

LIMPOPO PROVINCE
LIMPOPO PROVINSIE
XIFUNDZANKULU XA LIMPOPO
PROFENSE YA LIMPOPO
VUNDU LA LIMPOPO
IPHROVINSI YELIMPOPO

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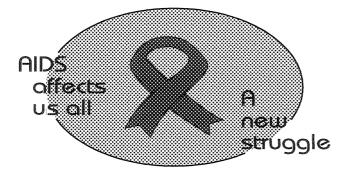
Ku katsa na Tigazete to Hlawuleka hinkwato 19 JUNE 2015 19 JUNIE 2015 19 KHOTAVUXIKA 2015 19 JUNE 2015 19 FULWI 2015

No. 2528

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

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No. Page Gazette
No. No. No.

LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE

IMPORTANT

Information

from Government Printing Works

Dear Valued Customers,

Government Printing Works has implemented rules for completing and submitting the electronic Adobe Forms when you, the customer, submits your notice request.

Please take note of these guidelines when completing your form.

GPW Business Rules

- 1. No hand written notices will be accepted for processing, this includes Adobe forms which have been completed by hand.
- 2. Notices can only be submitted in Adobe electronic form format to the email submission address submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za. This means that any notice submissions not on an Adobe electronic form that are submitted to this mailbox will be rejected. National or Provincial gazette notices, where the Z95 or Z95Prov must be an Adobe form but the notice content (body) will be an attachment.
- 3. Notices brought into GPW by "walk-in" customers on electronic media can only be submitted in Adobe electronic form format. This means that any notice submissions not on an Adobe electronic form that are submitted by the customer on electronic media will be <u>rejected</u>. National or Provincial gazette notices, where the Z95 or Z95Prov must be an Adobe form but the notice content (body) will be an attachment.
- 4. All customers who walk in to GPW that wish to submit a notice that is not on an electronic Adobe form will be routed to the Contact Centre where the customer will be taken through the completion of the form by a GPW representative. Where a customer walks into GPW with a stack of hard copy notices delivered by a messenger on behalf of a newspaper the messenger must be referred back to the sender as the submission does not adhere to the submission rules.
- 5. All notice submissions that do not comply with point 2 will be charged full price for the notice submission.
- 6. The current cut-off of all Gazette's remains unchanged for all channels. (Refer to the GPW website for submission deadlines www.gpwonline.co.za)
- 7. Incorrectly completed forms and notices submitted in the wrong format will be rejected to the customer to be corrected and resubmitted. Assistance will be available through the Contact Centre should help be required when completing the forms. (012-748 6200 or email info.egazette@gpw.gov.za)
- 8. All re-submissions by customers will be subject to the above cut-off times.
- 9. All submissions and re-submissions that miss the cut-off will be rejected to the customer to be submitted with a new publication date.
- 10. Information on forms will be taken as the primary source of the notice to be published. Any instructions that are on the email body or covering letter that contradicts the notice form content will be ignored.

You are therefore advised that effective from Monday, 18 May 2015 should you not comply with our new rules of engagement, all notice requests will be rejected by our new system.

Furthermore, the fax number **012-748 6030** will also be <u>discontinued</u> from this date and customers will only be able to submit notice requests through the email address <u>submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za</u>.









DO use the new Adobe Forms for your notice request. These new forms can be found on our website: www.gpwonline.co.za under the Gazette Services page.

DO attach documents separately in your email to GPW. (In other words, your email should have an Adobe Form plus proof of payment – 2 separate attachments – where notice content is applicable, it should also be a 3rd separate attachment)

DO specify your requested publication date.

DO send us the electronic Adobe form. (There is no need to print and scan it).



DON'T submit request as a single PDF containing all other documents, i.e. form, proof of payment & notice content, it will be **FAILED** by our new system.

DON'T print and scan the electronic Adobe form.

DON'T send queries or RFQ's to the submit.egazette mailbox

DON'T send bad quality documents to GPW. (Check that documents are clear and can be read)

Form Completion Rules

No.	Rule Description	Explanation/example
1.	All forms must be completed in the chosen language.	GPW does not take responsibility for translation of notice content.
2.	All forms must be completed in sentence case, i.e. No fields should be completed in all uppercase.	e.g. "The company is called XYZ Production Works"
3.	No single line text fields should end with any punctuation, unless the last word is an abbreviation.	e.g. "Pty Ltd.", e.g. Do not end an address field, company name, etc. with a period (.) comma (,) etc.
4.	Multi line fields should not have additional hard returns at the end of lines or the field itself.	This causes unwanted line breaks in the final output, e.g. • <u>Do not</u> type as: 43 Bloubokrand Street Putsonderwater 1923 • <u>Text should be entered</u> as: 43 Bloubokrand Street, Putsonderwater, 1923
5.	Grid fields (Used for dates, ID Numbers, Telephone No., etc.)	 Date fields are verified against format CCYY-MM-DD Time fields are verified against format HH:MM Telephone/Fax Numbers are not verified and allow for any of the following formats limited to 13 characters: including brackets, hyphens, and spaces 0123679089 (012) 367-9089
6.	Copy/Paste from other documents/text editors into the text blocks on forms.	 Avoid using this option as it carries the original formatting, i.e. font type, size, line spacing, etc. Do not include company letterheads, logos, headers, footers, etc. in text block fields.

Important!







Io. Rule Description	Explanation/example
Rich text fields (fields that allow for text formatting)	 Font type should remain as Arial Font size should remain unchanged at 9pt Line spacing should remain at the default of 1.0 The following formatting is allowed: Bold Italic Underline Superscript Subscript Do not use tabs and bullets, or repeated spaces in lieu of tabs and indents Text justification is allowed: Left Right Center Full Do not use additional hard or soft returns at the end of line/paragraphs. The paragraph breaks are automatically applied by the output software Allow the text to wrap automatically to the next line only use single hard return to indicate the next paragraph Numbered lists are allowed, but no special formatting is applied. It maintain the standard paragraph styling of the gazette, i.e. first line is indented.

2. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy river. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy river. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy river.



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<u>www.gpwonline.co.za</u> under the

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GPW will not be held responsible for notices not published due to non-compliance and/or late submission.







LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE

LOCAL AUTHORITY NOTICE 111



POLOKWANE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY TARIFF BY-LAW

POLOKWANE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

TARIFF BY-LAW

BY-LAW

To give effect to the implementation of the Polokwane Municipality's Tariff Policy and to provide for matters incidental thereto.

PREAMBLE

WHEREAS the Polokwane Municipality has adopted a Tariff by-law;

AND WHEREAS section 74 & 75 of the Local Government Systems Act, 2000 (32 of 2000), requires a municipal council to adopt bylaws to give effect to the municipality's Tariff Policy;

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Council of Polokwane Municipality under the powers conferred to it by Section 156(2) of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, as follows:-

1. **DEFINITIONS**

In this By-law any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Act, shall bear the same meaning in these bylaws, and unless the context indicated otherwise-

"Act" means the Local Government Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000), as amended from time to time;

"Council" means the Council of the Polokwane Municipality;

"Municipality" means the Polokwane Municipality: and

"Tariff" means fees, charges or any other tariffs levied by the municipality in respect of any function or services provided by the municipality, excluding rates levied by the municipality in terms of the Local Government: Municipal Property Rates Act, 6/2004.

2. OBJECTIVE OF THE BY-LAW

The objective of this bylaw is to-

- i. Pursuant to adoption of the Municipality's annual budget give effect to the levying of all tariffs approved by the Council;
- ii. Reflect the principles contained in section 74(2) of the Act and specify any additional principles for the levying of tariffs adopted by the Council;
- iii. Prescribe tariff principles and tariff types as contained in the Tariff Policy;
- iv. Prescribe procedures for calculating tariffs; and
- v. Specify the basis of differentiation for tariff purposes, between different categories of consumers, services, service standards and geographical areas ensuring that such differentiation does not amount to unfair discrimination.

3. APPLICATION OF BY-LAW

This bylaw shall only apply to money due and payable to the Council and municipal entity in respect of which the municipality is the parent municipality for-

- a. Fees, surcharges on fees, charges on tariffs in respect of municipal services, such as
 - i. provision of water;
 - ii. refuse removal;
 - iii. sewerage;
 - iv. removal and purification of sewerage;
 - v. electricity consumption;
 - vi. municipal services provided through prepaid meters;
 - vii. all other related costs for services rendered in terms of property;
 - viii. interest which has accrued or will accrue in respect of money due and payable to the Council;

4. SHORT TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT

This By-law is the Tariff By-law, and takes effect on date of publication thereof.

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1. MORE DEFINITIONS

In this tariff by-law, unless the context otherwise indicates -

"hasia sansiaa"	many the amount or level of any municipal continue that is proceeded to provide an accountable and accountable and increased a multiple of	
"basic service"	means the amount or level of any municipal service that is necessary to ensure an acceptable and reasonable quality of life and which, if not provided, could endanger public health or safety of the environment and for the purposes of this policy are restricted to electricity, refuse, sewage and water services;	
"break even"	means the financial situation where the income derived by the Municipality from the supply of a service is equal to the aggregate of the fixed and the variable costs associated with the provision of the service concerned;	
"capital means the tariffs payable in respect of the water, electricity, sewage, storm water, roads and refuse removal in of the Municipality and which amounts exclude amounts payable towards the operational and maintenance confirms infrastructure;		
"Commercial means a self-contained or lettable section within a building or a group of buildings on the same plot excluding residential accommodation establishments for e.g. hotels, bed & breakfast, guest houses etc. An owner property may annually choose between being levied either per erf or per commercial unit for water an charges. This choice must be applied on or before 30 September of each financial year.		
"community services"	means the services referred to in paragraph 5(1)(c) and in respect of which the tariffs are set at a level that the costs of the services are not recovered fully from public service charges and are of a regulatory nature;	
"consumer, customer, owner, occupier, account holder" means individuals and other legal entities against whom a tariff, fee, charge or other levy specific to ide are levied. The levying of tariffs, fees, charges, etc depends on statutory clauses, approved tariffs in to contracts, agreements or tacit uses of services in certain circumstances. Such levies are payable on pro- invoice or monthly statement issued by the Municipal Manager. Payments are due by the date transaction in an agreement, contract or on an invoice or monthly statement, as the case may be;		
"Council" or means a municipal council referred to in section 18 of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 of 1998) and for purposes of this policy, the municipal council of the Municipality of Polokwane; council"		
"economic means services that the Council has classified as such and the tariffs have been compiled with the costs of the services are recovered from customers;		
"lifeline"	Available to pre-paid consumers whose connection is ≤30Amp with a maximum average consumption of 350 kWh measured over a period of 12 months. This tariff is only available to Informal dwellings in informal settlements;	
"fixed costs"	means costs which do not vary with consumption or volume produced;	
"multi-purpose"	In relation to a property, means the use of a property for more than one purpose;	
"Municipality"	the institution that is responsible for the collection of funds and the provision of services to the customers of Polokwane;	
"Municipal Manager"	means the accounting officer appointed in terms of section 82 of the Local Government: Municipal Structures Act, 1998 (Act No 117 of 1998) and being the head of administration and accounting officer in terms of section 55 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No 32 of 2000) and includes any person:- (a) acting in such position; and (b) to whom the Municipal Manager has delegated a power, function or duty in respective of such a delegated power, function or duty;	
"resident"	means a person who normally resides in the municipal area;	
"residential unit"	Means a single residential erven, flats, townhouse and group development, retirement villages, guest houses, bed and breakfast and households related consumers that do not fall in one of the above household consumer categories;	
"the Act" means the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No 32 of 2000);		
"total cost"	means the sum of all fixed and variable costs associated with a service;	
"trading services"	means services that the Council has classified as such and the tariffs have been compiled with the intention that the Council makes a profit from the delivery of the services;	
variable costs"	means costs that vary with consumption or volume produced;	
"wet Industry"	Defined as an industry using water as essential and fundamental input in the production process.	

2. PURPOSE OF BY-LAW

The Polokwane Municipality wishes to achieve the following objectives by adopting this tariff by-law:-

- 2.1. To comply with the provisions of section 74 and 75 of the Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act No 32 of 2000).
- 2.2. To prescribe procedures for calculating tariffs where the Municipality wishes to appoint service providers in terms of section 76(b) of the Act.
- 2.3. To give guidance to the Portfolio Committee for Finance regarding tariff proposals that must be submitted to Council annually during the budgetary process. And to give effect to the policy.

3. TARIFF PRINCIPLES

The Polokwane Municipality wishes to record that the following tariff principles will apply:-

- 3.1. Service tariffs imposed by the Municipality shall be viewed as user charges and shall not be viewed as taxes except for Property rates, and therefore the financial ability of the relevant user of the services to which such tariffs relate, shall not be considered as a criterion.
- 3.2. Tariffs for the four major services rendered by the Municipality, namely:
 - (a) electricity;
 - (b) water;
 - (c) sewage (waste water); and
 - (d) refuse removal (solid waste),

Shall, as far as possible, be calculated at a level which will recover all expenses associated with the rendering of these services.

- 3.3. During the annual budget processes the Municipality shall, as far as circumstances reasonably permit, ensure that the tariffs levied in respect of the four major services generate operating surpluses.
- 3.4. Surpluses generated on major services will be determined during the approval of the annual operating budget.
- 3.5. Surpluses generated on major services shall be applied in relief of property rates.
- 3.6. To prevent existing consumers from subsidising the capital costs associated with new developments and subdivisions the Municipality will plan and manage the extension of services in such a manner that it will not impact negatively on the fixed costs and availability charges of existing tariffs.
- 3.7. Capital contributions to finance new developments and subdivisions will be required from all developers.
- 3.8. All users of municipal services, within a category of users, will be treated equitably.
- 3.9. The amount payable by consumers and/or owners will generally be in proportion to usage of the service.

- 3.10. The Municipality shall develop, approve and at least annually review an indigent support policy for the municipal area. This policy shall set out clearly the Municipality's cost recovery policy in respect of the tariffs which it levies on registered indigents, and the implications of such policy for the tariffs which it imposes on other users and consumers in the municipal region.
- 3.11. Subject to annual budgetary provisions and the availability of funds from National Treasury through the equitable share contribution the Municipality may consider supplying free basic services to categories of consumers.
- 3.12. In the case of directly measurable services, namely electricity and water, the consumption of such services shall be properly metered by the Municipality, and meters shall be read, wherever circumstances reasonably permit, on a monthly basis. Services may be estimated until the measurable device is accessible.
- 3.13. Tariffs must reflect the total cost of services.
- 3.14. Tariffs must be set at a level that facilitates the sustainability of services. Sustainability will be achieved by ensuring that:-
 - (a) Cash inflows cover cash outflows. This means that sufficient provision for working capital and bad debts will be made.
 - (b) Access to the capital market is maintained. This will be achieved by providing for the repayment of capital, maintaining sufficient liquidity levels and making profits on trading services in order to subsidise property rates and general services.
 - (c) Service providers retain a fair rate of return on their investments.
- 3.15. Provision may be made in appropriate circumstances for surcharges on tariffs.
- 3.16. Efficient and effective use of resources may be encouraged by providing for penalties to prohibit or restrict exorbitant use.
- 3.17. The extent of subsidisation of tariffs will be disclosed and such disclosure will include the extent of subsidisation of the indigent or incentives for local development.
- 3.18. Provisions may be made for the subsidisation of the indigent and the promotion of local economic development by creating costs votes in the service budgets and including the costs in tariff calculations.
- 3.19. VAT is excluded in all tariffs unless indicated otherwise
- 3.20. This by-law shall be binding on all tariffs other than those governed by legislation which supersedes the Act.
- 3.21. A property used for multiple purposes must, for purposes related to the services concerned and the categories of users will be calculated at the appropriate and applicable rate for each distinct use of the property.
- 3.22. In order to provide the Municipality with appropriate security for payment of amounts owing to it from time to time for services rendered, the Council shall impose a system of deposits payable by customers. The deposits may be set with due regard to the potential financial risk associated with the amounts owing from time to time as well as sufficient provision for working capital. The level of the deposits shall be revised annually and the Municipality may introduce transitional arrangements in respect of existing users.

4. CATEGORIES OF CONSUMERS

- 4.1. Separate tariff structures may be imposed for the following categories of consumers (which the council may change):
 - (a) Domestic consumers;
 - (b) commercial consumers;
 - (c) industrial consumers;
 - (d) agricultural consumers;
 - (e) organs of state;
 - (f) municipality;
 - (g) consumers with whom special agreements were made;
 - (h) consumers in certain geographical areas;
 - (i) sport and recreation facilities
 - (i) private schools & educational institutions; and
 - (k) public benefit organisations and suchlike institutions.
- 4.2. Council may differentiate between different categories of users, debtors, service providers, services, service standards, geographical areas and other matters as long as the differentiation does not amount to of these tariffs be assigned to a category determined by the council for properties used for a purpose corresponding with the dominant use of the property if the Municipality cannot readily make an apportionment in unfair discrimination.
- 4.3. Where there are substantial differences between the infrastructures used to provide services to specific groups of users within a category and/or standard of services provided, the Council can, after considering a report by the Municipal Manager or the relevant Director, determine differentiated tariffs for the different consumers within the specific category.
- 4.4. Differentiated tariffs must be based on one or more of the following elements; infrastructure costs, volume usage, availability and service standards.
- 4.5. If, for purposes of determining the tariff applicable to a particular user or category of users, the user or category of users has not specifically by definition been included under a defined category of users, the Municipal Manager shall, by applying the closest match principle, determine the category under which the user or category of users fits in best taking into account the nature of the service concerned and the user or category of users involved.

5. INCENTIVE

5.1. Tariffs will not reflect incentives for investment or to promote economic development.

6. INDIGENT RELIEF

- 6.1. Tariffs will not reflect relief granted to indigent households. Such relief will be developed as a separate policy and be subject to the discretion of Council as to its sustainability.
- 6.2. All such relief will be reflected, accounted for and disclosed separately in invoices, account statements, budgets, financial statements or reports.

- 6.3. During implementation of such policy, recognition will be taken that the existing tariffs and procedures may require amendment to accommodate the above clauses and that such amendments will be phased in over time.
- 6.4. Indigent households are expected to manage their consumption of services within the levels of relief granted.
- 6.5. Assistance and management of indigent households is contained in the Customer Care and Debt Collection Policy/By-Law. The Municipality, however, retains the right to limit consumption through prepaid meters or restriction if the accounts of assisted households fall into arrears.

7. SERVICE, EXPENDITURE CLASSIFICATION AND COST ELEMENTS

7.1. Service classification

- 7.1.1. To isolate the costs associated with a service, the Municipal Manager shall, subject to the guidelines provided by the National Treasury, Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) and Executive Mayoral Committee of the Council, provide for the classification of services into the following categories:-
 - (i) trading services;
 - (ii) economic services;
 - (iii) community services; and
 - (iv) subsidised services.
- 7.1.2. Trading and economic services must be financially ring-fenced and financed from service charges while community and subsidised services will be financed from rates and related income.

7.2. Expenditure classification

Expenditure will be classified in accordance with GRAP.

7.3. Cost elements

The following cost elements may be used to calculate the tariffs of the different services:-

- (a) "Fixed costs" which consist of the capital costs (interest and redemption) on external loans as well as internal advances and/or depreciation, whichever are applicable to the service, and any other costs of a permanent nature as determined by the Council from time to time.
- (b) "Variable costs" which include all other variable costs that have reference to the service.
- (c) "Total cost" which is equal to the fixed costs and variable costs.

8. TARIFF TYPES

In determining the type of tariff applicable to the type of service, the Municipality shall make use of any of the following five options or a combination thereof:-

8.1. "Single tariff":-

This tariff shall consist of a cost per unit consumed. All costs will be recovered through unit charges at the level where income and expenditure breaks even. Subject to a recommendation by the Municipal Manager, the Council may decide to approve profits on trading services during the budget meeting. Such profits will be added to the fixed and variable cost of the service for the purpose of calculating the tariffs.

8.2. "Cost related two to four part tariff":-

This tariff shall consist of two to four parts. Management, capital, maintenance and operating costs may be recovered by grouping certain components together, e.g. management, capital and maintenance costs may be grouped together and may be recovered by a fixed charge, independent of consumption for all classes of consumers, or the total costs may be recovered by a unit charge per unit consumed.

Three and four part tariffs may be used to calculate the tariff for electricity and to provide for maximum demand and usage during limited demand.

8.3. "Inclining block tariff":-

This tariff is based on consumption levels being categorised into blocks, the tariff being determined and increased as consumption levels increase.

8.4. "Declining block tariff":-

This tariff is the opposite of the inclining block tariff and decreases as consumption levels increase.

8.5. "Regulating tariff":-

This tariff is only of a regulatory nature and the Municipality may recover the full or a portion of the cost associated with rendering the service.

8.6. "Cost plus mark-up tariff":-

This tariff is for other services rendered.

9. CALCULATION OF TARIFFS FOR MAJOR SERVICES

9.1. General

In order to determine the tariffs which must be charged for the supply of the four major services (electricity, refuse, sewage and water), the Municipality shall use service and expenditure classifications and cost elements contained in clause 7 and identify all the costs associated with the service concerned, including the following:-

- 9.1.1. Cost of bulk purchases in the case of electricity and water.
- 9.1.2. Distribution costs, including distribution losses in the case of electricity and water.
- 9.1.3. Depreciation and finance charges.
- 9.1.4. Maintenance of infrastructure and other assets.
- 9.1.5. Administration and service costs, including:-

- (a) service charges levied by other support services, such as finance, human resources and legal services;
- (b) reasonable general overheads, such as the costs associated with the office of the Municipal Manager;
- (c) adequate contributions to the provisions for bad debts, working capital and obsolescence of stock;
- (d) all ordinary operating expenses associated with the service concerned, including the cost of providing street lighting in the municipal area in the case of the electricity service.
- 9.1.6. The intended surplus to be generated for the financial year shall be applied generally in relief of rates and general services.
- 9.1.7. Where a consumer has an option to choose between different tariffs on a service such option must be executed before 30 September to be implemented for the specific financial year.

9.2. Electricity

- 9.2.1. The guidelines and policy issued by the National Energy Regulator from time to time will form the basis of calculating tariffs.
- 9.2.2. The Municipality may standardized on the use of Pre Payment Meters for all Domestic Consumers. As such it may be compulsory for all new domestic connections to be equipped with Pre Payment Meters. The Municipality may embarked on a program to effect the migration of all Credit Meters to Pre Payment Meters. The change from Pre Payment Meters to Credit Meters will therefore be disallowed unless special health circumstances exist, in which extreme case a credit meter will be installed by special concession from the Director of Engineering Services and by payment of the required change of meter fees as well as the required deposit.
- 9.2.3. To make electricity affordable to certain categories of consumers, cross subsidisation between and within categories of consumers will be allowed, based on the load factors of the categories and consumers within the category.
- 9.2.4. The fixed costs, or portions thereof, will be recovered through an energy or time-of-use charge.
- 9.2.5. A basic charge per electricity meter or unit in the municipal area, as determined by the Council from time to time, may be charged against all electricity consumers.
- 9.2.6. To apply the abovementioned principles, the consumer types and cost allocations reflected in the following table will be used:-

CONSUMER CATEGORY	Basic/Demand/.Service Charge (Rand/consumer/ month)	Active Energy Charge (cent/kWh/ month)	Seasonally Time-of-use Energy Charge Peak / Standard /Off-peak (sent/kWh/month)	Capacity Charge (Rand/KVA/month)
Single Phase: (Domestic Credit/Conventional meters)	X			IBT BLOCK 1) 0 - 50 kWh 2) 51 - 350 kWh 3) 351-600 kWh 4) > 600kWh
Single Phase: (Domestic Pre-paid meters)	Х			IBT BLOCK 1) 0 - 50 kWh

				2) 51 – 350 kWh 3) 351-600 kWh 4) > 600kWh
Single Phase: (Commercial-credit meter)	Х	X		Flat rate
Single Phase: (Pre -Paid meter)	Χ	X		Flat rate
Three Phase: (Domestic Credit meter) ≤ 100A	X	X		19 BLOCK 1) 0 - 50 kWh 2) 51 - 350 kWh 3) 351-600 kWh 4) > 600kWh
Three Phase: (Domestic Pre-paid meter) ≤ 100A	X	X		IBT BLOCK 1) 0 - 50 kWh 2) 51 - 350 kWh 3) 351-600 kWh 4) > 600kWh
Three Phase: (Commercial Credit meter) ≤ 100A	χ	X	-	Flat Rate
Three Phase: (Commercial Pre-Paid meter) ≤100A	Х	X		Flat Rate
Bulk:				
> 100 A	X	X		Flat Rate
Time of Use based on Ruraflex Munic for LV or HV			X	Flat Rate
Departmental (Municipality)		X		

- (a) A basic level of service will be provided free to qualifying households with a total gross income level which is below a determined amount, and according to further specified criteria, as determined by Council from time to time.
- (b) Where a property or unit is not connected to the electricity reticulation system, but can reasonably be so connected, an availability tariff will be payable.
- 9.2.7. A fixed basic charge for electricity will be levied on a monthly basis on certain properties or units.
- 9.2.8. Where consumers within an approved township establishment are not connected to the electricity services, but can reasonably be so connected, an availability tariff will be payable.

9.3. Water

- 9.3.1. The categories of water consumers as set out in clause 9.3.4 shall be charged at the applicable tariffs as approved by the Council in each annual budget.
- 9.3.2. The first 6kl of water consumption per month shall be supplied pro rata free of charge to all indigent water consumers.
- 9.3.3. Because water is a scarce national resource, and this Municipality is committed to the prudent conservation of such resources, the tariff levied for domestic consumption of water shall escalate according to the volume of water consumed.
- 9.3.4. The tariffs for consumption of purified water shall be based on the levels reflected in the following table:-

Category of Consumer	Basic Fixed Charge	Unit Charge per kl	Level of Consumption
	(Rand/meter/month)		(Rand/kl/month)

DOMESTIC SUPPLY	OPTIONAL	X	0 – 5 KL 6 -15 KL 16 – 30 KL 31 -50 KL 51-100 KL >100 KL
NON-DOMESTIC SUPPLY	х	х	0 – 30 KL 31 -50 KL 51-100 KL >100 KL
INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY	X	Х	0 – 30 KL 31 – 50 KL 51-100 KL 101-20 000 KL >20 000 KL
SILIKON SMELTERS	X	Х	0 – 20 000 KL > 20 000 KL
PUBLIC WORKS	Х	Х	Flat Rate
DALMADA WATER CORPORATION & BROADLANDS	Х	Х	Flat Rate
SCHOOLS & HOSTELS	Х	Х	Flat Rate
POTGIETERSRUS PLATINUM LTD	X	Х	Flat Rate
LEZMIN 3535	X	Х	Flat Rate
Departmental (Municipality)		Х	Flat Rate

- 9.3.5. After accounting for free water and basic charges, the cost of water in the first step will be calculated at break even.
- 9.3.6. A basic charge per water meter or unit in the municipal area, as determined by the Council from time to time, may be charged against certain water consumers.
- 9.3.7. Where consumers within an approved township establishment are not connected to the water services, but can reasonably be so connected, an availability tariff will be payable.

9.4. Refuse Removal

- 9.4.1. A fixed monthly refuse removal charge shall apply to each category of users based on the costs of the service concerned and the applicable level of service, which can vary from once a week up to 7 times a week.
- 9.4.2. An availability charge per month will be levied on all erven or units within an approved township establishment where no building plan has been approved.
- 9.4.3. The fixed basic charge will be based on surface area of the erf or the floor area of the building or per skip container

Category of Consumer	Charge based on surface area of stand, erf or premises	Charge based on floor area of building	Level of Charge (Rand month)
1.Dwelling houses, churches and church halls which are used for that purpose and 2.Improved premises used exclusively by and registered in the name of the Boy Scouts, Girl Guides, Voortrekkers or a similar organisation- per unit and 3.Flats	X		(a) On an erf with a surface area not exceeding 500m² (b) All erven with a surface area in excess of 500m² (i)For the first 500m² of the surface area of the erf (ii)Thereafter, for the following 500m² or part thereof, of the surface area of the erf (iii) Thereafter, per 500m² or part thereof, of the surface area of the erf (iv) Maximum charge (11 000m²)
State supported schools, technicons, colleges and universities and related amenities			Flat Rate per 1m³ container

2.	Hostels and related amenities for educating institutions and or Old age homes as well as youth	X	Per 300m² or part thereof, of the total floor area of the building
	centres/homes whereof the body corporate is registered as a welfare organisation in terms of applicable National Welfare Acts and or		
3.	Homes, crèches or other similar amenities mainly used for the fulltime caring and/or education of the aged, crippled and intellectually/mentally handicapped and whereof the body corporate is registered as a welfare organisation in terms of the applicable National Welfare Acts:		
1.	Hotels licensed in terms of the Liquor Act, as amended and	Х	(i) Up to and including 300m² or part thereof, of the total floor area
3.	Non-residential buildings and sectional titles on industrially/commercial ly zoned stands and Any other building:		(ii) Thereafter, per 100m² or part thereof, of the total floor area of the building (iii) Maximum charges are applicable
Othe	r Services		
refuse is spe	he removal of domestic e where a mass container ecifically supplied for use specific premises		Flat Rate per mass container per removal

For the removal of garden refuse other than placed in plastic bags, per removal	Flat Rate per removal
For the removal of non- perishable refuse, excluding garden refuse	Estimated cost + 10%
Occasional Services:	Flat Rate per removal
Weltevreden Landfill Site Weighbridge.	Flat Rate per ton or part thereof.
Carcass removal and disposal thereof	Flat Rate per removal category

9.5. Sewage

9.5.1 APPLICATION FEES

The Engineer shall determine application fees in terms of the provisions of section 23(1) of the By Laws.

The assessment of the charges shall be based upon the total square area of the building, addition or alteration to an existing building. The charges are incorporated in the building plan fees and shall be payable in advance when the building plans are submitted. In case of any dispute arising in respect of the assessment of the application fees, the matter shall be subject to the right of appeal as determined in Section 3 of the By Laws.

9.5.2. SEWAGE CHARGES

The owner of any erf or piece of land, with or without improvements, which is, or in the opinion of the Council can be, connected to the sewer, shall monthly pay to the Council, in terms of the provisions of Section 5 of the Bye-Laws the following charges:

The categories of sewage users as set out below shall be charged monthly at the applicable tariff as approved by the Council in each annual budget:-

Category of Consumer	Charge based on surface area of stand, erf or premises	Charge based on floor area of building	Level of Charge
1. Availability charges			
(i) Improved residential			No Charge

onion with a surface	T	T	T	
erven with a surface				
area not exceeding				
500m²				
2. All other erven	Х		(i)	For the first 500m² or part thereof, of surface area of the erf:
			(ii)	Thereafter, per 500m ² or part thereof, up to 2 000m ² of the surface area of the erf:
			(iii)	Thereafter, per1 000m² or part thereof, of the surface area of the erf:
			(iv)	Additional charge per unimproved erf:
			(v)	Maximum charge (887 000m²):
3. Additional charges				
1.Dwelling-houses, churches, church halls as well as buildings used exclusively by and registered in the name of the Boy Scouts, Girl Guides, Voortrekkers or similar organisation.			(i)	For the first dwelling-house, church, church hall or other building mentioned in 2(1) above erected on any erf or piece of land, per building
Similal Organisation.			(ii)	For the second or subsequent dwelling-house, church, church hall or other building mentioned in 2(1) above, per building
2. Flats – per flat			Flat R	ate
3. State supported schools, technicons, colleges, universities and related amenities, excluding hostels. per 35 personnel and pupils or part thereof:				Per 35 personnel and or part thereof

4	menities for lodging include:		Rate Per 12 residents,
(i)	Hostels and related amenities for educational institutions.		personnel and pupils/studens, or part thereof
(ii)	Old age homes as well as youth centres/homes whereof the body corporate is registered as a welfare organisation in terms of the applicable National Welfare Acts -		
(iii)	Homes, crèches or other similar amenities mainly used for the full time care and/or education of the aged, crippled, mentally/intellectually handicapped where the body corporate is registered as a welfare organisation in terms of the applicable National Welfare Acts -		Rate Per 8 residents and personnel or part thereof
(iv)	Hotels licensed in terms of the Liquor Act, as amended:	Х	For each 100m² or part thereof of the total floor area on each storey, including the basement and outbuildings available for hotel purposes

E Non residential buildings	/i)	For each both (plusse
5. Non-residential buildings on industrially/commercially zoned stands:	(i)	For each bath (plunge bath and shower batch included) water closet, urinal pan or compartment, slop hopper, washing trough
	(ii)	For each trough or channel used for, or destined to be used for urinal or water closet purposes, for each 650mm or part thereof
	For ea	ach grease trap:
	(i)	Not in excess of 150mm in diameter
	(ii)	In excess of 150mm up to and including 200mm in diameter
	(iii)	In excess of 200mm up to and including 300mm in diameter
	(iv)	In excess of 300mm in diameter

6. Any other building or improvement:	(i)	For each bath (plunge and shower bath included) water closet, urinal pan or compartment, or slop hopper, or washing trough
	(ii)	For each trough or channel used for or destined to be used for urinal or water closet purposes, for each 650mm or part thereof
	(iii)	For each grease trap:
		(i) Not in excess of 150mm in diameter
		(ii) In excess of 150mm up to and including 200mm in diameter
		(iii) In excess of 200mm up to and including 300mm in diameter
		(iv) In excess of 300mm in diameter
4.CONSERVANCY TANKS		
Erven that cannot be connected to the main sewer and where a conservancy tank is installed:	Flat ra	te per month

Charges for Industrial Effluent and for Chemical and Bacteriological Analysis will be calculated according to a formula which will be indicated in the Tariff of Charges on an annual basis.

9.6. **Minor tariffs**

- 9.6.1. All minor tariffs shall be standardised within the municipal region.
- 9.6.2. All minor tariffs shall be approved by the Council in each annual budget and shall, when deemed appropriate by the Council, be subsidised by property rates and general revenues, particularly when the tariffs will prove uneconomical when charged to cover the cost of the service concerned, or when the cost cannot be determined accurately, or when the tariff is designed purely to regulate rather than finance the use of the particular service or amenity.
- 9.6.3. Minor tariffs may include but are not limited to the following:-

А	Administration	 Access to information Administration Costs Advertisements Bank cost on foreign accounts Deposit Consultation Duplicate Accounts Facsimiles Interest on Arrear Accounts Interest on Arrear Accounts 	 Management consultation Photocopies Placard / Poster Costs Section 62 Appeals Tender Objections Tender Participation Costs Top Management Consultation Trace of Direct Deposits
В	Building Control	 Administration storage fee Alterations Building Plans Contravention Levy Demolition Fees Deposits Encroachments Heritage Investigations 	 Inspection Fees Land Use Planning Photocopies of Building Plans Plan Printing Fees Plan Scrutiny Fees` Re-inspection fees Searching Fees
С	Cemeteries	Garden of RemembranceGrave-sites	 Indication of grave
D	Commercial	■ Permits	
E	Filming/Photographing Credit Control & Debt	Administration fee	Sheriff fee
-	Collecting	Administration feeNotices	■ Sheriff fee ■ Tracing fee
F	Dog Tax	■ Licenses	- Hading lee
1	Dog rax	Builders connection	Meter Verification
	<u> </u>	- Dulluers connection	- weter verification

	T		
G	Electricity	 Bulk Service Development Fees Call-out fee Cancellation Fee Capital Contributions Certificates Change from Bulk to Time of use Change of Circuit Breaker Commission of Bulk Meter Connection and Disconnection of Service Consumer Deposits Contractor Inspection Conversion of meters Credit Control and Debt Collection Damaged meter Disconnection Extension Fee Fee recalculation — no access Meter Testing 	 MV Switching New Service Connections Reconnection Remedial Action Fee Removal of meter Rental of Equipment Repair of Cables or Additional Joints Repositioning of Meter Service Connections Special Meter Readings Still-off" inspections Street Lighting Sundry Services Tariff change Unsafe/illegal leads per visit Upgrading extension Fee Verification meter reading Way leave Wheeling
Н	Fire Services & Disaster Management	 Plot Clearing 	Re-inspection Fee under theBylaw
1	Housing	Administration	■ Rental
J	Law Enforcement	 Business Licenses Bylaw on outdoor advertising Impoundment of Hawkers goods 	Inspection FeesPound fee Dogs and CatsPound fee other animals
К	Libraries	 Deposits Facsimiles Photocopies Scanning Internet Usage Lost Cards 	 Penalty for Late Return Rental of Library Amenities Reservations Special Requests Subscription Visitors Fee
L	Municipal Buildings	Deposits	■ Rental of

		Rental of Amenities	Equipment
М	Operational Cost	Street Signage	
		•	8
0	Property Administration	Applicationlease/purchaseEncroachment Fee	Memorial BenchesRadio Mask
Р	Public Works	 Felling and Pruning of Trees Private Work Sale of Miscellaneous Items Storm Water Drainage 	 Street Signage Tar and Patch Work Vehicle Entrances
Q	Recreational Amenities	 Boat Launching Boat License/Permits Caravan Parks Community Halls Deposit Hawker Stalls Lagoons Lagoons 	 Office Rental Open Spaces Public Open Space Schuss Houses Spaces for Sport Sport Events Swimming pool
R	Roads	Capital Contributions	Bulk Service Development Fee
S	Refuse Removal	Capital ContributionsDepositsMass Containers	 Refuse Bins Rental of Bulk Containers Replacement of Bulk Containers Self Dumping
Т	Sewage	 Bulk Service Development Fee Capital Contributions Connection of tanks Disposal 	ServiceConnectionsTank ServicesTesting of tanks
U	Stony Point	Annual Permit	■ Visitors
V	Swimming Pool	Entrance FeeGalas	Training session
W	Town Planning	 Advertising Cost Application Fee Contravention Levy Departure Fee Extension of Time Land use planning Fee 	 Registered Letter Removal of Title Deed Restrictions Spatial Development Framework Sub-division

			Zoning Fee
X	Traffic	 Deposits Disabled Parking Tokens Driver's Licenses Escorting and Other Services Leaner's Licenses Parking Meters Professional Driver's Permits 	Removal of Vehicles Roadworthy Certificates Storage Fees Taxi Rank Tokens Towing Charge Vehicle Registration Wheel clamping fee
У	Valuation	 Access to Information Clearance Certificates Deeds Office Registrations Impact studies 	RevaluationValuationCertificatesValuation RollVoters' Roll
Z	Water	 Bulk Service Development Call-out Fee Capital Contributions Connection & Disconnection Consumer Deposits Convert to flow restrictor meter Credit Control and Debt Collection Damaged Water Meter Fee recalculation – no access Final meter reading Irrigation Water Meter Testing Meter verification 	 New Service Connections Registration of borehole Remedial Action Fee Rental of Equipment Repair of meter Repositioning of meter Service Connections Special Meter Readings Still-off" inspections Sundry Services Temporary connections Verification of meter reading

9.6.5. The Municipal Manager shall maintain a list of all minor services indicating their unit of service for the purposes of determining tariffs, fees, charges and levies. Such list shall be reviewed annually together with the proposed tariffs, fees charges and levies.

10. NOTIFICATION OF TARIFFS, FEES AND SERVICE CHARGES

- 10.1. After a draft budget as required by the Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act No 56 of 2003) has been tabled, the Municipal Manager must invite the local community to submit representations for consideration by the Council. Such invitation includes the draft resolutions on taxes and tariffs proposed.
- 10.2. After approval of the budget, the Council will give notice of all tariffs approved at the annual budget meeting at least 30 days prior to the date that the tariffs become effective.
- 10.3. A notice stating the purport of the council resolution, date on which the new tariffs shall become operational and invitation for objections will be advertised by the Municipality.
- 10.4. All tariffs approved must have been considered at the annual budget meeting.

11. IMPLEMENTING AND PHASING-IN OF THE BY-LAW

- 11.1. The principle contained in this by-law will be reflected in the various budget proposals submitted to the Council on an annual basis, service by-laws as promulgated and adjusted by the Council from time to time and the Tariff By-laws referred to in section 75 of the Act.
- 11.2. The Council may determine conditions applicable to community service of a regulators nature. These conditions will be reflected in the standing orders of the Council.

12. PROCEDURES AND ACCOUNTABILITY

- 12.1. The Municipal Manager shall ensure that procedures to manage all aspects of this by-law are prepared in the form of a manual, reviewed regularly and that these are formally adopted by him/her for implementation. These procedures will include aspects in the Policy and subscribe to sound principles of internal control.
- 12.2. The Directors and Managers shall ensure compliance with the procedures as approved from time to time by the Municipal Manager to give effect to the provisions of this by-law.

13. SHORT TITLE

This by-law shall be called the Tariff by-law of the Polokwane Municipality.

IMPORTANT

Information

from Government Printing Works

Dear Valued Customers,

Government Printing Works has implemented rules for completing and submitting the electronic Adobe Forms when you, the customer, submits your notice request.

Please take note of these guidelines when completing your form.

GPW Business Rules

- No hand written notices will be accepted for processing, this includes Adobe forms which have been completed by hand.
- 2. Notices can only be submitted in Adobe electronic form format to the email submission address submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za. This means that any notice submissions not on an Adobe electronic form that are submitted to this mailbox will be rejected. National or Provincial gazette notices, where the Z95 or Z95Prov must be an Adobe form but the notice content (body) will be an attachment.
- 3. Notices brought into GPW by "walk-in" customers on electronic media can only be submitted in Adobe electronic form format. This means that any notice submissions not on an Adobe electronic form that are submitted by the customer on electronic media will be <u>rejected</u>. National or Provincial gazette notices, where the Z95 or Z95Prov must be an Adobe form but the notice content (body) will be an attachment.
- 4. All customers who walk in to GPW that wish to submit a notice that is not on an electronic Adobe form will be routed to the Contact Centre where the customer will be taken through the completion of the form by a GPW representative. Where a customer walks into GPW with a stack of hard copy notices delivered by a messenger on behalf of a newspaper the messenger must be referred back to the sender as the submission does not adhere to the submission rules.
- 5. All notice submissions that do not comply with point 2 will be charged full price for the notice submission.
- The current cut-off of all Gazette's remains unchanged for all channels. (Refer to the GPW website for submission deadlines – www.gpwonline.co.za)
- 7. Incorrectly completed forms and notices submitted in the wrong format will be rejected to the customer to be corrected and resubmitted. Assistance will be available through the Contact Centre should help be required when completing the forms. (012-748 6200 or email info.egazette@gpw.gov.za)
- 8. All re-submissions by customers will be subject to the above cut-off times.
- 9. All submissions and re-submissions that miss the cut-off will be rejected to the customer to be submitted with a new publication date.
- 10. Information on forms will be taken as the primary source of the notice to be published. Any instructions that are on the email body or covering letter that contradicts the notice form content will be ignored.

You are therefore advised that effective from Monday, 18 May 2015 should you not comply with our new rules of engagement, all notice requests will be rejected by our new system.

Furthermore, the fax number **012-748 6030** will also be <u>discontinued</u> from this date and customers will only be able to submit notice requests through the email address <u>submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za</u>.







Printed by and obtainable from the Government Printer, Bosman Street, Private Bag X85, Pretoria, 0001. Tel: (012) 748 6052, 748 6053, 748 6058

Also available at **The Provincial Administration: Limpopo Province**, Private Bag X9483, Office of the Premier, 26 Bodenstein Street, Pietersburg, 0699. Tel. (015) 291-3910

Gedruk deur en verkrygbaar by die Staatsdrukker, Bosmanstraat, Privaat Sak X85, Pretoria, 0001. Tel: (012) 748 6052, 748 6053, 748 6058

Ook verkrygbaar by **Die Provinsiale Administrasie: Limpopo Provinsie**, Privaat Sak X9483, Kantoor van die Premier, Bodensteinstraat 26, Pietersburg, 0699. Tel. (015) 291-3910