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CAPE TOWN, 20 JUNE 1980

[No. 7072

KAAPSTAD, 20 JUNIE 1980

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF MANPOWER
UTILISATION

R.1239]

[20 JUNE 1980

INDUSTRIAL CONCILIATION ACT, 1956
CANVAS AND ROPEWORKING INDUSTRY
(CAPE)

MAIN AGREEMENT

I, STEPHANUS PETRUS BOTHA, Minister of Manpower Utilisation, hereby—

- (a) in terms of section 48 (1) (a) of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, declare that the provisions of the Agreement which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Canvas and Rope-working Industry, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 31 December 1981, upon the employers' organisation and the trade union which entered into the said Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of the said organisation or union;
- (b) in terms of section 48 (1) (b) of the said Act, declare that the provisions of the said Agreement, excluding those contained in clauses 1 (1), 2 16, 17 and 20, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 31 December 1981, upon all employers and employees other than those referred to in paragraph (a) of this notice, who are engaged or employed in the said Industry in the

GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTEMENT VAN
MANNEKRAGBENUTTING

R.1239]

[20 JUNIE 1980

WET OP NYWERHEIDSVERSOENING, 1956
SEILDOEK- EN TOUWERKNYWERHEID (KAAP)
HOOFOOREENKOMS

Ek, STEPHANUS PETRUS BOTHA, Minister van Mannekragbenutting, verklaar hierby—

- (a) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (a) van die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en op die Seildoek- en Touwerknywerheid betrekking het, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 31 Desember 1981 eindig, bindend is vir die werkgewersorganisasie en die vakvereniging wat genoemde Ooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgewers en werknemers wat lede van genoemde organisasie of vereniging is;
- (b) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (b) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van genoemde Ooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klousules 1 (1), 2, 16, 17 en 20, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 31 Desember 1981 eindig, bindend is vir alle ander werkgewers en werknemers as dié genoem in paragraaf (a) van hierdie kennisgewing, wat betrokke is by of in diens is in genoemde

- municipal area of Cape Town as it existed on 23 August 1968; and
- (c) in terms of section 48 (3) (a) of the said Act, declare that in the area specified in paragraph (b) of this notice and with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 31 December 1981, the provisions of the said Agreement, excluding those contained in clauses 1 (1), 2, 16, 17 and 20, shall *mutatis mutandis* be binding upon all persons who are not employees and who are employed in the said Industry by the employers upon whom any of the said provisions are binding in respect of employees and upon those employers in respect of such persons in their employ.

S. P. BOTHA
Minister of Manpower Utilisation

SCHEDULE

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE CANVAS AND ROPEWORKING INDUSTRY (CAPE)

AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, made and entered into by and between

Cape Canvas and Ropeworking Association
(hereinafter referred to as the "employers" or the "employers' organisation"), of the one part, and

S.A. Canvas and Ropeworkers' Union (Cape)
(hereinafter referred to as the "employees" or the "trade union"), of the other part,
being parties to the Industrial Council for the Canvas and Ropeworking Industry (Cape).

1. AREA AND SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT

(1) The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the municipal area of Cape Town as it existed on 23 August 1968 by all members of the employers' organisation who are engaged in the Canvas and Ropeworking Industry and by all members of the trade union who are employed in the said Industry.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1), the terms of this Agreement shall only apply in respect of employees for whom wages are prescribed in clause 4.

2. PERIOD OF OPERATION OF AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall come into operation as and from the date fixed by the Minister of Manpower Utilisation in terms of section 48 of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, and shall remain in force for a period ending 31 December 1981 or for such period as may be decided by him.

3. DEFINITIONS

Unless the contrary intention appears, any expressions used in this Agreement which are defined in the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, shall have the same meaning as in that Act, and unless inconsistent with the context—

"assistant foreman" means an employee who, under the general supervision of a foreman, performs the duties of a foreman and who may act for him during his absence;

"blindhanger" means an employee who is engaged in marking out the designs for, and/or drawing plans for, and/or estimating costs of, and/or measuring and/or erecting blinds and/or awnings and who may make and fix the frames of such blinds and/or awnings;

"blindhanger, qualified," means a blindhanger who has had not less than two years' experience;

"blindhanger, unqualified," means a blindhanger who has had less than two years' experience;

"boiler attendant" means an employee who maintains the water level and steam pressure in a boiler and who maintains or draws the fire of such a boiler;

- Nywerheid in die munisipale gebied Kaapstad soos dit op 23 Augustus 1968 bestaan het; en
- (c) kragtens artikel 48 (3) (a) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van genoemde Ooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klousules 1 (1), 2, 16, 17 en 20, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 31 Desember 1981 eindig, in die gebied gespesifiseer in paragraaf (b) van hierdie kennisgewing, *mutatis mutandis* bindend is vir alle persone wat nie werknemers is nie en wat in diens is in genoemde Nywerheid by dié werkgewers vir wie enigeen van genoemde bepalings ten opsigte van werknemers bindend is en vir daardie werkgewers ten opsigte van sodanige persone in hul diens.

S. P. BOTHA
Minister van Mannekragbenutting

BYLAE

NYWERHEIDSRaad VIR DIE SEILDOEK- EN TOUWERKNYWERHEID (KAAP)

OOREENKOMS

ingevolge die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, gesluit deur en aangegaan tussen

Cape Canvas and Ropeworking Association
(hierna die „werkgewers” of die „werkgewersorganisasie” genoem), aan die een kant, en

S.A. Canvas and Ropeworkers' Union (Cape)
(hierna die „werknemers” of „vakvereniging” genoem), aan die ander kant,
wat die partye is by die Nywerheidsraad vir die Seildoek- en Touwerknywerheid (Kaap).

1. TOEPASSINGSBESTEK VAN OOREENKOMS

(1) Hierdie Ooreenkoms moet nagekom word in die munisipale gebied van Kaapstad soos dit op 23 Augustus 1968 betaan het, deur alle lede van die werkgewersorganisasie wat by die Seildoek- en Touwerknywerheid betrokke is, asook deur alle lede van die vakvereniging wat in genoemde Nywerheid in diens is.

(2) Ondanks subklousule (1), is hierdie Ooreenkoms slegs van toepassing ten opsigte van werknemers vir wie lone in klousule 4 voorgeskryf word.

2. GELDIGHEIDSDUUR VAN OOREENKOMS

Hierdie Ooreenkoms tree in werking vanaf die datum wat die Minister van Mannekragbenutting vasstel kragtens artikel 48 van die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, en bly van krag vir 'n tydperk eindigende 31 Desember 1981 of vir dié tydperk wat hy mag bepaal.

3. WOORDOMSKRIVING

Tensy die teenoorgestelde bedoeling blyk, het alle uitdrukkings wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms gebruik en in die Wet op Nywerheidsversoening, 1956, omskryf word, dieselfde betekenis as in dié Wet, en tensy onbestaanbaar met die samehang, beteken—

„assistent-voorman” 'n werknemer wat, onder die algemene toesig van 'n voorman, die pligte van 'n voorman verrig en wat namens hom kan optree in sy afwesigheid;

„blindinghanger” 'n werknemer wat ontwerpe vir blindings en/of sonskerms afmerk en/of tekeninge daarvoor maak en/of koste daarvoor bereken en/of blindings en/of sonskerms meet en/of oprig en wat die rame van dié blindings en/of sonskerms kan maak en aanbring;

„blindinghanger, gekwalifiseer,” 'n blindinghanger met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;

„blindinghanger, ongekwalifiseer,” 'n blindinghanger met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;

„ketelbediener” 'n werknemer wat die waterpeil en stoomdruk in 'n ketel in stand hou en wat die vuur in so 'n ketel aan die gang hou of uitkrap;

"Canvas and Ropeworking Industry" means the Industry in which employers and employees are associated for the manufacture of goods (other than clothing, footwear, mattresses of coir and bags of jute) from the following materials: Cotton, flax, jute, waterproofed canvasses, cambricks (proofed and unproofed), cotton duck (all weights, proofed and unproofed), cotton canvasses, flax and flax-jute waterbag canvas, balloon cloth, sail cloth (cotton and synthetic), Holland blind materials, poplin fabrics, calico (bleached, unbleached and dyed), drill, twill, polished linen, P.V.C. plastic and all synthetic waterproof materials, cotton and synthetic base impregnated with rubber or synthetic materials including terylene, nylon, perlon, orlon and dacron, hessian, burlap, cotton and synthetic filter cloths, filter flannels, waxed weatherproof fabrics, bunting (wool, nylon and mixtures), cotton awning canvasses, fibreglass. Swansdown materials, coir and sisal matting, rubber sheeting, cotton and synthetic chair canvasses: Provided that the above definition shall not be construed to include—

- (i) any of the group of materials which consists of or contains as an essential ingredient an organic substance of a large molecular weight and which while solid in the finished state, at some stage in its manufacture has been or can be forced, i.e. cast, calendered, extruded or moulded into various shapes by flow, usually through the application singly or together of heat and/or pressure;
- (ii) the manufacture from any natural or synthetic materials, or substances whatsoever, of—
 - (a) bags, travelling requisites, ladies' bags, shopping bags, ladies' and/or children's handbags, knitting bags, bags for Blacks of the type commonly known as "Xhosa bags", wallets, purses, suitcases, trunks and all other containers (other than canvas rucksacks, canvas kit-bags, canvas haversacks, canvas sampling bags, and canvas explosives bags) designed to hold personal effects, sporting-kit, tools, documents or money, and all other like articles, irrespective of their description but which are designed as substitutes for any of the aforementioned;
 - (b) harnesses, bridles, saddlery, saddlebags, leggings, wrist straps, braces, belts, suspenders, garters and all other like articles irrespective of their description but which are designed as substitutes for any of the aforementioned;

"casual employee" means an employee who is employed by the same employer on not more than two days in any week;

"clerk" means an employee who is wholly or mainly engaged in writing, typing, filing or any other form of clerical work and includes a cashier, despatch clerk, telephone operator, punch card operator, bookkeeper and computer programmer, provided such employee does not earn in excess of R4 800 per annum;

"cutter" means an employee, other than a blindhanger, who marks out material other than by means of a templet, according to measurements or specifications supplied to or made by him and who may cut such material and supervise labourers;

"cutter, qualified," means a cutter who has had not less than two years' experience;

"cutter, unqualified," means a cutter who has had less than two years' experience;

"day" means the period of 24 hours calculated from the time the employee commences work;

"daily wage" means the weekly wage divided by five;

"driver of a motor vehicle" means an employee who is engaged in driving a motor vehicle, and for the purposes of this definition the expression "driving a motor vehicle" includes all periods of driving and any time spent by the driver on work connected with the vehicle or the load and all periods during which he is obliged to remain at his post in readiness to drive;

"experience" means, in relation to a cutter, blindhanger, general assistant and machine operator/attendant, the total period or periods of employment which such employee has had as a cutter, blindhanger, general assistant or machine operator/attendant, respectively, in the Canvas and Ropeworking Industry;

"factory clerk" means an employee who is engaged in performing one or more of the following duties on the factory floor;

- (1) Checking and recording numbers, quantities and masses of raw materials or partly processed materials or manufactured materials;
- (2) maintaining stock or production records;

„Seildoek- en Touwerknijverheid" die Nywerheid waarin werkgewers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is vir die vervaardiging van goedere (uitgesonderd klerasie, skoelisel, klapperhaarmatrasse en jutesakke) van die volgende materiale: Katoen, vlas, jute, waterdigte seilsoorte, kamerdoeksoorte (waterdig al dan nie), katoenseildoek (alle gewigte, waterdig al dan nie), katoenseilsoorte, vlas- en vlas-jute-watersakseil, balonstof, seilstof (katoen- en sintetiese), Hollandse blindingsstof, popelienmateriale, kaliko (gebleik, ongebleik en gekleur), drill, keperstof, poleerlinne, pvc-, plastiek en alle sintetiese waterdigte materiale, katoen- en sintetiese basis geïmpregneer met rubber of sintetiese materiale, sintetiese materiale, met inbegrip van terylene, nylon, perlon, orlon en dacron, goeing, sakgoed, katoen- en sintetiese filterstowwe, filter-flanelle, wasbehandelde weerbestande materiale, vlagdoek (wol, nylon en mengsels), katoensonskermseilsoorte, veselglas, swanedonsstowwe, klapperhaar- en sisalmastowwe, rubberbedekking, katoen- en sintetiese stoelseilsoorte: Met dien verstande dat bogenoemde omskrywing nie uitgelê moet word om die volgende in te sluit nie:

- (i) Enigeen van die groep materiale wat uit 'n organiese stof met 'n groot molekulêre gewig bestaan of wat dit as 'n essensiële bestanddeel bevat en wat, alhoewel dit in die afgewerkte toestand solied is, in die een of ander stadium gedurende die vervaardiging daarvan geforseer is of geforseer kan word, d.w.s. gegiet, gekalandeer, uitgepers of gevorm in verskillende fatsoene deur vloei, gewoonlik deur die aanwending, hetsy alleen of gesamentlik, van hitte en/of druk;
- (ii) die vervaardiging uit natuurlike of sintetiese materiaal of stowwe, van welke aard ook al, van—
 - (a) sakke, reisbenodigdhede, damesakke, inkoopsakke, dames- en/of kinderhandsakke, breisakke, tasse vir Swartes van die tipe wat algemeen bekend staan as „Xhosa sakke", portefeuljes, beursies, reistasse, koffers en alle ander houters (uitgesonderd die volgende wat van seil gemaak is: Rugsakke, seemansakke, hawersakke, monsternemingsakke en plofstofsakke) wat ontwerp is om persoonlike eiendom, sportuitrusting, gereedskap, dokumente of geld en alle ander dergelike artikels te bevat, ongeag hul beskrywing maar wat ontwerp is as plaasvervangers vir enigeen van voornoemde artikels;
 - (b) tuie, tooms, saaltuig, saalsakke, kamaste, polsbande, kruisbande, gordels, kousophouers, kousbande en alle ander dergelike artikels, ongeag hul beskrywing maar wat ontwerp is as plaasvervangers vir enigeen van voornoemde artikels;

„los werknemer" 'n werknemer wat hoogstens twee dae per week by dieselfde werkgewer in diens is;

„klerk" 'n werknemer wat uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik skryf-, tik-, liasseerwerk of ander vorm van klerklike werk verrig en omvat dit 'n kassier, 'n versendingsklerk, 'n skakelbordoperateur, 'n ponskaartbediener, 'n boekhouer en 'n rekenaarprogrammeerder, mits so 'n werknemer hoogstens R4 800 per jaar verdien;

„snyer" 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n blindhanger, wat materiale afmerk, uitgesonderd met 'n patroonplaat, volgens afmetings of spesifikasies wat aan hom verstrek of deur hom gemaak is, en wat daardie materiaal mag sny en oor arbeiders toesig mag hou;

„snyer, gekwalifiseer," 'n snyer met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;

„snyer, ongekwalifiseer," 'n snyer met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;

„dag" die tydperk van 24 uur, bereken vanaf die tyd wat die werknemer begin werk;

„dagloon" die weekloon gedeel deur vyf;

„motorvoertuigdrywer" 'n werknemer wat 'n motorvoertuig dryf, en vir die toepassing van hierdie omskrywing sluit die uitdrukking „motorvoertuig dryf" alle dryftydperke in asook alle tyd wat die drywer bestee aan werk in verband met die voertuig of die vraag en alle tydperke waarin hy op sy pos moet bly, gereed om te dryf;

„ondervinding," met betrekking tot 'n snyer, blindhanger, algemene assistent en masjienbediener-/versorger die totale dienstydperk of -tydperke van so 'n werknemer onderskeidelik as snyer, blindhanger, algemene assistent of masjienbediener-/versorger in die Seildoek- en Touwerknijverheid;

„fabrieksklerk" 'n werknemer wat een of meer van die volgende pligte op die fabrieksvloer verrig:

- (1) Die getalle, hoeveelhede en massas van grondstowwe of gedeeltelik verwerkte of vervaardigde materiaal nagaan en opteken;
- (2) voorraad- of produksieregisters byhou;

- (3) preparing, issuing and collecting production cards or sheets;
- (4) making out tickets or labels for production purposes or for attaching to manufactured goods;
- (5) entering names or numbers on time or wage cards;
- (6) writing out delivery notes or packing slips;

"foreman" means an employee in charge of the employees in a factory, who exercises control over such employees and is responsible for the efficient performance by them of their duties;

"general assistant" means an employee who is engaged in one or more of the following duties or capacities:

- (1) Roping;
- (2) splicing;
- (3) sewing on grommets and/or door lines, and/or hooks and eyes, and/or nozzles onto water bags;
- (4) hand sewing;
- (5) fixing canvas on the blind or awning frames;

"general assistant, qualified," means a general assistant who has had not less than two years' experience;

"general assistant, unqualified," means a general assistant who has had less than two years' experience;

"hand braider" means an employee engaged in the hand-braiding of nets;

"hand braider, qualified," means a hand braider who has had not less than two years' experience;

"hand braider, unqualified," means a hand braider who has had less than two years' experience;

"hanker" means an employee engaged in making up of cords into hanks;

"hanker, qualified," means a hanker who has had not less than eighteen months' experience;

"hanker, unqualified," means a hanker who has had less than eighteen months' experience;

"labourer" means an employee engaged in one or more of the following duties or capacities:

- (1) Cleaning premises, animals, machinery, implements, tools, utensils, vehicles or other articles, including finished articles;
- (2) lime-washing compounds, latrines, stables, outbuildings and similar buildings and structures;
- (3) loading and unloading;
- (4) carrying, moving or stacking articles; pushing or pulling any vehicle;
- (5) making or maintaining fires and removing refuse;
- (6) loosening, taking out, breaking or spreading stone, clay or sand, digging trenches, foundations or other excavation work;
- (7) cutting down, destroying or removing trees or vegetation;
- (8) demolishing buildings or other structures;
- (9) feeding into or taking off from machines; feeding into or drawing off from tanks or vats under supervision, and includes a puller;
- (10) mixing ash and cement or cement and sand, mortar, concrete, stone or bitumen by hand and spreading concrete or bitumen by shovel, rake, fork or barrow;
- (11) opening or closing doors, boxes, packages, bales, sacks, or bags; sealing or preparing empty cardboard containers for use in packing;
- (12) tending livestock or minding vehicles;
- (13) marking, branding, stencilling or affixing labels on boxes, bales, sacks or other containers, packages or articles;
- (14) mass-measuring goods on a set massmeter;
- (15) delivering letters, messages or goods on foot or by means of a bicycle, tricycle or hand-propelled vehicle;
- (16) cooking rations or making tea or similar beverages;
- (17) oiling and greasing machinery or vehicles, other than motor vehicles;
- (18) gardening work (i.e. planting under supervision, digging, raking, mowing, spreading, mixing, watering);
- (19) packing articles of uniform size and number into receptacles specially made to contain such articles;
- (20) rolling up material or manufactured articles;
- (21) nipping;
- (22) putting in ropes, knotting cords, knotting strainers;
- (23) painting poles and tent tops; staining wood for tent poles;
- (24) knocking in eyelets by hand or machine, provided their positions are previously indicated;
- (25) clamping on metal tips with or without eyelets and/or press studs on web equipment;
- (26) putting wire hooks in ventilating pipes and/or waterbag handles; inserting washers;
- (27) painting, dipping, oiling or brushing canvas for water-proofing purposes; dressing and/or ironing canvas;
- (28) drilling or punching holes in walls or lintels under supervision;

(3) produksiekaarte of -velle gereed maak, uitreik en byme-kaarmaak;

(4) kaartjies of etikette uitskrif vir produksiedoelindes of vir aanhegting aan vervaardigde goedere;

(5) name of nommers op tyd- of loonstate inskrif;

(6) afleweringbriewe of verpakkingstrookies uitskrif;

„voorman" 'n werknemer wat aan die hoof staan van werknemers in 'n fabriek, wat beheer oor dié werknemers uitoefen en daarvoor verantwoordelik is dat hulle hul pligte doeltreffend vervul;

„algemene assistent" 'n werknemer wat een of meer van die volgende pligte vervul of in een of meer van die volgende hoedanighede in diens is:

- (1) Touwerk;
- (2) splitslaswerk;
- (3) tou-ogies en/of deurlyne en/of hakies en ogies en/of tuite aan watersakke vasstik;
- (4) met die hand stik;
- (5) seilstof aan blinding- of sonskermmrame vassit;

„algemene assistent, gekwalifiseer," 'n algemene assistent met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;

„algemene assistent, ongekwalifiseer," 'n algemene assistent met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;

„handvlegter" 'n werknemer wat nette met die hand vleg;

„handvlegter, gekwalifiseer," 'n handvlegter met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;

„handvlegter, ongekwalifiseer," 'n handvlegter met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;

„henkopmaker" 'n werknemer wat koord in henke opmaak;

„henkopmaker", gekwalifiseer," 'n henkopmaker met minstens agtien maande ondervinding;

„henkopmaker, ongekwalifiseer," 'n henkopmaker met minder as agtien maande ondervinding;

„arbeider" 'n werknemer wat een of meer van die volgende pligte vervul of in een of meer van die volgende hoedanighede in diens is:

- (1) Persele, diere, masjienerie, implemente, gereedskap, werktuie, voertuie of ander artikels, met inbegrip van afge- werkte artikels, skoonmaak;
- (2) kampongs, latrines, stalle, buitegeboue en dergelike geboue en strukture afwit;
- (3) op- en aflaai;
- (4) artikels dra, verskuif of opmekaar stapel; 'n voertuig stoot of trek;
- (5) vuurmaak of vure aan die gang hou en afval verwyder;
- (6) klip, klei of sand losmaak, uithaal, breek of strooi en slote en fondamente grawe of ander uitgrawingswerk verrig;
- (7) bome of plantegroei afsaag, vernietig of verwyder;
- (8) geboue of ander strukture sloop;
- (9) masjiene voer of daarvan afhaal; onder toesig tenks of vate vul of aftap, en dit omvat 'n trekker;
- (10) as en sement of sement en sand, dagha, beton, klip of bitumen met die hand meng en beton of bitumen met 'n skopgraaf, hark, vork of kruiwa strooi;
- (11) deure, kiste, pakkette, bale of sakke oop- of toemaak; lêë kartonhouers wat vir verpakking gebruik word, verseël of gereed maak;
- (12) lewende hawe versorg of voertuie bewaak;
- (13) kiste, bale, sakke of ander houers, pakkette of artikels merk, brandmerk, sjabloneer of etikette daarop plak;
- (14) massa van goedere op 'n gestelde massameter bepaal;
- (15) briewe, boodskappe of goedere te voet of met 'n fiets, driewiel of handvoertuig aflewer;
- (16) rantsoene gaarmaak of tee of dergelike drankte maak;
- (17) masjienerie of voertuie, uitgesonderd motorvoertuie, olie en smeer;
- (18) tuinwerk verrig (d.w.s. onder toesig plant, spit, hark, gras sny, strooi, meng, nat lei);
- (19) artikels van dieselfde grootte en getal verpak in houers wat spesiaal gemaak is om sodanige artikels te bevat;
- (20) materiaal of vervaardigde artikels oprol;
- (21) afknipwerk doen;
- (22) toue insit, stringe knoop, spantoue knoop;
- (23) pale en tentkappe verf; houtte vir tentpale beits;
- (24) ogies met die hand of 'n masjien inslaan, mits die posisie daarvan vooraf aangedui is;
- (25) metaalpuntjies met of sonder ogies en/of drukknopies op webuitrusting vasklamp;
- (26) draadhake in ventilasiepype en/of watersakhandvatsels insit; wasters insit;
- (27) seildoek verf, indoop, olie of borsel om dit waterdig te maak; seildoek finaal afwerk en/of stryk;
- (28) gate in mure of lateie onder toesig boor of slaan;

- (29) cutting rope and webbing to set measurement; cutting off treads;
- (30) whipping ends of ropes;
- (31) covering metal supports or brackets for awnings;
- (32) closing bales; marking and wrapping packages;
- (33) filling batteries with distilled water;
- (34) sorting rags or waste material;
- (35) turning the handle of a hand operated machine;
- (36) folding, unrolling and laying out;
- (37) mending sacks by hand;
- (38) preparing articles for waterproofing by applying solution on such articles;
- and the terms "male labourer" and "female labourer" shall be construed accordingly;
- "layer-up" means an employee engaged in laying up material preparatory to cutting and/or who sorts from the cut lay;
- "leaser and stripper" means an employee engaged in either lacing nets onto rods in preparation for stretching and autoclaving, or engaged in separating strips of netting from full panels off net looms;
- "leaser and stripper, qualified" means a leaser and stripper who has had not less than eighteen months' experience;
- "leaser and stripper, unqualified" means a leaser and stripper who has had less than eighteen months' experience;
- "machine handyman" means an employee who is engaged in making minor repairs or adjustments to machinery or equipment used directly in the manufacture of products of an establishment but does not do work normally performed by an artisan;
- "machine operator/attendant" means an employee who operates, attends to the production of, and starts and stops a power-driven machine by which material is processed;
- "machine operator/attendant, qualified", means a machine operator/attendant who has had not less than two years' experience;
- "machine operator/attendant, unqualified", means a machine operator/attendant who has had less than two years' experience;
- "needle-filler" means an employee engaged in filling of net braiding needles with twine or braid for the purpose of hand-braiding nets;
- "net cutter" means an employee engaged in cutting of panels of netting to size from specifications in preparation for the handling of nets by trawl workers;
- "net cutter, qualified," means a net cutter who has had not less than two years' experience;
- "net cutter, unqualified," means a net cutter who has had less than two years' experience;
- "net examiner" means an employee engaged in repairing of nets from net looms or stretching machine at points marked by net inspectors;
- "net examiner, qualified," means a net examiner who has had not less than two years' experience;
- "net examiner, unqualified," means a net examiner who has had less than two years' experience;
- "packer" means an employee engaged in making up orders and/or packing goods for storage or despatch;
- "piece-work or task-work" means any system under which an employee's remuneration is based upon the quantity or output of work done;
- "rigger" means an employee engaged in seaming, preparing of ropes and rigging of trawl nets and/or seaming net floats and net leads onto purse-seine nets;
- "rigger, qualified," means a rigger who has had not less than two years' experience;
- "rigger, unqualified," means a rigger who has had less than two years' experience;
- "Second New Year's Day" means the day immediately following the day on which New Year's Day falls in terms of the Public Holidays Act: Provided that where in any year New Year's Day falls on a Saturday, Second New Year's Day shall be observed on the subsequent Monday;
- "short-time" means a temporary reduction in the number of ordinary hours of work due to slackness of trade, shortage of raw materials or railway trucks, vagaries of the weather or a general breakdown of plant or machinery or a threatened breakdown of buildings caused by accident or other unforeseen emergency;
- "storeman" means an employee who is in general charge of stocks of incoming goods or finished or partly finished products and who is responsible for receiving, storing, packing or unpacking goods in a store or warehouse or delivering goods from a store or warehouse to the consuming departments in an establishment or for despatch;
- "storeman, qualified," means a storeman who has had not less than two years' experience;

- (29) tou en web volgens vaste afmetings sny; rafels afsny;
- (30) ente van toue omwoel;
- (31) metaalstutte of -steune vir sonskerms oortrek;
- (32) bale toemaak; pakette merk en toedraai;
- (33) batterye met gedistilleerde water vul;
- (34) lappe of afvalmateriaal sorteer;
- (35) die handvatsel van 'n handmasjien draai;
- (36) vou, uitrol en uitlê;
- (37) sakke met die hand heelmaak;
- (38) artikels vir waterdigting gereed maak deur rubberlym daaraan te smeer;
- en die uitdrukkings „arbeider, manlik,” en „arbeider, vroulik,” moet dienooreenkomstig vertolk word;
- „laemaker” ’n werknemer wat materiaal in lae rangskik om gesny te word en/of wat dele uit die gesnyde lae sorteer;
- „skikker en stroper” ’n werknemer wat of nette aan stawe vasryg ter voorbereiding vir trekking en outoklawing of die netstroke skei van die volle bane wat van die netweefstoestelle af kom;
- „skikker en stroper, gekwalifiseer,” ’n skikker en stroper met minstens agtien maande ondervinding;
- „skikker en stroper, ongekwalifiseer,” ’n skikker en stroper met minder as agtien maande ondervinding;
- „masjienfaktotum” ’n werknemer wat klein herstelwerk verrig of regstellings aanbring aan masjienerie of uitrusting wat regstreeks by die vervaardiging van die produkte van ’n bedryfsinrigting gebruik word maar wat nie die werk doen wat gewoonlik deur ’n ambagsman verrig word nie;
- „masjienbediener-versorger” ’n werknemer wat ’n kragaan-gedrewe masjien bedien waarmee materiaal geprosesseer word, die produksie daarvan versorg en die masjien aan- en afskakel;
- „masjienbediener-versorger, gekwalifiseer,” ’n masjienbediener-versorger met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;
- „masjienbediener-versorger, ongekwalifiseer,” ’n masjienbediener-versorger met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;
- „naaldvuller” ’n werknemer wat netvlegnaalde met twyn of galon vul ten einde nette met die hand te vleg;
- „netsnyer” ’n werknemer wat netbane volgens grootte van spesifikasies af sny ter voorbereiding vir die hantering van nette deur treilwerkers;
- „netsnyer, gekwalifiseer,” ’n netsnyer met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;
- „netsnyer, ongekwalifiseer,” ’n netsnyer met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;
- „netondersoeker” ’n werknemer wat die nette wat van die netweefstoestelle of die rekmasjien af kom, herstel op plekke wat deur die netinspekteurs aangedui word;
- „netondersoeker, gekwalifiseer,” ’n netondersoeker met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;
- „netondersoeker, ongekwalifiseer,” ’n netondersoeker met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;
- „verpakker” ’n werknemer wat bestellings opmaak en/of goedere vir opberging of versending verpak;
- „stukwerk of taakwerk” ’n stelsel waarvolgens ’n werknemer se besoldiging gebaseer word op die hoeveelheid werk gedoen of die produksie gelewer;
- „takelaar” ’n werknemer wat soomwerk verrig, toue gereed maak en treilnette takel en/of dobbers en lood aan saknette vaswerk;
- „takelaar, gekwalifiseer,” ’n takelaar met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;
- „takelaar, ongekwalifiseer,” ’n takelaar met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;
- „Tweede Nuwerjaarsdag” die dag wat onmiddellik volg op die dag waarop Nuwejaarsdag val ooreenkomstig die Wet op Openbare Feesdae: Met dien verstande dat wanneer Nuwejaarsdag ook al op ’n Saterdag val, Tweede Nuwejaarsdag op die daaropvolgende Maandag nagekom moet word;
- „korttyd” ’n tydelike vermindering in die getal gewone werkure weens ’n handelslapte, ’n tekort aan grondstowwe of spoorweg-trokke, wisselvalligheid van die weer of ’n algemene onklaar-making van installasie of masjinerie of ’n dreigende ineenstorting van geboue veroorsaak deur ’n ongeluk of ’n ander onvoorsiene noodgeval;
- „magasynmeester” ’n werknemer wat oor die algemeen beheer uitoefen oor voorrade inkomende goedere of afgewerkte of deels afgewerkte produkte en wat verantwoordelik is vir die ontvang, berg, verpak of uitpak van goedere in ’n magasyn of die aflewering van goedere in ’n magasyn aan die verbruiksafdelings in ’n bedryfsinrigting of vir versending;
- „magasynmeester, gekwalifiseer” ’n magasynmeester met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;

"storeman, unqualified," means a storeman who has had less than two years' experience;

"supervisor" means an employee who carries responsibility for the correct and efficient execution of the work entrusted to his or her care in a factory or a department of a factory;

"trawl worker" means an employee engaged in shaping and stitching together sections of netting to complete a trawl net to preparation stage for riggers;

"trawl worker, qualified," means a trawl worker who has had not less than two years' experience;

"trawl worker, unqualified," means a trawl worker who has had less than two years' experience;

"unladen mass" means the mass of any motor vehicle or trailer as recorded in a licence or certificate issued in respect of such motor vehicle or trailer by any authority empowered by law to issue licences in respect of motor vehicles;

"wage" means the amount of money payable to an employee in respect of the ordinary hours of work laid down in clause 6 (1) and (2): Provided that, if an employer regularly pays an employee in respect of such ordinary hours of work an amount higher than that prescribed in clause 4 (1), it means such higher amount;

"winder" means an employee engaged in operating a machine that winds yarn twine or braid onto bobbins;

"winder, qualified" means a winder who has had not less than eighteen months' experience;

"winder, unqualified" means a winder who has had less than eighteen months' experience.

In classifying an employee for the purposes of this Agreement he shall be deemed to be in that class in which he is wholly or mainly engaged.

4. WAGES

(1) Subject to the provisions of clause 5 (6) the minimum weekly wage that shall be paid to the undermentioned classes of employees shall be as follows:

(a) *Employees other than casual employees:*

	Wages per week	
	Period Ending 31/12/80	There- after
	R	R
Foreman.....	74,20	81,51
Assistant foreman.....	59,28	65,21
Blindhanger, qualified.....	50,50	55,55
Blindhanger, unqualified—		
during first six months of experience.....	30,93	34,02
during second six months of experience.....	34,92	38,41
during third six months of experience.....	38,43	42,27
during fourth six months of experience.....	41,90	46,09
Male cutter, qualified.....	50,50	55,55
Male cutter, unqualified—		
during first six months of experience.....	30,93	34,02
during second six months of experience.....	34,92	38,41
during third six months of experience.....	38,43	42,27
during fourth six months of experience.....	41,90	46,09
Female cutter, qualified.....	41,72	45,89
Female cutter, unqualified—		
during first six months of experience.....	25,00	27,50
during second six months of experience.....	28,00	30,80
during third six months of experience.....	31,00	34,10
during fourth six months of experience.....	34,00	37,40
Driver of a motor vehicle, the unladen mass of which—		
(a) does not exceed 454 kg.....	31,40	36,00
(b) exceeds 454 kg but not 2 722 kg.....	33,40	38,00
(c) exceeds 2 722 kg.....	45,33	49,86
General assistant, qualified.....	38,41	42,25
General assistant, unqualified—		
during first six months of experience.....	29,26	32,18
during second six months of experience.....	32,13	35,34
during third six months of experience.....	33,85	37,23
during fourth six months of experience.....	37,29	41,01
Male layer-up.....	31,40	36,00
Female layer-up.....	27,40	30,14
Machine operator/attendant, male, qualified.....	34,02	37,42
Machine operator/attendant, male, unqualified—		
during first six months of experience.....	28,10	30,91
during second six months of experience.....	29,83	32,92
during third six months of experience.....	30,98	34,07
during fourth six months of experience.....	33,28	36,60

„magasynmeester, ongekwalifiseer,” ’n magasynmeester met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;

„toesighouer” ’n werknemer wat die verantwoordelikheid dra vir die korrekte en doeltreffende uitvoering van die werk wat aan sy of haar sorg toevertrou is in ’n fabriek of ’n afdeling van ’n fabriek;

„treilwerker” ’n werknemer wat stukke net bymekaarvoeg en aan mekaar vaswerk ten einde ’n treilnet vir die voorbereidingsstadium vir takelaars te voltooi;

„treilwerker, gekwalifiseer,” ’n treilwerker met minstens twee jaar ondervinding;

„treilwerker, ongekwalifiseer,” ’n treilwerker met minder as twee jaar ondervinding;

„onbelaste massa” die massa van ’n motorvoertuig of sleepwa soos vermeld op ’n lisensie of sertifikaat wat ten opsigte van so ’n motorvoertuig of sleepwa uitgereik is deur ’n owerheid wat regtens bevoeg is om lisensies ten opsigte van motorvoertuie uit te reik;

„loon” die bedrag geld wat aan ’n werknemer betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die gewone werkure voorgeskryf in klousule 6 (1) en (2): Met dien verstande dat indien ’n werkgewer ’n werknemer gewoonlik ’n hoër loon ten opsigte van sodanige gewone werkure betaal as dié voorgeskryf in klousule 4 (1), dit so ’n hoër bedrag beteken;

„wikkelaar” ’n werknemer wat ’n masjien bedien wat garing-twyn of galon aan tolle wikkelt;

„wikkelaar, gekwalifiseer,” ’n wikkelaar met minstens agtien maande ondervinding;

„wikkelaar, ongekwalifiseer,” ’n wikkelaar met minder as agtien maande ondervinding.

Wanneer ’n werknemer vir die toepassing van hierdie Ooreenkoms geklassifiseer word, word hy geag in dié klas te wees waarin hy uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik in diens is.

4. LONE

(1) Behoudens klousule 5 (6), moet die volgende minimum weekloon aan ondergenoemde klasse werknemers betaal word:

(a) *Werknemers, uitgesonderd los werknemers:*

	Lone per Week	
	Tydsperk wat op 31/12/80 eindig	Daarna
	R	R
Voorman.....	74,20	81,51
Assistent-voorman.....	59,28	65,21
Blindinghanger, gekwalifiseer.....	50,50	55,55
Blindinghanger, ongekwalifiseer—		
gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding....	30,93	34,02
gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding....	34,92	38,41
gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding....	38,43	42,27
gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding....	41,90	46,09
Snyer, man, gekwalifiseer.....	50,50	55,55
Snyer, man, ongekwalifiseer—		
gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding....	30,93	34,02
gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding....	34,92	38,41
gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding....	38,43	42,27
gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding....	41,90	46,09
Snyer, vrou, gekwalifiseer.....	41,72	45,89
Snyer, vrou, ongekwalifiseer—		
gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding....	25,00	27,50
gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding....	28,00	30,80
gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding....	31,00	34,10
gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding....	34,00	37,40
Drywer van ’n motorvoertuig met ’n onbelaste massa van—		
(a) hoogstens 454 kg.....	31,40	36,00
(b) meer as 454 kg maar hoogstens 2 722 kg.....	33,40	38,00
(c) meer as 2 722 kg.....	34,33	49,86
Algemene assistent, gekwalifiseer.....	38,41	42,25
Algemene assistent, ongekwalifiseer—		
gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding....	29,26	32,18
gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding....	32,13	35,34
gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding....	33,85	37,23
gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding....	37,29	41,01
Laemaker, man.....	31,40	36,00
Laemaker, vrou.....	27,40	30,14
Masjienbediener/versorger, man, gekwalifiseer.....	34,02	37,42
Masjienbediener/versorger, man, ongekwalifiseer—		
gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding....	28,10	30,91
gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding....	29,83	32,92
gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding....	30,98	34,07
gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding....	33,28	36,60

	Wages per week		Lone per Week	
	Ending 31/12/80 R	There- after R	Tydsperk wat op 31/12/80 eindig R	Daarna R
Machine operator/attendant, female, qualified...	31,50	34,65	Masjienbediener/-versorger, vrou, gekwalifiseer	31,50 34,65
Machine operator/attendant, female, unqual- ified—			Masjienbediener/-versorger, vrou, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	24,66	27,12	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	24,66 27,12
during second six months of experience	26,96	29,65	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	26,96 29,65
during third six months of experience	29,26	32,18	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	29,26 32,18
during fourth six months of experience	30,98	34,07	gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding	30,98 34,07
Needle filler	17,50	19,25	Naaldevuller	17,50 19,25
Supervisor	43,61	47,97	Toesighouer	43,61 47,97
Female labourer	25,00	27,50	Arbeider, vrou	25,00 27,50
Male labourer	30,00	35,00	Arbeider, man	30,00 35,00
Male packer	31,40	36,00	Verpakker, man	31,40 36,00
Female packer	27,40	30,14	Verpakker, vrou	27,40 30,14
Storeman, qualified	51,59	56,75	Magasynmeester, gekwalifiseer	51,59 56,75
Storeman, unqualified—			Magasynmeester, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	30,93	34,02	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	30,93 34,02
during second six months of experience	34,92	38,41	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	34,92 38,41
during third six months of experience	38,42	42,26	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	38,42 42,26
during fourth six months of experience	41,91	46,10	gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding	41,91 46,10
Hand braider, qualified	28,00	30,80	Handvlegter, gekwalifiseer	28,00 30,80
Hand braider, unqualified—			Handvlegter, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	18,00	19,80	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	18,00 19,80
during second six months of experience	20,00	22,00	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	20,00 22,00
during third six months of experience	22,00	24,20	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	22,00 24,20
during fourth six months of experience	24,00	26,40	gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding	24,00 26,40
Hanker, qualified	24,00	26,40	Henkopiesmaker, gekwalifiseer	24,00 26,40
Hanker, unqualified—			Henkopiesmaker, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	18,00	19,80	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	18,00 19,80
during second six months of experience	20,00	22,00	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	20,00 22,00
during third six months of experience	22,00	24,20	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	22,00 24,20
Winder, qualified	26,00	28,60	Wikkelaar, gekwalifiseer	26,00 28,60
Winder, unqualified—			Wikkelaar, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	20,00	22,00	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	20,00 22,00
during second six months of experience	22,00	24,20	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	22,00 24,20
during third six months of experience	24,00	26,40	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	24,00 26,40
Trawl worker, qualified	34,00	37,40	Treilwerker, gekwalifiseer	34,00 37,40
Trawl worker, unqualified—			Treilwerker, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	24,00	26,40	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	24,00 26,40
during second six months of experience	26,00	28,60	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	26,00 28,60
during third six months of experience	28,00	30,80	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	28,00 30,80
during fourth six months of experience	30,00	33,00	gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding...	30,00 33,00
Rigger, qualified	54,00	59,40	Takelaar, gekwalifiseer	54,00 59,40
Rigger, unqualified—			Takelaar, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	36,00	39,60	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	36,00 39,60
during second six months of experience	38,00	41,80	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	38,00 41,80
during third six months of experience	40,00	44,00	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	40,00 44,00
during fourth six months of experience	44,00	48,40	gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding...	44,00 48,40
Net cutter, qualified	38,50	42,35	Netsnyer, gekwalifiseer	38,50 42,35
Net cutter, unqualified—			Netsnyer, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	26,00	28,60	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	26,00 28,60
during second six months of experience	28,00	30,80	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	28,00 30,80
during third six months of experience	30,00	33,00	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	30,00 33,00
during fourth six months of experience	33,50	36,85	gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding...	33,50 36,85
Leaser and stripper, qualified	24,00	26,40	Skikker en stroper, gekwalifiseer	24,00 26,40
Leaser and stripper, unqualified—			Skikker en stroper, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	18,00	19,80	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	18,00 19,80
during second six months of experience	20,00	22,00	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	20,00 22,00
during third six months of experience	22,00	24,20	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	22,00 24,20
Net examiner, qualified	30,00	33,00	Netondersoeker, gekwalifiseer	30,00 33,00
Net examiner, unqualified—			Netondersoeker, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	20,00	22,00	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	20,00 22,00
during second six months of experience	22,00	24,20	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	22,00 24,20
during third six months of experience	24,00	26,40	gedurende derde ses maande ondervinding	24,00 26,40
during fourth six months of experience	26,00	28,60	gedurende vierde ses maande ondervinding...	26,00 28,60
Boiler attendant	40,00	44,00	Ketelbediener	40,00 44,00
Clerk, qualified	51,59	56,74	Klerk, gekwalifiseer	51,59 56,74
Clerk, unqualified—			Klerk, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first 12 months of experience	42,23	46,45	gedurende eerste 12 maande ondervinding	42,23 46,45
during second 12 months of experience	46,38	51,01	gedurende tweede 12 maande ondervinding ...	46,38 51,01
Machine handyman	46,00	50,60	Masjienfaktotum	46,00 50,60
Factory clerk, qualified	38,40	42,24	Fabrieksklerk, gekwalifiseer	38,40 42,24
Factory clerk, unqualified—			Fabrieksklerk, ongekwalifiseer—	
during first six months of experience	34,00	37,40	gedurende eerste ses maande ondervinding	34,00 37,40
during second six months of experience	36,20	39,82	gedurende tweede ses maande ondervinding...	36,20 39,82

(b) A labourer engaged in removing, emptying, cleaning or replacing sanitary pails shall be paid the sum of 25 cents per week in addition to the weekly wage prescribed for a labourer.

(c) *Casual employees.*—For each day or part of a day of employment, one fifth of the highest weekly wage prescribed for an

(b) 'n Arbeider wat sanitêre emmers verwyder, leegmaak, skoonmaak of vervang, moet 25c per week betaal word benewens die weekloon vir 'n arbeider voorgeskryf.

(c) *Los werknemer.*—Vir elke dag of gedeelte van 'n dag diens, een vyfde van die hoogste weekloon voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer

employee performing the same class of work as the casual employee is required to perform.

2. (a) Every employer shall as from the date of coming into operation of this agreement grant to each employee in his employ as at 31 December 1979 an increase in wages of not less than 10 per cent of the minimum wage laid down for the period ending 31 December 1979 for such employee.
- (b) The provisions of subclause (a) shall not apply in the case of an employee who received an increase in wages during the period 1 December 1979 to 31 December 1979.
- (c) Every employer shall as from 1 January 1981 grant to each employee in his employ as at 31 December 1980 an increase in wages of not less than 10 per cent of the minimum wage laid down for the period ending 31 December 1980 for such employee.

(3) *Basis of contract.*—For the purposes of this clause the basis of contract of employment of an employee, other than a casual employee, shall be weekly and save as provided in subclause (4) and in clause 5 (6) an employee shall be paid in respect of a week not less than the full weekly wage prescribed in subclause (1) for an employee of his class whether he has in that week worked the maximum number or ordinary hours prescribed in clause 6 (1) and (2) or less.

(4) *Differential wages.*—An employer who requires or permits a member of one class of his employees other than a labourer to perform for longer than one hour in the aggregate on any day and an employer who requires or permits his labourer to perform for any period on any day either in addition to his own work or in substitution therefore, work of another class for which either—

- (a) a wage higher than that of his own class; or
- (b) a rising scale of wages terminating in a wage higher than that of his own class;

is prescribed in subclause (1), shall pay to such employee a wage for all the ordinary hours of work of the factory on that day—

- (i) in the case referred to in paragraph (a), at a rate for each hour equal to the higher weekly wage divided by the number of ordinary hours worked by such employee in a week;
- (ii) in the case referred to in paragraph (b), at the rate for each hour equal to the weekly wage prescribed in subclause (1) for an employee of his class, plus 30 per cent divided by the number of ordinary hours worked by such employee in a week: Provided that such employee shall not be entitled to an aggregate amount in respect of the day on which he performs such work greater than the amount that would have accrued to a qualified employee in such higher class at the rate of wage prescribed for him in subclause (1):

Provided that where the sole difference between classes is, in terms of subclause (1), based on experience, sex or age, the provisions of this subclause shall not apply.

(5) *Bicycle allowance.*—An employer who requires an employee to use his own bicycle in the performance of his duties shall in addition to the wage prescribed in subclause (1) for an employee of his class pay to him—

- (a) in the case of an employee, other than a casual employee, not less than 25c per week;
- (b) in the case of a casual employee, not less than 5c per day.

(6) *Calculation of monthly wage.*—Whenever the wage due to an employee is, in terms of clause 5 (1) paid monthly, the amount of such wage shall be calculated at the rate of four and one third times his weekly wage.

5. PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION

(1) *Employees other than casual employees.*—Save as provided in clause 7 (3), any amount due to an employee, other than a casual employee, shall be paid in cash weekly or, with the consent of the employee, in cash or by cheque monthly during the hours of work on the usual pay-day of the establishment for such employee or on termination of employment if this takes place before the usual pay-day, and such amount shall be contained in an envelope or container, on which shall be recorded or which shall be accompanied by a statement showing—

- (a) the employer's name;
- (b) the employee's name or pay-roll number and occupation;
- (c) the number of ordinary hours of work worked by the employee;
- (d) the number of overtime hours worked by the employee;
- (e) the employee's wage;
- (f) the details of any other remuneration arising out of the employee's employment;
- (g) the details of any deductions made;
- (h) the actual amount paid to the employee; and
- (i) the period in respect of which payment is made;

and such envelope or container on which these particulars are recorded or such statement shall become the property of the employee.

wat dieselfde klas werk verrig as wat daar van die los werknemer vereis word om te verrig.

2. (a) Alle werkgewers moet vanaf 1 Januarie 1980 aan elke werknemer in hul diens op 31 Desember 1979 'n loonsverhoging toestaan van minstens 10 persent van die minimum loon soos vir die tydperk eindigende 31 Desember 1979 vir dié werknemer voorgeskryf.

(b) Subklousule (a) is nie van toepassing in die geval van 'n werknemer wat gedurende die tydperk 1 Desember 1979 tot 31 Desember 1979 'n loonsverhoging ontvang het nie.

- (c) Alle werkgewers moet vanaf 1 Januarie 1981 aan elke werknemer in hul diens op 31 Desember 1980 'n loonsverhoging toestaan van minstens 10 persent van die minimum loon soos vir die tydperk eindigende 31 Desember 1980 vir dié werknemer voorgeskryf.

(3) *Kontrakbasis.*—Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule, is die dienskontrakbasis van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, weekliks en behoudens subklousule (4) en klousule 5 (6), moet 'n werknemer ten opsigte van 'n week minstens die volle weekloon betaal word wat in subklousule (1) voorgeskryf word vir 'n werknemer van sy klas, afgesien daarvan of hy in daardie week die maksimum getal gewone werkure voorgeskryf in klousule 6 (1) en (2) of minder gewerk het.

(4) *Differensiële loon.*—'n Werkgever wat van 'n lid van een klas van sy werknemers, uitgesonderd 'n arbeider, vereis of hom toelaat om langer as altesaam een uur op 'n dag, en 'n werkgever wat van 'n arbeider vereis of hom toelaat om vir enige tydperk op 'n bepaalde dag, hetsy benewens sy eie werk of in plaas daarvan, werk van 'n ander klas te verrig waarvoor of—

- (a) 'n hoër loon as dié van sy eie klas; of
- (b) 'n stygende loonskaal wat uitloop op 'n loon hoër as dié van sy eie klas;

in subklousule (1) voorgeskryf word, moet so 'n werknemer die volgende loon betaal ten opsigte van, al die gewone werkure van die fabriek op daardie dag:

- (i) In die geval bedoel in paragraaf (a), 'n uurloon wat gelyk is aan die hoër weekloon gedeel deur die getal gewone ure wat so 'n werknemer in 'n week werk;

- (ii) in die geval bedoel in paragraaf (b), 'n uurloon wat gelyk is aan die weekloon wat in subklousule (1) voorgeskryf word vir 'n werknemer van sy klas, plus 30 persent gedeel deur die getal gewone werkure van so 'n werknemer in 'n week: Met dien verstande dat so 'n werknemer ten opsigte van die dag waarop hy dié werk verrig, nie geregtig is nie op 'n totale bedrag wat groter is as die bedrag wat aan 'n gekwalifiseerde werknemer in so 'n hoër klas verskuldig sou wees teen 'n loonskaal wat vir hom in subklousule (1) voorgeskryf word:

Met dien verstande dat waar die enigste verskil tussen klasse ooreenkomstig subklousule (1) op ondervinding, geslag of ouderdom gebaseer is, hierdie subklousule nie van toepassing is nie.

(5) *Fietstoelae.*—'n Werkgever wat van 'n werknemer vereis om sy eie fiets te gebruik vir die uitvoering van sy pligte, moet hom, benewens die loon voorgeskryf in subklousule (1) vir 'n werknemer van sy klas, die volgende betaal:

- (a) In die geval van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, minstens 25c per week;
- (b) in die geval van 'n los werknemer, minstens 5c per dag.

(6) *Berekening van maandloon.*—Wanneer die loon wat aan 'n werknemer verskuldig is, ingevolge klousule 5 (1), maandeliks betaal word, moet dié loon bereken word teen vier en een-derde maal sy weekloon.

5. BETALING VAN BESOLDIGING

(1) *Werknemers, uitgesonderd los werknemers.*—Behoudens klousule 7 (3), moet alle bedrae wat aan 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, verskuldig is, weekliks in kontant betaal word of, met die goedkeuring van die werknemer, maandeliks in kontant of per tjek betaal word gedurende die werkure op die gewone betaaldag van die bedryfsinrigting sover dit dié werknemer aangaan, of by diensbeëindiging indien dit voor die gewone betaaldag geskied, en dié bedrag moet in 'n koevert of houer wees waarop die volgende vermeld moet word of wat vergesel moet gaan van 'n staat wat die volgende toon:

- (a) Die werkgewer se naam;
- (b) die werknemer se naam of betaalstaatsnommer en beroep;
- (c) die getal gewone werkure wat die werknemer gewerk het;
- (d) die getal oortydure wat die werknemer gewerk het;
- (e) die werknemer se loon;
- (f) besonderhede van enige ander besoldiging wat uit die werknemer se diens voortspruit;
- (g) besonderhede van alle bedrae wat afgetrek is;
- (h) die werklike bedrag wat aan die werknemer betaal is; en
- (i) die tydperk ten opsigte waarvan die betaling geskied;

en so 'n koevert of houer waarop hierdie besonderhede verskyn of so 'n staat word die eiendom van die werknemer.

(2) *Casual employee.*—An employer shall pay the remuneration due to his casual employee in cash on termination of his employment.

(3) *Premiums.*—No payment shall be made to or accepted by an employer, either directly or indirectly, in respect of the employment or training of an employee: Provided that this provision shall not apply in respect of a training scheme to which the employer is legally required to contribute.

(4) *Purchase of goods.*—An employer shall not require his employee to purchase any goods from him or from any shop or person nominated by him.

(5) *Board and lodging.*—Save as provided in the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, 1945, an employer shall not require his employee to board and/or lodge with him or with any person or at any place nominated by him.

(6) *Fines and deductions.*—An employer shall not levy any fines against his employee nor shall he make any deductions from his employee's remuneration other than the following:

- (a) With the written consent of his employee a deduction for holiday, sick, insurance, savings, provident or pension funds: Provided that in case of a deduction for sick or provident funds in terms of the second proviso to clause 8 (1), the written consent of the employee need not be obtained;
- (b) except where otherwise provided for in this Agreement, whenever an employee is not at work and such absence is not on the instructions or at the request of his employer, a deduction proportionate to the period of his absence calculated on the basis of the weekly wage which such employee was receiving in respect of his ordinary hours of work at the time thereof;
- (c) deduction of any amount which an employer is legally or by order of any competent court required or permitted to make;
- (d) when an employee agrees or is required in terms of the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, 1945, to accept board and/or lodging from his employer, a deduction not exceeding the amounts specified hereunder:

	Per week	Per month
	R	R
Board	0,40	1,73
Lodging	0,20	0,87
Board and lodging	0,60	2,60

- (e) deductions for Council funds in terms of clause 19 hereof;
- (f) whenever the ordinary hours of work prescribed in clause 6 are reduced on account of short-time, a deduction in respect of each hour of such reduction of the employee's weekly wage divided by the number of ordinary hours worked by such employee in a week: Provided that no deduction shall be made—
 - (i) in the case of short-time arising out of a temporary slackness of trade or shortage of raw material or railway trucks, unless the employer has given his employee not less than 24 hours' notice of his intention so to reduce the ordinary hours of work;
 - (ii) in the case of short-time arising out of the vagaries of the weather or a general breakdown of plant or machinery or a threatened breakdown of buildings due to accident or other unforeseen emergency in respect of the first hour not worked, unless the employer has given his employee notice on the previous day that no work will be available.

6. HOURS OF WORK, ORDINARY AND OVERTIME AND PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME

(1) *Ordinary hours of work.*—The ordinary hours of work of an employee, other than a casual employee, shall not exceed—

- (a) 44 in any week from Monday to Friday inclusive;
 - (b) eight hours 48 minutes on any day.
- (2) The ordinary hours of work of a casual employee shall not exceed eight hours 48 minutes on any day.

(3) *Meal intervals.*—An employer shall not require or permit his employee to work for more than five hours continuously without an interval of not less than one hour during which no work shall be performed and such interval shall not be deemed to be part of the ordinary hours of work or overtime: Provided that—

- (i) if such interval be for longer than one hour, any period in excess of one and a quarter hours shall be deemed to be ordinary hours of work;
- (ii) periods of work interrupted by an interval of less than one hour shall be deemed to be continuous.

(4) *Rest intervals.*—An employer shall grant to each of his employees a rest interval of not less than 10 minutes at as nearly as practicable—

- (a) in the middle of each first work period in a day; and
 - (b) in the middle of each second work period in a day;
- during which an employee shall not be required or permitted to

(2) *Los werknemer.*—'n Werknemer moet die besoldiging wat aan sy los werknemer verskuldig is, in kontant betal by beëindiging van sy diens.

(3) *Premies.*—Geen bedrag mag regstreeks of onregstreeks aan 'n werkgewer betaal of deur hom ontvang word ten opsigte van die indiensneming of opleiding van 'n werknemer nie: Met dien verstande dat hierdie bepaling nie van toepassing is ten opsigte van 'n opleidingskema waartoe die werkgewer regtens moet bydra nie.

(4) *Koop van goedere.*—'n Werkgewer mag nie van sy werknemer vereis om enigiets van hom of van 'n winkel of persoon wat deur hom aangewys is, te koop nie.

(5) *Kos en inwoning.*—Behoudens die Swartes (Stadsgebiede) Konsolidasiewet, 1945, mag 'n werkgewer nie van sy werknemer vereis om by hom of by enigeen of by 'n plek deur hom aangewys, te eet en/of in te woon nie.

(6) *Boetes en aftrekkings.*—'n Werkgewer mag sy werknemer geen boetes ople of bedrae van sy werknemers se besoldiging aftrek nie, uitgesonderd die volgende:

- (a) Met die skriftelike toestemming van sy werknemer, 'n bedrag vir vakansie-, siekte-, versekerings-, spaar-, voorsorg- of pensioenfondse: Met dien verstande dat in die geval van 'n aftrekking vir siekte- of voorsorgfondse ingevolge die tweede voorbehoudsbepaling van kousule 8 (1), die skriftelike toestemming van die werknemer nie verkry hoef te word nie;
- (b) behoudens andersluidende bepalings in hierdie Ooreenkomst, wanneer 'n werknemer van die werk af wegbly, anders as op las of versoek van sy werkgewer, 'n bedrag in verhouding tot die tydperk van sy afwesigheid, bereken op die grondslag van die weekloon wat die werknemer daardie tyd ten opsigte van sy gewone werkure ontvang het;
- (c) 'n bedrag wat 'n werkgewer regtens of op bevel van 'n bevoegde hof moet of mag aftrek;
- (d) waar 'n werknemer ingevolge die Swartes (Stadsgebiede) Konsolidasiewet, 1945, instem of daar van hom vereis word om kos en/of inwoning van sy werkgewer te aanvaar, 'n bedrag van hoogstens die volgende:

	Per week	Per maand
	R	R
Kos	0,40	1,73
Inwoning	0,20	0,87
Kos en inwoning	0,60	2,60

- (e) bedrae vir die Raad se fondse ingevolge kousule 18 hiervan;
- (f) wanneer die gewone werkure voorgeskryf in kousule 6 verminder word weens korttyd, 'n bedrag ten opsigte van elke uur van dié vermindering van die werknemer se weekloon gedeel deur die getal gewone werkure van so 'n werknemer in 'n week: Met dien verstande dat geen bedrag afgetrek mag word nie—
 - (i) in die geval van korttyd weens 'n tydelike handelslapte of 'n tekort aan grondstowwe of spoorwegtrokke, tensy die werkgewer sy werknemer minstens 24 uur kennis gegee het van sy voorneme om die gewone werkure aldus te verminder;
 - (ii) in die geval van korttyd weens die wisselvalligheid van die weer of 'n algemene onklaarraking van installasies of masjinerie of 'n dreigende ineenstorting van geboue weens 'n ongeluk of ander onvoorsiene noodtoestand ten opsigte van die eerste uur wat nie gewerk is nie, tensy die werkgewer sy werknemer op die vorige dag kennis gegee het dat geen werk beskikbaar sal wees nie.

6. GEWONE WERKURE, GEWONE EN OORTYD EN BETALING VIR OORTYD

(1) *Gewone werkure.*—Die gewone werkure van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, mag hoogstens die volgende wees:

- (a) 44 in 'n week van Maandag tot en met Vrydag;
 - (b) agt uur 48 minute op 'n bepaalde dag.
- (2) Die gewone werkure van 'n los werknemer mag nie agt uur 48 minute op 'n bepaalde dag te bowe gaan nie.

(3) *Etenspouses.*—'n Werkgewer mag nie van sy werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om meer as vyf uur aaneen te werk sonder 'n pouse van minstens een uur waarin geen werk verrig mag word nie, en so 'n pouse word nie geag deel van die gewone werkure of oortyd uit te maak nie: Met dien verstande dat—

- (i) as so 'n pouse langer as een uur duur, 'n tydperk van meer as een en 'n kwart uur geag word gewone werkure te wees;
- (ii) werktydperke onderbreek deur 'n pouse van minder as een uur geag word ononderbroke te wees.

(4) *Ruspouses.*—'n Werkgewer moet aan elkeen van sy werknemers 'n ruspouse toestaan van minstens 10 minute so na as moontlik—

- (a) aan die middel van elke eerste werktydperk op 'n dag; en
 - (b) aan die middel van elke tweede werktydperk op 'n dag;
- waarin daar nie van 'n werknemer vereis of hy nie toegelaat mag word

perform any work, and such interval shall be deemed to be part of the ordinary hours of work.

(5) *Hours of work to be consecutive.*—Save as provided in subclauses (3) and (4), all hours of work shall be consecutive.

(6) *Overtime.*—All time worked in excess of the number of hours prescribed in respect of a day or week in subclauses (1) and (2) shall be deemed to be overtime.

(7) *Limitation of overtime.*—An employer shall not require or permit his employee to work overtime for more than—

- (a) 10 hours in any week;
- (b) two hours on any day.

(8) *Female employees.*—An employer shall not require or permit a female employee—

- (a) to work between 18h00 and 06h00;
- (b) to work overtime for more than two hours on any day;
- (c) to work overtime on more than three consecutive days;
- (d) to work overtime on more than 60 days in any year;
- (e) to work overtime after completion of her ordinary hours of work for more than one hour on any day unless he has—
 - (i) before midday given notice thereof to such employee; or
 - (ii) provided such employee with an adequate meal before the commencement of such overtime; or
 - (iii) paid to such employee 25c in sufficient time to enable her to obtain a meal before such overtime is due to commence.

(9) *Payment for overtime.*—An employer shall pay an employee who works overtime at a rate of not less than—

- (a) in the case of a casual employee, one and a half times his ordinary wage in respect of the total period so worked by such employee on any day;
- (b) in the case of any other employee, one and a half times his ordinary wage in respect of the total period so worked by such employee in any week.

(10) *Savings.*—The provisions of subclauses (3), (4), (5) and (7) shall not apply to a male employee engaged on work necessitated by a breakdown of plant or machinery or other unforeseen emergency.

7. ANNUAL LEAVE

(1) Subject to the provisions of subclause (2), an employer shall grant to his employee, other than a casual employee, in respect of each completed year of employment with him two weeks', plus three work-days' consecutive leave on full pay.

(2) The leave referred to in subclause (1) shall be granted at a time to be fixed by the employer: Provided that—

- (i) if such leave has not been granted earlier it shall be granted within two months of the completion of the year of employment to which it relates; and further that an employer may by mutual arrangement grant the said leave to all his employees between 15 December in any year and the ensuing 14 January. In that event any employee who has not completed 12 months' continuous employment as at 15 December shall be paid in respect of each completed month of employment up to 15 December not less than one-fifth of the weekly remuneration which he was receiving immediately prior to the said 15 December, and if Day of the Covenant, Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day or Second New Year's Day falls within the period during which the establishment is closed for the annual holiday period, another day shall in substitution for each such day be added to the said period as a further period of leave on full pay, except where such day falls on a Saturday;
- (ii) the period of leave shall not be concurrent with sick leave granted in terms of clause 8 nor, unless the employee so requests and the employer agrees, in writing, with any period of military service performed in terms of the Defence Act, 1957;
- (iii) if any statutory public holiday or Second New Year's Day falls within the period of such leave, another work-day shall, for each such holiday, be added to the said period as a further period of leave and the employee shall be paid an amount of not less than his daily wage in respect of each such day added: Provided that should any statutory holiday or Second New Year's Day fall on a Saturday, the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply;
- (iv) an employer may set off against such period of leave any day's occasional leave granted on full pay to his employee at his employee's written request during the period of 12 months of employment to which the period of leave relates.

(3) *Leave remuneration.*—The remuneration in respect of annual leave referred to in subclause (1) shall be paid not later than the last work-day before the date of commencement of such leave.

(4) An employee whose contract of employment terminates in the first or any subsequent year of employment with the same employer

om werk te verrig nie, en dié pouse word geag deel van die gewone werkure uit te maak.

(5) *Werkure moet agtereenvolgend wees.*—Behoudens subklousules (3) en (4), moet alle werkure agtereenvolgend wees.

(6) *Oortyd.*—Alle tyd wat daar langer gewerk word as die getal ure in subklousules (1) en (2) voorgeskryf ten opsigte van 'n dag of week, word geag oortyd te wees.

(7) *Beperking van oortyd.*—'n Werkgewer mag nie van sy werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om langer oortyd te werk nie as—

- (a) 10 uur per week;
- (b) twee uur per dag.

(8) *Vroulike werknemers.*—'n Werkgewer mag nie van 'n vroulike werknemer vereis of haar toelaat om—

- (a) tussen 18h00 en 06h00 te werk nie;
- (b) meer as twee uur oortyd per dag te werk nie;
- (c) meer as drie agtereenvolgende dae oortyd te werk nie;
- (d) meer as 60 dae in 'n bepaalde jaar oortyd te werk nie;
- (e) oortyd te werk na voltooiing van haar gewone werkure vir meer as een uur per dag nie, tensy hy—

- (i) voor middag aan so 'n werknemer kennis daarvan gegee het; of
- (ii) 'n toereikende maaltyd aan so 'n werknemer verskaf het voor die begin van dié oortyd; of
- (iii) so 'n werknemer 25c betyds betaal het om haar in staat te stel om 'n ete te verkry voordat dié oortyd begin.

(9) *Oortydbetaling.*—'n Werkgewer moet 'n werknemer wat oortyd werk, teen minstens die volgende loonskaal betaal:

- (a) In die geval van 'n los werknemer, een en 'n half maal sy gewone loon ten opsigte van die totale tydperk wat dié werknemer aldus in 'n bepaalde dag gewerk het;
- (b) in die geval van 'n ander werknemer, een en 'n half maal sy gewone loon ten opsigte van die totale tydperk wat dié werknemer aldus in 'n bepaalde week gewerk het.

(10) *Voorbehoudsbepalings.*—Subklousules (3), (4), (5) en (7) is nie van toepassing nie op 'n manlike werknemer wat werk verrig wat genoodsaak is deur die onklaarraking van installasies of masjinerie of 'n ander onvoorsiene noodgeval.

7. JAARLIKSE VERLOF

(1) Behoudens subklousule (2), moet 'n werkgewer aan sy werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, ten opsigte van elke voltooide jaar diens by hom twee weke plus drie werkdae aaneenlopende verlof met volle besoldiging toestaan.

(2) Die verlof bedoel in subklousule (1) moet toegestaan word op 'n tyd wat die werkgewer bepaal: Met dien verstande dat—

- (i) as dié verlof nie vroeër toegestaan is nie, dit toegestaan moet word binne twee maande na die voltooiing van die diensjaar waarop dit betrekking het; en voorts dat 'n werkgewer onderling met sy werknemers kan ooreenkom om genoemde verlof tussen 15 Desember in 'n bepaalde jaar en die daaropvolgende 14 Januarie aan al sy werknemers toe te staan. In dié geval moet elke werknemer wat nie 'n ononderbroke diens tyd van 12 maande op 15 Desember voltooi het nie, besoldig word vir elke volle maand tot 15 Desember met minstens een vyfde van die weekloon wat hy onmiddellik voor genoemde 15 Desember ontvang het, en indien Geloftedag, Kersdag, Gesinsdag, Nuwejaarsdag of Tweede Nuwejaarsdag binne die tydperk val waarin die bedryfsinrigting vir die jaarlikse vakansietydperk gesluit is, moet nog 'n dag in plaas van elke sodanige dag gevoeg word by genoemde tydperk as 'n verdere verloftydperk met volle besoldiging, mits hierdie dae nie op 'n Saterdag val nie;
- (ii) die verloftydperk nie mag saamval nie met siekteverlof toegestaan kragtens klousule 8 of, tensy die werknemer dit versoek en die werkgewer skriftelik daartoe instem, met 'n tydperk van militêre diens wat ingevolge die Verdedigingswet, 1957, verrig word;
- (iii) indien 'n statutêre, openbare vakansiedag of Tweede Nuwejaarsdag binne die tydperk van sodanige verlof val, nog 'n werkdag vir elke sodanige vakansiedag by genoemde tydperk gevoeg moet word as 'n verdere verloftydperk en die werknemer 'n bedrag van minstens sy dagloon betaal moet word ten opsigte van elke sodanige dag wat bygevoeg word: Met dien verstande dat as 'n statutêre vakansiedag of Tweede Nuwejaarsdag op 'n Saterdag val, hierdie paragraaf nie van toepassing is nie;
- (iv) 'n werkgewer elke dag geleentheidsverlof met volle besoldiging wat aan sy werknemers toegestaan word op dié werknemers se skriftelike versoek gedurende die tydperk van 12 maande diens waarop die verloftydperk betrekking het, van dié verloftydperk mag aftrek.

(3) *Verlofbesoldiging.*—Die besoldiging ten opsigte van die jaarlikse verlof bedoel in subklousule (1) moet voor of op die laaste werkdag voor die datum waarop dié verlof begin, betaal word.

(4) 'n Werknemer wie se dienskontrak in die eerste of 'n daaropvolgende diensjaar by dieselfde werkgewer eindig voordat die verloftyd-

before the period of leave referred to in subclause (1) has accrued, shall, save as provided in the fourth proviso to subclause (2) upon such termination be paid in lieu of leave and in respect of each completed month of such period of less than one year not less than one fifth of the weekly remuneration which he was receiving immediately prior to the date of such termination.

(5) An employee who has become entitled to a period of leave in terms of subclause (1) and whose contract of employment terminates before such leave has been granted shall, upon termination, be paid in respect of leave, the amounts referred to in subclauses (1) and (4).

(6) For the purposes of this clause the expression "employment" shall be deemed to include any period in respect of which an employer, in terms of clause 15, pays an employee in lieu of notice and also any period or periods during which an employee is absent—

- (a) on leave in terms of this clause;
 - (b) on sick leave in terms of clause 8;
 - (c) on the instructions or at the request of his employer;
 - (d) on military service in terms of the Defence Act, 1957;
- amounting in the aggregate in any year to not more than 10 weeks in respect of items (a), (b) and (c), plus up to four months of any period of military service performed in that year, and employment shall be deemed to commence—

- (i) in the case of an employee who had before the coming into force of this Agreement become entitled to leave in terms of any law, from the date on which such employee last became entitled to such leave under such law;
- (ii) in the case of an employee who was in employment before the date of commencement of this Agreement and to whom any law providing for annual leave applied but who had not become entitled to leave in terms thereof, from the date on which such employment commenced;
- (iii) in the case of an employee who has, in terms of proviso (a) to subclause (2) of this clause been granted leave between 15 December and the ensuing 14 January, from the date on which such employee entered his employer's service or from 15 December preceding, whichever is the later;
- (iv) in the case of any other employee, from the date on which such employee entered his employer's service or from the date of coming into force of this Agreement, whichever is the later.

8. SICK LEAVE

(1) An employer shall grant to his employee other than a casual employee after one month's employment with him and who is absent from work through sickness or accident not caused by his own misconduct other than an accident compensable under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1941, 10 work-days sick leave in the aggregate during any one year of employment with him and shall pay to him in respect of the period of absence in terms thereof not less than the wage he would have received had he worked during such period: Provided that an employer may require the production of a certificate signed by a registered medical practitioner showing the nature and duration of the employee's illness in respect of each period of absence covering more than two consecutive days for which payment is claimed as a condition precedent to the payment by him of any amount in respect of such absence: Provided further that where in any factory there exists or may be established by virtue of an agreement between an employer and his employee or between an employer and a registered trade union, a sick benefit or provident fund to which the employer contributes in respect of each of his employees an amount of not less than the amount paid or payable by each such employee and out of which fund an employee is in case of absence or absences from work on account of sickness or accident (other than an accident compensable under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1941,) entitled to receive in the aggregate in any one year not less than an amount equivalent to his full wages for two weeks in respect of such absence or absences in circumstances substantially not less favourable to the employee than this provision, the terms of this clause shall not apply.

(2) For the purposes of this clause, the expression "employment" shall have the same meaning as in clause 7 (6).

9. PUBLIC HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAYS

(1) If an employee, other than a casual employee, does not work on any statutory public holiday or Second New Year's Day, his employer shall pay him not less than his daily wage for that day, except where such day falls on a Saturday.

(2) Whenever an employee, other than a casual employee, works on any statutory public holiday or Second New Year's Day, his employer shall, save as provided in clause 5 (6), pay him for the week in which such day falls not less than his weekly wage, plus an amount calculated

perk in subklousule (1) bedoel aan hom toeval, moet, behoudens die vierde voorbehoudsbepaling van subklousule (2), by sodanige diensbeëindiging in plaas van die verlof ten opsigte van elke voltooide maand van dié tydperk van minder as een jaar, betaal word teen minstens een vyfde van die weekloon wat hy ontvang het onmiddellik voor die datum van sodanige beëindiging.

(5) 'n Werknemer wat kragtens subklousule (1) op 'n verloftydperk geregtig geword het en wie se dienskontrak eindig voordat dié verlof toegestaan word, moet by diensbeëindiging die bedrae in subklousule (1) en (4) bedoel ten opsigte van verlof betaal word.

(6) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule word die uitdrukking „diens” geag 'n tydperk in te sluit ten opsigte waarvan 'n werkgewer, ingevolge klousule 15, 'n werknemer betaal in plaas van kennisgewing, asook 'n tydperk of tydperke waarin 'n werknemer afwesig is—

- (a) met verlof kragtens hierdie klousule;
- (b) met siekteverlof kragtens klousule 8;
- (c) op las of versoek van sy werkgewer;
- (d) terwyl hy militêre diens verrig ingevolge die Verdedigingswet, 1957;

wat altesaam in 'n bepaalde jaar hoogstens 10 weke beloop ten opsigte van items (a), (b) en (c), plus tot vier maande van 'n tydperk van militêre diens wat in daardie jaar verrig is, en diens word geag te begin—

- (i) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat voor die inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms kragtens 'n wet op verlof geregtig geword het vanaf die datum waarop so 'n werknemer laas op sodanige verlof kragtens sodanige wet geregtig geword het;
- (ii) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat in diens was voor die datum van inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms en op wie 'n wet wat vir jaarlikse verlof voorsiening maak, van toepassing is, maar wat nog nie daarkragtens op verlof geregtig geword het nie, vanaf die datum waarop dié diens begin;
- (iii) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat kragtens voorbehoudsbepaling (a) van subklousule (2) van hierdie klousule verlof toegestaan is tussen 15 Desember en die daaropvolgende 14 Januarie, vanaf die datum waarop so 'n werknemer by sy werkgewer in diens getree het of vanaf die voorafgaande 15 Desember, nl. die jongste datum;
- (iv) in die geval van enige ander werknemer, vanaf die datum waarop so 'n werknemer by sy werkgewer in diens getree het of vanaf die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree, nl. dié jongste datum.

8. SIEKTEVERLOF

(1) 'n Werkgewer moet aan 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer wat reeds 'n maand lank by hom gewerk het en wat van die werk af wegbly weens siekte of 'n ongeluk wat nie deur sy eie wangedrag veroorsaak is nie, uitgesonderd 'n ongeluk waarvoor skadeloosstelling ingevolge die Ongevalwet, 1941, betaalbaar is, altesaam 10 werkdae siekteverlof bestaan gedurende 'n bepaalde jaar diens by hom en moet hom ten opsigte van dié tydperk van afwesigheid minstens die loon betaal wat hy sou ontvang het indien hy gedurende dié tydperk gewerk het: Met dien verstande dat 'n werkgewer kan vereis dat hy 'n sertifikaat toon wat deur 'n geregistreerde mediese praktisyn geteken is, wat die aard en duur van die werknemer se siekte toon ten opsigte van elke tydperk van afwesigheid van meer as twee agtereenvolgende dae waarvoor betaling geëis word, as 'n opskortende voorwaarde vir die betaling deur hom van 'n bedrag ten opsigte van sodanige afwesigheid: Voorts met dien verstande dat waar daar ooreenkomstig 'n ooreenkoms tussen 'n werkgewer en sy werknemers, of 'n werkgewer en 'n geregistreerde vakvereniging, in 'n fabriek 'n siektebystandfonds of voorsorgfonds bestaan of ingestel word waaraan die werkgewer ten opsigte van elkeen van sy werknemers minstens die bedrag bydra wat die werknemer betaal of moet betaal, en waaruit 'n werknemer in geval van 'n tydperk of tydperke van afwesigheid van die werk weens siekte of 'n ongeluk (uitgesonderd 'n ongeluk waarvoor skadeloosstelling ingevolge die Ongevalwet, 1941, betaalbaar is) altesaam in 'n jaar geregtig is op minstens sy volle loon vir twee weke ten opsigte van sodanige afwesigheid of afwesighede in omstandighede wat vir die werknemer wesenlik nie minder gunstig as hierdie bepaling is nie, hierdie klousule nie van toepassing is nie.

(2) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule, het „diens” dieselfde betekenis as in klousule 7 (6).

9. OPENBARE VAKANSIEDAE EN SONDAE

(1) Indien 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, nie op enige statutêre openbare vakansiedag of Tweede Nuwejaarsdag werk nie, moet sy werkgewer hom minstens sy dagloon vir daardie dag betaal, mits bogenoemde dae nie op 'n Saterdag val nie.

(2) As 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, op 'n statutêre openbare vakansiedag of Tweede Nuwejaarsdag werk, moet sy werkgewer hom, behoudens klousule 5 (6), vir die week waarin so 'n dag val, minstens sy weekloon betaal, plus 'n bedrag wat minstens gelyk is aan

at a rate of not less than his ordinary wage in respect of the total period worked by him on such day: Provided that where such an employee is required or permitted to work for less than four hours on such day, he shall be deemed to have worked for four hours.

(3) *Compensation for work on a Sunday.*—Whenever an employee works on a Sunday, his employer shall either—

- (a) pay the employee—
 - (i) if he so works for a period not exceeding four hours, not less than his daily wage;
 - (ii) if he so works for a period exceeding four hours, at a rate of not less than double his ordinary wage in respect of the total period worked by him on such Sunday, or not less than double his daily wage, whichever is the greater; or
- (b) pay him at a rate of not less than one and a half times his ordinary wage in respect of the total period worked by him on such Sunday and grant him within seven days of such Sunday one day's leave and pay him in respect thereof not less than his daily wage: Provided that where such an employee is required or permitted to work for less than four hours on such Sunday, he shall be deemed to have worked for four hours.

10. PROPORTION OR RATIO

An employer shall employ a qualified blindhanger, a qualified cutter, a qualified general assistant, a qualified male machine operator/attendant and a qualified female machine operator/attendant before he may employ an unqualified blindhanger, an unqualified cutter, an unqualified general assistant, an unqualified male machine operator/attendant or an unqualified female machine operator/attendant respectively, and he shall not employ more than two unqualified employees in any class specified in this clause for each qualified employee in such class employed by him: Provided that, for the purposes of this clause—

- (i) an employer who is wholly or mainly engaged in performing the work of a blindhanger or a cutter may be deemed to be a qualified blindhanger or cutter, as the case may be;
- (ii) an unqualified employee in any class receiving a wage of not less than the wage prescribed in clause 4 (1) for a qualified employee in the same class may be deemed to be a qualified employee in such class.

11. PIECE-WORK OR TASK-WORK

(1) Save as provided in clause 5 (6), an employer shall pay his employee employed on piece-work or task-work for any period remuneration at the rates agreed upon between the employer and his employee: Provided that, irrespective of the quantity or output of work done, the employer shall pay to such employee not less than—

- (a) in the case of any employee, other than a casual employee, in respect of each week in which piece-work or task-work is performed, the weekly wage prescribed in clause 4 (1) for an employee of his class plus any amount payable to such employee in terms of clauses 6 (9) and 9;
- (b) in the case of a casual employee, in respect of each day on which piece-work or task-work is performed, the wage prescribed in clause 4 (1) for a casual employee plus any amount payable to such employee in terms of clauses 6 (9) and 9.

(2) An employer shall keep posted in a conspicuous place in his factory a schedule of the piece-work or task-work rates referred to in subclause (1) and shall not reduce such rates unless he has given his employee not less than two weeks' notice of the proposed alteration.

12. OVERALLS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

An employer shall supply and maintain in good condition free of charge—

- (a) to each machine operator/attendant, each general assistant and each labourer in his employ, two overalls per annum;
- (b) any other overalls and/or protective clothing which he may require his employee to wear or which by any law or regulation he may be compelled to provide for his employee.

13. PROHIBITION OF EMPLOYMENT

An employer shall not employ any person under the age of 15 years.

14. CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

At the request of an employee, other than a casual employee, an employer shall upon termination of the contract of employment of any

sy gewone loon ten opsigte van die totale tydperk wat hy op so 'n dag werk: Met dien verstande dat waar daar van so 'n werknemer vereis of hy toegelaat word om minder as vier uur op so 'n dag te werk, hy geag word vier uur te gewerk het.

(3) *Vergoeding vir werk op 'n Sondag.*—As 'n werknemer op 'n Sondag werk, moet sy werkgever of—

- (a) die werknemer—
 - (i) as hy aldus vir 'n tydperk van hoogstens vier uur werk, minstens sy dagloon betaal;
 - (ii) as hy aldus vir 'n tydperk van meer as vier uur werk, minstens dubbel sy gewone loon betaal ten opsigte van die totale tydperk wat hy op so 'n Sondag gewerk het, of minstens dubbel sy dagloon, nl. die grootste bedrag; of
- (b) hom minstens een en 'n half maal sy gewone loon betaal ten opsigte van die totale tydperk wat hy op so 'n Sondag gewerk het en hom binne sewe dae na so 'n Sondag een dag verlof toestaan en hom ten opsigte daarvan minstens sy dagloon betaal: Met dien verstande dat waar daar van so 'n werknemer vereis of hy toegelaat word om minder as vier uur op so 'n Sondag te werk, hy geag word vier uur te gewerk het.

10. GETALVERHOUDING

'n Werkgever moet 'n gekwalifiseerde blindhanger, 'n gekwalifiseerde snyer, 'n gekwalifiseerde algemene assistent, 'n gekwalifiseerde manlike masjienbediener/-versorger en 'n gekwalifiseerde vroulike masjienbediener/-versorger in diens hê voordat hy onderskeidelik 'n ongekwalifiseerde blindhanger, 'n ongekwalifiseerde snyer, 'n ongekwalifiseerde algemene assistent, 'n ongekwalifiseerde manlike masjienbediener/-versorger of 'n ongekwalifiseerde vroulike masjienbediener/-versorger in diens mag neem, en hy mag hoogstens twee ongekwalifiseerde werknemers in 'n klas in hierdie klousule gespesifiseer, in diens neem vir elke gekwalifiseerde werknemer in dié klas wat hy in diens het: Met dien verstande dat vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule—

- (i) 'n werkgever wat hoofsaaklik of uitsluitlik die werk van 'n blindhanger of snyer verrig, geag mag word 'n gekwalifiseerde blindhanger of snyer te wees, na gelang van die geval;
- (ii) 'n ongekwalifiseerde werknemer in 'n klas wat 'n loon ontvang wat minstens gelyk is aan die loon in klousule 4 (1) voorgeskryf vir 'n gekwalifiseerde werknemer in dieselfde klas, geag mag word 'n gekwalifiseerde werknemer in dié klas te wees.

11. STUKWERK OF TAAKWERK

(1) Behoudens klousule 5 (6), moet 'n werkgever sy werknemer wat vir 'n tydperk stukwerk of taakwerk doen, betaal teen die loonskaal waarop die werkgever en sy werknemer ooreengekom het: Met dien verstande dat die werkgever, afgesien van die hoeveelheid werk gedoen of produksie gelewer, so 'n werknemer minstens die volgende moet betaal:

- (a) In die geval van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, ten opsigte van elke week waarin stukwerk of taakwerk verrig word, die weekloon in klousule 4 (1) voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer van sy klas plus 'n bedrag aan so 'n werknemer betaalbaar ingevolge klousule 6 (9) en 9;
- (b) in die geval van 'n los werknemer, ten opsigte van elke dag waarop stukwerk of taakwerk verrig word, die loon in klousule 4 (1) voorgeskryf vir 'n los werknemer, plus 'n bedrag betaalbaar aan so 'n werknemer ingevolge klousules 6 (9) en 9.

(2) 'n Werkgever moet 'n lys van loonskale vir stukwerk of taakwerk soos in subklousule (1) bedoel op 'n opvallende plek in sy fabriek opgeplak hou, en mag nie dié loonskale verminder nie, tensy hy sy werknemers minstens twee weke kennis van die voorgenome verandering gegee het.

12. OORPAKKE EN BESKERMENDE KLERE

'n Werkgever moet die volgende kosteloos verskaf en in 'n goeie toestand hou:

- (a) Twee oorpakke per jaar aan elke masjienbediener/-versorger, algemene assistent en arbeider in sy diens;
- (b) enige ander oorpakke en/of beskermende klere wat hy sy werknemers verplig om te dra of wat hy ingevolge 'n wet of regulasie verplig is om aan sy werknemers te verskaf.

13. VERBOD OP INDIENSNEMING

'n Werkgever mag niemand onder die ouderdom van 15 jaar in diens neem nie.

14. DIENSSERTIFIKAAT

Op versoek van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, moet 'n werkgever by die beëindiging van die dienskontrak van enigeen van

of his employees, other than casual employees, furnish such employee with a certificate of service showing the full names of the employer and employee, the nature of employment, the dates of commencement and termination of the contract and the rate of remuneration at the date of such termination.

15. TERMINATION OF CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT

(1) An employer or his employee, other than a casual employee, shall give not less than 24 hours' notice during the first month of employment and thereafter not less than one week's notice of his intention to terminate the contract of employment or an employer or employee may terminate the contract of employment without notice by paying the employee or paying or forfeiting to the employer, as the case may be, an amount equal to not less than—

- (a) in the case of 24 hours' notice, the weekly wage which the employee was receiving immediately before the date of such termination divided by five;
- (b) in the case of a week's notice, the weekly wage which the employee was receiving immediately before the date of such termination:

Provided that this shall not affect—

- (i) the right of an employer or an employee to terminate a contract of employment without notice for any cause recognised by law as sufficient;
 - (ii) any written agreement between an employer and his employee which provides for a period of notice of equal duration on both sides and for longer than that prescribed in this clause.
- (2) When an agreement is entered into in terms of the second proviso to subclause (1), the payment in lieu of notice shall be proportionate to the period of notice agreed upon.
- (3) The notice referred to in subclause (1) shall take effect from the day on which it is given: Provided that the period of notice shall not run concurrently with nor shall notice be given during the employee's absence on annual leave in terms of clause 7, or sick leave in terms of clause 8, or any period of military service performed in terms of the Defence Act, 1957.

16. TRADE UNION SUBSCRIPTIONS

(1) Every employer shall each week deduct from the wages of every employee who is a member of the South African Canvas and Rope Workers' Union the amount payable by such employee, as determined from time to time, as subscription to the said trade union, and such moneys shall be transmitted to the secretary of the said union, P.O. Box 3390, Cape Town, 8000, not later than the 15th day of each month.

(2) The provisions of subclause (1) shall not apply to—

- (a) an immigrant during the first year from the date of his entering into the Republic of South Africa, in respect of his first three months' employment in the Canvas and Ropeworking Industry;
- (b) an employee who, in the opinion of the Council, has shown good cause in writing as to why he should not become a member of the trade union.

17. TRADE UNION FACILITIES

Every employer shall permit an officer or an official of the trade union authorised thereto in writing to enter his establishment at times such as lunch intervals, for the purpose of organising or interviewing employees, enrolling new members and posting or distributing notices issued by the trade union: Provided that such trade union officials give reasonable prior notice to the employer of their intention to enter the employer's establishment.

18. EXEMPTIONS

(1) Subject to the proviso to section 51 (3) of the Industrial Conciliation Act, 1956, the Council may for any good or sufficient reason, grant to or in respect of any person exemption from any of the provisions of this Agreement.

(2) The Council shall fix in respect of any person granted exemption under the provisions of subclause (1) of this clause the conditions subject to which such exemption is granted and the period during which such exemption shall operate: Provided that the Council may, if it deems fit, after one week's notice, in writing, has been given to the person concerned, withdraw any licence of exemption, whether or not the period for which exemption was granted has expired.

sy werknemers, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, aan so 'n werknemer 'n dienssertifikaat verskaf wat die volgende toon: Die volle name van die werkgever en werknemer, die aard van die werk, die datums waarop die kontrak aangegaan en beëindig is en die loonskaal op die datum van sodanige beëindiging.

15. BEÏNDIGING VAN DIENSKONTRAK

(1) 'n Werkgever of sy werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, moet gedurende die eerste maand diens minstens 24 uur kennis en daarna minstens een week kennis gee van sy voorneme om die dienskontrak te beëindig, of 'n werkgever of werknemer mag die dienskontrak sonder kennisgewing beëindig deur die werknemer minstens die volgende bedrag te betaal of aan die werkgever minstens die volgende bedrag te betaal of te verbeur, na gelang van die geval:

- (a) In die geval van 24 uur kennis, die weekloon wat die werknemer onmiddellik voor die datum van sodanige beëindiging ontvang het, gedeel deur vyf;
- (b) In die geval van 'n week kennis, die weekloon wat die werknemer onmiddellik voor die datum van sodanige beëindiging ontvang:

Met dien verstande dat dit nie die volgende mag raak nie:

- (i) Die reg van 'n werkgever of werknemer om 'n dienskontrak sonder kennisgewing om 'n regsgeldige rede te beëindig;
- (ii) 'n skriftelike ooreenkoms tussen 'n werkgever en sy werknemer wat voorsiening maak vir 'n kennisgewingtydperk van gelyke duur vir albei partye en wat langer is as dié voorgeskryf in hierdie klousule.

(2) Wanneer 'n ooreenkoms aangegaan is kragtens die tweede voorbehoudsbepaling van subklousule (1), moet die betaling in plaas van kennisgewing in verhouding wees tot die kennisgewingtydperk waarop besluit is.

(3) Die kennisgewing in subklousule (1) bedoel, tree in werking vanaf die dag waarop dit gegee word: Met dien verstande dat die kennisgewingtydperk nie mag saamval nie met, of dat kennis nie gegee mag word nie gedurende die werknemer se afwesigheid met jaarlikse verlof kragtens klousule 7 of siekteverlof kragtens klousule 8 of 'n tydperk van militêre diens wat ingevolge die Verdedigingswet, 1957, verrig word.

16. LEDEGELD AAN VAKVERENIGINGS

(1) Elke werkgever moet elke week van die loon van elke werknemer wat 'n lid is van die South African Canvas and Rope Workers' Union die bedrag aftrek soos van tyd tot tyd bepaal wat deur so 'n werknemer betaalbaar is as ledegeld van dié vakvereniging, en dié geld moet voor of op die 15de dag van elke maand aan die sekretaris van genoemde vakvereniging, Posbus 3390, Kaapstad, 8000, gestuur word.

(2) Subklousule (1) is nie van toepassing nie op—

- (a) 'n immigrant gedurende die eerste jaar vanaf die datum waarop hy die Republiek van Suid-Afrika binnegekom het ten opsigte van sy eerste drie maande diens in die Seildoek- en Touwerknywerheid;
- (b) 'n werknemer wat na die Raad se mening skriftelik afdoende redes aangevoer het waarom hy nie lid van die vakvereniging moet word nie.

17. FASILITEIT VAN DIE VAKVERENIGING

Elke werkgever moet 'n amptenaar of 'n ampsdraer van die vakvereniging wat skriftelik daartoe gemagtig is, toelaat om sy bedryfsinrigting op sekere tye soos etenspouses binne te gaan ten einde werknemers te organiseer of te spreek, nuwe lede te werf en kennisgewings wat deur die vakvereniging uitgereik is op te plak of uit te deel: Met dien verstande dat sodanige amptenare van die vakvereniging vooraf redelike kennis aan die werkgever gee van hul voorneme om die werkgever se bedryfsinrigting binne te gaan.

18. VRYSTELLINGS

(1) Behoudens die voorbehoudsbepaling van artikel 51 (3) van die Wet op Nywerheidsversoenig, 1956, kan die Raad om 'n regsgeldige rede vrystelling van enigen van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms aan of ten opsigte van enige persoon verleen.

(2) Die Raad moet ten opsigte van enigen aan wie vrystelling kragtens subklousule (1) van hierdie klousule verleen word, die voorwaardes vasstel waarop dié vrystelling verleen word en die tydperk waarin dié vrystelling geldig is: Met dien verstande dat die Raad, as hy dit goeddink, nadat een week skriftelike kennis aan die betrokke persoon gegee is, 'n vrystellingssertifikaat mag intrek, afgesien daarvan of die tydperk waarvoor die vrystelling verleen is, verstryk het of nie.

(3) The Secretary of the Council shall issue to every person granted exemption in accordance with the provisions of this clause a licence signed by him setting out—

- (a) the full name of the person concerned;
- (b) the provisions of the Agreement from which exemption is granted;
- (c) the conditions fixed in accordance with the provisions of subclause (2) of this clause, subject to which such exemption is granted; and
- (d) the period during which the exemption shall operate.

(4) The Secretary of the Council shall—

- (a) retain a copy of each licence issued; and
- (b) where an exemption is granted to an employee, forward a copy of the licence of exemption to the employer concerned.

(5) Every employer and employee shall observe the provisions of any licence of exemption in terms of this clause.

19. COUNCIL FUNDS

The funds of the Council, which shall be vested in and administered by the Council, shall be provided in the following manner:

On the first pay-day after this Agreement comes into operation and on each pay-day thereafter 3c shall be deducted by each employer from the wages of each of his employees for whom minimum wages have been prescribed in this Agreement. The total amount so deducted, together with an equal amount which shall be contributed by the employer, together with a return in the form of Annexure A to this Agreement, shall be forwarded by the latter to the Secretary of the Council month by month not later than the seventh day of the following month.

20. AGENTS

The Council shall appoint one or more specified persons as agents to assist it in giving effect to the terms of this Agreement. It shall be the duty of every employer and every employee to permit such agents to institute such enquiries and to examine such books and/or documents and to interrogate such persons as may be necessary for the purpose.

21. EXHIBITION OF AGREEMENT

Every employer shall keep a legible copy of this Agreement in both official languages, in the form prescribed in the regulations under the Act, exhibited in his establishment in a place readily accessible to his employees.

Signed at Cape Town on behalf of the parties this 10th day of February 1980.

M. D. B. GOLDMAN,
Chairman

J. HEEGER,
Vice-Chairman

R. W. CARTER,
Secretary

ANNEXURE A

INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE CANVAS AND ROPEWORKING INDUSTRY (CAPE)

..... 19.....

To: The Secretary
Industrial Council for the Canvas and
Ropeworking Industry (Cape)
P.O. Box 1536
Cape Town, 8000

Dear Sir,

Enclosed is the sum of R..... representing contributions in terms of clause 19 of the Canvas and Ropeworking Agreement.

Name of firm

Address

(3) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet aan elkeen aan wie vrystelling kragtens hierdie klousule verleen word, 'n sertifikaat uitreik wat deur hom onderteken is en die volgende meld:

- (a) Die volle naam van die betrokke persoon;
- (b) die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms waarvan hy vrygestel word;
- (c) die voorwaardes, vasgestel ooreenkomstig subklousule (2) van hierdie klousule, waarop dié vrystelling verleen word; en
- (d) die tydperk waarvoor die vrystelling geldig is.

(4) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet—

- (a) 'n kopie van elke sertifikaat wat uitgereik word, behou; en
- (b) waar vrystelling aan 'n werknemer verleen is, 'n kopie van die vrystellingsertifikaat aan die betrokke werkgewer stuur.

(5) Elke werkgewer en werknemer moet die bepalings van 'n vrystellingsertifikaat kragtens hierdie klousule nakom.

19. FONDSE VAN DIE RAAD

Die fondse van die Raad, wat berus by en geadministreer word deur die Raad, moet op die volgende wyse verkry word:

Op die eerste betaaldag na die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree en op elke betaaldag daarna, moet elke werkgewer 3c aftrek van die loon van elk van sy werknemers vir wie minimum lone in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word. Die totale bedrag wat aldus afgetrek is, tesame met 'n gelyke bedrag wat deur die werkgewer bygedra moet word, tesame met 'n opgawe in die vorm van Aanhangel A van hierdie Ooreenkoms, moet elke maand voor of op die sewende dag van die volgende maand deur die werkgewer aan die Sekretaris van die Raad gestuur word.

20. AGENTE

Die Raad moet een of meer aangewese persone as agente aanstel om te help met die toepassing van hierdie Ooreenkoms. Dit is die plig van elke werkgewer en werknemer om dié agente toe te laat om dié navrae te doen en dié boeke en/of dokumente te ondersoek en dié persone te ondervra wat vir hierdie doel nodig mag wees.

21. VERTONING VAN OOREENKOMS

Elke werkgewer moet 'n leesbare kopie van hierdie Ooreenkoms, in albei amptelike tale en in die vorm voorgeskryf in die regulasies ingevolge die Wet, in sy bedryfsinrigting vertoon op 'n plek wat vir sy werknemers gereedelik toeganklik is.

Namens die partye op hede die 10de dag van Februarie 1979 te Kaapstad onderteken.

M. D. B. GOLDMAN,
Voorsitter.

J. HEEGER,
Ondervoorsitter.

R. W. CARTER,
Sekretaris.

AANHANGSEL A

NYWERHEIDSRaad VIR DIE SEILDOEK- EN TOUWERKNYWERHEID (KAAP)

..... 19

Aan: Die Sekretaris
Nywerheidsraad vir die Seildoek-
en Touwerknwywerheid (Kaap)
Posbus 1536
Kaapstad, 8000.

Geagte Meneer,

Hierby ingesluit is die bedrag van R..... wat bydraes ingevolge klousule 19 van die Seildoek- en Touwerkooreenkoms verteenwoordig.

Naam van firma

Adres

RETURN OF EMPLOYEES

<i>Number</i>	<i>Date</i>	
..... for week ending .....	.....	
..... for week ending .....	.....	
..... for week ending .....	.....	
..... for week ending .....	.....	
..... for week ending .....	.....	
<u>Total number</u>	employees at 3c per week for weeks	R
	Add employer's contribution of 3c per week per employee	R
		<u>R</u>

To be forwarded to the Secretary of the Council not later than the seventh day of each month.

R.1240] [20 JUNE 1980

FACTORIES, MACHINERY AND BUILDING
WORK ACT, 1941

CANVAS AND ROPEWORKING INDUSTRY
(CAPE)

I, STEPHANUS PETRUS BOTHA, Minister of Manpower Utilisation, hereby, in terms of section 22 (1) of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, declare the provisions of the Agreement and notice relating to the Canvas and Ropeworking Industry (Cape), published under Government Notice R.1239 of 20/6/1980, to be, on the whole, not less favourable to the employees whose hours of work and remuneration in respect of overtime, public holidays and work on Sundays and public holidays are regulated thereby, than the relative provisions of the said Act.

S. P. BOTHA
Minister of Manpower Utilisation

OPGAWE VAN WERKNEMERS

<i>Getal</i>	<i>Datum</i>	
..... vir week eindigende .....	.....	
..... vir week eindigende .....	.....	
..... vir week eindigende .....	.....	
..... vir week eindigende .....	.....	
..... vir week eindigende .....	.....	
<u>Totale getal</u>	werknemers teen 3c per week vir weke	R
	Voeg by werkgever se bydrae van 3c per week per werknemer	R
		<u>R</u>

Moet voor of op die sewende dag van elke maand aan die Sekretaris van die Raad gestuur word.

R.1240] [20 JUNIE 1980

WET OP FABRIEKE, MASJINERIE EN BOUWERK,
1941

SEILDOEK- EN TOUWERKNYWERHEID (KAAP)

Ek, STEPHANUS PETRUS BOTHA, Minister van Mannekragbenutting, verklaar hierby, kragtens artikel 22 (1) van die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms en kennisgewing in verband met die Seildoek- en Touwerknywerheid (Kaap), gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing R.1239 van 20/6/1980, oor die algemeen vir werknemers wie se werkure en besoldiging ten opsigte van oortydwerk, openbare feesdae en werk op Sondae en openbare feesdae daarby gereël word, nie minder gunstig is nie as die desbetreffende bepalings van genoemde Wet.

S. P. BOTHA
Minister van Mannekragbenutting

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