

PROVINCE OF THE NORTHERN CAPE

PROFENSI YA KAPA-BOKONE



DIE PROVINSIE NOORD-KAAP

IPHONDO LOMNTLA-KAPA

Provincial Gazette
Kasete ya Profensi

iGazethi YePhondo
Provinsiale Koerant

(Registered as a newspaper) (As 'n nuusblad geregistreer)

Selling Price • Verkoopprys: R1,50
Other countries • Buitelands: R1,95

Johannesburg Bar Lil...

Vol. 6

KIMBERLEY, 13 DECEMBER 1999
DESEMBER

No. 428

Which includes / Waarby ingesluit is—

A

PROCLAMATIONS
PREMIER'S NOTICES
OFFICIAL NOTICES
GENERAL NOTICES

PROKLAMASIES
PREMIERSKENNISGEWINGS
OFFISIËLE KENNISGEWINGS
ALGEMENE KENNISGEWINGS

B

MUNICIPAL NOTICES
TENDERS

MUNISIPALE KENNISGEWINGS
TENDERS

We all have the power to prevent AIDS

AIDS
affects
us all



A
new
struggle

Prevention is the cure

**AIDS
HELPLINE**

0800 012 322

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

OFFICIAL NOTICE**OFFICIAL NOTICE 21 OF 1999****GROBLERSHOOP MUNICIPALITY****STREET TRADING BY-LAWS****DEFINITION**

1. (1) In these by-laws, unless the context otherwise indicates—

- (i) **"authorised official"** means an official of the Council authorised to implement the provisions of these by-laws;
- (ii) **"building"** means normal brick structures such as "shanties" or movable such as caravans;
- (iii) **"Council"** means the City Council of Groblershoop;
- (iv) **"foodstuff"** means any article or substance [except a drug as defined in the Drugs Control Act, 1965 (Act No. 101 of 1965)], ordinarily eaten or drunk by persons or purporting to be suitable, or manufactured or sold for human consumption and includes any part or ingredient of any such article or substance, or any substance used or intended or destined to be used as a part or ingredient of any such article or substance;
- (v) **"garden or park"** means a garden or park to which the public has a right of access;
- (vi) **"goods"** means any transferable interest but excludes any living thing and hazardous substances;
- (vii) **"local authority"** means a municipal institution and includes an institution or body with functions similar to those of a municipal institution, as defined in section 1 of the Local Government Transitional Act of 1993 (Act No. 2000 of 1993).
 - (a) **"local authority services"** means any system conducted by or on behalf of a local authority for the collection, conveyance, treatment or disposal of refuse, sewage or storm water or for the manufacture, generation, impounding, storage, purification, distribution, conduction, transmission, conveyance, provision or supply of water, gas or electricity;
 - (b) **"local authority service works"** means all works of whatsoever nature necessary or desirable for or incidental, supplementary or ancillary to any immovable property, lake, spring natural watercourse, machinery, plant or other thing of whatsoever nature used for or in connection with any such works or services;
- (viii) **"litter"** means any waste materials and includes any container or other matter which has been discarded, abandoned or left behind by a person trading or his/her customers;
- (ix) **"national monument"** means a building declared to be a national monument under the National Monuments Act, 1969 (Act No. 28 of 1969);
- (x) **"nuisance"** means any action or behaviour by anyone which constitutes a disturbance or causes discomfort to anyone;
- (xi) **"officer"** means—
 - (a) a traffic officer appointed under section 3 of the Road Traffic Act, 1989 (Act 29/1989);
 - (b) a member of the fore defined in section 1 (1) of the Police Act, 1958 (Act 7/1958);
 - (c) a peace officer contemplated in section 334 of the Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act 51/1977);
- (xii) **"pavement"** means a sidewalk or that portion of a Road reserved for the use of pedestrians;
- (xiii) **"perishables"** means milk, meat, fish, crustaceans, fruit and vegetables as well as products which require special storage facilities;
- (xiv) **"premier"** means the Premier of the Northern Cape Province or Member of the Executive Council who is charged with the responsibility of the administration of the Business Act (Act No. 71 of 1991);
- (xv) **"prohibited area"** means any place declared or to be declared under section 6A(2) of the Act by resolution of the Council to be an area in which street trading may be prohibited;
- (xvi) **"property"** in relation to a person carrying on the business of street trading, means any article, receptacle, vehicle or structure used in connected with such business, and includes goods in which he/she trades;
- (xvii) **"public building"** means a building occupied solely by the State or the Council or any organs of state;
- (xviii) **"public place"** means any square, park, recreation ground, sports ground, sanitary lane or open space which has—
 - (a) in connection with any subdivision or layout of land into erven, lots or plots, been provided, reserved or set apart for use by the public or the owners or occupiers of such erven, lots of plots, whether or not it is shown on a general plan, plan of subdivision or diagram;

- (b) at any time been dedicated to the public;
- (c) been used without interruption by the public for a period of at least 30 years expiring after the thirty-first of December, 1959 or
- (d) at any time been declared or rendered such by a council or other competent authority;
- (xix) "**public road**" means any road, street or thoroughfare or any other place (whether a thoroughfare or not) which is commonly used by the public or any section thereof or to which the public or any section thereof has a right of access, and includes—
 - (a) the verge of any such road, street or thoroughfare;
 - (b) any bridge, ferry or drift traversed by any such road, street or thoroughfare; and
 - (c) any other work or object forming part of or connected with or belonging to such road, street or thoroughfare;
- (xx) "**restricted area**" means any place declared under Section 6A(2) of the Act by resolution of the Council to be an area in which street trading may be restricted;
- (xxi) "**street trader**" means a person that is mobile and sells good for won profit whether such goods are the product of his/her own labour or not;
- (xxii) "**sell**" means alienation for value and includes supply to and also—
 - (a) exchange or hire;
 - (b) store expose, offer or prepare for sale; and "sale" has a corresponding meaning;
- (xxiii) "**services**" includes any advantage or gain for consideration or reward;
- (xxiv) "**the Act**" means the Business Act, 1991 (Act No. 71 of 1991);
- (xxv) "**trade**" means the lawful sale of goods or services in a public road or public place and "trading" has a corresponding meaning;
- (xxvi) "**verge**" means a verge as defined in Section 1 of the Road Traffic Act, 1989 (Act No. 29 of 1989), and any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the Business Act, 1991 (Act No. 71 of 1991).

2. For the purpose of these by-laws a single act of selling in a public road or public place shall constitute trading.

RIGHT OF TRADE

2. Subject to the provisions of section 3 and 4 and any other law, street trading is permitted except in so far as such trading is restricted or prohibited by section 5 to 13 inclusive, provided further that no persons who is not a South African resident shall be entitled to operate as a street trader unless he/she is in possession of a valid work permit authorising such street trading.

GENERAL CONDUCT OF STREET TRADERS

3. A person shall—

- (a) not place his/her property on a verge or public place except for the purpose of commencing to trade;
- (b) ensure that his/her property does not cover an area of a public road, public place or pavement which is greater in extent than six square metres (6 m²) unless written permission for a greater area is obtained from the local authority;
- (c) not place or stack his/her property in such a manner that it constitutes a danger to any person or property or is likely to injure any person or damage property;
- (d) not erect any structure for the purpose of providing shelter or sleep overnight at the place of business without the prior written approval of the Local Authority provided that where approval is given for a shelter to protect goods he/she shall not erect an unsightly structure from which to conduct business;
- (e) not obstruct access to a fire hydrant or area demarcated solely for the use of emergency vehicles and/or services;
- (f) on concluding business for the day, remove his/her property, except any permanent structure permitted by the local authority, to a place which is not part of a public road or public place;
- (g) on request by an employee or agent of the Council or any supplier of telecommunication or electricity or other services, move his/her property so as to permit the carrying out of any work in relation to a public road, public place or any such service;
- (h) not attach any object or goods by any means to any building structure, pavement, tree, parking metre, lamp post, electricity pole, telephone booth, post box, traffic sign, fence, bench or any other street furniture in or on a public road or public place;
- (i) not make an open fire at a place of trading or in circumstances where it could harm a person or damage a building or vehicle;

- (j) not store his/her property in manhole or stormwater drain, bus shelter, public toilet or tree;
- (k) not sell his goods in a street by constantly using megaphones, radios, loudspeakers, or constantly shouting or singing in a manner which shall constitute a nuisance or disturbance in the area;
- (l) not commence street trading unless he/she registers with the local authority and pay such fees or costs for services reasonably required including the costs of leasing any trading space or structure provided by the local authority;
- (m) not display his goods or other property on a building or other private property, without the consent of the owner, occupier or person in control of such building or property.

CLEANLINESS

4. (1) A person trading shall—

- (a) keep his/her property and the area or site occupied by him/her for the purpose of such business in a clean and sanitary condition;
- (b) dispose of litter generated by his/her business in whatever receptacles provided therefor by the local authority, including recycling and dumping sites, and not dispose of litter in a manhole, stormwater drain or other place not intended for the disposal of litter;
- (c) ensure that on completion of business for the day the area site occupied by him/her for the purpose of trade is free of litter and in a hygienic condition;
- (d) in the case of selling foodstuffs, take such precautions as may be necessary or prescribed by the local authority to prevent the spilling onto a public road or public place of any fat, oil, grease or any hazardous substances in the course of conducting his/her business and prevent any smoke, fumes, odour or noise emanating from his/her activities from becoming a nuisance.
- (e) on request by an employee or agent of the Council, move his property so as to permit the cleansing of the surface of the area or site where he is trading;
- (f) conduct his business in such a way not to cause any hazard to public health or safety

(2) the Local Authority shall—

- (a) ensure that the sites on which the street traders are trading are cleaned and sanitised on a regular basis;
- (b) provide receptacles on the sites in order to facilitate the disposal of litter by the street, and
- (c) ensure that the receptacles are emptied on a regular basis in order to facilitate clean trading sites.

OBSTRUCTION OF PEDESTRIANS

5. No person shall trade at a place where such trading—

- (a) obstructs access to or use of street such as a bus passenger bench or shelter or queuing line, refuse disposal bin or other facility intended for the use of the general public;
- (b) obstructs the visibility of a display window, signboard or premises, if the person carrying on business in the premises concerned objects thereto;
- (c) obstructs access to a building, automatic bank teller machine, pedestrian crossing or motor vehicle;
- (d) leaves less than 1,5 metre in width of a sidewalk clear for pedestrian use, or in any other manner substantially obstructs pedestrians in their use of a sidewalk.

OBSTRUCTION OF VEHICULAR TRAFFIC

6. No person shall trade at a place where such trading—

- (a) causes an obstruction on a roadway;
- (b) limits access to parking or loading bays or other facilities for vehicular traffic;
- (c) obscures any road traffic sign or any marking, notice or sign displayed or made in terms of these or any other by-laws; or
- (d) interferes in any way with any vehicle that may be parked alongside such place;
- (e) obscures or impedes the view of any user of the road, any traffic sign or any other road user.

TRADING RESTRICTED TO SPECIFIED HOURS IN CERTAIN PLACES

7. No person shall trade—

- (a) on a verge contiguous to any place of worship, national monument or public building; or
- (b) in a restricted area, which is specified in Schedule A, compiled according to the consultation process outlined in section 6A(2)(a) to (j) of the Act, outside the hours so specified in relation to each garden, park, verge or area.

TRADING RESTRICTED TO SPECIFIED GOODS OR SERVICES IN CERTAIN PLACES

8. No person shall trade—

- (a) on a verge contiguous to any place of worship, national monument or public building; or
- (b) in a restricted area, which is specified in Schedule B, compiled according to the consultation process outlined in Section 6A(2)(a) to (j) of the Act, other than in the goods or services so specified in relation to each such garden, park, verge or area.
- (c) no person shall trade on a verge contiguous to that part of a building in which business is being carried on by a person other than a department store or supermarket or other large supplier of many different lines of goods of the same nature as or of a similar nature to goods being sold by the first-mentioned person, without the consent of the second-mentioned person.

TRADING RESTRICTED TO DEMARCATED STANDS OR AREAS IN CERTAIN PLACES

9. No person shall trade—

- (a) on a verge contiguous to any place of worship, national monument or public building; or
- (b) in a restricted area, which is specified in Schedule C, compiled according to the consultation process outlined in section 6A(2) (a) to (j) of the Act outside a stand or area set apart for trading purpose as contemplated in section 6A(3)(b) of the Act.

NO TRADING IN STAND OF AREAS WHICH HAVE BEEN LET EXCEPT BY THE LESSEE

10. If the Council has let or otherwise allocated any stand or area set apart or otherwise established for street trading purposes, as contemplated in section 6A(3)(c) of the Act, no person may trade in such area if he/she is not in possession of proof that he/she has hired such stand or area from the Council of that it has otherwise been allocated to him/her.

NO TRADING NEAR CERTAIN PUBLIC BUILDINGS, PLACES OF WORSHIP AND NATIONAL MONUMENTS

11. No person shall trade on verge contiguous to any place of worship, national monument or public building which is specified in Schedule D, compiled according to the consultation process outlined in section 6A(2)(a) to (j) of the Act, unless he/she obtains written consent from the local authority, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

NO TRADING IN PROHIBITED AREA

12. No person shall trade in any prohibited area, prohibited for that purpose by the Local Authority.

TRADING NEAR RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS

13. No person shall outside an area specified in Schedule E, compiled according to the consultation process outlined in section 6A(2)(a) to (j) of the Act, trade in that half of a public road contiguous to a building used exclusively for residential purpose if—

- (a) the owner, person in control or occupier of any part of the building facing onto such road has objected thereto in writing; and
- (b) the fact that such objection was made has been known in writing to the first mentioned person by an authorised official.

SIGNS INDICATING RESTRICTIONS AND AREA

14. The Local Authority may—

- (a) by resolution, after consultation with all interested parties, prescribe signs, markings or other devices approved by the Premier indicating—
 - (i) specified hours, places, goods or services in respect of which street trading is restricted;
 - (ii) the location or boundaries of a restricted area;
 - (iii) the boundaries of a stand or area set apart for the purpose of the carrying on of the business of street trading under section 6A(3)(b) of the Act;
 - (iv) the fact that any such stand or area has been let or otherwise allocated;
 - (v) any restrictions or prohibition against trading in terms of these by-laws; and
 - (vi) the location of boundaries of a prohibited area; and
- (b) display any such sign, marking or device in such a position and manner as will indicate the restrictions or the location or boundaries of the area or stand concerned.

REMOVAL AND IMPOUNDMENT

15. (1) An Officer may remove and impound any goods, article, receptacle, vehicle or structure—

- (a) which he/she reasonably suspects is being used or has been used in or in connection with street trading; and
- (b) which he/she finds at a place where street trading is restricted or prohibited in terms of Section 5 to 13 inclusive and which, in his/her opinion, constitutes an infringement of any such section; or
- (c) which constitutes an infringement of section 3(d) hereof.

- (2) Any officer acting in terms of these provisions shall—
- (a) except in the case of goods which have been left or abandoned, issue forthwith to the person carrying on the business of street trader a detailed receipt for any property so removed and where the property will be impounded and the procedure for reclaiming such property, and
 - (b) forthwith deliver any such property to the Local Authority.
- (3) Any property removed and impounded as contemplated by section 6A of the Act—
- (a) may, in the case of perishable property, be sold or destroyed by the Local Authority concerned within a reasonable time after the impoundment thereof, provided that such property shall be subject to the provisions of 15 (4) hereunder, at any time prior to the disposal thereof, be returned to the owner on request and proof of ownership by such owner to the Local Authority concerned provided such perishables are still fit for human consumption;
 - (b) shall, subject to the provisions of 15 (4) hereunder, in the case of property other than perishable property, be returned to the owner thereof on request and proof of ownership by such owner to the Local Authority concerned within a period of one month of the date of impoundment.

(4) The Local Authority concerned shall be entitled to keep the property concerned until all reasonable expenses have been paid to it, failing which the property may be sold by public auction upon 14 days notice being given to the owner or in the case of perishable goods either be sold or destroyed by such Local Authority.

(5) In the case of a sale of impounded property by a Local Authority, the proceeds of such sale less the expenses incurred by such Local Authority, in connection with the removal, impoundment and/or disposal of such property was impounded. If such owner fails to claim the said proceeds within three months of the date on which such property was sold, such proceeds shall be forfeited to such Local Authority and shall be paid into a special fund created by such Local Authority dedicated to the development of the informal sector and matters ancillary thereto.

(6) In the event of the proceeds of any sale of property contemplated by this provision not being sufficient to defray the expenses incurred by such Local Authority in connection with such property, the owner of such property which has been removed and impounded and/or disposed of as contemplated herein shall be liable for all expenses incurred by the Local Authority concerned in connection with such removal, impoundment and/or disposal.

OFFENCES

16. (1) Any persons who—
- (a) contravenes or fails to comply with any provision of these by-laws;
 - (b) ignores, disregards or disobeys any notice, sign or marking displayed or erected for the purpose of these by-laws;
 - (c) contravenes or fails to comply with any approval or condition granted or imposed in terms of these by-laws;
 - (d) fails to comply with a written instruction to move or remove his/her property;
 - (e) deliberately furnished false or misleading information to an officer or an employee of the Local Authority, or
 - (f) threatens, resists, interferes with or obstructs an officer or employee of the Local Authority in the performance of his powers, duties or functions under by-laws; shall be guilty of an offence.

PENALTIES

17. Any person who is guilty of an offence in terms of these by-laws shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding R1 000 or to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three months.

VICARIOUS RESPONSIBILITY OF PERSONS CARRYING ON BUSINESS

18. When an employee of a person conducting the business of street trading does or omits to do any act which would be an offence in terms of these by-laws for that person to do or to do, that person shall be deemed himself/herself to have done or omitted to do the act, unless he/she satisfies the court that—

- (a) he/she neither connived at nor permitted the act or omission by the employee concerned;
- (b) he/she took all reasonable steps to prevent the act or omission; and
- (c) an act or omission, whether lawful or unlawful, of the nature charged of no condition or under no circumstances fell within the scope of the authority or employment of the employee concerned, and the fact that the said person issued instructions whereby an act or omission of that nature is prohibited shall not in itself be sufficient proof that he/she took all reasonable steps to prevent the act or omission.

VICARIOUS RESPONSIBILITY OF EMPLOYEES

19. When a person carrying on the business of street trading is by virtue of Section 18 liable for an act or omission by an employee of that person, that employee shall also be liable as if he/she were the person carrying on the business concerned.

APPEALS

20. (1) Any persons who feels him/herself aggrieved by a decision of the Local Authority may appeal against such decision to an Appeal Committee in accordance with the Provisions set out herein.

(2) Any person who feels him/herself aggrieved by the decision of the Local Authority shall notify the Local Authority of his/her intention to Appeal the decision in writing within 10 days of having received notification of the Local Authority's decision.

CONSTITUTION OF AN APPEAL COMMITTEE

21. (1) The Member of Executive Council of Economic Affairs may, with concurrence of the Local Authority, Representatives of the Informal Traders and any other interested person, designate persons as members and alternate members of the Appeal Committee.

(2) The Appeal Committee shall consist of a maximum of 7 (seven) members with at least 1 (one) member from the relevant sector.

(3) The members of the Appeal Committee shall appoint a member to act as a Chairperson and Deputy-Chairperson respectively.

(4) When the Chairperson is unable to perform the function of Chairperson, the Deputy-Chairperson shall perform.

(5) If the Chairperson is of the opinion that a particular person is able to assist the Appeal Committee, he/she may co-opt that person for that purpose.

(6) A person so co-opted shall not be entitled to vote at any meetings of the Committee.

(7) The Chairperson shall notify the aggrieved person of the date, time and place of the meeting of the Appeal Committee at which his/her presence is required within 10 days of receipt of one Notice of Appeal.

(8) The aggrieved person who has received notice in terms of provision 21 (7) shall personally appear at the meeting or appoint a Legal Representative or any other person to appear on his/her behalf.

(9) The Local Authority concerned may be represented by an authorised official or a legal representative.

PROCEDURE AT APPEAL MEETINGS

22. (1) The Chairperson shall determine the procedure of the meeting provided:

(a) such procedure adhere to the *audi alteram partem* principle and

(b) all parties are advised 7 days prior to the hearing of the hearing and the procedures to be observed.

(2) All members shall be present at the meeting of the Appeal Committee.

(3) Any person present at the meeting may—

(a) be called upon by the Chairperson to give evidence.

(b) be called upon by the Chairperson to produce to the Committee any document or any other property which is in his possession or under his control, or

(c) be questioned by the Committee on the matter before it.

(4) The Appeal Committee shall review the decision of the Local Authority and make a finding having regard to the following consideration—

(a) whether the decision of the Local Authority was fair and equitable in the circumstances;

(b) the effect of the decision on the ability to trade of the aggrieved person, and

(c) whether alternative measures may be adopted to facilitate the continued business of the aggrieved person.

(5) A decision of the Committee shall be taken by a majority of votes of the members present at the meeting and in the event of an equality of votes, the Chairperson shall have a casting vote in addition to his/her deliberative vote.

GENERAL NOTICE • ALGEMENE KENNISGEWING**NOTICE 82 OF 1999**

APPLICATIONS FOR PUBLIC ROAD CARRIER PERMITS

Address to which representations must be submitted: The Secretary, Local Road Transportation Board, Private Bag X5019, Kimberley, 8300, and the respective applicant.

Full particulars in respect of each application are open to inspection at the Local Road Transportation Board's Office, New Public Offices, Room 9.11, Ninth Floor, corner of Knight and Stead Streets, Kimberley, 8301.

KENNISGEWING 82 VAN 1999

AANSOEKE OM OPENBARE PADVERVOERPERMITTE

Adres waarheen vertoë gerig moet word: Die Sekretaris, Plaaslike Padvervoerraad, Privaatsak X5019, Kimberley, 8300, en die betrokke applikant.

Volle besonderhede ten opsigte van elke aansoek lê ter insae by die Plaaslike Padvervoerraad se Kantoor, Nuwe Publieke Kantore, Kamer 9.11, Negende Verdieping, hoek van Knight- en Steadstraat, Kimberley, 8301.

OP.309558. (2) Moipolai DM ID No. 3507075364084. Posadres: P.O. Box 59, Ulco, Ulco, 8390. (4) Oordrag van permit - BCY 456 NC, Permit No. 301990/2 van Nkewu DL (15 x passasiers, distrik: Barkly West). (7) Magtiging soos in laasgenoemde permit(te).

OP.309562. (2) Kunzi D ID No. 7511175158087. Posadres: Mozartstraat 69, Uitbreiding 12, Upington, 8800. (4) Oordrag van permit/VTG aangekoop te word, Permit No. 300001/3 van Sekukunene EM (15 x passasiers, distrik: Gordonia). (7) Magtiging soos in laasgenoemde permit(te).

OP.309563. (2) Vaalbooi H ID No. 4605045125087. (3) Distrik: Botshabelo. Posadres: Posbus 181, Mier, Mier, 8811. (4) Nuwe aansoek - BCT 495 NC. (5) 1 x 15 passasiers. (6) Die vervoer van taxi passasiers. (7) Magtiging: Vanaf Rietfontein na Upington, Keimoes en omliggende gebiede en terug na Rietfontein.

OP.309565. (2) Pieters N ID No. 6807155988084. Posadres: Springbokstraat C8, Langverwag, Kakams, 8870. (4) Oordrag van permit - BDZ 691 NC, Permit No. 300301/4 van Springbok A (15 x passasiers, distrik: Gordonia). (7) Magtiging soos in laasgenoemde permit(te).

MUNICIPAL NOTICES • MUNISIPALE KENNISGEWINGS**MUNICIPAL NOTICE 65**

NORTHERN CAPE PROVINCE

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT

MUNICIPAL ORDINANCE, 1974 (ORDINANCE 20 OF 1974): PHILIPSTOWN MUNICIPALITY: CLOSURE OF PORTIONS OF PUBLIC OPEN SPACES AND STREETS

Notice is hereby given that the Municipality of Philipstown intends to close the following portions of Public Open Spaces and streets, in terms of section 137 of the Municipal Ordinance, 1974 (Ordinance 20 of 1974):

- a portion, ± 1 617 m² in extent, of Erf 834, Philipstown;
- a portion, ± 1 087 m² in extent, of Erf 837, Philipstown;
- a portion, ± 546 m² in extent, of Erf 838, Philipstown;
- a portion, ± 84 m² in extent, of the street adjacent to Erf 837 and Erf 838, Philipstown; and
- a portion, ± 1 603 m² in extent, of the street adjacent to Erf 817 and Erf 2, Philipstown.

MUNISIPALE KENNISGEWING 65

NOORD-KAAPSE PROVINSIE

DEPARTEMENT VAN BEHUISING EN PLAASLIKE REGERING

MUNISIPALE ORDONNANSIE, 1974 (ORDONNANSIE 20 VAN 1974): PHILIPSTOWN MUNISIPALITEIT: SLUITING VAN GEDEELTES VAN OPENBARE OOPRUIMTES EN STRATE

Kennis geskied hiermee dat die Munisipaliteit van Philipstown van voorneme is om, ingevolge artikel 137 van die Munisipale Ordonnansie, 1974 (Ordonnansie 20 van 1974), die volgende gedeeltes van Openbare Oopruimtes en strate te sluit:

- 'n gedeelte, groot ± 1 617 m², van Erf 834, Philipstown;
- 'n gedeelte, groot ± 1 087 m², van Erf 837, Philipstown;
- 'n gedeelte, groot ± 546 m², van Erf 838, Philipstown;
- 'n gedeelte straat, groot ± 84 m², aangrensend aan Erf 837 en Erf 838, Philipstown; en
- 'n gedeelte straat, groot ± 1 603 m², aangrensend aan Erf 817 en Erf 2, Philipstown.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE 66

KALAHARI DISTRICT COUNCIL

REZONING OF A CERTAIN SECTION OF THE FARM JEBOLO Nr 63

Notice is hereby given, in terms of the stipulations of Ordinance 15/1985, that the Kalahari District Council intends to rezone a certain section of the farm Jebolo nr 63. Council intends to approve rezoning from an Agricultural Zone I to an Industrial Zone II, for the purpose of an abattoir.

Full particulars are obtainable at the office of the Chief Executive Officer/Town Clerk, Kalahari District Council, 4 Ferndale Mynbou Street, Kuruman (telephone 053-7121001), during normal office hours.

Written objections may be lodged with the undersigned on or before 4 January 2000, at 12:00.

Z. A. NEL, Chief Executive Officer

Kalahari District Council, 4 Federale Mynbou Street, PO Box 1480, Kuruman, 8460

30 November 1999

MUNISIPALE KENNISGEWING 66

KALAHARI DISTRIKSRAAD

HERSONERING VAN 'N SEKERE GEDEELTE VAN DIE PLAAS JEBOLO No 63

Kennis geskied hiermee dat die Kalahari Distriksraad voornemens is om, in terme van die bepalings van Ordonnansie 15/1985, hersonering toe te staan ten opsigte van 'n sekere gedeelte van die plaas Jebolo no 63. Die Raad is voornemens om hersonering van 'n Landbousone I na 'n Nywerheidsone II, vir doeleindes van 'n slagpale, toe te staan.

Volledige besonderhede is beskikbaar by die kantoor van die Hoof Uitvoerende Beampte/Stadsklerk, Kalahari Distriksraad, Ferndale Mynboustraat 4, Kuruman (telefoon 053-7121001), gedurende normale kantoorure.

Skriftelike besware moet die ondergetekende bereik voor of op 4 Januarie 2000, om 12:00.

Z. A. NEL, Hoof Uitvoerende Beampte

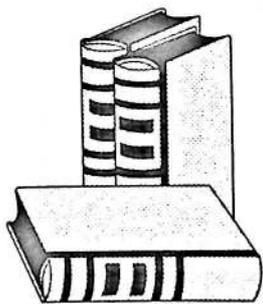
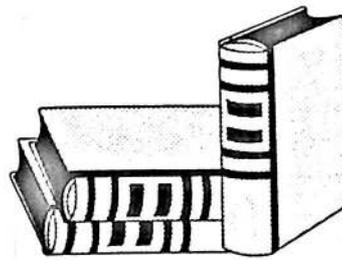
Kalahari Distriksraad, Federale Mynboustraat 4, Posbus 1480, Kuruman, 8460

30 November 1999

CONTENTS • INHOUD

<i>No.</i>		<i>Page No.</i>	<i>Gazette No.</i>
OFFICIAL NOTICE			
21	Groblershoop Municipality: Street Trading By-laws.....	2	428
GENERAL NOTICE • ALGEMENE KENNISGEWING			
82	Applications for public road carrier permits	8	428
82	Aansoeke om openbare padvervoerpermitte.....	8	428
MUNICIPAL NOTICES • MUNISIPALE KENNISGEWINGS			
65	Municipal Ordinance (20/1974): Philipstown Municipality: Closure: Various erven, Philipstown.....	8	428
65	Munisipale Ordonnansie (20/1974): Philipstown Munisipaliteit: Sluiting: Verskeie erwe, Philipstown.....	9	428
66	Kalahari District Council: Rezoning: Section of farm Jebolo 63	9	428
66	Kalahari Distriksraad: Hersonerig: Gedeelte van plaas Jebolo 63.....	9	428

Where is the largest amount of meteorological information in the whole of South Africa available?



Waar is die meeste weerkundige inligting in die hele Suid-Afrika beskikbaar?

Department of Environmental Affairs and Tourism
Departement van Omgewingsake en Toerisme