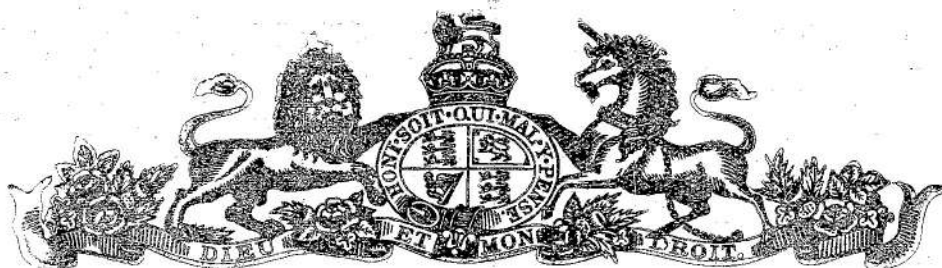


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OFFICIAL GAZETTE

OF THE

HIGH COMMISSIONER FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE HIGH COMMISSIONER

VOL. LXX.]

PRETORIA, FRIDAY, 16TH APRIL, 1920.

[No. 971.]

No. 11 of 1920.]

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the High Commissioner.

Whereas it is expedient to restrict the importation of dyes and dyestuffs into the Territory of the Bechuanaland Protectorate (herein after referred to as "the Territory");

Now therefore under and by virtue of the powers in me vested I do hereby declare, proclaim and make known as follows:—

1. The importation into the Territory of any dyes or dyestuffs described in the Schedule to this Proclamation which are not the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom or of any British Possession or Protectorate is prohibited except with the permission in writing of the Resident Commissioner or some officer authorized by the Resident Commissioner to grant such permission.

2. (1) It shall be lawful for any officer appointed by the Resident Commissioner or for any European member of a police force lawfully established in the Territory to detain any article the importation of which is restricted under this Proclamation or any package suspected of containing any such article if it appears necessary to do so for the purpose of enforcing the prohibition contained in the preceding section and to examine any such package.

(2) Every officer of customs shall for the purpose of enforcing such prohibition be entitled to exercise any power with which he is invested for the protection of the revenue under any customs law in force in the Territory.

3. Any person who shall contravene or attempt to contravene the prohibition contained in section one of this Proclamation or who shall aid or abet any such contravention or attempted contravention, and any person who shall obstruct any officer or member of a police force in the exercise of his powers under section two of this Proclamation, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds and in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, or to such imprisonment without the option of a fine, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

Any articles imported into the Territory in contravention of this Proclamation shall be forfeited to the Resident Commissioner but such forfeiture shall not be taken to affect or remove any other fine or punishment which shall be incurred under or by virtue of this or any other law in force at the time of forfeiture.

4. In any prosecution under this Proclamation the burden of proving that due permission authorizing the importation of the articles charged has been obtained shall be upon the accused.

5. This Proclamation may be cited for all purposes as the Importation of Dyes and Dyestuffs Restriction (Bechuanaland Protectorate) Proclamation 1920 and shall have force and take effect from the date of its publication in the *Gazette*.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Capetown this Ninth day of April One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty.

BUXTON,
High Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the
High Commissioner.

H. J. STANLEY,
Imperial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

All derivatives of coal tar generally known as intermediate products capable of being used or adapted for use as dyestuffs, or of being modified or further manufactured into dyestuffs.

All direct cotton colours, all union colours, all acid colours, all chrome and mordant colours, all alizarine colours, all basic colours, all sulphide colours, all vat colours (including synthetic indigo), all oil, spirit, and wax colours, all lake colours, and any other synthetic colours, dyes, stains, colour acids, colour lakes, leuco acids, leuco bases, whether in paste, powder, solution, or any other form.

Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.

No. 12 of 1920.]

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the High Commissioner.

Whereas it is expedient to restrict the importation of dyes and dyestuffs into the Territory of Swaziland (herein after referred to as "the Territory");

Now therefore under and by virtue of the powers, authorities and jurisdiction conferred upon and committed to me under the Swaziland Order-in-Council 1903 as amended by the Swaziland Order-in-Council 1906 and the Swaziland Order-in-Council 1909, I do hereby declare, proclaim and make known as follows:—

1. The importation into the Territory of any dyes or dyestuffs described in the Schedule to this Proclamation which are not the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom or of any British Possession or Protectorate is prohibited except with the permission in writing of the Resident Commissioner or some officer authorized by the Resident Commissioner to grant such permission.

2. (1) It shall be lawful for any officer appointed by the Resident Commissioner or for any European member of a police force lawfully established in the Territory to detain any article the importation of which is restricted under this Proclamation or any package suspected of containing any such article if it appears necessary to do so for the purpose of enforcing the prohibition contained in the preceding section and to examine any such package.

(2) Every officer of customs shall for the purpose of enforcing such prohibition be entitled to exercise any power with which he is invested for the protection of the revenue under any customs law in force in the Territory.

3. Any person who shall contravene or attempt to contravene the prohibition contained in section one of this Proclamation or who shall aid or abet any such contravention or attempted contravention, and any person who shall obstruct any officer or member of a police force in the exercise of his powers under section two of this Proclamation, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds and in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, or to such imprisonment without the option of a fine, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

Any articles imported into the Territory in contravention of this Proclamation shall be forfeited to the Resident Commissioner but such forfeiture shall not be taken to affect or remove any other fine or punishment which shall be incurred under or by virtue of this or any other law in force at the time of forfeiture.

4. In any prosecution under this Proclamation the burden of proving that due permission authorizing the importation of the articles charged has been obtained shall be upon the accused.

5. This Proclamation may be cited for all purposes as the Importation of Dyes and Dyestuffs Restriction (Swaziland) Proclamation 1920 and shall have force and take effect from the date of its publication in the *Gazette*.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Capetown this Ninth day of April One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty.

BUXTON,
High Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the
High Commissioner.

H. J. STANLEY,
Imperial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

All derivatives of coal tar generally known as intermediate products capable of being used or adapted for use as dyestuffs, or of being modified or further manufactured into dyestuffs.

All direct cotton colours, all union colours, all acid colours, all chrome and mordant colours, all alizarine colours, all basic colours, all sulphide colours, all vat colours (including synthetic indigo), all oil, spirit, and wax colours, all lake colours, and any other synthetic colours, dyes, stains, colour acids, colour lakes, leuco acids, leuco bases, whether in paste, powder, solution, or any other form.

Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.

No. 13 of 1920.]

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the High Commissioner.

Whereas it is expedient to restrict the importation of dyes and dyestuffs into the Territory of Southern Rhodesia (herein after referred to as "the Territory");

Now therefore under and by virtue of the powers in me vested I do hereby declare, proclaim and make known as follows:—

1. The importation into the Territory of any dyes or dyestuffs described in the Schedule to this Proclamation which are not the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom or of any British Possession or Protectorate is prohibited except with the permission in writing of the Administrator or some officer authorized by the Administrator to grant such permission.

2. (1) It shall be lawful for any officer appointed by the Administrator or for any European member of a police force lawfully established in the Territory to detain any article the importation of which is restricted under this Proclamation or any package suspected of containing any such article if it appears necessary to do so for the purpose of enforcing the prohibition contained in the preceding section and to examine any such package.

(2) Every officer of customs shall for the purpose of enforcing such prohibition be entitled to exercise any power with which he is invested for the protection of the revenue under any customs law in force in the Territory.

3. Any person who shall contravene or attempt to contravene the prohibition contained in section one of this Proclamation or who shall aid or abet any such contravention or attempted contravention, and any person who shall obstruct any officer or member of a police force in the exercise of his powers under section two of this Proclamation, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds and in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

Any articles imported into the Territory in contravention of this Proclamation shall be forfeited to the Administrator but such forfeiture shall not be taken to affect or remove any other fine or punishment which shall be incurred under or by virtue of this or any other law in force at the time of forfeiture.

4. In any prosecution under this Proclamation the burden of proving that due permission authorizing the importation of the articles charged has been obtained shall be upon the accused.

5. This Proclamation may be cited for all purposes as the Importation of Dyes and Dyestuffs Restriction (Southern Rhodesia) Proclamation 1920 and shall have force and take effect from the date of its publication in the *Gazette*.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Capetown this Ninth day of April One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty.

BUXTON,
High Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the
High Commissioner.

H. J. STANLEY,
Imperial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

All derivatives of coal tar generally known as intermediate products capable of being used or adapted for use as dyestuffs, or of being modified or further manufactured into dyestuffs.

All direct cotton colours, all union colours, all acid colours, all chrome and mordant colours, all alizarine colours, all basic colours, all sulphide colours, all vat colours (including synthetic indigo), all oil, spirit, and wax colours, all lake colours, and any other synthetic colours, dyes, stains, colour acids, colour lakes, leuco acids, leuco bases, whether in paste, powder, solution, or any other form.

Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.

No. 14 of 1920.]

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the High Commissioner.

Whereas it is expedient to restrict the importation of dyes and dyestuffs into the Territory of Basutoland (herein after referred to as "the Territory");

Now therefore under and by virtue of the powers in me vested I do hereby declare, proclaim and make known as follows:—

1. The importation into the Territory of any dyes or dyestuffs described in the Schedule to this Proclamation which are not the produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom or of any British Possession or Protectorate is prohibited except with the permission in writing of the Resident Commissioner or some officer authorized by the Resident Commissioner to grant such permission.

2. (1) It shall be lawful for any officer appointed by the Resident Commissioner or for any European member of a police force lawfully established in the Territory to detain any article the importation of which is restricted under this Proclamation or any package suspected of containing any such article if it appears necessary to do so for the purpose of enforcing the prohibition contained in the preceding section and to examine any such package.

(2) Every officer of customs shall for the purpose of enforcing such prohibition be entitled to exercise any power with which he is invested for the protection of the revenue under any customs law in force in the Territory.

3. Any person who shall contravene or attempt to contravene the prohibition contained in section one of this Proclamation or who shall aid or abet any such contravention or attempted contravention, and any person who shall obstruct any officer or member of a police force in the exercise of his powers under section two of this Proclamation, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred pounds and in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, or to such imprisonment without the option of a fine, or to both such fine and such imprisonment.

Any articles imported into the Territory in contravention of this Proclamation shall be forfeited to the Resident Commissioner but such forfeiture shall not be taken to affect or remove any other fine or punishment which shall be incurred under or by virtue of this or any other law in force at the time of forfeiture.

4. In any prosecution under this Proclamation the burden of proving that due permission authorizing the importation of the articles charged has been obtained shall be upon the accused.

5. This Proclamation may be cited for all purposes as the Importation of Dyes and Dyestuffs Restriction (Basutoland) Proclamation 1920 and shall have force and take effect from the date of its publication in the *Gazette*.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Capetown this Ninth day of April One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty.

BUXTON,
High Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the
High Commissioner.

H. J. STANLEY,
Imperial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

All derivatives of coal tar generally known as intermediate products capable of being used or adapted for use as dyestuffs, or of being modified or further manufactured into dyestuffs.

All direct cotton colours, all union colours, all acid colours, all chrome and mordant colours, all alizarine colours, all basic colours, all sulphide colours, all vat colours (including synthetic indigo), all oil, spirit, and wax colours, all lake colours, and any other synthetic colours, dyes, stains, colour acids, colour lakes, leuco acids, leuco bases, whether in paste, powder, solution, or any other form.

Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.

No. 15 of 1920.]

PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the High Commissioner.

Whereas the Transfer Duty Proclamation 1902 of the Transvaal as amended by the Transfer Duty Amending Ordinance 1905 (herein after referred to as the Principal Law), is of force in Swaziland by virtue of section two of the Swaziland Administration Proclamation 1907;

And whereas it is desirable further to increase the transfer duty payable under the Principal Law in its application to Swaziland;

Now therefore under and by virtue of the powers authorities and jurisdiction conferred upon and committed to me by His Majesty under the Swaziland Order-in-Council 1903 as amended by the Swaziland Order-in-Council 1906 and the Swaziland Order-in-Council 1909, I do hereby declare proclaim and make known as follows:—

1. Section three of the Principal Law shall be and is hereby amended by the substitution of the words "Three Pounds" for the words "One Pound Five Shillings" appearing therein, provided that this amendment shall not affect the transfer duty payable on transactions entered into before the date of the taking effect of this Proclamation.

2. This Proclamation shall have force and take effect from the date of its publication in the *Gazette*.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Capetown this Tenth day of April One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty.

BUXTON,
High Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the
High Commissioner.

H. J. STANLEY,
Imperial Secretary.

(Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.)

NOTICE.

In the Estate of the late CHARLES STEVENS (Basutoland), Bachelor, of Schutte's Draai, District Ficksburg, Orange Free State.

Notice is hereby given that the First and Final Liquidation and Distribution Account will lie for inspection at the Office of the Master of the Court, Maseru, and copy thereof at the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, Leribe, for a period of three weeks, reckoned from the 24th April, 1920.

W. E. STEVENS,
A. E. STEVENS.
Co-Executors.

Schutte's Draai, Orange Free State.