the ceasing to be of a pensionable age of his last child, whichever event shall have last happened.

Contributor of pensionable standing leaving East African Service married or widower with pensionable children.

27. If a contributor in the service of this Government who is married or who is a widower with children of a pensionable age retires on pension or is transferred to other service under the Crown not being East African Service or otherwise leaves the East African Service, before his contribution term has expired, and his service is of such a nature and of such length as would have rendered him eligible for a pension if he had been retired from the East African Service on medical certificate, he may continue to contribute at the rate at which he was contributing immediately before he left the East African Service, in which case if he is a pensioner his contributions shall be deducted from his pension. Or he may on, or at any time after, so leaving the East African Service cease to contribute. If he so ceases to contribute, any pension payable on his death shall be reduced so as to correspond with the payments he has made; or, if in the meantime (a) in the case of a married contributor, his wife has died and his children if any have ceased to be of a pensionable age, or (b) in the case of a widower, his children have ceased to be of a pensionable age, he shall cease to rank for benefit under this Ordinance whether by way of pension or return of contributions.

Contributors not of pensionable standing married or widowers with children.

28. (1) If a contributor who is married or who is a widower with children of a pensionable age and whose service is not of such a nature or is not of such length as would render him eligible for a pension if retired from the East Africa Service on medical certificate, and whose contribution term has not expired, dies in the East African Service, any pension that may become payable on his death shall be at the rate of four-fifths of the amount given by the Pension Tables; and pension at the same rate shall be granted if such a contributor, having left the East African Service on retirement, transfer or otherwise, dies within a period dating from the day of his leaving the service equal to one-third of the number of complete months during which he contributed; but such a contributor shall not be eligible to continue to contribute after he has left the East African Service; and, if he is alive on the expiration of the period above-mentioned, he shall cease to be entitled to rank for benefit under this Ordinance whether by way of pension or return of contributions.

If such a contributor under the scheme, having left the East African Service as aforesaid, is appointed or re-appointed to the service of this Government before the expiration of the period during which he was entitled to rank for benefit under the scheme, he shall commence or recommence to contribute under this Ordinance as from the expiration of that period, or if he so elect from the date of his appointment or re-appointment to the service of this Government, anything in Section 3 of this Ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding.

(2) For the purposes of this section one-third of a month shall be taken as ten days and two-thirds of a month as twenty days.

29. The Pension Tables may be revised from time to time after an investigation by an actuary appointed by the Secretary of State. Such investigations shall take place at such dates as the Secretary of State may from time to time determine, being not less than 10 years from the date when the scheme first came into operation or from the date of the last investigation. If after such an investigation it is decided by the Secretary of State that revised Pension Tables shall be adopted, the new Pension Tables as approved by the Actuary shall be substituted for the Tables previously in force and shall come into force on a date which shall be previously notified in the Government Gazette and shall apply to any pension payable in respect of a contributor dying on or after that date, but not to any pension payable in respect of a contributor dying before that date.

Periodical revision of Pension Tables.

30. All questions and disputes as to who is entitled to be deemed a contributor, or as to the right of a widow or child to a pension, or as to the amount of such pension, or as to the rights or liabilities of any person under this Ordinance, shall be referred by the Crown Agents to the Governor-in-Council of the East African Colony, Protectorate or Territory in which the European officer concerned is serving or last served, and the decision of the Governor-in-Council shall be binding and conclusive on all parties subject to appeal to the Secretary of State for the Colonies; but shall not be subject to appeal or be questioned or revised by any Court of Justice.

Questions and disputes to be decided by the Governor.

31. This Government shall bear such proportion as the Secretary of State may from time to time determine of the cost of the management of the scheme including the amount of any expenditure incurred by the directions of the Secretary of State for actuarial advice or investigations in connection with the scheme.

Cost of management of scheme.

32. Subject to the approval of the Secretary of State first obtained, it shall be lawful for the Governor-in-Council, from time to time, to frame rules and regulations not inconsistent herewith, for the proper carrying out of the provisions of this Ordinance, and from time to time to repeal, alter or vary the same.

Rules and Regulations.

33. Unless otherwise provided by this Ordinance, all notices of election given by officers under the provisions of this Ordinance shall be irrevocable.

Notices of election irrevocable.

34. For the payment of contributions or of pensions under this Ordinance, the rate or rates of exchange, in all cases where conversion is necessary from sterling to any other currency, shall be such as may be fixed from time to time by this Government for such purposes.

Rates of exchange.

SCHEDULE A.

PENSION TABLES.

TABLE A.

The yearly pension, payable by monthly instalments, which a single payment of 1 will secure.

Age of Husband last Birthday.	Age of Wife last Birthday.									
	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65
23	·656	·686	·722	·767	·826	·904	1·011	1·155	1·333	1·568
24	·640	·669	·704	·749	·806	·883	·989	1·128	1·306	1·531
25	·622	·651	·687	·730	·787	·862	·964	1·102	1·279	1·492
26	·605	·633	·669	·711	·766	·840	·940	1·075	1·248	1·460
27	·590	·616	·650	·692	·745	·818	·916	1·047	1·216	1·428
28	·574	·600	·632	·674	·726	·796	·893	1·021	1·186	1·398
29	·559	·583	·615	·656	·708	·776	·872	·996	1·159	1·372
30	·545	·566	·598	·640	·689	·757	·851	·973	1·132	1·346
31	·530	·551	·582	·622	·671	·737	·830	·950	1·106	1·316
32	·515	·537	·566	·606	·655	·717	·809	·927	1·079	1·286
33	·501	·522	·550	·589	·637	·699	·787	·905	1·053	1·255
34	·488	·508	·535	·572	·619	·681	·766	·884	1·027	1·227
35	·473	·493	·520	·555	·603	·661	·746	·861	1·005	1·198
36	·460	·479	·505	·538	·586	·644	·727	·839	·980	1·172
37	·448	·466	·490	·523	·569	·627	·706	·818	·958	1·145
38	·435	·453	·476	·507	·553	·611	·689	·797	·938	1·121
39	·422	·440	·462	·493	·536	·594	·671	·777	·918	1·097
40	·410	·428	·449	·478	·520	·578	·653	·757	·897	1·074
41	·397	·415	·436	·464	·503	·561	·635	·737	·873	1·051
42	·385	·402	·422	·449	·487	·543	·617	·716	·848	1·028
43	·373	·389	·408	·435	·471	·526	·598	·695	·826	1·006
44	·361	·376	·396	·421	·455	·508	·581	·676	·804	·985
45	·350	·366	·384	·408	·441	·491	·565	·657	·784	·965
46	·340	·354	·372	·395	·428	·475	·549	·641	·766	·947
47	·330	·344	·361	·384	·415	·461	·534	·627	·751	·929
48	·321	·334	·351	·374	·404	·447	·520	·614	·736	·916
49	·312	·325	·342	·364	·393	·436	·505	·602	·723	·906

TABLE B.

The yearly pension, payable by monthly instalments, which a yearly contribution of 1, payable by monthly instalments, will secure.

Age of Husband last Birthday.	Age of Wife last Birthday.									
	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65
23	6·738	7·047	7·415	7·878	8·482	9·288	10·380	11·860	13·690	16·110
24	6·474	6·770	7·129	7·578	8·158	8·939	9·993	11·420	13·220	15·490
25	6·223	6·516	6·874	7·301	7·869	8·630	9·649	11·030	12·800	14·920
26	5·973	6·252	6·599	7·015	7·560	8·289	9·279	10·610	12·310	14·420
27	5·737	5·990	6·321	6·727	7·239	7·949	8·902	10·180	11·820	13·880
28	5·487	5·727	6·046	6·445	6·939	7·610	8·541	9·757	11·330	13·370
29	5·247	5·474	5·777	6·159	6·637	7·285	8·185	9·350	10·870	12·870
30	5·007	5·207	5·509	5·886	6·340	6·963	7·836	8·956	10·420	12·390
31	4·772	4·958	5·241	5·605	6·046	6·640	7·471	8·555	9·959	11·850
32	4·529	4·723	4·975	5·322	5·749	6·301	7·106	8·147	9·484	11·300
33	4·286	4·470	4·703	5·035	5·445	5·981	6·734	7·743	9·007	10·740
34	4·046	4·217	4·438	4·747	5·143	5·652	6·366	7·338	8·533	10·190
35	3·804	3·965	4·180	4·456	4·841	5·316	5·998	6·925	8·061	9·634
36	3·564	3·713	3·911	4·167	4·535	4·990	5·627	6·498	7·588	9·076
37	3·322	3·462	3·640	3·882	4·228	4·659	5·241	6·073	7·115	8·506
38	3·080	3·210	3·374	3·596	3·918	4·327	4·885	5·651	6·645	7·943
39	2·835	2·955	3·105	3·311	3·602	3·992	4·509	5·220	6·162	7·369
40	2·586	2·696	2·833	3·017	3·279	3·648	4·121	4·781	5·664	6·783
41	2·331	2·433	2·555	2·723	2·952	3·292	3·727	4·324	5·124	6·167
42	2·074	2·164	2·274	2·420	2·622	2·928	3·324	3·859	4·573	5·539
43	1·813	1·890	1·986	2·112	2·237	2·555	2·909	3·380	4·014	4·891
44	1·551	1·615	1·698	1·806	1·954	2·179	2·493	2·892	3·450	4·225
45	1·284	1·337	1·405	1·494	1·616	1·798	2·070	2·407	2·873	3·536
46	1·013	1·056	1·109	1·179	1·275	1·416	1·637	1·911	2·282	2·820
47	·736	·766	·806	·857	·926	1·027	1·191	1·397	1·675	2·071
48	·451	·470	·494	·526	·568	·629	·730	·863	1·035	1·289

TABLE C.

The single payment which will secure a yearly pension of 1, payable by monthly instalments.

Age of Husband last Birthday.	Age of Wife last Birthday.									
	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65
23	1.524	1.457	1.385	1.304	1.211	1.106	.989	.866	.750	.638
24	1.563	1.495	1.420	1.336	1.241	1.132	1.011	.886	.766	.653
25	1.608	1.536	1.456	1.371	1.272	1.160	1.037	.907	.782	.670
26	1.652	1.579	1.496	1.407	1.306	1.191	1.064	.931	.802	.685
27	1.695	1.623	1.538	1.445	1.343	1.223	1.092	.955	.823	.701
28	1.742	1.669	1.581	1.485	1.378	1.256	1.119	.980	.843	.715
29	1.789	1.715	1.625	1.524	1.414	1.289	1.147	1.004	.863	.729
30	1.835	1.767	1.670	1.564	1.451	1.322	1.174	1.028	.883	.743
31	1.887	1.816	1.718	1.607	1.489	1.356	1.205	1.053	.904	.760
32	1.940	1.861	1.766	1.651	1.529	1.395	1.237	1.079	.927	.778
33	1.996	1.914	1.819	1.699	1.571	1.431	1.271	1.105	.950	.797
34	2.053	1.970	1.871	1.750	1.615	1.470	1.304	1.132	.973	.815
35	2.113	2.028	1.923	1.804	1.661	1.512	1.340	1.161	.997	.834
36	2.173	2.086	1.980	1.859	1.708	1.552	1.376	1.192	1.021	.853
37	2.236	2.146	2.041	1.914	1.757	1.594	1.417	1.223	1.044	.873
38	2.301	2.208	2.101	1.971	1.809	1.638	1.451	1.254	1.067	.892
39	2.370	2.273	2.163	2.029	1.865	1.683	1.490	1.287	1.090	.912
40	2.441	2.341	2.227	2.091	1.925	1.730	1.532	1.320	1.115	.931
41	2.518	2.413	2.297	2.156	1.988	1.783	1.575	1.357	1.146	.952
42	2.598	2.491	2.371	2.227	2.055	1.841	1.621	1.397	1.179	.973
43	2.681	2.572	2.447	2.301	2.125	1.902	1.671	1.438	1.211	.994
44	2.768	2.657	2.527	2.377	2.196	1.969	1.721	1.480	1.244	1.015
45	2.854	2.742	2.607	2.452	2.267	2.038	1.771	1.523	1.275	1.036
46	2.940	2.827	2.686	2.527	2.336	2.105	1.821	1.559	1.306	1.057
47	3.030	2.911	2.767	2.602	2.407	2.171	1.873	1.596	1.332	1.077
48	3.119	2.994	2.846	2.675	2.477	2.235	1.924	1.630	1.359	1.091
49	3.206	3.075	2.926	2.747	2.543	2.295	1.979	1.661	1.381	1.104

SCHEDULE B.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE USE OF THE TABLES.*

A.—CONTRIBUTOR WHO COMMENCED TO CONTRIBUTE WHILE
A BACHELOR.

I.—First Wife's Prospective Pension.

The registered pension to be recorded on marriage is found by adding together the two amounts calculated in accordance with the following Rules I. (a) and I. (b) respectively.

(a) Pension in consideration of the contributions paid during bachelorhood.

Rule I. (a)—Accumulate the contributions at 8 per cent. compound interest with yearly rests at each 31st December, and multiply the result by the quantity found from Table A corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of marriage.

The product gives the registered pension on account of the contributions paid during bachelorhood.

(b) Pension in consideration of the annual contribution current at the date of marriage.

Rule I. (b)—Multiply the amount of the current annual contribution by the quantity found from Table B corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of marriage.

The product gives the registered pension on account of the annual contribution current at the date of marriage.

*In the case of contributors who fall under paragraph 22 the pension given by the Pension Tables and these Instructions must be multiplied by 4/5.

EXAMPLE:—

Officer born on ... 31st July, 1893.
 „ commenced to contribute on ... 1st January, 1922.
 „ married on ... 30th June, 1925.
 Wife born on ... 12th August, 1899.
 Officer's age last birthday at date of marriage ... 31
 Wife's age last birthday at date of marriage ... 25
 Annual contribution—1st January, 1922 to 31st December,
 1923, £18. Annual contribution—1st January, 1924 to date
 of marriage, £24.

Accumulation of contributions paid during bachelorhood—£ s. d.

Contribution from 1st January, 1922 to 31st December, 1922	... ..	18	0	0
Contributions during 1923	... ..	18	0	0
One year's interest at 8 per cent. on £18	... ..	1	8	9
		37	8	9
Contributions during 1924	... ..	24	0	0
One year's interest at 8 per cent. on £37 8s. 9d.	... ..	2	19	11
		64	8	8
Contributions from 1st January, 1925 to 30th June, 1925	... ..	12	0	0
Half year's interest at 8 per cent. on £64 8s. 8d.	... ..	2	11	6
Total accumulation	... ..	£79	0	2

Quantity found from Table A.:—

Husband	31	} .551
Wife	25	

£79 0s. 2d. \times .551 = £43 10s. 8d. = registered pension in consideration of contributions paid during bachelorhood.

Annual contribution current at date of marriage, £24.

Quantity found from Table B.:—

Husband	31	} 4.958
Wife	25	

£24 \times 4.958 = £118 19s. 10d. = registered pension in consideration of annual contribution current at marriage.

Total registered pension recorded on the bachelor contributor marrying:—

		£	s.	d.
By Rule I. (a)	... ..	43	10	8
By Rule I. (b)	... ..	118	19	10
Total	... ..	£162	10	6

(c) Variation of pensions consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is married to his first wife.

Rule I. (c)—Multiply the amount of the increment to, or the decrement from, the current annual contribution by the quantity found from Table B. corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of the variation of the contribution.

The product gives the amount to be added to the registered pension consequent on the increment to the current annual contribution, or, as the case may be, the amount to be deducted from the registered pension consequent on the decrement from the current annual contribution.

The cessation of the contribution from any cause before the completion of the full period of contribution must be regarded as a decrement from the current annual contribution equal to the amount of such current annual contribution.

EXAMPLE of the application of Rule I. (c)—

Assume particulars as in the example subjoined to Rules I. (a) and I. (b).
Annual contribution increased on 31st May, 1930, from £24 to £30.
Annual contribution increased on 30th April, 1935, from £30 to £35.
Annual contribution ceased on 31st March, 1940.
1930, May 31st—Increment to current annual contribution, £6.

Quantity found from Table B.:—

Husband	36	} 3.911.
Wife	30	

£6 × 3.911 = £23 9s. 4d. = amount to be added to the registered pension.

				£	s.	d.
Registered pension at marriage (see example subjoined to Rules I. (a) and I (b))	...	...	...	162	10	6
Add	...	...	...	23	9	4
Registered pension at 31st May, 1930	...	...	...	185	19	10

1935, April 30th—Increment to current annual contribution £5.

Quantity found from Table B.:—

Husband	41	} 2.723.
Wife	35	

£5 × 2.723 = £13 12s. 4d. = amount to be added to the registered pension.

				£	s.	d.
Registered pension at 31st May, 1930, as above	...	...	...	185	19	10
Add	...	...	...	13	12	4
Registered pension at 30th April, 1935	...	...	...	£199	12	2

1940, March 31st—Cessation of contribution regarded as a decrement from current annual contribution, £35.

Quantity found from Table B.:—

Husband	46	} 1.275
Wife	40	

£35 × 1.275 = £44 12s. 6d. = amount to be deducted from the registered pension.

				£	s.	d.
Registered pension at 30th April, 1935, as above	...	...	...	199	12	2
Deduct	...	...	...	44	12	6
Registered pension at 31st March, 1940	...	...	...	£154	19	8

II.—SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE PENSION.

(a) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is a widower.

Rule II. (a)—Assume that the contributor is married to a wife of the age that his last preceding wife would have been had she survived to the date of the variation of the contribution, and proceed in accordance with Rule I. (c).

EXAMPLE of the application of Rule II. (a)—

If the particulars be as in the example subjoined to Rule I. (c) except that the first wife, who was born on 12th August, 1899, died on 30th November, 1928, it would be assumed that the contributor was, at the date of each of the three variations of the contribution, married to a wife who was born on the 12th August, 1899. The calculations will then be identical with those given in the example subjoined to Rule I. (c).

(b) Variations of pension consequent on the re-marriage of the contributor.

If the second or subsequent wife was, at the date of the re-marriage, of the same age last birthday as the last preceding wife would have been had she survived to that date, the registered pension remains the same.

Rule II. (b)—If the second or subsequent wife was, at the date of the re-marriage, of a less or greater age next birthday than the last preceding wife would have been had she survived to that date, multiply the amount of the registered pension by the quantity found from Table C. corresponding to the age last birthday of the husband at the date of re-marriage, and the age last birthday which the last preceding wife would have attained had she survived to that date: multiply the product so obtained by the quantity found from Table A. corresponding to the respective ages of the husband and of the second or subsequent wife at the date of the re-marriage.

The result gives the registered pension to be recorded on the re-marriage of the contributor.

EXAMPLE of the application of Rule II. (b):—

Assume particulars as in the example subjoined to Rule I. (c).

First wife died on	...	...	30th November, 1928.
Contributor re-married on	...	...	31st January, 1932.
Contributor's age last birthday at date of re-marriage	...	...	38
Second wife born on	...	...	30th June, 1901.
Second wife's age last birthday at date of the re-marriage	...	...	30
Age last birthday which the first wife would have attained had she survived to date of the re-marriage	...	...	32

1932, January, 31st—The second wife being of a less age next birthday at the date of the re-marriage than the first wife would have been had she survived, the registered pension £185 19s. 10d. (see example subjoined to Rule I. (c)) is to be recalculated.

Quantity found from Table C.:—

Husband	...	...	38)
Wife	...	...	32)
			2.049*

Quantity found from Table A.:—

Husband	...	...	38)
Wife	...	...	30)
			.476

£185 19s. 10d. \times 2.049 \times .476 = £181 8s. 0d. = registered pension at 31st January, 1932.

(c) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is married to his second or subsequent wife.

Rule II. (c).—Proceed as in Rule I. (c).

*For calculation, see F. on page 250.

B.—CONTRIBUTOR WHO COMMENCED TO CONTRIBUTE WHILE
MARRIED.

III.—FIRST WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE PENSION.

In every case of a public officer who commenced to contribute while married, the wife at the date of commencement of contributions is to be considered as the officer's first wife, and no particulars are to be recorded respecting any former wife to whom he may have been married, unless there is issue of such former wife of a pensionable age (*see* C.V.).

(a) Pension in consideration of the annual contribution current at the date of commencement of the contribution.

Rule III. (a).—Multiply the amount of the current annual contribution by the quantity found from Table B. corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of commencement of the contributions.

The product gives the registered pension on account of the annual contribution current at the date of commencement of the contribution.

EXAMPLE of the application of Rule III. (a).—

Officer born on	...	...	31st July 1893.
„ married on	...	...	30th June, 1920.
„ commenced to contribute on	...	...	1st January, 1924.
Annual contribution current on	...	...	1st January, 1924, £18.
Wife born on	...	...	12th August, 1899.
Officer's age last birthday on 1st	...	...	...
January, 1924	...	...	30
Wife's age last birthday on 1st	...	...	...
January, 1924	...	...	24

Quantity found from Table B.:—

Husband	30	} 5.167*
Wife	24	

$£18 \times 5.167 = £93 \text{ 0s. } 1\text{d.}$ = registered pension in consideration of annual contribution current at commencement of contribution.

(b) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is married to his first wife.

Rule III. (b).—Proceed as in Rule I. (c).

IV.—SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE
PENSION.

(a) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is a widower.

Rule IV. (a).—Proceed as in Rule II. (a).

(b) Variations of pension consequent on the re-marriage of the contributor.

Rule IV. (b).—Proceed as in Rule II. (b).

(c) Variations of pension consequent on increments to, and decrements from, the current annual contribution while the contributor is married to his second or subsequent wife.

Rule IV. (c).—Proceed as in Rule I. (c).

C.—CONTRIBUTOR WHO COMMENCED TO CONTRIBUTE WHILE
A WIDOWER.

V.—PROSPECTIVE PENSION TO CHILDREN BY HIS FIRST
MARRIAGE.

So long as a contributor's children by his first marriage are eligible for pension, a pension must be registered on their behalf. If there are no such children, the widower should be treated as if he were a bachelor.

Rule V.—For the purpose of calculating the registered pension of the children, assume that the deceased wife lived until the date of commencement of contribution and died immediately afterwards and proceed in accordance with Rules III. (a) and (b).

*For calculation, *see* F. on page 250.

VI.—SECOND AND SUBSEQUENT WIFE'S PROSPECTIVE PENSION.

Rule VI.—For the purpose of calculating the registered pension of the wife assume that the deceased wife survived to the date of commencement of contribution and died immediately afterwards; then proceed in accordance with the Rules applicable to the case of Officers who commenced to contribute while married (*see* B).

D.—CONTRIBUTOR WITH TWO OR MORE BENEFICIARIES.

Rule VII.—Where there are children eligible for pension by two or more deceased wives, or where there is a wife and also children eligible for pension by one or more previous marriages, the pension of each beneficiary as found by the above Rules must be divided by the total number of the beneficiaries then existing in order to find the registered pension of that beneficiary.

E.—TREATMENT OF VOLUNTARY LUMP SUM CONTRIBUTIONS.

Rule VIII.—(a) If the contributor is a bachelor or a widower without children of a pensionable age, the lump sum contribution should be accumulated as from the date of payment and treated in accordance with Rule I. (a).

Rule VIII.—(b) If the contributor is married or a widower with children of a pensionable age, the amount of the lump sum contribution should be multiplied by the quantity found from Table A. corresponding to the respective ages last birthday of the husband and wife at the date of payment of the contribution. If the contributor is a widower, assume that the deceased wife lived until the date of payment of the lump sum contribution and died immediately afterwards.

F.—CALCULATION OF QUANTITIES (OR TABULAR RESULTS) FOR AGES NOT GIVEN IN THE TABLES.

The wife's age in the Tables is given at quinquennial intervals only. Ages of husband and wives younger than the youngest or older than the oldest given are to be dealt with as if identical with the youngest and oldest respectively.

For the intermediate ages of wives, interpolate by exact fifths.

EXAMPLES:—

To find the quantity in Table A. corresponding to the ages of a husband and wife aged respectively 35 and 27 last birthday.

The quantity for ages 35 and 25 given in Table A. is493

The quantity for ages 35 and 30 given in Table A. is520

So that the addition of five years to the age of the wife results in an addition of .027 to the quantity given in the Table for ages 35 and 25.

An addition of two years to the age of the wife accordingly results, by proportion, in an addition of two-fifths of .027 to the quantity given in the Table for ages 35 and 25.

Two-fifths of .027 = .011, which added to .493, gives .504, which is the required quantity corresponding to ages 35 and 27.

Similarly the quantity found from Table B. corresponding to the ages of a husband and wife aged respectively 30 and 24 last birthday is four-fifths of .200 added to 5.007, which gives 5.167.

In the case of Table C., it must be noted that an addition to the age of the wife results in a *deduction* from the quantity given in the Table.

To find the quantity in Table C. corresponding to the ages of a husband and wife aged respectively 38 and 32 last birthday.

The quantity for ages 38 and 30 given in the Table is ... 2.101

The quantity for ages 38 and 35 given in the Table is ... 1.971

So that the addition of five years to the age of the wife results in a deduction of .130 from the quantity given in the Table for ages 38 and 30.

An addition of two years to the age of the wife accordingly results, by proportion in a deduction of two-fifths of .130 from the quantity given in the Table for ages 38 and 30.

Two-fifths of .281 = .052, which deducted from 2.101, leaves 2.049, which is the required quantity corresponding to ages 38 and 32.

PROCLAMATION No. 37.

S. 1967.

THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS
ORDINANCE, 1906.

PROCLAMATION.

IN EXERCISE of the powers thereunto enabling me, I hereby declare that the following Proclamation be revoked.

Proclamation No. 22, dated 9th February, 1921, [declaring Farm No. 133, Mr. J. M. Drury, Limoru, to be an infected area (East Coast Fever)].

Given under my hand at Nairobi this 9th day of March, 1921.

W. KENNEDY,
Acting Chief Veterinary Officer.

PROCLAMATION No. 38.

S. 1967.

THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS
ORDINANCE, 1906.

PROCLAMATION.

IN EXERCISE of the powers thereunto enabling me, I hereby declare the following area in the Naivasha Province, to be an infected area (Contagious Bovine Pleuro-pneumonia) for the purposes of the aforesaid Ordinance.

The Kamasia Native Reserve as defined by Government Notice No. 171, dated 18th May, 1920 [Schedule I (4) Kamasia].

Given under my hand at Nairobi this 15th day of March, 1921.

W. KENNEDY,
Acting Chief Veterinary Officer.

PROCLAMATION No. 39.

S. 1967.

THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS
ORDINANCE, 1906.

PROCLAMATION.

IN EXERCISE of the powers thereunto enabling me, I hereby declare the following Farm in the Ukamba Province, to be an infected area (Rinderpest) for the purposes of the aforesaid Ordinance.

Messrs. Jacobs & De Witt's Farm, Ndarugu, Kyambu District.

Given under my hand at Nairobi this 16th day of March, 1921.

A. G. DOHERTY,
for Acting Chief Veterinary Officer.

PROCLAMATION No. 40.

S. 1967.

THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS
ORDINANCE, 1906.

PROCLAMATION.

IN EXERCISE of the powers thereunto enabling me, I hereby declare the following Farm in the Naivasha Province, to be an infected area (Pleuro-pneumonia) for the purposes of the aforesaid Ordinance.

Farm No. 660, Mr. G. Stanning, Lower Molo, Nakuru.

Given under my hand at Nairobi this 16th day of March, 1921.

A. G. DOHERTY,
for Acting Chief Veterinary Officer.

PROCLAMATION No. 41.

S. 1967.

THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS
ORDINANCE, 1906.

PROCLAMATION.

IN EXERCISE of the powers thereunto enabling me, I hereby declare the following Farm in the Naivasha Province, to be an infected area (Rinderpest) for the purposes of the aforesaid Ordinance.

Farm No. 108, Mr. Sparrow, Eldoret, Uasin Gishu.

Given under my hand at Nairobi this 16th day of March, 1921.

A. G. DOHERTY,
for Acting Chief Veterinary Officer.

PROCLAMATION No. 42.

S. 1967.

THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS
ORDINANCE, 1906.

PROCLAMATION.

IN EXERCISE of the powers thereunto enabling me, I hereby declare that the following Proclamation be revoked.

Proclamation No. 158, dated 17th December, 1920 [declaring the Northern portion of Farm No. 761, Mr. Potgeiter, Eldoret, Uasin Gishu, to be an infected area (Contagious Bovine Pleuro-pneumonia)].

Given under my hand at Nairobi this 16th day of March, 1921.

A. G. DOHERTY,
for Acting Chief Veterinary Officer.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 95.

S. 15699/1.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN BANK NOTES.

NOTICE.

HOLDERS of currency notes issued by the Austro-Hungarian Bank are referred to Article 206 of the Treaty of St. Germain which contains provisions for the liquidation of the Austro-Hungarian Bank by receivers specially appointed for that purpose by the Reparations Commission. All such currency notes held in the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, should be forwarded to the Controller, Local Clearing Office, Mombasa, not later than 15th April.

In order to identify the notes a memorandum stating the following particulars should be attached in every case:—

- (1) The name and address of the holder;
- (2) The distinctive number and denomination of each note; and
- (3) Whether the notes were held by them in the Colony and Protectorate before 15th June, 1920.

Nairobi,

The 22nd day of March, 1921.

W. K. NOTLEY,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 96.

S. 2055.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 13 OF THE LIQUOR
ORDINANCE, 1909.

THE following gentlemen are hereby appointed members of the Licensing Court, Seyidie Province, for the year ending December 31st, 1921:—

The Senior Commissioner, *Chairman*.
The Resident Commissioner, Mombasa.
The Resident Magistrate, Mombasa.
The Medical Officer of Health, Mombasa.
Capt. S. A. Jones.
Mr. E. C. Phillips.
Mr. L. Vernon.

Nairobi,

Dated this 16th day of March, 1921.

EDWARD NORTHEY,
Governor.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 97.

S. 17083.

MERCANTILE MARINE.

MEMORIAL PLAQUE AND SCROLL.

THE following circular from the Secretary of State is published for the information of those concerned.

2. The necessary forms may be obtained from the Secretariat and should be returned to that office before the 30th April. Duly approved applications will be forwarded to the proper quarter as soon as possible after that date.

The Secretariat, Nairobi,
14th March, 1921.

W. K. NOTLEY,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

CIRCULAR.

Downing Street,
12th January, 1921.

30 July, 1917.

14 Sept., 1917.

4 Oct., 1919.

Sir,

With reference to the circular despatches noted in margin, I have the honour to inform you that His Majesty the King has sanctioned the presentation of a Memorial Plaque (as issued in connection with the Combatant Services), and a special Scroll to the next-of-kin of those members of the Mercantile Marine who lost their lives through enemy action during the war.

2. Copies of the regulations governing the issue of the Plaque and Scroll are enclosed herewith. The regulations have been based on those issued by the War Office, and on the Mercantile Marine War Medals Statutes; but it is not considered desirable that each Colonial Government should make a separate issue of this Memorial, on the grounds, first, that it is to be regarded as a gift from the King, and issues should be made with special care and on uniform lines, thus involving distribution by a central office; and secondly, that the numbers in any one Colony are not likely to be great, and much labour and trouble would be saved by a central distribution.

3. It has been suggested by the Board of Trade that applications for the Plaque and Scroll in the Colonies and Protectorates should be collected locally and referred to the Board in bulk on application forms, specimens of which are enclosed. This procedure would be of much assistance to the Board, especially as it will be necessary in any case for some certificate that applicant is, in fact, the next-of-kin, to be completed by some responsible official in the Colony or Protectorate.

4. I would invite your attention particularly to paragraph 7 of the regulations as to the arrangements for the distribution of the Plaque and Scroll; and as regards paragraph 4, I have to state that in regard to the issue of the Memorial to the next-of-kin of seamen killed on a Colonial or Protectorate ship, or Colonial or Protectorate seamen killed on a United Kingdom ship, the Board of Trade will be guided entirely by the list of names received from the Colonial or Protectorate authorities.

5. The Board will be glad to furnish any advice or assistance asked for in cases of doubt; but any difficulty or doubt is likely to arise rather in the ascertainment of next-of-kin, in which the Board can hardly assist, than in any other respect.

6. I have to request that you will take such steps as may be practicable to bring the matter to the notice of persons likely to be concerned in the territory under your government. You should also arrange for some responsible official to undertake the duty of ascertaining and certifying that applicants are in fact the next-of-kin. Applications, when complete should be forwarded in bulk to the Board of Trade.

I have the honour to be,

sir,

Your most obedient,
humble servant,

MILNER.

Notice No. 19.

MERCANTILE MARINE.

MEMORIAL PLAQUE AND SCROLL.

(1) His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to sanction a memorial being presented to the next-of-kin (as hereafter defined) of all those members of the British, Dominion, Colonial and Indian Mercantile Marine (including licensed pilots, fishermen and crews of Pilotage and Lighthouse Authorities' vessels, and of Post Office Cable ships) who have lost their lives through enemy action while serving on British ships, and to the next-of-kin of British members of the crews of neutral or allied vessels under the direct control of the Admiralty and/or the Ministry of Shipping who have lost their lives through enemy action while serving on such vessels, between 4th August, 1914, and 11th November, 1918. This memorial is to take the form of a bronze plaque of emblematic design, and a parchment scroll with appropriate wording, each of which will bear the deceased's Christian names and surname. The memorials will be accompanied by a letter from His Majesty.

Regulations governing the issue of the Memorial Plaque and Scroll.

(2) The plaque and scroll are to be given in respect of (a) those who lost their lives *through enemy action* while serving in any of the capacities referred to above, (b) those who died subsequently when their death is proved to be attributable to enemy action.

(3) *Definition of next-of-kin.*—(i) The recipient is to be the blood next-of-kin of the deceased at the time of distribution of the memorials (not the next-of-kin of the original next-of-kin, who may have died in the meantime).

(ii) There is no question of legal succession to the plaque and scroll. They will not be issued to any legatee under a Will in preference to the next-of-kin, as herein laid down.

(iii) The order of the next-of-kin is laid down as follows:—

- (a) Widow or widower.
- (b) Eldest surviving son.
- (c) Eldest surviving daughter.
- (d) Father.
- (e) Mother.
- (f) Eldest surviving brother.
- (g) „ „ sister.
- (h) „ „ half-brother.
- (i) „ „ half-sister.
- (j) Paternal grandfather.
- (k) Paternal grandmother.
- (l) Maternal grandfather.
- (m) Maternal grandmother.
- (n) Eldest surviving nephew.
- (o) „ „ niece.
- (p) „ „ uncle on father's side.
- (q) „ „ aunt on father's side.
- (r) „ „ uncle on mother's side.
- (s) „ „ aunt on mother's side.

In the case of children the memorials will be issued to their guardians to hold in custody.

(iv) *Cases of no relatives.*—Where no living relatives can be traced the plaque and scroll may be issued:—

(a) To any person who genuinely acted “in loco parentis,” to the deceased, if he or she desires them. In this category may be included step-parents, Governors of Orphanages, Compassionate Institutions, etc.

(b) To the betrothed of the deceased if the claim is supported by adequate evidence. Such claims, if approved, would take precedence over Governors of Orphanages, Compassionate Institutions, &c., but not over a person who has acted “in loco parentis.”

(4) The Board of Trade will be the sole judge as to whether an applicant is qualified under the terms of this announcement to receive the memorial plaque and scroll.

(5) *The plaque.*—(a) The plaque will as a general rule be distributed direct to the next-of-kin by the Manager, Memorial Plaque Factory.

(b) A copy of His Majesty's letter will be sent with each plaque.

(c) The plaques will not be despatched by registered post.

(d) A special envelope, bearing an “official paid” imprint will be employed, with the following distinctive printing in the left-hand bottom corner:—

“If undelivered, return to The Manager, Memorial Plaque Factory, 54-56, Church Road, Acton, London, W.3.”

(e) In each envelope will be enclosed a post-card form of receipt for signature on return by the recipient of the plaque. It will bear an “official paid” imprint, and the address.

(6) *The Scroll.*—(a) The scrolls will be distributed direct to the next-of-kin by the Board of Trade (War Medals Branch, Cornwall House, Stamford Street, London, S.E.1).

(b) A copy of His Majesty's letter will be sent with each scroll.

(7) *Arrangements for the Dominions and Colonies and India.*—All plaques and scrolls will be despatched by the Plaque Factory and the Board of Trade respectively direct to the next-of-kin of those members of the Mercantile Marine (as above defined) who were ordinarily resident in a Dominion, Colony or Protectorate, and, in bulk, to the India Office for distribution to the next-of-kin of those members of the Mercantile Marine (as above defined) who were natives of, and ordinarily resident in, India.

(8) Application should in all cases be made on the proper form (M.P.1.) which can be obtained from the Superintendent of any Mercantile Marine Office in the United Kingdom, or, direct from the Board of Trade, War Medals Branch, Cornwall House, Stamford Street, London, S.E.1.

As some time will necessarily be taken in the preparation of the plaque and scroll, applicants must not expect that either will be despatched to them immediately they apply, but every effort will be made to ensure the award being sent as soon after the receipt of the application as possible. Applications will not be acknowledged.

(9) No duplicate plaques or scrolls will be issued.

Marine Department,

Board of Trade,

November, 1920.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 98.

S. 708.

THE CROWN LANDS ORDINANCE, 1915.

RESERVATION FOR THE USE OF THE UASIN GISHU
MASAI TRIBE, RAVINE DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is proposed to fix the boundaries of the Uasin Gishu Masai Reserve in accordance with the description contained in the following schedule.

Any objections to the proposed boundaries should be forwarded to the Chief Native Commissioner, P.O. Box 322, Nairobi, not later than April 9th, 1921.

SCHEDULE.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BOUNDARIES OF THE UASIN
GISHU MASAI RESERVE.

Western.

Commencing at the South Easterly Corner of L.O. No. 502 (Lingham and Grogan's Forest Concession); thence bounded by the Easterly and Northerly boundary of that Forest Concession to the Esageri (or Sageri) River; thence by that River down stream to the Ravine-Nakuru Road; thence by that Road Westerly to Enarosura River; thence by that river down stream to its junction with the Esageri (or Sageri) River; thence by that river up stream to Ravine-Nakuru Road; thence by that Road South Easterly to the Most Northerly corner of L.O. No. 487; thence by the Westerly boundary of that L.O. No. to the point of commencement.

Eastern.

Commencing at the most Southerly corner of L.O. No. 492 on the Ravine-Nakuru Road; thence bounded by the Easterly boundaries of L.O. Nos. 492, 491, and 488 to the Easterly corner of L.O. No. 488; thence by the generally Southerly boundary of Kamasia Reserve to the South Westerly boundary of L.O. No. 662; thence by the South Westerly boundary of that L.O. No. to Molo River; thence by that river up stream to the Easterly corner of L.O. No. 486/1; thence by the North Easterly and North Westerly Boundary of that L.O. No. to Ravine-Nakuru Road; thence by that Road North Westerly to the point of commencement.

The Secretariat, Nairobi,
15th March, 1921.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 98. S. 2577.

ITALIAN CONSULATE.

IT is hereby notified for general information that during the absence on leave of Mr. Orlando Parenti the duties of Royal Consular Agent for Italy at Mombasa will be performed by Mr. Emilio Parenti.

The Secretariat,
March 15th, 1921.

W. K. NOTLEY,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE No. 99. S. 9392/II.

THE NATIVE REGISTRATION ORDINANCE, 1915.

IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred upon him by Section 2 of the Native Registration Ordinance, 1915, and of all other powers him thereunto enabling, His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint, in addition to the Registration Officers constituted as such under the said Ordinance, the following officers for the purpose of the said Ordinance.

Michael Joseph O'Brien-Twohig, whilst attached to the Native Affairs Department for duty.

Frank Robert Cummings Marshall, whilst employed as Clerk in the office of the Resident Commissioner, Nairobi.

By command of His Excellency the Governor.

Nairobi,

The 19th day of March, 1921.

W. K. NOTLEY,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 322.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Government is erecting a building at Mombasa for the temporary storage of petrol.

Importers and others desiring to make use of this store may do so, provided there is sufficient space available, on the condition that the Government shall not be liable for any damage from any cause whatsoever to petrol or other goods while stored in such store.

3 cents a case per month will be charged for storage.

Nairobi,

The 22nd day of March, 1921.

W. K. NOTLEY,
Acting Colonial Secretary.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 323.

POWERS AND SCOPE OF THE INTER-COLONIAL RAILWAY COUNCIL AND ITS RELATION TO THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE TWO COLONIES.

LORD MILNER has laid down the following conditions for the Railway Council:

(1) The Council will consist of one official and one unofficial member from each Colony, and in addition a specially appointed Chairman.

(2) The Council will have the general direction of Railway Policy.

(3) Any surpluses arising from Railway Revenue will be devoted first to renewals, upkeep and betterment, and next to meeting loan charges, on future development; any surplus beyond this should be devoted to reducing rates. Railway surpluses are not to be regarded as available for general Colonial Revenue purposes.

(4) The Inter-Colonial Railway Council will be the authority in all questions of Railway policy, such as the fixing of rates, etc.

(5) Although the Railway Staff will remain technically Kenya Civil Servants, the Railway Council will be the administrative authority.

In general, the Railway Council is to administer the Railway and Marine Departments, and the services dependent on them, as a single instrument for the development of the two Colonies.

From this, and more especially (5), it is clearly meant that the Council should not be under the control of or receive orders from any one Colony, but should be placed directly under and correspond with the Colonial Office; and it is clear also that Uganda would not think matters had in any way improved unless the Council was independent of the Kenya Government.

At the same time, the Council should not have the right to put into force without reference to the Government of either Colony measures of which that Government did not approve.

To obtain a workable solution, I would suggest that all decisions and recommendations of the Council affecting a Colony should be referred to the Government of that Colony for observation; if that Government agrees the decision would take effect, unless it was a matter requiring the concurrence of the Secretary of State, when it would be referred to him by the Chairman of the Council. If there was disagreement, the matter could be discussed between the Council and the Government with a view to finding a solution acceptable to both; if no solution could be found, the matter would be referred to the Secretary of State by both parties.

By this means the Council would be of sufficiently independent a character to satisfy the wishes of Uganda, and yet not so independent of the wishes of the respective Colonial Governments as to be able to carry out, on its own, measures in either Colony to which the Government concerned was opposed.

In the matter of the Railway Annual Estimates, the two important things to be remembered are that the Railways for the future are to be regarded as the joint property of both Colonies, held in trust for them and administered on their behalf by a Council on which both are represented, and that Railway surpluses are not to be regarded as available in remission of taxation, but are to be devoted to purely railway, as distinct from Colonial purposes.

Hence, as the Railway is not the property of, and cannot be regarded as an instrument of taxation of either Colony, it is not right or practicable to submit the estimates to the Legislative Council of either. If they were submitted to one, they would have in practice to be submitted to the other. Both would consider themselves competent to amend them, and would quite likely do so, if they considered their especial Colony was not receiving as good treatment as their neighbour.

From this would emerge two different sets of estimates and one Legislative Council might quite likely refuse the estimates as accepted by the other. The result would be an unseemly three-cornered squabble between the Railway Council and the two Legislative Councils.

To avoid this cumbrous and unworkable arrangement I would recommend the following procedure. The General Manager would prepare estimates according to the general policy laid down to him by the Railway Council. After presentation to the latter, adequate time should be given before discussion.

They would then be criticised and amended as necessary in the Railway Council, and the final revised estimates would be passed by the Chairman in the name of the Council to the Governments of both Colonies for observations, before forwarding to the Colonial Office; the subsequent procedure would be as detailed earlier on page 2 of this memo.

By leaving plenty of time between the publication of the proposed estimates and their discussion in the Railway Council, the unofficial members would have ample opportunity to examine them, and to seek advice from outside sources as to points requiring criticism. A full and free discussion could then take place, and no grounds would remain for complaint that by removing the Railway Estimates from the purview of the Legislative Council there was any attempt to burke criticism by unofficial representatives, or weaken the share of the unofficial population in their administration. For this reason also it is important that the unofficial members should be elected either from the unofficial members of the Legislative Council, or by direct veto, so as to remove any suspicion that the whole Council is a nominated body. If at any time an unofficial member was unavoidably prevented from attending, he would nominate, subject to the approval of the Governor of that Colony, someone to take his place on the Railway Council.

It would be inadvisable to allow the General Manager to remain a member of the Legislative Council of Kenya; it would be unequal treatment if he sat in the Legislative Council of one Colony and not of the other, and his time is far too fully employed to sit on both. Also it is the Council, and not the General Manager, who will be responsible for policy, and therefore a member of the Council should answer questions raised in the Legislative Councils regarding Railway matters. This duty in their respective Legislative Councils should therefore be given to the official members appointed from each Colony.

In matters requiring the definite passing or amendment of laws, the best procedure would be for the Railway Council to prepare the proposed law, ordinance or amendment in co-operation with the Legal Advisers of the Colony or Colonies concerned. They would not be submitted to the Legislative Council until the Government of the Colony and the Railway Council had come to an agreement. Any alteration put in by the Legislative Council would be submitted to the Railway Council, and, unless agreed to, would have to be re-submitted to be passed in the form required by

the Railway Council. The essential point is that no Railway Legislation could be brought into force without the consent of the Railway Council.

Further, in Railway matters the Railway Council should be vested with the same powers over expenditure as the Governor formerly possessed.

In any cases where the majority of the Railway Council recommends a course of action which the Chairman considers as contrary to sound policy, and where he is of opinion that the importance of the issues at stake justifies such a course, he would have the right to suspend action on the recommendation until the matter had been referred to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

As regards the position of the General Manager, and the other Railway Officials, Lord Milner has laid down that though technically Kenya Civil Servants, the administrative authority will be the Railway Council. I read this to mean that they will be technically and technically only, Kenya Civil Servants, and that administratively they will be the servants of the Council and responsible to it only.

In cases of discipline, as they are technically servants of Kenya Colony, they must keep their right of appeal to the Governor of the Colony, should they wish to exercise it. In addition to the Uganda Railway and its dependent branches, any port authority or authorities which may be formed in the future should come under the Railway Council, as well as any survey and construction parties working independently of the General Manager, as in the case with the present staff supervising the survey of the Uasin Gishu Railway.

It would appear advisable that the Lake Albert Marine should be eventually included also.

Privately owned Railways taking public traffic should be under the control of the Council for all questions affecting the public, such as rates, safety regulations, inspections, and conditions of working.

To sum up:—

(1) The Council should be directly responsible to the Secretary of State, and report direct to him through the Chairman.

(2) Decisions and recommendations affecting a Colony should be referred to the Government of that Colony for observations, and unless that Government agrees, decisions cannot be put into force without reference to the Secretary of State, who will decide.

(3) As the Railways are not the property of any one Colony, but are the joint property held in trust and administered by a special Council, on which both are represented, the Annual Estimates should not be submitted to either Legislative Council, but be submitted direct to the Railway Council, and then passed for observations to both Governments, after which they would be dealt with as in paragraph (2) above.

(4) The unofficial members should be elected and not nominated.

(5) The Chairman should have the right to suspend the action on recommendations of the Railway Council on important matters of policy with which he is not in agreement, pending reference to the Secretary of State.

(6) No legislation affecting Railway, Port or Marine Services should be introduced into either Colony without the agreement of the Railway Council, and in the case of difference after decision by the Secretary of State.

(7) In addition to the Uganda Railway, all port authorities, survey and construction parties, and similar bodies should come under the Railway Council. Although they would remain technically Civil Servants of one Colony, and so have a right of appeal in matters of discipline to the Governor, administratively they would be responsible to the Council only.

(8) The General Manager of the Uganda Railway should not remain a member of the Legislative Council of Kenya, but the Railway Council should be represented in each Legislative Council by the Official member appointed from that Colony.

(9) Private Railways taking public traffic should be under the control of the Railway Council in all matters affecting the Public.

Nairobi,
24th January, 1921.

F. D. HAMMOND,
*Special Commissioner for Railways,
Eastern Africa.*

GENERAL NOTICE No. 324.

THE ESTATE DUTY ORDINANCE.

APPROVED VALUERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Estate Duty Commissioners have approved of the appointment of the Hon. T. A. Wood as valuer for Mombasa for purposes of the Estate Duty Ordinance, 1918.

J. G. ROSS,
*for Secretary,
Board of Estate Duty Commissioners.*

GENERAL NOTICE No. 325.

THE DISEASES OF ANIMALS ORDINANCE, 1906.

To be an Honorary Permit Issuer.

Mr. W. Boyce Aggett, Kijabe, *vice*
Mr. J. S. Smith, Kijabe.

Nairobi,
16th March, 1921.

J. B. BANKS,
Permit Officer.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 326.

THE MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS AND DENTISTS ORDINANCE, 1910.

NOTICE.

THE undermentioned have been registered in accordance with the terms of the "Medical Practitioners and Dentists Ordinance, 1910."

Name.	Qualifications.
Allen, George Vance	M.B., B.CH., 1917, Q. U., Belf.
Johnstone, Frederick John Carlyle	M.B., CH.B., 1916, U. Edin.; D.P.H., 1920.

Nairobi,
March 15th, 1921.

JOHN L. GILKS,
Registrar.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 327.

NOTICE.

SALE OF NURSERY TREES.

THE public is notified that in future the cost of plant trays will be included in the cost of young trees sold from the Government Forest Nurseries.

Trays returned in good condition will be paid for according to the number of shingles in them and at the rate of three cents a shingle.

In the case of Nursery Trees issued free to Government Officials, Charitable Institutions, etc., a charge of fifty cents a tray will be continued to be made and the amount will be refunded if the trays are returned in good condition.

E. BATTISCOMBE,
Conservator of Forests.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 328.

NOTICE.

VALUES FOR EXPORT.

EXPORT duty on the following articles will be assessed on the basis of the undermentioned values for the period from 1st April, 1921 to 30th June, 1921:—

Chillies	... 30 cents per lb.
Buffalo hides (other than sportsmen's trophies)	... 30 , ,
Hides and calf skins (sun dried)	... 20 , ,
Hides and calf skins (dry salted)	... 18 , ,
Hides and calf skins (wet salted)	... 10 , ,
Skins:—Goat & kid	... 60 , each.
Sheep	... 20 , ,
Hippo teeth (other than sportsmen's trophies)	... Fl. 1/- per lb.
Rhino horns (other than sportsmen's trophies)	... Fls. 4/- per lb.

Mombasa,
March 19th, 1921.

F. W. MAJOR,
*Commissioner of Customs,
Colony and Protectorate of
Kenya and Uganda Protectorate.*

GENERAL NOTICE No. 300.

HIS MAJESTY'S COURT OF APPEAL FOR EASTERN AFRICA.

THE next Session of His Majesty's Court of Appeal for Eastern Africa has been fixed to be holden at Mombasa and to commence on Tuesday the 14th day of June, 1921, at 10 a.m. or as soon thereafter as cases can be heard.

All appeal papers should be forwarded to the Registrar, His Majesty's Court of Appeal for Eastern Africa at Mombasa not later than the 25th day of May, 1921.

Mombasa,
11th March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
*Acting Registrar,
H. M. Court of Appeal for
Eastern Africa.*

GENERAL NOTICE No. 261.

NOTICE.

IN view of the close of the financial year on 31st March, 1921, it is requested that all merchants and others having any claims against the Government of the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya will render the same to the Department concerned before 24th March, 1921.

Nairobi,

28th February, 1921.

H. H. RUSHTON,
Acting Treasurer.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 196.

THE CROWN LANDS ORDINANCE, 1915.

THE Leases of the farms specified in the Schedule hereto, will, subject to the provisions of the Crown Lands Ordinance, 1915, be offered for sale at the Railway Institute, Nairobi, commencing at 10 a.m. on Monday the 6th June, 1921. Plans of the farms may be seen at the Public Map Office, Land Department, Nairobi, and at the office of the Resident Commissioner of the district in which any particular farm mentioned in the Schedule is situated, or may be had on application to the Land Department on payment of Fls. 2, post free in respect of each plan required.

The right to withdraw any farm from the auction is reserved to Government.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

1. Each farm shall be auctioned separately.
2. European British subjects (or their accredited agents) will be permitted to bid and purchase. Non-British subjects will require the consent in writing of His Excellency the Governor.
3. The highest bidder shall be the purchaser, and if any dispute arise as to any bidding, the farm shall be put up again at the last undisputed bidding.
4. The amount of the advance of each bidding shall be regulated by the Auctioneer and no bidding shall be retracted.

5. Each purchaser shall pay to the auctioneer, immediately on the fall of the hammer, a deposit of 10% of his purchase money. In default of such payment the plot may be immediately re-offered for sale and any subsequent bid by the person who has made default may be ignored or refused.

6. The balance of the purchase money may be paid in full to the Land Officer on or before the 1st July, 1921, or may be paid in nine equal annual instalments payable on the 1st January in each year, the first instalment being payable on the 1st January, 1922, and the purchaser shall inform the Land Officer on or before the 1st July, 1921, which method of payment he desires to adopt.

7. If the purchaser shall have elected to pay the balance of the purchase money by instalments no assignment of the land leased or any part thereof shall be valid until the whole of the balance of the purchase money shall have been paid.

8. The rent due to the 31st day of December, 1921, the Survey fees and the fees payable for the preparation and registration of the lease and the stamp duty payable in respect of the lease and, if the purchaser shall have elected to pay the balance of the purchase money in full, the balance of the purchase money shall be paid to the Land Officer at the Land Office, Nairobi, on or before the 1st July, 1921, and upon such payments being duly made the purchaser shall, subject to the provisions of the Crown Lands Ordinance, 1915, and if the conditions of sale have been complied with, be entitled to a lease of the farm, which lease shall be presented to him for execution as soon as conveniently may be.

9. If the payments mentioned in Condition No. 8 are not made on or before the 1st July, 1921, the Land Officer may order that the deposit paid by the purchaser be forfeited to the Government and that the purchaser shall have no further claim to a lease of the farm.

10. The lease shall be for 999 years and shall commence from the 1st day of July, 1921, and the rent shall be payable from that date.

Nairobi,

17th February, 1921.

H. T. MARTIN,

Land Officer.

SCHEDULE.

Situation.	L. O. Number.	Area Approximate only Acres.	Rent per annum.	Upset price.	Term of Lease.	Survey Fees.	Cost of Deeds.	Proportionate Rental from 1st July, 1921 to 31st Dec., 1921.
Kericho	3884	740	Florins 74/-	Florins 11,100/-	999 yrs. from 1st July, 1921	Florins 500/-	Florins 45/-	Florins 37/-
Kyambu	127	150	15/-	11,250/-	"	242/-	"	7/50
Machakos	3879	5207	520/70	15,620/-	"	805/-	"	260/35
Trans Nzoia	2058	2150	215/-	8,600/-	"	509/-	"	107/50
do.	2067	3627	362/70	14,508/-	"	549/-	"	181/35
Athi River	3672	1716	171/60	8,580/-	"	524/-	"	85/80
Naivasha	1695	2504	250/40	5,008/-	"	675/-	"	125/20
do.	1562	2980	298/-	5,960/-	"	850/-	"	149/-
Molo	1514	1430	143/-	14,300/-	"	669/-	"	71/50
Mbagathi	1128	113	11/30	11,300/-	"	290/-	"	5/65
Muhoroni	1637/2	1049	104/90	31,470/-	"	535/-	"	52/45
Limoru	3900	50.85	5/09	2,540/-	"	118/-	"	2/55
Thika	282/1	1065	106/50	26,625/-	"	346/-	"	53/25
do.	282/2	222	22/20	5,550/-	"	179/-	"	11/10
Nyeri	2270/1	1282	128/20	28,204/-	"	630/-	"	64/10
do.	2270/2	496	49/60	24,800/-	"	350/-	"	24/80

GENERAL NOTICE No. 198.

GRAZING IN FORESTS IN LONDIANI
FOREST AREA.

TENDERS are invited for the grazing rights for a period of 2 years from 1st April, 1921, over an area of approximately 780 acres and situated in the Londiani Forest to the West of L.O. 570/2.

2. The successful tenderer will be given a licence, the terms of which may be seen at the office of the undersigned or at the office of the Forest Officer, Londiani.

The grass land may be inspected by arrangement with the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Londiani.

3. The basis of tender to be an annual licence fee payable in advance on the date of the issue of licence and on 1st day of April the following year.

4. No tender lower than at the rate of 10 cts. an acre per annum will be accepted,

5. Tenders will be opened on the 25th March, 1921.

6. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Nairobi,

16th February, 1921.

E. BATTISCOMBE,
Conservator of Forests.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 235.

TENDERS.

TIMBER CUTTING RIGHTS IN THE EASTERN
ABERDARE FORESTS.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the timber cutting rights in the Forest Reserve between the Southern Chania and Thika rivers, on the Eastern slopes of the Aberdare Range within the Fort Hall District of the Kenya Province.

2. The successful applicant will receive a licence the terms and conditions of which may be obtained from the undersigned.

3. In the event of there being 2 or more applicants of equal merit, the cutting rights may be put up to tender or auction, in which case the royalty to be paid per cubic foot on trees measured standing will be the basis of tender or auction.

4. The area may be inspected by arrangement with Assistant Conservator of Forests, Nyeri.

5. Applications will be received up to the 31st March, 1921.

6. The undersigned does not bind himself to entertain any application.

Nairobi,

25th February, 1921.

E. BATTISCOMBE,
Conservator of Forests.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 263.

NOTICE.

GRAZING IN KARATI FOREST, NEAR
NAIVASHA.

TENDERS are invited for the grazing rights for a period of 2 years from 1st April, 1921, over an area of approximately 1200 acres lying within the Karati Forest, near Naivasha, on the right bank of the Karati River to the West of the centre fire line.

2. The successful tenderer will be given a licence the terms of which may be seen at the office of the undersigned or at the office of the Forester, Kinobop. The area may be inspected by arrangement with the Forester.

3. The basis of tender to be an annual licence fee payable in advance on the date of issue of licence and thereafter on the 1st April the following year.

4. No tender lower than at the rate of 10 cents an acre per annum will be accepted.

5. All regulations with regard to the movement of cattle imposed by the Veterinary Department will have to be strictly adhered to.

6. Tenders will be opened on 25th March, 1921.

7. The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

E. BATTISCOMBE,
Conservator of Forests.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 293.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS FOR LICENCE TO CULTIVATE LAND IN
FOREST RESERVE, LONDIANI.

TENDERS are invited for the right to cultivate land cleared for Railway fuel near Mau Summit, between miles 491/3 and 492, comprising an area of about 363 acres for a period of 3 years from the 1st April, 1921.

Cultivation to be carried on in conjunction with tree planting; the licensee being required to tend all young trees planted by the Forest Department in the area the subject of the licence.

The subject of tender to be an annual licence fee payable in advance at the time of the issue of the licence and thereafter on the 1st April each year during currency of licence.

Tenders will be received up till the 25th March, 1921.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Full details as to the area, the planting and the conditions of the licence may be obtained from the undersigned or the Asst. Conservator of Forests, Londiani.

The land, of which the greater part has been cleared ready for cultivation, can be pointed out by the Assistant Conservator of Forests, Londiani.

E. BATTISCOMBE,
Conservator of Forests.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 298.

UGANDA RAILWAY.

TENDER FOR FLOUR, DHALL, AND RICE.

TENDERS are invited for the supply of the following, required monthly by the Uganda Railway for a period commencing from the month of June, 1921, to 31st December, 1921:—

Monthly Requirements.

Flour Atta, tons 28.

Dhall Gram, tons 5.

Rice Dawoodkana, Bags, 10 (nett weight 165 lbs.)

Rice Table, bags 5 (nett weight, 175 lbs.)

Flour Superfine, bags 12 (nett weight, 196 lbs.)

The Railway reserves the right to increase, or decrease the above quantities by 20% on giving 6 weeks' notice to the Contractor.

The conditions under which they must be supplied can be obtained, on application, to the Acting Chief Storekeeper, Uganda Railway, Nairobi.

Sealed Tenders, marked "Tender for Flour, Dhall and Rice," together with samples, should reach the undersigned not later than 11th April next.

The lowest, or any, Tender not necessarily accepted.

Nairobi,

11th March, 1921.

B. M. CARTER,
Acting Chief Storekeeper.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.—(CONTD.)

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR, 1919-1920.

	Fls.	Cts.		Fls.	Cts.
Proportion of salaries of staff employed on Savings Bank duties ... (vide subjoined Statement)	12,324	00	By Balances brought forward Interest Account ...	14,885	55
Balance—Profit ...	2,561	55			
Total Fls. ...	14,885	55	Total Fls. ...	14,885	55

SAVINGS BANK EXPENDITURE.

	Fls.	Cts.
1. 1 Assistant Chief Accountant for 3 months (Salary and War Bonus) ...	1,230	00
2. 1 Assistant Accountant half time @ £200 per annum ...	1,500	00
3. War Bonus of 1 Assistant Accountant half time @ £70 a year ...	525	00
4. Proportion of Chief Accountant's Salary ...	525	00
5. Proportion of salaries and War Bonus of Counter clerks employed on Savings Bank Business ...	2,628	00
HEADQUARTERS.		
6. 1 2nd Grade Clerk Salary and War Bonus ...	2,496	00
1 4th Grade Clerk Salary and War Bonus ...	2,220	00
7. Contingencies, i.e. Proportion of Passage monies of staff, Stationery, Pass Books, etc. ...	1,200	00
Total Fls.	12,324	00

Examined.

P. L. COLLISSON,

for Auditor.

March 9th, 1921.

J. T. GOSLING,

*Postmaster General,**Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and**Uganda Protectorate.*

BALANCE SHEET, 1919-1920.

	Fls.	Cts.		Fls.	Cts.
To Balance due to Depositors ...	866,228	01	By Investments (£55,000) ...	825,000	00
			Cash Balances with Postmasters		
			Mombasa 36-39		
			Kisumu 211-33		
To Warrants issued but not cashed at 31st March, 1920 ...	10,004	51	247-72	247	72
			Balance in Treasury ...	50,984	80
Total Fls. ...	876,232	52	Total Fls. ...	876,232	52

Examined.

P. L. COLLISSON,

for Auditor.

March 9th, 1921.

J. T. GOSLING,

*Postmaster General,**Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and**Uganda Protectorate.*

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.—(CONTD.)

MARKET VALUES OF INVESTMENTS AT 31st MARCH, 1920.

Nature of Stock.	Amount paid for Stock.		Amount of Stock Purchased.		Latest known Quotations. 20-6-20.	Market Value at 20-6-20.	
	Fls.	Cts.	Fls.	Cts.		Fls.	Cts.
Transvaal 3 per cent. G. S. Red 1923-53 ...	315,000	00	336,674	43	61	205,371	40
Southern Nigeria 3½ per cent. G. S. ...	94,363	50	102,328	75	65½	67,025	33
Straits Settlements 3 per cent. G. S. ...	136,386	00	156,879	12	65	101,971	43
Gold Coast 3½ per cent. G. S. ...	41,367	00	45,607	06	66	30,100	66
Queensland 3¼ per cent. G. S. ...	74,269	50	78,010	25	68	53,046	97
Hong-Kong 3½ per cent. G. S. ...	13,614	00	15,000	00	69	10,350	00
Sierra Leone 4 per cent. G. S. ...	75,411	12	76,566	44	75	57,424	83
Trinidad 4 per cent. G. S. ...	29,588	88	30,000	00	75	22,500	00
Gold Coast 4 per cent. G. S. ...	15,000	00	15,324	12	76	11,646	34
War Loan 5 per cent. G. S. ...	30,000	00	31,535	00	88½	27,829	64
Total Fls. ...	825,000	00	887,925	17		587,266	60

Examined.

P. L. COLLISSON,
for Auditor,
March 9th, 1921.

J. T. GOSLING,

Postmaster General,
Colony and Protectorate of Kenya and
Uganda Protectorate.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 330.

TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE.

No. 17 of 1912.

No. 25/21.

NUBOLIC

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TAKE NOTICE that an application for the registration as a Trade Mark of the label shown above to be used in connection with goods mentioned in Class 2 of Part III. of the Schedule to the above-mentioned Ordinance, in respect of Chemical Substances for Sanitary purposes, has been lodged by Joseph Watson & Sons, Limited, of Whitehall Soap Works, Leeds, England; Manufacturers.

The label will be registered as a Trade Mark after the expiration of the period mentioned in Section 13 of the said Ordinance, provided no notice of opposition is received.

A specimen of the Trade Mark, the registration of which is applied for, can be seen at the office of the undersigned at Mombasa.

Mombasa,
7th March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
for Registrar of Trade Marks.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 331.

TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE.

No. 17 of 1912.

No. 26/21.

NUBOLIC

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TAKE NOTICE that an application for the registration as a Trade Mark of the label shown above to be used in connection with goods mentioned in Class 47 of Part III. of the Schedule of the above-mentioned Ordinance, in respect of Common Soap, has been lodged by Joseph Watson & Sons, Limited, of Whitehall Soap Works, Leeds, England; Manufacturers.

The label will be registered as a Trade Mark after the expiration of the period mentioned in Section 13 of the said Ordinance, provided no notice of opposition is received.

A specimen of the Trade Mark, the registration of which is applied for, can be seen at the office of the undersigned at Mombasa.

Mombasa,
7th March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
for Registrar of Trade Marks.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 332.

TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE.

No. 17 of 1912.

No. 27/21.



TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TAKE NOTICE that an application for the registration as a Trade Mark of the label shown above to be used in connection with goods mentioned in Class 47 of Part III. of the Schedule to the above-mentioned Ordinance, in respect of Common Soap, Detergents, and other laundry preparations, has been lodged by Joseph Watson & Sons, Limited, of Whitehall Soap Works, Leeds, England; Manufacturers.

The label will be registered as a Trade Mark after the expiration of the period mentioned in Section 13 of the said Ordinance, provided no notice of opposition is received.

A specimen of the Trade Mark, the registration of which is applied for, can be seen at the office of the undersigned at Mombasa.

Mombasa,
7th March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
for Registrar of Trade Marks.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 333.

TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE.

No. 17 of 1912.

No. 29/21.



TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TAKE NOTICE that an application for the registration as a Trade Mark of the label shown above to be used in connection with goods mentioned in Class 47 of Part III. of the Schedule to the above-mentioned Ordinance, in respect of Candles, Common Soap, Detergents, Matches and Blue, and other preparations for laundry purposes, has been lodged by Joseph Watson & Sons, Limited, of Whitehall Soap Works, Leeds, England; Manufacturers.

The label will be registered as a Trade Mark after the expiration of the period mentioned in Section 13 of the said Ordinance, provided no notice of opposition is received.

A specimen of the Trade Mark, the registration of which is applied for, can be seen at the office of the undersigned at Mombasa.

Mombasa,
7th March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
for Registrar of Trade Marks.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 334.

TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE.

No. 17 of 1912.

No. 30/21.



TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TAKE NOTICE that an application for the registration as a Trade Mark of the label shown above to be used in connection with goods mentioned in Class 48 of Part III. of the Schedule to the above-mentioned Ordinance, in respect of Perfumery, including toilet articles, preparation for the teeth and hair and perfumed soap, has been lodged by Joseph Watson & Sons, Limited, of Whitehall Soap Works, Leeds, England; Manufacturers.

The label will be registered as a Trade Mark after the expiration of the period mentioned in Section 13 of

the said Ordinance, provided no notice of opposition is received.

A specimen of the Trade Mark, the registration of which is applied for, can be seen at the office of the undersigned at Mombasa.

Mombasa,
7th March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
for Registrar of Trade Marks.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 335.

TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE.

No. 17 of 1912.

No. 32/21.

Firestone

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TAKE NOTICE that an application for the registration as a Trade Mark of the label shown above to be used in connection with goods mentioned in Class 40 of Part III. of the Schedule to the above-mentioned Ordinance, in respect of Boots, Shoes, Articles, Hoof pads and Automobile

rims of all kinds made or partly made of India Rubber or gutta percha, has been lodged by The Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, of Main Street and Cole Avenue, City of Akron, State of Ohio, County of Summit, U.S.A.; Manufacturers.

The label will be registered as a Trade Mark after the expiration of the period mentioned in Section 13 of the said Ordinance, provided no notice of opposition is received.

A specimen of the Trade Mark, the registration of which is applied for, can be seen at the office of the undersigned at Mombasa.

Mombasa,
7th March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
for Registrar of Trade Marks.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 336.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT NAIROBI.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 25 OF 1920.

IN THE MATTER OF DAHYABHAI PURSHOTTAM PATEL,
INSOLVENT.

To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that by an order of this Court, dated the 7th day of March, 1921, the scheme of composition submitted by the above-named insolvent was approved and further that the Order of this Court, dated the 23rd day of July, 1920, adjudicating the above-named Dahyabhai Purshottam Patel, insolvent was by an order dated the 15th day of March, 1921, annulled.

Nairobi,

Dated this 15th day of March, 1921.

B. STONE,
Deputy Registrar.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 337.

IN THE RESIDENT COMMISSIONER'S COURT,
AT KISUMU.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 1 OF 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF GORDHANDASS JINA & KHUSHALBHAI
NARANBHAI, TRADING AS GORDHANDASS KHULSHALBHAI &
COMPANY, KISUMU.

EX-PARTE THE DEBTORS.

NOTICE is hereby given that the petition of the above-named debtors Gordhandass Khulshalbhai & Co., of Kisumu, for an order adjudicating them insolvents under the Provincial Insolvency Act (No. III of 1907) will be heard at Kisumu on the 8th day of April, 1921, at 9 a.m.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1921, at Kisumu.

S. H. CARNELLEY,
Resident Commissioner.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 338.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT MOMBASA.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 2 OF 1921.

RE SULEMANJI YUSUFJI, TRADING AS SULEMANJI
YUSUFJI & Co.

EX-PARTE THE CREDITOR KAMLASHANKER MAGANLAL
DESAI, TRADING AS DESAI & PANDIT BROTHERS.

PURSUANT to a petition filed by Kamlashanker Maganlal Desai one of the creditors of the above-named debtor on the 27th day of January, 1921, on reading the said petition, and hearing W. Allan, Esq., Advocate, for the above-named petitioning creditor and C. M. Dalal Esq., Advocate, for the above-named debtors, and none of the creditors wishing to examine the debtor, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent and whereas it appears to the Court that the appointment of a Receiver of the property of the said insolvent is necessary, it is also ordered that a receiving order be made against the insolvents and Mohamedbhai Jivanji and Premji are hereby appointed Receivers jointly of the property of the said insolvents upon their lodging each a bond under their own hands for Rs. 1,000/- and it is further ordered that the said Receivers' remuneration be as fixed by Section 12 of Rules of Court No. 2 of 1910, on the total amount realized less any sum paid to creditors out of proceeds of their securities.

All persons claiming to be creditors of the above-named insolvent must file particulars of their claims in writing supported by affidavit together with any documents on which they rely in proof of their claims on or before the 31st day of March, 1921, with the Registrar of the High Court at Mombasa after which date the Court will proceed to settle the schedule of the names of and the debts severally due to such creditors and any persons having in their possessions any property or monies belonging or due to the said insolvents should forthwith hand over and pay same to the said Receivers.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this
22nd day of February, 1921.

G. H. PICKERING,
Judge.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 339.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT MOMBASA.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 2 OF 1921.

IN RE FAZAL TEJPAR.

TAKE NOTICE that the High Court of the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, by an order, the 11th day of March, 1921, adjudicated the above-named Fazal Tejpar, insolvent and made a receiving order against him and appointed the undersigned Receiver of his property.

Further take notice that all property of the insolvent (save and except that exempted by the Code of Civil Procedure) is vested in the undersigned as Receiver. All persons indebted to the said insolvent are required to pay the respective amounts due by them to the undersigned and all creditors are required to prove their claims before the undersigned by affidavit as required by the Provincial Insolvency Act on or before the 23rd day of May, 1921.

Mombasa,

17th March, 1921.

J. W. H. PARKINSON,
Official Receiver.
Seyidie Province.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 340.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT MOMBASA.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 3 OF 1921.

RE FAZAL TEJPAR.

EX-PARTE THE CREDITOR, MOLU TEJPAR.

NOTICE is hereby given that Fazal Tejpar of Mombasa was by an order of this Court, dated the 11th day of March, 1921, adjudicated insolvent and that the Official Receiver, Seyidie Province, was appointed Receiver of the said insolvent's estate.

Mombasa,

Dated this 11th day of March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
Deputy Registrar.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 341.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT MOMBASA.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 5 OF 1921.

RE MOLU TEJPAR.

EX-PARTE THE CREDITOR HAJI ABDUREHMAN & SONS.

PURSUANT to a petition filed by Haji Abdurehman and Sons, one of the creditors of the above-named debtor on the 17th day of February, 1921, on reading the said petition and hearing A. Crossman, Esq., Advocate, for the above-named petitioning creditor and none of the creditors present opposing the adjudication, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent and whereas it appears to the Court that the appointment of Receivers of the property of the said insolvent is necessary, it is also ordered that a receiving order be made against the insolvents and Haji Issa of Haji Abdurehman and Sons and Sharifali Mohamedali are hereby appointed Receivers upon their lodging each a bond under their own hands in Rs. 3,000/- each, and it is further ordered that the said Receivers' remuneration be as fixed by Section 12 of Rules of Court No. 2 of 1910, on the total amount realized less any sum paid to creditors out of proceeds of their securities.

All persons claiming to be creditors of the above-named insolvents must file particulars of their claims in writing supported by affidavit together with any documents on which they rely in proof of their claims on or before the 13th day of April, 1921, with the Registrar of the High Court at Mombasa after which date the Court will proceed to settle the schedule of the names of and the debts severally due to such creditors and any persons having in their possessions any property or monies belonging or due to the said insolvents should forthwith hand over and pay same to the said Receivers.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this
10th day of March, 1921.

G. H. PICKERING,
Judge.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 342.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT MOMBASA.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 6 of 1921.

RE GULAMHUSSEIN ALIDINA TEJPAL.

EX-PARTE THE CREDITOR JAFFER DEWJI.

NOTICE is hereby given that Gulamhussein Alidina Tejpal of Mombasa, was by an order of this Court, dated the 16th day of March, 1921, adjudicated insolvent and that the Official Receiver, Seyidie Province, was appointed Receiver of the said insolvents' estate.

Mombasa.

Dated this 16th day of March, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
Acting Registrar.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 343.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT NAIROBI.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 13 of 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF MOSES LAZERSON, DEBTOR.

To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that the petition of the above-named debtor Moses Lazerson of Nairobi, in the Colony of Kenya, for an order adjudicating him insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act (No. III of 1907) will be heard at Nairobi on the 8th day of April, 1921, at 10-30 a.m.

Nairobi,

Dated this 17th day of March, 1921.

B. STONE,
Deputy Registrar.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 344.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT NAIROBI.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 14 of 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF VALABHJI PITAMBAR & DEVCHAND
PITAMBAR, TRADING AS VALLALBJI PITAMBAR &
BROS., DEBTORS.

EX-PARTE THE CREDITORS, THE EAST AFRICAN AGENCY LIMITED.

To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that the petition of the above-named creditors for an order that Valabji Pitambar and Devchand Pitambar, trading as Valabji Pitambar and Brothers, Merchants of Lumbwa and Kericho, the above-named debtors, be declared insolvents under the Provincial Insolvency Act (No. III of 1907) will be heard at Nairobi on the 15th day of April, 1921, at 10-30 a.m.

Nairobi,

Dated this 18th day of March, 1921.

B. STONE,
Deputy Registrar.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 345.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT NAIROBI.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 15 of 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF SABZALI AHOMEDALI, DEBTOR.

To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that the petition of the above-named debtor Sabzali Ahomedali, trading at Kajjado, Magadi Railway, in the Kenya Colony, for an order adjudicating him insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act (No. III of 1907) will be heard at Nairobi on the 15th day of April, 1921, at 10-30 a.m.

Nairobi,

Dated this 17th day of March, 1921.

B. STONE,
Deputy Registrar.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 346.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT NAIROBI.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

CAUSE No. 16 of 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF JAGATRAM NARANJANDASS
BARRI, DEBTOR.

EX-PARTE THE CREDITOR, LACHMANDASS DEVIDITTA.

To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE is hereby given that the petition of the above-named creditor for an order that Jagatram Naranjandass Barri, formerly residing and working for gain at Kikuyu, the above-named debtor, be declared insolvent under the Provincial Insolvency Act (No. III of 1907) will be heard at Nairobi on the 1st day of April, 1921, at 10-30 a.m.

Nairobi,

Dated this 19th day of March, 1921.

B. STONE,
Deputy Registrar.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 347.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

CAUSE No. 79 of 1920.

IN THE MATTER OF G. H. BATEMAN, DECEASED.

To all whom it may concern.

TAKE NOTICE that the account of the estate of the above-named G. H. Bateman deceased has been lodged with the Registrar of the High Court at Mombasa and that he has appointed the 21st day of April, 1921, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon for passing of such account.

Mombasa,

10th March, 1921.

J. W. H. PARKINSON,
Administrator General.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 348.

IN THE RESIDENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT,
AT NAKURU.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

CAUSE No. 2 of 1921.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF THE WILL OF
DAVID MUIR, LATE OF NAKURU, DECEASED.

TAKE NOTICE, that application having been made in this Court by Mabel Marion Muir of Nakuru for Probate of the Will of David Muir, late of Nakuru, who died at Nakuru on the 14th day of January, 1921, this Court will proceed to make a decree in the same unless cause be shown to the contrary and appearance in this respect entered on or before the 15th day of April, 1921.

Nakuru,

9th March, 1921.

F. W. ISAAC,
District Delegate.

NOTE:—The Will above-named is now deposited and open to inspection at the Court.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 349.

IN H. M. HIGH COURT OF THE COLONY AND
PROTECTORATE OF KENYA, AT NAIROBI.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

CAUSE No. 7 of 1921.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR ADMINISTRATION OF ESTATE
OF HERSI ALI, SOMALI, LATE OF NAIROBI,
DECEASED.

TAKE NOTICE that application having been made in this Court by Haji Essa of Nairobi, for the administration of the estate of Hersi Ali, late of Nairobi, who died at Nairobi on the 18th day of September, 1920, this Court will proceed to make a decree in the same unless cause be shown to the contrary and appearance in this respect entered on or before the 13th day of April, 1921.

Nairobi,

16th March, 1921.

J. W. BARTH,
Chief Justice.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 350.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

HIGH COURT CAUSE No. 31 OF 1921.

ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL'S CAUSE No. 31 OF 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF W. H. COLES, DECEASED.

To all whom it may concern.

PURSUANT to an order of the High Court of the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, dated the 17th day of March, 1921, by which the undersigned was appointed Administrator of the estate of the late W. H. Coles, who died at Nairobi on the 24th day of January, 1921.

TAKE NOTICE that all persons having any claims against the estate of the said W. H. Coles, are required to lodge and prove such claims before me the undersigned on or before the 23rd day of May, 1921, after which date only the claims so proved will be paid and the estate distributed according to law.

Mombasa,

18th March, 1921.

J. W. H. PARKINSON,
Administrator General.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 351.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

HIGH COURT CAUSE No. 32 OF 1921.

ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL'S CAUSE No. 32 OF 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF EDGAR E. RICE, DECEASED.

To all whom it may concern.

PURSUANT to an order of the High Court of the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, dated the 17th day of March, 1921, by which the undersigned was appointed Administrator of the estate of the late Edgar E. Rice, who died at Kericho on the 30th day of January, 1921.

TAKE NOTICE that all persons having any claims against the estate of the said Edgar E. Rice, are required to lodge and prove such claims before me the undersigned on or before the 23rd day of May, 1921, after which date only the claims so proved will be paid and the estate distributed according to law.

Mombasa,

18th March, 1921.

J. W. H. PARKINSON,
Administrator General.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 352.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL'S CAUSE No. 40 OF 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF SHAMJI DAMJI, DECEASED.

To all whom it may concern.

TAKE NOTICE that on or after the 7th day of April, 1921, I intend to apply to the High Court of the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, at Mombasa for an order to administer the estate of the above-named Shamji Damji, who died at Magadi on the 19th day of February, 1921.

Mombasa,

18th March, 1921.

J. W. H. PARKINSON,
Administrator General.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 353.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

CAUSE No. 45 OF 1921.

IN THE MATTER OF JAMNADASS S/O TULSIRAM, DECEASED.

To all whom it may concern.

TAKE NOTICE that on or after the 7th day of April, 1921, I intend to apply to the High Court of the Colony and Protectorate of Kenya, at Mombasa for an order to administer the estate of the above-named Jamnadass s/o Tulsiram, who died at Nairobi on the 6th day of March, 1921.

Mombasa,

18th March, 1921.

J. W. H. PARKINSON,
Administrator General.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 354.

THE EAST AFRICAN COASTAL NAVIGATION COMPANY.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above firm is being liquidated, and that all persons having claims are requested to send them into Gill & Johnson, Chartered Accountants, Box 92, Nairobi, on or before the 30th day of April, 1921.

Nairobi,

18th March, 1921.

for The East African Coastal Navigation Co.,
GILL & JOHNSON.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 355.

NOTICE.

AS Mr. Demetrios John Salavrakos, brother of the late Mr. Marcus John Salavrakos is returning to Europe shortly, all claims against Mr. Marcus John Salavrakos must be sent in accompanied with proofs for such claims to my Solicitors, Messrs. Daly, Figgis & Ross, Nairobi, by the 5th of April, 1921, after which date no claims will be recognised.

Nairobi,

March 21st, 1921.

DEMETRIOS JOHN SALAVRAKOS.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 356.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified that Messrs. H. F. Ward & Co. have discontinued the management of Mr. Trevor Sheen's affairs.

H. F. WARD & Co.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 357.

NOTICE.

I the undersigned John Paterson wish it to be known that in future I shall change the spelling of my name to Patterson.

Thika Rapids, Thika,
17th March, 1921.

JOHN PATTERSON.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 358.

NOTICE.

To all whom it may concern.

TAKE NOTICE that Morris William London of Nairobi has by Deed Poll dated the 31st day of January, 1921, appointed Frederick Herbert Kelly of Nairobi (with Digby Green of Nairobi as the said Frederick Herbert Kelly's substitute if necessary) to be his Attorney to deal with the affairs and interests of the said Morris William London in the Colony of Kenya.

Dated at Nairobi this 15th day of March, 1921.

KELLY, GREEN & NEWTON,
Advocates.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 359.

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that the Power of Attorney, dated the 11th day of November, 1920, granted by us to Mr. Rahim Currim to manage the business at Nairobi and Nyeri of Rashid Ismail is cancelled and revoked as from the 18th March, 1921. The said Rahim Currim has no power or authority henceforth to transact any business whatsoever on behalf of the said firm.

Nyeri,

16th March, 1921.

RASHID ISMAIL.
ISMAIL RAHIM.
Partners.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 360.



NOTICE.

IN view of the close of the Financial Year, it is requested that all Merchants and others, having any claims against the King's African Rifles, 3rd and 5th Battalions, Intelligence and Supply and Transport Departments, for the year ending 31st March, 1921, will render the same to this Department before 30th instant.

All Expenditure and Accounts in connection with the aforementioned King's African Rifles services from the 1st April, 1921, will be dealt with by the Hon'ble, The Treasurer.

As from the 1st April, 1921, the Military Accounts Department will cease to exist, and this designation will be abolished.

J. PATTERSON, MAJOR,
Chief Paymaster,
Military Accounts Department.

GENERAL NOTICE No. 361.

NOTICE.

His Honour Mr. Justice Sheridan will proceed on Circuit and hold sittings of the High Court at the places and on the dates hereinafter mentioned:—

PROVISIONAL CAUSE LIST.

Kisumu, 4th April, 1921.

Criminal Case No.	53 of 1921.	Rex.	vs.	Wandicho s/o Achieng
"	"	117 " 1920	"	Munandi s/o Serebwa
"	"	4 " 1921	"	Itari binti Esiraba
"	"	8 " "	"	Sadi wa Zedi
"	"	11 " "	"	Maobe s/o Manyisa.

KISUMU DISTRICT REGISTRY:—

Civil Case No.	25 of 1918.	Max Klein	vs.	Rahemtulla Mulji
"	"	26 " "	"	do.
"	"	45 " 1920.	"	Ahmed Saleh
"	"	53 " "	"	Sheikh Noordin Gulmohamed
		Executor of the Estate of Lalchand		
"	"	54 " "	"	Mohamed Din Noordin
"	"	55 " "	"	Awadan Khudabux
"	"	56 " "	"	Sunderji Dossa & Sons
"	"	58 " "	"	Jagannath and Hakim Nizamdin, administrator of the Estate of Gulam Mahomed
"	"	3 of 1921.	"	Lalji Valji.

Insolvency Cause No. 9 of 1920 *Re: Merali Giga.*

Nairobi Insolvency Cause No. 3 of 1921 *Re: Dayashanker Nagardass.*

" Civil Case No. 577 of 1919. Awadan vs. Mahbabgul and Mamurgul.

Nakuru, 11th April, 1921.

Criminal Case No.	101 of 1920	Rex.	vs.	1. Kipsoma s/o Kimesak
"	"	5 of 1921	"	2. Kiabau s/o Kamato.
"	"	7 " "	"	1. Masao s/o Ole Kibinut
			"	2. Ol-Kuroini s/o Mushongoi.
"	"		"	Waliba s/o Boboni

NAKURU DISTRICT REGISTRY:—

Civil Case No.	30 of 1920.	Clement O'Neal Chaplin	vs.	E. Powys Cobb and H. P. Moller
"	"	31 " "	"	Nyamatine wa Kabuza; Turi
"	"	32 " "	"	A. Wilcox
"	"	33 " "	"	Ndungu wa Kathiuya
"	"	1 " 1921	"	Dewji Manishanker & Co.
"	"	2 " "	"	Kihumbwa wa Katuma
"	"	3 " "	"	Messrs. Chaplin and Hopcraft
"	"	4 " "	"	T. Lloyd
"	"	5 " "	"	Hirji Kanji Rathod
		Motilal s/o Gokalji, Administrator of the Estate of Bhanubhai s/o Popatlal, deceased		
"	"	6 " "	vs.	A. H. Fernandes.
		Ambrose Mascarenhas		

Mombasa,
March 12th, 1921.

L. LLOYD-BLOOD,
Deputy Registrar, High Court.