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VAN DIE REPUBLIEK VAN SUID-AFRIKA

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No. 8334

GOEWERMENSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTEMENT VAN MANNEKRAG

No. R. 1648

6 Augustus 1982

WET OP ARBEIDSVERHOUDINGE, 1956

MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS.— HOOFOOREENKOMS

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Mannekrag, verklaar hierby—

(a) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (a) van die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en betrekking het op die Onderneming, Nywerheid, Bedryf of Beroep in die opskrif by hierdie kennisgewing vermeld, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 20 Maart 1984 eindig, bindend is vir die werkgeversorganisasie en die vakvereniging wat genoemde Ooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgevers en werknemers wat lede van genoemde organisasie of vereniging is; en

(b) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (b) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van genoemde Ooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klousules 1 (1) (a), 2, 9 (4) (c), 20, 22, 23 en 28 van Deel I en klousule 3 (6) (b) van Deel III, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 20 Maart 1984 eindig, bindend is vir alle ander werkgevers en werknemers as dié genoem in paragraaf (a) van hierdie kennisgewing wat betrokke is by of in diens is in genoemde Onderneming, Nywerheid, Bedryf of Beroep in die gebiede in klousule 1 van genoemde Ooreenkoms gespesifiseer.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Mannekrag.

BYLAE

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS

HOOFOOREENKOMS

ingevoelge die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, gesluit deur en aangegaan tussen die

Border Furniture Manufacturers' Association

224—A

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF MANPOWER

No. R. 1648

6 August 1982

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1956

BORDER FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.—MAIN AGREEMENT

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Manpower, hereby—

(a) in terms of section 48 (1) (a) of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, declare that the provisions of the Agreement which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Undertaking, Industry, Trade or Occupation referred to in the heading to this notice, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 20 March 1984, upon the employers' organisation and the trade union which entered into the said Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of the said organisation or union; and

(b) in terms of section 48 (1) (b) of the said Act, declare that the provisions of the said Agreement, excluding those contained in clauses 1 (1) (a), 2, 9 (4) (c), 20, 22, 23 and 28 of Part I and clause 3 (6) (b) of Part III, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 20 March 1984, upon all employers and employees, other than those referred to in paragraph (a) of this notice, who are engaged or employed in the said Undertaking, Industry, Trade or Occupation in the areas specified in clause 1 of the said Agreement.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Manpower.

SCHEDULE

BORDER INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE FURNITURE
MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

MAIN AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, made and entered into by and between the

Border Furniture Manufacturers' Association

8334—1

(hierna die "werkgewers" of die "werkgewersorganisasie" genoem), aan die een kant, en die

National Union of Furniture and Allied Workers of
South Africa

(hierna die "werknemers" of die "vakvereniging" genoem), aan die ander kant,

wat die partye is by die Nywerheidsraad vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens.

DEEL I

BEPALINGS VAN TOEPASSING OP DIE NYWERHEID ORAL IN DIE GEBIEDE WAT DEUR DIE OOREENKOMS GEDEK WORD, TENSY DIE TEENOORGESTELDE GEMELD WORD

1. TOEPASSINGSBESTEK VAN OOREENKOMS

1. Hierdie Ooreenkoms moet nagekom word in die Meubelnywerheid, Grens—

(a) deur alle werkgewers wat lede is van die werkgewersorganisasie en deur alle werknemers wat lede is van die vakvereniging en wat onderskeidelik betrokke is by of werksaam is in genoemde Nywerheid;

(b) in die landdrostdistrikte Aliwal-Noord, Oos-Londen en Queenstown.

(2) Ondanks subklousule (1), is hierdie Ooreenkoms van toepassing—

(a) slegs op werknemers vir wie minimum lone in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word;

(b) op vakleerlinge slegs in die mate waarin dit nie onbestaanbaar is met die Wet op Mannekragopleiding, 1981, of met 'n kontrak daarkragtens aangegaan of voorwaardes daarvolgens vasgestel nie.

2. GELDIGHEIDSDUUR VAN OOREENKOMS

Hierdie Ooreenkoms tree in werking op 'n datum wat die Minister van Mannekrag kragtens artikel 48 (1) van die Wet vasstel en bly van krag vir die tydperk wat op 20 Maart 1984 eindig of vir dié tydperk wat hy bepaal.

3. WOORDOMSKRYWING

Alle uitdrukkings wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms gebesig en in die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, omskryf word, het dieselfde betekenis as in daardie Wet, en waar daar van 'n wet melding gemaak word, word ook alle wysigings van sodanige wet bedoel, en tensy die teenoorgestelde blyk, word daar met woorde wat die manlike geslag aandui, ook vroue bedoel, en met dié wat die enkelvoud aandui, ook die meervoud, en omgekeerd.

(1) Tensy onbestaanbaar met die sinsverband, is die volgende omskrywings van toepassing op Deel I en Deel II van hierdie Ooreenkoms en beteken—

"Wet" die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956;

"vakleerling" 'n werknemer wat diens doen ingevolge 'n skriftelike vakleerlingkontrak wat ooreenkomstig die Wet op Mannekragopleiding, 1981, geregistreer is of geag word dienooreenkomstig geregistreer te wees;

"bonus"—

(a) benewens die voorgeskrewe of ooreengekome loon van 'n werknemer, die betaling wat voortspruit uit diens ooreenkomstig 'n bonusaanspoorskema wat as sodanig in die loonregister bepaal word;

(b) alle ander spesiale of geleentheidsbetaling deur 'n werkgever aan 'n werknemer wat meer is as die voorgeskrewe of ooreengekome loon soos deur hom as sodanig in die loonregister vasgestel en wat die werkgever na goëddunke kan intrek;

"opsigter" 'n werknemer wat op die perseel inwoon en wat vir een of meer van ondergenoemde pligte verantwoordelik is:

(a) Versorging van die inhoud van die perseel;

(b) versorging en skoonmaak van die perseel;

(c) toesig oor skoonmakers;

"Raad" die Nywerheidsraad vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, geregistreer ooreenkomstig artikel 19 van die Wet;

"diens" die totale duur van alle tydperke wat 'n werknemer in die Meubelnywerheid werksaam was;

"bedryfsinrigting" die plek waar die Meubelnywerheid beoefen word en ook die plek waar 'n persoon enigeen van of al die klasse werk verrig wat in Deel II van hierdie Ooreenkoms gespesifiseer word;

"ondervinding" die totale duur van alle tydperke wat 'n werknemer in die Meubelnywerheid werksaam was in die beroep waarin hy diens verrig;

"voorman" en/of "toesighouer" 'n werknemer wat in 'n toesighoudende hoedanigheid in diens is en wat onder andere by die uitvoering van sy pligte, wat regstreeks met die Meubelnywerheid in verband staan—

(a) 'n bedryfsinrigting of afdeling of onderafdeling daarvan as sy vernaamste plig bestuur; en/of

(b) gewoonlik en gereeld die werksaamhede van ander werknemers reël; en/of

(c) oor die bevoegdheid beskik om werknemers in diens te neem of te ontslaan of voorstelle in verband daarmee, asook oor bevorderings en demosies, te maak; en/of

(hereinafter referred to as the "employers" of the "employers' organisation"), of the one part, and the

National Union of Furniture and Allied Workers of
South Africa

(hereinafter referred to as the "employees" or the "trade union"), of the other part,

being the parties to the Border Industrial Council for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry.

PART I

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE INDUSTRY THROUGHOUT THE AREA COVERED BY THE AGREEMENT UNLESS THE CONTRARY IS STATED

1. SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT

(1) The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry—

(a) by all employers who are members of the employers' organisation and by all employees who are members of the trade union and who are engaged or employed respectively in the said Industry;

(b) within the Magisterial Districts of Aliwal North, East London and Queenstown.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1), the terms of this Agreement shall apply—

(a) only to employees for whom minimum wages are prescribed in this Agreement;

(b) to apprentices only in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Manpower Training Act, 1981, or any contract entered into or any conditions fixed thereunder.

2. PERIOD OF OPERATION OF AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Minister of Manpower in terms of section 48 (1) of the Act and shall remain in operation for the period ending 20 March 1984 or such period as may be determined by him.

3. DEFINITIONS

Any expressions used in this Agreement which are defined in the Labour Relations Act, 1956, shall have the same meaning as in that Act, any reference to an Act shall include any amendments to such Act, and unless the contrary intention appears, words importing the masculine gender shall also include females, and those signifying the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.

(1) Unless inconsistent with the context, the following definitions shall apply to Parts I and II of this Agreement:

"Act" means the Labour Relations Act, 1956;

"apprentice" means an employee serving under a written contract of apprenticeship registered or deemed to be registered under the provisions of the Manpower Training Act, 1981;

"bonus" means—

(a) any payment, in addition to the prescribed or agreed wage of an employee, arising from employment under a bonus incentive scheme, which is stipulated as such in the wage register;

(b) any other special or occasional payment by an employer to an employee in excess of the prescribed or agreed wage stipulated by him as such in the wage register, and which the employer can withdraw at will;

"caretaker" means an employee who is resident on the property and who is responsible for one or more of the following duties:

(a) Care of the contents of the premises;

(b) care and cleaning of the premises;

(c) supervision of cleaning staff;

"Council" means the Border Industrial Council for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry, registered in terms of section 19 of the Act;

"employment" means the total length of all periods of an employee's service in the Furniture Manufacturing Industry;

"establishment" means any place where the Furniture Manufacturing Industry is carried on and includes any place where a person is employed in all or any of the classes of work specified in Part II of this Agreement;

"experience" means the total length of all periods of employment which an employee has had in the Furniture Manufacturing Industry in the occupation on which he is employed;

"foreman" and/or "supervisor" means an employee who is employed in a supervisory capacity and who, *inter alia*, in the execution of his duties, which shall be related directly to the Furniture Manufacturing Industry—

(a) manages an establishment or a department or subdivision thereof as his primary duty; and/or

(b) customarily and regularly directs the work of other employees; and/or

(c) has the authority to engage or dismiss employees, or make suggestions as to same, or as to promotions or demotions; and/or

- (d) gewoonlik en/of gereeld diskresionêre bevoegdheid uitoefen; en
- (e) 'n loon van minstens dié wat vir die hoogs besoldigde werknemer in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, hetsy weekliks of maandeliks, betaal word; en
- (f) ten volle betaal word, of hy nou die getal werkure in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf voltooi of nie;

maar sluit nie werknemers in wat betrokke is by kosteberekening, ontwerp, koop, beplanning, organisering, reëling van en/of beheer oor die pligte van voormanne en/of toesighouers nie: Met dien verstande dat voormelde uitgeslote werknemers in die afwesigheid van voormanne en/of toesighouers, geag word die voormanne of toesighouers te wees;

"Meubelnywerheid" of "Nywerheid", sonder om die gewone betekenis van die uitdrukking enigerwyse te beperk, die Nywerheid waarin werkgewers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is vir die vervaardiging, hetsy in die geheel of in dele, van alle tipes meubels, afgesien van die materiaal wat gebruik word, en sluit dit onder andere ook die volgende werksaamhede in:

(a) Heelmaak-, stoffeer-, herstoffeer-, beits-, spuit- of poleerwerk en/of herpoleerwerk, die maak van los oortreksels en/of stoelkussings en/of die maak en/of die heelmaak van raamveermatrasse en/of rame vir stoffeerwerk, houtmasjienwerk, fineerwerk, houtdraaiwerk, houtsnijwerk in verband met die vervaardiging en/of heelmaak van meubels, poleer- en/of herpoleerwerk aan klaviere, of die vervaardiging en/of beits-, spuit- en poleerwerk en/of herpoleerwerk aan meubels vir teekamers, kantore, kerke, skole, kroee of teaters, en ook die vervaardiging van of die prosesse vir die vervaardiging van beddegoed, wat so omskryf en uitgelê moet word dat dit alle soorte matrasse, veermatrasse, bomatrasse, kopkussings, peule en stoelkussings insluit, en ook die werksaamhede wat uitgevoer word op alle persele waar houtmasjienwerk, houtdraaiwerk en/of houtsnijwerk uitgevoer word in verband met die vervaardiging van meubels; en ook nog heelmaak-, herstoffeer- of herpoleerwerk aan meubels in of in verband met bedryfsinrigtings waarin die vervaardiging van meubels of 'n werksaamheid wat in verband staan met die finale bereiding van 'n meubelstuk vir verkoop, of in sy geheel of in dele, uitgevoer word, en die fineerwerk aan deure van gelamelleerde blokbord of laaghout wat vir meubels gebruik word en alle gedeeltes van materiaal wat by die vervaardiging van meubels gebruik word;

(b) die vervaardiging, hetsy in die geheel of in dele, van kabinette vir musiekinstrumente en radio- of draadlooskabinette deur werkgewers wat betrokke is by enigeen of meer van die werksaamhede in paragraaf (a) voorgeskryf; maar uitgesonderd die vervaardiging van artikels wat hoofsaaklik van biesies, gras en/of rottang gemaak is, en die vervaardiging van metaalmeubels, met inbegrip van die vervaardiging van metaalkatels; en voorts met uitsondering van die belange soos in (i), (ii) en (iii) hieronder omskryf:

(i) Elektrotegniese Ingenieursnywerheid", d.w.s.—

(aa) die vervaardiging en/of montering, uitsamestellende dele, van elektriese uitrusting, naamlik generators, motore, konvertors, skakel- en kontroleuitrusting (met inbegrip van relê's, kontakters, elektriese instrumente en uitrusting wat daarmee in verband staan), elektriese verligtings-, verhittings-, kook-, bevroings- en verkoelingsuitrusting, transformators, oonduitrusting, seinuitrusting, radio- of elektroniese uitrusting en ander uitrusting wat die beginsel toepas wat gebruik word in die bediening van radio- en elektroniese uitrusting, gloeilampe en elektriese kables en huishoudelike elektriese toestelle en omvat dit ook die vervaardiging van samestellende dele van bogenoemde uitrusting;

(ab) die installering, onderhoud en herstel van die uitrusting in paragraaf (a) hierbo bedoel, maar omvat dit nie ook die Elektrotegniese Aannemingsnywerheid nie;

(ii) "Plastieknywerheid", d.w.s. die vervaardiging van artikels of gedeeltes van artikels in hul geheel of hoofsaaklik uit plastiek, maar omvat dit nie ook die vervaardiging van die volgende artikels wat van plastiekdoekstof gemaak word nie, naamlik klerasie, sakke en handsakke, stewels, skoene, oorskoene, stoffeeroortreksels en plastiekhortjies-blindings;

(iii) "plastiek", d.w.s. enigeen van die groep stowwe wat, as 'n essensiële bestanddeel, 'n organiese stof met 'n groot molekulêre massa bevat of daaruit bestaan, en wat, terwyl dit in die afgewerkte vorm solied is, in die een of ander stadium van die vervaardiging daarvan geforseer is of geforseer kan word, d.w.s. deur vloei in verskillende vorms gegiet, gekalandeerd, uitgestoot of gevorm kan word, gewoonlik deur die aanwending van slegs hitte en slegs druk of van albei saam;

"leerling" 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n vakleerling, arbeider of proefleerling, wat ten tyde van sy indiensneming 'n minderjarige is of was, en wat in diens is om enige klas werk te leer wat aangedui word in sy leerlingcertifikaat wat ooreenkomstig klousule 26 van hierdie Deel van die Ooreenkoms aan hom uitgereik is;

"stukwerk" 'n stelsel waarvolgens besoldiging gegrond word op die hoeveelheid of omvang van die werk wat verrig is;

"besoldiging" 'n geldbedrag wat betaal of verskuldig is aan 'n persoon en wat op watter wyse ook al uit diens voortspruit;

"korttyd" 'n vermindering van die getal gewone werkure in 'n bedryfsinrigting weens bedryfslapte, tekort aan grondstowwe of 'n algemene onklaarraking van installasie of masjinerie wat deur 'n ongeluk of ander onvoorsiene gebeurtenis veroorsaak is;

(d) customarily and/or regularly exercises discretionary power; and

(e) is paid a wage of not less than that prescribed for the highest paid employee in this Agreement, whether weekly or monthly; and

(f) is paid in full, whether or not he completes the number of hours of work prescribed in this Agreement;

but shall exclude employees who are engaged in costing, designing, buying, planning, organising, directing and/or controlling the duties of foremen and/or supervisors: Provided that in the absence of foremen and/or supervisors, the aforesaid excluded employees shall be deemed to be the foremen or supervisors;

"Furniture Manufacturing Industry" or "Industry" means, without in any way limiting the ordinary meaning of the expression, the Industry in which employers and employees are associated for the manufacture, either in whole or in part, of all types of furniture, irrespective of the materials used, and shall include, *inter alia*, the following operations:

(a) Repairing, upholstering, re-upholstering, staining, spraying or polishing and/or repolishing, making of loose covers and/or cushions and/or the making and/or repairing of boxspring mattresses and/or frames for upholstering, wood-machining, veneering, wood-turning, carving in connection with the manufacture and/or repair of furniture, polishing and/or repolishing of pianos or the manufacture and/or staining, spraying and polishing and/or repolishing of tearoom, office, church, school, bar or theatre furniture, and shall include the manufacture or processes in the manufacture of bedding, the definition and interpretation of which shall include all manner or types of mattresses, spring mattresses, overlays, pillows, bolsters and cushions, and includes the activities carried on in any premises where wood-machining, wood-turning and/or carving in connection with the production of furniture is carried on; and includes further the repairing, re-upholstering or repolishing of furniture in or in connection with establishments in which the production of furniture or any operation associated with the final preparation of any article of furniture for sale, either in whole or in part, is carried on, and the veneering of laminated blockboard or plywood doors used for furniture, and all parts of materials used in the construction of furniture;

(b) the manufacture, either in whole or in part, of cabinets for musical instruments and radio or wireless cabinets by employers engaged in any one or more of the operations specified in paragraph (a); but excludes the manufacture of articles made principally of wicker, grass and/or cane, and the manufacture of metal furniture, including the manufacture of metal bedsteads; and shall further exclude the interests as defined in (i), (ii) and (iii) hereunder:

(i) "Electrical Engineering Industry", i.e.—

(aa) the manufacture and/or assembly from component parts of electrical equipment, namely, generators, motors, converters, switch and control gear (including relays, contactors, electrical instruments and equipment associated therewith), electrical lighting, heating, cooking, refrigeration and cooling equipment, transformers, furnace equipment, signalling equipment, radio or electronic equipment and other equipment utilising the principles used in the operation of radio and electronic equipment, incandescent lamps and electric cables and domestic electrical appliances, and includes the manufacture of component parts of the aforementioned equipment;

(ab) the installation, maintenance and repair of the equipment referred to in paragraph (a) above, but does not include the Electrical Contracting Industry;

(ii) "Plastics Industry", i.e. means the manufacture of articles or parts of articles wholly or mainly from plastics, but does not include the manufacture of the following articles made from plastic sheeting material, viz.: Wearing apparel, bags and handbags, boots, shoes, overshoes, upholstery coverings and plastic Venetian blinds;

(iii) "plastics", i.e. means any one of the group of materials which consists of or contains as an essential ingredient an organic substance of a large molecular mass and which, while solid in the finished state, at some stage in its manufacture has been or can be forced, i.e. cast, calendered, extruded or moulded into various shapes, by flow, usually through the application, singly or together, of heat and pressure;

"learner" means an employee, other than an apprentice, labourer or probationer, who at the time of his engagement is or was a minor and who is employed in learning any class of work specified on his learnership certificate issued to him in terms of clause 26 of this Part of the Agreement;

"piece-work" means any system according to which payment is based on quantity or output of work done;

"remuneration" means any payment in money made or owing to any person which arises in any manner whatsoever out of employment;

"short-time" means a reduction in the number of ordinary working hours in an establishment owing to slackness of trade, shortage of raw materials or a general breakdown of plant or machinery caused by accident or other unforeseen emergency.

(2) Tensy onbestaanbaar met die sinsverband is die volgende omskrywings van toepassing op Deel II van hierdie Ooreenkoms en beteken—

“los werknemer” ’n werknemer wat by dieselfde werkgever hoogstens drie dae in ’n bepaalde week werk maar nie langer as twee agtereenvolgende weke nie, met die doel om te laai en/of af te laai en/of te berg en/of skoon te maak;

“versendingsklerk” ’n werknemer wat verantwoordelik is vir die versending of verpakking van goedere vir vervoer of aflewering en wat toesig kan hou oor die nagaan, massameting, verpakking, merk, adresseer of versending van goedere of pakkies;

“jeugdige” ’n werknemer onder die leeftyd van 21 jaar, uitgesonderd ’n vakleerling en ’n arbeider;

“masjienonderhoudswerktuigkundige” ’n werknemer wat uitsluitlik enigeen van of al die volgende werksaamhede verrig:

Defekte opspoor in masjinerie wat in of in verband met ’n bedryfsinrigting gebruik word en sodanige masjinerie opknip of herstel, of toesig hou oor enigeen van of al hierdie werksaamhede;

“kantoorbode” ’n werknemer wat boodskappe of goedere te voet of met ’n trapfiets of driewiel buite sy werkgever se bedryfsinrigting afhaal of aflewer;

“verpakker” ’n werknemer, uitgesonderd ’n arbeider, wat goedere vir vervoer of aflewering verpak, baal of krat;

“proefleerling” ’n werknemer onder die leeftyd van 21 jaar wat werksaam is in ’n aangewese ambag ingevolge die Wet op Mannekragopleiding, 1981; maar nie ’n vakleerling of ’n arbeider nie.

“magasynman” ’n werknemer wat in beheer staan van en verantwoordelik is vir voorrade inkomende goedere of verwerkte of deels verwerkte produkte en wat ook in beheer staan van en verantwoordelik is vir die ontvangs, opberging, verpakking of uitpak van goedere in ’n magasyn of pakhuis of vir die aflewering van goedere uit ’n magasyn of pakhuis aan die verbruiksafdeling van ’n bedryfsinrigting;

“wag” ’n werknemer wat eiendom of persele bewaak of patrolleer.

(3) By die indeling van ’n werknemer vir die toepassing van hierdie Ooreenkoms, word hy geag in daardie klas te wees waarin hy uitsluitlik hoofsaaklik werksaam is.

4. STUKWERK

’n Werkgever mag niemand toelaat of van hom vereis om stukwerk of werk te verrig volgens ’n ander stelsel waarvolgens sy verdienste op die hoeveelheid gedane werk gegrond word, nie, behalwe soos in klousule 5 bepaal.

5. AANSPORINGSBONUS

(1) Behoudens die voorwaardes dat geen werkgever minder mag betaal nie as die besoldiging wat in Deel II van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word en geen werknemer sodanige laer besoldiging mag aanneem nie, kan ’n werkgever ’n werknemer se besoldiging grond op die hoeveelheid of omvang van gedane werk: Met dien verstande dat sodanige stelsel van besoldiging nie toegelaat mag word nie, behalwe in die vorm van ’n aansporingsbonusskema oor die bepalinge waarvan daar ooreengekom is soos in subklousules (2), (3) en (4) bepaal word.

(2) ’n Werkgever wat ’n aansporingsbonusskema wil invoer, moet ’n gesamentlike komitee van verteenwoordigers van die bestuur en die werknemers instel wat, ná oorlegpleging met die vakvereniging wat ’n party by hierdie Ooreenkoms is en wie se lede daarby betrokke is, oor die bepalinge van sodanige skema kan ooreenkom.

(3) Die bepalinge van so ’n aansporingsbonusskema en alle latere wysigings daarvan waaroor die komitee ooreenkom, moet op skrif gestel en deur die lede van die komitee onderteken word en dit mag nie deur enigeen van die partye verander of beëindig word nie tensy die party wat die ooreenkoms wil verander of beëindig die ander party dié skriftelike kennis gegee het waaroor die party ooreengekom het toe hulle die ooreenkoms aangegaan het.

(4) ’n Werknemer wat ’n tydlang volgens ’n aansporingsbonusskema werk, moet die volle bedrag betaal word wat hy verdien het ooreenkomstig die aansporingsbonusloon waaroor daar ingevolge hierdie klousule ooreengekom is.

(5) Hierdie klousule is nie op vakleerlinge van toepassing nie.

6. BUITEWERK

(1) ’n Werkgever mag nie van ’n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om werk in verband met die Meubelnywerheid elders as in sy bedryfsinrigting te onderneem nie, behalwe wanneer dié werk in verband staan met die voltooiing van ’n bestelling wat by dié werkgever geplaas is en bestaan uit die aanbring, inmeekaarsit, heelmaak of poleer van meubels op ’n perseel wat die eiendom is van of geokkupeer word deur die persoon vir wie die werk onderneem word.

(2) Geen werknemer wat in die Meubelnywerheid werksaam is, mag, terwyl hy in die diens van ’n werkgever in dié Nywerheid is, vir verkoop vir eie rekening of namens ’n ander persoon of firma, hetsy teen vergoeding of besoldiging of nie, werk in verband met die Meubelnywerheid onderneem of bestellings daarvoor vra of aanneem nie.

(2) Unless inconsistent with the context, the following definitions shall apply to Part II of this Agreement:

“casual employee” means an employee who is employed by the same employer for not more than three days in any one week and for not more than two consecutive weeks, for the purpose of loading and/or off-loading and/or storing and/or cleaning;

“despatch clerk” means an employee who is responsible for the despatch or the packing of goods for transport or delivery and who may supervise the checking, mass-measuring, packing, marking, addressing or despatching of goods or packages;

“juvenile” means an employee under the age of 21 years, excluding an apprentice and a labourer;

“machine maintenance mechanic” means an employee who is solely employed in all or any of the following operations:

Tracing faults in, overhauling or repairing machinery used in or in connection with an establishment or in supervising all or any of these operations;

“office messenger” means an employee engaged in collection or delivering messages or articles on foot or with a manually propelled bicycle or tricycle outside his employer’s establishment;

“packer” means an employee, other than a labourer, who is engaged in the packing, baling and crating of goods for transport or delivery;

“probationer” means an employee under 21 years of age employed in a designated trade under the Manpower Training Act, 1981, but does not include an apprentice or a labourer;

“storeman” means an employee who is in charge of and responsible for stocks of incoming goods or finished or partly finished products and who is also in charge of and responsible for receiving, storing, packing or unpacking goods in a store or warehouse or delivering goods from a store or warehouse to the consuming department in an establishment;

“watchman” means an employee who is engaged in guarding or patrolling property or premises.

(3) In classifying an employee for the purposes of this Agreement, he shall be deemed to be in that class in which he is wholly or mainly engaged.

4. PIECE-WORK

No employer shall require or allow any person to work piece-work or any other system by which earnings are based on quantity of work done, except as provided in clause 5.

5. INCENTIVE BONUS

(1) Subject to the conditions that no employer shall pay and no employee shall accept remuneration at rates less than the rates prescribed in Part II of this Agreement, an employer may base an employee’s remuneration on the quantity or output of work done: Provided that no such system of remuneration shall be permissible except in the form of an incentive bonus scheme, the terms of which have been agreed upon as set out in subclauses (2), (3) and (4).

(2) Any employer who wishes to introduce an incentive bonus scheme shall set up a joint committee of representatives of the management and the employees, which, after consultations with the trade union party to this Agreement whose members are involved, may agree upon the terms of any such scheme.

(3) The terms of any such incentive bonus scheme and any subsequent alteration thereto which may have been agreed upon by the committee shall be reduced to writing and be signed by the members of the committee and shall not be varied or terminated by either party unless the party wishing to vary or terminate the agreement has, in writing, given the other party such notice as may be agreed upon by the parties when entering into such an agreement.

(4) An employee employed on an incentive bonus scheme for any period shall be paid the full amount earned by him under the incentive bonus rates agreed upon in terms of this clause.

(5) The provisions of this clause shall not apply to apprentices.

6. OUTWORK

(1) No employer shall require or allow any of his employees to undertake work in connection with the Furniture Manufacturing Industry elsewhere than in his establishment except when such work is in completion of an order placed with such employer and consists of fitting, assembling, repairing or polishing furniture in premises owned or occupied by the person for whom the work is undertaken.

(2) No employee engaged in the Furniture Manufacturing Industry shall solicit or take orders for, or undertake any work in connection with the Furniture Manufacturing Industry on his own account for sale or on behalf of any other person or firm for reward, whether for remuneration or not, whilst in the employ of an employer in such Industry.

(3) Geen werkgewer en/of werknemer mag werk in verband met die Meubelnywerheid, uitgesonderd dié buitewerk wat in subklousule (1) genoem word, in 'n ander perseel onderneem nie as die perseel wat ingevolge die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, geregistreer is of die werkwinkels wat by die Raad geregistreer is en uitsluitlik vir werk in verband met die Meubelnywerheid gebruik word.

(4) Geen werkgewer mag werk in verband met die vervaardiging van meubels, hetsy in die geheel of in dele, uitbestee nie, afgesien van die materiaal wat gebruik word, uitgesonderd dié buitewerk wat in subklousule (1) genoem word, tensy dié werk verrig word in 'n perseel wat ingevolge die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, geregistreer moet word of in werkwinkels wat by die Raad geregistreer is en uitsluitlik vir werk in verband met die Meubelnywerheid gebruik word.

7. WERKURE

(1) 'n Werkgewer mag, behoudens andersluidende bepalinge in hierdie Ooreenkoms nie van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n werknemer wat uitsluitlik as 'n handelsreisiger of opsigter van die aflewering van goedere of boodskappe in diens is, vereis of hom toelaat—

(a) om langer as 44 uur van Maandag tot en met Saterdag, uitgesonderd etenspouses, in 'n bepaalde week te werk nie; of

(b) om langer as agt uur, uitgesonderd etenspouses, op 'n bepaalde dag te werk nie: Met dien verstande dat in 'n fabriek waarin—

(i) die gewone werkure op 'n bepaalde dag in elke week hoogstens vyf is, daar van 'n werknemer vereis of hy toegelaat kan word om vir 'n bykomende tydperk van hoogstens 'n halfuur op elkeen van die orige dae van die week te werk; of

(ii) die werknemers gewoonlik hoogstens vyf dae in die week werk, daar van 'n werknemer vereis of hy toegelaat kan word om op enige werkdag vir 'n bykomende tydperk van hoogstens een en 'n kwart uur te werk; of

(c) om vir 'n ononderbroke tydperk van meer as vyf uur sonder 'n ononderbroke pouse van minstens een uur te werk nie: Met dien verstande dat vir die toepassing van hierdie paragraaf werkydperke wat deur 'n pouse van minder as een uur onderbreek word, geag word ononderbroke te wees.

(2) Ondanks subklousule (1) (a) en (b) en behoudens klousule 10 van hierdie Deel, kan 'n werkgewer 'n werknemer toelaat of van hom vereis om oortyd te werk vir 'n totale tydperk, in 'n bepaalde week, van hoogstens—

(a) 10 uur; of

(b) 'n getal ure (wat meer as 10 kan wees) wat die Raad vasgestel het in 'n skriftelike kennisgewing aan die werkgewer waarin die werknemer of die klas werknemer ten opsigte van wie die kennisgewing van toepassing is en die tydperk waarvoor en die voorwaardes waarop dit geldig is, gemeld word.

(3) Benewens die tydperk waarin 'n werknemer werklik aan die werk is, moet hy geag word aan die werk te wees—

(a) gedurende die hele pouse in sy werk as hy nie vry is om die perseel van sy werkgewer vir dié hele pouse te verlaat nie; of

(b) gedurende alle tydperke waarin hy op die perseel van sy werkgewer is;

Met dien verstande dat as daar bewys word dat so 'n werknemer nie aan die werk was nie en vry was om die perseel te verlaat gedurende die gedeelte van 'n tydperk in paragraaf (b) bedoel, die veronderstelling in hierdie subklousule bedoel nie ten opsigte van daardie gedeelte van dié tydperk op so 'n werknemer van toepassing is nie.

(4) Elke werkgewer moet in sy bedryfsinrigting op 'n plek wat vir sy werknemers maklik toeganklik is, 'n kennisgewing vertoon in die vorm in Aanhangsel A van hierdie Deel van die Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf, waarin die aanvangs- en uitskeityd van die werk vir elke dag van die week en die etenspouse gemeld word.

(5) Hierdie klousule is nie van toepassing nie op 'n wag wie se werkgewer hom 'n dag van 24 agtereenvolgende ure diensvry toestaan ten opsigte van elke week diens: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) hy geen bedrag van sy wag se loon ten opsigte daarvan aftrek nie;

(ii) 'n werkgewer, in plaas daarvan om sy wag so 'n dag diensvry toe te staan, dié wag die loon kan betaal wat hy sou ontvang het as hy nie op so 'n dag gewerk het nie, plus 'n bedrag van minstens twee maal sy dagloon ten opsigte van so 'n dag wat nie toegestaan is nie.

8. KORTTYD

(1) (a) Indien dit weens 'n slapte in die bedryf in 'n bedryfsinrigting onmoontlik gevind word om voltyds te werk, moet korttyd gewerk word deur die beskikbare werk op 'n billike wyse te verdeel onder die werknemers wat in enige seksie geraak word, en indien dit nodig gevind word om werknemers af te dank vir wie lone in klousule I van Deel II van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, moet die werknemers wat die laagste lone verdien die eerste afgedank word: Met dien verstande dat geen werknemer weens 'n slapte in die bedryf afgedank mag word nie voordat die korttyd-werkure oor 'n aanenlopende tydperk van vier weke tot minder as 35 per week daal.

(3) No employer and/or employee shall undertake any work in connection with the Furniture Manufacturing Industry in any premises other than premises registered under the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, or workrooms registered with the Council and used solely for work in the Furniture Manufacturing Industry, except such outwork as is provided for in subclause (1).

(4) No employer shall give out any work in connection with the manufacture of furniture, either in whole or in part, irrespective of the materials used, other than in premises subject to registration in terms of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, or workrooms registered with the Council and used solely for work in the Furniture Manufacturing Industry, except such outwork as is provided for in subclause (1).

7. HOURS OF WORK

(1) Save as is otherwise provided in this Agreement, no employer shall require or permit an employee, other than one exclusively employed as a commercial traveller, caretaker, or in the delivery of goods or messages—

(a) to work for more than 44 hours, from Monday to Saturday, excluding meal intervals, in any one week; or

(b) to work for more than eight hours, excluding meal intervals, on any one day; Provided that in any factory in which—

(i) on one day in every week the ordinary hours of work are not more than five, an employee may be required or permitted to work for an additional period not exceeding half an hour on each of the remaining days of the week; or

(ii) the employees do not ordinarily work on more than five days in the week, an employee may on any work-day be required or permitted to work for an additional period not exceeding one and a quarter hours; or

(c) to work for a continuous period of more than five hours without an uninterrupted interval of at least one hour: Provided that for the purposes of this paragraph, periods of work interrupted by an interval of less than one hour shall be deemed to be continuous.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1) (a) and (b) and save as is provided in clause 10 of this Part, an employer may require or permit an employee to work overtime for a total period not exceeding in any one week—

(a) 10 hours; or

(b) a number of hours (which may exceed 10) fixed by the Council by notice in writing to the employer specifying the employee or the class of employee in respect of whom the notice is applicable, and the period for which and the conditions under which it shall be valid.

(3) An employee shall, in addition to any period during which he is actually working, be deemed to be working—

(a) during the whole of any interval in his work if he is not free to leave the premises of his employer for the whole of such interval; or

(b) during any other period during which he is on the premises of his employer;

Provided that if it is proved that any such employee was not working and was free to leave the premises during any part of any period referred to in paragraph (b), the presumption provided for in this subclause shall not apply in respect of such employee with reference to that part of such period.

(4) Every employer shall display in his establishment in a place readily accessible to his employees a notice in the form prescribed in Annexure A to this Part of Agreement specifying the starting and finishing time of work for each day of the week and the meal interval.

(5) The provisions of this clause shall not apply to a watchman whose employer grants him a day off of 24 consecutive hours in respect of every week of employment: Provided that—

(i) he makes no deduction from his watchman's wage in respect thereof;

(ii) an employer may, in lieu of granting his watchman any such day off, pay such watchman the wage he would have received if he had not worked on such day, plus an amount of not less than double his daily wage in respect of such day not granted.

8. SHORT-TIME

(1) (a) If, owing to slackness of trade in any establishment, it is found impossible to work full-time, short-time shall be worked by distributing the work available fairly amongst the employees affected in any section, and should it be found necessary to dismiss any employees for whom wages are prescribed in clause 1 of Part II of this Agreement the employees to be dismissed first shall be those earning the lowest wages: Provided that no employee shall be dismissed owing to slackness of trade until the hours of work on short-time fall below 35 per week over a continuous period of four weeks.

(b) Vir die toepassing van paragraaf (a) word ondergenoemde seksies erken: Met die hand of 'n masjien poleer, meubels met 'n masjien bewerk, meubels maak, stoffeer, fineer, rame maak en beddegoed maak.

(2) 'n Werknemer wat hom op 'n bepaalde dag op die gewone aanvangstyd van die bedryfsinrigting vir diens aanmeld en vir wie daar geen werk is nie, moet ten opsigte van so 'n dag 'n bedrag van minstens vier uur se besoldiging betaal word, tensy sy werkgever hom vooraf in kennis gestel het dat sy dienste nie op die betrokke dag nodig sal wees nie.

(3) Hierdie klousule is nie op vakleerlinge van toepassing nie.

9. BETALING VAN BESOLDIGING

(1) Lone moet weekliks in kontant betaal word gedurende die gewone werkure op die gewone betaaldag van 'n bedryfsinrigting of by diensbeëindiging as dit voor die gewone betaaldag plaasvind. Die betaaldag van 'n bedryfsinrigting is 'n dag van die week wat deur die werkgever bepaal word behalwe wanneer sodanige dag 'n dag is waarop daar nie gewerk word nie; in so 'n geval is die gewone betaaldag die dag voor die dag deur die werkgever bepaal.

(2) Die besoldiging wat kragtens hierdie Ooreenkoms aan 'n werknemer verskuldig is, moet aan hom oorhandig word in 'n verseëlde koefert of houër waarop geskryf moet staan, of wat vergesel moet gaan van 'n staat waarop aangetoon word, die werkgever se naam, die werknemer se naam of nommer of beroep, die getal gewone ure, oortydure of ekstra oortydure gewerk, die verskuldigde besoldiging en die tydperk ten opsigte waarvan die betaling gedoen word, die besoldiging verskuldig ten opsigte van werk op 'n Sondag verrig en besonderhede van aftrekkings gedoen, en dié koefert of houër waarop dié besonderhede geskryf staan of dié staat moet die eiendom van die werknemer word.

(3) Die werkgever mag geen premie vir die opleiding van 'n werknemer vra of aanneem nie: Met dien verstande dat hierdie subklousule nie van toepassing is ten opsigte van 'n opleidingskema waartoe die werkgever regtens verplig is om by te dra nie.

(4) Geen bedrag mag van die besoldiging van 'n werknemer vir die beskadiging van materiaal afgetrek word nie, ook geen ander bedrag van watter aard ook al nie, uitgesonderd dié hieronder genoem:

(a) Behoudens andersluidende bepalings in hierdie Ooreenkoms, wanneer 'n werknemer van sy werk afwesig is om 'n ander rede as op las of op versoek van sy werkgever, 'n bedrag eweredig aan die tydperk van sy afwesigheid;

(b) met die skriftelike toestemming van die werknemer, bedrae vir 'n siekte-, versekerings-, pensioen- of 'n ander soortgelyke fonds;

(c) met die skriftelike toestemming van die werknemer, bedrae vir bydraes tot die fondse van die vakvereniging;

(d) bydraes ingevolge klousule 16 van Deel I van die Ooreenkoms;

(e) die bedrag wat 'n werkgever weens 'n statutêre wet, ordonnansie of regsgeeding verplig is om ten behoeve van 'n werknemer te betaal;

(f) die bedrag wat ooreenkomstig die gemene reg van die skuld van 'n werknemer aan 'n werkgever afgetrek mag word;

(g) behoudens klousule 8, 'n bedrag eweredig aan die hoeveelheid korttyd wat gewerk is;

(h) 'n bedrag eweredig aan die tyd wat 'n bedryfsinrigting gesluit is ingevolge 'n onderlinge reëling tussen die werkgever en minstens 75 persent van sy werknemers.

10. BETALING VIR OORTYDWERK EN VIR WERK OP SONDAG

(1) Alle tyd wat daar langer gewerk word as die weeklikse of daaglikse ure in klousule 7 (1) van hierdie Deel van die Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf of wat gewerk word buite die gewone werkure soos bepaal in die kennisgewing wat ingevolge klousule 7 (4) van hierdie Deel van die Ooreenkoms vertoon moet word, word geag oortyd te wees, en behoudens subklousule (2) moet daarvoor soos volg betaal word vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk:

(a) Vir alle tyd gewerk ná die gewone uitskeityd en tot om 22h00 op elke dag van Maandag tot Vrydag of tot om 18h00 op Saterdag, teen een en 'n half maal die uurloon van die betrokke werknemer;

(b) vir alle tyd gewerk tussen 22h00 en die gewone aanvangstyd van Maandag tot Vrydag of na 18h00 op Saterdag, teen twee maal die uurloon van die betrokke werknemer.

(2) Wanneer 'n werknemer op 'n Sondag werk, moet sy werkgever hom besoldig teen 'n loon van minstens twee maal sy gewone loon, ten opsigte van die totale tydperk op so 'n Sondag gewerk, of teen 'n loon van minstens twee maal die gewone besoldiging wat betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die tydperk wat hy gewoonweg op 'n weekdag werk, na gelang van watter bedrag die grootste is.

(3) Indien 'n werknemer in 'n bepaalde week van die werk wegbly gedurende enigeen van of al die gewone ure wat in die betrokke bedryfsinrigting nagekom word, moet sodanige gewone ure wat die werknemer nie gewerk het nie, afgetrek word van die oortydure wat hy gewerk het, en vir die ure aldus afgetrek, moet daar, ondanks subklousule (1), betaal word teen die werknemer se gewone loon: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) as die getal gewone werkure wat die werknemer in 'n bepaalde week van die werk afwesig is, meer is as die oortydure gewerk, vir al sodanige oortydure gewerk, betaal moet word teen die werknemer se gewone loon;

(b) The following will be recognised as sections for the purposes of paragraph (a): Polishing by hand or machine; furniture machining; furniture making, upholstery, veneering, framemaking and bedding making.

(2) An employee who on any day reports for duty at the usual starting time of the establishment, and for whom no work is available, shall be paid in respect of such day an amount of not less than four hours' remuneration, unless he was notified by his employer previously that his services would not be required on the day in question.

(3) The provisions of this clause shall not apply to apprentices.

9. PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION

(1) Remuneration shall be paid in cash weekly during normal working hours on the ordinary pay-day of an establishment or on termination of employment if this takes place before the ordinary pay-day. The pay-day of an establishment shall be a day of the week nominated by the employer except when such day is a non-working day in which event the ordinary pay-day shall be the day preceding the day nominated by the employer.

(2) Any remuneration due to an employee in terms of this agreement shall be handed to him in a sealed envelope or container, on which shall be reflected, or which shall be accompanied by a statement showing, the employer's name, the employee's name or number or occupation, the number of ordinary hours, overtime hours or additional overtime hours worked, the remuneration due and the period in respect of which the payment is made, remuneration due in respect of work performed on a Sunday and details of any deductions made, and such envelope or container on which these particulars are reflected or such statement shall become the property of the employee.

(3) No premium for the training of an employee shall be charged or accepted by the employer: Provided that this subclause shall not apply in respect of a training scheme to which an employer is legally required to contribute.

(4) No charge for damage done to material or deduction of any description, other than the following, shall be made from the remuneration due to an employee:

(a) Except where otherwise provided in this Agreement, an amount proportionate to any period when an employee is not at work otherwise than on the instructions or at the request of his employer;

(b) with the written consent of the employee, deductions for sick, insurance, pension or other similar funds;

(c) with the written consent of the employee, deductions for contributions to the funds of the trade union;

(d) contributions in terms of clause 16 of Part I of the Agreement;

(e) any amount which an employer is compelled by any statutory law, ordinance or legal process to pay on behalf of an employee;

(f) any amount that may be set off in accordance with common law against any debt owing to an employer by an employee;

(g) subject to the provisions of clause 8, a deduction proportionate to the amount of short-time worked;

(h) a deduction proportionate to any time that an establishment may be closed by a mutual arrangement between the employer and not less than 75 per cent of his employees.

10. PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME AND FOR WORK PERFORMED ON A SUNDAY

(1) All time worked in excess of the weekly or daily hours laid down in clause (7) (1) of this Part of the Agreement or outside the ordinary working hours as specified in the notice which is required to be displayed in terms of clause 7 (4) of this Part of the Agreement shall be regarded as overtime and shall, subject to the provisions of subclause (2), be paid for as follows for each hour or part of an hour so worked:

(a) For any time worked after the ordinary finishing time and up to 22h00 on any day from Mondays to Fridays or up to 18h00 on Saturdays, at the rate of one and a half times the hourly rate of the employee concerned;

(b) for any time worked between 22h00 and the ordinary starting time from Mondays to Fridays, or after 18h00 on Saturdays, at double the ordinary rate of the employee concerned.

(2) Whenever an employee works on a Sunday his employer shall pay the employee remuneration at the rate of not less than double his ordinary rate of remuneration, in respect of the total period worked on such Sunday, or remuneration which is not less than double the ordinary remuneration payable in respect of the period ordinarily worked by him on a week-day, whichever is the greater.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1), where in any one week an employee absents himself from work during any or all of the ordinary hours observed in the establishment concerned, such ordinary hours not worked by the employee shall be deducted from the hours of overtime worked and the hours so deducted shall be paid for at the employee's ordinary wage: Provided that—

(i) if the number of ordinary hours of work on which the employee is absent in any one week is in excess of the overtime hours worked, all such overtime hours shall be paid for at the employee's ordinary wage;

(ii) ingeval 'n werknemer van die werk afwesig is met die toestemming van sy werkgever, of op 'n openbare vakansiedag in klousule 12 (1) bedoel, of afwesig is weens siekte, hierdie subklousule nie van toepassing is nie en daar vir die oortydure in sodanige geval gewerk betaal moet word teen die oortydloon wat van toepassing is op die oortydure gewerk. 'n Werkgever kan 'n werknemer aansê om 'n dokter-sertifikaat in te dien ten opsigte van sy afwesigheid weens siekte; en

(iii) sodanige gewone werkure wat nie gewerk is nie eers afgetrek moet word van die oortydure gewerk gedurende die ure in subklousule (1) (a) bedoel, en dat, indien die getal gewone werkure wat 'n werknemer in 'n bepaalde week afwesig is meer is as sodanige oortydure gewerk, die oorskot dan afgetrek moet word van die oortydure gewerk gedurende die ure in subklousule (1) (b) bedoel, maar uitgesonderd die oortydure aldus gewerk op Saterdag en tyd gewerk op Sondag, en dat daar vir alle oorblywende oortydure na sodanige aftrekking ooreenkomstig subklousule (1) (b) betaal moet word.

11. WERKNEMERS WAT HOËR LONE ONTVANG AS DIE WAT VOORGESKRYF WORD

'n Werknemer vir wie lone in Deel II van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word en wat op die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree 'n hoër lon ontvang as die lon wat vir sodanige klas werk voorgeskryf word, moet, solank hy in die diens van dieselfde werkgever bly en dieselfde klas werk verrig, 'n lon ontvang wat nie laer is nie as die lon wat hy op sodanige datum ontvang het: Met dien verstande dat die Raad magtiging kan verleen vir 'n verlaging van sodanige hoër lon tot die peil wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf word.

12. VAKANSIEDAE EN VAKANSIEFONDS

Ondergenoemde voorwaardes moet nagekom word deur alle werkgevers en werknemers, uitgesonderd los werknemers, vir wie lone in Deel II van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word:

(1) Goeie Vrydag, Gesinsdag, Hemelvaartsdag, Gelofte dag, Kersdag, Republiekdag en Nuwejaarsdag is vakansiedae met volle besoldiging.

Behoudens subklousule (2), moet elke werknemer ten opsigte van elk van hierdie vakansiedae die besoldiging betaal word wat hy sou ontvang het as hy op daardie dag gewerk het: Met dien verstande dat, ingeval enige sodanige vakansiedag op 'n Saterdag val, elke werknemer, benewens sy gewone besoldiging, 'n bedrag gelyk aan agt en 'n half maal sy uurloon betaal moet word, afgesien daarvan of die bedryfsinrigting waarin hy werksaam is, vyf of ses dae per week werk.

(2) 'n Werknemer wie se werkgever van hom vereis om op dié dag onmiddellik voor en/of na een van die openbare vakansiedae in hierdie klousule bedoel, te werk en wat op sodanige dag of dae van sy werk afwesig is, is nie op besoldiging vir sodanige vakansiedag geregtig nie tensy hy met verlof van sy werkgever of vanweë siekte of omstandighede buite sy beheer afwesig is of tensy hy die ure van dié betrokke dag of dae ingewerk het, en in dié geval moet besoldiging vir sodanige vakansiedag ooreenkomstig hierdie klousule geskied.

(3) Vir tyd op Gesinsdag gewerk, moet die werkgever, benewens die besoldiging wat ingevolge subklousule (1) verskuldig is, elke betrokke werknemer besoldig teen die uurloon van sodanige werknemer.

(4) Geen werkgever mag van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om op Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Gelofte dag en Republiekdag te werk nie.

(5) Elke werknemer is kragtens hierdie Ooreenkoms op drie agtereenvolgende weke verlof geregtig. Sodanige verloftydperke moet—

(a) ononderbroke wees; en

(b) sowel Kersdag as Nuwejaarsdag insluit.

(6) (a) Die Fonds wat bekend staan as die Sentrale Vakansiefonds van die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, ingestel kragtens die Ooreenkoms gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 2232 van 31 Oktober 1980, word hierby voortgesit. Elke werkgever moet ten opsigte van elke maand 'n bedrag gelyk aan 12½ persent van die werklike besoldiging, uitgesonderd bonusbetalings, wat elkeen van sy werknemers gedurende daardie maand verdien het, in die Fonds inbetaal. Wanneer die werkgever hierdie bedrag betaal, moet hy 'n staat verstrek in die vorm deur die Raad van tyd tot tyd voorgeskryf.

(b) Ondanks paragraaf (a), kan die bedrag van 12½ persent verminder word tot 5 persent van die besoldiging wat aan 'n werknemer betaal word ten opsigte van elke week waarin 'n werknemer om watter rede ook al, uitgesonderd op las of op versoek van die werkgever minder as 44 uur werk: Met dien verstande dat as 'n werknemer weens siekte minder as 44 uur werk, die werkgever as 'n opskortende voorwaarde vir die betaling van genoemde bedrag van die werknemer kan vereis om 'n sertifikaat in te dien wat deur 'n mediese praktisyn onderteken is en die aard en duur van die werknemer se siekte meld: Voorts met dien verstande dat die bydrae van 5 persent ten opsigte van siekte nie vir 'n tydperk van meer as 25 gewone werkdag in 'n bepaalde jaar betaal hoef te word nie.

(c) Die bedrae wat ingevolge paragraaf (a) betaalbaar is, moet vóór of op die 10de dag van elke maand wat volg op die maand ten opsigte waarvan dit verskuldig is, aan die Sekretaris van die Raad betaal word of aan 'n organisasie of liggaam wat van tyd tot tyd deur die partye by hierdie Ooreenkoms aangewys word.

(ii) where an employee is absent from work with the permission of his employer, or on a public holiday referred to in clause 12 (1); or absent on account of sickness, the provisions of this subclause shall not apply and the overtime hours worked in such case shall be paid for at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime hours worked. An employer may call on an employee for a medical certificate in respect of absence due to illness; and

(iii) such ordinary hours not worked shall firstly be deducted from overtime worked during the hours specified in subclause (1) (a) and if the number of ordinary hours of work on which an employee is absent in any one week is in excess of such overtime worked, the excess shall then be deducted from overtime worked during the hours specified in subclause (1) (b), but excluding overtime so worked on Saturdays and time worked on Sundays, and any remaining overtime after such deduction shall be paid for in accordance with subclause (1) (b).

11. EMPLOYEES RECEIVING HIGHER WAGES THAN THOSE PRESCRIBED

An employee for whom wages are prescribed in Part II of this Agreement and who at the date of the commencement thereof is receiving a higher wage than the rate prescribed for such class of work shall, so long as he remains in the service of the same employer and is engaged in the same class of work, receive a wage not lower than the wage he is receiving at such date: Provided that the Council may authorise a reduction of such higher wage to the level prescribed in this Agreement for an employee of his class.

12. HOLIDAYS AND HOLIDAY FUND

The following conditions shall be observed by all employers and employees, excluding casual employees, for whom wages are prescribed in Part II of this Agreement:

(1) Good Friday, Family Day, Ascension Day, Day of the Vow, Christmas Day, Republic Day and New Year's Day shall be holidays on full pay.

Subject to the provisions of subclause (2), each employee shall be paid in respect of each of these holidays, the remuneration he would have received had he worked on that day: Provided that, in the event of any such holiday falling on a Saturday, each employee shall, in addition to his ordinary remuneration, be paid an amount equal to eight and a half times his hourly rate, irrespective of whether the establishment in which he is employed observed a five or a six-day week.

(2) An employee who is required by his employer to work on the day immediately preceding and/or following any of the public holidays referred to in this clause and who absents himself on such day or days shall not be entitled to payment for such holiday unless absent with the permission of his employer or on account of illness or circumstances beyond his control or the hours of the day or days concerned have been worked in, in which event payment shall be made for such holiday as provided for in terms of this clause.

(3) For the time worked on Family Day, the employer shall, in addition to the remuneration due in terms of subclause (1), pay to each employee concerned remuneration at the hourly rate of such an employee.

(4) No employer shall require or permit an employee to work on Good Friday, Ascension Day, Day of the Vow and Republic Day.

(5) Every employee shall be entitled under this Agreement to three consecutive weeks' leave. Such leave period—

(a) shall be continuous; and

(b) shall include both Christmas Day and New Year's Day.

(6) (a) The Fund known as the Border Furniture Industry Central Holiday Fund, established in terms of the Agreement published under Government Notice R. 2232 of 31 October 1980, is hereby continued. Every employer shall each month pay into the Fund a sum equal to 12½ per cent of the actual remuneration, excluding bonus payments, earned by each of his employees during that month: When making such payment, the employer shall furnish a statement in the form prescribed by the Council from time to time.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), the amount of 12½ per cent may be reduced to 5 per cent of the remuneration paid to an employee in respect of any week during which an employee works less than 44 hours for any reason whatsoever, other than absence on the instructions or at the request of the employer: Provided that if an employee works less than 44 hours on account of illness, the employer may, as a condition precedent to the payment of the said amount, require the employee to produce a certificate signed by a medical practitioner stating the nature and duration of the employee's incapacity: Provided further that the contribution of 5 per cent in respect of illness need not be paid for any period in excess of 25 ordinary working days in any one year.

(c) Amounts payable in terms of paragraph (a) shall be paid to the Secretary of the Council or to an organisation or body nominated by the parties to this Agreement, from time to time, not later than the 10th day of each month following that in respect of which they are due.

(d) Die bedrae wat ingevolge paragraaf (a) betaalbaar is, moet, benewens die loon of oortydbesoldiging wat ingevolge hierdie Ooreenkoms aan 'n werknemer betaalbaar is, deur die werkgever betaal word en mag nie van die loon of oortydbesoldiging van sodanige werknemer afgetrek word nie.

(e) Die Raad moet 'n register byhou van die bedrag wat ingevolge paragraaf (a) ten opsigte van elke werknemer in die Sentrale Vakansiefonds inbetaal word.

(f) Die Sentrale Vakansiefonds moet gebruik word om gedurende ondergenoemde tydperke 'n vakansiebonus onder werknemers te verdeel:

Tussen 8 en 19 Desember moet daar aan elke werknemer 'n vakansiebonus betaal word wat gelykstaan met die bedrag wat ingevolge paragraaf (a) ten opsigte van hom in die Sentrale Vakansiefonds gestort is gedurende die jaar wat op die eerste betaaldag in November eindig.

(g) Die Raad kan van die geld wat aan die Sentrale Vakansiefonds behoort, op vaste deposito of as onmiddellik opvraagbare deposito's by 'n bank of geregistreerde bouvereniging belê, en die rente op sulke beleggings kom die algemene fondse van die Raad toe as teenprestasie vir die Raad se administrasie van die Fonds.

(h) Geld wat verskuldig is aan werknemers wat nie opgespoor kan word en wat nie binne 'n tydperk van twee jaar vanaf die datum waarop die geld betaalbaar geword het betaling geëis het nie, kom die fondse van die Raad toe.

(i) Indien die boedel van 'n werkgever gesekwestreer of 'n maatskappy wat 'n werkgever is, gelikwideer word, en geld wat deur sodanige werkgever ingevolge paragraaf (a) aan die Raad verskuldig is ten opsigte van die dienstyd van 'n werknemer van hoogstens 12 maande nie betaal is nie, moet die werknemer ten opsigte van wie die geld verskuldig is, by sodanige sekwestrasie of likwidasië geag word geregtig te wees op een en 'n half verlofdae vir elke maand van sodanige tydperk van hoogstens 12 maande.

(j) 'n Openbare rekenmeester wat deur die Raad aangestel moet word en wie se besoldiging deur die Raad bepaal moet word, moet die rekenings van die Sentrale Vakansiefonds minstens een keer per jaar outiteer en voor of op 31 Desember elke jaar 'n staat opstel wat—

(i) alle geld toon wat kragtens hierdie klousule ontvang is; asook

(ii) uitgawes onder alle hoofde aangegaan gedurende die 12 maande wat op die vorige 31 Desember geëindig het, tesame met 'n balansstaat wat die bates en laste van die Fonds, op daardie datum, aantoon.

(k) Gewaarmerkte kopieë van die geoutiteerde staat en balansstaat, mede-onderteken deur die Voorsitter van die Raad, en van die outiteur se verslag daarvoor moet daarna op die kantoor van die Raad ter insae lê. Gesertifiseerde kopieë van die staat, balansstaat en outiteur se verslag moet so gou doenlik, maar hoogstens drie maande na die einde van die tydperk wat daardeur gedek word, deur die Raad aan die Direkteur-generaal van Mannekrag gestuur word.

(l) Ingeval hierdie Ooreenkoms weens verloop van tyd verstryk of weens 'n ander oorsaak gestaak word, moet die Fonds deur die Raad geadministreer word totdat die Raad dié gelikwideer of oorgedra het na 'n ander fonds wat ingestel is vir dieselfde doel as dié waarvoor die oorspronklike Fonds ingestel is.

(m) Ingeval die Raad ontbind word of ophou om ingevolge artikel 34 (2) van die Wet te funksioneer gedurende die tydperk waarin hierdie Ooreenkoms bindend is, moet die Raad voortgaan om die Fonds te administreer en die lede van sodanige Raad op die datum waarop die Raad ophou om te funksioneer of ontbind word, moet vir dié doel geag word lede daarvan te wees: Met dien verstande egter dat alle vakatures wat in sodanige Raad ontstaan, deur die Registrateur geval kan word uit die geledere van werkgewers en werknemers in die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, ten einde 'n gelyke getal werkgever- en werknemerverteenwoordigers en -plaasvervangers in die ledetal van die Raad te verseker. Ingeval die Raad nie in staat is nie of onwilling is om sy pligte te vervul, of voor 'n dooie punt te staan kom wat na die mening van die Registrateur die administrasie van die Fonds ondoenlik of onwenslik maak, kan hy 'n trustee of trustees aanstel om die pligte van die Raad uit te voer, en dié trustee of trustees het vir hierdie doel al die bevoegdhede van die Raad. By verstryking van hierdie Ooreenkoms moet die Fonds gelikwideer word op die wyse in paragraaf (n) voorgeskryf en as die sake van die Raad by verstryking van die Ooreenkoms reeds afgehandel en sy bates verdeel is, moet die saldo van die Fonds ooreenkomstig artikel 34 (4) van die Wet verdeel word asof dié deel van die algemene fondse van die Raad uitmaak.

(n) By likwidasië van die Fonds ingevolge paragraaf (l), moet die geld wat nog in die krediet van die Fonds staan nadat alle eise teen die Fonds, met inbegrip van die administrasie- en likwidasiëkoste, betaal is, in die algemene fondse van die Raad gestort word.

13. VERSKAFFING VAN GEREEDSKAP

(1) Meubelmakersbanke, klampe, handskroewe, lympotte en alle kwaste moet deur die werkgever verskaf word.

(2) Die werkgever moet die gereedskap van die meubelmakers wat in sy diens is op eie koste verseker teen verlies of vernietiging deur brand of diefstal op die fabriekspersoneel. In dié verband is elke meubelmaker verplig om, wanneer dit van hom vereis word, 'n inventaris voor te lê van die gereedskap wat in sy besit is en moet hy voorts dié inligting verstrek wat die versekeraars van tyd tot tyd ten opsigte van genoemde gereedskap vereis.

(d) Amounts payable in terms of paragraph (a) shall be paid by the employer in addition to any wage or overtime pay payable to an employee in terms of this Agreement, and shall not be deducted from the wages or overtime pay of such employee.

(e) The Council shall keep a record of the amount paid in respect of each employee into the Central Holiday Fund in terms of paragraph (a).

(f) The Central Holiday Fund shall be utilised for the purpose of distribution to employees of a holiday bonus over the following periods:

Between 8 and 19 December, each employee shall be paid a holiday bonus equal to the amount paid into the Central Holiday Fund in terms of paragraph (a) in respect of him during the year ending on the first pay-day in November.

(g) The Council may invest any of the moneys belonging to the Central Holiday Fund on fixed deposit or on call with a bank or registered building society and any interest accruing from such investments shall accrue to the general funds of the Council in consideration of the Council's administration of the Fund.

(h) Moneys due to employees who cannot be traced and who have not claimed payment within a period of two years from the date on which the moneys became payable shall accrue to the funds of the Council.

(i) Should the estate of an employer be sequestrated, or a company which is an employer be placed in liquidation, and any moneys due by such employer to the Council in terms of paragraph (a) in respect of any period of employment of any employee not exceeding 12 months not having been paid, the employee in respect of whom the money is due shall be deemed to be entitled on such sequestration or liquidation, to one and a half days' leave for each month of such period not exceeding 12 months.

(j) A public accountant who shall be appointed by the Council and whose remuneration shall be decided by the Council, shall audit the accounts of the Central Holiday Fund at least once annually and, not later than 31 December in each year, prepare a statement showing—

(i) all moneys received in terms of this clause;

(ii) expenditure incurred under all headings during the 12 months ended 31 December preceding, together with a balance sheet showing the assets and liabilities of the Fund as at that date.

(k) True copies of the audited statements and balance sheet, countersigned by the Chairman of the Council, and of the auditor's report thereon shall thereafter lie for inspection at the offices of the Council. Certified copies of the statement, balance sheet and auditor's report shall as soon as possible, but not later than three months after the close of the period covered thereby, be transmitted by the Council to the Director-General of Manpower.

(l) In the event of the expiry of this Agreement by effluxion of time or cessation for any other cause, the Fund shall be administered by the Council until it be either liquidated or transferred by the Council to any other fund constituted for a similar purpose to that for which the original Fund was established.

(m) In the event of the dissolution of the Council or in the event of its ceasing to function in terms of section 34 (2) of the Act, during any period in which this Agreement is binding, the Council shall continue to administer the Fund and the members of such Council at the date on which the Council ceases to function or is dissolved shall be deemed to be members thereof for such purposes: Provided, however, that any vacancies occurring on such Council may be filled by the Registrar from employers and employees in the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry, to ensure an equality of employer and employee representatives and alternates in the membership of the Council. In the event of the Council being unable or unwilling to discharge its duties or a deadlock arising thereon which renders the administration of the Fund impracticable or undesirable in the opinion of the Registrar, he may appoint a trustee or trustees to carry out the duties of such Council and who shall possess all the powers of such Council for that purpose. Upon expiry of the Agreement, the Fund shall be liquidated in the manner set forth in paragraph (n) and if upon such expiry the affairs of the Council have already been wound up and its assets distributed, the balance of the Fund shall be distributed as provided for in section 34 (4) of the Act, as if it formed part of the general funds of the Council.

(n) Upon liquidation of the Fund in terms of paragraph (l) the moneys remaining to the credit of the Fund after payment of all claims, including administration and liquidation expenses, shall be paid into the general funds of the Council.

13. PROVISION OF TOOLS

(1) Cabinetmakers' benches, cramps, hand screws, gluepots and all brushes shall be provided by the employer.

(2) The employer shall, at his expense, ensure against loss or destruction by fire, or burglary on the factory premises, the tools of the cabinetmakers in his employ. In this connection each cabinetmaker shall be obliged to submit, when required, an inventory of the tools in his possession and shall further submit such information as may be required from time to time by the insurers in respect of the said tools.

14. VRYSTELLINGS

(1) Die Raad kan, om 'n regsgeldige rede vrystelling van enigeen van die bepalings van hierdie Ooreenkoms verleen.

(2) Die Raad moet ten opsigte van iemand aan wie vrystelling verleen word die voorwaardes bepaal waarop sodanige vrystelling verleen word en die tydperk waarin die vrystelling van krag is: Met dien verstande dat die Raad, na goeie dinge en nadat daar een week vooraf skriftelik kennis aan die betrokke persoon gegee is, 'n vrystellingsertifikaat kan intrek.

(3) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet aan elkeen aan wie vrystelling verleen is, 'n sertifikaat uitreik wat die volgende aantoon:

- (a) Die naam van die betrokke persoon voluit;
 - (b) die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms waarvan vrystelling verleen word;
 - (c) die voorwaardes vasgestel ingevolge subklousule (2), waarop die vrystelling verleen word;
 - (d) die tydperk waarvoor die vrystelling van krag is; en
 - (e) die rede waarom die vrystelling verleen word.
- (4) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet—
- (a) alle sertifikate wat uitgereik word in volgorde nommer;
 - (b) 'n afskrif hou van elke sertifikaat wat uitgereik word; en
 - (c) wanneer vrystelling aan 'n werknemer verleen word, 'n kopie van die sertifikaat aan die betrokke werkgewer stuur.

15. BESTAANDE SERTIFIKATE

Ondanks die verstryking van vorige ooreenkomste vir die Nywerheid, moet die Raad voortgaan om alle leerlingssertifikaat van enigeen daarvan wat kragtens sodanige vorige ooreenkomste uitgereik is, te administreer totdat sodanige sertifikaat weens verloop van tyd verstryk of andersins deur die Raad ingetrek of gekanseleer word.

16. UITGAWES VAN DIE RAAD

Ten einde die uitgawes van die Raad te bestry, moet elke werkgewer 20c per week aftrek van die loon van elkeen van sy werknemers (uitgesonderd leerlinge, vakleerlinge en los werknemers): Met dien verstande dat 10c per week afgetrek moet word van die loon van werknemers (uitgesonderd leerlinge, vakleerlinge en los werknemers) wat, ooreenkomstig 'n vrystellingsertifikaat deur die Raad uitgereik, 'n loon van minder as R14,70 per week ontvang. Voorts met dien verstande dat geen bedrag afgetrek mag word nie in gevalle waar die totale weeklikse verdienste van die werknemer hoogstens R4,20 beloop.

By die totaal van die bedrae wat aldus afgetrek word, moet die werkgewer 'n bedrag byvoeg wat daarmee gelykstaan en die totale bedrag voor of op die 10de dag van die volgende maand stuur aan die Sekretaris van die Raad, of aan 'n organisasie of liggaam wat van tyd tot tyd deur die partye by hierdie Ooreenkoms aangewys word, tesame met sodanige state as wat die Raad van tyd tot tyd voorskryf.

17. REGISTRASIE VAN WERKGEWERS EN WERKNEMERS

(1) Elke werkgewer moet binne een maand vanaf die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree, en elke werkgewer wat ná daardie datum tot die Nywerheid toetree, moet binne een maand vanaf die datum waarop hy met werksaamhede begin, aan die Sekretaris van die Raad die volgende besonderhede stuur wat skriftelik en deur die werkgewer onderteken moet wees:

- (a) Sy naam voluit (ingeval die onderneming 'n maatskappy of 'n vennootskap is, moet die naam van die verantwoordelike bestuurder en/of vennote voluit verstrekkend word);
- (b) sy adres waar die besigheid gedryf word en die woonadresse van die persone wat in paragraaf (a) genoem word;
- (c) ambag of ambagte wat hy in die Nywerheid beoefen;
- (d) name van sy werknemers en beroepe waarin hulle werksaam is.

(2) Ingeval die werkgewer 'n vennootskap is, moet die inligting verstrekkend word wat ooreenkomstig subklousule (1) in verband met elk van die vennote vereis word, en ook die naam waaronder die vennootskap sake doen.

(3) Elke werkgewer moet die Raad skriftelik in kennis stel van veranderinge ten opsigte van besonderhede wat ingevolge subklousule (1) verstrekkend word en daar moet binne 14 dae vanaf so 'n verandering aldus kennis gegee word.

18. VERTONING VAN OOREENKOMS

Elke werkgewer moet 'n leesbare kopie van hierdie Ooreenkoms in albei amptelike tale op 'n opvallende plek in sy bedryfsinrigting vertoon waar sy werknemers maklik toegang daartoe het.

19. BYHOU VAN REGISTERS

Die tyd- en loonregisters wat bygehou moet word, moet bygehou word op die wyse wat die Raad van tyd tot tyd voorskryf.

20. VAKVERENIGINGVERTEENWOORDIGERS IN DIE RAAD

Elke werkgewer moet aan al sy werknemers wat verteenwoordigers in die Raad is alle redelike fasiliteite verleen om hul pligte na te kom in verband met vergaderings van die Raad.

14. EXEMPTIONS

(1) The Council may grant exemption from any of the provisions of the Agreement for any good and sufficient reason.

(2) The Council shall fix, in respect of any person granted exemption, the conditions subject to which such exemption is granted and the period during which such exemption shall operate: Provided that the Council may, if it deems fit, after one week's notice in writing has been given to the person concerned, withdraw any licence of exemption.

(3) The Secretary of the Council shall issue to every person granted exemption a licence setting out—

- (a) the full name of the person concerned;
 - (b) the provisions of the Agreement from which exemption is granted;
 - (c) the conditions fixed in accordance with the provisions of subclause (2) to which such exemption is granted;
 - (d) the period for which the exemption shall operate; and
 - (e) the reason for the exemption being granted.
- (4) The Secretary of the Council shall—
- (a) number consecutively all licences issued;
 - (b) retain a copy of each licence issued; and
 - (c) where exemption is granted to an employee, forward a copy of the licence to the employer concerned.

15. EXISTING CERTIFICATES

Notwithstanding the expiry of any previous agreements for the Industry, the Council shall continue to administer all or any learnership certificates issued under such previous agreements until such certificates shall expire by the effluxion of time or otherwise have been cancelled or withdrawn by the Council.

16. EXPENSES OF THE COUNCIL

For the purpose of meeting the expenses of the Council, every employer shall deduct 20c per week from the wages of each of his employees (other than learners, apprentices and casual employees): Provided that 10c per week shall be deducted from the wages of employees (other than learners, apprentices and casual employees) who, in terms of a licence of exemption issued by the Council, are in receipt of a wage of less than R14,70 per week: Provided further that no deductions shall be made when the total weekly earnings of an employee do not exceed R4,20.

To the aggregate of the amounts so deducted the employer shall add an equal amount and forward not later than the 10th day of the following month the total sum to the Secretary of the Council, or to an organisation or body nominated by the parties to this Agreement from time to time, together with such statements as the Council may from time to time determine.

17. REGISTRATION OF EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES

(1) Every employer shall within one month from the date on which this Agreement comes into operation, and every employer entering the Industry after the date, shall within one month of commencement of operations by him forward to the Secretary of the Council the following particulars, which shall be in writing and signed by the employer:

- (a) His full name (where the business is a company or partnership, the full name of the responsible manager and/or partners must be furnished);
- (b) his address where the business is carried on and the residential address of the persons referred to in paragraph (a);
- (c) trade or trades carried on by him in the Industry;
- (d) names of his employees and occupations in which they are employed.

(2) Where the employer is a partnership, information in accordance with subclause (1) regarding each of the partners, as well as the title under which the partnership operates, shall be furnished.

(3) Written notification shall be sent to the Council by every employer of any alteration in respect of any details supplied in terms of subclause (1) and such notification shall be given within 14 days of such alteration.

18. EXHIBITION OF AGREEMENT

Every employer shall display in his establishment a legible copy of this Agreement in both official languages and in a conspicuous place where it is readily accessible to his employees.

19. KEEPING OF RECORDS

The time and wage records which are required to be kept shall be kept in the manner prescribed by the Council from time to time.

20. TRADE UNION REPRESENTATIVES ON THE COUNCIL

Every employer shall grant to any of his employees who are representatives on the Council every reasonable facility to attend to their duties in connection with meetings of the Council.

21. ADMINISTRASIE VAN OOREENKOMS

Die Raad is die liggaam wat verantwoordelik is vir die administrasie van hierdie Ooreenkoms en kan vir die leiding van werkgewers en werknemers menings uitspreek en beslissings vel wat nie met die bepalings daarvan in stryd is nie.

22. AGENTE

(1) Die Raad moet een of meer aangewese persone as agente aanstel wat behulpsaam moet wees met die uitvoering van hierdie Ooreenkoms. Die agent het die reg om—

(a) te eniger tyd 'n perseel of plek waar die Meubelnywerheid beoefen word, te betree, te inspekteer en te ondersoek wanneer hy 'n redelike vermoede het dat iemand daarin werksaam is;

(b) elke werknemer wat hy in of op die perseel of plek vind, of alleen of in die teenwoordigheid van 'n ander persoon soos hy goeddink, mondeling te ondervra in verband met sake wat op hierdie Ooreenkoms betrekking het en om van so 'n werknemer te vereis om te antwoord op die vrae wat gestel word;

(c) te vereis dat alle kennisgewings, boeke, lysste of dokumente wat kragtens hierdie Ooreenkoms gehou, vertoon of opgestel moet word, getoon word en om dit te ondersoek en om 'n afskrif daarvan te maak;

(d) te vereis dat alle betaalstate of boeke waarin daar boekgehou word van die werklike besoldiging wat betaal word aan 'n werknemer wie se besoldiging in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, getoon word en om dit te inspekteer, te ondersoek en 'n afskrif daarvan te maak.

(2) Wanneer die agent so 'n plek betree, inspekteer of ondersoek, kan hy 'n tolk met hom saamneem.

(3) Iedereen vir wie hierdie klousule bindend is, moet al die fasiliteite wat hierbo genoem word aan die agent verleen.

(4) Alle klagtes wat die partye by die Raad aan die Raad rig ten opsigte van die toepassing van hierdie Ooreenkoms moet skriftelik by die Sekretaris van die Raad ingedien word.

23. INDIENSNEMING VAN VAKVERENIGINGARBEID

(1) Lede van die vakvereniging stem in om werk slegs van lede van die werkgewersorganisasie aan te neem en lede van die werkgewersorganisasie stem in om slegs lede van die vakvereniging in diens te neem: Met dien verstande dat, afgesien van die regte van 'n gegriefde persoon ingevolge artikel 51 (10) van die Wet, hierdie klousule nie van toepassing is nie waar 'n werkgewer of 'n werknemer na die mening van die Raad lidmaatskap van 'n party by hierdie Ooreenkoms sonder grondige rede geweier is.

(2) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule beteken lidmaatskap 'n lid ooreenkomstig die konstitusie van die vakvereniging of die werkgewersorganisasie.

(3) Bewys van lidmaatskap van die vakvereniging of die werkgewersorganisasie is die vertoning van 'n kaart en/of sertifikaat wat deur die sekretaris van die betrokke vakvereniging of werkgewersorganisasie onderteken is.

Soewel die vakvereniging as die werkgewersorganisasie moet die Raad voorsien van 'n lys van alle lede van hul onderskeie vakvereniging/werkgewersorganisasie wat bedank het, uitgesit is of geskors is. By ontvangs van sodanige lysste moet die Sekretaris van die Raad die gewese lid of lede van die betrokke vakvereniging/werkgewersorganisasie meedeel dat sy/hul lidmaatskapkaart(e) en/of sertifikaat(s)/sertifikate nie meer vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule geldig is nie.

(4) Hierdie klousule is nie op klerke van toepassing nie.

(5) Hierdie klousule is nie ten opsigte van 'n immigrant van toepassing gedurende die eerste jaar vanaf die datum waarop hy die Republiek van Suid-Afrika binnegekom het nie: Met dien verstande dat as 'n immigrant te eniger tyd ná verloop van die eerste drie maande vanaf die datum waarop hy in die Nywerheid begin werk het, geweier het om op uitnodiging van die vakvereniging lid daarvan te word, hierdie klousule onmiddellik in werking tree.

(6) Elke werkgewer moet aan beampies en ampsbekleërs van die vakvereniging tyd toelaat om vergaderings van die vakvereniging by te woon: Met dien verstande dat sodanige werknemers die werkgewer minstens een week kennis moet gee van hul voorneme om die vergaderings by te woon.

24. LONE

(1) Behoudens klousules 8 en 9 van hierdie deel van die Ooreenkoms, mag geen lone wat laer is as dié wat in Deel II van hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word, deur 'n werkgewer betaal en deur 'n werknemer aanneem word nie.

(2) (a) 'n Werknemer wat op 19 Maart 1982 'n hoër loon ontvang het as dié wat voorgeskryf is, vir die klas werk waarin hy werksaam is, moet 'n verhoging ontvang wat gelyk is aan die verskil tussen die loon voorgeskryf vir die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1982 en die loon wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word: Met dien verstande dat die addisionele bedrag wat ooreenkomstig hierdie subklousule aan 'n werknemer betaalbaar is, verminder kan word met die bedrag van alle verhogings wat gedurende die tydperk vanaf die datum van inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms tot 19 Maart 1982 aan so 'n werknemer toegestaan word.

21. ADMINISTRATION OF AGREEMENT

The Council shall be the body responsible for the administration of this Agreement and may issue expressions of opinion and rulings not inconsistent with the provisions thereof for the guidance of employers and employees.

22. AGENTS

(1) The Council shall appoint one or more specified persons as agents to assist in giving effect to the terms of this Agreement. The agent shall have the right to—

(a) enter, inspect and examine any premises or place in which the Furniture Manufacturing Industry is carried on at any time when he has reasonable cause to believe that any person is employed therein;

(b) orally examine, either alone or in the presence of any other person, as he thinks fit, with respect to matters relating to this Agreement, every employee whom he finds in or about the premises or place and require such employee to answer the questions put;

(c) require the production of any notice, book, list or document which is in terms of this Agreement required to be kept, exhibited or made, and inspect and copy the same;

(d) require the production and inspect, examine, and copy all pay sheets or books wherein an account is kept of actual wages paid to an employee for whom wages are prescribed in this Agreement.

(2) The agent, when entering, inspecting or examining any such place, may take an interpreter with him.

(3) Every person upon whom the provisions of this clause are binding shall grant the agent all facilities referred to.

(4) All complaints by the parties to the Council in respect of the application of this Agreement shall be lodged through the Secretary of the Council in writing.

23. EMPLOYMENT OF TRADE UNION LABOUR

(1) Members of the trade union agree to accept employment with members of the employers' organisation only and members of the employers' organisation agree to employ members of the trade union only: Provided that, apart from the rights of an aggrieved person in terms of section 51 (10) of the Act, this clause shall not apply where an employer or an employee has, in the opinion of the Council, been refused membership of a party to this Agreement without reasonable cause.

(2) For the purposes of this clause, membership shall mean a member in terms of the constitution of the trade union or the employers' organisation.

(3) Proof of membership of the trade union or the employers' organisation shall be the production of a card and/or certificate signed by the secretary of the trade union or employers' organisation concerned.

The trade union and the employers' organisation shall supply the Council with a list of all resignations, expulsions and suspensions of members from their respective trade union/employers' organisation. Upon receipt of such lists, the Secretary of the Council shall advise the ex-member or members of the trade union/employers' organisation concerned that his/her card(s) and/or certificate(s) of membership is/are no longer valid for the purposes of this clause.

(4) This clause shall not apply to clerical employees.

(5) The provisions of this clause shall not apply in respect of an immigrant during the first year after the date of this entry into the Republic of South Africa: Provided that if any immigrant has at any time after the first three months of commencement of his employment in the Industry refused any invitation from the trade union to become a member of it, the provisions of this clause shall immediately come into operation.

(6) Every employer shall grant to officials and office-bearers of the trade union time off to attend meetings of the trade union: Provided that employees shall give not less than one week's notice to the employer of their intention to attend such meetings.

24. WAGES

(1) Subject to the provisions of clauses 8 and 9 of this Part of the Agreement, no employer shall pay and no employee shall accept wages lower than those prescribed in Part II of this Agreement.

(2) (a) Any employee who, on 19 March 1982, was in receipt of a wage higher than the wage prescribed for the class of work upon which he is employed, shall receive an increase equal to the difference between the wages as prescribed for the period ending 19 March 1982 and the wages as prescribed in this Agreement: Provided that the additional amount payable to an employee in terms of this subclause may be reduced by the amount of any increase granted to such an employee in the period from 19 March 1982 to the date of coming into operation of this Agreement.

(b) 'n Werknemer wat op 19 Maart 1983 'n hoër loon ontvang het as wat voorgeskryf is vir die klas werk waarin hy werksaam is, moet 'n verhoging ontvang wat gelyk is aan die verskil tussen die loon voorgeskryf vir die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983 en die loon wat daarna voorgeskryf word.

(3) Subklousule (2) is nie op los werknemers van toepassing nie.

25. INDIENSNEMING VAN MINDERJARIGES

Niemand onder die leeftyd van 16 jaar mag in die Nywerheid in diens geneem word nie.

26. LEERLINGE

(1) Geen werkgever mag 'n werknemer as leerling in diens neem nie tensy dié werknemer in besit is van 'n sertifikaat wat deur die Raad uitge-eik is en waarby magtiging vir sy indiensneming as leerling verleen word.

(2) Aansoek om toestemming om as 'n leerling te werk, moet in die voorgeskrewe vorm aan die Raad gerig word en moet vergesel gaan van 'n doktersertifikaat in die vorm in Aanhangel B voorgeskryf. Die koste van die mediese ondersoek moet deur die voornemende werkgever gedra word.

(3) (a) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet aan elke werknemer aan wie toestemming verleen is om as 'n leerling te werk, 'n sertifikaat uitreik waarin die naam van die werknemer, sy ouderdom, die minimum loon wat aan hom betaalbaar is, die naam van die werkgever, die klas werk en die werksaamhede ten opsigte waarvan die leerlingskap toegestaan word en die tydperk waarin die toestemming van krag sal wees, gemeld word: Met dien verstande dat die Raad, as hy dit dienstig ag en as subklousule (7) nie meer van toepassing is nie en nádat daar een week vooraf skriftelik kennis aan die werkgever en die werknemer gegee is, 'n sertifikaat wat ooreen-komstig hierdie subklousule uitgereik is, kan intrek, afgesien daarvan of die tydperk waarvoor dit verleen is, verstryk het of nie.

(b) Leerlingseifikate moet uitgereik word slegs ten opsigte van die klasse werk in subklousule (6) bedoel en ten opsigte van die werksaamhede deur klousule 1 van Deel II gedek. Geen sertifikaat mag uitgereik word ten opsigte van 'n klas werk wat ingevolge die Wet op Mannekragopleiding, 1981, deel van 'n aangewese bedryf uitmaak nie.

(4) 'n Duplikaatkopie van elke sertifikaat wat ingevolge subklousule (3) uitgereik word, moet by die werkgever ingedien word wat dit aan die Raad moet terugbesorg wanneer dit nie meer van krag is nie.

(5) Ten einde die minimum loon te bepaal wat aan 'n leerling betaalbaar is, kan alle vorige ondervinding in die Nywerheid na goeddunke van die Raad in aanmerking geneem word, en die loon moet gemeld word in die sertifikaat wat die Raad ingevolge subklousule (1) uitreik.

(6) (a) 'n Leerling mag nie gedurende sy leertyd langer as drie maande dieselfde werksaamheid verrig sonder dat die Raad goedkeuring daartoe verleen het nie.

(b) Die groepe werksaamhede ten opsigte waarvan leerlingskappe in beddegoedmakery toegestaan word, is—

- (i) veerdraadmaasvlegwerk;
- (ii) matrasmakery.

(c) Die werksaamhede ten opsigte waarvan leerlingskappe in naaiers- of naaisterswerk toegestaan word, is—

- (i) glijpsteekwerk, die stik en/of aanmekaarwerk van oortreksels, klappe, stoelkussings, koorde, gordynkappe of peule, maar nie die sny van oortreksels nie;
- (ii) die sny van matrasslope en -oortreksels, en kopkussings.

(7) (a) Die Raad kan op aansoek magtiging verleen vir die indiens-neming van leerlinge in die volgende getelsverhoudings:

Twee leerlinge vir elke wyf werknemers wat die lone ontvang wat in klousule 1 van Deel II gespesifiseer word.

Die leerlingskappe by die maak van beddegoed en by die naaiers- of naaisterswerk moet toegestaan word slegs in 'n verhouding van een leer-ling vir elke drie volwasse werknemers in diens in die groep werksaamhede wat in klousules 5 (a), 8 en 9 van Deel II bedoel word.

(b) Ingeval die Raad daarvan oortuig is dat daar behoorlike fasiliteite bestaan vir die opleiding van leerlinge, en die vereiste getal volwassenes en/of werknemers wat die lone ontvang wat in klousule 1 van Deel II gespesifiseer word nie beskikbaar is nie, kan die getelsverhouding van leerlinge uitgebrei word.

(c) Die Raad het die bevoegdheid om, wanneer hy daarvan oortuig is dat daar nie behoorlike opleidingsfasiliteite verskaf word nie, of wanneer hy 'n ander grondige rede het, 'n sertifikaat wat ingevolge hierdie klousule uitge-reik is, in te trek, afgesien daarvan of die tydperk waarvoor toestemming verleen is, verstryk het of nie.

(d) Paragraaf (a) is nie van toepassing op bedryfsinrigtings wat nie vir 'n ononderbroke tydperk van 12 maande bestaan het nie.

(8) Die leertydperk vir die klasse werk in klousule 1 van Deel II bedoel, is vier jaar.

(9) (a) Die Raad kan op aansoek magtiging verleen vir die indiens-neming van masjienbedieners in die volgende getelsverhouding:

Vyftien masjienbedieners vir elke een gekwalifiseerde werknemer graad I vir werk soos in klousule 6 van Deel II voorgeskryf.

(b) Any employee who, on 19 March 1983, was in receipt of a wage higher than the wage prescribed for the class of work upon which he is employed, shall receive an increase equal to the difference between the wages as prescribed for the period ending 19 March 1983 and the wages as prescribed thereafter.

(3) The provisions of subclause (2) shall not apply to casual employees.

25. EMPLOYMENT OF MINORS

No person under the age of 16 years shall be employed in the Industry.

26. LEARNERS

(1) No employer shall employ any employee as a learner unless such employee is in possession of a certificate issued by the Council authorising his employment as such.

(2) Application for permission to work as a learner shall be made to the Council in the prescribed form and shall be accompanied by a medical certificate in the form prescribed in Annexure B. The cost of the medical examination shall be borne by the prospective employer.

(3) (a) The Secretary of the Council shall issue to each employee who has been granted permission to work as a learner a certificate showing the name of the employee, age, minimum wage payable to him, the name of the employer, the class of work and the operations in respect of which the learnership is granted and the period during which the permission shall be effective: Provided that the Council may, if it deems fit and if the provisions of subclause (7) no longer apply, after one week's notice in writing has been given to the employer and the employee, withdraw any certificate issued in terms of this subclause, whether or not the period for which permission was granted has expired.

(b) Learnership certificates shall be issued only in respect of the classes of work referred to in subclause (6) and on the operations covered by clause 1 of Part II. No certificate shall be issued in respect of any class of work which forms part of a designated trade in terms of the Manpower Training Act, 1981.

(4) A duplicate copy of every certificate issued in terms of subclause (3) shall be furnished to the employer who shall return it to the Council when it is no longer operative.

(5) For the purpose of ascertaining the minimum wage payable to a learner, any previous experience in the Industry may at the discretion of the Council be taken into consideration and the wage rate shall be specified in the certificate issued by the Council in terms of subclause (1).

(6) (a) A learner shall not be employed on the same operation for more than three months during the period of his learnership without the approval of the Council.

(b) The groups of operations in respect of which learnerships in bedding-making shall be granted are—

- (i) the weaving of spring wire mesh;
- (ii) the making of mattresses.

(c) The operations in respect of which learnership in seamsters' or seamstresses' work shall be granted are—

- (i) slipstitching, sewing and/or joining covers, flies, cushions, cords, pelmets or bolsters, but shall exclude the cutting of covers;
- (ii) the cutting of mattress cases and covers, and pillows.

(7) (a) The Council may, on application, authorise the employment of learners in the following ratios:

Two learners for every five employees in receipt of the wage specified in clause 1 of Part II.

The learnership in bedding making and seamsters' or seamstresses' work shall be granted only in a ratio of one learner to every three adult employees engaged in the group of operations referred to in clauses 5 (a), 8 and 9 of Part II.

(b) Where the Council is satisfied that the proper facilities exist for the training of learners, and the requisite number of adults and/or employees in receipt of the ages specified in clause 1 of Part II is not available, the ratio of learners may be extended.

(c) The Council shall have the right, when it is satisfied that proper facilities for training are not provided, or for any other good and sufficient reason, to withdraw any certificate issued in terms of this clause whether or not the period for which permission was granted has expired.

(d) The provisions of paragraph (a) shall not apply to establishments which have not been in existence for a consecutive period of 12 months.

(8) The period of learnership for the classes of work referred to in clause 1 of Part II shall be four years.

(9) (a) The Council may, on application, authorise the employment of operators in the following ratio:

Fifteen operators for every one qualified Grade I employee, for work prescribed in clause 6 of Part II.

(b) Leerlingmasjienbedieners wat voor 19 Maart 1983 in diens geneem word, moet vier opleidingsperiodes van nege maande elk uitdien.

(c) Leerlingmasjienbedieners wat na 19 Maart 1983 in diens geneem word, moet vier opleidingsperiodes van ses maande elk uitdien.

27. VOOR- EN NAMIDDAGPOUSES

Daar moet elke dag aan elke werknemer 'n pouse van 10 minute sowel in die voor- as namiddag toegestaan word wat as tyd gewerk gereken moet word.

28. VAKVERENIGINGLEDEGELD

(1) Elke werkgever moet van die lone van al sy werknemers (uitgesonderd los werknemers) wat lede van die vakvereniging is die bydraes aftrek wat ooreenkomstig die konstitusie van die vakvereniging aan die vakvereniging betaalbaar is.

(2) Alle bedrae wat ooreenkomstig subklousule (1) betaalbaar is, moet maand vir maand voor of op die 10de dag van elke maand wat op die maand volg ten opsigte waarvan die aftrekkings gemaak is, deur die werkgever aan die Sekretaris van die Raad betaal word.

(3) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule moet die Raad elke werkgever in kennis stel van die bedrag van die bydrae wat van tyd tot tyd ooreenkomstig die konstitusie van die vakvereniging afgetrek moet word.

29. WERKNEMERS BETROKKE BY MEER AS EEN WERKSAAMHEID

(1) 'n Werkgever wat van 'n lid van een klas van sy werknemers vereis of hom toelaat om, benewens sy eie werk of in die plek daarvan, werk van 'n ander klas te verrig waarvoor of—

(a) 'n hoër loon as dié van sy eie klas; of

(b) lone teen 'n stygende skaal wat uitloop op 'n hoër loon as dié van sy eie klas;

in Deel II voorgeskryf word, moet dié werknemer ten opsigte van daardie dag soos volg betaal:

(i) In die geval in paragraaf (a) bedoel, minstens die dagloon bereken teen die hoër weekloon; en

(ii) in die geval in paragraaf (b) bedoel, minstens die dagloon bereken teen die hoogste weekloon vir die hoër klas;

Met dien verstande dat waar die verskil tussen klasse ingevolge Deel II gegrond is op ondervinding, geslag of ouderdom, hierdie klousule nie van toepassing is nie.

30. LOONKORTING

(1) Geen werknemer mag, terwyl hy in diens van 'n werkgever is, 'n geskenk, bonus, lening, waarborg of terugbetaling, hetsy in kontant of in natura, wat in werklikheid neerkom op 'n korting van 'n loon wat ooreenkomstig hierdie Ooreenkoms aan dié werknemer betaal moet word, aan sodanige werkgever gee nie en die werkgever mag dit nie van sodanige werknemer ontvang nie.

(2) Behoudens die Swartes (Stadsgebiede) Konsolidasiewet, 1945, mag van geen werknemer vereis word om, as deel van sy werkkontrak, by sy werkgever of op 'n plek wat sy werkgever aanwys, kos en/of inwoning aan te neem nie of om van sy werkgever goedere te koop of eiendom te huur nie.

31. DIENSBEÏNDIGING

(1) Die werkgever of die werknemer moet een uur kennis gee van die beëindiging van 'n dienskontrak: Met dien verstande dat die reg van 'n werkgever of 'n werknemer om 'n dienskontrak om 'n regsgeldige rede sonder kennisgewing te beëindig, nie hierdeur geraak word nie.

(2) Ondanks subklousule (1), kan 'n werkgever en 'n werknemer skriftelik ooreenkom om voorsiening te maak vir 'n langer tydperk as een uur kennisgewing. Versuim om aan so 'n reëling te voldoen, is 'n oortreding van hierdie klousule: Met dien verstande dat 'n werkgever vir en in plaas van die voorgeskrewe opseggingstyd 'n uur se loon aan die werknemer kan betaal of die werknemer 'n uur se loon aan die werkgever kan betaal of verbeur, of ingeval van 'n ooreenkoms vir 'n langer opseggingstyd, 'n ooreenstemmende hoër loon in plaas daarvan aan die werknemer kan betaal of aan die werkgever kan betaal of verbeur.

(3) Die opseggingstyd mag nie saamval met, en ook mag kennis nie gegee word gedurende 'n werknemer se afwesigheid met verlof wat ingevolge klousule 12 (5) van hierdie Deel toegestaan is, of met 'n tydperk van militêre diensplig wat 'n werknemer ingevolge die Verdedigingswet, 1957, moet ondergaan nie.

32. VERBODE INDIENSNEMING

Behoudens artikel 83 van die Wet en ondanks andersluidende bepalings in hierdie Ooreenkoms word geen bepaling wat die indiensneming van 'n werknemer vir enige klas werk of op enige voorwaardes verbied, geag die werkgever te onthef van die betaling van die besoldiging en die nakoming van die voorwaardes wat hy sou moes betaal of nagekom het as sodanige indiensneming nie verbode was nie.

(b) Learner operators who are engaged before 19 March 1983 shall serve four training periods each of nine months' duration.

(c) Learner operators who are engaged after 19 March 1983 shall serve four training periods each of six months' duration.

27. FORENOON AND AFTERNOON INTERVALS

Every employee shall be given an interval of 10 minutes both in the forenoon and afternoon of each day, which shall be reckoned as time worked.

28. SUBSCRIPTIONS TO TRADE UNION

(1) Every employer shall deduct from the wages of those of his employees (other than casual employees) who are members of the trade union, the contributions payable to such trade union in terms of the constitution of the trade union.

(2) All amounts payable in terms of subclause (1) shall be paid by the employer to the Secretary of the Council, month by month, and not later than the 10th day of each month following that in respect of which they are due.

(3) For the purposes of this clause, the Council shall advise every employer of the amount of the contribution which is to be deducted from time to time in terms of the constitution of the trade union.

29. EMPLOYEES ENGAGED IN MORE THAN ONE OPERATION

(1) An employer who requires or permits a member of one class of his employees to perform, either in addition to his own work or in substitution therefor, work of another class for which either—

(a) a wage higher than that of his own class; or

(b) a rising scale of wages terminating in a wage higher than that of his own class;

is prescribed in Part II shall pay to such employee in respect of that day—

(i) in the case referred to in paragraph (a), not less than the daily wage calculated on the higher weekly rate; and

(ii) in the case referred to in paragraph (b), not less than the daily wage calculated on the highest weekly rate for the higher class:

Provided that where the difference between classes is in terms of Part II based on experience, sex or age, the provisions of this clause shall not apply.

30. ABATEMENT OF WAGES

(1) No employee shall, while in the employ of an employer, give to and no such employee shall receive from such employer any gift, bonus, loan, guarantee or refund either in cash or in kind which will in effect amount to an abatement of the wages which must, in terms of this Agreement, be paid to such employee.

(2) Subject to the provisions of the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, 1945, no employee shall be required as part of his contract of service to board or lodge with his employer, or at any place nominated by his employer or to purchase any goods or hire property from his employer.

31. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

(1) One hour's notice shall be given by the employer or the employee to terminate a contract of service: Provided that this shall not affect the right of an employer or an employee to terminate a contract of service without notice for any cause recognised by law as sufficient.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1), an employer and an employee may agree in writing to provide for a longer period of notice than one hour. Failure to comply with such arrangement shall be a contravention of this clause: Provided that an employer may pay to an employee or an employee may pay or forfeit to an employer an hour's wages for and in lieu of the prescribed period of notice or in the case of any agreement for a longer notice, a correspondingly increased wage in lieu thereof.

(3) The period of notice shall not run concurrently with nor shall notice be given during an employee's absence on leave granted in terms of clause 12 (5) of this Part, or any period of military service an employee is required to undergo in pursuance of the Defence Act, 1957.

32. PROHIBITED EMPLOYMENT

Subject to the provisions of section 83 of the Act, and notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, no provisions which prohibit the engagement or employment of an employee on any class of work or on any conditions shall be deemed to relieve the employer from paying the remuneration and observing the conditions which he would have had to pay or observe had such engagement or employment not been prohibited.

33. NAGSKOFWERK

(1) Indien 'n werkgewer vereis dat sy bedryfsinrigting dag en nag moet werk, moet 'n skof wat na die uitskeityd van die dagskof begin het as nagskofwerk geag word. Alle werknemers vir wie lone in hierdie Ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word en van wie vereis of wat toegelaat word om nagskofwerk te verrig, moet benewens die voorgeskrewe loon 'n bykomende 10 persent van die voorgeskrewe loon ontvang vir al die tyd wat hulle gedurende die nagskof gewerk het.

(2) Die tyd wat 'n werknemer na die voltooiing van sy gewone skof in die betrokke bedryfsinrigting werk, moet as oortydwerk geag word en daarvoor moet betaal word ooreenkomstig die loonskale in klousule 10 voorgeskryf.

(3) Ondanks andersluidende bepalings in hierdie klousule, moet 'n werkgewer aan alle werknemers wat vir 'n ononderbroke tydperk van vyf werkdag nagskofwerk verrig, 'n loon betaal teen 44 maal die uurloon, ongeag of die volle 44 uur gewerk is of nie.

34. ONDERHOUDSTOELAE

Wanneer die werk van 'n werknemer vir wie 'n loon in klousule 10 (5) van Deel II voorgeskryf word, hom verhoed om vir sy nagrus na sy tuiste terug te keer, moet hy benewens sy gewone besoldiging minstens die volgende onderhoudstoelae betaal word:

(a) Wanneer dit vir die werknemer nodig is om aandete en bed te verkry: R4,50;

(b) wanneer dit vir die werknemer nodig is om aandete, bed en ontbyt te verkry: R5;

(c) wanneer dit vir die werknemer nodig is om bed, ontbyt, middagete en aandete te verkry: R6.

33. NIGHT SHIFT WORK

(1) Should an employer require his establishment to operate both day and night, any shift started after the finishing time of the day shift shall be regarded as night shift work. All employees for whom wages are prescribed in this Agreement and who are required or permitted to perform night shift work must, in addition to the prescribed wage rate, receive an additional 10 per cent of the prescribed rate for all time worked during the night shift.

(2) Time worked by an employee after the completion of his usual shift in the establishment concerned shall be regarded as overtime and shall be paid for at the rates prescribed in clause 10.

(3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this clause, the employer shall pay to every employee who performs night shift work for a continuous period of five working days' wages at 44 times the hourly rate, irrespective of whether the full 44 hours are worked or not.

34. SUBSISTENCE ALLOWANCE

Whenever the work of an employee for whom wages are prescribed in clause 10 (5) of Part II precludes him from returning to his home for his night's rest, he shall be paid in addition to his ordinary remuneration a subsistence allowance of not less than—

(a) where it is necessary for the employee to obtain an evening meal and bed: R4,50;

(b) where it is necessary for the employee to obtain an evening meal, bed and breakfast: R5;

(c) where it is necessary for the employee to obtain bed, breakfast, lunch and evening meal: R6.

AANHANGSEL A

[Kennisgewing vereis kragtens klousule 7 (4) van Deel I van die Nywerheidsraadooreenkoms]

Dag	Aanvangstyd	Uitskeityd	Etenspouse
Maandae	h..... tot	h..... tot	h..... tot
Dinsdae	h..... tot	h..... tot	h..... tot
Woensdae	h..... tot	h..... tot	h..... tot
Donderdae	h..... tot	h..... tot	h..... tot
Vrydae	h..... tot	h..... tot	h..... tot
Saterdag	h..... tot	h..... tot	h..... tot
Voormiddagpouse	h..... tot	h..... tot	h..... tot
Namiddagpouse	h..... tot	h..... tot	h..... tot

AANHANGSEL B

[Doktersertifikaat kragtens klousule 26 (2) van Deel I van die Ooreenkoms vir die Meubelnywerheid]

Ek sertifiseer dat ek (volle naam) is, medies ondersoek het, met die volgende bevindings:
geslag, ras, wat verklaar dat sy/haar huidige ouderdom

- (a) Toestand van hart en bloedsomloop
- (b) Aan- of afwesigheid van liggaamlike gebreke of wanstaltigheid, insluitende breuke
- (c) Toestand van longe
- (d) Toestand van mangel en adenoïede
- (e) Toestand van nekkliere
- (f) Toestand van tande
- (g) Gehoor
- (h) Oë
- (i) Aansteeklike siektes
- (j) Luisbesmetting
- (k) Liggaamlike ontwikkeling

Ek is daarvan oortuig/Ek is nie daarvan oortuig nie dat hy/sy gesond is en geskik is vir indiensneming as leerling in die ambag van
of enige ambag, sonder gevaar vir homself/haarself of ander.

Plek
Datum 19.....

Mediese beampte

ANNEXURE A

[Notice required under clause 7 (4) of Part I of the Industrial Council Agreement]

Day	Starting time	Finishing time	Meal interval
Mondays	h..... to	h..... to	h..... to
Tuesdays	h..... to	h..... to	h..... to
Wednesdays	h..... to	h..... to	h..... to
Thursdays	h..... to	h..... to	h..... to
Fridays	h..... to	h..... to	h..... to
Saturdays	h..... to	h..... to	h..... to
Forenoon interval	h..... to	h..... to	h..... to
Afternoon interval	h..... to	h..... to	h..... to

ANNEXURE B

[Medical certificate under clause 26 (2) of Part I of the Agreement for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry]

I certify that I have medically examined (full name),
sex....., race....., who states that his/her present age is....., with the following results:

- (a) Condition of heart and circulation
- (b) Presence or absence of physical defect or deformity, including hernia
- (c) Condition of lungs
- (d) Condition as to tonsils and adenoids
- (e) Condition of glands of neck
- (f) Condition of teeth
- (g) Hearing
- (h) Sight
- (i) Communicable disease
- (j) Pediculosis
- (k) Physical development

I am satisfied/I am not satisfied that he/she is in sound health and fit for employment as a learner in the trade of.....
or any trade, without danger to himself/herself or others.

Place

Date..... 19.....

Medical officer

DEEL II

LONE

Graad I

1. Werknemers in enigeen van of al die werksaamhede wat in die Meubelnywerheid verrig word, met uitsondering van die werknemers in klousules 5 tot 15 van hierdie Deel gemeld, maar met inbegrip van voormanne en/of toesighouers:

	Sent per uur
Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	200
Daarna	220

2. Leerlinge in diens om die werksaamhede te leer wat deur klousule 1 gedek word:

Vir die eerste jaar diens: 60 persent van die loon in klousule 1 voorgeskryf;

vir die tweede jaar diens: 65 persent van die loon in klousule 1 voorgeskryf;

vir die derde jaar diens: 75 persent van die loon in klousule 1 voorgeskryf;

vir die vierde jaar diens: 85 persent van die loon in klousule 1 voorgeskryf;

daarna die loon in klousule 1 voorgeskryf.

3. (a) Jeugdige manlike werknemers in 'n ambag of tak van 'n ambag aangewys kragtens die Wet op Vakleerlinge, 1944, moet die loon betaal word wat ingevolge daardie Wet vir die toepaslike leerjaar voorgeskryf word.

(b) Alle ander jeugdige: Die minimum loon voorgeskryf vir volwasse werknemers indien werksaam in dieselfde klas werk.

4. (a) Werknemers wat metaalsweiswerk verrig, uitgesonderd puntswaiswerk:

(b) Werknemers wat masjinerie onderhou:

	Sent per uur
Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	200
Daarna	220

Graad II

5. (a) Werknemers wat die volgende werk verrig:

(1) Die vervaardiging van beddegoed, wat beteken die vervaardiging met die hand of meganiese toestel, hetsy in die geheel of in dele, van alle soorte matrasse gevul met klapperhaar, haarvulsel, vlok, kapok, katoenwatte, hare, vesel, wol, vere, gras, kaf, strooi, rubber of 'n ander soortgelyke stof; of 'n kombinasie van veerbinnewerk, alle soorte draadvere, ketting- en/of spiraalvere, volspiraalvere, maasvere, heliese vere, alle soorte vere en/of veereenhede, kopkussings, stoelkussingspeule, bomatrasse, bedspreie, die vasslaan en/of vashaak van veermatrasdrade, kettingveermase, spiraalvere en heliese vere aan rame vir beddegoed, maar uitgesonderd die diverse werksaamhede in subklousules (b) en (c) bedoel;

(2) veermaaswerk vleg;

(3) vulsel met die hand of 'n masjien in matrasslope insteek;

(4) sye stik;

(5) klossies maak, hetsy met die hand of 'n masjien;

PART II

WAGES

Grade I

1. Employees engaged in any or all of the operations performed in the Furniture Manufacturing Industry with the exception of the employees referred to in clauses 5 to 15 of this Part, but including foremen and/or supervisors:

	Cents per hour
During the period ending 19 March 1983	200
Thereafter	220

2. Learners employed in learning the operations covered by clause 1:
For the first year of employment: 60 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 1;

for the second year of employment: 65 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 1;

for the third year of employment: 75 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 1;

for the fourth year of employment: 85 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 1;

thereafter, the wage prescribed in clause 1.

3. (a) Juvenile male employees engaged in a trade or branch of a trade designated under the Apprenticeship Act, 1944, shall be paid the wage prescribed in terms of that Act for the appropriate year of apprenticeship.

(b) All other juveniles: The minimum wage prescribed for adult employees employed on the same class of work.

4. (a) Employees engaged in the welding of metal other than spot welding:

(b) Employees engaged in the maintenance of machinery:

	Cents per hour
During the period ending 19 March 1983	200
Thereafter	220

Grade II

5. (a) Employees engaged in—

(1) bedding-making which means the manufacture by hand or mechanical appliance, either in whole or in part, of all types of mattresses filled with coir, hairlock, flock, kapok, cotton wadding, hair, fibre, wool, feathers, grass, chaff, straw, rubber or any other similar materials; or any combination of spring interior, all types of wire springs, chain and/or spiral springs, full spiral springs, mesh springs, helical springs, all types of spring and/or spring units, pillows, cushion bolsters, overlays, quilts, knocking on and/or hooking on spring mattress wires, chain spring meshes, spiral springs and helical springs to frames for bedding, but excluding the sundry operations referred to in subclauses (b) and (c);

(2) weaving of spring mesh;

(3) stuffing filling into mattress cases, whether by hand or machine;

(4) side stitching;

(5) tufting, whether by hand or machine;

- (6) 'n randstikmasjien bedien;
- (7) 'n topstikmasjien bedien;
- (8) rame en rollers vir die topstikmasjien gereed maak;
- (9) deurgevlegte kussinkies aan veereenhede vassit, -stik of -kram, hetsy met die hand of 'n masjien;
- (10) stoelkussings met veerbinnewerk en/of veereenhede vul;
- (11) vulsel op 'n veereenheid spreid;
- (12) matrastoppe, hetsy gestik of nie, in posisie vassit om 'n vooraf geboude binnewerk of veermatras op te bou;
- (13) bande aan kante van 'n binneveermatras stik;
- (14) rolkantwerk met die hand of 'n masjien doen:

*Sent per
uur*

Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	141
Daarna	161

(b) Werknemers wat puntsweiswerk verrig:

*Sent per
uur*

Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	141
Daarna	161

(c) Werknemers in diens as versendingsklerke of magasynmanne:

*Sent per
uur*

Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	141
Daarna	161

(d) Leerlinge in diens om die klasse werk te leer in klousule 5 (a) bedoel.

Gedurende die eerste jaar waarin hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree:

Per week:

Vir die eerste ses maande diens: 60 persent van die loon in klousule 5 (a) voorgeskryf;

vir die tweede ses maande diens: 65 persent van die loon in klousule 5 (a) voorgeskryf;

vir die derde ses maande diens: 75 persent van die loon in klousule 5 (a) voorgeskryf;

vir die vierde ses maande diens: 85 persent van die loon in klousule 5 (a) voorgeskryf;

daarna, die loon voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer in diens op werk in klousule 5 (a) bedoel.

6. Werknemers wat die volgende werk verrig:

Alle masjiene bedien waar sodanige masjiene deur 'n masjienopsteller of 'n toesighouer ingestel is, alle herhalingsstofwerk (maar nie herstoffeerwerk, prototipes en enkel tipe vervaardiging nie), bediening van spuitstelsels, gordyne en rolwielletjies, en alle herhalingsmonteerwerkzaamhede.

*Sent per
uur*

Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	141
Daarna	161

7. Leerlinge in diens om die werksaamhede te leer soos in klousule 6 bedoel:

Gedurende die eerste jaar waarin hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking tree:

Per week:

Vir die eerste nege maande diens: 60 persent van die loon in klousule 6 voorgeskryf;

vir die tweede nege maande diens: 65 persent van die loon in klousule 6 voorgeskryf;

vir die derde nege maande diens: 75 persent van die loon in klousule 6 voorgeskryf;

vir die vierde nege maande diens: 85 persent van die loon in klousule 6 voorgeskryf;

daarna, die loon voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer in diens op werk in klousule 6 bedoel.

Gedurende die tweede jaar waarin hierdie Ooreenkoms bindend is:

Vir die eerste ses maande diens: 60 persent van die loon in klousule 6 voorgeskryf;

vir die tweede ses maande diens: 65 persent van die loon in klousule 6 voorgeskryf;

vir die derde ses maande diens: 75 persent van die loon in klousule 6 voorgeskryf;

vir die vierde ses maande diens: 85 persent van die loon in klousule 6 voorgeskryf;

daarna, die loon voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer in diens op werk in klousule 6 bedoel.

- (6) operating a border quilting machine;
- (7) operating a top quilting machine;
- (8) preparing frames and rollers for the top quilting machine;
- (9) securing, sewing, or stapling interlaced pads to spring units, whether by hand or machine;
- (10) filling of cushions with spring interiors and/or spring units;
- (11) laying out filling material upon a spring unit;
- (12) securing mattress tops, whether quilted or not, in a position for building a prebuilt interior or spring mattress;
- (13) tape edging a spring interior mattress;
- (14) roll edging by hand or machine:

*Cents per
hour*

During the period ending 19 March 1983	141
Thereafter	161

(b) Employees engaged in spot welding:

*Cents per
hour*

During the period ending 19 March 1983	141
Thereafter	161

(c) Employees employed as despatch clerks or storemen:

*Cents per
hour*

During the period ending 19 March 1983	141
Thereafter	161

(d) Learners employed in learning the classes of work referred to in clause 5 (a):

During the first year in which this Agreement comes into operation:

Per week:

For the first six months of employment: 60 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 5 (a);

for the second six months of employment: 65 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 5 (a);

for the third six months of employment: 75 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 5 (a);

for the fourth six months of employment: 85 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 5 (a);

thereafter, the wage prescribed for an employee engaged on work referred to in clause 5 (a).

6. Employees engaged in—

operating all machines where such machines have been set by a setter or supervisor, all repetitive upholstery work (but excluding re-upholstery, prototype and one off work), operating spray guns, curtain and roller casters and all repetitive assembly operations:

*Cents per
hour*

During the period ending 19 March 1983	141
Thereafter	161

7. Learners employed in learning the operations referred to in clause 6:

During the first year in which this Agreement comes into operation:

Per week:

For the first nine months of employment: 60 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 6;

for the second nine months of employment: 65 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 6;

for the third nine months of employment: 75 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 6;

for the fourth nine months of employment: 85 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 6;

thereafter, the wage prescribed for an employee engaged on work referred to in clause 6.

During the second year in which this Agreement is effective:

For the first six months: 60 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 6;

for the second six months: 65 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 6;

for the third six months: 75 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 6;

for the fourth six months: 85 per cent of the wage prescribed in clause 6;

thereafter, the wage prescribed for an employee engaged on work referred to in clause 6.

Graad III

8. Werknemers wat die volgende werk verrig:

(1) 'n Werksaamheid of proses, hetsy in die geheel of gedeeltelik, met die hand of meganiese toestel, in glipsteek, stik en/of aanmekaarvoeg van oortreksels, klappe, stoelkussings, koorde, gordynkappe of peule, maar uitgesonderd die uitsny van oortreksels;

(2) knope aan verwyderbare en/of los stoelkussings vaswerk;

(3) gimp en/of galon en/of platplooierwerk vassit, maar uitgesonderd vaskram en/of met hegspykers vassit:

	Sent per uur
Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	100
Daarna	115

9. Werknemers wat die volgende werk verrig:

(1) Alle stikwerk nodig by die vervaardiging van toppe, rande, matrasslope, ateljeerusbankoortreksels en -onderdele;

(2) matrashandvatsele aan rande stik;

(3) gestikte rande aan matrassenhede stik vóór die stik van kantbande;

(4) die bek van die matras met die hand of 'n masjien toewerk;

(5) randlengtes saamvoeg;

(6) kopkussings, stoelkussings en peule toewerk;

(7) toppe, rande en slope uitsny:

	Sent per uur
Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	100
Daarna	115

10. Leerlinge in diens om die klasse werk te leer wat in klousules 8 en 9 bedoel word:

Per week:

Vir die eerste ses maande diens: 60 persent van die loon in klousules 8 en 9 voorgeskryf;

vir die tweede ses maande diens: 65 persent van die loon in klousules 8 en 9 voorgeskryf;

vir die derde ses maande diens: 75 persent van die loon in klousules 8 en 9 voorgeskryf;

vir die vierde ses maande diens: 85 persent van die loon in klousules 8 en 9 voorgeskryf;

daarna, die loon voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer in diens op werk in klousules 8 en 9 bedoel.

11. Werknemers wat die volgende werk verrig:

(1) Klaargemaakte rottangmatte vassit;

(2) 'n enkelrolskuurder, -oopsyfskuurder, tolskuurder, luggevulde skuurder opstel en bedien;

(3) gate boor;

(4) slegs met die tapmasjien tappe maak;

(5) 'n uitholmasjien bedien om uithollings vir slotte en skamiere te sny;

(6) stoelkussings met veerbinnewerk en/of veereenhede vul;

(7) 'n tapinsteekmasjien bedien;

(8) hangerboute insteek en 'n poot vasbout of 'n poot vasskroef, maar uitgesonderd die vassit van die plaat en/of aanhegting aan die raam wat die hangerbout moet neem;

(9) 'n randfineermasjien bedien, maar nie randbande aansit nie;

(10) met 'n masjien skuur, uitgesonderd met twee- en drierol en kombinasierol- en bandskuurder;

(11) hout- en metaallatte en dwarsstawe aan rame vir stoffeerwerk in posisie plaas:

	Sent per uur
Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	100
Daarna	115

Graad IV

12. Werknemers wat die volgende werk verrig:

(1) Vasbout;

(2) houttappene en -penne met die hand of 'n masjien maak en/of spits maak;

(3) met die hand en/of 'n draagbare skuurder skuur, ongeag of die artikels wat geskuur word, stilstaan of draai;

(4) soliede hout met die hand of 'n meganiese proses buig;

(5) gate of barste in meubels met houtvuulsel of soortgelyke stowwe vul;

(6) bedysters, koepels en sokke vir rolwielletjies vassit;

(7) was aanwend;

(8) rande verf en/of vul;

Grade III

8. Employees engaged in—

(1) any operation or process, in whole or in part, performed by hand or mechanical appliance, in slipstitching, sewing and/or joining covers, flies, cushions, cords, pelmets, or bolsters, but shall exclude the cutting of covers;

(2) buttoning of removable and/or loose cushions;

(3) affixing gimp and/or braid and/or box pleating, but excluding the stapling and/or tacking thereof:

	Cents per hour
During the period ending 19 March 1983	100
Thereafter	115

9. Employees engaged in—

(1) all sewing required in the manufacture of tops, borders, mattress cases, studio couch covers and component parts;

(2) sewing mattress handles to border;

(3) sewing quilted borders onto mattress units prior to tape edging;

(4) closing up by hand or machine the mouth of mattress;

(5) joining border lengths;

(6) closing pillows, cushions, bolsters;

(7) cutting tops, borders and cases:

	Cents per hour
During the period ending 19 March 1983	100
Thereafter	115

10. Learners employed in learning the class of work referred to in clauses 8 and 9:

Per week:

For the first six months of employment: 60 per cent of the wage prescribed in clauses 8 and 9;

for the second six months of employment: 65 per cent of the wage prescribed in clauses 8 and 9;

for the third six months of employment: 75 per cent of the wage prescribed in clauses 8 and 9;

for the fourth six months of employment: 85 per cent of the wage prescribed in clauses 8 and 9;

thereafter, the wage prescribed for an employee engaged on work referred to in clauses 8 and 9.

11. Employees engaged in—

(1) fixing up of ready made cane mats;

(2) setting up and operating single drum sander, open disc sander, bobbin sander, air filled sander;

(3) boring holes;

(4) morticing on the mortice machine only;

(5) operating of the hinge recessing machine for the purpose of cutting recesses for locks and hinges;

(6) filling of cushions with spring interior and/or spring units;

(7) operating a dowel insertion machine;

(8) inserting hanger bolt and bolting on of a leg or screwing in of a leg, but excluding the affixing of the plate and/or attachment to the carcass to take the hanger bolt;

(9) operating an edge veneering machine, but excluding edgebanding;

(10) machine sanding, excluding double and triple drum and combination drum and belt sander;

(11) positioning of wooden and metal laths and cross bars to frames for upholstering:

	Cents per hour
During the period ending 19 March 1983	100
Thereafter	115

Grade IV

12. Employees engaged in—

(1) bolting;

(2) making and/or pointing of wooden dowels and pins by hand and/or machine;

(3) sandpapering by hand and/or portable sander regardless of whether the articles sandpapered are stationary or rotating;

(4) bending of solid timber by hand or mechanical process;

(5) filling of holes or cracks in furniture with wood filler or similar substances;

(6) fixing bed irons, domes and sockets for castors;

(7) the application of wax;

(8) the painting and/or filling of edges;

- (9) deure en toebehore afhaal voordat dit vir poleerwerk gereed gemaak word;
- (10) met gips of 'n ander vulsel vul;
- (11) meubels met sure of 'n ander bleikmiddel bleik;
- (12) 'n gepoleerde oppervlak stippel;
- (13) slegs met die hand beits, olie, vul en/of hernuwe;
- (14) seilbande en/of plaasvervangers aansit maar uitgesonderd die vasbind van spiraalvere;
- (15) laaghout of hardbord aan los sitplekke vir stoffeerwerk vasspyker;
- (16) metaal bespuit;
- (17) riempiewerk;
- (18) heliese vere en/of ketting- en/of sigsag- of nie-sak-tipe veerwerk aanhaak;
- (19) klapperhaar of ander materiaal met 'n masjien uitpluis;
- (20) die agtergrond van houtsnijwerk stippel en pons;
- (21) T- en G-kantstrok met die hand vasslaan, maar uitgesonderd verstekhoekprofiel;
- (22) bome aan gestoffeerde artikels vasspyker;
- (23) werk in verband met enigeen van die prosesse by die vervaardiging van veerbinnewerk en/of veereenhede en die vervaardiging van hul onderdele;
- (24) paneelpenne en/of -spysers en/of -kramme wat uitsteek met 'n pons wegkap in die handskuuraksie;
- (25) rolle stoffeermateriaal, goiing, kaliko, crownflex en dergelike stowwe oopmaak en/of met die hand van selfkant tot selfkant sny, maar uitdruklik nie patroon en/of vorm, gereed vir stoffeerwerk, na grootte sny nie;
- (26) handvatsels met skroewe, boute en moere en skroefboute deur vooraf geboorde gate vasheg;
- (27) spieëls deur middel van kleefband vasheg;
- (28) opknappewerk by die op- en/of aflaaiplek;

Sent per
uur

Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	81
Daarna	96

13. Werknemers wat die volgende werk verrig:

- (1) Bedmatrasrame, ateljeerusbankrame en bababeddens met die hand vasbout;
- (2) spoel vir 'n randstikmasjien gereed maak;
- (3) gestikte rande volgens lengte sny;
- (4) gate in matrasrande pons;
- (5) ventileerders en handvatsels aan matrasrande aanbring;
- (6) 'n deurvlegmasjien voer;
- (7) kussinkies uitsny en maak, ongeag die materiaal gebruik;
- (8) latte en dwarsstawe in posisie plaas of vlegwerk aan matras- of bedrame heg;
- (9) matrasrame beits;
- (10) hingesels aan matrasrame het;
- (11) 'n maas aan 'n matrasraam in posisie plaas en vasheg;
- (12) lusse aan naalde in 'n drukdeurstikmasjien hang;
- (13) 'n doekspreimasjien laai, stoot en bedien;
- (14) 'n pluismasjien bedien;
- (15) 'n oogmaakmasjien bedien;
- (16) lusse, knope of klossies vasheg;
- (17) rame vir beddegoed met die hand beits en/of vernis;
- (18) geweefde draadmaas en kettingveermaas aan rame vir beddegoed inmeekaarsit, vasslaan of vashaak, afgesien van die materiale waarvan die rame gemaak is;
- (19) bedysters aanbring;
- (20) veereenhede aan bedrame vasheg;

Sent per
uur

Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	81
Daarna	96

14. Werknemers wat die volgende werk verrig:

- (1) Persele skoonmaak en vee;
- (2) masjinerie, installasies, gereedskap, spuittoestelle en werktuie skoonmaak;
- (3) masjiene en/of voertuie olie en smeer;
- (4) afwit;

- (9) the removal of doors and fittings prior to preparation for polishing;
- (10) filling in with plaster of paris or any other filling material;
- (11) bleaching of furniture with acids or any other bleaching agent;
- (12) stippling of polished surface;
- (13) staining, oiling, filling and/or reviving by hand only;
- (14) fixing of webbing and/or substitutes but excluding the lashing of coil springs;
- (15) tacking of plywood or hardboard on to loose seats for upholstery purposes;
- (16) spraying of metal;
- (17) riempie work;
- (18) hooking on of helical springs and/or chain and/or zig-zag or nosag type of springing;
- (19) teasing coir or other materials by machine;
- (20) stippling and punching the background of carbing;
- (21) knocking on of T & G edge strips by hand, excluding mitred corner sections;
- (22) tacking on of bottoms to upholstered articles;
- (23) work in connection with any of the processes in the construction of spring interior and/or spring units and the manufacture of their component parts;
- (24) punching away protruding panel pins and/or nails and/or staples in the hand-sanding section;
- (25) breaking up and/or cutting from selfedge to selfedge by hand of rolls of upholstery material, hessian, calico, crownflex and similar materials, but expressly excluding the cutting to size of pattern and/or shape ready for upholstery;
- (26) fixing of handles by screws, bolts and nuts, and screwbolts through prebored holes;
- (27) affixing of mirrors by the use of adhesive tape;
- (28) touching up at the point of loading and/or off-loading;

Cents per
hour

During the period ending 19 March 1983	81
Thereafter	96

13. Employees engaged in—

- (1) bolting by hand of bed mattress frames, studio couch frames and cots;
- (2) preparing spools for a border quilting machine;
- (3) cutting quilted borders to length;
- (4) punching holes in mattress borders;
- (5) fitting ventilators and handles to mattress borders;
- (6) feeding the interlacing machine;
- (7) cutting and making of pads, irrespective of materials used;
- (8) positioning of laths and cross-bars, or fixing webbing to mattress or bed frames;
- (9) staining mattress frames;
- (10) affixing lugs to mattress frames;
- (11) positioning and securing a mesh to a mattress frame;
- (12) hanging loops on needles in compression tufting;
- (13) loading, wheeling, and operating a cloth-spreading machine;
- (14) operating a teasing machine;
- (15) attending a loop making machine;
- (16) attaching loops or buttons or tufts;
- (17) staining and/or varnishing frames for bedding by hand;
- (18) assembling, knocking or hooking on woven wire mesh and chain spring meshes to frames for bedding, irrespective of the materials of which such frames are made;
- (19) fixing bed irons;
- (20) attaching spring units to bed frames;

Cents per
hour

During the period ending 19 March 1983	81
Thereafter	96

14. Employees engaged in—

- (1) cleaning and sweeping of premises;
- (2) cleaning machinery, plant, tools, spray guns and utensils;
- (3) oiling and greasing machines and/or vehicles;
- (4) lime-washing;

- (5) voertuie laai en/of aflaai;
- (6) materiaal hanteer;
- (7) 'n voertuig of stootkar stoot of trek;
- (8) met handvoertuie aflewer;
- (9) grondstowwe uitpak, baal en ontbaal;
- (10) uitrusting skoonmaak en skoonblaas;
- (11) 'n stoomketel, verbrander en/of oond bedien;
- (12) drooggoonde laai en ontlai;
- (13) tee of ander dergelike drank maak;
- (14) hout vir preserving behandel;
- (15) artikels in kartonne en/of kartonhouers verpak;
- (16) artikels in kartonne en/of kartonhouers verpak en daarna dié kartonne en kartonhouers vul en sluit;
- (17) lym afwas en/of afvee;
- (18) gebruikte stoffeerwerk en beddegoed uitmekaarhaal;
- (19) 'n meubelmasjienwerker help om materiale vóór en ná masjienwerking te hanteer;
- (20) metaalstawe, skarniere, metaalbuise, metaalstrookies, ketting, draad, hoepelyster en ander dergelike materiale sny;
- (21) ysterboute en -stawe vasklink of skroefdraad daarin sny;
- (22) enige soort pers bedien;
- (23) stoffeerspringvere baal en indompel;
- (24) sorg vir die stofsakke en/of siklone van skuurmasjiene;
- (25) skuurpapierskywe vaslym;
- (26) in papier of karton toedraai;
- (27) rubbereenhede in matrasslope insit;
- (28) rubber of plaasvervangers daarvan uitsny en aanmekeer vaslym;
- (29) fineerhout met bande vassit en 'n fineerpers bedien;
- (30) lym en papier van geperste fineerhout verwyder, afwas en/of skoonmaak;
- (31) hoepelyster wat vir vlegwerk gebruik word, reguit maak en/of sny;
- (32) kopkussings, stoelkussings en peule met stowwe of materiaal vul, behalwe veerbinnewerk en/of veereenhede;
- (33) klapperhaar met die hand uitklop en/of uitpluis;
- (34) metaalstawe skoonmaak;
- (35) die massa van kopkussings, peule, bedsprei en stoelkussings meet;
- (36) klapperhaar of ander materiaal met die hand uitpluis;
- (37) beddegoed uitmekaarhaal;
- (38) lym van meubels verwyder;
- (39) metaaldele buig, pons, vasklink, boor en/of inmeekaarsit;
- (40) lym meng, massameet en voorberei;
- (41) lym en lymverhardmiddels met die hand, kwas of masjien aansit en/of sprei, maar uitdruklik nie meubelonderdele inmeekaarsit of monteer nie. Hierdie uitsondering is nie van toepassing op die werknemers in subklousule (45) hieronder bedoel nie;
- (42) 'n tapplatdrukmasjien bedien;
- (43) met 'n patroonplaat, patroon en/of setmaat afmerk ter voorbereiding vir masjinerie;
- (44) 'n patroon, patroonplaat en/of setmaat afmerk;
- (45) meubelonderdele wat gekramp, geklamp of geper moet word inmeekaarsit of monteer: Met dien verstande dat die getalsverhouding van werknemers wat dié werk uitvoer tot werknemers wat die loon ontvang, wat in klousule 1 van hierdie Deel voorgeskryf word en wat kramp-, klamp- of perswerk uitvoer, hoogstens twee tot een mag wees;
- (46) skuurpapier of -skywe en -bande vir oopbandskuurders maak en saamvoeg;
- (47) materiale deursy;
- (48) fineerstukke, laaghout en hardbord met bande, kramme, en/of hegspykers aan rame of kernmateriaal vassit vir perswerk;
- (49) verbandlose laswerk met 'n masjien;
- (50) enige soort vakuumsak en pers laai en ontlai;
- (51) gom- of ander bande was;
- (52) onderdele ná perswerk opstapel;
- (53) 'n stoffeerder help deur oortreksel vas te hou;
- (54) gomblokke aansmeer;
- (55) geriffelde vasmakers insit in die proses om rame inmekeer te sit;
- (56) oortollige fineer met die hand of handgereedskap afwerk nadat fineer aangesit is;
- (5) loading and/or unloading vehicles;
- (6) handling materials;
- (7) pushing or pulling a vehicle or handcart;
- (8) delivery by manually-propelled vehicles;
- (9) unpacking, baling and unbalancing raw materials;
- (10) cleaning and blowing down of equipment;
- (11) attending boiler, incinerator and/or oven;
- (12) loading and unloading kilns;
- (13) making tea or other similar beverages;
- (14) the treatment of timber for preservation;
- (15) packing articles into cartons and/or cardboard containers;
- (16) packing articles into cartons and/or cardboard containers and thereafter filling and closing such cartons and containers;
- (17) washing and/or wiping off glue;
- (18) stripping second-hand upholstery and bedding;
- (19) assisting a furniture machinist in handling materials before and after machining;
- (20) cutting metal rods, hinges, metal tubes, metal strips, chain, wire, hoop-iron and similar materials;
- (21) riveting or making threads on iron bolts and rods;
- (22) operating presses of any type;
- (23) baling and dipping of upholstery springs;
- (24) attending to dust bags and/or cyclones from sanding machines;
- (25) glueing sandpaper discs;
- (26) wrapping in paper or cardboard;
- (27) inserting rubber units into mattress cases;
- (28) cutting and glueing together of rubber or substitute materials;
- (29) taping of veneers and attending veneers press;
- (30) removing, washing and/or cleaning off glue and paper from pressed veneers;
- (31) straightening and/or cutting hoop-iron used for webbing;
- (32) filling of pillows, cushions and bolsters with substances or materials other than spring interiors and/or spring units;
- (33) beating and/or teasing coir by hand;
- (34) cleaning metal rods;
- (35) mass-measuring pillows, bolsters, quilts and cushions;
- (36) teasing coir or any other materials by hand;
- (37) stripping bedding;
- (38) removing glue from furniture;
- (39) bending, punching, riveting, drilling and/or assembling metal parts;
- (40) mixing, mass-measuring and preparing glue;
- (41) applying and/or spreading glue and glue hardeners by hand, brush or machine; but expressly excluding the putting together or assembling of furniture parts. This exclusion not to apply to the employees referred to in subclause (45) hereunder;
- (42) operating tenon squashing machine;
- (43) marking off by template, pattern and/or jig in preparation for machining;
- (44) marking of pattern, template and/or jig;
- (45) putting together or assembling of furniture parts which are to be cramped, clamped or pressed: Provided that the ratio of employees performing this operation to employees in receipt of the wage prescribed in clause 1 of this Part who are engaged in cramping, clamping or pressing shall not exceed two to one;
- (46) making and jointing sandpaper or discs and belts for open belt sanders;
- (47) straining of materials;
- (48) taping, stapling and/or tacking veneers, plywood and hardboard on to frames or core material for pressing;
- (49) tapeless jointing by machine;
- (50) loading and unloading vacuum bag and press of any kind;
- (51) washing off gum or other tapes;
- (52) stacking parts after pressing;
- (53) assisting upholsterer in holding cover;
- (54) rubbing on glue blocks;
- (55) inserting corrugated fasteners in the process of assembling frames;
- (56) trimming away by hand or hand tool of excess veneer after affixing of veneer;

- (57) skroewe in reeds geboorde gate insit voordat daar vasgeskroef word;
- (58) moere en/of moerdoppies aan boutte vassit;
- (59) handvatsels vasbout;
- (60) glas in vooraf vervaardigde groewe of sponnings laat sak, maar uitgesonderd glas met kraalyswerk in posisie vassit en/of glas op 'n ander manier vassit;
- (61) randfineerwerk met die hand doen;
- (62) skuimrubber en/of dergelike stowwe na fatsoen en/of grootte sny;
- (63) 'n skuimmaalmasjien bedien;
- (64) karton in die stoffeerseksie met die hand en/of valmes sny, maar uitgesonderd die gebruik van 'n ander masjien of die sny van karton in 'n ander afdeling;
- (65) los stoelkussingslope met vulmateriaal volmaak;
- (66) houttappen met die hand inslaan;
- (67) skuimrubber en/of soortgelyke stowwe vaslym aan oortrekmateriaal slegs vir deurstikwerk:

	Sent per uur
Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	81
Daarna	96

15. (a) Werknemers in diens as opsigters of wagte:

	Rand per week
Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	45,00
Daarna	50,00

- (b) (i) Werknemers in diens as verpakkers;
- (ii) werknemers in diens as kantoorbodes;
- (iii) los werknemers:

	Sent per uur
Gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983	81
Daarna	96

DEEL III

MOTORVOERTUIGDRYERS

Ondanks andersluidende bepalings in hierdie Ooreenkoms is die volgende bepalings van toepassing op motorvoertuigdryers:

1. WOORDOMSKRYWING

(1) Tensy die teenoorgestelde bedoeling blyk, het alle uitdrukkings wat in hierdie Deel gebesig en in die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, omskryf word, dieselfde betekenis as in daardie Wet en tensy onbestaanbaar met die sinsverband, beteken—

“los werknemer” ’n werknemer wat hoogstens drie dae in ’n week by dieselfde werkgever in diens is;

“dag” die tydperk van 24 uur, bereken vanaf die tyd waarop die werknemer begin werk;

“noodwerk” alle werk wat noodsaaklik word as gevolg van die onklaar-raking van installasie of masjinerie of ’n ander onvoorsiene noodgeval of in verband met die opknapping of herstel van installasie of masjinerie wat nie gedurende die gewone werkure in kousule 4 voorgeskryf, verrig kan word nie, en alle ander werk wat weens onvoorsiene omstandighede soos ’n brand, storm, ongeluk, epidemie, gewelddaad, oproer of diefstal sonder versuim verrig moet word, of wat noodsaaklik is om die instandhouding en/of verskaffing te verseker van krag, lig, water, telefone, openbare gesondheid, gesondheidsdienste, skoonmaakwerk, openbare vervoer- of lughawedienste, of vir die uitvoer van bestellings vir die verskaffing van goedere aan, of die verskaffing van dienste in verband met skepe, treine, lugdienste, hospitale of die gewapende magte van die Republiek;

“bedryfsinrigting” ’n plek waar sake in die Meubelnywerheid gedoen word en omvat dit die plek waar ’n persoon in diens is in engeen van al die klasse werk wat in Deel II genoem word;

“werkure” alle tydperke wat daar gedryf word en alle tyd wat die drywer aan ander werk in verband met die voertuig of die vraag bestee en alle tydperke waarin hy verplig is om op sy pos te bly, gereed om te werk;

“lisensie-owerheid” ’n owerheid wat by wet gemagtig is om lisensies ten opsigte van voertuie en/of sleepwaens uit te reik;

“motorvoertuie dryf” om voertuie te dryf wat gebruik word vir die vervoer van goedere en wat aangedryf word deur ander krag as dié van mense of diere, en omvat dit alle tyd wat ’n drywer aan ander werk in verband met die voertuig of die vraag bestee en alle tydperke wat hy verplig is om op sy pos te bly, gereed om te werk wanneer dit vereis word;

“stukwerk” of “taakwerk” ’n stelsel waarvolgens ’n werknemer se besoldiging gegrond word op die massa, omvang van of getal artikels of goedere wat vervoer is, of op die getal ritte onderneem of die kilometers afgeleë;

- (57) inserting screws into pre-bored holes preparatory to screwing;
- (58) affixing nuts and/or nut covers to bolts;
- (59) bolting handles;
- (60) dropping glass into pre-made grooves or rebates but excluding the affixing of glass in position with beading and/or securing glass in any other manner;
- (61) edge veneering by hand;
- (62) cutting foam rubber and/or similar substances to shape and/or size;
- (63) operating a foam mincing machine;
- (64) cutting cardboard in the upholstery section by hand and/or guillotine but excluding the use of any other machine or the cutting of cardboard in any other department;
- (65) filling loose cushion cases with filling material;
- (66) knocking in wooden dowels by hand;
- (67) glueing foam rubber and/or similar substances to cover material for quilting only:

	Cents per hour
During the period ending 19 March 1983	81
Thereafter	96

15. (a) Employees employed as caretakers or watchmen:

	Rand per week
During the period ending 19 March 1983	45,00
Thereafter	50,00

- (b) (i) Employees employed as packers;
- (ii) employees employed as office messengers;
- (iii) casual employees:

	Cents per hour
During the period ending 19 March 1983	81
Thereafter	96

PART III

DRIVERS OF MOTOR VEHICLES

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the following provisions shall apply to drivers of motor vehicles:

1. DEFINITIONS

(1) Unless the contrary intention appears, any expression used in this Part which is defined in the Labour Relations Act, 1956, shall have the same meaning as in that Act, and unless inconsistent with the context—

“casual employee” means an employee who is employed by the same employer on not more than three days in any week;

“day” means the period of 24 hours calculated from the time the employee commences work;

“emergency work” means any work necessitated by a breakdown of plant or machinery or other unforeseen emergency or in connection with the overhauling or repairing of plant or machinery which cannot be performed during the ordinary hours of work prescribed in clause 4, and any other work arising from any unforeseen occurrence owing to causes such as fire, storm, accident, epidemic, act of violence, civil commotion or theft which must be done without delay or which is necessary to ensure the maintenance and/or provision of power, light, water, telephone, public health, sanitary, cleansing, public transport or airport services or for the fulfilment of orders for the supply of goods to, or the provision of services in connection with ships, trains, air services, hospitals or the armed forces of the Republic;

“establishment” means any place where the Furniture Manufacturing Industry is carried on and includes any place where a person is employed in all or any of the classes of work specified in Part II;

“hours of work” includes all periods of driving and any time spent by the driver on other work connected with the vehicle or the load and all periods during which he is obliged to remain at his post in readiness to work;

“licensing authority” means any authority empowered by law to issue licences in respect of vehicles and/or trailers;

“motor transport driving” means the driving of vehicles used for the transportation of goods and which are propelled by other than human or animal power, and includes any time spent by the driver on other work connected with the vehicle or the load and all periods during which he is obliged to remain at his post in readiness to work when required;

“piece-work” or “task-work” means any system under which an employee's remuneration is based on the mass, volume or number of articles or goods conveyed or on the number of journeys undertaken or the kilometres covered;

"sleepwa" 'n vervoermiddel wat deur 'n voertuig getrek word;

"onbelaste massa" die massa van 'n voertuig en/of sleepwa soos aangedui op 'n lisensie of sertifikaat wat deur 'n lisensie-owerheid uitgereik is ten opsigte van dié voertuig of sleepwa;

"voertuig" 'n vervoermiddel wat gebruik word vir die vervoer van goedere en wat aangedryf word deur ander krag as dié van mense of diere en omvat dit 'n voorhaker en/of trekker;

"loon" dié gedeelte van die besoldiging wat in kontant aan 'n werknemer betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die gewone werkure vasgestel in klousule 4 van hierdie Deel.

(2) By die indeling van 'n werknemer vir die toepassing van hierdie Deel, word hy geag in daardie klas te wees waarin hy uitsluitlik of hoofsaaklik werksaam is.

2. LONE

(1) Die minimum weekloon wat 'n werkgever aan elke lid van ondergenoemde klasse van sy werknemers moet betaal, is soos volg:

(a) *Werknemers, uitgesonderd los werknemers.*—'n Werknemer wat 'n voertuig, uitgesonderd 'n stoomwa, dryf waarvan die onbelaste massa tesame met die onbelaste massa van 'n sleepwa of sleepwaens wat deur sodanige voertuig getrek word—

(i) hoogstens 2 722 kg is:

90c per uur gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983;

110c per uur daarna;

(ii) meer as 2 722 kg maar hoogstens 4 536 kg is:

110c per uur gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983;

130c per uur daarna;

(iii) meer as 4 536 kg is:

118c per uur gedurende die tydperk eindigende 19 Maart 1983;

138c per uur daarna.

(b) *Los werknemers.*—Vir elke dag of gedeelte van 'n dag diens, een vyfde van die weekloon voorgeskryf vir 'n werknemer wat dieselfde klas werk verrig as wat van die los werknemer vereis word.

(2) *Kontrakbasis.*—Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule moet die dienskontrak van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, op 'n weeklikse grondslag berus, en behoudens subklousule (3) en klousule 3 (6), moet 'n werknemer ten opsigte van 'n week minstens die volle weekloon betaal word wat in subklousule (1) vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf word, afgesien daarvan of hy in daardie week die mak simum getal gewone werkure wat in klousule 4 (1) voorgeskryf word, of minder gewerk het.

(3) *Differensiële loon.*—'n Werkgever wat van 'n lid van een klas van sy werknemers vereis of hom toelaat om benewens sy eie werk of in die plek daarvan, werk van 'n ander klas te verrig waarvoor of—

(a) 'n hoër loon as dié van sy eie klas; of

(b) 'n stygende loonskaal wat uitloop op 'n hoër loon as dié van sy eie klas;

in Deel II voorgeskryf word, moet sodanige werknemer ten opsigte van daardie dag soos volg betaal:

(i) In die geval in paragraaf (a) bedoel, minstens die dagloon bereken teen die hoër weekloon; en

(ii) in die geval in paragraaf (b) bedoel, minstens die dagloon bereken teen die hoogste weekloon vir die hoër klas:

Met dien verstande dat waar daar ooreenkomstig Deel II 'n verskil tussen klasse is wat gegrond word op ondervinding, geslag of ouderdom, hierdie klousule nie van toepassing is nie.

(4) *Onderhoudstoelae.*—Wanneer die werk van 'n werknemer hom verhoor of vir sy nagrus na sy tuiste terug te keer, moet hy, benewens die loon voorgeskryf in subklousule (1), minstens die volgende onderhoudstoelae betaal word:

(a) Wanneer dit vir die werknemer nodig is om aandete en bed te verkry: R4,50;

(b) wanneer dit vir die werknemer nodig is om aandete, bed en ontbyt te verkry: R5;

(c) wanneer dit vir die werknemer nodig is om bed, ontbyt, middagete en aandete te verkry: R6.

(5) *Berekening van voorgeskrewe maandloon.*—Wanneer die loon aan 'n werknemer verskuldig ingevolge klousule 3 (1) maandeliks betaal word, moet die bedrag van sodanige loon bereken word teen 'n skaal van vier en 'n derde maal die loon wat in subklousule (1) vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf word.

3. BETALING VAN BESOLDIGING

(1) *Werknemers, uitgesonderd los werknemers.*—Behoudens klousule 5 (3) en (4), moet die bedrag wat aan 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, verskuldig is, weekliks in kontant betaal word, of indien die werkgever en sy werknemer skriftelik daaroor ooreengekom het, maandeliks gedurende die werkure of binne 30 minute nadat die werk gestaak is, op die bedryfsinrigting se gewone betaaldag of by diensbeëindiging indien

"trailer" means any conveyance drawn by a vehicle;

"unladen mass" means the mass of any vehicle and/or trailer as expressed in a licence or certificate issued by a licensing authority in respect of such vehicle or trailer;

"vehicle" means a conveyance used for the transportation of goods and which is propelled by other than human or animal power and includes a mechanical horse and/or tractor;

"wage" means that portion of the remuneration payable in money to an employee in respect of the ordinary hours of work laid down in clause 4 of this Part.

(2) In classifying an employee for the purposes of this Part, he shall be deemed to be in that class in which he is wholly or mainly engaged.

2. WAGES

(1) The minimum wage which shall be paid weekly by an employer to each of the undermentioned classes of his employees shall be as set out hereunder:

(a) *Employees, other than casual employees.*—An employee who drives a vehicle, other than a steam-wagon, the unladen mass of which together with the unladen mass of any trailer or trailers drawn by such vehicle—

(i) does not exceed 2 722 kg:

90c per hour during the period ending 19 March 1983;

110c per hour thereafter;

(ii) exceeds 2 722 kg but does not exceed 4 536 kg:

110c per hour during the period ending 19 March 1983;

130c per hour thereafter;

(iii) exceeds 4 536 kg:

118c per hour during the period ending 19 March 1983;

138c per hour thereafter.

(b) *Casual employees.*—For each day or part of a day of employment, one-fifth of the weekly wage prescribed for an employee performing the same class of work as the casual employee is required to perform.

(2) *Basis of contract.*—For the purposes of this clause, the basis of contract of employment of an employee, other than a casual employee, shall be weekly, and save as provided in subclause (3) and in clause 3 (6), an employee shall be paid in respect of a week not less than the full weekly wage prescribed in subclause (1) for an employee of his class, whether he has in that week worked the maximum number of ordinary hours prescribed in clause 4 (1) or less.

(3) *Differential wage.*—An employer who requires or permits a member of one class of his employees to perform, either in addition to his own work or in substitution therefor, work of another class for which either—

(a) a wage higher than that of his own class; or

(b) a rising scale of wages terminating in a wage higher than that of his own class;

is prescribed in Part II, shall pay to such employee in respect of that day—

(i) in the case referred to in paragraph (a), not less than the daily wage calculated on the higher weekly rate; and

(ii) in the case referred to in paragraph (b), not less than the daily wage calculated on the highest weekly rate for the higher class:

Provided that where the difference between classes is in terms of Part II based on experience, sex or age, the provisions of this clause shall not apply.

(4) *Subsistence allowance.*—Whenever the work of an employee precludes him from returning to his home for his night's rest he shall be paid, in addition to the wage prescribed in subclause (1), a subsistence allowance of not less than—

(a) where it is necessary for the employee to obtain an evening meal and bed: R4,50;

(b) where it is necessary for the employee to obtain an evening meal, bed and breakfast: R5;

(c) where it is necessary for the employee to obtain bed, breakfast, lunch and evening meal: R6.

(5) *Calculation of monthly prescribed wage.*—Whenever the wage due to an employee is, in terms of clause 3 (1), paid monthly, the amount of such wage shall be calculated at the rate of four and a third times the wage prescribed in subclause (1) for an employee of his class.

3. PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION

(1) *Employees, other than casual employees.*—Save as provided in clause 5 (3) and (4), any amount due to an employee, other than a casual employee, shall be paid in cash weekly, or if the employer and his employee have agreed thereto in writing, monthly, during the hours of work or within 30 minutes of ceasing work, on the usual pay-day of the establishment or on termination of employment if this takes place before

dit vóór die gewone betaaldag plaasvind, en die bedrag moet in 'n koefert of ander houer wees waarop, of vergesel gaan van 'n staat waarop die werkgewer se naam, die werknemer se naam of betaalstaatsnommer, die werknemer se beroep, die getal gewone werkure en oortydure gewerk, die besoldiging verskuldig en die tydperk ten opsigte waarvan die betaling geskied, gemeld word.

(2) *Los werknemers*.—'n Werkgewer moet die besoldiging wat aan 'n los werknemer verskuldig is, by die beëindiging van sy diens in kontant aan hom betaal.

(3) *Premies*.—'n Werkgewer mag nie regstreeks of onregstreeks betaal word of betaling aanneem ten opsigte van die indiensneming of opleiding van 'n werknemer nie: Met dien verstande dat hierdie subklousule nie van toepassing is ten opsigte van 'n opleidingskema waartoe die werkgewer regens verplig is om by te dra nie.

(4) *Koop van goedere*.—'n Werkgewer mag nie van sy werknemer vereis om goedere van hom of van 'n winkel of persoon wat deur hom aangewys word, te koop nie.

(5) *Kos en inwoning*.—Behoudens die Swartes (Stadsgebiede) Konsolidasiewet, 1945, mag 'n werkgewer nie van sy werknemer vereis om van hom of 'n persoon of by 'n plek wat deur hom aangewys word, kos en/of inwoning aan te neem nie.

(6) *Boetes en aftrekkings*.—'n Werkgewer mag sy werknemer geen boetes opleë of 'n bedrag van sy werknemer se besoldiging aftrek nie: Met dien verstande dat hy die volgende wel mag aftrek:

(a) Met die skriftelike toestemming van sy werknemer, 'n bedrag vir 'n vakansie-, siektebystands-, versekerings-, voorsorg- of pensioenfonds: Met dien verstande dat die skriftelike toestemming van die werknemer nie verkry hoef te word in die geval van 'n aftrekking vir 'n siektebystands- of voorsorgfonds ingevolge die tweede voorbehoudsbepaling van klousule 6 (1) nie;

(b) met die skriftelike toestemming van 'n werknemer, 'n bedrag vir bydraes tot die fondse van die vakvereniging;

(c) behoudens andersluidende bepaling in hierdie Ooreenkoms, wanneer 'n werknemer van sy werk afwesig is, 'n bedrag wat in verhouding staan tot die tydperk van sy afwesigheid en wat bereken is op grondslag van die weekloon wat die werknemer ten opsigte van sy gewone werkure ten tyde van sodanige afwesigheid ontvang het;

(d) 'n bedrag wat 'n werkgewer kragtens of ingevolge 'n statutêre wet of bevel van 'n bevoegde hof moet of mag aftrek;

(e) 'n bedrag wat ooreenkomstig die gemeene reg vir skuld van 'n werknemer aan 'n werkgewer afgetrek mag word;

(f) 'n bedrag gelyk aan die loon wat hy sou ontvang het indien hy op so 'n dag gewerk het ten opsigte van 'n openbare vakansiedag, uitgesonderd Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Gelofte dag, Republiekdag of Kersdag, waarop van die werknemer vereis of hy toegelaat word om nie te werk nie;

(g) wanneer 'n werknemer daartoe instem of daar ingevolge die Swartes (Stadsgebiede) Konsolidasiewet, 1945, van hom vereis word om kos en/of inwoning van sy werkgewer aan te neem, 'n bedrag van hoogstens die hieronder genoem:

	Per week	Per maand
	R	R
Kos.....	0,42	1,82
Inwoning.....	0,21	0,91
Kos en inwoning.....	0,63	2,73

(h) behoudens klousule 8 van Deel I, 'n bedrag in verhouding tot die hoeveelheid korttyd wat gewerk is.

4. WERKURE, GEWONE EN OORTYD-, EN BESOLDIGING VIR OORTYDWERK

(1) *Gewone werkure*.—Die gewone werkure van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, is hoogstens—

(a) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat ses dae per week werk—

(i) 48 in 'n week vanaf Maandag tot en met Saterdag;

(ii) agt en 'n half op vyf dae in 'n week en vyf en 'n half op die oorblywende dag;

(b) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat vyf dae per week werk—

(i) 48 in 'n week vanaf Maandag tot en met Vrydag;

(ii) nege en driekwart op 'n dag: Met dien verstande dat die getal werkure in 'n week hoogstens 48 is.

(2) Die gewone werkure van 'n los werknemer mag hoogstens die volgende wees:

(a) In die geval waar die werkgewer se besigheid gedryf word op 'n grondslag van ses dae per week, agt en 'n half op 'n dag;

(b) in die geval waar die werkgewer se besigheid gedryf word op die grondslag van vyf dae per week, nege en driekwart op 'n dag.

the usual pay-day, and shall be contained in an envelope or other container or accompanied by a statement showing the employer's name, employee's name or pay-roll number, the employee's occupation, the number of ordinary and overtime hours worked, the remuneration due, and the period in respect of which payment is made.

(2) *Casual employees*.—An employer shall pay the remuneration due to his casual employee in cash on termination of his employment.

(3) *Premiums*.—No payment shall be made to or be accepted by an employer, either directly or indirectly, in respect of the employment or training of an employee: Provided that this subclause shall not apply in respect of a training scheme to which the employer is legally required to contribute.

(4) *Purchase of goods*.—An employer shall not require his employee to purchase any goods from him or from any shop or person nominated by him.

(5) *Board and lodging*.—Save as provided in the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, 1945, an employer shall not require his employees to board and/or lodge with him or with any person or at any place nominated by him.

(6) *Fines and deductions*.—An employer shall not levy any fine against his employee nor shall he make any deductions from his employee's remuneration other than the following:

(a) With the written consent of his employee, a deduction for holiday, sick, insurance, provident or pension funds: Provided that in the case of a deduction for sick benefit or provident funds in terms of the second provision to clause 6 (1) the written consent of the employee need not be obtained;

(b) with the written consent of an employee, deductions for contributions to the funds of the trade union;

(c) except where otherwise provided in this Agreement, whenever an employee is not at work, a deduction proportionate to the period of his absence calculated on the basis of the weekly wage which such employee was receiving in respect of his ordinary hours of work at the time thereof;

(d) a deduction of any amount which an employer by any statutory law or an order of any competent court is required or permitted to make;

(e) any amount which may be set off in accordance with common law against any debt owing to an employer by an employee;

(f) a deduction in respect of any public holiday, other than New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Day of the Vow, Republic Day or Christmas Day, on which an employee is required or permitted not to work, of the wage which he would have received had he worked on such a day;

(g) when an employee agrees or is required in terms of the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, 1945, to accept board and/or lodging from his employer, a deduction not exceeding the amounts specified hereunder:

	Per week	Per month
	R	R
Board	0,42	1,82
Lodging	0,21	0,91
Board and lodging	0,63	2,73

(h) subject to the provisions of clause 8 of Part I, a deduction proportionate to the amount of short-time worked.

4. HOURS OF WORK, ORDINARY AND OVERTIME, AND PAYMENT FOR OVERTIME

(1) *Ordinary hours of work*.—The ordinary hours of work of an employee, other than a casual employee, shall not exceed—

(a) in the case of an employee who works a six-day week—

(i) 48 in any week from Monday to Saturday, inclusive;

(ii) eight and a half on five days in any week and five and a half on the remaining day;

(b) in the case of an employee who works a five-day week—

(i) 48 in any week from Monday to Friday, inclusive;

(ii) nine and three quarters on any day: Provided that the number of hours of work in any week does not exceed 48.

(2) The ordinary hours of work of a casual employee shall not exceed—

(a) in the case where the employer's business is conducted on the basis of a six-day week, eight and a half on any day;

(b) in the case where the employer's business is conducted on the basis of a five-day week, nine and three quarters on any day.

(3) *Etenspouses.*—'n Werkgewer mag nie van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om langer as vyf uur ononderbroke te werk sonder 'n etenspouse van minstens een uur nie, en gedurende dié pouse mag geen werk verrig word nie en die pouse moet nie geag word deel van die gewone werkure of oortydure uit te maak nie: Met dien verstande dat—

(a) indien sodanige pouse langer as een uur is, die tydperk langer as een en 'n kwart uur geag word gewone werkure te wees;

(b) werktydperke wat deur 'n pouse van minder as een uur onderbreek word, geag word ononderbroke te wees.

(4) *Werkure moet agtereenvolgend wees.*—Behoudens subklousule (3), moet alle werkure agtereenvolgend wees.

(5) *Oortydwerk.*—Alle tyd wat daar langer gewerk word as die getal gewone werkure wat in subklousules (1) en (2) ten opsigte van 'n dag of 'n week voorgeskryf word, word geag oortydwerk te wees.

(6) *Beperking op oortydwerk.*—'n Werkgewer mag nie van 'n werknemer vereis of hom toelaat om langer oortyd te werk nie as—

(a) 10 uur in 'n week;

(b) twee uur op 'n dag;

Met dien verstande dat, in die geval van 'n werknemer wat meubels verwyder, die beperking van twee uur per dag op enigen van die eerste vier en enigen van die laaste vier werkdag in 'n maand met hoogstens twee uur te bowe gegaan mag word, as die totale getal oortydure wat so 'n werknemer in 'n maand gewerk het nie deur sodanige verlenging meer as $43\frac{1}{3}$ is nie.

(7) *Besoldiging vir oortydwerk.*—'n Werkgewer moet sy werknemer ten opsigte van alle oortyd wat gewerk word, besoldig teen minstens een en 'n derde maal sy gewone loon: Met dien verstande dat waar die oortyd in 'n week, bereken op 'n daaglikse grondslag, verskil van die oortyd bereken op 'n weeklikse grondslag, die grondslag wat die grootste hoeveelheid oortyd gedurende die week bedra, aanvaar moet word.

(8) *Voorbehoudsbepalings.*—Subklousules (3), (4) en (6) is nie op 'n werknemer van toepassing terwyl hy noodwerk verrig nie.

5. JAARLIKSE VERLOF

(1) Behoudens subklousule (2), moet 'n werkgewer aan sy werknemer ten opsigte van elke voltooide jaar diens by hom, 15 agtereenvolgende werkdag verlof met volle besoldiging toestaan.

(2) Die verlof in subklousule (1) voorgeskryf, moet toegestaan word op 'n tydskedule wat die werkgewer moet vasstel: Met dien verstande dat—

(i) indien die verlof nie vroeër toegestaan is nie, dit binne twee maande na die voltooiing van die jaar diens waarop dit betrekking het, toegestaan moet word;

(ii) die verloftydperk nie met siekteverlof wat ingevolge klousule 6 toegestaan is of met 'n tydperk van militêre diensplig wat die werknemer ondergaan, mag saamval nie;

(iii) indien Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelsvaartsdag, Gelofte-dag, Republiekdag of Kersdag binne die tydperk van die verlof val, nog 'n werkdag in die plek van elke sodanige vakansiedag by genoemde tydperk gevoeg moet word as 'n verdere verloftydperk met volle besoldiging;

(iv) 'n werkgewer alle dae geleentheidsverlof wat gedurende die tydperk van een jaar diens waarop die verloftydperk betrekking het, met volle besoldiging aan sy werknemer op sy werknemer se skriftelike versoek toegestaan is, van die verloftydperk kan aftrek.

(3) *Verlofbesoldiging.*—Die besoldiging ten opsigte van jaarlikse verlof in subklousule (1) bedoel, moet vóór of op die laaste werkdag vóór die aanvangsdatum van die verlof betaal word.

(4) 'n Werknemer wie se dienskontrak gedurende die eerste of 'n daaropvolgende diensjaar by dieselfde werkgewer eindig voordat die verloftydperk wat in subklousule (1) bedoel word, hom toegekom het, moet, behoudens voorbehoudsbepaling (iv) van subklousule (2), by sodanige beëindiging in plaas van verlof ten opsigte van elke voltooide maand van sodanige tydperk van minder as een jaar minstens vyf vier-en-twintigstes van die weekloon betaal word wat hy onmiddellik vóór die datum van sodanige beëindiging ontvang het.

(5) 'n Werknemer wat geregtig geword het op 'n verloftydperk ingevolge subklousule (1) en wie se dienskontrak eindig voordat die verlof toegestaan is, moet by sodanige beëindiging ten opsigte van verlof die bedrae betaal word wat in subklousules (1) en (4) bedoel word.

(6) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule word die uitdrukking "diens" geag die tydperk of tydperke in te sluit ten opsigte waarvan 'n werknemer afwesig is—

(a) met verlof kragtens subklousule (1);

(b) terwyl hy militêre diensplig kragtens die Verdedigingswet, 1957, ondergaan;

(c) op las of op versoek van sy werkgewer;

(d) met siekteverlof kragtens klousule 6;

(3) *Meal intervals.*—An employer shall not require or permit his employee to work for more than five hours continuously without an interval of not less than one hour during which no work shall be performed and such interval shall not be deemed to be part of the ordinary hours of work or overtime: Provided that—

(a) if such interval be for longer than one hour, any period in excess of one and a quarter hours shall be deemed to be ordinary hours of work;

(b) periods of work interrupted by an interval of less than one hour shall be deemed to be continuous.

(4) *Hours of work to be consecutive.*—Save as provided in subclause (3), all hours of work shall be consecutive.

(5) *Overtime.*—All time worked in excess of the number of hours prescribed in respect of a day or a week in subclauses (1) and (2) shall be deemed to be overtime.

(6) *Limitation of overtime.*—An employer shall not require or permit his employee to work overtime for more than—

(a) 10 hours in any week;

(b) two hours on any day;

Provided that in the case of an employee engaged in the removal of furniture, the limit of two hours a day may on any of the first four and any of the last four work-days in a month be exceeded by not more than two hours, if by such extension the total number of hours of overtime worked by such employee in a month does not exceed $43\frac{1}{3}$.

(7) *Payment for overtime.*—An employer shall pay to his employee in respect of all overtime worked, remuneration at a rate of not less than one and a third times his ordinary wage: Provided that where in any week overtime calculated on a daily basis differs from overtime calculated on a weekly basis, the basis which gives the greater amount of overtime during the week shall be adopted.

(8) *Savings.*—The provisions of subclauses (3), (4) and (6) shall not apply to an employee while he is engaged in the performance of emergency work:

5. ANNUAL LEAVE

(1) Subject to the provisions of subclause (2), an employer shall grant to his employee in respect of each completed year of employment with him, 15 consecutive work-days' leave on full pay.

(2) The leave prescribed in subclause (1) shall be granted at a time to be fixed by the employer: Provided that—

(i) if such leave has not been granted earlier, it shall be granted within two months of the completion of the year of employment to which it relates;

(ii) the period of such leave shall not be concurrent with sick leave granted in terms of clause 6 nor with any period during which the employee is undergoing any military service;

(iii) if New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Day of the Vow, Republic Day or Christmas Day falls within the period of such leave, another day shall, in substitution for each such day, be added to the said period as a further period of leave on full pay;

(iv) an employer may set off against such period of leave any day of occasional leave granted on full pay to his employee at his employee's request made in writing during the year of employment to which the period of annual leave relates.

(3) *Leave remuneration.*—The remuneration in respect of annual leave referred to in subclause (1) shall be paid not later than the last work-day before the date of commencement of such leave.

(4) An employee whose contract of employment terminates in the first or any subsequent year of employment with the same employer before the period of leave referred to in subclause (1) has accrued shall, save as provided in proviso (iv) to subclause (2), upon such termination be paid in lieu of leave and in respect of each completed month of such period of less than one year, not less than five twenty-fourths of the weekly wage which he was receiving immediately before the date of such termination.

(5) An employee who has become entitled to a period of leave in terms of subclause (1) and whose contract of employment terminates before such leave has been granted, shall upon termination be paid in respect of leave the amounts referred to in subclauses (1) and (4).

(6) For the purposes of this clause, the expression "employment" shall be deemed to include any period or periods during which an employee is—

(a) absent on leave in terms of subclause (1);

(b) undergoing any military service in pursuance of the Defence Act, 1957;

(c) absent from work on the instructions or at the request of his employer;

(d) absent on sick leave in terms of clause 6;

wat altesaam hoogstens 10 weke in 'n jaar beloop ten opsigte van items (a), (c) en (d), plus 'n tydperk van hoogstens vier maande militêre dienslig wat in daardie jaar ondergaan is, en word dit geag te begin—

(i) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat vóór die inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms kragtens 'n wet op verlof geregtig geword het, op die datum waarop sodanige werknemer laas kragtens dié wet op die verlof geregtig geword het;

(ii) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat in diens was vóór die inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms en op wie 'n wet wat vir jaarlikse verlof voorsiening maak van toepassing was, maar wat nog nie ooreenkomstig dié wet op verlof geregtig geword het nie, op die datum waarop die diens begin het;

(iii) in die geval van alle ander werknemers, op die datum waarop die werknemer in sy werkgever se diens getree het of op die datum waarop hierdie Ooreenkoms in werking getree het, en wel op die jongste van die twee datums.

6. SIEKTEVERLOF

(1) 'n Werkgever moet sy werknemer ná twee maande diens by hom, en wat van sy werk afwesig is as gevolg van siekte of 'n ongeluk wat nie deur sy eie wangedrag veroorsaak is nie, uitgesonderd 'n ongeluk waarvoor skadeloosstelling kragtens die Ongevallewet, 1941, betaalbaar is, die volgende toestaan:

(a) In die geval van 'n werknemer wat ses dae in 'n week werk, altesaam 12 werkdag;

(b) in die geval van 'n werknemer wat vyf dae in 'n week werk, altesaam 10 werkdag;

siekteverlof gedurende 'n bepaalde diensjaar by hom en moet hom ingevolge hierdie klousule ten opsigte van die tydperk van afwesigheid minstens die loon betaal wat hy sou ontvang het indien hy gedurende dié tydperk gewerk het: Met dien verstande dat 'n werkgever kan eis dat, as opskortende voorwaarde vir die betaling van die bedrag ten opsigte van dié afwesigheid, 'n sertifikaat, onderteken deur 'n geregisteerde mediese praktisyn, ingedien word wat die aard en duur van die werknemer se siekte toon ten opsigte van elke tydperk van afwesigheid waarvoor betaling geëis word: Voorts met dien verstande dat waar daar in 'n bedryfsinrigting ingevolge 'n ooreenkoms tussen 'n werkgever en sommige van of al sy werknemers of tussen 'n werkgever en 'n geregisteerde vakvereniging, 'n siektebystand- of voorsorgfonds bestaan of ingestel word waartoe die werkgever ten opsigte van elk van sy werknemers wat daarby kan baat 'n bedrag bydra van minstens die bedrag wat deur elke sodanige werknemer betaal word of betaalbaar is, en waaruit dié werknemer ingeval van afwesigheid of afwesighede van die werk weens siekte of 'n ongeluk (uitgesonderd 'n ongeluk waarvoor skadeloosstelling kragtens die Ongevallewet, 1941, betaalbaar is) geregtig is om in 'n bepaalde jaar altesaam minstens die bedrag gelyk aan sy volle loon vir twee weke ten opsigte van die afwesigheid of afwesighede te ontvang in omstandighede wat vir die werknemer wesenlik nie minder voordelig is as hierdie bepaling nie, hierdie klousule nie op sodanige werknemers van toepassing is nie: Voorts met dien verstande dat waar daar van 'n werkgever by 'n wet vereis word om hospitaalgeld te betaal en hy dit wel betaal ten opsigte van 'n werknemer in sodanige wet genoem, die bedrag aldus betaal afgetrek kan word van die betaling verskuldig ten opsigte van siekte ingevolge hierdie klousule, maar hoogstens die bedrag wat betaalbaar is ten opsigte van 'n tydperk van siekte waarvoor daar in hierdie klousule voorsiening gemaak word.

(2) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule, beteken die uitdrukking "diens" dieselfde as in klousule 5 (6).

7. OPENBARE VAKANSIEDAE EN SONDAE

(1) *Openbare vakansiedae*.—'n Werknemer is geregtig op en moet verlof met volle besoldiging toegestaan word op Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Gelofte dag, Republiekdag en Kersdag: Met dien verstande dat van 'n werknemer vereis kan word om op elke sodanige dag te werk: Voorts met dien verstande dat in die geval van 'n werknemer wat vyf dae in 'n week werk, hierdie subklousule nie van toepassing is wanneer sodanige vakansiedag op die sesde dag van die week val nie.

(2) *Besoldiging vir werk op openbare vakansiedae*.—(a) Wanneer 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, op Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Gelofte dag, Republiekdag of Kersdag werk, moet sy werkgever hom vir elke sodanige dag minstens die bedrag betaal in subklousule (1) bedoel, plus sy weekloon gedeel deur die getal gewone werkdag wat hy in 'n week gewerk het, ten opsigte van elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk.

(b) Wanneer 'n los werknemer op Nuwejaarsdag, Goeie Vrydag, Hemelvaartsdag, Gelofte dag, Republiekdag of Kersdag werk, moet sy werkgever hom vir elke sodanige dag minstens die dagloon betaal wat in klousule 2 (1) vir 'n los werknemer voorgeskryf word, plus dié loon gedeel deur nege, ten opsigte van elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk.

(3) *Betaling vir werk op Sondae*.—(a) Wanneer 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, op 'n Sondag werk, moet sy werkgever hom of—

(i) minstens twee maal die loon betaal wat aan hom betaalbaar is ten opsigte van die tydperk wat hy gewoonlik op 'n weekdag werk, of vir twee maal die getal ure op sodanige Sondag gewerk, naamlik die grootste bedrag; of

amounting in the aggregate to not more than 10 weeks in any year in respect of items (a), (c) and (d), plus up to four months of any period of military service undergone in that year, and shall be deemed to commence—

(i) in the case of an employee who has before the coming into operation of this Agreement become entitled to leave in terms of any law, from the date on which such employee last became entitled to such leave under such law;

(ii) in the case of an employee who was in employment before the date of commencement of this Agreement and to whom any law providing for annual leave applied, but who had not become entitled to leave in terms thereof, from the date on which such employment commenced;

(iii) in the case of any other employee, from the date on which such employee entered his employer's service or from the date of coming into operation of this Agreement, whichever is the later.

6. SICK LEAVE

(1) An employer shall grant to his employee after two months' employment with him and who is absent from work through sickness or accident not caused by his own misconduct, other than an accident compensable under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1941—

(a) in the case of an employee who works a six-day week, 12 work-days;

(b) in the case of an employee who works a five-day week, 10 work-days;

sick leave in the aggregate during any one year of employment with him and shall pay to him in respect of the period of absence in terms hereof not less than the wage he would have received had he worked during such period: Provided that an employer may as a condition precedent to the payment by him of any amount in respect of such absence, require the production of a certificate signed by a registered medical practitioner showing the nature and duration of the employee's illness in respect of each period of absence for which payment is claimed: Provided further that where, in any establishment, there exists or may be established by virtue of an agreement between an employer and some or all of his employees or between an employer and a registered trade union, a sick benefit or provident fund to which the employer contributes in respect of each of his employees who stand to benefit thereby, an amount not less than the amount paid or payable by each such employee, and out of which fund such employee is in case of absence or absences from work on account of sickness or accident (other than an accident compensable under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1941), entitled to receive in the aggregate in any one year not less than an amount equivalent to his full wages for two weeks in respect of such absence or absences, in circumstances substantially not less favourable to the employee than this provision, the terms of this clause shall not apply in respect of such employees: Provided further that where an employer is, by any law, required to pay and pays hospital fees in respect of any employee referred to in such law, the amount so paid may be set off against the payment due in respect to sickness in terms of this clause, but not exceeding the amount which will be payable in respect of any period of sickness provided for herein.

(2) For the purposes of this clause, the expression "employment" shall have the same meaning as in clause 5 (6).

7. PUBLIC HOLIDAYS AND SUNDAYS

(1) *Public holidays*.—An employee shall be entitled to and be granted leave on full pay on New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Day of the Vow, Republic Day and Christmas Day: Provided that an employee may be required to work on any such day: Provided further that, in the case of an employee who works a five-day week, when such holiday falls on the sixth day of the week, the provisions of this subclause shall not apply.

(2) *Payment for work on public holidays*.—(a) Whenever an employee, other than a casual employee, works on New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Day of the Vow, Republic Day or Christmas Day, his employer shall pay to him for each such day not less than the amount referred to in subclause (1), plus in respect of each hour or part of an hour so worked, his weekly wage divided by the number of ordinary hours worked by him in a week.

(b) Whenever a casual employee works on New Year's Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day, Day of the Vow, Republic Day or Christmas Day, his employer shall pay to him for each such day not less than the daily wage prescribed in clause 2 (1) for a casual employee, plus, in respect of each hour or part of an hour so worked, such wage divided by nine.

(3) *Payment for work on Sundays*.—(a) Whenever an employee, other than a casual employee, works on a Sunday, his employer shall either—

(i) pay him not less than double the wage payable to him in respect of the period ordinarily worked by him on a weekday, or for double the number of hours worked on such Sunday, whichever is the greater; or

(ii) vir elke uur of gedeelte van 'n uur aldus gewerk, minstens een en 'n derde maal sy gewone loon betaal ten opsigte van die totale tydperk op dié Sondag gewerk en hom binne sewe dae vanaf dié Sondag een dag vakansie toestaan en hom ten opsigte daarvan besoldig teen 'n skaal van minstens sy gewone loon asof hy op dié vakansiedag sy gemiddelde gewone werkure vir daardie dag van die week gewerk het.

(b) Wanneer 'n los werknemer op 'n Sondag werk, moet sy werkgever hom minstens twee maal die loon betaal wat in klousule 2 (1) vir 'n los werknemer voorgeskryf word.

8. STUKWERK OF TAAKWERK

(1) Behoudens klousule 3 (6), moet 'n werkgever sy werknemer wat stukwerk of taakwerk vir 'n tydperk verrig, besoldig teen die loon waarvoor die werkgever en sy werknemer ooreengekom het: Met dien verstande dat, afgesien van die hoeveelheid of omvang van die werk gedoen, die werkgever sodanige werknemer minstens die volgende moet betaal:

(a) In die geval van 'n werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, ten opsigte van elke week waarin stukwerk of taakwerk verrig word die weekloon in klousule 2 (1) vir 'n werknemer van sy klas voorgeskryf;

(b) in die geval van 'n los werknemer, ten opsigte van elke dag waarop stukwerk of taakwerk verrig word, die loon in klousule 2 (1) vir 'n los werknemer voorgeskryf.

(2) 'n Werkgever moet op 'n opvallende plek in sy bedryfsinrigting 'n lys opgeplak hou van die stukwerk- of taakwerklone in subklousule (1) bedoel.

(3) Die werkgever mag nie die lone in subklousule (1) bedoel sonder die toestemming van die werknemer verminder nie.

9. UNIFORMS, OORPAKKE EN/OF BESKERMENDE KLERE

'n Werkgever moet alle uniforms, oorpakke en/of beskermende klere wat hy van sy werknemer vereis om te dra of wat hy by 'n wet of regulasie verplig is om aan sy werknemer te verskaf, gratis verskaf en in 'n bruikbare toestand hou, en dié uniforms, oorpakke en/of beskermende klere bly die eiendom van die werkgever.

10. DIENSSERTIFIKAAT

Op versoek van 'n werknemer moet 'n werkgever by beëindiging van die dienskontrak van elkeen van sy werknemers, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, aan sodanige werknemer 'n dienssertifikaat verskaf wat die volgende vermeld: Die volle naam van die werkgever en die werknemer, die aard van die diens, die datum waarop die kontrak in werking getree het en die datum waarop dit beëindig is en die loon op die datum van beëindiging.

11. LOGBOEK

(1) Elke werkgever moet 'n logboek met duplikaatfolio's verskaf vir die gebruik van elke werknemer in sy diens, so na doenlik in die volgende vorm:

DAAGLIKSE LOG

Naam van werkgever
 Naam van drywer
 Soort voertuig en die onbelaste massa daarvan
 Getal sleepwaens aan voertuig aangehaak en die onbelaste massa van elke sleepwa
 Hoe laat werk begin het
 Hoe laat werk opgehou het
 Getal gewone ure gewerk
 Getal oortydure gewerk
 Etenspouse(s) van h tot h
 Onklaarraking, ongelukke en/of ander oponthoude
 Datum 19.....

Handtekening van drywer

(2) Elke werknemer moet, wanneer hy voorsien word van die logboek wat in subklousule (1) bedoel word, tensy hy deur siekte of ander onvermydelike oorsake verhinder word om dit te doen, die daaglikse logboek ten opsigte van elke dag se werk in tweevoud byhou, so na doenlik in die voorgeskrewe vorm, en moet binne 24 uur ná die voltooiing van die dag se werk waarop dit betrekking het, 'n ingevulde duplikaatkopie daarvan by sy werkgever inlewer.

(3) 'n Werkgever moet op elke voertuig of sleepwa, en wel op 'n toeganklike plek, 'n leesbare kennisgewing permanent vasgeheg of aangedui hou wat die onbelaste massa van sodanige voertuig of sleepwa meld ooreenkomstig die lisensie wat ten opsigte daarvan uitgereik is.

(4) Elke werkgever moet die ingevulde afskrif van die daaglikse log drie jaar bewaar ná die datum waarop dit ingevul is.

(ii) pay him for each hour or part of an hour so worked not less than one and a third times his ordinary wage in respect of the total period worked on such Sunday and grant to him within seven days of such Sunday one day's holiday and pay him in respect thereof remuneration at a rate of not less than his ordinary wage as if he had on such holiday worked his average ordinary working hours for that day of the week.

(b) Whenever a casual employee works on a Sunday, his employer shall pay to him not less than double the wage prescribed in clause 2 (1) for casual employee.

8. PIECE-WORK OR TASK-WORK

(1) Save as provided in clause 3 (6), an employer shall pay his employee on piece-work or task-work for any period, remuneration at the rates agreed upon between the employer and his employee: Provided that, irrespective of the quantity or output of work done, the employer shall pay to such employee not less than—

(a) in the case of an employee, other than a casual employee, in respect of each week in which piece-work or task-work is performed, the weekly wage prescribed in clause 2 (1) for an employee of his class;

(b) in the case of a casual employee, in respect of each day on which piece-work or task-work is performed, the wage prescribed in clause 2 (1) for a casual employee.

(2) An employer shall keep posted up in a conspicuous place in his establishment a schedule of the piece-work or task-work rates referred to in subclause (1).

(3) The employer shall not reduce the rates referred to in subclause (1) without the consent of the employee.

9. UNIFORMS, OVERALLS AND/OR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

An employer shall supply and maintain in good condition, free of charge, any uniforms, overalls and/or protective clothing which he may require his employee to wear or which by any law or regulation he may be compelled to provide for his employee, and such uniforms, overalls and/or protective clothing shall remain the property of the employer.

10. CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

At the request of an employee, an employer shall, upon termination of the contract of employment of any of his employees, other than a casual employee, furnish such employee with a certificate of service showing the full names of the employer and employee, the nature of employment, the dates of commencement and termination of the contract and the rate of remuneration at the date of such termination.

11. LOG-BOOK

(1) Every employer shall provide a log-book with duplicate folios for the use of every employee in his employ as nearly as practicable in the following form:

DAILY LOG

Name of employer
 Name of driver
 Type of vehicle and unladen mass thereof
 Number of trailers attached to vehicle and unladen mass of each trailer
 Time of starting work
 Time of finishing work
 Number of ordinary hours worked
 Number of hours overtime
 Meal interval(s) h to h
 Breakdowns, accidents and/or other delays
 Date 19.....

Signature of driver

(2) Every employee, upon being provided with the log-book referred to in subclause (1), unless precluded from doing so by sickness or other unavoidable cause, shall keep the daily log-book in duplicate, as nearly as practicable in the form prescribed, in respect of each day's work and shall within 24 hours of the completion of the day's work to which it relates, deliver a duplicate completed copy thereof to his employer.

(3) An employer shall keep permanently affixed to, or indicated on, every vehicle or trailer in an accessible place, a legible notice specifying the unladen mass of such vehicle or trailer according to the licence issued in respect thereof.

(4) Every employer shall retain the completed copy of the daily log for a period of three years subsequent to the date of its completion.

12. BEËINDIGING VAN DIENSKONTRAK

(1) 'n Werkgever of sy werknemer, uitgesonderd 'n los werknemer, moet gedurende die eerste maand diens minstens 24 uur en daarna minstens een week kennis gee van sy voorneme om die dienskontrak te beëindig, of 'n werkgever of werknemer kan die dienskontrak sonder kennisgewing beëindig deur minstens die volgende aan die werknemer te betaal of aan die werkgever te betaal of te verbeur:

(a) In die geval van 24 uur kennisgewing, die weekloon wat die werknemer onmiddellik voor die datum van die beëindiging ontvang het, gedeeltes in die geval van 'n werknemer wat ses dae in 'n week werk, en deur vyf in die geval van 'n werknemer wat vyf dae in 'n week werk;

(b) in die geval van 'n week kennisgewing, die weekloon wat die werknemer onmiddellik vóór die datum van die beëindiging ontvang het:

Met dien verstande dat dit nie die volgende raak nie:

(i) Die reg van 'n werkgever of 'n werknemer om die kontrak om 'n regsgeldige rede sonder kennisgewing te beëindig;

(ii) 'n skriftelike ooreenkoms tussen 'n werkgever en sy werknemer wat voorsiening maak vir 'n tydperk van kennisgewing wat vir albei partye ewe lank en langer as een week is;

(iii) die werking van 'n verbeurings- of strafbeding wat by wet van toepassing is ten opsigte van 'n werknemer wat dros.

(2) Wanneer 'n ooreenkoms kragtens die tweede voorbehoudsbepaling van subklousule (1) aangegaan word, moet die betaling in plaas van kennisgewing in verhouding wees tot die tydperk van kennisgewing waarvoor daar ooreengekom is.

(3) Die kennisgewing in subklousule (1) bedoel, loop vanaf die dag waarop daar kennis gegee word: Met dien verstande dat die tydperk van kennisgewing nie mag saamval met, of dat kennis nie gegee mag word gedurende 'n werknemer se afwesigheid met jaarlikse verlof ooreenkomstig klousule 5, of met siekteverlof ooreenkomstig klousule 6 of met 'n tydperk waarin hy militêre diensplig kragtens die Verdedigingswet, 1957, ondergaan nie.

Namens die partye op hede die 1ste dag van Februarie 1982 te Oos-Londen onderteken.

P. W. MACKIE, Voorsitter van die Raad.

M. LALARAM, Ondervoorsitter van die Raad.

C. G. POTGIETER, Sekretaris van die Raad.

12. TERMINATION OF CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT

(1) An employer or his employee, other than a casual employee, shall give not less than 24 hours' notice during the first month of employment and thereafter not less than one week's notice of his intention to terminate the contract of employment, or an employer or employee may terminate the contract of employment without notice by the employer paying the employee or the employee forfeiting or paying to the employer not less than—

(a) in the case of 24 hours' notice, the weekly wage which the employee was receiving immediately before the date of such termination, divided by six in the case of an employee who works a six-day week and by five in the case of an employee who works a five-day week;

(b) in the case of a week's notice, the weekly wage which the employee was receiving immediately before the date of such termination;

Provided that this shall not affect—

(i) the right of an employer or an employee to terminate the contract of employment without notice for any cause recognised by law as sufficient;

(ii) any written agreement between an employer and his employee which provides for a period of notice of equal duration on both sides and for longer than one week;

(iii) the operation of any forfeitures or penalties which by law may be applicable in respect of desertion by an employee.

(2) When an agreement is entered into in terms of the second proviso to subclause (1), the payment in lieu of notice shall be proportionate to the period of notice agreed upon.

(3) The notice referred to in subclause (1) shall take effect from the day on which it is given: Provided that the period of notice shall not run concurrently with nor shall notice be given during the employee's absence on annual leave in terms of clause 5 or on sick leave in terms of clause 6 or whilst undergoing any military service in pursuance of the Defence Act, 1957.

Signed at East London, on behalf of the parties, this 1st day of February 1982.

P. W. MACKIE, Chairman of the Council.

M. LALARAM, Vice-Chairman of the Council.

C. G. POTGIETER, Secretary of the Council.

No. R. 1649

6 Augustus 1982

WET OP FABRIEKE, MASJINERIE EN BOUWERK, 1941

MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Mannekrag, verklaar hierby, kragtens artikel 22 (1) van die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms en kennisgewing, gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1648 van 6 Augustus 1982, oor die algemeen vir werknemers wie se werkure en besoldiging ten opsigte van oortydwerk, openbare feesdae en werk op Sondae en openbare feesdae daarby gereël word, nie minder gunstig is nie as die desbetreffende bepalings van genoemde Wet.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Mannekrag.

No. R. 1649

6 August 1982

FACTORIES, MACHINERY AND BUILDING WORK ACT, 1941

BORDER FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Manpower, hereby, in terms of section 22 (1) of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, declare the provisions of the Agreement and notice, published under Government Notice R. 1648 of 6 August 1982, to be, on the whole, not less favourable to the employees whose hours of work and remuneration in respect of overtime, public holidays and work on Sundays and public holidays are regulated thereby, than the relative provisions of the said Act.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Manpower.

No. R. 1650

6 Augustus 1982

WET OP ARBEIDSVERHOUDINGE, 1956

MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS.—WYSIGING VAN VOORSORGFONDSOOREENKOMS

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Mannekrag, verklaar hierby—

(a) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (a) van die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms (hierna die Wysigingsooreenkoms genoem) wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en betrekking het op die Onderneming, Nywerheid, Bedryf of Beroep in die opskrif by hiërdie kennisgewing vermeld, met ingang van

No. R. 1650

6 August 1982

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1956

BORDER FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.—AMENDMENT OF PROVIDENT FUND AGREEMENT

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Manpower, hereby—

(a) in terms of section 48 (1) (a) of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, declare that the provisions of the Agreement (hereinafter referred to as the Amending Agreement) which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Undertaking, Industry, Trade or Occupation referred to in the heading to this notice, shall

die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 23 Februarie 1985 eindig, bindend is vir die werkgewersorganisasie en die vakvereniging wat die Wysigingsooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgewers en werknemers wat lede van genoemde organisasie of vereniging is; en

(b) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (b) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalinge van die Wysigingsooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klousule 1 (1) (a), met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 23 Februarie 1985 eindig, bindend is vir alle ander werkgewers en werknemers as dié genoem in paragraaf (a) van hierdie kennisgewing wat betrokke is by of in diens is in genoemde Onderneming, Nywerheid, Bedryf of Beroep in die gebiede in klousule 1 van die Wysigingsooreenkoms gespesifiseer.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Mannekrag.

BYLAE

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS

OOREENKOMS

ingevolge die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, gesluit deur en aangegaan tussen die

Border Furniture Manufacturers' Association

(hierna die "werkgewers" of die "werkgewersorganisasie" genoem), aan die een kant, en die

National Union of Furniture and Allied Workers of South Africa

(hierna die "werknemers" of die "vakvereniging" genoem), aan die ander kant,

wat die partye is by die Nywerheidsraad vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, om die Raad se Voorsorgfondsooreenkoms gepubliseer by Goewermements-kennisgewing R. 2231 van 31 Oktober 1980.

1. TOEPASSINGSBESTEK VAN OOREENKOMS

(1) Hierdie Ooreenkoms moet in die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, nagekom word—

(a) deur alle werkgewers wat lede van die werkgewersorganisasie is en by die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, betrokke is, en deur alle werknemers wat lede van die vakvereniging is en wat in genoemde Nywerheid werksaam is;

(b) in die landdrostdistrikte Aliwal-Noord, Oos-Londen en Queenstown.

(2) Ondanks subklousule (1), is hierdie Ooreenkoms—

(a) van toepassing slegs op werknemers vir wie daar lone in die Hoofdooreenkoms voorgeskryf word en op die werkgewers van sodanige werknemers;

(b) van toepassing op vakleerlinge vir sover hulle nie onbestaanbaar is met die Wet op Mannekrag Opleiding, 1981, of 'n kontrak daarkragtens aangegaan of 'n voorwaarde daarkragtens vasgestel nie.

2. KLOUSULE 8.—BYSTAND

Voeg die volgende subklousule in na subklousule (2):

"(2bis) Enige bedrag, bo en behalwe die wat deur 'n werknemer bygedra is en die rente daarop, wat ingevolge hierdie klousule aan so 'n werknemer verskuldig is, kan na die Raad se goeddenke teruggehou of verminder word indien so 'n werknemer om enige wettige rede deur sy werkgewer ontslaan is."

Namens die partye op hede die 1ste dag van Februarie 1982 te Oos-Londen onderteken.

P. W. MACKIE, Voorsitter van die Raad.

M. LALARAM, Ondervoorsitter van die Raad.

C. G. POTGIETER, Sekretaris van die Raad.

be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 23 February 1985, upon the employers' organisation and the trade union which entered into the Amending Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of the said organisation or union; and

(b) in terms of section 48 (1) (b) of the said Act, declare that the provisions of the Amending Agreement, excluding those contained in clause 1 (1) (a), shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 23 February 1985, upon all employers and employees, other than those referred to in paragraph (a) of this notice, who are engaged or employed in the said Undertaking, Industry, Trade or Occupation in the areas specified in clause 1 of the Amending Agreement.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Manpower.

SCHEDULE

BORDER INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, made and entered into by and between the

Border Furniture Manufacturers' Association

(hereinafter referred as the "employers" or the "employers' organisation"), of the one part, and the

National Union of Furniture and Allied Workers of South Africa

(hereinafter referred to as the "employees" or the "trade union"), of the other part,

being the parties to the Border Industrial Council for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry,

to amend the Provident Fund Agreement of the Council, published under Government Notice R. 2231 of 31 October 1980.

1. SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT

(1) The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry—

(a) by all employers who are members of the employers' organisation and who are engaged in the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry and by all employees who are members of the trade union and who are employed in the said Industry;

(b) within the Magisterial Districts of Aliwal North, East London and Queenstown.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1), the terms of this Agreement shall—

(a) only apply to employees for whom wages are prescribed in the Main Agreement and to the employers of such employees;

(b) apply to apprentices in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Manpower Training Act, 1981, or any contract entered into or any condition fixed thereunder.

2. CLAUSE 8.—BENEFITS

Insert the following subclause after subclause (2):

"(2bis) Any amount, over and above that which has been contributed by an employee and any interest accrued thereon, which is due to such employee in terms of this clause may, at the discretion of the Council, be withheld or reduced where such employee has been dismissed by his employer for any cause recognised by law as sufficient."

Signed on behalf of the parties at East London this 1st day of February 1982.

P. W. MACKIE, Chairman of the Council.

M. LALARAM, Vice-Chairman of the Council.

C. G. POTGIETER, Secretary of the Council.

No. R. 1651

6 Augustus 1982

WET OP ARBEIDSVERHOUDINGE, 1956

MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS.—OPLEIDINGS-
FONDSOOREENKOMS

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Mannekrag, verklaar hierby—

(a) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (a) van die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en betrekking het op die Onderneming, Nywerheid, Bedryf of Beroep in die opskrif by hierdie kennisgewing vermeld, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 20 Maart 1984 eindig, bindend is vir die werkgeversorganisasie en die vakvereniging wat genoemde Ooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgewers en werknemers wat lede van genoemde organisasie of vereniging is; en

(b) kragtens artikel 48 (1) (b) van genoemde Wet, dat die bepalings van genoemde Ooreenkoms, uitgesonderd dié vervat in klousules 1 (1) (a) en 2, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 20 Maart 1984 eindig, bindend is vir alle ander werkgewers en werknemers as dié genoem in paragraaf (a) van hierdie kennisgewing wat betrokke is by of in diens is in genoemde Onderneming, Nywerheid, Bedryf of Beroep in die gebiede in klousule 1 van genoemde Ooreenkoms gespesifiseer.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Mannekrag.

BYLAE

NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS

OPLEIDINGSFONDSOOREENKOMS

ingevolge die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, gesluit deur en aangegaan tussen die

Border Furniture Manufacturers' Association

hierna die "werkgewers" of die "werkgewersorganisasie" genoem, aan die een kant, en die

National Union of Furniture and Allied Workers of South Africa (hierna die "werknemers" of die "vakvereniging" genoem), aan die ander kant,

wat die partye is by die Nywerheidsraad vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens.

1. TOEPASSINGSBESTEK VAN OOREENKOMS

(1) Hierdie Ooreenkoms moet in die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, nagekom word—

(a) deur alle werkgewers wat lede van die werkgewersorganisasie is en deur alle werknemers wat lede van die vakvereniging is en wat onderskeidelik by die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, betrokke of daarin werksaam is;

(b) in die landdrosdistrikte Aliwal-Noord, Oos-Londen en Queenstown.

(2) Ondanks subklousule (1), is hierdie Ooreenkoms van toepassing—

(a) slegs op werknemers vir wie lone in die Hoof-ooreenkoms voorgeskryf word en op die werkgewers van sodanige werknemers;

(b) op vakleerlinge vir sover dit nie onbestaanbaar is met die Wet op Mannekragopleiding, 1981, of met 'n regulasie daarkragtens gemaak of 'n kontrak ingevolge genoemde Wet aangegaan nie.

2. GELDIGHEIDSDUUR VAN OOREENKOMS

Hierdie Ooreenkoms tree in werking op 'n datum wat die Minister van Mannekrag kragtens artikel 48 (1) van die Wet vasstel en bly van krag vir die tydperk wat op 20 Maart 1984 eindig, of vir dié tydperk wat hy bepaal.

3. WOORDOMSKRYWING

Alle uitdrukkings wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms gebruik en in die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, omskryf word, het dieselfde betekenis as in daardie Wet, waar daar van 'n wet melding gemaak word, word ook alle wysigings van sodanige wet bedoel, en word daar met woorde wat die manlike geslag aangedui, ook vroue bedoel, en omgekeerd; voorts, tensy onbestaanbaar met die sinsverband, beteken—

No. R. 1651

6 August 1982

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1956

BORDER FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.—TRAINING FUND AGREEMENT

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Manpower, hereby—

(a) in terms of section 48 (1) (a) of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, declare that the provisions of the Agreement which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Undertaking, Industry, Trade or Occupation referred to in the heading to this notice, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 20 March 1984, upon the employers' organisation and the trade union which entered into the said Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of the said organisation or union; and

(b) in terms of section 48 (1) (b) of the said Act, declare that the provisions of the said Agreement, excluding those contained in clauses 1 (1) (a) and 2, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 20 March 1984, upon all employers and employees, other than those referred to in paragraph (a) of this notice, who are engaged or employed in the said Undertaking, Industry, Trade or Occupation in the areas specified in clause 1 of the said Agreement.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Manpower.

SCHEDULE

BORDER INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

TRAINING FUND AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, made and entered into by and between the

Border Furniture Manufacturers' Association

(hereinafter referred to as the "employers" or the "employers' organisation"), of the one part, and the

National Union of Furniture and Allied Workers of South Africa

(hereinafter referred to as the "employees" or the "trade union"), of the other part,

being the parties to the Border Industrial Council for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry.

1. SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT

(1) The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry—

(a) by all employers who are members of the employers' organisation and by all employees who are members of the trade union and who are engaged or employed respectively in the said Industry;

(b) in the Magisterial Districts of Aliwal North, East London and Queenstown.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1), the provisions of this Agreement shall apply—

(a) only to employees for whom wages are prescribed in the Main Agreement, and to the employers of such employees;

(b) to apprentices in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Manpower Training Act, 1981, or any regulation made thereunder or contract entered into in terms of the said Act.

2. PERIOD OF OPERATION OF AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Minister of Manpower in terms of section 48 (1) of the Act, and shall remain in operation for the period ending 20 March 1984, or for such period as may be determined by him.

3. DEFINITIONS

Any expressions used in this Agreement which are defined in the Labour Relations Act, 1956, shall have the same meaning as in that Act, any reference to an Act shall include any amendments to such Act, and words importing the masculine gender shall also include females, and vice versa; further, unless inconsistent with the context—

"Wet" die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956;

"Raad" die Nywerheidsraad vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, geregistreer ooreenkomstig artikel 19 van die Wet;

"werknemer" iemand wat in diens is by of werk verrig vir 'n werkgever en besoldiging ontvang of geregtig is om dit te ontvang, en enige ander persoon wat op enige wyse help om die besigheid van 'n werkgever voort te sit of te dryf; en "in diens" en "diens" het ooreenstemmende betekenis;

"werkgever" iemand wat 'n persoon in diens het of aan hom werk verskaf, en wat daardie persoon besoldig of uitdruklik of stilswyend onderneem om hom te besoldig, of wat 'n persoon toelaat om hom op watter wyse ook al te help om sy besigheid voort te sit of te dryf; en "in diens hê", "in diens neem" en "diens" het ooreenstemmende betekenis;

"Fonds" die Opleidingsfonds vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, in klousule 4 bedoel:

"Meubelnywerheid" of "Nywerheid", sonder om die gewone betekenis van die uitdrukking enigerwyse te beperk, die Nywerheid waarin werkgevers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is vir die vervaardiging, of in die geheel of in dele, van alle soorte meubels, afgesien van die materiaal wat gebruik word, en sluit dit onder andere ook die volgende werksaamhede in:

(a) Heelmaak-, stoffeer-, herstoffeer-, beits-, spuit- of poleerwerk en/of herpoleerwerk; die maak van los oortreksels en/of stoelkussings en/of die maak en/of heelmaak van raamveermatrasse en/of rame vir stoffeerwerk, houtmasjienwerk, fineerwerk, houtdraaiwerk, houtsnijwerk in verband met die vervaardiging en/of heelmaak van meubels, poleer- en/of herpoleerwerk van klaviere, of die vervaardiging van en/of beits-, spuit- en poleer- en/of herpoleerwerk aan meubels vir teekamers, kantore, kerke, skole, kroë of teaters, en ook die vervaardiging van of die prosesse vir die vervaardiging van beddegoed, wat so omskryf en uitgelê moet word dat dit alle soorte of tipes matrasse, veermatrasse, bomatrasse, kopkussings, peule en stoelkussings insluit, en ook die werksaamhede wat uitgevoer word op alle persele waar houtmasjien-, houtdraai- en/of houtsnijwerk uitgevoer word in verband met die vervaardiging van meubels; en ook nog heelmaak-, herstoffeer- of herpoleerwerk aan meubels in of in verband met bedryfsinrigtings waarin die vervaardiging van meubels of 'n werksaamheid wat in verband staan met die finale bereiding van 'n meubelstuk vir verkoop, of in die geheel of in dele, uitgevoer word, en die fineerwerk aan deure van gelamelleerde blokbord of laaghout wat vir meubels gebruik word, en alle gedeeltes van materiaal wat by die vervaardiging van meubels gebruik word;

(b) die vervaardiging, hetsy in die geheel of in dele, van kabinette vir musiekinstrumente en radio- of draadlooskabinette deur werkgevers wat betrokke is by enigeen of meer van die werksaamhede voorgeskryf in paragraaf (a); maar uitgesonderd die vervaardiging van meubels wat hoofsaaklik van biesies, gras en/of rottang gemaak word, en die fineerwerk aan deure van metaalmeubels, met inbegrip van die vervaardiging van metaalkatels; en voorts met uitsondering van die belange soos omskryf in (i), (ii) en (iii) hieronder:

(i) "Elektrotegniese Ingenieursnywerheid", d.w.s.—

(aa) die vervaardiging en/of montering, uit samestellende dele, van elektriese uitrusting, naamlik generators, motore, konvertors, skakel- en kontrole-uitrusting (met inbegrip van relés, kontakters, elektriese instrumente en uitrusting wat daarmee in verband staan), elektriese verligtings-, verhitings-, kook-, bevroings- en verkoelingsuitrusting, transformators, oonduitrusting, seinuitrusting, radio- of elektroniese uitrusting, en ander uitrusting wat die beginsels toepas wat gebruik word in die bediening van radio- en elektroniese uitrusting, gloeilampe en elektriese kables en huishoudelike elektriese toestelle en omvat dit ook die vervaardiging van samestellende dele van bogenoemde uitrusting;

(ab) die installering, onderhoud en herstel van die uitrusting in paragraaf (a) hierbo bedoel, maar omvat dit nie ook die Elektrotegniese Aannemingsnywerheid nie;

(ii) "Plastieknywerheid", d.w.s. die vervaardiging van artikels of gedeeltes van artikels in hul geheel of hoofsaaklik uit plastiek, maar omvat dit nie ook die volgende artikels wat van plastiekdoekstof gemaak word nie, naamlik: Klerasie, sakke en handsakke, stewels, skoene, oorskoene, stoffeeroortreksels en plastiekhortjiesblindings;

(iii) "plastiek", d.w.s. enigeen van die groep stowwe wat, as 'n essensiele bestanddeel, 'n organiese stof met 'n groot molekulêre massa bevat of daaruit bestaan, en wat, terwyl dit in die afgewerkte vorm solied is, in die een of ander stadium van die vervaardiging daarvan geforseer is of geforseer kan word, d.w.s. deur vloei in verskillende vorms gegiet, gekalandeerd, uitgestoot of gevorm kan word, gewoonlik deur die aanwending van slegs hitte en slegs druk of van albei saam;

"Hoofooreenkoms" enige geldige ooreenkoms vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, gepubliseer ingevolge artikel 48 van die Wet, waarin lone voorgeskryf word of, by ontstentenis van so 'n ooreenkoms, die jongste loonooreenkoms wat ingevolge die Wet vir die Nywerheid gepubliseer is;

"besoldiging" 'n geldbedrag wat aan 'n persoon betaal of verskuldig is en wat op watter wyse ook al uit diens voortspruit.

"Act" means the Labour Relations Act, 1956;

"Council" means the Border Industrial Council for the Furniture Manufacturing Industry, registered in terms of section 19 of the Act;

"employee" means any person employed by, or working for any employer and receiving, or being entitled to receive, any remuneration, and any other person whatsoever who in any manner assists in the carrying on or conducting of the business of an employer; and "employed" and "employment" have corresponding meanings;

"employer" means any person whatsoever who employs or provides work for any person and remunerates or expressly or tacitly undertakes to remunerate him or who permits any person whatsoever in any manner to assist him in the carrying on or conducting of his business; and "employ" and "employment" have corresponding meanings;

"Fund" means the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry Training Fund, established in terms of clause 4;

"Furniture Manufacturing Industry" or "Industry" means, without in any way limiting the ordinary meaning of the expression, the Industry in which employers and employees and associated for the manufacture, either in whole or in part, of all types of furniture, irrespective of the materials used, and shall include, *inter alia*, the following operations:

(a) Repairing, upholstering, re-upholstering, staining, spraying or polishing and/or repolishing, making of loose covers and/or cushions and/or the making and/or repairing of box spring mattresses and/or frames for upholstering, woodmachining, veneering, wood-turning, carving in connection with the manufacture and/or repair of furniture, polishing and/or repolishing of pianos, or the manufacture and/or staining, spraying and polishing and/or repolishing of tearoom, office, church, school, bar or theatre furniture, and shall include the manufacture or processes in the manufacture of bedding, the definition and interpretation of which shall include all manner or type of mattresses, spring mattresses, overlays, pillows, bolsters and cushions, and includes the activities carried on in any premises where wood-machining, wood-turning and/or carving in connection with the production of furniture is carried on; and includes further the repairing, re-upholstering or repolishing of furniture in or in connection with establishments in which the production of furniture or any operation associated with the final preparation of any article of furniture for sale, either in whole or in part, is carried on, and the veneering of liminated blockboard or plywood doors used for furniture, and all parts of materials used in the construction of furniture;

(b) the manufacture, either in whole or in part, of cabinets for musical instruments and radio or wireless cabinets by employers engaged in any one or more of the operations specified in paragraph (a); but excludes the manufacture of articles made principally of wicker, grass and/or cane, and the manufacture of metal furniture, including the manufacture of metal bedsteads; and shall further exclude the interests as defined in (i), (ii) and (iii) hereunder:

(i) "Electrical Engineering Industry", i.e.—

(aa) the manufacture and/or assembly from component parts of electrical equipment, namely generators, motors, converters, switch and control gear (including relays, contactors, electrical instruments and equipment associated therewith), electrical lighting, heating, cooking, refrigeration and cooling equipment, transformers, furnace equipment, signalling equipment, radio or electronic equipment and other equipment utilising the principles used in the operation of radio and electronic equipment, incandescent lamps and electric cables and domestic electrical appliances, and includes the manufacture of component parts of the aforementioned equipment;

(ab) the installation, maintenance, and repair of the equipment referred to in paragraph (a) above, but does not include the Electrical Contracting Industry;

(ii) "Plastics Industry", i.e. the manufacture of articles or parts of articles wholly or mainly from plastics, but does not include the manufacture of the following articles made from plastic sheeting material, namely wearing apparel, bags and handbags, boots, shoes, overshoes, upholstery coverings and plastic Venetian blinds;

(iii) "plastics", i.e. any one of the group of materials which consists of or contains as an essential ingredient an organic substance of a large molecular mass and which, while solid in the finished state, at some stage in its manufacture has been or can be forced, i.e. cast, calendered, extruded or moulded into various shapes, by flow, usually through the application, singly or together, of heat and pressure;

"Main Agreement" means any current agreement for the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry published in terms of section 48 of the Act, in which wages are prescribed, or in the absence of such an agreement, the last wage agreement published for the Industry in terms of the Act;

"remuneration" means payment in money made or owing to any person which arises in any manner whatsoever out of employment.

4. OPLEIDINGSFONDS VIR DIE MEUBELNYWERHEID

(1) Nademaal die Raad van die instelling van die Opleidingsfonds vir die Meubelnywerheid in kennis gestel is, magtig hy hierby die invordering van heffings ooreenkomstig die prosedure hieronder uiteengesit, met die doel om die doelwitte in die Fonds se konstitusie gemeld, te verwesenlik.

(2) Met ingang van die datum van inwerkingtreding van hierdie Ooreenkoms moet elke werkgewer maandeliks 'n heffing aan die Raad betaal gelyk aan 0,75 persent van die totale beloning wat hy aan al sy werknemers in die Nywerheid vir wie minimum lone in die Hoofooreenkoms voorskryf word en aan vakleerlinge betaal.

(3) (a) Behoudens paragraaf (b), moet die werkgewer alle bedrae wat ingevolge subklousule (2) betaalbaar is maand vir maand, en voor of op die 10de dag van elke maand wat volg op dié ten opsigte waarvan die bedrae betaalbaar is, aan die Sekretaris van die Raad, Posbus 27, Oos-Londen, 5200, betaal, tesame met 'n opgawe in sodanige vorm as wat die Raad van tyd tot tyd voorskryf.

(b) 'n Werkgewer wat agterstallig is met betalings ingevolge paragraaf (a) en wat, nadat hy skriftelik deur die Raad gewaarsku is, versuim om die uitstaande bedrae binne sewe dae na sodanige waarskuwing aan te stuur, moet, nadat die Raad hom dienoreenkomstig skriftelik in kennis gestel het, die bedrae ingevolge hierdie klousule betaalbaar week vir week aanstuur sodat dit die Sekretaris van die Raad bereik voor of op die Vrydag ná die betaaldag van die week ten opsigte waarvan die bedrae betaalbaar is. Die betaling wat ten opsigte van die laaste betaaldag van elke kalendermaand gestuur word, moet vergesel gaan van die opgawe in paragraaf (a) bedoel. 'n Werkgewer op wie hierdie paragraaf toegepas is, kan, slegs nadat hy deur die Raad skriftelik aldus in kennis gestel is, terugkeer na die betaling van die bedrae wat ingevolge hierdie klousule betaalbaar is op die maandelikse grondslag soos in paragraaf (a) bepaal.

(c) Indien die Raad 'n bedrag wat ingevolge hierdie klousule betaalbaar is, nie teen die 10de dag van die maand wat volg op die maand ten opsigte waarvan dit betaalbaar is, ontvang nie, moet die werkgewer rente op sodanige bedrag betaal of op sodanige mindere bedrag wat nog nie betaal is nie, bereken teen een persent per maand of gedeelte daarvan vanaf die 10de dag tot die dag waarop die betaling werklik deur die Raad ontvang word. Met dien verstande dat die Raad die reg het om na sy volstrekte goedgeundke betaling van die rente of 'n gedeelte daarvan kwyt te skeld.

(4) Die Raad moet aan die einde van elke maand die totale bedrag van die bydraes wat ingevolge subklousule (3) ingevorder is, aan die Fonds stuur, min invorderingsgeld van hoogstens twee persent, welke bedrae aan die Raad se algemene fondse moet toeval.

(5) Elke werkgewer in die Nywerheid moet teen die 21ste dag van die maand wat volg op die einde van elke kwartaal aan die Opleidingsraad by sy Hoofkantoor, Posbus 8407, Johannesburg, 2000, Transvaal, 'n opgawe stuur van die totale bedrag aan salarisse en lone wat hy betaal het aan alle werknemers wat in die drie kalendermaande vóór 28/29 Februarie, 31 Mei, 31 Augustus en 30 November elke jaar by hom in diens was. Alle werknemers in diens by hom word geag in diens van die Meubelnywerheid te wees tensy hy tot tevredenheid van die Opleidingsraad die teenoorgestelde bewys lewer. Die werkgewer moet dié opgawes jaarliks deur 'n openbare outiteur laat sertifiseer.

(6) Kopie van die konstitusie en van die geoutiteerde jaarlikse rekeninge en balansstate van die Fonds moet by die Raad en die Direkteur-generaal van Mannekrag ingedien word. Vir die toepassing van hierdie subklousule sluit die uitdrukking "konstitusie" in alle wysigings van die konstitusie wat van tyd tot tyd aangeneem word.

Namens die partye op hede die 1ste dag van Februarie 1982 te Oos-Londen onderteken.

P. W. MACKIE, Voorsitter van die Raad.

M. LALARAM, Ondervoorsitter van die Raad.

C. G. POTGIETER, Sekretaris van die Raad.

4. FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY TRAINING FUND

(1) The Council having been advised of the establishment of the Furniture Manufacturing Industry Training Fund, hereby authorises for the purpose of implementing the objects set forth in the Constitution of the Fund the collection of levies in accordance with the procedure detailed hereunder.

(2) From the date of coming into operation of this Agreement, every employer shall pay to the Council a monthly levy equivalent, to 0,75 per cent of the total remuneration paid by him to all his employees in the Industry for whom minimum wages are prescribed in the Main Agreement and apprentices.

(3) (a) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (b), all amounts payable in terms of subclause (2) shall be paid by the employer month by month, and not later than the 10th day of each month following that in respect of which they are due, to the Secretary of the Council, P.O. Box 27, East London, 5200, together with a statement in such form as may from time to time be prescribed by the Council.

(b) An employer who is in arrear with payments in terms of paragraph (a) and who fails, after having been warned in writing by the Council to forward the outstanding amounts within seven days of the date of such warning, shall upon being notified by the Council in writing to do so, submit the amounts payable in terms of this clause week by week so as to reach the Secretary of the Council not later than the Friday following the pay-day of the week in respect of which the amounts are due. The payment submitted in respect of the last pay-day of each calendar month shall be accompanied by the statement referred to in paragraph (a). An employer to whom the provisions of this paragraph have been applied may, only upon being notified by the Council in writing, revert to the payment of amounts payable in terms of this clause on the monthly basis provided for in terms of paragraph (a).

(c) Should any amount due in terms of this clause not be received by the Council by the 10th day of the month following the month in respect of which it is payable, the employer shall pay interest on such amount or on such lesser amount as remains unpaid, calculated at the rate of one per cent per month or part thereof from such 10th day until the day upon which payment is actually received by the Council. Provided that the Council shall be entitled in its absolute discretion to waive payment of such interest or part thereof.

(4) The Council shall, at the end of each month, remit to the Fund the total amount of contributions collected in terms of subclause (3), less a collection fee not exceeding two per cent, which amounts shall accrue to the general funds of the Council.

(5) Every employer in the Industry shall submit to the Training Board at the Head Office, P.O. Box 8407, Johannesburg, 2000, Transvaal, by the 21st day of the month following the end of each quarter a return showing the total salaries and wages paid by him to all employees employed by him in the three calendar months preceding 28/29 February, 31 May, 31 August and 30 November of each year. All employees employed by him shall be deemed to be employed in the Furniture Manufacturing Industry unless he provides contrary proof to the satisfaction of the Training Board. The employer shall have such returns certified annually by a public auditor.

(6) Copies of the Constitution and of the audited annual accounts and balance sheets of the Fund shall be lodged with the Council and the Director-General of Manpower. For the purposes of this subclause, the term "Constitution" includes any amendments to the Constitution adopted from time to time.

Signed on behalf of the parties at East London this 1st day of February 1982.

P. W. MACKIE, Chairman of the Council.

M. LALARAM, Vice-Chairman of the Council.

C. G. POTGIETER, Secretary of the Council.

No. R. 1652

6 Augustus 1982

WET OP ARBEIDSVERHOUDINGE, 1956

MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS.—MEDIESE HULPEN SIEKTEBESOLDIGINGSFONDSOOREENKOMS

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Mannekrag, verklaar hierby, kragtens artikel 48 (1) (a) van die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, dat die bepalings van die Ooreenkoms wat in die Bylae hiervan verskyn en betrekking het op die Onderneming, Nywerheid, Bedryf of Beroep in die opskrif by hierdie kennisgewing vermeld, met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir die tydperk wat op 20 Maart 1983 eindig, bindend is vir die werkgewerorganisasie en die vakvereniging wat genoemde Ooreenkoms aangegaan het en vir die werkgewers en werknemers wat lede van genoemde organisasie of vereniging is.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Mannekrag.

No. R. 1652

6 August 1982

LABOUR RELATIONS ACT, 1956

BORDER FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY.—MEDICAL AID AND SICK PAY FUND AGREEMENT

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Manpower, hereby in terms of section 48 (1) (a) of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, declare that the provisions of the Agreement which appears in the Schedule hereto and which relates to the Undertaking, Industry, Trade or Occupation referred to in the heading to this notice, shall be binding, with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for the period ending 20 March 1983, upon the employers' organisation and the trade union which entered into the said Agreement and upon the employers and employees who are members of the said organisation or union.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Manpower.

BYLAE

**NYWERHEIDSRAAD VIR DIE MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS
MEDIESE HULP- EN SIEKTEBESOLDIGINGSFONDSE-
OOREENKOMS**

ingevoel die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, gesluit deur en aange-
gaan tussen die

Border Furniture Manufacturers' Association

(hierna die "werkgewers" of die "werkgewersorganisasie" genoem), aan
die een kant, en die

National Union of Furniture and Allied Workers of South Africa

(hierna die "werknemers" of die "vakvereniging" genoem), aan die
ander kant,

wat die partye is by die Nywerheidsraad vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens.

1. TOEPASSINGSBESTEK VAN OOREENKOMS

(1) Hierdie Ooreenkoms moet nagekom word in die landdrostrikte
Aliwal-Noord, Oos-Londen en Queenstown deur alle werkgewers wat lede
van die werkgewersorganisasie is en wat by die Meubelnywerheid, Grens,
betrokke is, asook deur alle werknemers wat lede van die vakvereniging is
en wat in genoemde Nywerheid in diens is.

(2) Ondanks subklousule (1), is hierdie Ooreenkoms slegs van toepas-
sing ten opsigte van werknemers vir wie lone in die Hoofdooreenkoms
voorgeskrif word.

2. GELDIGHEDSDUUR VAN OOREENKOMS

Hierdie Ooreenkoms tree in werking op 'n datum wat die Minister van
Mannekrag kragtens artikel 48 (1) van die Wet vasstel en bly van krag vir
die tydperk wat op 20 Maart 1983 eindig of vir dié tydperk wat hy bepaal.

3. WOORDOMSKRYWING

Alle uitdrukkings wat in hierdie Ooreenkoms gebesig en in die Wet op
Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, omskryf word, het dieselfde betekenis as in
daardie Wet, waar daar van 'n wet melding gemaak word, word ook alle
wysigings van sodanige wet bedoel, en tensy die teenoorgestelde bedoeling
blyk, word daar met woorde wat die manlike geslag aandui, ook vroue
bedoel, en omgekeerd; voorts, tensy onbestaanbaar met die samehang,
beteken—

"Meubelnywerheid" of "Nywerheid", sonder om die gewone beteke-
nis van die uitdrukking enigerwyse te beperk, die Nywerheid waarin werk-
gewers en werknemers met mekaar geassosieer is vir die vervaar-
diging, of in die geheel of in dele, van alle soorte meubels, afgesien van
die materiaal wat gebruik word, en sluit dit onder andere ook die volgende
werksaamhede in:

(a) Heelmaak-, stoffeer-, herstoffeer-, beits-, spuit- of poleerwerk en/of
herpoleerwerk, die maak van los oortreksels en/of stoelkussings en/of die
maak en/of heelmaak van raamveermatrasse en/of rame vir stoffeerwerk,
houtmasjienwerk, fineerwerk, houtdraaiwerk, houtsnijwerk in verband met
die vervaardiging en/of heelmaak van meubels, poleer- en/of herpoleer-
werk van klaviere, of die vervaardiging van en/of beits-, spuit- en poleer-
en/of herpoleerwerk aan meubels vir teekamers, kantore, kerke, skole,
kroë of teaters, en ook die vervaardiging van of die prosesse vir die
vervaardiging van beddegoed, wat so omskryf en uitgelê moet word dat die
alle soorte of tipes matrasse, veermatrasse, bomatrasse, kopkussings,
peule en stoelkussings insluit, en ook die werksaamhede wat uitgevoer
word op alle persele waar houtmasjiens-, houtdraai- en/of houtsnijwerk
uitgevoer word in verband met die vervaardiging van meubels; en ook nog
heelmaak-, herstoffeer- of herpoleerwerk aan meubels in of in verband met
bedryfsinrigtings waarin die vervaardiging van meubels of 'n werksaam-
heid wat in verband staan met die finale bereiding van 'n meubelstuk vir
verkoop, of in die geheel of in dele, uitgevoer word, en die fineerwerk aan
deure van gelamelleerde blokbord of laaghout wat vir meubels gebruik
word, en alle gedeeltes van materiaal wat by die vervaardiging van meubels
gebruik word;

(b) die vervaardiging, hetsy in die geheel of in dele, van kabinette vir
musiekinstrumente en radio- of draadlooskabinette deur werkgewers wat
betrokke is by enigeen of meer van die werksaamhede voorgeskryf in
paragraaf (a); maar uitgesonderd die vervaardiging van meubels wat hoof-
saaklik van biesies, gras en/of rottang gemaak word, en die vervaardiging
van metaalmeubels, met inbegrip van die vervaardiging van metaalkatels;
en voorts met uitsondering van die belange soos omskryf in (i), (ii) en (iii)
hieronder:

(i) "Elektrotegniese Ingenieursnywerheid" d.w.s.—

(aa) die vervaardiging en/of montering, uit samestellende dele, van
elektriese uitrusting, naamlik generators, motore, konvertors, skakel-
en kontrole-uitrusting (met inbegrip van relés, kontakters, elektriese instru-
mente en uitrusting wat daarmee in verband staan), elektriese verlig-
tings-, verhitings-, kook-, bevroings- en verkoelingsuitrusting,
transformators, oonduitrusting, seinuitrusting, radio- of elektroniese uit-
rusting en ander uitrusting wat die beginsel toepas wat gebruik word in
die bediening van radio- en elektroniese uitrusting, gloeilampe en elek-
triese kables en huishoudelike elektriese toestelle, en omvat dit ook die
vervaardiging van samestellende dele van bogenoemde uitrusting;

SCHEDULE

**BORDER INDUSTRIAL COUNCIL FOR THE FURNITURE
MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY**

MEDICAL AID AND SICK PAY FUND AGREEMENT

in accordance with the provisions of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, made
and entered into by and between the

Border Furniture Manufacturers' Association

(hereinafter referred to as the "employers" or the "employers' organisa-
tions"), of the one part, and the

National Union of Furniture and Allied Workers of South Africa

(hereinafter referred to as the "employees" or the "trade union"), of the
other part,

being the parties to the Border Industrial Council for the Furniture Manu-
facturing Industry.

1. AREA AND SCOPE OF APPLICATION OF AGREEMENT

(1) The terms of this Agreement shall be observed in the Magisterial
Districts of Aliwal North, East London and Queenstown by all employers
who are members of the employers organisations and who are engaged in
the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry and by all employees who are
members of the trade union and are employed in the said Industry.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subclause (1), the terms of this
Agreement shall only apply in respect of employees for whom wages are
prescribed in the Main Agreement.

2. PERIOD OF OPERATION OF AGREEMENT

This Agreement shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the
Minister of Manpower in terms of section 48 (1) of the Act and shall
remain in operation for the period ending 20 March 1983 or such period as
may be determined by him.

3. DEFINITIONS

Any expressions used in this Agreement which are defined in the Labour
Relations Act, 1956, shall have the same meaning as in that Act, and any
reference to an Act shall include any amendments to such Act, and unless
the contrary intention appears, words importing the masculine gender shall
also include females, and vice versa; further, unless inconsistent with the
context—

"Furniture Manufacturing Industry" or "Industry" means, without in
any way limiting the ordinary meaning of the expression, the Industry in
which employers and employees are associated for the manufacture, either
in whole or in part, of all types of furniture, irrespective of the materials
used, and shall include, *inter alia*, the following operations:

(a) Repairing, upholstering, re-upholstering, staining, spraying or
polishing and/or repolishing, making of loose covers and/or cushions and/
or the making and/or repairing of boxspring mattresses and/or frames for
upholstering, wood-machining, veneering, wood-turning, carving in con-
nection with the manufacture and/or repair of furniture, polishing and/or
repolishing of pianos or the manufacture and/or staining, spraying and
polishing and/or repolishing of tea-room, office, church, school, bar or
theatre furniture and shall include the manufacture or processes in the
manufacture of bedding, the definition and interpretation of which shall
include all manner or types of mattresses, springmattresses, overlays, pil-
lows, bolsters and cushions, and include the activities carried on in any
premises where wood-machining, wood-turning and/or carving in connec-
tion with the production of furniture is carried on; and includes, further, the
repairing, re-upholstering or repolishing of furniture in or in connection
with establishments in which the production of furniture or any operation
associated with the final preparation of any article of furniture for sale,
either in whole or in part, is carried on and the veneering of laminated
blockboard or plywood doors used for furniture, and all parts of materials
used in the construction of furniture;

(b) the manufacture, either in whole or in part, of cabinets for musical
instruments and radio or wireless cabinets by employers engaged in any
one or more of the activities specified in paragraph (a); but excludes the
manufacture of articles made principally of wicker, grass and/or cane, and
the manufacture of metal furniture, including the manufacture of metal
bedsteads; and shall further exclude the interests as defined in (i), (ii) and
(iii) hereunder:

(i) "Electrical Engineering Industry" i.e.—

(aa) the manufacture and/or assembly from component parts of elec-
trical equipment, namely generators, motors, converters, switch and
control gear (including relays, contactors, electrical instruments and
equipment associated therewith), electrical lighting, heating, cooking,
refrigeration and cooling equipment, transformers, furnace equipment,
signalling equipment, radio or electronic equipment and other equip-
ment utilising the principles used in the operation of radio and electronic
equipment, incandescent lamps and electric cables and domestic electri-
cal appliances, and includes the manufacture of component parts of the
aforementioned equipment;

(ab) die installering, onderhoud en herstel van die uitrusting in paragraaf (a) hierbo bedoel, maar omvat dit nie ook die Elektrotegniese Aannemingsnywerheid nie;

(ii) "Plastieknywerheid", d.w.s. die vervaardiging van artikels of gedeeltes van artikels in hul geheel of hoofsaaklik uit plastiek maar omvat dit nie ook die volgende artikels wat van plastiekdoekstof gemaak word nie, naamlik klerasie, sakke en handsakke, stewels, skoene, oorskoene, stoffeeroortreksels en plastiekhortjiesblindings;

(iii) "plastiek", d.w.s. enigeen van die groep stowwe wat, as 'n essensiële bestanddeel, 'n organiese stof met 'n groot molekulêre massa bevat of daaruit bestaan, en wat, terwyl dit in die afgewerkte vorm solied is, in die een of ander stadium van die vervaardiging daarvan geforseer is of geforseer kan word, d.w.s. deur vloei in verskillende vorms gegiet, gekalandeerd, uitgestoot of gevorm kan word, gewoonlik deur die aanwending van slegs hitte en slegs druk of van albei saam;

"Hoofooreenkoms" enige geldige ooreenkoms vir die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, gepubliseer ingevolge artikel 48 van die Wet, waarin lone voorgeskryf word of, by onstentenis van so 'n ooreenkoms, die jongste loonooreenkoms wat ingevolge die Wet vir die Nywerheid gepubliseer is;

"Bestuurskomitee" die Bestuurskomitee wat aangestel word om die Fondse ingevolge die Reëls daarvan te administreer;

"Reëls van die Fondse" die Reëls van die Fondse soos van tyd tot tyd deur die Bestuurskomitee goedgekeur, met inbegrip van die regulasies, aanhangsels en alle ander bepalinge betreffende die bystand wat betaalbaar is ingevolge 'n besluit op 'n algemene vergadering of deur die Bestuurskomitee aangeneem.

4. MEDIESE HULP- EN SIEKTESOLDIGINGSFONDSE

(1) Nademaal die Raad besluit het dat die werkgewers en werknemers in die Meubelnywerheid, Grens, moet deelneem in die M.C.G. Mediese Hulp- en Siektbesoldigingsfondse wat deur die Midland Chamber of Industries ingestel is, hierna die "Fondse" genoem, magtig hy hierby die invordering van bydraes ooreenkomstig die prosedure wat hieronder uiteengesit word, ten einde uitvoering te gee aan die doelstellings in die Reëls van die Fondse vervat:

(a) Elke werkgewer moet elke week of maand, na gelang van die geval, van die loon van elkeen van sy werknemers die bedrag aftrek wat ingevolge die Reëls van die Fondse bereken is en soos in Aanhangsels A en C van hierdie Ooreenkoms uiteengesit is. By die bedrag aldus afgetrek, moet die werkgewer die bedrag byvoeg soos in Aanhangsels A en C van hierdie Ooreenkoms uiteengesit.

(b) Die werkgewer moet die totaal van die bedrae in paragraaf (a) bedoel aan die administrateurs van die Fondse stuur voor of op die 15de dag van die maand wat volg op die maand waarin die aftrekkings gedoen is.

(c) Elke werkgewer moet binne 15 dae vanaf die datum waarop hy daartoe versoek word aan die administrateurs van die Fondse dié inligting omtrent sy werknemers voorleë wat vir die doel van die Fondse nodig is.

(2) Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule beteken "administrateurs van die Fondse" die Bestuurskomitee wat ingevolge die Reëls van die Fondse aangestel is.

5. NAKOMING VAN DIE REËLS VAN DIE FONDSE

Elke werkgewer en werknemer moet te alle tye die Reëls van die Fondse nakom. Vir die toepassing van hierdie klousule sluit die benaming "Reëls", alle wysigings in van die Reëls wat van tyd tot tyd goedgekeur word. 'n Eksemplaar van die Reëls van die Fondse en van alle wysigings daarvan moet aan die Direkteur-generaal van Mannekrag gestuur word.

6. VRYSTELLINGS

(1) Die Raad kan weens die ouderdom of swaakheid van 'n werknemer of om 'n afdoende rede, vrystelling van enigen van die bepalinge van hierdie Ooreenkoms aan of ten opsigte van enige persoon verleen.

(2) Die Raad moet ten opsigte van 'n persoon aan wie vrystelling ingevolge subklousule (1) verleen word, die voorwaardes waarop vrystelling verleen word en die tydperk waarvoor daardie vrystelling van krag is, vasstel: Met dien verstande dat die Raad na goedgeskonde en met een week skriftelike kennisgewing aan die betrokke persoon 'n vrystellingsertifikaat kan intrek.

(3) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet aan elke persoon aan wie vrystelling ooreenkomstig hierdie klousule verleen word, 'n sertifikaat uitreik wat deur hom onderteken is, en waarop die volgende verskyn:

- (a) Die volle naam van die betrokke persoon;
- (b) die bepalinge van die Ooreenkoms waarvan vrystelling verleen word;
- (c) die voorwaardes wat ooreenkomstig subklousule (2) vasgestel is en waarop dié vrystelling verleen word; en
- (d) die tydperk waartydens die vrystelling van krag is.

(4) Die Sekretaris van die Raad moet—

- (a) 'n kopie hou van elke sertifikaat wat uitgereik word; en
- (b) as vrystelling aan 'n werknemer verleen word, 'n kopie van die vrystellingsertifikaat aan die betrokke werkgewer stuur.

(5) Elke werkgewer en werknemer moet die bepalinge nakom van 'n vrystellingsertifikaat wat kragtens hierdie klousule uitgereik is.

(ab) the installation, maintenance and repair of the equipment referred to in paragraph (a) above, but does not include the Electrical Contracting Industry;

(ii) "Plastics Industry", i.e. the manufacture of articles or parts of articles wholly or mainly from plastics, but does not include the manufacture of the following articles made from plastic sheeting material, namely wearing apparel, bags and handbags, boots, shoes, overshoes, upholstery coverings and plastic Venetian blinds;

(iii) "plastics", i.e. anyone of the group of materials which consists of or contains as an essential ingredient an organic substance of a large molecular mass and which, while solid in the finished state, at some stage in its manufacture has been or can be forced, i.e. cast, calendered, extruded or moulded into various shapes, by flow, usually through the application, singly or together, of heat and pressure;

"Main Agreement" means any current agreement for the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry published in terms of section 48 of the Act, in which wages are prescribed, or in the absence of such an agreement, the last wage agreement published for the Industry in terms of the Act;

"Management Committee" means the Committee of Management appointed to administer the Funds in terms of the Rules of the Funds;

"Rules of the Funds" means the Rules of the Funds as adopted from time to time by the Management Committee and shall include the regulations, annexures and any other provisions relating to the benefits which may become payable in terms of a resolution adopted at a general meeting or by the Management Committee.

4. MEDICAL AID AND SICK PAY FUNDS

(1) The Council having resolved that employers and employees in the Border Furniture Manufacturing Industry should participate in the M.C.G. Medical Aid and Sick Pay Funds inaugurated by the Midland Chamber of Industries, hereinafter referred to as the "Funds", hereby authorises, for the purpose of implementing the objects set forth in the Rules of the Funds, the collection of contributions in accordance with the procedure detailed hereunder:

(a) Every employer shall each week or month, as the case may be, deduct from the wage of each of his employees the amount calculated in terms of the Rules of the Funds and as set out in Annexures A and C to this Agreement. To the amount so deducted, the employer shall add the amount as set out in Annexures A and C to this Agreement.

(b) The total of the amounts referred to in paragraph (a) shall be forwarded by the employer to the administrators of the Funds not later than the 15th day of the month following the month during which the deductions were made.

(c) Every employer shall, within 15 days from the date on which he is requested to do so, submit to the administrators of the Funds such information concerning his employees as may be required for the purposes of the Funds.

(2) For the purposes of this clause, "administrators of the Funds" shall mean the Management Committee appointed in terms of the Rules of the Funds.

5. COMPLIANCE WITH THE RULES OF THE FUNDS

Every employer and employee shall comply at all times with the Rules of the Funds. For the purposes of this clause, the term "Rules" shall include any amendments to the Rules adopted from time to time. A copy of the Rules of the Funds and any amendments thereto shall be transmitted to the Director-General of Manpower.

6. EXEMPTIONS

(1) The Council may, on account of old age or infirmity of an employee or for any other good or sufficient reason, grant to or in respect of any person exemption from any of the provisions of this Agreement.

(2) The Council shall fix in respect of any person granted exemption under the provisions of subclause (1) the conditions subject to which such exemption is granted and the period during which such exemption shall operate: Provided that the Council may, if it deems fit, after one week's notice in writing has been given to the person concerned, withdraw any licence of exemption.

(3) The Secretary of the Council shall issue to every person granted exemption in accordance with the provisions of this clause a licence signed by him setting out—

- (a) the full name of the person concerned;
- (b) the provisions of the Agreement from which exemption is granted;
- (c) the conditions fixed in accordance with the provisions of subclause (2) subject to which such exemption is granted; and
- (d) the period during which the exemption shall operate.

(4) The Secretary of the Council shall—

- (a) retain a copy of each licence issued; and
- (b) where an exemption is granted to an employee, forward a copy of the licence of exemption to the employer concerned.

(5) Every employer and employee shall observe the provisions of any licence of exemption in terms of this clause.

7. AGENTE

Die Raad moet een of meer aangewese persone as agente aanstel om te help om uitvoering aan hierdie Ooreenkoms te gee.

Dit is die plig van elke werkgever en elke werknemer om sodanige agente toe te laat om dié navrae te doen, dié boeke en/of dokumente te ondersoek en om dié persone te ondervra wat vir hierdie doel nodig is.

8. VERTONING VAN OOREENKOMS

Elke werkgever moet 'n leesbare kopie van hierdie Ooreenkoms in albei amptelike tale en in die vorm wat voorgeskryf word in die regulasies wat kragtens die Wet opgestel is, in sy bedryfsinrigting vertoon hou op 'n plek wat vir sy werknemers maklik toeganklik is. Desgelyks moet hy ook 'n kopie van die Reëls van die Fondse vertoon.

9. BYSTAND

Die bystand waarop 'n lid geregtig is, word uiteengesit in Aanhangsels B en D van hierdie Ooreenkoms.

Namens die partye op hede die 1ste dag van Februarie 1982, te Oos-Londen onderteken.

P. W. MACKIE, Voorsitter van die Raad.

M. LALARAM, Ondervoorsitter van die Raad.

C. G. POTGIETER, Sekretaris van die Raad.

AANHANGSEL A

M.C.G.- MEDIESE FONDS

BYLAE VAN LEDE SE BYDRAES GEBASEER OP WERKNEMERS SE VERDIENSTES

By die bydrae deur lede ingevolge hierdie Bylae bygedra moet die werkgever 'n gelyke bedrag voeg en die groot totaal voor of op die 15de dag van die onmiddellik daaropvolgende maand aan die Fonds stuur.

Tot	Groep 1		Groep 2	
	Maandeliks R130	Weekliks R30	Maandeliks R173	Weekliks R40
M.....	R 1,73	R 0,40	R 2,04	R 0,47
M1.....	3,46	0,80	4,07	0,94
M2.....	4,94	1,14	5,85	1,35
M3.....	5,50	1,27	6,50	1,50
M4.....	6,02	1,39	7,10	1,64

Tot	Groep 3		Groep 4	
	Maandeliks R217	Weekliks R50	Maandeliks R260	Weekliks R60
M.....	R 2,34	R 0,54	R 2,68	R 0,62
M1.....	4,68	1,08	5,37	1,24
M2.....	6,71	1,55	8,10	1,87
M3.....	7,49	1,73	8,92	2,06
M4.....	8,28	1,90	9,79	2,26

Tot	Groep 5		Groep 6	
	Maandeliks R303	Weekliks R70	Maandeliks 347	Weekliks R80
M.....	R 3,12	R 0,72	R 3,98	R 0,92
M1.....	6,24	1,44	7,96	1,84
M2.....	9,14	2,11	11,96	2,76
M3.....	10,13	2,34	13,34	3,08
M4.....	11,13	2,57	14,68	3,39

Tot	Groep 7		Groep 8	
	Maandeliks R390	Weekliks R90	Maandeliks R450	Weekliks R105
M.....	R 4,98	R 1,15	R 6,63	R 1,53
M1.....	9,96	2,30	13,25	3,06
M2.....	14,94	3,45	18,32	4,23
M3.....	16,59	3,83	20,53	4,74
M4.....	18,23	4,21	22,74	5,25

7. AGENTS

The Council shall appoint one or more specified persons as agents to assist in giving effect to the terms of this Agreement.

It shall be the duty of every employer and every employee to permit such agents to institute such enquiries and to examine such books and/or documents and to interrogate such persons as may be necessary for this purpose.

8. EXHIBITION OF AGREEMENT

Every employer shall keep a legible copy of this Agreement in both official languages, in the form prescribed in the regulations under the Act, exhibited in his establishment in a place readily accessible to his employees. He shall similarly exhibit a copy of the Rules of the Funds.

9. BENEFITS

The benefits to which a member is entitled shall be as set out in Annexures B and D to this Agreement.

Signed at East London on behalf of the parties this 1st day of February 1982.

P. W. MACKIE, Chairman of the Council.

M. LALARAM, Vice-Chairman of the Council.

C. G. POTGIETER, Secretary of the Council.

ANNEXURE A

M.C.G. MEDICAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF MEMBERS' CONTRIBUTIONS BASED ON THE EMPLOYEES' EARNINGS

To the amounts contributed by members in terms of this Schedule the employer shall add a like amount and forward the resultant total to the Fund by not later than the 15th day of the month immediately following.

Up to	Group 1		Group 2	
	Monthly R130	Weekly R30	Monthly R173	Weekly R40
M.....	R 1,73	R 0,40	R 2,04	R 0,47
M1.....	3,46	0,80	4,07	0,94
M2.....	4,94	1,14	5,85	1,35
M3.....	5,50	1,27	6,50	1,50
M4.....	6,02	1,39	7,10	1,64

Up to	Group 3		Group 4	
	Monthly R217	Weekly R50	Monthly R260	Weekly R60
M.....	R 2,34	R 0,54	R 2,68	R 0,62
M1.....	4,68	1,08	5,37	1,24
M2.....	6,71	1,55	8,10	1,87
M3.....	7,49	1,73	8,92	2,06
M4.....	8,28	1,90	9,79	2,26

Up to	Group 5		Group 6	
	Monthly R303	Weekly R70	Monthly R347	Weekly R80
M.....	R 3,12	R 0,72	R 3,98	R 0,92
M1.....	6,24	1,44	7,96	1,84
M2.....	9,14	2,11	11,96	2,76
M3.....	10,13	2,34	13,34	3,08
M4.....	11,13	2,57	14,68	3,39

Up to	Group 7		Group 8	
	Monthly R390	Weekly R90	Monthly R450	Weekly R105
M.....	R 4,98	R 1,15	R 6,63	R 1,53
M1.....	9,96	2,30	13,25	3,06
M2.....	14,94	3,45	18,32	4,23
M3.....	16,59	3,83	20,53	4,74
M4.....	18,23	4,21	22,74	5,25

Tot	Groep 9		Groep 10	
	Maandeliks R520	Weekliks R120	Maandeliks R650	Weekliks R150
	R	R	R	R
M.....	8,41	1,94	10,18	2,35
M1.....	16,81	3,88	19,92	4,60
M2.....	20,88	4,82	22,91	5,29
M3.....	23,17	5,35	24,29	5,61
M4.....	25,47	5,88	26,20	6,05

Tot	Groep 11		Groep 12	
	Maandeliks R800	Weekliks R185	Maandeliks R800+	Weekliks R185+
	R	R	R	R
M.....	12,73	2,94	15,89	3,67
M1.....	24,90	5,75	26,50	6,12
M2.....	27,76	6,41	30,40	7,02
M3.....	26,58	6,60	31,35	7,24
M4.....	30,00	6,93	32,99	7,62

Bydraes is op 'n maandelikse grondslag betaalbaar en die weeklikse aftrekkings word hierbo slegs gerieflikheidshalwe aangetoon.

Sleutel:

- "M" beteken lid sonder afhanklikes;
- "M1" beteken lid met een afhanklike;
- "M2" beteken lid met twee afhanklikes;
- "M3" beteken lid met drie afhanklikes;
- "M4" beteken lid met vier of meer afhanklikes.

AANHANGSEL B

M.C.G.-MEDISE FONDSE

BYLAE VAN BYSTAND

Lede is geregtig op ondergenoemde bystand ten opsigte van hulself en hul afhanklikes:

1. ALGEMENE PRAKTIJSYN

1.1 100 persent van die tarief vir konsultasies, besoeke, diagnostiese ondersoeke, behandelings, chirurgiese operasies en prosedures.

1.2 100 persent van die koste van materiaal vir inspuittings en medisyne deur die dokter verskaf: Met dien verstande dat van die lid vereis word om 25c tot die koste van inspuittingsmateriaal by te dra.

2. SPESIALISTE

2.1 100 persent van die tarief vir konsultasies, besoeke, diagnostiese ondersoeke, behandelings, chirurgiese operasies en prosedures: Met dien verstande dat die konsultasie of besoek aanbeveel is deur die dokter wat die pasiënt behandel.

2.2 100 persent van die koste van materiaal vir inspuittings en medisyne deur die dokter verskaf.

2.3 100 persent van die tarief vir chirurgiese prosedures en operasies.

3. HOSPITALISASIE

3.1 Akkommodasie, teater en herstelsaal: 100 persent van die tarief vir die algemene saal van 'n hospitaal of private verpleeginrigting: Met dien verstande dat die tarief hoogstens 80 persent is van die ooreengekome tarief vir private hospitale.

3.2 100 persent van die koste van ontsmettingsmiddels, medisyne, verbande en materiaal vir inspuittings verskaf terwyl in 'n hospitaal opgeneem.

3.3 Intensiewesorg-eenheid: 100 persent van die goedgekeurde tarief van private hospitale vir 'n onbeperkte aantal dae—indien deur 'n mediese praktisyner gesertifiseer as noodsaaklik vir die pasiënt se herstel.

4. MEDISYNE

4.1 100 persent van die koste van medisyne en materiaal vir inspuiting of inenting deur 'n mediese praktisyner of tandarts voorgeskryf, uitgesonderd die toediening of verskaf terwyl in 'n hospitaal opgeneem, nadat 25c afgetrek is vir elke item in 'n voorskrif, tot 'n maksimum van R1 ten opsigte van een voorskrif, wat die lid self moet betaal.

4.2 Daar is geen beperking ten opsigte van die totale bystand vir medisyne nie.

5. TANDHEELKUNDIGE DIENSTE

5.1 100 persent van die tarief vir konserwatiewe tandheelkundige behandeling, d.w.s. stoppels, trek van tande, X-strale en profilakse.

5.2 100 persent van die tarief vir kunstande, tandkroning en brugwerk, ortodontiese en preprostetiese chirurgie, maar die Fonds se aanspreeklikheid is beperk tot R130 vir 'n enkele lid en tot R300 vir 'n lid met afhanklikes.

Up to	Group 9		Group 10	
	Monthly R520	Weekly R120	Monthly R650	Weekly R150
	R	R	R	R
M.....	8,41	1,94	10,18	2,35
M1.....	16,81	3,88	19,92	4,60
M2.....	20,88	4,82	22,91	5,29
M3.....	23,17	5,35	24,29	5,61
M4.....	25,47	5,88	26,20	6,05

Up to	Group 11		Group 12	
	Monthly R800	Weekly R185	Monthly R800+	Weekly R185+
	R	R	R	R
M.....	12,73	2,94	15,89	3,67
M1.....	24,90	5,75	26,50	6,12
M2.....	27,76	6,41	30,40	7,02
M3.....	26,58	6,60	31,35	7,24
M4.....	30,00	6,93	32,99	7,62

Contributions are payable on a monthly basis and the weekly deductions are shown above for convenience only.

Key:

- "M" means member having no dependants;
- "M1" means member having one dependant;
- "M2" means member having two dependants;
- "M3" means member having three dependants;
- "M4" means member having four or more dependants.

ANNEXURE B

M.C.G. MEDICAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

Members shall be entitled to the following benefits in respect of themselves and their dependants:

1. GENERAL PRACTITIONER

1.1 100 per cent of the tariff of fees for consultations, visits, diagnostic examinations, treatments, surgical operations and procedures.

1.2 100 per cent of the cost of materials for injections and medicines provided by the doctor: Provided that the member is required to pay 25c towards the cost of injection materials.

2. SPECIALISTS

2.1 100 per cent of the tariff of fees for consultations, visits, diagnostic examinations, treatments, surgical operations and procedures: Provided that the consultation or visit is recommended by the attending practitioner.

2.2 100 per cent of the cost of material for injections and medicines provided by the doctor.

2.3 100 per cent of the tariff of fees for surgical procedures and operations.

3. HOSPITALISATION

3.1 Accommodation, theatre and recovery ward, 100 per cent of the fee for general ward of a hospital or private nursing home: Provided that such fee does not exceed 80 per cent of the fee listed in the private hospital agreed tariff.

3.2 100 per cent of the cost of disinfectants, medicine, bandages and material for injections supplied whilst accommodated in a hospital.

3.3 Intensive Care Unit (I.C.U.): 100 per cent of approved tariff of private hospitals with no limit on the number of days—when certified by a medical practitioner as necessary for the recovery of the patient.

4. MEDICINES

4.1 100 per cent of the cost of medicine and materials for injection or vaccination prescribed by a medical practitioner or dentist, excluding those administered or supplied whilst accommodated in a hospital, after 25c for each item in any prescription, to a maximum of R1 in respect of any one prescription payable by the member himself, has been deducted.

4.2 No limits are applied to total medicine benefits.

5. DENTAL SERVICES

5.1 100 per cent of the tariff of fees for conservative dental treatment, i.e. fillings, extractions, X-rays and prophylaxis.

5.2 100 per cent of the tariff of fees for denture, crown and bridge work, orthodontics and pre-prosthetic surgery, but the liability of the Fund shall be restricted to R130 for a single member and R300 for a member with dependants.

6. HULPDIENSTE

6.1 Bloedtoertapping:

100 persent van die koste (d.w.s. die koste van die bloed, die apparaat en die bedienersgeld).

6.2 Fisioterapie:

100 persent van die toepaslike tarief indien deur 'n dokter voorgeskryf. Met dien verstande dat hierdie bystand hoogstens 20 behandelings behels.

6.3 Voetheelkunde:

100 persent van die koste indien deur 'n dokter voorgeskryf, met 'n maksimum van R50 per jaar.

6.4 Kliniese sielkunde:

100 persent van die tarief vir psigiatrie ten opsigte van dienste deur 'n geregistreerde kliniese sielkundige gelewer indien hierdie dienste deur 'n dokter aanbeveel is. Die maksimum bystand is 20 behandelings.

6.5 Chiropraktisyne:

100 persent van die tarief vir fisioterapie, met 'n maksimum van 20 behandelings.

6.6 Private verpleging:

100 persent van die koste van private verpleegdienste, behoudens die goedkeuring van die Bestuurskomitee: Met dien verstande dat 'n mediese praktisyn die verpleegdienste van 'n geregistreerde verpleegster in 'n lid se huis in plaas van verblyf in 'n hospitaal voorgeskryf het en toesig oor die geval bly hou. Die maksimum tarief is 80 persent van die tarief vir 'n algemene saal in 'n provinsiale hospitaal vir hoogstens 60 dae. Spesiale verpleegdienste terwyl 'n lid in die hospitaal is, kom nie in aanmerking vir bystand nie.

6.7 Optometriese dienste:

Die koste van gesigsonderzoek deur 'n optometris en vir die verskaffing van lense en rame, uitgesonderd kontaklense, tot 'n bedrag van hoogstens R25 per lid sonder afhanklikes en R50 per lid met afhanklikes, per jaar.

6.8 Ambulans:

100 persent van die koste vir ambulansdienste na die naaste provinsiale hospitaal of vir die vervoer vanaf een hospitaal na 'n ander of vir die vervoer vanaf 'n hospitaal na die pasiënt se vaste woning indien 'n dokter gesertifiseer het dat dié vervoer noodsaaklik is in belang van die pasiënt. 'n Maksimum van R20 is vir die duur van elke geval betaalbaar.

6.9 In die geval van totale bystand is daar geen perke nie.

L.W.—Ten einde vir bystand in aanmerking te kom, word die volgende bydraes vereis:

Medies en farmaseuties: Vier weke.

Tandheelkundig: Chirurgie en stopwerk: Vier weke.

Kunstande: 52 weke.

Bevallig: Nege maande: Met dien verstande dat die vrou nege maande lank as 'n afhanklike geregistreer was.

BYLAE C

M.C.G.-SIEKTEBESOLDIGINGSFONDS

BYLAE VAN LEDE SE BYDRAES GEBASEER OP WERKNEMERS SE VERDIENSTES

By die bedrae deur lede ingevolge hierdie Bylae bygedra moet die werk-gewer 'n gelyke bedrag voeg en die groototaal voor of op die 15de dag van die onmiddellike daaropvolgende maand aan die Fonds stuur.

Groep	Maandelikse salaris hoogstens	Weeklikse loon hoogstens	Bydraes per week
	R	R	R
1.....	130	30	0,18
2.....	173	40	0,23
3.....	217	50	0,30
4.....	260	60	0,36
5.....	303	70	0,43
6.....	347	80	0,50
7.....	390	90	0,56
8.....	450	105	0,69
9.....	520	120	0,81
10.....	650	150	0,97
11.....	800	185	1,17
12.....	975	225	1,47
13.....	Meer as 975	Meer as 225	1,75

6. AUXILIARY SERVICES

6.1 Blood transfusions:

100 per cent of the cost (i.e. the cost of blood, apparatus and the operator's fees).

6.2 Physiotherapy:

100 per cent of the tariff applicable, when prescribed by a doctor: Provided that this benefit shall not exceed 20 treatments.

6.3 Chiropody:

100 per cent of the cost, if prescribed by a doctor, with a maximum of R50 per annum.

6.4 Clinical psychology:

100 per cent of the tariff of fees for psychiatry in respect of services rendered by a registered clinical psychologist, if these services have been recommended by a doctor. The maximum benefit is 20 treatments.

6.5 Chiropractors:

100 per cent of the tariff of fees for physiotherapy, with a maximum of 20 treatments.

6.6 Private nursing:

100 per cent of the cost of private nursing services, subject to the approval of the Management Committee: Provided that a medical practitioner prescribed the nursing services of a registered nurse in the home of a member instead of a stay in hospital and remains in supervision of the case. Maximum fee being 80 per cent of a general ward rate of a provincial hospital subject to 60 days. Special nursing services during a member's stay in hospital do not qualify for benefits.

6.7 Optometric services:

The cost of visual examination by an optometrist and for the supply of lenses and frames, excluding contact lenses, to an amount not exceeding R25 for single members and R50 for members with dependants, per annum.

6.8 Ambulance:

100 per cent of the cost of ambulance services to the nearest provincial hospital or for transport from one hospital to another or for transport from a hospital to the regular abode of the patient when such transport has been certified by a doctor as being essential to the patient's interest. A maximum of R20 is payable for the duration of each case.

6.9 No limits are applied to total benefits.

N.B.—To qualify for benefits the following contributions are required:

Medical and pharmaceutical: Four weeks.

Dental: Surgery and fillings: Four weeks

Dentures: 52 weeks.

Confinement benefits: Nine months: Provided that the wife is registered as a dependant for nine months.

ANNEXURE C

M.C.G. SICK PAY FUND

SCHEDULE OF MEMBERS' CONTRIBUTIONS BASED ON THE EMPLOYEES' EARNINGS

To the amounts contributed by members in terms of this Schedule the employer shall add a like amount and forward the resultant total to the Fund by not later than the 15th day of the month immediately following.

Group	Monthly wage not more than	Weekly wage not more than	Contributions per week
	R	R	R
1.....	130	30	0,18
2.....	173	40	0,23
3.....	217	50	0,30
4.....	260	60	0,36
5.....	303	70	0,43
6.....	347	80	0,50
7.....	390	90	0,56
8.....	450	105	0,69
9.....	520	120	0,81
10.....	650	150	0,97
11.....	800	185	1,17
12.....	975	225	1,47
13.....	More than 975	More than 225	1,75

BYLAE D

M.C.G.-SIEKEBESOLDIGINGSFONDS

BYLAE VAN BYSTAND

Onderworpe aan die Reëls van die Fonds moet ondergenoemde bystand aan bydraers betaal word gedurende tydperke waarin hulle weens siekte van hul werk afwesig is:

Groep	Maandelikse salaris hoogstens	Weeklikse loon hoogstens	Siektebystand per week 1ste—34ste week
	R	R	R
1.....	130	30	13,50
2.....	173	40	17,50
3.....	217	50	22,50
4.....	260	60	27,50
5.....	303	70	32,50
6.....	347	80	37,50
7.....	390	90	42,50
8.....	450	105	48,75
9.....	520	120	56,25
10.....	650	150	67,50
11.....	800	185	82,50
12.....	975	225	102,50
13.....	Meer as 975	Meer as 225	122,50

No. R. 1653

6 Augustus 1982

WET OP FABRIEKE, MASJINERIE EN BOUWERK, 1941

MEUBELNYWERHEID, GRENS.—VRYSTELLING VAN SIEKTEVERLOFBEPALINGS

Ek, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister van Mannekrag, stel hierby, kragtens artikel 54 (1) van die Wet op Fabriek, Masjinerie en Bouwerk, 1941, en met ingang van die tweede Maandag na die datum van publikasie van hierdie kennisgewing en vir sodanige tydperk of tydperke as wat die Ooreenkoms, gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing R. 1652 van 6 Augustus 1982, kragtens die Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge, 1956, bindend mag wees, alle werkgewers wat onderworpe is aan die bepalings van genoemde Ooreenkoms, vry van die vereistes van artikel 21A van eersgenoemde Wet, ten opsigte van werknemers wat ingevolge genoemde Ooreenkoms op siektebystand geregtig is.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister van Mannekrag.

ANNEXURE D

M.C.G. SICK PAY FUND

SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

Subject to the Rules of the Fund the following benefits shall be paid to contributors during periods of absence from work owing to sickness:

Group	Monthly salary not more than	Weekly wage not more than	Sick pay per week 1st to 34th week
	R	R	R
1.....	130	30	13,50
2.....	173	40	17,50
3.....	217	50	22,50
4.....	260	60	27,50
5.....	303	70	32,50
6.....	347	80	37,50
7.....	390	90	42,50
8.....	450	105	48,75
9.....	520	120	56,25
10.....	650	150	67,50
11.....	800	185	82,50
12.....	975	225	102,50
13.....	More than 975	More than 225	122,50

No. R. 1653

6 August 1982

FACTORIES, MACHINERY AND BUILDING WORK ACT, 1941

BORDER FURNITURE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY—EXEMPTION FROM SICK LEAVE PROVISIONS

I, Stephanus Petrus Botha, Minister of Manpower, hereby, in terms of section 54 (1) of the Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act, 1941, and with effect from the second Monday after the date of publication of this notice and for such period or periods as the Agreement, published under Government Notice R. 1652 of 6 August 1982, may be binding in terms of the Labour Relations Act, 1956, exempt all employers who are subject to the provisions of the said Agreement from the requirements of section 21A of the first-mentioned Act, in respect of employees who are entitled to sick pay in terms of the said Agreement.

S. P. BOTHA, Minister of Manpower.

KOOP NASIONALE SPAARSERTIFIKATE

BUY NATIONAL SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

INHOUD			CONTENTS				
No.		Bladsy No.	Staats- koerant No.	No.		Page No.	Gazette No.
Mannekrag, Departement van				Manpower, Department of			
Goewermentskennisgewings				Government Notices			
R. 1648	Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge (28/1956): Meubelnywerheid, Grens: Hoofdooreenkoms	1	8334	R. 1648	Labour Relations Act (28/1956): Border Fur- niture Manufacturing Industry: Main Agreement	1	8334
R. 1649	Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk (22/1941): Meubelnywerheid, Grens	25	8334	R. 1649	Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act (22/1941): Border Furniture Manufac- turing Industry	25	8334
R. 1650	Wet op Arbeidsverhoudinge (28/1956): Meubelnywerheid, Grens: Wysiging van Voorsorgfondsooreenkoms	25	8334	R. 1650	Labour Relations Act (28/1956): Border Fur- niture Manufacturing Industry: Amendment of Provident Fund Agreement	25	8334
R. 1651	do.: do.: Wysiging van Opleidingsfonds- ooreenkoms	27	8334	R. 1651	do.: do.: Training Fund Agreement	27	8334
R. 1652	do.: do.: Mediese Hulp- en Siektebesol- digingsfondsooreenkoms	29	8334	R. 1652	do.: do.: Medical Aid and Sick Pay Fund Agreement	29	8334
R. 1653	Wet op Fabrieke, Masjinerie en Bouwerk (22/1941): Meubelnywerheid, Grens: Vrystelling van siekteverlofbepalings	35	8334	R. 1653	Factories, Machinery and Building Work Act (22/1941): Furniture Manufacturing In- dustry: Exemption from sick leave provi- sions	35	8334