

EXTRAORDINARY

BUITENGEWONE



THE UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA
Government Gazette
Staatskroerant
 VAN DIE UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

UITGEGEE OP GESAG

VOL. XCIV.]

PRICE 6d.

23RD NOVEMBER, 1933.

PRYS 6d.

[No. 2149.

All Proclamations, Government and General Notices, published for the first time, are indicated by a * in the left-hand upper corner.

Alle Proklamasies, Goewerments- en Algemene Kennisgewings, wat vir die eerste maal gepubliseer word, is in die linkerboek met 'n * gemerk.

GOVERNMENT NOTICE

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

The following Government Notice is published for general information.

P. R. VILJOEN,
Secretary for Agriculture.

Department of Agriculture, Pretoria.

* No. 1585.] [23rd November, 1933.
EXPORT OF DECIDUOUS AND SUB-TROPICAL FRUIT.

His Excellency the Officer Administering the Government of the Union of South Africa has been pleased to sanction the issue, in terms of section *seven* of the Fruit Export Act (No. 17 of 1914), section *ten* of the Agricultural Products Grading Act (No. 16 of 1922), and the Fruit Export Further Control Act (No. 30 of 1929), of the undermentioned amended regulations. Government Notice No. 1413 of 1932 is hereby cancelled.

REGULATIONS.

NOTIFICATION.

1. Deciduous and sub-tropical fruit intended for export shall be inspected as hereinafter provided.

NOTE.—The attention of all exporters is invited to regulations Nos. 25 and 26 of the Perishable Products Export Control Board which for reference are printed at the end of these regulations.

CHARGES.

2. For each consignment of fruit examined by the inspector, the exporter shall pay at the rate of 1s. 9d. for every shipping ton of 40 cubic feet.

For the purpose of this regulation the number of boxes to the shipping ton of 40 cubic feet shall be reckoned as follows:

Standard apple box (bushel case): 25 boxes to 40 cubic feet.

Single-layer pineapple box (4½ inches deep): 40 boxes to 40 cubic feet.

Double-layer pineapple box (7 inches deep): 27 boxes to 40 cubic feet.

Other boxes by actual measurement.

3. The consignor shall pay the charge for the cold storage required by regulation No. 5 and make his own arrangements for the disposal of his fruit oversea.

GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWING

DEPARTEMENT VAN LANDBOU.

Onderstaande Goewermentskennisgewing word vir algemene informasie gepubliseer.

P. R. VILJOEN,
Sekretaris van Landbau.

Departement van Landbau, Pretoria.

* No. 1585.] [23 November 1933.
UITVOER VAN SOMER- EN SUBTROPIESE VRUGTE.

Dit het Sy Eksellensie die Amptenaar Belas met die Uitvoering van die Uitvoerende Gesag van die Unie van Suid-Afrika behaag om, ingevolge artikel *sewe* van die Vrugteuitvoer Wet (No. 17 van 1914), artikel *tien* van die Landbouprodukte Graderings Wet (No. 16 van 1922) en die Vrugteuitvoer Verdere Kontrole Wet (No. 30 van 1929), die uitvaardiging van die hieronder genoemde gewysigde regulasies goed te keur. Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1413 van 1932 word hierby ingetrek.

REGULASIES.

BEKENDMAKING.

1. Somer- en subtropiese vrugte, bestem vir uitvoer, moet ondersoek word soos in onderstaande regulasies bepaal.

OPMERKING.—Die aandag van alle uitvoerders word gevëstig op regulasies Nos. 25 en 26 van die Kontroleraad vir die uitvoer van Bederfbare Produkte wat vir referensiedoeleindes aan die end van hierdie regulasies gedruk word.

ONKOSTE.

2. Vir elke vrugtebesending deur die inspekteur ondersoek moet die uitvoerder teen 'n tarief van 1s. 9d. vir elke skeepston van 40 kubieke voet betaal.

Vir doeleindeste van hierdie regulasies sal die aantal kassies op 'n skeepston van 40 kubieke voet as volg bereken word:

Standaard appelkassie (skepelkassie): 25 kassies vir 40 kubieke voet.

Eenlaag-pynappelkassie (4½-duim diep): 40 kassies vir 40 kubieke voet.

Dubbellaag-pynappelkassie (7-duim diep): 27 kassies vir 40 kubieke voet.

Ander kassies volgens werklike afmeting.

3. Die uityvoerder moet die bedrag vir koelkamer-opbergung, soos voorgeskryf in regulasie No. 5, betaal, en sy eie reëlings tref vir die verkoop van sy vrugte oorsee.

NOTE.—Attention is also directed to the following Government Notices, viz.:—

- (a) Government Notice No. 1896 of 18th October, 1926, prescribing a special fee of five shillings per 40 cubic feet in respect of the inspection and grading of deciduous fruit exported overseas; and also a special fee of two shillings per 40 cubic feet in respect of the inspection and grading of Pineapples exported overseas;
- (b) Government Notice No. 1964 of 15th December, 1931, prescribing an additional special fee of three shillings and sixpence per 40 cubic feet in respect of all deciduous fruit and pineapples exported overseas. This levy is in addition to the special fees prescribed by Government Notice No. 1896 of 18th October, 1926, and the proceeds thereof are to be devoted by the South African Co-operative Deciduous Exchange, Limited, to advertise South African fruit overseas.

CONSIGNMENT.

4. Every box of fruit submitted for inspection must be consigned to the person or agent appointed by the exporter to arrange the shipment thereof from the various ports, and every consignment shall be accompanied by two Fruit Consignment Declaration Export Notes, in which all the specifications required are given.

PRECOOLING.

5. (a) All fruit which is to be shipped in refrigerated holds shall be precooled in a precooling store or depot approved by the Perishable Products Export Control Board, provided that where in the opinion of that Board such precooling is not reasonably practicable or expedient, or suitable precooling facilities are not available, the said Board or its duly authorized representative may authorize in writing that such precooling be dispensed with.

(b) All refrigerated chambers containing fruit not exempted from precooling as provided in regulation No. 5 (a) shall, unless the Secretary for Agriculture or his duly appointed deputy otherwise in writing directs, be reduced, in the case of deciduous fruit, to a temperature of 34 degrees F. within 36 hours of the receipt of such fruit in the precooling store or depot and maintained at this temperature within a latitude of 2 degrees F. during the entire period such fruit is in the precooling store, while refrigerated chambers containing pineapples shall be reduced to a temperature of 45 degrees F. within 36 hours of the receipt of such pineapples in the precooling store or depot and maintained at this temperature within a latitude of 3 degrees F. during the entire period such pineapples are in the precooling store.

(c) Where precooling facilities do not exist, pineapples shall be delivered for inspection not less than 28 hours prior to the sailing of the vessel by which the exporter intends such fruit to be shipped.

INSPECTION.

6. The inspector shall open for examination a number of boxes from each consignment of fruit, the number opened being left to the discretion of the inspector, not being less, however, than 1 per cent. The inspector shall have the right in his discretion to hold back a box from any doubtful consignment for scientific examination and test. The grower concerned shall be notified accordingly and opportunity afforded him to examine such box after storage.

UNSPECIFIED FRUITS.

7. In case any variety of fruit not specified in regulations Nos. 22 to 33 be offered for inspection, it will, if otherwise complying with the regulations, be branded or stamped by the inspector as provided in section four of the Act.

REBRANDING.

8. Boxes of fruit marked so as to represent a grade higher than the correct grade shall be re-marked by the inspector and, if otherwise complying with these regulations, shall be branded or stamped by the inspector as provided in section four of the Act.

REJECTIONS AND BOARDS OF REFERENCE.

9. Boards of reference, composed of persons whose names have been approved for that purpose by the Minister, have been constituted at Johannesburg, Capetown, Port Elizabeth, East London, and Durban to which an exporter may appeal if the inspector refuses to brand or stamp any box of fruit belonging to such exporter.

No rejection or de-grading of fruit by a fruit inspector shall be final unless the action of the inspector is confirmed in writing by the senior fruit inspector acting at the port at the time of inspection.

10. A fee of £4. 4s. shall be deposited with the inspector by the consignor of each and every consignment of fruit upon which the consignor may require the inspector to obtain the decision of the Board of Reference as provided in section five of the Act.

OPMERKING.—Die aandag word ook gevestig op onderstaande Goewermentskennisgewings, n.l.:—

- (a) Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1896 van 18 Oktober 1926, waarin 'n spesiale bedrag van 5s. per 40 kubieke voet voorgeskryf word ten opsigte van die inspeksie en gradering van pynappels na die buiteland uitgevoer; en ook 'n spesiale bedrag van 2s. per 40 kubieke voet voorgeskryf word ten opsigte van die inspeksie en gradering van pynappels na die buiteland uitgevoer;
- (b) Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1964 van 15 Desember 1931, waarin 'n ekstra spesiale fooi van 3s. 6d. per 40 kubieke voet voorgeskryf word ten opsigte van alle somervrugte en pynappels na die buiteland uitgevoer. Hierdie heffing geskied buiten en behalwe die spesiale bedrag by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1896 van 18 Oktober 1926 bepaal, en die ophangs daarvan sal deur Die Suid-Afrikaanse Koöperatiewe Sagtevrugte-Beurs, Beperk, bestee word om Suid-Afrikaanse vrugte in die buiteland te adverteer.

VERSENDING.

4. Elke kassie vrugte, vir ondersoek aangebied, moet aan die persoon of agent gestuur word wat deur die uitvoerder aangestel is om vir die verskaping daarvan uit die verskillende hawens te sorg, en elke besending moet vergesel word van twee Vrugteuitvoer-versendbrieve waarop alle nodige besonderhede aangegee word.

VOORAFVERKOELING.

5. (a) Alle vrugte wat in koelruime verskeep word, moet in 'n vooraf-verkoelingskamer, of -dépôt, goedgekeur deur die Kontroleraad vir die uitvoer van Bederbare Produkte, vooraf verkoel word, met dien verstande egter dat wanneer hierdie Raad van mening is dat sodanige vooraf-verkoeling nie redelik uitvoerbaar of raadsaam is nie, of geskikte vooraf-verkoelingsfasilitate nie beskikbaar is nie, genoemde Raad of sy behoorlike geoutoriserte verteenwoordiger, skriftelik vrystelling van sodanige vooraf-verkoeling kan outorisear.

(b) Alle koelruime bevattende vrugte wat nie van vooraf-verkoeling vrygestel is nie, soos bepaal in regulasie No. 5 (a), moet, tensy die Sekretaris van Landbou of sy behoorlik aangestelde plaasvervanger anders skriftelik outorisear, in die geval van somervrugte, tot 'n temperatuur van 34° F. binne ses-en-dertig uur na ontvangs in die vooraf-verkoelingskamer of -dépôt verkoel en op hierdie temperatuur gehou word binne 'n omvang van 2° F. gedurende die hele tyd wat dit in die vooraf-verkoelingskamer is, terwyl koelruime bevattende pynappels tot 'n temperatuur van 45° F. verkoel moet word binne ses-en-dertig uur na ontvangs in die vooraf-verkoelingskamer of -dépôt en op daardie temperatuur gehou word binne 'n omvang van 3° F. gedurende die hele tyd wat dit in die vooraf-verkoelingskamer is.

(c) Waar daar geen vooraf-verkoelingsfasilitate is nie, moet pynappels vir inspeksie afgelewer word minstens 28 uur voor die vertrek van die skip waarmee die uitvoerder verlang dat sodanige vrugte verskeep moet word.

INSPEKSIE.

6. Die inspekteur moet 'n aantal kassies van elke vrugtebesending vir ondersoek oopmaak, en die aantal kassies wat oopgemaak word, word aan die diskresie van die inspekteur oorgelaat, met dien verstande egter, dat die aantal nie minder as een persent van die hele besending is nie. Die inspekteur het die reg om in sy diskresie 'n kassie van enige twyfelagtige besending terug te hou vir wetenskaplike ondersoek en toets. Die betrokke kweker moet ooreenkomsdig in kennis gestel word en die geleentheid kry om sodanige kassie na opbergting te ondersoek.

ONGESPESIFISEERDE VRUGTE.

7. Ingeval 'n vrugtesoort, nie genoem in regulasies Nos. 22 tot 33, vir ondersoek aangebied word, dan sal dit, indien dit origens aan die regulasies voldoen, deur die inspekteur gemerkt of gestempel word, soos bepaal in artikel vier van die Wet.

ORMERK.

8. Kassies vrugte wat so gemerkt is dat hulle 'n hoër graad verteenwoordig as die juiste graad, moet deur die inspekteur opnuut gemerkt word, en indien hulle origens aan hierdie regulasies voldoen, deur die inspekteur gemerkt of gestempel word, soos bepaal in artikel vier van die Wet.

AFGEKEURDE VRUGTE EN VERWYSINGSGRADE.

9. Verwysingsgrade, bestaande uit persone van wie die name deur die Minister vir die doel goedgekeur is, is ingestel in Johannesburg, Kaapstad, Port Elizabeth, Oos-Londen en Durban. 'n Uitvoerder kan hom op so'n Raad beroep indien die inspekteur weier om 'n kassie vrugte, wat aan so'n uitvoerder behoort, te merk of te stempel.

Geen afkeuring of hergradering van vrugte deur 'n vrugteinspekteur sal finaal wees indien die handelwyse van die inspekteur nie skriftelik goedgekeur word deur 'n senior-inspekteur wat aan die hawe gedurende die inspeksietyd werkzaam is.

10. 'n Bedrag van £4. 4s. moet deur die versender by die inspekteur gedeponeer word vir elke vrugtebesending in verband waarmee hy van die inspekteur mag verlang om die beslissing van die Verwysingsraad ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van artikel vyf van die Wet te verkry.

11. The consignor or his agent shall, within twenty-four hours of the time of receiving the inspector's notice, remove from the place of inspection any fruit which the inspector has refused to brand or stamp or which, having been referred to the Board of Reference, has been decided upon by the Board in favour of the inspector. Whenever it shall appear that there is a danger of rejected fruit contaminating other perishables, the fruit inspector may require the consignor or his agent to remove such fruit forthwith.

NOTE.—Attention is invited to section six of Act No. 17 of 1914 empowering the inspector of fruit to destroy or otherwise dispose of fruit rejected by him for export which is not removed from the place of inspection within the period prescribed by the regulation, and providing that any expense of storing pending removal shall be a charge against the owner of such fruit.

PRIORITY IN SHIPMENT.

12. (a) Priority in shipment will be given to any of the varieties of fruit enumerated hereunder, over other varieties, when consigned to the Continent of South America.

Plums.—

Santa Rosa, Kelsey.

Peaches.—

Elberta, Pucelle, Alexander, Duke of York, Mamie Ross, Inkoos.

Grapes.—

Waltham Cross, White Hanepoot, Gros Colman.

Pears.—

Winter Nelis, Beurre Hardy, Duchesse d'Angoulême, Comice, Louise Bonne, Flemish Beauty, Josephine, Beurre Diel, Bartlett.

Apples.—

Ohenimuri, White Winter Pearmain, Delicious, Reinette du Canada, Commerce, Jonathan, Cleopatra.

EXPERIMENTAL SHIPMENTS.

13. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the regulations, the Minister may allow the shipment for experimental purposes of consignments of fruit which do not conform thereto under such restrictions and conditions as he may prescribe.

NOTE.—All applications for experimental shipments shall be made to the Officer-in-Charge of the Low Temperature Research Laboratory, 91 Parliament Street, Capetown, for approval, in consultation with the Perishable Products Export Control Board, the Chief Fruit Inspector and the Deciduous Co-operative Fruit Exchange. All applications must be forwarded not less than 21 days before the proposed date of shipment.

SPRAY RESIDUES.

14. (a) No fruit showing visible spray stains or fruit which may contain more than 1/100 grain per pound of arsenious oxide shall be allowed to be exported.

(b) In order that the condition in (a) may be complied with, all pomeaceous fruit presented for export shall be liable to analysis at the expense of the exporter unless—

(i) exporters shall have used a method of cleansing for removing arsenical sprays residues from their export fruit, which has been recommended or approved by the Department of Agriculture, and

(ii) every consignment for export of such fruit be accompanied by a certificate signed by the grower to the effect that this cleansing treatment has been thoroughly complied with.

(c) Such consignments shall be passed for export provided they conform to general export standards in other particulars.

(d) Samples for analysis by the Department shall be taken from consignments whenever and as often as the Department may consider desirable.

(e) Should the analysis of a sample from a consignment show an arsenious oxide content greater than one-hundredth (1/100th) grain per pound, and if such consignment has been shipped, the High Commissioner, London, will be cabled to this effect in order that such steps as may be necessary to deal with the matter may be taken.

(f) In the event of there being a further consignment or further consignments from the same grower in cold store at the time, which have not already been sampled, a further sample for analysis will be taken from each of these consignments on or after delivery in the ship's hold.

(g) Should there be several consignments already on the water from a grower, and should only one of these consignments have been sampled, the analysis of this sample proving to be above the 1/100th grain limit, all the un-sampled consignments will be regarded as falling within the same category, the High Commissioner being informed accordingly by cable.

NOTE.—In this connection the attention of exporters is particularly directed to the necessity for careful examination of the calyx and stem-ends of fruit intended for export as these portions of the fruit are the most likely to be affected by spray stains.

11. Die versender of sy agent moet binne vier-en-twintig uur nadat hy die inspekteur se kennisgewing ontvang het, enige vrugte, wat die inspekteur geweier het om te merk of te stempel, van die inspeksieplek verwyder, of ook, vrugte waaroor, na beroep op die Verwysingsraad, deur die Raad ten gunste van die inspekteur beslis is. Wanneer dit blyk dat daar gevaar bestaan dat afgekerde vrugte ander bederbare artikels sal besmet, dan kan die vrugte-inspekteur eis dat die versender of sy agent sulke vrugte sonder versuim moet verwyder.

OPMERKING.—Die aandag word gevestig op artikel ses van Wet No. 17 van 1914 waarby die vrugte-inspekteur gemagtig word om vrugte wat deur hom afgeker is en wat nie binne die tydperk voorgeskryf by regulasie van die inspeksieplek verwyder word nie, te vernietig of van die hand te sit, met dien verstande dat enige koste van opberging in afwagting van die verwydering, deur die eienaar van sulke vrugte betaal moet word.

VOORKEUR BY VERSKEPING.

12. (a) Voorkeur sal gegee word aan die verskeping van enige van die soorte vrugte wat hieronder uiteengesit is, onder soorte, as dit na die Vasteland van Suid-Amerika uitgevoer word:

Pruime.—

Santa Rosa, Kelsey.

Perskes.—

Elberta, Pucelle, Alexander, Duke of York, Mamie Ross, Inkoos.

Druwe.—

Waltham Cross, Wit Hanepoot, Gros Colman.

Pere.—

Winter Nelis, Beurre Hardy, Duchesse d'Angoulême, Comice, Louise Bonne, Flemish Beauty, Josephine, Beurre Diel, Bartlett.

Appels.—

Ohenimuri, White Winter Pearmain, Delicious, Reinette du Canada, Commerce, Jonathan, Cleopatra.

PROEFBESENDING.

13. Nieteenstaande teenstrydige bepalings in die regulasies, kan die Minister vir proefdoeleindes die verskeping toelaat van vrugte wat nie daarvan voldoen nie onder sulke beperkings en voorwaarde soos hy mag voorskrywe.

OPMERKING.—Alle aansoeke vir proefbesendings moet gerig word aan die verantwoordelike amptenaar van die Lae-temperatuur-ondersoeklaboratorium, 91 Parlementstraat, Kaapstad, vir goedkeuring, in oorelog met die Kontroleraad vir die uitvoer van Bederbare Produkte, die Hoof Vrugte-inspekteur en die Koöperatiewe Sagtevrugtebeurs. Alle aansoeke moet ingedien word minstens 21 dae voor die voorgestelde datum van verskeping.

SPUITSTOFPOORBLYSPELS.

14. (a) Geen vrugte waarop daar sigbare teken van spuitmiddels voorkom, of vrugte wat meer as een-honderdste (1/100ste) grein per pond arseniek-tricksied bevatt, mag uitgevoer word nie.

(b) Ten einde te voldoen aan die voorwaarde in (a), is alle appelvrugte, wat vir uitvoer aangebied word, onderworpe aan ontleeding wat gemaak sal word op die koste van die uitvoerder, behalwe wanneer—

(i) uitvoerders 'n suiweringsmetode, aanbeveel en goedgekeur deur die Departement van Landbou, gebruik het om oorblýsels van spuitmiddels vanaf hul uitvoervrugte te verwijder, en

(ii) elke besending vir die uitvoer van sulke vrugte vry gesel is van 'n sertifikaat geteken deur die kweker, waaruit blyk dat hierdie suiweringsbehandeling deeglik uitgevoer is.

(c) Sulke besendings sal vir uitvoer deurgelaat word, mits hulle voldoen aan algemene uitvoerstandaarde in ander opsigte.

(d) Monsters vir ontleeding deur die Departement sal, wanen en so dikwels as die Departement sulks wenslik mag ag, geneem word.

(e) As 'n monster van 'n sending by ontleeding 'n arseniek-oksiedgehalte toon van meer as 1/100ste grein per pond, en as so'n besending verskeep is, dan sal aan die Hoëkommissaris, Londen, te dien effekte 'n kabelgram gestuur word sodat sulke stappe as nodig mag wees om met die saak te handel, gedoen kan word.

(f) Ingeval daar nog 'n besending of nog besendings van dieselfde kweker in koelkamers is op die tyd, waarvan 'n monster nie reeds geneem is nie, sal nog 'n monster vir ontleeding geneem word van elk van hierdie besendings, by of na die aflewing in die skeepsruim.

(g) As daar reeds verskillende besendings van 'n kweker op die water is, en as van slegs een van hierdie besendings 'n monster geneem is en die ontleeding daarvan toon dat dit die grens van 1/100ste grein oorskry, dan sal bekhou word dat al die besendings, waarvan geen monsters geneem is, onder dieselfde kategorie val, en die Hoëkommissaris sal dienoordekomstig per kabel verwittig word.

OPMERKING.—In hierdie verband word die aandag van uitvoerders in besonder gevestig op die noodsaklikheid om die blom- en stingelend van vrugte wat vir uitvoer bestem is, noukeurig te ondersoek aangesien hierdie dele van die vrugte gewoonlik die meeste deur die spuitmiddels aangetas word.

BOXES.

15. Only new and clean boxes shall be used by exporters.
16. Fruit shall be packed in boxes, the size of which shall be:
- (a) Trays for single, double or multiple layer packs, length 18 in., width 12 in. outside measurement, depth optional, except where specified for particular fruits. For all fruits except pineapples and melons.
- (b) The standard Apple Box (bushel case) for multiple layer packs for apples and pears only, length 18 in., width 11½ in., depth 10½ in. inside measurement, the wood required being:-

Sides, two pieces each side, 19½ in. by 5 in. by $\frac{1}{4}$ in.
 Lids, two pieces each lid, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{3}{16}$ in.
 Bottoms, two pieces each bottom, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{3}{16}$ in.
 Ends, one piece each end, 11½ in. by 10½ in. by $\frac{11}{16}$ in.
 Cleats, one piece at each end on top of lid, 11 in. by $\frac{3}{4}$ in. by $\frac{1}{2}$ in.

Or alternatively, for boxes with end pieces known as the Gerrard reinforced ends:-

Sides, two pieces each side, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{1}{4}$ in.
 Lids, two pieces each lid, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{3}{16}$ in.
 Bottoms, two pieces each bottom, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{3}{16}$ in.
 Ends, one piece each end, 11½ in. by 10½ in. by $\frac{9}{16}$ in.
 Cleats, one piece at each end on top of lid, 11 in. by $\frac{3}{4}$ in. by $\frac{1}{2}$ in.

NOTE.—It is recommended that for the 1933-34 season the standard thickness of apple box sides revert to the original dimension, viz. $\frac{5}{16}$ in., and that the top of each end and all side pieces be bevelled. This recommendation will be compulsory for the season 1934-35.

- (c) The Californian pear box for multiple layer packs for pears only, length 18 in., width 11½ in., depth 8½ in. inside measurement, the wood required being:-
- Sides, two pieces, one each side, 19½ in. by 8½ in. by $\frac{1}{4}$ in.
 Lids, two pieces each lid, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{3}{16}$ in.
 Bottoms, two pieces each bottom, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{1}{4}$ in.
 Ends, one piece each end, 11½ in. by 8½ in. by $\frac{11}{16}$ in.
 Cleats, one piece at each end on top of lid, 11 in. by 1 in. by $\frac{3}{8}$ in.

Or alternatively, with end pieces known as the Gerrard reinforced ends:-

Sides, two pieces, one each side, 19½ in. by 8½ in. by $\frac{1}{4}$ in.
 Lids, two pieces each lid, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{3}{16}$ in.
 Bottoms, two pieces each bottom, 19½ in. by 5½ in. by $\frac{1}{4}$ in.
 Ends, one piece each end, 11½ in. by 8½ in. by $\frac{9}{16}$ in.
 Cleats, one piece at each end on top of lid, 11 in. by 1 in. by $\frac{3}{8}$ in.

- (d) Single layer pineapple box, length 26 in., width 12 in. outside measurement, depth optional (4½ in. is recommended). For pineapples only.
- (e) Double layer pineapple box, length 26 in., width 12 in. outside measurement, depth optional (7 in. is recommended). For pineapples only.
- (f) Melon box, size and dimensions at the discretion of the Chief Fruit Inspector. For melons only.

17. (a) All boxes shall have cleats over the ends of the lid.

(b) The cleats shall be coloured: black for apples; red for peaches; yellow for nectarines; blue for plums; brown for prunes; green for grapes; and plain, i.e. white wood for pears, apricots, mangoes, granadillas, tomatoes, melons, strawberries, pineapples and unspecified fruits.

18. All standard apple boxes, Californian pear boxes and melon boxes shall be strapped or wired. The strapping shall be taken over the cleats or shall be just behind the cleats, and the wiring shall be just behind the cleats.

MARKING OF BOXES.

19. Every box of fruit submitted shall be clearly marked—

On one end only with—

- (a) the distinguishing number assigned to the exporter by the Perishable Products Export Control Board and the registered mark of the exporter (or his name or other means of identification);

KASSIES.

15. Uitvoerders mag alleen nuwe en skoon kassies gebruik.
 16. Vrugte moet in kassies verpak word waarvan die afmetings as volg is:-

(a) Vir enkel-, dubbel- of meerlaagkassies, lengte 18 duim, breedte 12 duim, buite-afmetings, diepte opioneel, behalwe waar dit vir sekere vrugte gespesifieer word. Vir alle vrugte behalwe pynappels en meloene.

(b) Die standaard-appelkassie (skepelkassie) vir meerlaag-verpakings vir appels en pere alleen, lengte 18 dm., breedte 11½ dm., diepte 10½ dm., binne-afmetings; die hout benodig is:-

Kante, twee stukke elke kant, 19½ dm. by 5 dm. by $\frac{1}{4}$ dm.

Deksel, twee stukke elke deksel, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{3}{16}$ dm.

Bodem, twee stukke elke bodem, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{3}{16}$ dm.

Ende, een stuk elke ende, 11½ dm. by 10½ dm. by $\frac{11}{16}$ dm.

Klampe, een stuk aan elke ende bo-op deksel, 11 dm. by $\frac{3}{4}$ dm. by $\frac{1}{2}$ dm.

Of alternatief, vir kaste met end-stukke bekend as die Gerrard versterkte ende:-

Kante, twee stukke elke kant, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{1}{4}$ dm.

Deksel, twee stukke elke deksel, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{3}{16}$ dm.

Bodem, twee stukke elke bodem, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{3}{16}$ dm.

Ende, een stuk elke ende, 11½ dm. by 10½ dm. by $\frac{9}{16}$ dm.

Klampe, een stuk aan elke ende bo-op deksel, 11 dm. by $\frac{3}{4}$ dm. by $\frac{1}{2}$ dm.

OPMERKING.—Dit word aanbeveel dat vir die 1933-34 seisoen die standaarddikte van appelkaste weer op die oorspronklike maat van $\frac{5}{16}$ duim vasgestel word en dat die bokant van die ende en alle kantstukke skerphoeke gemaak word. Hierdie aanbeveling sal verpligtend wees gedurende die 1934-35 seisoen.

- (c) Die Kaliforniese peerkassie vir meerlaagverpakings vir pere alleen, lengte 18 dm., breedte 11½ dm., diepte 8½ dm., binne-afmetings; die hout benodig is:-

Kante, twee stukke, een elke kant, 19½ dm. by 8½ dm. by $\frac{1}{4}$ dm.

Deksel, twee stukke elke deksel, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{3}{16}$ dm.

Bodem, twee stukke elke bodem, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{1}{4}$ dm.

Ende, een stuk elke ende, 11½ dm. by 8½ dm. by $\frac{11}{16}$ dm.

Klampe, een stuk aan elke ende bo-op deksel, 11 dm. by 1 dm. by $\frac{3}{8}$ dm.

Of alternatief, vir kaste met end-stukke bekend as die Gerrard versterkte ende:-

Kante, twee stukke, een elke kant, 19½ dm. by 8½ dm. by $\frac{1}{4}$ dm.

Deksel, twee stukke elke deksel, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{3}{16}$ dm.

Bodem, twee stukke elke bodem, 19½ dm. by 5½ dm. by $\frac{1}{4}$ dm.

Ende, een stuk elke ende, 11½ dm. by 8½ dm. by $\frac{9}{16}$ dm.

Klampe, een stuk aan elke ende bo-op deksel, 11 dm. by 1 dm. by $\frac{3}{8}$ dm.

- (d) Eenlaag-pynappelkassie, lengte 26 duim, breedte 12 duim, buiteafmetings, diepte opioneel (4½ dm. word aanbeveel). Vir pynappels alleenlik.

- (e) Dubellaag-pynappelkassie, lengte 26 duim, breedte 12 duim, buite-afmetings, diepte opioneel (7 duim word aanbeveel). Vir pynappels alleenlik.

- (f) Meloenkassie, grootte en afmetings word oorgelaat aan die diskressie van die Hoof-vrugteinspekteur. Vir meloene alleenlik.

17. (a) Alle kassies moet oor die ende van die deksel klampe.

(b) Die klampe moet gekleur wees: swart vir appels; rooi vir perskes; geel vir kaalperskes; blou vir pruime; bruin vir pruimedante; groen vir druwe; en gewone without vir pere, appelkose, mangho's, grenadellas, tamaties, meloene, arbeie, pynappels en ongespesifieerde vrugte.

18. Alle standaard appelkassies, Kaliforniese peerkassies en meloenkassies moet met bande of draad omgebied word. Die bande moet oor die klampe geplaas word of moet net agter die klampe wees, en die draad net agter die klampe.

MERK VAN KASSIES.

19. Elke kassie vrugte wat aangebied word moet duidelik gemerk wees:-

Aan een end alleen met—

- (a) die onderskeidingsnommer wat aan die uitvoerder toegewys is deur die Kontroleraad vir die uitvoer van Bederbare Produkte en die geregistreerde merk van die uitvoerder (of sy naam of 'n ander herkenningsmerk);

(b) the variety and kind of fruit, the grade thereof, and the exact number of fruits contained in the box; except in those cases where the net weight is required to be shown either, as well as, or instead of, the number of fruits;

NOTE.—In the case of fruit exported to South America, the net and gross weights of each consignment of fruit shall be stated on the railway consignment note.

(c) in the case of grapes, the weight of the fruits, which shall be 5 per cent. greater than the weight indicated on the box to allow for loss of weight by shrinkage in transit;

(d) in the case of plums, where the weight is required to be shown, the net weight after allowing 5 per cent. for shrinkage;

(e) the shipping mark of the agent appointed by the exporter to dispose of his fruit overseas. When shipping marks contain letters and/or figures, these shall be at least one inch high if they be stencilled or branded or rubber-stamped on the wood, but if they be printed on paper labels they shall be at least $\frac{1}{2}$ inch high. When marks are stencilled, branded or rubber-stamped on the wood, carbon black or deep bronze blue unfadeable ink must be used. In the case of fruit exported to South America, each box of each consignment shall be numbered consecutively, the above letters, marks, or numbers to be at least one inch high.

NOTE (i).—Attention is directed to the foregoing requirements, namely, that all marks must be on one end of the box only and that the opposite end must remain perfectly blank.

NOTE (ii).—Attention is also directed to the requirements of the Merchandise Marks Act, 1926 (Great Britain), under which it is required that in the case of apples exported to the United Kingdom, each box shall be marked indelibly with the words "SOUTH AFRICAN PRODUCE" in letters not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch high.

NOTE (iii).—For identification purposes, where labels on box ends have become detached, exporters are recommended either to brand or rubber-stamp the shipping mark of the overseas agent on that side of the box on which the label is placed. The label would thus be pasted over such shipping mark.

20. Fruit shipped as private order shall in no case be lower in grade than "Selected," and shall be marked on one end of the box "PRIVATE ORDER." No preference shall be given to private orders in shipping. More than one variety of the same kind of fruit may be packed in the same box for private orders.

GRADING AND PACKING.

21. (a) All fruit in one box shall be of uniform size and of one variety except in the case of private orders as laid down in regulation No. 20. All fruit intended for export shall be graded either as "Selected" or "Choice".

NOTE.—All growers are advised to obtain standardised accurately cut grading boards as standardised and issued by the Deciduous Fruit Exchange in order to obtain uniform sizing for all packs.

(b) All boxes of fruit must be packed to their full capacity.

NOTE (i).—The use of artificially-coloured wood-wool is not recommended.

NOTE (ii).—Growers are advised to pack all stone fruits diagonally and not use the square pack.

(c) "Goldland Labels."—Only "Selected" fruit may be packed under this label.

Apples.

22. (a) Apples shall be packed either in single or multiple layer packs in boxes as laid down in regulations 16 (a), (b) 17 and 18.

(b) Apples in multiple layers shall be packed in standard counts from 56 to 288 for essentially dessert varieties, namely: Cox's Orange Pippin, Ribstone Pippin, Laxton, Jonathan, Wemmers Hoek.

Other varieties of apples shall be packed in standard counts from 56 to 234.

(c) Jumble or face packing will not be allowed and the fruit shall be packed in tiers on the diagonal system, where possible, with a definite number of apples in each tier. On account of varying shapes of apples, straight and offset packs are sometimes more suitable than the diagonal pack.

(d) Each apple must be wrapped in or surrounded by tissue or other more or less similar paper except in the case of single layer trays when wrapping shall be optional, but a top sheet must be used.

(e) Boxes shall be lined throughout with suitable paper. A sheet of corrugated cardboard shall be placed between the box and the paper at the top and bottom. No wood-wool shall be placed between the fruits.

NOTE.—Instructions in packing of apples are issued by the Department of Agriculture gratis.

(f) Apples for export to South America shall be packed in the standard apple box only.

(b) die variëteit en die soort van vrugte, die graad daarvan en die juiste aantal vrugte wat die kassie bevat; behalwe in die gevallen wanneer die netto-gewig of met of in plaas van die aantal vrugte aangetoon moet word;

OPMERKING.—In die geval van vrugte wat na Suid-Amerika uitgevoer word, moet die netto- en brutogewigte van elke vrugtebesending op die spoorvragbrief vermeld word;

(c) in die geval van druwe, die gewig van die vrug, wat 5 persent hoër moet wees as die gewig op die kassie aangegee om voorsiening te maak vir verlies van gewig deur inkrimping tydens vervoer;

(d) in die geval van pruime, waar die gewig aangetoon moet word, die netto-gewig, na aafrek van 5 persent vir inkrimping;

(e) die verskepingsmerk van die agent wat deur die uitvoerder aangestel is om sy vrugte oorse te verkoop. Wanneer verskepingsmerke letters en/of syfers bevat, moet dié tenminste een duim hoog wees wanneer hulle op die hout gestensileer, gebrandnerk of met 'n rubberstempel gemerk word, maar as hulle op papier-etikette gedruk word, moet hulle tenminste $\frac{1}{2}$ -duim hoog wees. Wanneer merke op die hout gestensileer, gebrandmerk of met 'n rubberstempel gemerk word, moet koolswart of donker brons-blou onverwelkbare inkt gebruik word. In die geval van vrugte wat na Suid-Amerika uitgevoer word, moet elke kas van elke besending agtereenvolgens gemerk word, en bogenoemde letters, merke of syfers moet minstens een duim hoog wees.

OPMERKING (i).—Die aandag word gevestig op die voorgaande vereistes, naamlik, dat alle merke alleenlik aan die een kant van die kassie moet wees, en dat die ander kant heeltemal skoon moet bly.

OPMERKING (ii).—Aandag word ook gevestig op die bepalings van die "Merchandise Marks" Wet, 1926 (Groot-Brittannie), waaronder dit verlang word dat, in geval van appels uitgevoer na die Verenigde Koninkryk elke kassie onuitwisbaar gemerk moet wees met die woorde "SOUTH AFRICAN PRODUCE" in letters minstens 'n half-duim hoog.

OPMERKING (iii).—Vir identifikasiedoeleindes, waar die etiket aan die end van 'n kas los raak, word uitvoerders aangeraai om die skeepsmerk van die oorsese agent op daardie kant van die kas of te brandmerk of met 'n rubberstempel te stempel waarop die etiket geplaas word. Die etiket sal dus oor sodanige skeepsmerk geplak word.

20. Vrugte wat as 'n private bestelling weggestuur word, mag in geen geval van 'n laer graad as "Selected" wees nie, en die kassie moet aan een kant gemerk wees "PRIVATE ORDER". Geen voorkeur sal by verskeping aan partikuliere bestellings gegee word nie. In die geval van partikuliere bestellings, mag meer as een variëteit van dieselfde soort vrugte in dieselfde kassie verpak word.

GRADERING EN VERPAKKING.

21. (a) Alle vrugte in een kassie moet ewe groot en van dieselfde soort wees, behalwe in die geval van partikuliere bestellings, soos bepaal in regulasie No. 20. Alle vrugte aangebied vir uitvoer moet gradeer word of as "Selected" of as "Choice".

OPMERKING.—Alle kwekers word aangeraai om gestandaardeerde akkuraat-gesnyde gradeerplanke te gebruik soos gestandaardiseer en uitgereik deur die Sagtevrugtebeurs, ten einde eenvormige groottes van alle verpakkings te verkry.

(b) Alle kassies met vrugte moet heeltemal volgepak word.

OPMERKING (i).—Die gebruik van kunsmatig gekleurde houtwol word nie aanbeveel nie.

OPMERKING (ii).—Kwekers word aangeraai om alle pitvrugte diagonaal te pak en nie die vierkant-verpakking te gebruik nie.

(c) "Goldland" etikette. Alleen "Selected" vrugte mag onder hierdie etiket verpak word.

Appels.

22. (a) Appels moet in enkel-, dubbel- of meerlaaggassies verpak word, soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (a), (b), 17 en 18.

(b) Appels in meerlaaggassies en van suwer dessert soorte naamlik, Cox Orange Pippin, Ribstone Pippin, Laxton, Jonathan, en Wemmershoek, moet in standaard tellings van 56 tot 288 verpak word.

Ander soorte appels moet in standaard tellings van 56 tot 234 verpak word.

(c) Deurmekaar-verpakking word nie toegelaat nie en die vrugte moet, waar moontlik, in lae volgens die diagonale stelsel verpak word, met 'n bepaalde aantal appels in elke laag. Weens die afwisselende vorm van appels is ryverpakking met klein afwykings soms doelmatiger as diagonale verpakking.

(d) Elke appel moet toegedraai of omgeef wees met sy- of ander soortgelyke papier behalwe in die geval van eenlaaggassies wanneer toedraapipier opsioneel sal wees, maar 'n blad papier moet bo-oor geplaas word.

(e) Kassies moet heeltemal uitgevoer wees met geskikte papier. 'n Laag gerifelde kartonpapier moet tussen die kassie en die papier bo en onder geplaas word. Geen houtwol moet tussen die vrugte gebruik word nie.

OPMERKING.—Aanwysings omtrent verpakking word deur die Departement van Landbou gratis uitgegee.

(f) Appels vir uitvoer na Suid-Amerika, moet alleen in die standaard appenkassie verpak word.

(g) All "Selected" grade apples shall consist of well-grown specimens of uniform size, and of good colour for the variety, fully developed, not too unripe, sound, free from scab, worm-holes, bruises, hail-marks, and other blemishes affecting their appearance.

(h) All "Choice" grade apples shall be sound fruits of uniform size, fully developed, not too unripe and reasonably free from scab or other blemishes affecting their appearance.

NOTE.—Early ripening apples of inferior eating or keeping qualities are not recommended for export.

The following varieties have so far proved suitable for export:—

Commerce.	Missouri Pippin	York Imperial.
Cox Orange	Ohenimuri	White Winter
Pippin.	Rokewood.	Pearmain.
Delicious.	Rome Beauty.	Wemmers Hoek
Jonathan.	Statesman.	(late Bloomer)

(i) No bushel case of apples weighing less than 47 lb. gross for counts of 100 and longer and 45 lb. gross for counts less than 100, shall be exported.

(j) Except under experimental conditions, as laid down in regulation No. 13, the export of the following varieties is prohibited:—

(i) To South America: Versfeld, Rokewood, Rome Beauty, Wemmers Hoek.

(ii) To Scandinavia: Versfeld.

(k) Any consignment of apples intended for export to Kenya in which a live codling moth larva is detected shall be rejected. The inspector shall inspect 20 per cent. of any such consignment and he shall cut open for examination a minimum of 5 per cent. and a maximum of 10 per cent. of apples in such consignment.

NOTE.—Apples intended for export to Kenya will be inspected only at the Ports of Capetown, Port Elizabeth and Durban. Such fruit will not be accepted by the Kenya authorities unless accompanied by a certificate from the Government Fruit Inspector.

Pears.

23. (a) Pears shall be packed in single, double or multiple layers in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (a), (b), (c), 17 and 18.

The fruit in one box shall be considered of uniform size, provided that—

(i) in the case of pears packed in multiple layers there is not a greater variation than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in the sizes of the largest and smallest fruits in any one box;

(ii) in the case of pears in single layer trays, there is not a greater variation than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in the sizes of the largest and smallest fruits in any one box, provided that grounds for rejection for uneven sizing shall be constituted only if the inspector finds 3 sets of fruits which exceed this maximum difference.

NOTE.—The use of the Californian pear box as per regulation 16 (c) is optional. The use of the Californian case with a depth of not less than $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches for pears is strongly recommended and preferred to any other case for the 1933-34 season.

In addition growers are recommended to use the half Californian pear case instead of the grape box which is being used at present for double and triple layer pear packs. For the 1934/35 season the use of the Californian case and the Californian half-case for pears will be compulsory.

(b) Any consignment of pears intended for export to Kenya in which a live codling moth larva is detected, shall be rejected. The inspector shall inspect 20 per cent. of any such consignment and he shall cut open for examination a minimum of 5 per cent. and a maximum of 10 per cent. of pears in such consignment.

NOTE.—Pears intended for export to Kenya will be inspected only at the Ports of Capetown, Port Elizabeth and Durban. Such fruit will not be accepted by the Kenya authorities unless accompanied by a certificate from the Government Fruit Inspector.

(c) Each pear must be wrapped in or surrounded by tissue or other more or less similar paper.

(d) Pears may be placed in wood-wool but shall not have wood-wool between the fruits.

(e) No bushel case of pears weighing less than $52\frac{1}{2}$ lb. gross or Californian pear box weighing less than $45\frac{1}{2}$ lb. gross shall be exported.

(f) All "Selected" grade pears shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

(g) All "Choice" grade pears shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, and reasonably free from diseases, bruises, cuts or other blemishes, but not necessarily to the same degree as required in the "Selected" grade.

(g) Alle „Selected"-graad appels moet bestaan uit goed-ontwikkeld vrugte, ewe groot en van goeie kleur vir die soort, vol uitgegroeい, nie te groen nie, gesond, vry van brand, wormsteke, kneusplekke, haelmerke en ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms mag benadeel.

(h) Alle „Choice"-graad appels moet in goeie toestand wees, ewe groot, vol uitgegroeい, nie te groen nie en redelik vry van brand of ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms mag benadeel.

OPMERKING.—Dit word nie aanbeveel dat appels wat vroeg ry word en van inferieure eet- of goedhoukwaliteit is, uitgevoer sal word nie.

Onderstaande soorte het tot dusver geskik vir uitvoer geblyk:—

Commerce.	Missouri Pippin	York Imperial.
Cox Orange	Ohenimuri	White Winter
Pippin.	Rokewood.	Pearmain.
Delicious.	Rome Beauty.	Wemmers Hoek
Jonathan.	Statesman.	(laat Bloei).

(i) Geen skepelkassie appels van minder as 47 lb. brutogewig vir tellings van 100 en langer en 45 lb. brutogewig vir tellings minder as 100 mag uitgevoer word nie.

(j) Behalwe onder proefstoetande, soos bepaal in regulasie No. 13, is die uitvoer van die volgende soorte verbied:—

(i) Na Suid-Amerika: Versfeld, Rokewood, Rome Beauty, en Wemmershoek.

(ii) Na Skandinawië: Versfeld.

(k) Enige besending appels wat vir uitvoer na Kenya bestem is en waarin 'n lewende kodling-motlarwe bespeur word, moet afgekeur word. Die inspekteur moet 20 persent van enige sodanige besending ondersoek en hy moet 'n mienimum van 5 persent en 'n maksimum van 10 persent van die appels in daardie besending vir ondersoek oopstry.

OPMERKING.—Appels wat vir uitvoer na Kenya bestem is, sal alleen by die hawes op Kaapstad, Port Elizabeth en Durban geïnspekteer word. Sulke vrugte sal nie deur die Kenya-owerhede aangeneem word nie tensy dit vergesel is van 'n sertifikaat van die Goewerments-vrugteinspekteur.

Pere.

23. (a) Pere moet in enkel-, dubbel- of meerlaaggassies verpak word, soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (a), (b) en (c), 17 en 18.

Die vrugte in 'n kassie sal van gelyke grootte beskou word mits—

(i) in die geval van pere, gepak in meerlaaggassies, daar nie 'n verskil van meer as 'n $\frac{1}{2}$ duim tussen die grootte van die grootste en die kleinste vrugte van dieselfde kassie is nie;

(ii) in die geval van pere in enkellaaggassies daar nie 'n groter verskil as $\frac{1}{2}$ duim tussen die grootte van die grootste en die kleinste vrugte van dieselfde kassie is nie en slegs indien die inspekteur 3 stelle vrugte vind wat die bogenoemde maksimum verskille kortref sal dit 'n rede uitmaak vir verwering weens ongelyke grootte.

OPMERKING.—Die gebruik van die Kaliforniese peerkassie soos neergelê in regulasie No. 16 (c), is opsioneel. Die gebruik van die Kaliforniese kassie met 'n diepte van nie minder as $8\frac{1}{2}$ duim nie, word sterk aanbeveel vir pere vir die 1933-34 seisoen en dit word verkieks bo enige ander kassie. Die gebruik van hierdie Kaliforniese kassie vir pere sal vir die 1934-35 seisoen verpligtend wees. Dan word kwekers ook aangeraai om die halwe Kaliforniese peerkassie te gebruik in plaas van die driukassie wat nou in gebruik is vir dubbel-en drielaag-verpakkings vir pere. Vir die 1934-35 seisoen sal die gebruik van die Kaliforniese kassie en die Kaliforniese half kassie vir pere verpligtend wees.

(b) Enige besending pere wat vir uitvoer na Kenya bestem is en waarin 'n lewende kodling-motlarwe bespeur word, moet afgekeur word. Die inspekteur moet 20 persent van enige sodanige besending ondersoek en hy moet 'n mienimum van 5 persent en 'n maksimum van 10 persent van die pere in daardie besending vir ondersoek oopstry.

OPMERKING.—Pere wat vir uitvoer na Kenya bestem is, sal alleen by die hawes op Kaapstad, Port Elizabeth en Durban geïnspekteer word. Sulke vrugte sal nie deur die Kenya-owerhede aangeneem word nie tensy dit vergesel is van 'n sertifikaat van die Goewerments-vrugteinspekteur.

(c) Elke peer moet toegedraai of omgeef wees met sy- of ander soortgelyke papier.

(d) Pere kan in houtwol geplaas word, maar daar moet geen houtwol tussen die vrugte wees nie.

(e) Geen skepelkassie pere wat minder as $52\frac{1}{2}$ lb. brutogewig weeg of Kaliforniese peerkassie wat minder as $45\frac{1}{2}$ lb. brutogewig weeg, mag uitgevoer word nie.

(f) Alle „Selected"-graad pere moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkeld, nie te groen nie, en redelik vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of van enige kwetsings wat tot nadeel van hul voorkoms strek.

(g) Alle „Choice"-graad pere moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkeld, nie te groen nie, en redelik vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings, maar nie noodwendig tot dieselfde mate as vereis by die „Selected"-graad nie.

(h) The varieties known as White Doyenne, Pitmaston Duchess, Cape Kalabas, Safraan, Souvenir du Congres, Winkfield, Easter Beurre, Fertility, Le Conte, Capiaumont, Bergamotte, December, Jargonelle and Idaho shall not be exported unless the box be marked "Choice", and not by any other grade term.

NOTE.—These varieties are not recommended for export.
(i) The minimum size for "Selected" and "Choice" grade pears shall be as follows:

Variety.	Minimum diameter.
Louis Bonne and Forelle	1½ ins.
All other varieties	2 ins.

Peaches.

24. (a) Peaches shall be packed in layers in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (a) and 17.

(b) Each peach must be wrapped in or surrounded by tissue or other more or less similar paper.

(c) Peaches shall be packed in wood-wool and shall have wood-wool between the fruits.

NOTE.—What is known as the wood-wool roll pack is covered by and allowed under this regulation. This pack, however, is not recommended.

(d) All "Selected" grade peaches shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

(e) All "Choice" grade peaches shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, and reasonably free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or other blemishes, but not necessarily to the same degree as required in the "Selected" grade.

(f) All peaches shall be packed to the following standard counts per box:

12, 13, 15, 18, 21, 24, 25 and 28.

The minimum diameters of the fruits for the above-mentioned standard counts are as follows:

Minimum diameter.	Count.
Over 2½/16 in.	28
" 2¾ "	25
" 2½ "	24
" 2¾ "	21
" 2½ "	18
" 2¾ "	15
" 2½ "	13
" 2¾ "	12

NOTE.—(i) Oversizing shall not be grounds for rejection.

(ii) Peaches packed to the count of 32 per box will be passed provided they are not below the minimum sizes allowed for export.

(g) The minimum sizes for "Selected" and "Choice" grade peaches shall be as follows:

Variety.	Minimum diameter.
Elberta and Early Rivers	over 2½ in.
All other varieties	2½/16 "

(h) All varieties shall, as far as possible, be shipped under their own names and, where not so described, shall be marked "Cape Freestone Peaches" or "Transvaal Freestone Peaches", as the case may be, with the exception that all early ripening varieties of similar appearance, such as Hale's Early, High's Early Canada, Briggs Red May, Waterloo, and Early Alexander may be classed as Alexanders.

(i) Le Vainqueur and Mayflower varieties must be shipped under their own names and not as Alexanders.

(j) The following varieties of peaches shall not be exported: Salway, Gladstone, Sea Eagle, Thomas Rivers, and all yellow flesh varieties except Elberta, J. H. Hale and Million Dollar.

All boxes containing Elberta peaches shall be marked "Yellow flesh" on the end of the box under the name "Elberta".

(k) Clingstone varieties shall not be exported unless the box be marked "Choice" grade, and not by any other grade term. The word "Clingstone" shall, in addition, be printed on the box below the name of the fruit.

NOTE.—These varieties are not recommended for export.

Nectarines.

25. (a) Nectarines shall be packed in layers in boxes as laid down in Regulations Nos. 16 (a) and 17.

(b) Each nectarine must be wrapped in or surrounded by tissue or other more or less similar paper.

(c) Nectarines shall be placed in wood-wool and shall have wood-wool between the fruits.

NOTE.—What is known as the wood-wool roll pack is covered by and allowed under this regulation. This pack, however, is not recommended.

(d) All "Selected" grade nectarines shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

(h) Die soorte bekend as White Doyenne, Pitmaston Duchess, Cape Kalabas, Safraan, Souvenir du Congres, Winkfield, Easter Beurre, Fertility, Le Conte, Capiaumont, Bergamotte, December, Jargonelle en Idaho mag nie uitgevoer word nie, tensy die kassie gemerk is "Choice", en nie onder enig ander graadsterm nie.

OPMERKING.—Hierdie soorte word nie vir uitvoer aanbeveel nie.

(i) Die minimum-afmetings vir "Selected"- en "Choice"-graad pere moet as volg wees:

Soort.	Minimum middellyn.
Louise Bonne en Forelle	1½ dm.
Alle ander soorte	2 dm.

Perskes.

24. (a) Perskes moet in lae in kassies verpak word, soos bepaal in regulasies 16 (a) en 17.

(b) Elke perske moet toegedraai of omgeef wees met sy- of ander soortgelyke papier.

(c) Perskes moet in houtwol verpak word, en tussen die vrugte moet houtwol wees.

OPMERKING.—Wat bekend is as houtwol-roverpakking is inbegrepe in en toegelaat onder hierdie regulasies. Hierdie verpakking word egter nie aanbeveel nie.

(d) Alle "Selected"-graad perskes moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel.

(e) Alle "Choice"-graad perskes moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, redelik vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings, maar nie noodwendig tot dieselfde mate as vereis by die "Selected"-graad nie.

(f) Alle perskes moet volgens die volgende standaard tellings verpak word:

12, 13, 15, 18, 21, 24, 25 en 28.

Die minimum deursyne van die vrugte vir bogenoemde standaard tellings is as volg:

Minimum deursyne (middellyn).	Telling.
Oor 2½/16 dm.	28
" 2¾ "	25
" 2½ "	24
" 2¾ "	21
" 2½ "	18
" 2¾ "	15
" 2½ "	13
" 2¾ "	12

OPMERKING.—(i) Te groot vrugte sal nie 'n rede vir verwerping wees nie.

(ii) Perskes verpak tot 'n telling van 32 per kassie sal deurgeleat word mits hulle nie onder die minimum groottes toegelaat vir uitvoer is nie.

(g) Die minimum afmetings vir "Selected"- en "Choice"-graad perskes moet as volg wees:

Soort.	Minimum middellyn.
Elberta en Early Rivers	meer as 2½ dm.
Alle ander soorte	, 2½/16 "

(h) Alle soorte moet sover moontlik, onder hul eie naam verskeep word en, indien hulle nie so beskryf is nie, moet hul gemerk word "Cape Freestone Peaches" of "Transvaal Freestone Peaches", al na die geval mag wees met uitsondering van soorte van 'n dergelike voorkoms wat vroeg word—soos Hale's Early, High's Early Canada, Briggs Red May, Waterloo en Early Alexander—wat as Alexanders gekwalifiseer mag word.

(i) "Le Vainqueur" en "Mayflower" soorte moet verskeep word onder hul eie naam en nie as Alexanders nie.

(j) Die volgende soorte perskes mag nie uitgevoer word nie:

Salway, Gladstone, Sea Eagle, Thomas Rivers, en alle soorte geelperskes behalwe Elberta, J. H. Hale en Million Dollar. Alle kassies waarin Elberta perskes verpak is, moet gemerk word "Yellow flesh" op die end van die kassie onder die naam "Elberta".

(k) Vaspitperskes mag nie uitgevoer word nie, tensy die kassies "Choice"-graad gemerk is en nie met enige aanwysing van 'n ander graad nie. Die woord "Clingstone" moet bowendien op die kassie onder die naam van die vrug vermeld word.

OPMERKING.—Hierdie soorte word nie vir uitvoer aanbeveel nie.

Kaalperskes.

25. (a) Kaalperskes moet in lae in kassies verpak word, soos bepaal in regulasies 16 (a) en 17.

(b) Elke kaalperske moet toegedraai of omgeef wees met sy- of ander soortgelyke papier.

(c) Kaalperskes moet in houtwol verpak word en tussen die vrugte moet houtwol wees.

OPMERKING.—Wat bekend is as houtwol-roverpakking is inbegrepe in en toegelaat onder hierdie regulasie. Hierdie verpakking word egter nie aanbeveel nie.

(d) Alle "Selected"-graad kaalperskes moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel.

(e) All "Choice" grade nectarines shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, and reasonably free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or other blemishes, but not necessarily to the same degree as required in the "Selected" grade.

(f) A definite number of nectarines of a definite size (diameter), as enumerated below, shall be packed in each box:

Diameter.	Number in box.
Over 1½ in., but under 2 in.	32
Over 2 in., but under 2½ in.	28
Larger fruits	As for yellow peaches.

(g) Clingstone varieties shall not be exported unless the box be marked "Choice" grade and not by any other grade term. The word "Clingstone" shall, in addition, be printed on the box below the name of the fruit.

Apricots.

26. (a) Apricots shall be packed in layers in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (a) and 17.

(b) Each apricot shall be wrapped in or surrounded by tissue of more or less similar paper.

(c) Apricots shall be placed in wood-wool or the box shall be lined with corrugated paper, but shall not have wood-wool between the fruits.

(d) All "Selected" grade apricots shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

(e) All "Choice" grade apricots shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, and reasonably free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or other blemishes but not necessarily to the same degree as required in the "Selected" grade.

(f) The minimum sizes for "Selected" and "Choice" grade apricots shall be as follows:

Variety.	Minimum diameter.
Early Cape Varieties and Royals	1½ in.
All other varieties	1¾ in.

(g) All varieties shall, as far as possible, be shipped under their own names and, where not so described, shall be marked "Cape Apricots" or "Transvaal Apricots".

Plums and Prunes.

27. (a) Plums shall be packed in layers in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (a) and 17.

(b) Each "Selected" and "Choice" grade plum, when wrapped, shall be wrapped in or surrounded by tissue or other more or less similar paper.

(c) Plums when packed in boxes shall be placed in wood-wool or the boxes shall be lined with corrugated paper, but shall not have wood-wool between the fruits, with the exception of "Apple" plums, which may have wood-wool between the fruits.

(d) All "Selected" grade plums shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

(e) All "Choice" and "Unwrapped" grade plums shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or other blemishes, but not necessarily to the same degree as required in the "Selected" grade.

(f) (i) Plums under 1¾ in. in diameter shall be packed unwrapped in either 2 or 3 layers.

NOTE.—Not more than 10 fruits in one layer may be oversized for this pack.

(ii) Plums over 1¾ in. but under 2½ in. in diameter shall be packed in either 2 layers wrapped or unwrapped or 3 layers wrapped.

NOTE.—Not more than 10 fruits in one layer may be oversized for this pack.

(iii) Plums over 2½ in. in diameter shall be packed in single layers wrapped.

(iv) Plums shall be packed in rows on the diagonal system. Boxes shall be packed to standard counts, which for single layer boxes and for the bottom layer in double, and for the bottom and top layers in triple layer boxes, are as follows: 15, 18, 21, 24, 25, 28, 32, 36, 41, 45, 50, 55, 60, 66, 72, 78, 84, 90, 96, 98, 104. For multiple layer boxes, the second layer will contain one fruit less than the bottom layer, where alternate rows differ in number by one fruit, and there is an odd number of rows in the layer. The maximum difference allowed in size between the smallest and the largest fruit in any one layer shall be ¼ inch, provided that grounds for rejection for uneven sizing shall be constituted only if the inspector finds 4 pairs of fruits in one layer which exceed this maximum difference.

(g) Boxes of plums in which the fruit is packed unwrapped shall be marked "Unwrapped" grade, and shall have the net weight marked on the boxes after allowing 5 per cent. for shrinkage.

(h) When plums are packed wrapped in double layers the net weight shall be marked on the box as well as the count.

(e) Alle "Choice"-graad kaalperskes moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, en redelik vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snyplekke of ander kwetsings, maar nie noodwendig tot dieselfde mate as vereis by die "Selected"-graad nie.

(f) 'n Bepaalde aantal kaalperskes van 'n bepaalde grootte, soos hieronder aangegee, moet in elke kassie verpak word.

Aantal in Kassie.

Middellyn	Kassie.
Meer as 1½ dm. maar minder as 2 dm.	32
Meer as 2 dm. maar minder as 2½ dm.	28
Groter vrugte	Net soos geelperskes.

(g) Vaspitssoorte mag nie uitgevoer word nie, tensy die kassies "Choice"-graad gemerk is, en nie met enige ander graadsterm nie. Die woord "Clingstone" moet powendien op die kassies onder die naam van die vrugte vermeld word.

Appelkose.

26. (a) Appelkose moet in lae in kassies verpak word, soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (a) en 17.

(b) Elke appelkoos moet toegedraai of omgeef wees met sy- of ander soortgelyke papier.

(c) Appelkose moet in houtwol verpak word of die kassie moet met gerifelde kartonpapier uitgevoer word, maar daar moet geen houtwol tussen die vrugte wees nie.

(d) Alle "Selected"-graad appelkose moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel.

(e) Alle "Choice"-graad appelkose moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, en redelik vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings, maar nie noodwendig tot dieselfde mate as vereis by die "Selected"-graad nie.

(f) Die minimum-afmetings vir "Selected"- en "Choice"-graad appelkose moet as volg wees:

Soort	Minimum middellyn.
Vroeë Kaapse soorte en Royals	1½ dm.
Alle ander soorte	1¾ dm.

(g) Alle soorte moet, sover moontlik, onder hulle eie naam verskeep word en waar hulle nie so beskryf is nie, moet hulle gemerk word "Cape Apricots" of "Transvaal Apricots".

Pruime en Pruimedante.

27. (a) Pruime moet in lae in kassies verpak word, soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (a) en 17.

(b) Elke "Selected"- en "Choice"-graad pruim, indien toegedraai, moet toegedraai of omgeef wees met sy- of ander soortgelyke papier.

(c) Pruime in eenlaagkassies moet in houtwol verpak word of die kassies moet met gerifelde kartonpapier uitgevoer word, maar daar moet geen houtwol tussen die vrugte wees nie, met uitsondering van "Apple"-pruime, wat houtwol tussen die vrugte kan hé.

(d) Alle "Selected"-graad pruime moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel.

(e) Alle "Choice"- en "Unwrapped"-graad pruime moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings, maar nie noodwendig tot dieselfde mate as vereis by die "Selected"-graad nie.

(f) (i) Pruime van 'n deursny minder as 1½ duim moet toegedraai in of 2 of 3 lae verpak word.

OPMERKING.—Nie meer as 10 vrugte in één laag van hierdie kassie mag oorgroot wees nie.

(ii) Pruime oor 1½ duim maar onder 2½ duim in deursny moet verpak word of dubbellaag toegedraai of ontoegedraai of drielaag toegedraai.

OPMERKING.—Nie meer as 10 vrugte in één laag van hierdie kassie mag oorgroot wees nie.

(iii) Pruime oor 2½ duim in deursny moet in enkel lae toegedraai verpak word.

(iv) Pruime moet in rye volgens die diagonale stelsel verpak word. Kassies moet volgens standaard tellings gepak word wat vir die enkellaag-kassie, vir die vloer-en-toplae van die dubbellaag kassie en vir die vloerlaag van die drielaag kassies, as volg is: 15, 18, 21, 24, 25, 28, 32, 36, 41, 45, 50, 55, 60, 66, 72, 78, 84, 90, 96, 98, 104. Vir meerlaagkassies sal die tweede laag één vrug minder bevatten as die vloerlaag waar die getalle in alternatiewe rye met een vrug verskil en daar ook 'n ongelyke getal rye in die laag is. Die maksimum verskil in grootte tussen die kleinste en die grootste vrugte in iedere laag afsonderlik wat toegelaat sal word is ¼ duim met dien verstande dat slegs wanneer die inspekteur vier pare vrugte vind wat hierdie maksimum oorskry, dit 'n rede vir verwerpning sal uitmaak weens onegale grootte.

(g) Kassies pruime waarin die vrugte verpak word sonder dat hulle toegedraai is, moet gemerk word "Unwrapped" en die netto-gewig moet op die kassies gemerk word na afrek van 5 persent vir inkrimping.

(h) Wanneer pruime toegedraai in dubbellae verpak word moet die netto-gewig sowel as die telling op die kassie gemeek word.

(i) Plums when packed unwrapped shall have a sheet of corrugated paper on the bottom of the box or a layer of woodwool with a sheet of paper thereon, and a sheet of plain paper or corrugated paper between each layer of fruit, and a sheet of corrugated paper or a pad of wood-wool with a sheet of plain paper under the wood-wool under the lid.

In the case of plain paper, this must be of good quality.

(j) All plums exported to South America shall be wrapped and packed in three layers and the boxes shall be marked "Choice" with the net weight of the contents as laid down in regulation No. 19 (d).

(k) Prune plums shall not be packed more than three layers in a box.

(l) The minimum sizes for plums shall be as follows:—

Variety.	Minimum diameter.
Kelsey, Wickson, Chalcot, Simoni and Formosa	1½ in.
Apple	1½ in.
Gaviota and Satsuma	1½ in.
Santa Rosa, Beauty, October Purple and Queensland Golden	1½ in.
Methley	1½ in.
All other varieties of Japanese Plums	1½ in.
All varieties other than Japanese and Prune Plums	1½ in.
Prune Plums	Not more than 25 to the lb.

NOTE (i).—In determining the number of fruits which go to the pound, the Government Fruit Inspector shall weigh a sample taken at random consisting of at least 1 lb. of fruit from each box opened for inspection.

NOTE (ii).—The varieties Sultan and Burbank shall not be allowed for export.

Grapes.

28. (a) Grapes shall be packed in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (a) and 17.

(b) Grapes, except "Almeria" grapes when packed in cork dust, shall be wrapped in or surrounded by tissue or other more or less similar paper.

(c) Grapes, except "Almeria" grapes when packed in cork dust, shall be placed in wood-wool.

(d) All "Selected" grade grapes shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, free from diseases, split, cut, or burst berries or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance. The berries shall be of a generally uniform size, the bunches trimmed and of attractive appearance, well-furnished, and not noticeably straggly. The bunches shall be wrapped singly, i.e. one bunch in each wrapper and each bunch shall weigh not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.

(e) All "Choice" grade grapes shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, free from split, cut or burst berries and reasonably free from diseases or other blemishes. Bunches shall be trimmed, of attractive appearance, and not noticeably straggly. The general uniformity in the size of the berry need not be so marked as in the "Selected" grade. Not more than two bunches shall be wrapped together in one wrapper, and the weight of any one bunch shall not be less than $\frac{1}{4}$ lb.

(f) The net weight of grapes must be clearly marked on each box as laid down in regulation No. 19 (c).

(g) The maximum number of berries per pound for "Selected" and "Choice" grapes shall be as follows:—

Variety.	Selected Grade.	Choice Grade.
Alphonse Lavallée	80	100
Almeria	100	120
Barbarossa	90	110
Barlinka	90	110
Black Prince	100	120
Flaming Tokay	80	100
Gros Colman	72	92
Gros Noir	80	100
Hanepoot, white and red	90	105
Henab Turki	80	100
Hermitage	100	120
Lady Downe	90	110
Molinera Gorda	90	110
Muscat Hambro	100	120
Prune de Cazouls	85	105
Raisin Blanc	90	110
Rosaki	90	105
Waltham Cross	90	105

The grading of varieties not mentioned in the above list shall be left to the discretion of the inspector; for the "Selected" grade the berries shall be of good size for the variety and for the "Choice"-grade they shall not be unreasonably small.

NOTE (i).—Any noticeable shortfall from the above standard will constitute grounds on which the inspector may reject. The inspector in deciding whether grapes in each grade conform to the above standard, will make the determination on 2 lb. weight of the average berries taken from the poorest quality bunches in any one box.

(i) By verpakking van pruime wat nie toegedraai is nie, moet daar 'n blad gerifelde papier op die bodem van die kassie wees of 'n laag houtwol met 'n blad papier daarop, en 'n blad gladde papier of gerifelde papier tussen elke laag vrugte, en 'n blad gerifelde papier of 'n laag houtwol met 'n blad gladde papier onder die houtwol onder die deksel.

In die geval van gladde papier moet dit van goede kwaliteit wees.

(j) Alle pruime vir uitvoer na Suid-Amerika moet toegedraai wees en in drielaagkassies verpak word, en die kassies moet "Choice"-graad gemerk word met die netto-gewig van die inhoud, soos bepaal in regulasie No. 19 (d).

(k) Pruimedante moenie meer as drie lae in 'n kassie gepak word nie.

(l) Die minimum-afmetings vir pruime moet as volg wees:—

Soort.	Minimum middellyn.
Kelsey, Wickson, Chalcot, Simoni en Formosa	1½ dm.
Apple	1½ dm.
Gaviota en Satsuma	1½ dm.
Santa Rosa, Beauty, October Purple en Queensland Golden	1½ dm.
Methley	1½ dm.
Alle ander soorte Japanese pruime	1½ dm.
Alle ander soorte as Japanese en pruimedante	1½ dm.
Pruimedante	Nie meer as 25 per lb nie.

OPMERKING (i).—Om die getal vrugte op 'n pond te bepaal, moet die Goewerments-vrugteinspekteur voor-die-voet 'n monster weeg, bestaande uit minstens 1 pond vrugte van elke kassie wat vir inspeksie oopgemaak word.

OPMERKING (ii).—Die Soorte "Sultan" en "Burbank" sal nie vir uitvoer toegelaat word nie.

Druive.

28. (a) Druwe moet in kassies verpak word soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (a) en 17.

(b) Druwe, met uitsondering van "Almeria" druwe in kurksaagsel verpak, moet toegedraai of omgeef wees met sny of ander soortgelyke papier.

(c) Druwe, met uitsondering van "Almeria" druwe in kurksaagsel verpak, moet in houtwol geplaas word.

(d) Alle "Selected"-graad druwe moet in goede toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, vry van siektes, sonder snyplekke, gebarste korrels, of ander kwetsings wat die voorkoms kan benadeel. Die korrels moet van 'n algemeen egalige grootte wees, die trosse netjies afgerond en van 'n aantreklike voorkoms, mooi vol en nie te yl nie. Die trosse moet afsonderlik toegedraai wees, d.i., een tros in elke papier en elke tros moenie minder as 'n half pond weeg nie.

(e) Alle "Choice"-graad druwe moet in goede toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, sonder gebarste korrels, en redelik vry van siektes of ander kwetsings. Trosse moet netjies afgerond word, 'n mooi voorkoms hé en nie te yl wees nie; die algemene egaliteit in grootte behoef nie noodwendig so presies as by die "Selected"-graad te wees nie. Nie meer as twee trosse moet in een papier toegedraai word nie en die gewig van elke tros moenie minder as 'n kwart pond wees nie.

(f) Die netto-gewig van druwe moet duidelik op elke kassie vermeld word, soos bepaal in regulasie No. 19 (c).

(g) Die maximale getal korrels per pond vir "Selected" en "Choice" druwe moet as volg wees:—

Soort.	Uitgesoekte Graad.	Goeie Graad.
Alphonse Lavallee	80	100
Almeria	100	120
Barbarossa	90	110
Barlinka	90	110
Black Prince	100	120
Flaming Tokay	80	100
Gros Colman	72	92
Gros Noir	80	100
Hanepoot, wit en rooi	90	105
Henab Turki	80	100
Hermitage	100	120
Lady Downe	90	110
Molinera Gorda	90	110
Muscat Hambro	100	120
Prune de Cazouls	85	105
Raisin Blanc	90	110
Rosaki	90	105
Waltham Cross	90	105

Die gradering van soorte wat nie in bostaande lys genoem is nie, sal aan die diskresie van die inspekteur oorgelaat word; vir die "Selected"-graad moet die korrels van goede grootte vir die soort wees, en vir "Choice"-graad nie onredelik klein nie.

OPMERKING (i).—Enige aanmerklike tekortkomings vergelyk met bogenoemde standaard sal voldoende rede wees vir afkeuring deur die inspekteur. Om te besluit of druwe van iedere graad aan bogenoemde standaard voldoen, sal die inspekteur vir die ondersoek 2 lb. gewig middelgroot korrels neem van die swakste kwaliteit trosse van diesselfde kassie.

NOTE (ii).—The varieties known as "White French", "Muscatel", "Crystal", and all purely wine-making varieties, except "Hermitage", shall not be exported.

(h) Grapes shall not be stale or the stems or stalks excessively dry or brittle at the time of inspection.

(i) No grapes shall be exported unless they show on test not less than the following ratio of total soluble solids to acid in the juice:—

Gros Colman	12 to 1
Alphonse Lavallée	
Black Prince	
Canon Hall	13 to 1
Henab Turki	
Hermitage	
Prune de Cazouls	
Barbarossa	
Lady Downe	14 to 1
Hanepoot red	
Hanepoot white	
Raisin Blanc	
Barlinka	
Flaming Tokay	15 to 1
Gros Noir	
Rosaki	
Waltham Cross	

The fixing of maturity standards for other varieties of grapes shall be left to the discretion of the inspectors.

For the purpose of this test the inspector shall use the juice from $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. weight of the most immature berries picked from 2 lb. weight of the most immature looking bunches in any one box.

Mangoes.

29. (a) Mangoes shall be packed in layers in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (a) and 17.

(b) Each mango shall be wrapped in or surrounded by tissue or other more or less similar paper.

(c) Mangoes shall be placed in wood-wool, and may have wood-wool between the fruit.

(d) Mangoes shall be exported in one grade only, namely, "Selected" grade.

(e) All "Selected" grade mangoes shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

NOTE.—The Peach and Sabre varieties are recommended for export.

Granadillas and Tomatoes.

30. (a) Granadillas and tomatoes shall be packed in layers in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (a) and 17.

(b) Granadillas and tomatoes may be placed in wood-wool, but shall not have wood-wool between the fruits.

(c) Granadillas and tomatoes shall be exported in one grade only, namely, "Selected" grade.

(d) All "Selected" grade granadillas and tomatoes shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

Melons.

31. (a) Melons shall be packed in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (f), 17 and 18.

(b) The wrapping of melons in tissue or other suitable paper is optional.

(c) Melons shall be placed in wood-wool and shall have wood-wool between the fruits.

(d) Melons shall be exported in one grade only, namely, "Selected" grade.

(e) All "Selected" grade melons shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

NOTE.—The only variety of melon recommended for export is that known as the "Winter Melon". Exporters are advised to label this variety "Honeydew".

Strawberries.

32. (a) Strawberries shall be packed in cartons, eight cardboard cartons fitting into a box as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (a) and 17.

(b) Each strawberry shall be wrapped in grease-proof paper.

(c) All "Selected" and "Choice" grade strawberries shall be in sound condition, true to variety, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or from any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance.

(d) The size of "Selected" grade strawberries shall be such that each carton is completely filled and contains a maximum of 24 berries.

(e) The size of "Choice" grade strawberries shall be such that each carton is completely filled and contains a maximum of 35 berries.

Pineapples.

33. (a) Pineapples shall be packed in single or double layers in boxes as laid down in regulations Nos. 16 (d), (e) and 17.

(b) Pine apples may have wood-wool, papyrus pith or grass approved of by the Department of Agriculture, placed between the fruits.

OPMERKING (ii).—Die soorte bekend as "White French", "Muscatel", "Crystal", en alle soorte vir wynmaak behalwe "Hermitage", mag nie uitgevoer word nie.

(h) Druwe moenie, wanneer dit ondersoek word, verlede of die stingels baie droog of bros wees nie.

(i) Geen druwe sal uitgevoer word tensy dat hulle by toetsing nie minder dan die volgende verhoudings tussen totaal oplosbare vastestowwe en suur in die sap vertoon nie:

Gros Colman	12 tot 1
Alphonse Lavallée	
Black Prince	
Canon Hall	13 tot 1
Henab Turki	
Hermitage	
Prune de Cazouls	
Barbarossa	
Lady Downe	14 tot 1
Hanepoot, rooi	
Hanepoot, wit	
Raisin Blanc	
Barlinka	
Flaming Tokay	15 tot 1
Gros Noir	
Rosaki	
Waltham Cross	

Die vasstelling van ryheidstandaarde vir ander soorte druwe sal aan die diskressie van die inspekteurs oorgelaai word.

Vir die doel van hierdie toets moet die inspekteur die sap van 'n $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. van die groenste korrels neem wat gepluk word van 2 lb. trosse wat die groenste lyk en wat uit dieselfde kassie kom.

Mangho's

29. (a) Mangho's moet in lae in kassies verpak word soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (a) en 17.

(b) Elke mangho moet toegedraai of omgeef wees met sy- of ander soortgelyke papier.

(c) Mangho's moet in houtwol verpak word en tussen die vrugte kan ook houtwol wees.

(d) Mangho's moet alleen in een graad uitgevoer word, naamlik, "Selected"-graad.

(e) Alle "Selected"-graad mangho's moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke en ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel.

OPMERKING.—Die Peach- en Sabre-soorte word vir uitvoer aanbeveel.

Grenadellas en Tamaties.

30. (a) Grenadellas en tamaties moet in lae in kassies verpak word, soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (a) en 17.

(b) Grenadellas en tamaties kan in houtwol verpak word maar daar moet geen houtwol tussen die vrugte wees nie.

(c) Grenadellas en tamaties moet slegs in een graad uitgevoer word, naamlik, "Selected"-graad.

(d) Alle "Selected"-graad grenadellas en tamaties moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke en snye en ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel.

Meloene.

31. (a) Meloene moet verpak word in kassies, soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (f), 17 en 18.

(b) Die toedraai van meloene in sy- of ander geskikte papier is opsioneel.

(c) Meloene moet in houtwol verpak word en daar moet houtwol tussen die vrugte wees.

(d) Meloene moet alleen in een graad uitgevoer word, naamlik, "Selected"-graad.

(e) Alle "Selected"-graad meloene moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel.

OPMERKING.—Die enigste soort meloene wat vir uitvoer aanbeveel word, is die een wat bekend is as die "Winter-meloen". Uitvoerders word aangeraai om hierdie soort "Honeydew" te merk.

Aarbeie.

32. (a) Aarbeie moet in kartonne verpak word, agt kartonne wat pas in 'n kassie, soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (a) en 17.

(b) Elke aarbei moet in vetdigte papier toegedraai word.

(c) Alle "Selected"- en "Choice"-graad aarbeie moet in goeie toestand wees, soorteg, goed ontwikkel, nie te groen nie, vry van siektes, kneusplekke, snye of ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel.

(d) Die grootte van "Selected"-graad aarbeie moet sodanig wees dat elke karton heeltemal vol is en 'n maksimum van 24 aarbeie bevat.

(e) Die grootte van "Choice"-aarbeie moet sodanig wees dat elke karton heeltemal vol is en 'n maksimum van 35 aarbeie bevat.

Pynappels.

33. (a) Pynappels moet in enkel- of dubbellaagkassies verpak word, soos bepaal in regulasies Nos. 16 (d), (e) en 17.

(b) Houtwol, papirusvesel of gras, goedgekeur deur die Departement van Landbou, kan tussen die pynappels gesit word.

- (c) When pineapples are packed without wood-wool, papyrus pith or grass, each fruit shall be wrapped in suitable paper.
- (d) All "Extra Selected" pineapples of the Queen variety shall weigh not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ lb. each, and of the Cayenne varieties not less than 4 lb. each.
- (e) All "Selected" pineapples of the Queen variety shall weigh not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ lb. each; and of the Cayenne varieties not less than $2\frac{1}{2}$ lb. each.
- (f) All "Choice" grade pineapples of the Queen variety shall weigh not less than 1 lb. each, and of the Cayenne varieties not less than 2 lb. each.
- (g) The whole crown shall be left on each pineapple in as perfect condition as possible.
- (h) Pineapples shall have not more than $\frac{1}{4}$ in. of the stalk left on each fruit of the Queen variety, and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch on the fruit of the Cayenne varieties.
- (i) All pineapples shall be in sound condition, fully developed, not too unripe, free from diseases, bruises, cuts, or any blemishes detrimentally affecting their appearance, and shall be of the characteristic shape of their variety.
- NOTE.**—The correct stage of maturity for export pineapples is most important, and exporters are advised to consult the Government Fruit Inspector on this point.
- (j) All pineapples shall be free from visible outward signs of the disease known as "Black Spot".
- (k) The Government Fruit Inspector shall have the right to cut open the pineapples from one box in each consignment exceeding 10 boxes for the purpose of keeping a check on the disease known as "Black Spot".

APPENDIX.

Regulations Nos. 25 and 26 of the Perishable Products Export Control Board, printed for Reference.

"25. (a) No person shall export a perishable product as defined in the Act during any season from the Union to a place outside the Union (other than the countries referred to in section fifteen of the Act) unless he has, at least three months prior to his first intended shipment in respect of that season, applied to the Board in writing to be registered as exporter for the ensuing year, and has furnished the Board in his letter of application with his full name, address, port of shipment, the kind of product intended to be exported, and the approximate date when his first consignment will reach the port of shipment selected by him. The application shall, as nearly as possible, be in the following form:—

'I/We (here insert full name and full postal address) hereby give notice that I/we desire to export through the port of (here insert the port of shipment) the following perishable products (here insert the class of product intended to be exported). My/Our first consignment will reach the above port of shipment on or about the (here insert the approximate date) next. My/Our boxes will bear the following distinctive mark, namely (here insert the mark or brand).

'I/We hereby apply to be registered as an exporter on the above basis.'

(b) On receipt of such written application and information, the Board shall register such person as an exporter and assign a distinguishing number to him, and shall advise him of the fact that he has been registered as an exporter and of the number assigned to him. The number assigned to him shall figure on all boxes or packages tendered by him for export during that season.

(c) Failure by an intending exporter to comply with the requirements of this regulation shall entitle the Board to withhold permission for the shipment of his product, or to refuse to grant in respect of his product any priority of shipment to which under the regulations or by reason of priority of arrival at the port of shipment, it may otherwise be entitled.

26. (a) Every person who proposes to export a perishable product as defined in the Act from the Union to a place outside the Union (other than the countries referred to in section fifteen of the Act) shall furnish information to the Board in regard thereto in such form and within such time as the Board may from time to time require.

(b) Any person who exports any perishable product from the Union without having furnished to the Board the information required to be furnished in terms of paragraph (a) hereof shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding £50, in addition to the differentiation of treatment provided for in sub-section (2) of section fourteen of the Act."

(c) As pynappels sonder houtwol, papyrusvesel of gras verpak word, moet elke vrug in gesikte papier toegedraai word.

(d) Alle „Ekstra Selected" pynappels van die Queen-soort moet minstens $1\frac{1}{2}$ pond elk weeg, en van die Cayenne-soorte, minstens 4 pond elk.

(e) Alle "Selected" pynappels van die Queen-soort moet minstens $1\frac{1}{2}$ pond elk weeg, en van die Cayenne-soorte, minstens $2\frac{1}{2}$ pond elk.

(f) Alle „Choice"-graad pynappels van die Queen-soort moet minstens een pond elk weeg, en van die Cayenne-soorte, minstens twee pond.

(g) Die hele kroon moet op elke pynappel in so'n perfekte toestand moontlik gelaat word.

(h) Nie meer as 'n half duim van die stingel moet in die geval van pynappels van die Queen-soort aan elke vrug bly nie en 'n half duim in die geval van vrugte van die Cayenne-soorte.

(i) Alle pynappels moet in goeie toestand wees, goed ontwikkel, nie te ryp of te groen nie, vry van siekte, kneusplekkie, snye of ander kwetsings wat hul voorkoms kan benadeel, en moet die kenmerkende vorm van hul soort hê.

OPMERKING.—Dis besonder belangrik dat pynappels wat uitgevoer word in die korrekte stadium van ryheid moet wees, en uitvoerders word aangeraai om die Goewermentsvrugteinspekteur hieromtrent te raadpleeg.

(j) Alle pynappels moet vry wees van enige sigbare uiterlike tekens van die siekte bekend as „Swartvlek".

(k) Die Goewermentsvrugteinspekteur sal die reg hê om die pynappels van een kassie uit elke besending van meer as 10 kassies oop te sny om die siekte bekend as „Swartvlek" te kontroleer.

AANHANGSEL.

Regulasies Nos. 25 en 26 van die Kontroleraad vir die Uitvoer van Bederfbare Produkte: Vir Referensiedoeleindes Gedruk.

„25. (a) Geen persoon mag bederfbare produkte, soos in die Wet omskryf, gedurende enige seisoen, van die Unie na 'n plek buite die Unie uitvoer nie (behalwe die lande vermeld in artikel vyftien van die Wet) tensy sodanige persoon minstens drie maande voor sy eerste verwagte verskeping ten aansien van daardie seisoen skriftelik by die Raad aansoek doen om geregistreer te word as 'n uitvoerder vir die volgende jaar, en die Raad in sy brief van aansoek sy volle naam, adres, hawe van verskeping, die soort produkte wat hy voornemens is uit te voer en die benaderde datum wanneer sy eerste besending die hawe van verskeping deur hom gekies sal bereik, verstrek het. Die aansoek moet, so na as moontlik, in die volgende vorm wees:—

, Ek/Ons (vul hier in volle naam en volledige posadres) gee hierby kennis dat ek/ons wens om deur die hawe van (vul hier in die hawe van verskeping) die volgende bederfbare produkte (vul hierin die soort produk wat uitgevoer sal word) uit te voer. My/Ons eerste besending sal die bogenoemde hawe van verskeping op of omtrent die (vul hier in die naastebye datum) bereik. My/Ons kiste sal die volgende onderskeidingsnommer aanwys, naamlik (vul hierin die merk van die soort)."

, Ek/Ons doen hierby aansoek om as 'n uitvoerder op bestaande basis geregistreer te word.'

(b) Na ontvangs van sodanige skriftelike aansoek en informasie sal die Raad sodanige persoon as uitvoerder registreer en 'n onderskeidingsnommer aan hom toewys en sal hom van die feit in kennis stel dat hy as 'n uitvoerder geregistreer is en hom in kennis stel met die nommer aan hom toege wys. Die nommer aan hom toege wys moet op alle kiste en pakkette verskyn wat vir uitvoer gedurende daardie seisoen ingelewer word.

(c) As 'n persoon wat voornemens is om uit te voer in gebroke bly om aan die vereistes van hierdie regulasies te voldoen, dan het die Raad die reg om verlof te weier vir die verskeping van sy produkte of om ten opsigte van sy produkte alle voorkeur van verskeping te weier, waarop die produkte kragtens die regulasies of uit hoofde van eerder aankoms by die hawe van verskeping, anders geregtig mag wees."

26. (a) Elke persoon wat voornemens is om bederfbare produkte, soos in die wet omskryf, van die Unie na 'n plek buite die Unie uit te voer (behalwe die lande vermeld in artikel vyftien van die Wet), moet informasie ten opsigte daarvan aan die Raad verstrek in sodanige vorm en binne sodanige tyd as die Raad van tyd tot tyd mag vereis.

(b) Enige persoon, wat enige bederfbare produkte van die Unie uitvoer sonder dat sodanige persoon die Raad die informasie wat vereis word ooreenkomsdig die bepalings van paragraaf (a) hiervan verskaf het, sal skuldig wees aan 'n oordeling en gestraf word met 'n boete van hoogstens £50 buite en behalwe die onderskeid in behandeling waarvoor voorseening gemaak is in subartikel (2) van artikel veertien van die Wet."