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All Proclamations, Government and General Notices, published for the first time, are indicated by a * in the left-hand upper corner.

Alle Proklamasies, Goewerments- en Algemene Kennisgewings, wat vir die eerste maal gepubliseer word, is in die linkerbobhoek met 'n * gemerk.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY.

The following Government Notices are published for general information:—

* No. 916.] [23 June 1939.
GRADING OF WHEATEN PRODUCTS.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased under and by virtue of the powers vested in him by section forty-three of the Marketing Act, 1937 (Act No. 26 of 1937), to make the regulations set forth in the Schedule hereto and relating to the grading and the manner of grading according to quality, and the manner of packing, marking and labelling of wheaten products.

SCHEDULE.

GRADING, PACKING, MARKING AND LABELLING OF WHEATEN MEAL, FLOUR, SEMOLINA, SELF RAISING FLOUR, BRAN, POLLARD AND BREAD.

1. No person shall buy or sell any flour, meal, semolina, self-raising flour, bran, pollard or bread—
 - (a) which purports to be of a grade referred to in these regulations, unless it conforms to the requirements hereinafter specified in respect of that grade; or
 - (b) unless it is packed, marked and labelled in the manner hereinafter specified.

Definitions.

2. For the purpose of these regulations—

“flour” shall mean the pure, sound, bolted product of finely ground wheat;

“meal” shall mean the unbolted or partially bolted pure, sound product of ground wheat;

“semolina” shall mean the purified granular product of the wheat endosperm obtained from the break process during milling;

GOEWERMENSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTEMENT VAN LANDBOU EN BOSBOU.

Onderstaande Goewermentskennisgewings word vir algemene informasie gepubliseer:—

* No. 916.] [23 Junie 1939.
GRADERING VAN KORINGPRODUKTE

Dit het Sy Eksellensie die Goewerneur-generaal behaag om, kragtens die bevoegdheid hom verleen by artikel drie-en-veertig van die Bemarkingswet, 1937 (Wet No. 26 van 1937), die regulasies uiteengesit in die bylae hiervan te maak met betrekking tot die gradering en manier van gradering volgens kwaliteit, en die manier van verpakking en merk van en aanbring van etikette op koringprodukte.

BYLAE.

GRADERING, VERPAKKING EN MERK VAN, EN AANBRING VAN ETIKETTE OP, KORINGMEEL, -MEELBLOM, BRUISMEEL, SEMELS, FYNSEMELS EN BROOD.

1. Niemand mag meelblom, meel, semolina, bruismeel, semels, fynsemels of brood, koop of verkoop nie—
 - (a) wat heet te wees van 'n graad in hierdie regulasies genoem, tensy dit voldoen aan die vereistes hieronder ten opsigte van daardie graad aangegee; of
 - (b) tensy dit verpak en gemerk is en 'n etiket daarop aangebring is op die manier hieronder aangegee.

Woordskrywing.

2. Vir die doel van hierdie regulasies beteken—

„meelblom”, die suiwer, gesonde, gesifte produk van fyngemaalde koring;

„meel”, die ongesifte of gedeeltelik gesifte, suiwer, gesonde produk van gemaalde koring;

„semolina”, die gesuiwerde, korrelrige produk van die koringendosperm verkry van die breek-proses wanneer koring gemaal word;

- "self raising flour" shall mean the pure, sound, bolted product or finely ground wheat with the addition of an aerating agent;
- "bran" and "pollard" shall mean the offal products consisting of parts of the wheat caryopsis which are obtained when meal or flour is milled from wheat; provided that for the purpose of these regulations bran or pollard may contain parts of the caryopsis which are obtained when meal or flour is milled from rye;
- "9 XXX silk sieve" shall mean silk bolting cloth with an aperture measurement of 0.0074 inches and with 86 meshes per inch;
- "number 8 wire mesh" shall mean a wire mesh which has eight meshes to the linear inch and is made from light plated steel wire of number 24 Imperial Standard Wire Gauge;
- "standard cotton cloth" shall mean bleached cotton cloth containing 56 to 60 weft threads and 56 to 60 warp threads per linear inch, the weight of which, when all filling has been removed from the cloth, shall be three ounces per square yard, with a weight tolerance of 5 per cent. each way calculated on a moisture free basis.

Grades.

3. (1) The grades of flour, meal, semolina, and self raising flour shall be as follows:—

(a) Flour.

- (i) *Patent or Special Flour*, which must be sufficiently fine to pass through a 9 XXX silk sieve and shall have a maximum ash content of 0.45 per cent by weight.
- (ii) *Bakers' Flour*, which must be sufficiently fine to pass through a 9 XXX silk sieve and shall have an ash content exceeding 0.45 but not more than 0.61 per cent. by weight.
- (iii) *No. 1 Sifted or Household Flour*, which must be sufficiently fine to pass through a 9 XXX silk sieve and shall have an ash content exceeding 0.61 but not more than 0.72 per cent. by weight.
- (iv) *Under grade flour*, which shall mean all flour which does not conform to the requirements specified in sub-paragraph (i), (ii) or (iii).

(b) Meal.

- (i) *No. 2 Sifted Meal*, which shall have an ash content exceeding 0.72 but not more than 1.00 per cent. by weight.
- (ii) *No. 1 Unsifted Meal*, which shall have an ash content exceeding 1.00 but not more than 1.60 per cent. by weight.
- (iii) *No. 2 Unsifted Meal*, which shall have an ash content exceeding 1.60 but not more than 1.80 per cent. by weight.
- (iv) *Medicinal or Proprietary meals*, which shall have an ash content of not less than one per cent. by weight.
- (v) *Under grade meal*, which shall mean all meal which does not conform to the requirements specified in sub-paragraph (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv).

(c) Semolina.

Semolina, which shall have a maximum ash content of 0.45 per cent by weight.

(d) Self Raising Flour.

- (i) *First Grade Self Raising Flour*, which must be sufficiently fine to pass through a 9 XXX silk sieve and shall have a maximum ash content of 0.45 per cent. by weight exclusive of the ash content of the aerating agent.
- (ii) *Second Grade Self Raising Flour* which must be sufficiently fine to pass through a 9 XXX silk sieve and shall have an ash content exceeding 0.45 but not more than 0.55 per cent. by weight, exclusive of the ash content of the aerating agent.
- (iii) *Under Grade Self Raising Flour*, which shall mean all self raising flour which does not conform to the requirements specified in sub-paragraph (i) or (ii).

(2) The grades of bran and pollard shall be as follows:—

(a) *Standard Bran*, which shall consist of the skin particles of wheat after the flour and meal have been removed in the milling process and shall conform to the following standards:—

- (i) Maximum percentage by weight of vegetable matter other than wheat or rye ... 6.00
- (ii) Minimum percentage by weight of dry matter ... 85.00
- (iii) Maximum percentage by weight of crude fibre in the dry matter ... 12.00
- (iv) Maximum percentage by weight of ash in the dry matter ... 7.50
- (v) Must be fresh and sound and may not have a musty, sour or other commercially objectionable odour and may not contain any poisonous or other harmful materials.

"bruismeel", die suiwer, gesonde, gesifte produk van fyn-gemaalde koring met byvoeging van 'n rysmiddel;

"semels", en "fynsemels", die afval-produkte bestaande uit gedeeltes van die koringvrug verkry wanneer meelblom of meel van koring vermaal word; met dien verstande dat semels of fynmeel vir die doel van hierdie regulasies gedeeltes van die vrug kan bevat wat verkry word wanneer meelblom of meel van rog vermaal word;

"9 XXX-sysif", sysifdoek met 'n openingsmaat van 0.0074 duim en met 86 mase per duim;

"nommer 8 sifdraad", 'n sifdraad met 8 mase per linière duim en gemaak van ligte geplateerde staaldraad, nommer 24 Imperiale standaarddraaddikte;

"standaard-katoendoek", gebleikte katoendoek met 56 tot 60 inslagdrade en 56 tot 60 lengtedrade per linière duim, waarvan die gewig 3 onse per vierkante jaart moet wees nadat al die pap uit die doek verwyder is, met 'n gewigspeling op 'n vogvrye basis bereken van 5 persent weerskante.

Grade.

3. (1) Die grade van meelblom, meel, semolina en bruismeel is as volg:—

(a) Meelblom.

- (i) *Patent- of spesiale meelblom* wat fyn genoeg moet wees om deur 'n 9 XXX-sysif te gaan en wat 'n maksimum asgehalte van 0.45 persent volgens gewig het.
- (ii) *Bakkersmeelblom* wat fyn genoeg moet wees om deur 'n XXX-sysif te gaan en wat 'n asgehalte van meer as 0.45 persent maar hoogstens 0.61 persent volgens gewig het.
- (iii) *No. 1 gesifte of huishoudelike meelblom* wat fyn genoeg moet wees om deur 'n 9 XXX-sysif te gaan en wat 'n asgehalte van meer as 0.61 persent maar hoogstens 0.72 persent volgens gewig het.
- (iv) *Ondergraad-meelblom* wat beteken alle meelblom wat nie aan die vereistes aangegee in subparagraaf (i), (ii) of (iii) voldoen nie.

(b) Meel.

- (i) *No. 2 gesifte meel* met 'n asgehalte van meer as 0.72 persent maar hoogstens 1.00 persent volgens gewig.
- (ii) *No. 1 ongesifte meel* met 'n asgehalte van meer as 1.00 persent maar hoogstens 1.60 persent volgens gewig.
- (iii) *No. 2 ongesifte meel* met 'n asgehalte van meer as 1.60 persent maar hoogstens 1.80 persent volgens gewig.
- (iv) *Geneeskragtige of patentmeelsoorte* met 'n asgehalte van minstens een persent volgens gewig.
- (v) *Ondergraad-meel* wat beteken alle meel wat nie aan die vereistes aangegee in subparagraaf (i), (ii), (iii) of (iv) voldoen nie.

(c) Semolina.

Semolina met 'n maksimum asgehalte van 0.45 persent volgens gewig.

(d) Bruismeel.

- (i) *Eerstegraadse bruismeel* wat fyn genoeg moet wees om deur 'n 9 XXX-sysif te gaan en wat 'n maksimum asgehalte van 0.45 persent volgens gewig het sonder inbegrip van die asgehalte van die rysmiddel.
- (ii) *Tweedegraadse bruismeel* wat fyn genoeg moet wees om deur 'n 9 XXX-sysif te gaan en wat 'n asgehalte van meer as 0.45 persent maar hoogstens 0.55 persent volgens gewig het sonder inbegrip van die asgehalte van die rysmiddel.
- (iii) *Ondergraad-bruismeel* wat beteken alle bruismeel wat nie aan die vereistes aangegee in subparagraaf (i) of (ii) voldoen nie.

(2) Die grade van semels en fynsemels is as volg:—

(a) *Standaard-semels* wat bestaan uit die veldteeltjies van koring nadat die meelblom en meel in die maalproses verwyder is en aan die volgende standaarde moet voldoen:—

- (i) Maksimum persentasie plantaardige materiaal behalwe koring en rog volgens gewig 6.00
- (ii) Minimum persentasie droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 85.00
- (iii) Maksimum persentasie ru-vesel in die droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 12.00
- (iv) Maksimum persentasie as in die droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 7.50
- (v) Moet vars en gesond wees en mag nie 'n muf, suur of ander reuk wat in die handel af te keur is, hê nie en mag nie giftige of ander skadelike stowwe bevat nie.

- (b) *Digestive Bran*, which shall consist of the skin particles of wheat after the flour and meal have been removed in the milling process and shall conform to the following standards:—
- (i) Maximum percentage by weight of vegetable matter other than wheat or rye ... 6.00
 - (ii) Minimum percentage by weight of dry matter ... 85.00
 - (iii) Maximum percentage by weight of crude fibre in the dry matter ... 12.00
 - (iv) Maximum percentage by weight of ash in the dry matter ... 7.50
 - (v) Must not pass through a No. 8 Wire Mesh sieve.
 - (vi) Must be fresh and sound and may not have a musty, sour or other commercially objectionable odour and may not contain any poisonous or other harmful materials.

- (c) *Under Grade Bran*, which shall mean all bran which does not conform to the requirements specified in paragraph (a) or (b).

- (d) *Standard Pollard*, which shall be the product remaining after the milling down of the middling particles of wheat and shall consist of the cell walls, particles of the endosperm, unremoved skin particles and flour particles which cannot be removed in the production of flour or meal and shall conform to the following standards:—

- (i) Maximum percentage by weight of vegetable matter other than wheat or rye ... 6.00
- (ii) Minimum percentage by weight of dry matter ... 85.00
- (iii) Maximum percentage by weight of crude fibre in the dry matter ... 6.75
- (iv) Maximum percentage by weight of ash in the dry matter ... 5.00
- (v) Must be fresh and sound and may not have a musty, sour or other commercially objectionable odour and may not contain any poisonous or other harmful materials.

- (e) *Under Grade Pollard*, which shall mean all pollard which does not conform to the requirements specified in paragraph (d).

- (3) The grades of bread shall be as follows:—

- (a) "*First Grade White Bread*" which shall mean bread made from bakers' flour in all forms and shapes, including bread commonly known to the trade as twists and French, whether baked on the floor of the oven or in pans or tins;
- (b) "*First Grade Brown Bread*" which shall mean bread made from No. 1 unsifted meal, or from any mixture of No. 1 unsifted meal, bakers' flour or medicinal and proprietary meals;
- (c) "*Second Grade White Bread*" which shall mean bread made from No. 1 sifted or household flour, baked in tin or pan form only and shall include bread commonly known to the trade as home made bread;
- (d) "*Second Grade Brown Bread*" which shall mean bread made from No. 1 unsifted meal, or from No. 2 sifted meal or from mixtures of No. 1 unsifted meal and No. 2 sifted meal, and baked in batch form only;
- (e) "*Compound Bread*" which shall mean bread as supplied to native labourer in terms of any regulations made in terms of the Native Labour Regulation Act, 1911 (No. 15 of 1911);
- (f) "*Mixed Bread*" which shall mean all bread, other than that defined in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of this sub-section and made from wheaten flour or meal with the addition of any other type of meal or flour such as rye, mealie, kaffir corn, barley, soya bean or potato flour; provided—

- (i) that the use of wheat malt flour or barley malt flour in bread shall be regarded as normal additional baking ingredient and where wheat malt flour or barley malt flour have been used in baking bread, such bread shall not be graded as mixed bread, but shall be graded in terms of paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this section; and
- (ii) that what is known in the baking trade as currant bread, raisin bread and fruit bread shall not be graded as mixed or any other grade of bread but shall be deemed to be confectionery and be excluded from the provisions of these regulations.

- (g) "*Under Grade Bread*" which shall mean all bread which does not conform to the requirements specified in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f).

TESTING.

4. (1) *Determination of ash content*.—The ash content percentage of a sample of flour, meal, semolina, self raising flour, bran or pollard shall be on a moisture free basis. The ash content shall be determined on a moist basis by means of the Glycerol-Alcohol Method and the results obtained from this test shall be reduced to a moisture free basis by means of the results obtained from a moisture test made by means of the Hot-Air Oven Method.

- (b) *Spysverteringsemels* wat bestaan uit die veldeeltjies van koring nadat die meelblom en meel in die maalproses verwys is en aan die volgende standarde voldoen:—

- (i) Maksimum persentasie plantoedige materiaal behalwe koring en rog volgens gewig 6.00
- (ii) Minimum persentasie droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 85.00
- (iii) Maksimum persentasie ru-vel in die droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 12.00
- (iv) Maksimum persentasie as in droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 7.50
- (v) Moenie deur 'n No. 8 sifdraad gaan nie;
- (vi) Moet vars en gesond wees en mag nie 'n muf, suur of ander reuk wat in die handel af te keur is, hê nie en mag nie giftige of ander skadelike stowwe bevat nie.

- (c) *Ondergraad-semels* wat beteken alle semels wat nie aan die vereistes aangegee in paragraaf (a) of (b) voldoen nie.

- (d) *Standaard-fynsemels* wat die produk is wat oorbly na die vermalings van die growwe meeldeeltes van koring en bestaan uit die selwande, endospermdeeltes, onverwyderde veldeeltjies en meelblomdeeltes, wat nie by die produksie van meelblom of meel vedwyer kan word nie, en aan die volgende standarde moet voldoen:—

- (i) Maksimum persentasie plantoedige materiaal behalwe koring en rog volgens gewig 6.00
- (ii) Minimum persentasie droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 85.00
- (iii) Maksimum persentasie ru-vel in die droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 6.75
- (iv) Maksimum persentasie as in die droë materiaal volgens gewig ... 5.00
- (v) Moet vars en gesond wees en mag nie 'n muf, suur of ander reuk wat in die handel af te keur is, hê nie en mag nie giftige of ander skadelike stowwe bevat nie.

- (e) *Ondergraad-fynsemels* wat beteken alle fynsemels wat nie aan die vereistes aangegee in paragraaf (d) voldoen nie.

- (3) Die grade van brood is as volg:—

- (a) „*Eerste graad-witbrood*” beteken brood gemaak van bakkersmeelblom, in alle vorms en fassene, met inbegrip van brood wat in die handel bekend is as twists en French, hetsy op die vloer van die oond of in panne of blikke gebak;
- (b) „*Eerste graad-bruinbrood*” beteken brood gemaak van No. 1 ongesifte meel of van enige mengsel van No. 1 ongesifte meel, bakkersmeelblom of geneeskragtige en patentmeelsoorte;
- (c) „*Tweede graad-witbrood*” beteken brood gemaak van No. 1 gesifte of huishoudelike meelblom wat net in blikke of panne gebak is en sluit in brood wat algemeen in die handel bekend is as tuisgemaakte brood;
- (d) „*Tweede graad-bruinbrood*” beteken net brode wat aanmekeer gebak is en wat gemaak is van No. 1 ongesifte meel of van No. 2 gesifte meel of van mengsels van No. 1 ongesifte meel en No. 2 gesifte meel;
- (e) „*Compound brood*” beteken brood soos verskaf aan natuurlike-arbeiders kragtens regulasies gemaak ingevolge die Naturellearbeid Regelingswet, 1911 (No. 15 van 1911);
- (f) „*Gemengde brood*” beteken alle brood behalwe die wat omskryf word in paragrafe (a), (b), (c), (d) en (e) van hierdie subartikel en wat gemaak is van koringmeelblom of meel met byvoeging van enige ander soort meelblom of meel soos rog-, melie-, kafferkoring-, gars-, sojabontjie- of aartappelmeel; met dien verstande dat—

- (i) koringmoutmeel of garsmoutmeel in brood beskou word as 'n normale addisionele bakbestanddeel en dat waar koringmoutmeel of garsmoutmeel gebruik is by die bak van brood, sodanige brood nie gegradeer word as gemengde brood nie, maar gegradeer word overeenkomstig paragrafe (a), (b), (c) en (d) van hierdie artikel; en
- (ii) brood wat in die bakkersbedryf bekend is as korentebrood, rosyntjiebrood en vrugtebrood, nie as gemengde brood of as enige ander graad brood gegradeer word nie maar beskou word as banket en dat die bepalinge van hierdie regulasies nie daarop van toepassing is nie.

- (g) „*Ondergraad-brood*” wat beteken alle brood wat nie aan die vereistes aangegee in paragraaf (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) of (f) voldoen nie.

4. (1) *Bepaling van asgehalte*.—Die persentasie asgehalte van 'n monster meelblom, meel, semolina, bruismel, semels of fynsemels moet op 'n vogvrye basis wees. Die asgehalte word bepaal op 'n nat basis deur middel van die gliserol-alkohol-metode, en die resultate met hierdie toets verkry, word herlei tot 'n vogvrye basis deur middel van die resultate verkry van 'n vogtoets gemaak volgens die warmlugoond-metode.

(a) *Glycerol-Alcohol Method for the Determination of the Ash Content.*

In this method two ashing dishes are ignited, cooled in a desiccator and weighed separately as soon as they have reached room temperature. Into each of these ashing dishes are placed three grammes of a well mixed sample of the flour, meal, semolina, self raising flour, bran or pollard. To each of the dishes 4.5 c.c. of the Glycerol-Alcohol solution are added. This Glycerol-Alcohol solution is made by mixing equal parts of pure Glycerol and of 95 per cent. ethyl alcohol. The Glycerol-Alcohol solution is allowed to stand in contact with the flour, meal, semolina, self raising flour, bran or pollard for ten minutes, is then ignited with a match and placed in the furnace which has been heated to a temperature of 575° C. and is heated at a temperature of not less than 560° C. and not more than 590° C. until completely ashed as is shown by the contents of the dishes becoming fluffy and grey-white. The dishes are then cooled in a desiccator. As soon as room temperature is reached, each ashing dish with its contents is weighed. From the weights of each ashing dish so obtained the original weight of the respective ashing dish is deducted. This difference in weight expressed as a percentage of the three grammes taken represents the ash content of the sample of the flour, meal, semolina, self raising flour, bran or pollard on a moist basis. If the percentages obtained in respect of the two samples do not agree to two places of decimals, the test must be repeated.

(b) *Hot-Air Oven Method for Determining the Moisture Content.*

To calculate the ash content on a moisture free basis, a moisture test of the same flour, meal, semolina, self raising flour, bran or pollard, must be made by means of the Hot-Air Oven Method.

In this method two flat bottom covered dishes of a diameter of not less than 6 cm. are dried in the oven to a constant weight at a temperature of not less than 127° C. and not more than 133° C. and are then cooled in a desiccator and are weighed separately as soon as the dishes have attained room temperature. Into each of these two dishes three grammes of the same sample of flour, meal, semolina, self raising flour, bran or pollard which has been used for the determination of the ash content and which has been well mixed are placed. The dishes are uncovered and the dishes, covers and contents are dried in the oven for one hour at a temperature of not less than 127° C. or more than 133° C. The hour is calculated from the time at which the temperature returns to 130° C. after the introduction of the dishes. At the end of the hour's heating, the dishes are covered while still in the oven, transferred to a desiccator and weighed separately as soon as room temperature is attained. The weight obtained in each case is deducted from the weight of the respective dish plus three grammes. These results, expressed as a percentage of the original 3 grammes of flour, meal, semolina, self raising flour, bran or pollard represent the moisture content of the samples. If the percentages obtained in respect of the two samples do not agree to two places of decimals, the test must be repeated.

(2) Before determination of the ash and moisture content of self raising flour, the aerating agent shall be removed therefrom and for that purpose 25 grammes of self raising flour are placed in a metal centrifuge cup which must have a diameter of two inches and a depth of six inches. Sufficient carbon tetra-chloride (about 250 c.c.) is added to fill the cup to within one inch of the top. The mixture is centrifuged for five to seven minutes at a speed of 1,600 revolutions per minute. The centrifuge is then allowed to come slowly to rest. As much as possible of the flour, which will be in a compact layer on the surface of the carbon tetra-chloride, is carefully skimmed off with a large spoon.

(NOTE.—If proper care is taken, about 90 per cent. of the flour will be recovered.)

The wet flour is left overnight to dry by the evaporation of the carbon tetra-chloride. The flour after evaporation of the carbon tetra-chloride is then tested for ash content and moisture content as described in paragraphs (a) and (b) of sub-section (1) of this section.

(3) *Determination of Crude Fibre Content.*—The crude fibre content of the dry matter in bran or pollard shall be determined as follows:—

Two grammes of the air dried sample of wheaten bran or pollard are placed in a 500 c.c. beaker. 200 c.c. of sulphuric acid 1.25 per cent. strength are measured off into another beaker, the acid is brought to boil and transferred at once to the beaker containing the sample. The mixture in the beaker is boiled at once and the boiling continued gently for 30 minutes. The volume of the mixture in the beaker is kept constant by the addition of boiling water and reducing any undue frothing by conducting a current of air into the vessel above the liquid. The mixture is filtered through a standard cotton cloth. The residue is washed with boiling water until the filtrate is free from acid. 200 c.c. of sodium hydroxide solution of 1.25 per cent. strength, is measured off. The solution is brought to the boil and the boiling solution is used to rinse the residue on the cotton cloth back into the beaker. The mixture in the beaker is at once again brought to the boil and the boiling continued for 30 minutes in the same way as in the case of the acid treatment. The beaker is then filled with cold water and the fibre at once

(a) *Gliserol-alkohol-metode vir bepaling van asgehalte.*

By hierdie metode word twee verassingsbakkies gloeiend warm gemaak, in 'n dessikator afgekoel en afsonderlik geweeg sodra hulle kamertemperatuur bereik. In elke verassingsbakkie word drie gram van 'n goedgemengde monster van die meelblom, meel, semolina, bruismeel, semels of fynsemels geplaas en 4.5 k.s. van die gliserol-alkohol-oplossing bygevoeg. Hierdie gliserol-alkohol-oplossing word berei deur gelyke dele suiwer gliserol en etielalkohol van 95 persent sterkte te meng. Die gliserol-alkohol-oplossing moet vir tien minute in aanraking met die meelblom, meel, semolina, bruismeel, semels of fynsemels bly staan. Dit word dan met 'n vuurhoutjie aan die brand gestee en in 'n oond geplaas wat verhit is tot by 'n temperatuur van 575° C. Die bakkies word verhit by 'n temperatuur van minstens 560° C. en hoogstens 590° C. totdat die inhoud heeltemal veras is soos aangetoon deur die donserigheid en gryswit kleur. Die bakkies word dan in 'n dessikator afgekoel. Sodra kamertemperatuur bereik is, word elke bakkie met sy inhoud geweeg. Die oorspronklike gewig van die onderskeie verassingsbakkies word nou afgetrek van elkeen se gewig wat aldus verkry is. Hierdie verskil in gewig, uitgedruk as 'n persentasie van die drie gram wat geneem is, verteenwoordig die asgehalte van die monster meelblom, meel, semolina, bruismeel, semels of fynsemels op 'n nat basis. As die persentasies ten opsigte van die twee monsters verkry, nie tot twee desimaalplekke ooreenstem nie, moet die toets herhaal word.

(b) *Warmlugoond-metode vir bepaling van voggehalte.*

Om die asgehalte op 'n vogvrye basis te bepaal, moet 'n vogtoets van dieselfde meelblom, meel, semolina, bruismeel, semels of fynsemels deur middel van die warmlugoond-metode gemaak word.

By hierdie metode word twee bakkies met plat bodems, en 'n deursnee van minstens 6 sm. met hul deksels op in 'n oond gedroog by 'n temperatuur van minstens 127° C. en hoogstens 133° C. totdat die gewig konstant bly, in 'n dessikator afgekoel en afsonderlik geweeg sodra hulle kamertemperatuur bereik. In elke bakkie word drie gram van dieselfde goedgemengde monster meelblom, meel, semolina, bruismeel, semels of fynsemels geplaas as wat vir die bepaling van die asgehalte gebruik is. Die deksels word afgehaal en die bakkies, inhoud en deksels word vir een uur by 'n temperatuur van minstens 127° C. en hoogstens 133° C. in 'n oond gedroog. Die uur word bereken vanaf die oomblik waarop die temperatuur tot 130° C. terugkeer nadat die bakkies in die oond geplaas is. Aan die end van die uur se verhitting word die deksels op die bakkies geplaas terwyl hulle nog in die oond is, die bakkies word in 'n dessikator geplaas en afsonderlik geweeg sodra kamertemperatuur bereik is. Die gewig in elke geval verkry, word afgetrek van die gewig van die onderskeie bakkies plus drie gram. Hierdie resultate, uitgedruk as 'n persentasie van die oorspronklike 3 gram meelblom, meel, semolina, bruismeel, semels of fynsemels, verteenwoordig die voggehalte van die monsters. As die persentasies ten opsigte van die twee monsters verkry, nie tot twee desimaalplekke ooreenstem nie, moet die toets herhaal word.

(2) Voordat die as- en voggehalte van bruismeel bepaal kan word, moet die rysmiddel uit die meel verwyderd word, en vir daardie doel word 25 gram van die bruismeel in 'n sentrifugebus van metaal met 'n deursnee van twee duim en 'n diepte van ses duim geplaas. Genoeg koolstoftetrachloried (omtrent 250 k.s.) word bygevoeg om die sentrifugebus tot een duim van bo af te vul. Die mengsel word vir vyf tot sewe minute teen 'n spoed van 1,600 omwentelings per minuut in die sentrifuge gedraai, wat dan toegelaat word om stadig tot stilstand te kom. Soveel moontlik van die meel, wat in 'n digte laag bo-op die koolstoftetrachloried sal dryf, word versigtig met 'n groot lepel afgeskep.

(OPMERKING.—Met behoorlike sorg kan ongeveer 90 persent van die meel teruggekry word.)

Die nat meel word toegelaat om gedurende die nag droog te word deur verdamping van die koolstoftetrachloried. Na verdamping van die koolstoftetrachloried word die meel vir die as- en voggehalte getoets soos in paragrawe (a) en (b) van subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel beskryf.

(3) *Bepaling van Ru-veselgehalte.*—Die ru-veselgehalte van die droë materiaal in semels of fynsemels word as volg bepaal:—

Twee gram van die luggedroogde monster van die semels of fynsemels word in 'n 500 k.s.-beker geplaas. 200 k.s. swawelsuur van 1.25 persent sterkte word in 'n ander beker afgemete, die suur word aan die kook gebring en dadelik oorgedooi in die beker wat die monster bevat. Die mengsel in die beker word dadelik weer aan die kook gebring en vir 30 minute stadig gekook. Die volume van die mengsel in die beker word konstant gehou deur byvoeging van kokende water en oormatige opskuiming word verminder deur die toediening van 'n stroom lug in die beker bo die vloeistof. Die mengsel word gefiltreer deur 'n standaardkatoendoek. Die residu word met kokende water gewas totdat die filtraat suurvry is. 200 k.s. Natrium-hidroksiede-oplossing van 1.25 persent sterkte word afgemete. Die oplossing word aan die kook gebring en die residu op die katoendoek met die kokende oplossing in die beker teruggespoel. Die mengsel in die beker word dadelik weer aan die kook gebring en soos in die geval van die suurbehandeling vir 30 minute gekook. Die beker word dan met koue water gevul en die ru-vesel dadelik vinnig

rapidly filtered through an asbestos packed Gooch crucible, using a filter pump to expedite filtration. The crucible should be two-thirds filled with hydrochloric acid extracted sand of a grain coarser than a sieve of 80 meshes but finer than 30 meshes per linear inch. The residue is then washed with boiling water until the filtrate is free from alkali, after which the residue is dried to a constant weight in a hot-air oven at a temperature of 105° C. The crucible containing the residue is then placed in a desiccator and as soon as room temperature is reached the crucible is weighed. The residue is then completely incinerated and after cooling in a desiccator to room temperature the crucible is again weighed. The difference in weight between the last two weighings expressed as a percentage of the original two grammes represents the percentage of crude fibre in the air dried sample. The results obtained from this test shall be reduced to a moisture free basis by means of the results obtained from the moisture test made by means of the Hot-air Oven Method.

Notes.

1. The sodium hydroxide (NaOH) solution should be free or practically free from (Na₂CO₃) sodium carbonate.
2. The sodium hydroxide (NaOH) solution contains exactly 1.25 grammes of NaOH in 100 c.c. as determined by titration, using phenol-phthalein as indicator.
3. The sulphuric acid (H₂SO₄) solution contains exactly 1.25 grammes of H₂SO₄ in 100 c.c. as determined by titration using phenol-phthalein as indicator.

Packings.

5 (1) No person shall buy or sell flour, meal or semolina in any packing other than the following:—

Jute containers containing 200 lb. net weight.
Jute containers containing 100 lb. net weight.
Cotton containers containing 100 lb. net weight.
Cotton containers containing 50 lb. net weight.
Cotton containers containing 25 lb. net weight.
Cotton containers containing 10 lb. net weight.
Cotton containers containing 5 lb. net weight.
Provided that:—

- (a) semolina may be bought or sold in carton containers of one, two, three or four pounds net weight.
 - (b) flour, meal or semolina may be bought or sold loose in in paper or other containers containing other net weights than those specified above.
- (2) No person shall buy or sell self raising flour in any packing other than a paper or carton container containing one pound net weight or two pounds net weight.
- (3) No person shall buy or sell bran or pollard in packings other than those specified below:—
- (a) standard bran or digestive bran in jute containers containing 100 lb. net weight.
 - (b) standard pollard in jute containers containing 150 lb. net weight.

Provided that bran or pollard may be bought or sold loose in paper or other containers containing lesser net weights than those specified above.

Marking.

6. All containers wherein flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour is bought or sold shall be plainly marked with the name of the miller who manufactured the flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour, the registered number allocated to him by the Wheat Industry Control Board, the net weight and the grade of flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour contained therein; provided that the provisions of this section shall not apply to sales of flour, meal or semolina in terms of proviso (b) to sub-section (1) of section 5.

Labelling.

7 (1) *Flour, Meal and Semolina.*—All containers containing 200 lb. or 100 lb. of flour, meal or semolina shall, in addition to the marking specified in section 6, bear a label of a size not less than one inch by two inches, on which label the particulars required in terms of section 6, shall be given.

(2) *Bran and Pollard.*—The containers referred to in sub-section (3) of section 5 and containing standard bran or digestive bran or under grade bran or standard pollard or under grade pollard shall bear a label of a size not less than one by two inches whereon shall clearly be stated the name of the miller who manufactured the bran or pollard, the registered number allocated to him by the Wheat Industry Control Board, and whether the contents are standard bran, digestive bran, under grade bran, standard pollard or under grade pollard.

Provided that this section shall not apply to sales of bran or pollard in terms of the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 5.

gefiltreer deur 'n met asbes gepakte Gooch-smeltkroes wat aan 'n suigpomp gekoppel is om filtrasie te veranel. Die smeltkroes moet twee-derdes vol soutuur-geëkstraheerde sand wees. Die sand moet 'n growwer korrelstruktuur hê as 'n sif van 80 mase maar fyner as 30 mase per liniëre duim. Die residu word dan met kokende water gewas totdat die filtraat alkalivry is, waarna die residu in 'n warmlugoond by 'n temperatuur van 105° C. gedroog word totdat die gewig konstant bly. Die smeltkroes met die residu word dan in 'n dessikator geplaas en geweeg sodra kamertemperatuur bereik is. Die residu word dan heeltemal verbrand en na afkoeling tot kamertemperatuur in 'n dessikator, word die smeltkroes weer geweeg. Die verskil in gewig tussen die laaste twee wegings, uitgedruk as 'n persentasie van die oorspronklike 2 gram, verteenwoordig die persentasie ru-vesel in die lug-gedroogde monster. Die resultate met hierdie toets verkry, word herlei tot 'n vogvrye basis deur middel van die resultate van 'n vogtoets gemaak volgens die warmlugoond-metode.

Opmerkings.

1. Die natriumhidroksiede-oplossing (NaOH moet vry of byna vry van natriumkarbonaat (Na₂CO₃) wees.
2. Die natriumhidroksiede-oplossing (NaOH) bevat presies 1.25 gram NaOH in 100 k.s. volgens titrasie-bepaling met fenolftaleien as indikator.
3. Die swawelsuur-oplossing (H₂SO₄) bevat presies 1.25 gram H₂SO₄ in 100 k.s. volgens titrasie-bepaling met fenolftaleien as indikator.

Verpakkings.

5 (1) Niemand mag meelblom, meel of semolina in ander verpakkings as die volgende koop of verkoop nie:—

Jute-houers wat 200 lb. netto-gewig bevat.
Jute-houers wat 100 lb. netto-gewig bevat.
Katoenhouders wat 100 lb. netto-gewig bevat.
Katoenhouders wat 50 lb. netto-gewig bevat.
Katoenhouders wat 25 lb. netto-gewig bevat.
Katoenhouders wat 10 lb. netto-gewig bevat.
Katoenhouders wat 5 lb. netto-gewig bevat.
Met dien verstande dat:—

- (a) semolina in kartonhouers van een, twee, drie of vier pond netto-gewig gekoop of verkoop kan word;
- (b) meelblom, meel of semolina los in papier- of ander houers wat ander netto-gewigte as dié hierbo gespesifiseer, bevat, gekoop of verkoop kan word.

(2) Niemand mag bruismeel in ander verpakkings as papier- of kartonhouers wat een pond netto-gewig of twee pond netto-gewig bevat, koop of verkoop nie.

(3) Niemand mag semels of fynsemels in ander verpakkings as die volgende koop of verkoop nie:—

- (a) standaard-semels of spysverteringsemels in jute-houers wat 100 lb. netto-gewig bevat;
- (b) standaard-fynsemeles in jute-houers wat 150 lb. netto-gewig bevat.

Met dien verstande dat semels of fynsemels los in papier of ander houers wat ander netto-gewigte bevat as dié hierbo gespesifiseer, gekoop of verkoop kan word.

Merk.

6. Alle houers waarin meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel gekoop of verkoop word, moet duidelik gemerk wees met die naam van die meulenaar wat die meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel vervaardig het, die geregistreerde nommer aan hom toegeken deur die Raad van Beheer oor die Koringnywerheid, die netto-gewig en die graad van die meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel daarin bevat; met dien verstande dat die bepaling van hierdie artikel nie van toepassing is op verkopings van meelblom, meel of semolina kragtens voorbehoedsbepaling (b) van subartikel (1) van artikel 5 nie.

Aanbring van Etikette.

7 (1) *Meelblom, Meel en Semolina.*—Alle houers wat 200 lb. of 100 lb. meelblom, meel of semolina bevat, moet behalwe die merke gespesifiseer in artikel 6, 'n etiket aanhê van 'n grootte van minstens een duim by twee duim, waarop die besonderhede ingevolge artikel 6 vereis, aangegee word.

(2) *Semels of Fynsemels.*—Die houers genoem in subartikel (3) van artikel 5 wat standaard-semels, spysverteringsemels, ondergraad-semels, standaard-fynsemels of ondergraad-fynsemels bevat, moet 'n etiket aanhê van 'n grootte van minstens een duim by twee duim waarop duidelik aangegee word die naam van die meulenaar wat die semels of fynsemels vervaardig het, die geregistreerde nommer deur die Raad van Beheer oor die Koringnywerheid aan hom toegeken, en of die inhoud standaard-semels, spysverteringssemels, ondergraad-semels, standaard-fynsemels of ondergraad-fynsemels is; met dien verstande dat hierdie artikel nie van toepassing is op verkopings van semels of fynsemels kragtens die voorbehoedsbepaling van subartikel (3) van artikel 5 nie.

(3) *Bread*.—All bread other than compound bread shall bear a label which shall be attached before the dough is placed in the oven. The label shall be such that it remains attached and clearly legible after baking. The size of the label shall be not less than $1\frac{1}{2}$ by $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. On the label the following particulars shall be given:—

- (a) the name and business address of the person who baked the bread, in plain letters not less than one-eighth of an inch in height;
- (b) the grade of the bread, in plain letters not less than one-third of an inch in height.

Offences and Penalties.

8. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any provision of these regulations shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds.

* No. 917.]

[23 June 1939.]

In terms of sub-section (1) of section *twenty-nine* of the Marketing Act, 1937 (Act No. 26 of 1937), I WILLIAM RICHARD COLLINS, Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, hereby notify that the Wheat Industry Control Board referred to in section *two* of the Wheat Control Scheme, published under Proclamation No. 212 in the *Government Gazette* No. 2574 of the 5th October, 1938, has, in terms of section *twenty-three* of that Scheme, and with my approval, imposed the prohibition specified in the Schedule hereto in connection with the sale of bran and pollard, in substitution for the prohibition in connection with the sale of bran and pollard which was made known by Government Notice No. 1871 of 1938.

And I do hereby notify that the said prohibition shall become operative from the date of publication hereof.

W. R. COLLINS,
Minister of Agriculture and Forestry.

SCHEDULE.

SELLING PRICES OF WHEATEN BRAN AND POLLARD.

1. No person shall sell wheaten bran or pollard at prices higher than the following:—

	s. d.
Standard Bran per bag of 100 lb. net weight ...	5 6
Digestive Bran per bag of 100 lb. net weight ...	6 6
Standard Pollard per bag of 150 lb. net weight ...	9 0

Provided that where standard bran, digestive bran or standard pollard is sold loose in quantities less than a bag of 100 or 150 lb. net weight, as the case may be, the maximum selling price shall be one penny per pound net weight.

2. The above prices are for the products delivered at the seller's nearest railway station, when such products specified are railed to the purchaser, or at the seller's place of business when the products specified are not so railed. The cost of transport from the seller's place of business or the railage from the seller's nearest railway station, shall be borne by the purchaser.

3. For the purpose of the foregoing prohibition, the terms "standard bran", "digestive bran" and "standard pollard" shall bear the meanings assigned thereto in the regulations published under Government Notice No. 916 of 23 June, 1939.

* No. 918.]

[23 June 1939.]

In terms of sub-section (1) of section *twenty-nine* of the Marketing Act, 1937 (Act No. 26 of 1937), I, WILLIAM RICHARD COLLINS, Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, hereby notify that the Wheat Industry Control Board referred to in section *two* of the Wheat Control Scheme, published under Proclamation No. 212 in the *Government Gazette* No. 2574 of the 5th October, 1938, as, in terms of section *twenty-three* of that Scheme, and with my approval, imposed the prohibition specified in the Schedule hereto in connection with the sale of bread, in substitution for the prohibition imposed in connection with the sale of bread which was made known by Government Notice No. 1872 of 1938;

And I do hereby notify that the said prohibition shall become operative from the date of publication hereof.

W. R. COLLINS,
Minister of Agriculture and Forestry.

SCHEDULE.

SELLING PRICES OF BREAD.

No person shall sell bread at prices other than the following:—

Retail Prices.

1. (1) The retail prices for the undermentioned grades of bread shall be as follows:—

(a) *When sold as unwrapped bread:*

- "First Grade White Bread", per pound 3½d.
- "First Grade Brown Bread", per pound 3½d.
- "Second Grade White Bread", per pound 3d.
- "Second Grade Brown Bread", per pound 3d.
- "Mixed Bread", per pound 3½d.

(3) *Brood*.—Alle brood behalwe „Compound-brood” moet 'n etiket aanhê wat aangeheg moet word voordat die deeg in die oond geplaas word. Die etiket moet van so 'n aard wees dat dit aangeheg en duidelik leesbaar bly nadat die brood gebak is. Die grootte van die etiket moet minstens $1\frac{1}{2}$ duim by $1\frac{1}{2}$ duim wees. Die volgende besonderhede moet op die etiket aangegee word:—

- (a) die naam en besigheidsadres van die persoon wat die brood gebak het in duidelik letters minstens eenagste van 'n duim hoog;
- (b) die graad van die brood in duidelik letters minstens een-derde van 'n duim hoog.

Oortredings en Strawwe.

8. Enigeen wat die bepalings van hierdie regulasies oortree of versuim om daaraan te voldoen, is aan 'n misdryf skuldig en by veroordeling strafbaar met 'n boete van hoogstens een honderd pond.

* No. 917.]

[23 Junie 1939.]

Ooreenkomstig subartikel (1) van artikel *nege-en-twintig* van die *Bemerkingswet*, 1937 (Wet No. 26 van 1937), maak ek, WILLIAM RICHARD COLLINS, Minister van Landbou en Bosbou, hierby bekend dat die Raad van Beheer oor die Koringnywerheid, genoem in artikel *twee* van die Koringreëlinskema wat by Proklamasie No. 212 in *Staatskoerant* No. 2574 van 5 Oktober 1938 gepubliseer is, kragtens artikel *drie-en-twintig* van daardie Skema en met my goedkeuring die verbod aangegee in die skedule hiervan opgelê het in verband met die verkoop van semels en fynsemels, in plaas van die verbod in verband met die verkoop van semels en fynsemels, wat by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1871 van 1938 bekend gemaak is.

En ek maak hierby verder bekend dat genoemde verbod vanaf datum van publikasie hiervan in werking tree.

W. R. COLLINS,
Minister van Landbou en Bosbou.

BYLAE.

VERKOOPPRYSE VAN KORINGSEMELS EN -FYNSEMELS.

1. Niemand mag koringsemels of -fynsemels teen hoër pryse as die volgende verkoop nie:—

	s. d.
Standaard-semels, per sak van 100 lb. netto-gewig	5 6
Spysverteringsemels, per sak van 100 lb. netto-gewig	6 6
Standaard-fynsemels, per sak van 150 lb. netto-gewig	9 0

met dien verstande dat waar standaard-semels, spysverteringsemels of standaard-fynsemels los verkoop word in kleiner hoeveelhede as sakke van 'n netto-gewig van 100 lb. of 150 lb., na gelang van die geval, die maksimum verkoopprijs 1 pennie per lb. netto-gewig is.

2. Bogenoemde pryse is vir die produkte by die verkoper se naaste spoorwegstasie gelewer wanneer sodanige gespesifiseerde produkte per spoor versend word aan die koper; of by die verkoper se besigheidsplek wanneer die gespesifiseerde produkte nie aldus per spoor versend word nie. Die vervoerkoste vanaf die verkoper se besigheidsplek, of die spoorvrag vanaf die verkoper se naaste spoorwegstasie, word deur die koper gedra.

3. Vir die toepassing van voorgaande verbod het die uitdrukkings „standaard-semels”, „spysverteringsemels”, en „standaard-fynsemels” die betekenisse wat in die regulasies gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 916 van 23 Junie 1939 daaraan toegeskryf is.

* No. 918.]

[23 Junie 1939.]

Ooreenkomstig subartikel (1) van artikel *nege-en-twintig* van die *Bemerkingswet*, 1937 (Wet No. 26 van 1937), maak ek, WILLIAM RICHARD COLLINS, Minister van Landbou en Bosbou, hierby bekend dat die Raad van Beheer oor die Koringnywerheid, genoem in artikel *twee* van die Koringreëlinskema wat by Proklamasie No. 212 in *Staatskoerant* No. 2574 van 5 Oktober 1938 gepubliseer is, kragtens artikel *drie-en-twintig* van daardie Skema en met my goedkeuring, die verbod aangegee in die skedule hiervan opgelê het in verband met die verkoop van brood, in plaas van die verbod in verband met die verkoop van brood wat by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1872 van 1938 bekend gemaak is.

En ek maak hierby verder bekend dat genoemde verbod vanaf datum van publikasie hiervan in werking tree.

W. R. COLLINS,
Minister van Landbou en Bosbou.

BYLAE.

VERKOOPPRYSE VAN BROOD.

Niemand mag brood teen ander pryse as die volgende verkoop nie:—

Kleinhandelpryse.

1. (1) Die kleinhandelpryse van onderstaande grade brood is as volg:—

- (a) *Wanneer dit as nie-toegedraaide brood verkoop word:*—
 - „Eerste graad witbrood”, per pond ... 3½d.
 - „Eerste graad bruinbrood”, per pond ... 3½d.
 - „Tweede graad witbrood”, per pond ... 3d.
 - „Tweede graad bruinbrood”, per pond ... 3d.
 - „Gemengde brood”, per pond ... 3½d.

(b) *When sold as wrapped bread:*

the prices for the respective grades shall be those specified in paragraph (a) hereof, plus one halfpenny per loaf irrespective of the weight of such loaf; provided that

- (i) saving as hereinafter provided, no seller of bread shall in respect of any sale of bread, give, make available, offer, promise to give, any benefit whatsoever other than the bread sold to the buyer of such bread or to any other person, and
- (ii) where any benefit is given, made available, offered or promised to the buyer or to any other person as aforesaid, the sale of such bread shall be deemed to be at a price other than the price fixed for the same by this notice.

(2) When bread is sold by means of coupons, and such coupons are sold in advance for cash, the prices specified in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section shall be subject to a discount of 5 per cent.

Wholesale Prices.

2. (1) The wholesale prices for the respective grades of bread, sold as wrapped and unwrapped bread, shall be the retail prices for the same as fixed by sub-section (1) of section 1 of this Schedule, less a special discount of twelve and one half per cent. on such prices, and shall be calculated to the nearest halfpenny.

(2) The provisions of provisos (i) and (ii) to sub-section (1) of section 1 of this notice shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to wholesale prices.

(3) Wholesale prices shall not be subject to the discount mentioned in sub-section (2) of section 1 of this notice.

Definitions.

3. (1) For the purpose of this notice—

“benefit” shall mean any allowance, commission, concession, consideration, discount, extended term of credit, gift, loan, payment, prize, rebate, reward, service or any advantage whatsoever;

“wholesale prices” shall mean the prices at which bread shall be sold in quantities of not less than 12 lb. at one and the same time to the following:—

(a) persons who hold licences issued in terms of the Licences Consolidation Act, 1925, as amended, to carry on the business of—

- (i) aerated or mineral water dealer;
- (ii) hotel keeper or boarding or lodging house keeper;
- (iii) butcher;
- (iv) eating house keeper;
- (v) fresh produce dealer;
- (vi) general dealer;
- (vii) hawker;
- (viii) restaurant, or refreshment or tearoom keeper;
- (ix) pedlar;

(b) mess caterers;

(c) clubs;

(d) institutions subsidised or controlled by the Union Government, Provincial or local authorities, and charitable institutions recognised as such by the Union, Provincial or local authorities;

(e) the Union Government, the British Government, Provincial and local authorities;

(f) keepers of hotels or of boarding or lodging houses who are not required to take out a licence in terms of the Licences Consolidation Act, 1925, as amended, as long as not less than eight boarders or table-boarders are maintained or obtain their meals regularly at such hotels or boarding or lodging houses;

“retail prices” shall mean the prices at which bread shall be sold to all persons other than those to whom bread is sold at wholesale prices;

“wrapped bread” shall mean bread wrapped and sealed in or on the baker's premises in waxed or other paper;

“unwrapped bread” shall mean all bread other than “wrapped bread”.

(2) The grades of bread referred to above are the grades specified in the regulations published under Government Notice No. 916 of 23rd June, 1939.

* No. 919.]

[23 June 1939.]

In terms of sub-section (1) of section twenty-nine of the Marketing Act, 1937 (Act No. 26 of 1937), I, WILLIAM RICHARD COLLINS, Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, hereby notify that the Wheat Industry Control Board referred to in section two of the Wheat Control Scheme published under Proclamation No. 212 in the *Government Gazette*, No. 2574 of the 5th October, 1938, has in terms of section twenty-three of that Scheme, and with my approval, imposed the prohibitions specified in the Schedule hereto in connection with the sale of flour, meal, semolina and self raising flour, in substitution for the prohibition imposed in connection with the sale of meal and flour, which was made known by Government Notice No. 1871 of 1938.

And I do hereby notify that the said prohibitions shall become operative from the date of publication hereof.

W. R. COLLINS,
Minister of Agriculture and Forestry.

(b) *Wanneer dit as toegedraaide brood verkoop word:—*

Die pryse vir die onderskeie grade is dié gespesifiseer in paragraaf (a) hiervan, plus 'n halwe pennie per brood, onverskillig hoe swaar so 'n brood weeg; met dien verstande dat—

- (i) behalwe soos hierna bepaal, geen verkoper van brood, ten opsigte van 'n verkoping van brood, enige voordeel hoegenaamd behalwe die brood verkoop, aan die koper van sodanige brood of enige ander persoon mag gee, beskikbaar stel, aanbied of belowe om te gee nie; en
- (ii) waar enige voordeel aan die koper of aan enige ander persoon soos voornoem gegee, beskikbaar gestel, aangebied of belowe word, die verkoping van sodanige brood geag word teen 'n ander prys te wees as die prys daarvoor vasgestel by hierdie kennisgewing

(2) Waar brood deur middel van koepons verkoop word, en sodanige koepons vooruit vir kontant verkoop word, is die pryse gespesifiseer in paragrafe (a) en (b) van hierdie artikel onderhewig aan 'n afslag van 5 persent.

Groothandelpryse.

2. (1) Die groothandelpryse vir die onderskeie grade brood, verkoop as toegedraaide en nie toegedraaide brood, is die kleinhandelpryse daarvoor, soos vasgestel by subartikel (1) van artikel 1 van hierdie bylae, min 'n spesiale afslag van twaalf-en-'n-halwe persent op sodanige pryse en word bereken tot die naaste halwe pennie.

(2) Voorbehoudsbepalings (i) en (ii) van subartikel (1) van artikel 1 van hierdie kennisgewing is *mutatis mutandis* van toepassing op groothandelpryse.

(3) Groothandelpryse is nie onderhewig aan die afslag genoem in subartikel (2) van artikel 1 van hierdie kennisgewing nie.

Woordomskrywing.

3. (1) Vir die doel van hierdie kennisgewing beteken—

„voordeel” enige toelae, kommissie, konsessie, konsiderasie, afslag, verlengde krediettermyn, geskenk, lening, betaling, prys, korting, beloning, diens of enige voordeel hoegenaamd;

„groothandelpryse” die pryse waarteen brood in hoeveelhede van minstens 12 lb. tegelyk aan die volgende verkoop word—

(a) persone wat lisensies hou, uitgereik ingevolge die Licenties Konsolidatie Wet, 1925, soos gewysig, om besigheid te dryf as—

- (i) handelaar in spuit- of mineraalwaters;
- (ii) hotelhouer, of kos- of losieshouer;
- (iii) slagter;
- (iv) eethuishouer;
- (v) handelaar in vars produkte;
- (vi) algemene handelaar;
- (vii) marskramer;
- (viii) restaurant- of verversings- of teekamerhouer;
- (ix) venter;

(b) menage-intendante;

(c) klubs;

(d) inrigtings gesubsidieër of beheer deur die Unie-regering, Provinsiale of plaaslike owerhede, en liefdadigheidsinrigtings as sulks deur die Unie-, Provinsiale of plaaslike owerhede erken;

(e) die Unie-regering, die Britse Regering, Provinsiale en plaaslike owerhede;

(f) houters van hotels of koshuise of losieshuise wat nie verplig is om 'n lisensie uit te neem ingevolge die Licenties Konsolidatie Wet, 1925, soos gewysig, mits minstens agt loseerders of kosgangers aangehou word of gereeld hulle maaltye by sodanige hotels of koshuise of losieshuise neem.

„kleinhandelpryse”, die pryse waarteen brood verkoop moet word aan alle persone behalwe dié aan wie brood teen groothandelpryse verkoop word.

„toegedraaide brood”, brood in of op die bakker se perseel in was- of ander papier toegedraai en verseël;

„nie-toegedraaide brood”, alle brood behalwe „toegedraaide brood”.

(2) Die grade brood hierbo genoem is die grade aangegee in die regulasies gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 916 van 23 Junie 1939.

* No. 919.]

[23 Junie 1939.]

Ooreenkomstig subartikel (1) van artikel nege-en-twintig van die Bemakingswet, 1937 (Wet No. 26 van 1937), maak ek, WILLIAM RICHARD COLLINS, Minister van Landbou en Bosbou, hierby bekend dat die Raad van Beheer oor die Koringnywerheid, genoem in artikel twee van die Koringreëlinskema wat by Proklamasie No. 212 in die *Staatskoerant* No. 2574 van 5 Oktober 1938 gepubliseer is, kragtens artikel drie-en-twintig van daardie Skema en met my goedkeuring die verbod aangegee in die Skedule hiervan opgelê het in verband met die verkoop van meelblom, meel, semolina en bruismeel, in plaas van die verbod in verband met die verkoop van meel en meelblom wat by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1871 van 1938 bekendgemaak is.

En ek maak hierby verder bekend dat genoemde verbod vanaf datum van publikasie hiervan in werking tree.

W. R. COLLINS,
Minister van Landbou en Bosbou.

SCHEDULE.

(SELLING PRICES OF FLOUR, MEAL, SEMOLINA AND SELF RAISING FLOUR.)

No person shall sell flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour at prices other than the prices specified in the Annexure hereto.

ANNEXURE.

1. Selling Prices to Wholesalers.

(1) Per Bag of 200 lb. net.

	s.	d.
Patent or Special Flour	41	6
Bakers' Flour	37	3
No. 1 Sifted or Household Flour	34	6
No. 2 Sifted Meal	32	6
No. 1 Unsifted Meal	29	0
No. 2 Unsifted Meal	25	0
Medicinal or Proprietary Meals	33	6
Semolina	41	6

(2) For Packings of less than 200 lb. net.

For smaller packings the prices fixed per bag of 200 lb. net in sub-section (1) of this section for the respective grade of flour, meal or semolina shall be increased per 200 lb. net as follows:—

Packing.	Increase in price per 200 lb.	
	s.	d.
100 lb. Jute Containers	0	6
100 lb. Cotton Containers	1	0
50 lb. Cotton Containers	2	0
25 lb. Cotton Containers	3	0
10 lb. Cotton Containers	4	0
5 lb. Cotton Containers	5	0
1, 2, 3 or 4 lb. Carton Containers	6	0

(3) For Flour, Meal or Semolina sold loose.

Where flour, meal, or semolina is sold loose in paper or other containers containing other net weights than those specified in sub-sections (1) and (2) of this section, the prices shall be calculated on the basis of the price fixed in sub-section (1) of this section per bag of 200 lb. net weight for the particular grade of flour, meal or semolina.

(4) For Self Raising Flour per 100 lb. net weight. (In packings of 1 lb. net weight or of 2 lb. net weight.)

	s.	d.
No. 1 Self Raising Flour	29	9
No. 2 Self Raising Flour	27	3

(5) The prices specified in sub-sections (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this section are subject to the following conditions:—

- second-hand covers to hold not less than 100 lb. shall be provided free of charge for packings of 50 lb. or less;
- extra covers of light weight hessian may be provided for 100 lb. packings at a charge of three pence each;
- no extra charge shall be made for any wooden cases or other containers provided to hold one pound or two pound packings of self raising flour;
- the price shall include the cost of carriage and transport to the wholesaler's premises only; but in the case of wholesalers who are situated in areas or places where the S.A. Railways and Harbours Administration does not perform cartage services, the price shall include railage to the railway station nearest to the buyer's premises. In a town or area where a mill, which manufactures wheat products, is established and where the S.A. Railways and Harbours Administration do not perform cartage services, a seller may, however, hire a carrier to effect transport to the wholesaler's premises. The prices shall not include South African Road Motor Service charges. No allowance for railage or cartage shall be made to a buyer;
- the prices specified above shall apply where the products are delivered before the 15th of the month and payment in cash is made within 45 days from that date or where the products are delivered on or after the 16th of the month and payment is made in cash within 45 days from the first day of the month immediately following that during which delivery was given;
- where payment is made cash with order or in cash before delivery a discount of 3d. per 200 lb. shall be allowed;
- where a term of credit in excess of that provided for in paragraph (e) is allowed, the price per 200 lb. shall be increased by 3d. in respect of each period of 30 days or portion thereof, by which such term of credit exceeds that provided for in paragraph (e);
- no seller shall supply, give or offer or promise to supply or give any benefit whatever other than the wheat product sold to the buyer or to any other person in respect of the sale of such wheat product. Where any benefit other than the wheat product sold is supplied, given, offered or promised to the buyer or to any other person in respect of the sale of such wheat product as aforesaid, such sale shall be deemed

BYLAE.

(VERKOOPPRYSE VAN MEELBLOM, MEEL, SEMOLINA EN BRUISMEEL.)

Niemand mag meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel teen ander pryse as die pryse aangegee in die Aanhangel hiervan verkoop nie.

AANHANGSEL.

1. Verkooppryse aan Groothandelaars.

(1) Per sak van 200 lb. netto.

	s.	d.
Patent- of spesiale meelblom	41	6
Bakkersmeelblom	37	3
No. 1 Gesifte of huishoudelike meelblom	34	6
No. 2 Gesifte meel	32	6
No. 1 Ongesifte meel	29	0
No. 2 Ongesifte meel	25	0
Geneeskragtige of patentmeelsoorte	33	6
Semolina	41	6

(2) Vir verpakings van minder as 200 lb. netto.

Vir kleiner verpakings word die pryse per sak van 200 lb. netto vasgestel in subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel vir die onderskeie grade meelblom, meel of semolina, as volg per 200 lb. netto vermeerder:—

Verpakking.	Vermeerdering van prys per 200 lb.	
	s.	d.
100 lb.-Jute-houers	0	6
100 lb.-Katoenhouders	1	0
50 lb.-Katoenhouders	2	0
25 lb.-Katoenhouders	3	0
10 lb.-Katoenhouders	4	0
5 lb.-Katoenhouders	5	0
1, 2, 3 of 4 lb. Kartonhouers	6	0

(3) Vir meelblom, meel of semolina wat los verkoop word. Waar meelblom, meel of semolina los verkoop word in papier- of ander houers wat ander netto-gewigte bevat as dié gespesifiseer in subartikels (1) en (2) van hierdie artikel, word die pryse bereken op die basis van die prys in subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel per sak van 200 pond netto-gewig vasgestel vir die besondere graad van meelblom, meel of semolina.

(4) Vir bruismeel per 100 lb. netto-gewig (in verpakings van 1 lb. netto-gewig of van 2 lb. netto-gewig).

	s.	d.
No. 1 bruismeel	29	9
No. 2 bruismeel	27	3

(5) Die pryse gespesifiseer in subartikels (1), (2), (3) en (4) van hierdie artikel is onderhewig aan die volgende voorwaardes:—

- tweedehandse omslae wat minstens 100 lb. hou, word kosteloos verskaf vir verpakings van 50 lb. of minder;
- ekstra omslae van ligte goingsak kan vir verpakings van 100 lb. verskaf word teen 'n koste van 3d. elk;
- geen ekstra koste mag gevra word vir houtkaste of ander houers wat verskaf word om een lb.- of twee lb.-verpakings van bruismeel te bevat;
- die prys sluit net die vraggeld en vervoerkoste na die groothandelaar se perseel in; maar in die geval van groothandelaars in gebiede of plekke waar die Administrasie van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë en Hawens nie besteldienste lewer nie, sluit die prys die spoorvrag na die spoorwegstasie naaste aan die koper se perseel in. In 'n dorp of gebied waar 'n meul wat koringprodukte vervaardig, opgerig is, en waar die Administrasie van die Suid-Afrikaanse Spoorweë en Hawens nie besteldienste lewer nie, kan 'n verkoper egter 'n karweier huur om die vervoer na die groothandelaar se perseel uit te voer. Die pryse sluit nie Suid-Afrikaanse Padmotordiens-koste in nie. Geen afslag vir spoorvrag of bestelloom mag aan 'n koper toegestaan word nie;
- die pryse hierbo gespesifiseer, is van toepassing waar die produkte gelewer word voor die 15de dag van die maand en betaling binne 45 dae vanaf daardie datum in kontant geskied, of waar die produkte op of na die 16de dag van die maand gelewer word en betaling in kontant geskied binne 45 dae, bereken vanaf die eerste dag van die maand wat volg op die maand waarin lewering geskied het;
- waar betaling by wyse van kontant met bestelling of kontant voor lewering geskied, word 'n afslag van 3d. per 200 lb. toegelaat;
- waar 'n langer krediettermyn as dié waarvoor in paragraaf (e) voorsiening gemaak is, toegelaat word, word die prys per 200 lb. vermeerder met 3d. ten opsigte van elke tydperk van 30 dae of gedeelte daarvan, waarmee so 'n krediettermyn die termyn oorskry waarvoor voorsiening in paragraaf (e) gemaak word;
- geen verkoper mag behalwe die koringprodukt wat verkoop is enige voordeel hoegenaamd ten opsigte van die verkoop van sodanige koringprodukt aan die koper of enige ander persoon verskaf, gee of aanbied of belooft om te verskaf of te gee nie. Waar enige voordeel behalwe die koringprodukt wat verkoop is ten opsigte van sodanige koringprodukt aan die koper of aan enige ander persoon verskaf, gegee, aangebied of belooft word, word sodanige verkoping geag teen 'n ander prys te

to be at a price other than a price fixed for the said product by this notice. For the purpose of these conditions any additional consideration, prize, reward, gift, service, concession, allowance, loan, payment, commission, rebate, gratuity, extension of credit or advantage whatsoever shall be deemed to be a benefit.

2. Selling Prices to Retailers.

(1) Per bag of 200 lb. net.

	s.	d.
Patent or Special Flour	42	6
Bakers' Flour	38	3
No. 1 Sifted or Household Flour	35	6
No. 2 Sifted Meal	33	6
No. 1 Unsifted Meal	30	0
No. 2 Unsifted Meal	26	0
Medical or Proprietary Meals	34	6
Semolina	42	6

(2) For Packings of less than 200 lb. net.

For smaller packings, the prices fixed per bag of 200 lb. net in sub-section (1) of this section for the respective grade of flour, meal and semolina shall *mutatis mutandis* be increased in the manner prescribed by sub-section (2) of section 1 of this notice.

(3) For Flour, Meal or Semolina sold loose.

Where flour, meal or semolina is sold loose in paper or other containers containing net weights other than those specified in sub-sections (1) and (2) of this section, the prices shall be calculated on the basis of the price fixed in sub-section (1) of this section per bag of 200 lb. net weight for the particular grade of flour, meal or semolina.

(4) For Self Raising Flour per 100 lb. net weight (in packings of 1 lb. or of 2 lb.).

	s.	d.
No. 1 Self Raising Flour	30	9
No. 2 Self Raising Flour	28	3

(5) The prices specified in sub-sections (1), (2), (3) and (4) of this section shall *mutatis mutandis* be subject to the conditions prescribed in sub-section (5) of section one of this Notice.

3. Selling Prices (minimum) to Consumers.

The selling prices of the various grades and packings of flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour to consumers shall not be less than the selling prices to retailers as specified in section two of this Notice and shall *mutatis mutandis* be subject to the conditions prescribed in sub-section (5) of section 1 of this Notice.

4. Definitions.

(1) For the purpose of this notice—

“wholesalers” shall mean—

- bakers purchasing flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour for use in their bakeries only;
- wholesalers who confine their business exclusively to supplying retailers and who at one and the same time buy and accept delivery of not less than 5,000 lb. of flour, meal or semolina or not less than 500 lb. of self raising flour;
- the Union Government, the British Government, Provincial Authorities and local authorities;
- institutions subsidised or controlled by the Union Government, Provincial or local authorities, and charitable institutions recognised as such by the Union, Provincial or local authorities;
- persons, firms and companies who carry on mining operations and employ not less than fifty labourers in such operations;

“retailers” shall mean—

- persons who are not wholesalers but who hold licences issued in terms of the Licences Consolidation Act, 1925, as amended, to carry on the business of—
 - hotel keeper or boarding or lodging house keeper;
 - eating house keeper;
 - general dealer;
 - restaurant or refreshment or tearoom keeper;
 - pedlar; or
 - hawker;
- mess caterers;
- clubs;
- keepers of hotels or boarding or lodging houses who do not hold a licence issued in terms of the Licences Consolidation Act, 1925, as amended, as long as not less than eight boarders or table-boarders are maintained or obtain their meals regularly at such hotels or boarding or lodging houses.

wees as die prys vir genoemde produk by hierdie kennisgewing vasgestel. Vir die doel van hierdie voorwaardes word enige addisionele konsiderasie, prys, beloning, geskenk, diens, konsessie, toelae, lening, betaling, kommissie, korting, gratifikasie, verlenging van krediet of voorreg hoegenaamd as 'n voordeel beskou.

2. Verkooppryse aan Kleinhandelaars.

(1) Per sak van 200 lb. netto.

	s.	d.
Patent- of spesiale meelblom	42	6
Bakkersmeelblom	38	3
No. 1 Gesifte of huishoudelike meelblom	35	6
No. 2 Gesifte meel	33	6
No. 1 Ongesifte meel	30	0
No. 2 Ongesifte meel	26	0
Geneeskragtige en patentmeelsoorte	34	6
Semolina	42	6

(2) Vir verpakings van minder as 200 lb. netto.

Vir kleiner verpakings word die pryse in subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel vir die onderskeie grade meelblom, meel en semolina per sak van 200 lb. netto vasgestel, *mutatis mutandis* vermeerder op die manier voorgeskryf by subartikel (2) van artikel 1 van hierdie kennisgewing.

(3) Vir meelblom, meel of semolina wat los verkoop word.

Waar meelblom, meel of semolina los verkoop word in papier- of ander houers wat ander netto-gewigte bevat as die gespesifiseer in subartikels (1) en (2) van hierdie artikel, word die pryse bereken op die basis van die prys in subartikel (1) van hierdie artikel per sak van 200 lb. netto-gewig vasgestel vir die besondere graad van meelblom, meel of semolina.

(4) Vir bruismeel per 100 lb. netto-gewig (in verpakings van 1 lb. of 2 lb.).

	s.	d.
No. 1 Bruismeel	30	9
No. 2 Bruismeel	28	3

(5) Die pryse gespesifiseer in subartikels (1), (2), (3) en (4) van hierdie artikel is *mutatis mutandis* onderhewig aan die voorwaardes voorgeskryf in subartikel (5) van artikel een van hierdie kennisgewing.

3. Verkooppryse (minimum) aan Verbruikers.

Die verkooppryse van die verskillende grade en verpakings van meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel aan verbruikers mag nie laer wees nie as die verkooppryse aan kleinhandelaars gespesifiseer in artikel twee van hierdie kennisgewing, en is *mutatis mutandis* onderhewig aan die voorwaardes voorgeskryf in subartikel (5) van artikel 1 van hierdie kennisgewing.

4. Woordomskrywing.

(1) Vir die doel van hierdie kennisgewing beteken—

„groothandelaars” —

- bakkers wat meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel slegs vir gebruik in hulle bakkerie koop;
- groothandelaars wat hulle besigheid uitsluitend beperk tot die lewering aan kleinhandelaars en wat minstens 5,000 lb. meelblom, meel of semolina of minstens 500 lb. bruismeel tegelyk koop en lewering daarvan aksepteer;
- die Unie-Regering, die Britse Regering, Provinsiale owerhede en plaaslike owerhede;
- inrigtings gesubsidieer of beheer deur die Unie-Regering, Provinsiale of plaaslike owerhede, en liefdadigheidsinrigtings as sulks deur die Unie-, Provinsiale of plaaslike owerhede erken;
- persone, firmas en maatskappye in die mynboubedryf wat minstens vyftig arbeiders in sodanige bedrywe in diens neem;

„Kleinhandelaars” —

- persone wat nie groothandelaars is nie maar wat lisensies uitgereik ingevolge die Licenties Konsolidatie Wet, 1925, soos gewysig, hou om besigheid te dryf as—
 - hotelhouders of kos- of losieshouders;
 - eethuishouders;
 - algemene handelaars;
 - restouranthouders of verversings- of teekamerhouders;
 - venters; of
 - marskramers;
- menage-intendante;
- klubs;
- houders van hotels, koshuise of losieshuise, wat nie 'n lisensie uitgereik ingevolge die Licenties Konsolidatie Wet, 1925, soos gewysig, hou nie, mits minstens agt loseerders of kosgangers aangehou word of hulle maaltye gereeld by sodanige hotels, kos- of losieshuise neem;

"consumer" shall mean any person other than a "wholesaler" or "retailer";

"delivery" shall mean—

- (a) where the flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour has not been railed, the date on which these products arrive at the buyer's premises;
- (b) where the flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour has been railed up to a distance of 200 miles, the third day after the date of railing;
- (c) where the flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour has been railed more than 200 but not more than 500 miles, the fifth day after the date of railing;
- (d) where the flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour has been railed more than 500 but not more than 700 miles, the seventh day after the date of railing;
- (e) where the flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour has been railed more than 700 but not more than 900 miles, the ninth day after the date of railing;
- (f) where the flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour has been railed more than 900 but not more than 1,100 miles, the twelfth day after the date of railing;
- (g) where the flour, meal, semolina or self raising flour has been railed more than 1,100 miles, the fifteenth day after the date of railing.

(2) The grades of flour, meal, semolina and self raising flour referred to in this Annexure are the grades specified in the regulations published under Government Notice No. 916 of the 23rd June, 1939.

„verbruiker”—enigeen behalwe 'n „groothandelaar” of „kleinhandelaar”;

„lewering”—

- (a) waar die meel, meelblom, semolina of bruismeel nie per spoor gestuur is nie, die datum waarop hierdie produkte by die koper se perseel aankom;
- (b) waar die meel, meelblom, semolina of bruismeel per spoor gestuur is tot op 'n afstand van 200 myl, die derde dag na die datum van versending per spoor;
- (c) waar die meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel verder as 200 maar nie verder as 500 myl nie per spoor gestuur is, die vyfde dag na die datum van versending per spoor;
- (d) waar die meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel verder as 500 maar nie verder as 700 myl nie per spoor gestuur is, die sewende dag na die datum van versending per spoor;
- (e) waar die meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel verder as 700 maar nie verder as 900 myl nie per spoor gestuur is, die negende dag na die datum van versending per spoor;
- (f) waar die meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel verder as 900 maar nie verder as 1,100 myl nie per spoor gestuur is, die twaalfde dag na die datum van versending per spoor;
- (g) waar die meelblom, meel, semolina of bruismeel verder as 1,100 myl per spoor gestuur is, die vyftiende dag na die datum van versending per spoor.

(2) Die grade meelblom, meel, semolina en bruismeel in hierdie Aanhangsel genoem, is die grade aangegee in die regulasies gepubliseer by Goewermentskennisgewing No. 916 van 23 Junie 1939.

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