

AZETTE OFFICIA

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PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency the High Commissioner

Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the laws in force in the Bechuanaland Protectorate (hereinafter referred to as "the Territory") relating to the raising of revenue by the imposition of a tax on incomes:

Now therefore under and by virtue of the powers in me vested I do hereby declare, proclaim and make known as follows:

Proclama-

Proclamation not applicable shall not apply to any person who is subject to persons subject to the tax imposed by the Bechuanaland Pro-Native Tax. tectorate Native Tax Proclamation, 1932, or any law amending the same.

CHAPTER I.

ADMINISTRATION.

Appoint-ments of officers.

2. (1) For the administration of this Proclamation the High Commissioner may appoint a Collector of Income Tax (herein-after referred to as "the Collector") and an Assistant Collector of Income Tax (hereinafter referred to as "the Assistant Collector").

(2) The Assistant Collector shall, under the centrol of the Collector, perform such general official duties as he is required to perform by this Proclamation or by the Collector, and shall, in case of illness, absence or temporary incapacity of the Collector, act in his name and on his behalf, and while so acting shall have and may exercise all the powers conferred, and shall perform the duties imposed,

upon the Collector under this Proclamation.

(3) Any office under this Proclamation may be held in conjunction with any other office in the Public Service.

(4) A notification in the Gazette that any person appointed to an office herein named has been so appointed shall be conclusive evidence of such appointment without further proof.

3. The Collector may, with the approval Delegation of the Resident Commissioner, delegate to of functions. any officer in the Public Service any duties, powers, and functions by this Proclamation conferred or imposed upon him other than such power of delegation.

4. (1) Every person appointed under or Preserva-employed in the carrying out of the provi-sions of this Proclamation shall preserve, and aid in preserving, secrecy with regard to all matters that may come to his knowledge in his official capacity in the performance of his duties in connection with those provisions, and shall not communicate any such matter to any other person except in the perfor-mance of his duties under this Proclamation or by order of a competent Court of Justice.

(2) Every person so appointed or employed shall, before acting under this Proclamation, take and subscribe before the Assistant Resident Commissioner, First Assistant Secretary, a District Commissioner or justice of the peace such oath of fidelity or secrecy as may

be prescribed.

(3) Every person who, in contravention of the true intent of the oath of fidelity or secrecy taken by him and without lawful excuse, reveals any matter or thing which has come to his knowledge in his official capacity shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years with or without hard labour.

(4) If any person acts in the execution of his office before he has taken the prescribed oath he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or, in default of payment, to imprisonment for a period not exceeding three

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(5) Any person appointed by competent authority to audit the assessments and accounts of the Collector shall for the purposes of this section be deemed to be a person appointed under or employed in the carrying out of the provisions of this Proclamation.

CHAPTER II.

INCOME TAX.

PART I.

NORMAL TAX.

- 5. (1) Where any Proclamation enacts that income tax shall be charged for any year at any rate, there shall be charged, levied and collected throughout the Territory, subject to such conditions and to such exemptions and abatements as are hereinafter provided, an income tax (in this Proclamation referred to as "the normal tax") at that rate and calculated in the manner hereinafter specified in respect of any taxable income received by or accrued to or in favour of any person during
- (2) The rate to be levied shall be fixed annually by Proclamation, but the rate so fixed for any year shall be deemed to continue in force until the next such annual determination if, owing to the distribution or cessation of the income prior to such determination, the collection of the tax leviable upon any income received or accrued during that period cannot be postponed.

Definitions.

6. (1) For the purposes of this Chapter-"Gross income" means the total amount, other than receipts or accruals of a capital nature, received by or accrued to or in favour of any person in any year or period assessable under this Chapter from any source within the Territory or deemed to be within the Territory, and includes rents, interest, solaries, stinends, we can all amore as a stinends. salaries, stipends, wages, allowances, the estimated annual value of any quarters or board or residence or any other benefit or advantage of any kind granted in respect of employment, whether in money or otherwise, and any pension, stipend, charge, or annuity;

An amount shall be deemed to be rived from a source within the derived from a source within Territory if it is received by or accrues to or in favour of any person ordinarily resident or carrying on business within the Territory, and is received or accrues from any country outside the Territory where, owing to the fact that such person is not domiciled or ordinarily resident therein, the amount is not chargeable with income tax;

"Income" means the amount remaining of the gross income of any person for any such year or period after deducting therefrom any amounts exempt from income tax in the hands of such person;

"Taxable income" means the amount remaining after deducting from the income of any person all the amounts, other than abatements, allowed as deductions under this Chapter;
"Taxable amount" means the amount

remaining after deducting from any taxable income any abatement allowed

under this Chapter;
(2) The taxable amount shall be the amount upon which the tax to be paid by any person shall be calculated.

7. (1) The abatement to be deducted from Abatethe taxable income of any person, other than ments a company, for the purpose of determining the taxable amount of such person, shall be calculated in the manner set out in this section.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of this section, the abatement allowable in any case shall be the total of such of the following allowances as are applicable-

(a) In the case of every such taxpayer who—

(i) during any portion of the period in respect of which the assessment is made was married, or

(ii) during the whole of the period in respect of which such assessment is made was divorced but maintained during any portion of that period a child of his own or a step-child who was, or would have been had he lived, under the age of twenty-one years on the last day of the year of assess-ment in respect of which, or portion of which, the assessment is made,

a sun. of four hundred pounds: Provided that for the purposes of this paragraph any person who was a widower or widow during the whole of the period in respect of which the assessment is made shall be assessed as though he had been married throughout that period, and any married person who has been separated under a judicial order or written agreement throughout the period in respect of which the assessment is made shall be assessed as though he had been divorced throughout that period;

(b) in the case of all other persons to whom paragraph (a) of this sub-section does not apply, a sum of three hundred

pounds;

(c) any sum, not exceeding fifty pounds, paid by such person during the period in respect of which a return is made, as premiums upon policies under which he, his wife or his minor chil-dren are insured against death, accident or sickness;

(d) any fees or subscriptions, not exceeding ten pounds in the aggregate, paid by such person during the period in respect of which a return is made to any

friendly or benefit society;

(e) the sum of one hundred pounds for each unmarried child or stepchild of such person maintained by him during any portion of the year of assessment or portion thereof in respect of which the assessment is made and was, or would have been if he had lived, under the age of twenty-one years on the last day of that year of assessment; (f) a sum of thirty pounds for each depen-

dant of such person.

(3) In any case in which the period assessed is less than one year, the total of the allowances applicable to any such person under the last preceding sub-section shall be reduced proportionately.
(4) The total of the allowances applicable

to any person under the last two preceding sub-sections shall be subject to reduction as

follows:

- (a) In the case of every such person as is referred to in paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of this section to whom the allowance of four hundred pounds is applicable, the reduction shall be by one pound for every completed ten pounds by which the taxable income of person exceeds six hundred such pounds, or, when the period assessed is less than twelve months, by which it exceeds so much of six hundred pounds as is proportionate to the period assessed;
- (b) In the case of all other persons to whom paragraph (a) of this sub-section does not apply, the reduction shall be by one pound for every completed pound by which the taxable income of any such person exceeds three hundred pounds, or, when the period assessed is less than twelve months, by which it exceeds so much of three hundred pounds as is proportionate to the period assessed,

and the amount as so reduced shall be the abatement to be deducted for normal tax

purposes.

(5) The term "dependant" in relation to any taxpayer shall mean any person incapacitated by old age or infirmity from maintaining himself, or any child (other than the child or stepchild of such taxpayer) under the age of twenty-one years on the last day of the year of assessment: Provided that such person or child, as the case may be, has been maintained throughout the year of assessment at the expense of such taxpayer and that during such year of assessment the taxpayer has contributed whether in cash or otherwise an amount of not less than thirty pounds to such maintenance.

(6) In the case of companies there shall be an abatement of three hundred pounds, which shall be subject to reduction in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of sub-

section (4) of this section.
(7) There shall be deducted from the amount of income tax assessed in any year the amount of poll tax paid for that year by any person under the Bechuanaland Protectorate Poll Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1935, on production to the Collector of the relative Poll Tax receipts or duplicates thereof.

8. (1) Income shall be deemed to have accrued to a person notwithstanding that such income has been invested, accumulated or otherwise capitalized by him or that such income has not been actually paid over to him but has been credited in account or reinvested or accumulated or capitalized or otherwise dealt with in his name or on his behalf, and a complete statement of all such income shall be included by any person in the returns rendered by him under this Proclamation.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Proclamation the provisions of the following sub-sections shall apply to the determination of the taxable income derived by any person from pastoral, agricultural, or other

a "farmer").

- (3) Every farmer shall be entitled to the exercise of an option whether the values of livestock and produce held by him and not disposed of at the beginning and end of each year of assessment shall or shall not be taken into account in the determination of the taxable income derived by him from such operations.
- (4) Every farmer who elects not to take into account the values of such livestock and produce shall be chargeable in each such year of assessment in respect of all amounts whatsoever for which livestock or produce have been disposed of by him or on his behalf during that year of assessment.
- (5) The decision as to the basis upon which a farmer elects to be assessed shall be notified by him in writing to the Collector when rendering his first return under this Proclamation, and the decision so notified shall be binding upon him in respect of all subsequent returns: Provided that the Collector may for good and sufficient reasons, and upon such terms as he may consider necessary for the protection of revenue, permit any farmer, who has so notified his election, to adopt the alternative method in respect of any subsequent years of assessment.
- (6) Every farmer who elects to take into account the values of his livestock and produce shall include in the return rendered by him for income tax purposes the values of all livestock and produce held by him and not disposed of at the beginning and end of each of assessment: Provided that the Collector shall allow such reduction to be made from the values of livestock held by any farmer at the end of any year of assessment as may seem to him to be fair and reasonable, having regard to the risks of mortality attaching to such livestock.
- (7) The value to be placed upon such livestock (other than livestock acquired by purchase for stud purposes) shall be-
 - (a) in the case of livestock acquired by the farmer by purchase, either the purchase price paid or such standard value as is applicable to such livestock;

(b) in the case of livestock acquired by the farmer otherwise than by purchase, the standard value applicable to such live-

stock.

- (8) The standard value applicable to any class of livestock shall be—
 - (a) such standard value as may be fixed by regulation by the High Commissioner under this Proclamation for that class of livestock;

(b) in the case of any farmer who may have already adopted any standard value, the standard value so adopted in respect of such class of livestock; or

- (c) in the case of any farmer rendering his first return in respect of farming operations hereafter or including in a return hereunder such a class of livestock for the first time, either the standard value as fixed by regulation having effect in respect of the period for which his return is rendered or such standard value as he may adopt for that class of livestock, at the option of such farmer.
- (9) The exercise of the option under paragraph (c) of the last preceding sub-section shall be binding upon the farmer in respect of farming operations (hereinafter referred to as all subsequent returns for income tax purposes, and no standard value fixed by any farmer

Capitalized or credited income and income derived from from pastoral, agricultural or other farming operations.

under this Proclamation may be varied by him in respect of any subsequent year of assessment, save with the consent and approval of the Collector, and upon such terms as the Collector may require.

(10) The value to be placed upon livestock acquired by purchase for stud purposes shall

be the purchase price paid for that livestock.
(11) The value to be placed upon produce included in any return shall be such fair and reasonable value as the Collector may fix.

(12) There shall be admissible as deductions in the determination of the taxable income derived by any farmer any expenditure incurred by him during the year of assessment in respect of-

(a) dipping tanks;

(b) boreholes, dams and wells for water and pumping plants:

(c) fences;

Income deemed to

have been received or to have accrued within the Territory.

Cerritory.

(d) the eradication of noxious plants;

(e) the prevention of soil erosion;

(f) the erection of buildings used in connection with farming operations other than those used for domestic purposes:

Provided that it is established to the satisfaction of the Collector that the expenditure was actually incurred in respect of those operations.

(13) Any decision of the Collector under this section shall be subject to objection and appeal as provided by this Proclamation.

9. (1) Income received or accrued-

(a) by virtue of any contract made within the Territory for the sale of goods, whether such goods have been delivered or are to be delivered in or out of the

Territory; or

- (b) from any service rendered or work or labour done in the carrying on in the Territory of any business, trade, profession or occupation, whether the payment for such service or work or labour is made, or is to be made, by a person resident in or out of the Territory, and wherever payment for such service or work or labour is made or is to be made; and
- (2) Income which would have been received by or accrued to any person, but which by reason of any donation or settlement or other disposition made by that person-
 - (a) has been received by or accrued to or in favour of any minor child or children of that person or has been expended for the maintenance, education or benefit of such minor child or children; or

 (b) has been accumulated for the future benefit of any minor child or children

of such person,

shall be deemed to be income received or accrued from a source within the Territory.

Exemptions from tax-10. (1) There shall be exempt from the

(a) the revenues of building and friendly societies and life assurance companies:

(b) the receipts of companies or societies carrying on business but not for the purpose of profit or gain which is to be divided amongst or credited to the shareholders or members thereof, except as regards the receipts from investments of such societies;

(c) the revenue of all ecclesiastical, charitable and educational institutions of a

public character;

(d) the salaries and emoluments payable in respect of their offices to Consuls of countries and foreign members of their staffs who are not British subjects nor permanently resident in the Territory;

(e) the salaries and emoluments payable to all persons in the service of Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom (otherwise than under the Bechuanaland Protectorate Government) or His Majesty's Government in the Union of South Africa in respect of their offices, whether the service be naval, military, or other service;

(f) war pensions or gratuities, whether granted from United Kingdom funds or by the Government of any British Dominion, Possession or Protectorate;

(g) dividends and interest on debentures or debenture stock received or accrued from any company in respect of which normal tax has been paid by such company;

(h) income on which normal tax has been

paid in the Territory;

(i) interest on sums deposited in the Post Office Savings Bank of the Territory;

(j) interest received by or accruing to or in favour of any person from stock or securities (including Treasury bills) issued by His Majesty's Government in the United Kingdom or His Majesty's Government in the Union of South Africa subject to a condition that such interest shall be exempt from income

Provided that, notwithstanding these exemptions, all amounts which fall under paragraphs (g) and (h) shall be set out by the taxpayer in the return rendered by him.

(2) The exemptions provided by paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) shall not extend to the salaries, wages, allowances, or pensions of persons employed by any such society, institution or company, although the same may be paid wholly or in part out of the income, revenue or funds thereof.

11. In the case of persons whose business Persons extends to any other country, the taxable carrying on business income shall be the sum which shall bear the which same proportion to the whole net profits as beyond the the assets in the Territory bear to the total Territory. assets of such person: Provided that where the Collector on the one hand, or the taxpayer on the other hand, deems such method of estimating the income for taxation to be inequitable or inexpedient, the Collector or taxpayer may claim the right to an assessment on the actual profits derived from sources in the Territory.

12. (1) Every company which is subject to Deductions income tax and which pays interest upon or in of interest respect of debentures or debenture stock shall on debentures, be entitled to deduct from each amount of etc. interest paid to the holder of any such debenture or debenture stock the proportionate amount of income tax paid by such company

in respect of the total of such interest.

(2) The Collector shall, on the receipt of a claim from the holder of any such debenture or debenture stock resident in the Territory, refund to such holder such amount of any income tax deducted under this section as such holder would not have been chargeable with if such deduction had not been made, provided that the claim for refund shall have been received from such holder within two years

from the end of the year of assessment in respect of which the interest is set out in the taxpayer's return as required by section ten of this Proclamation. or within such further time as the Collector may for good cause allow.

(3) For the purposes of this section "interest upon or in respect of debentures or debenture stock" shall include any interest payable under and by virtue of a debenture or debenture trust-deed, whether in the form of a mortgage or any other instrument or document acknowledging indebtedness.

Determination of taxable income.

- 13. (1) For the purpose of ascertaining the taxable income of any person there shall be deducted from the income of such person—
 - (a) losses and outgoings actually incurred in the Territory by the taxpayer in the production of his income, including such expenses incurred outside the Territory in the production of the taxable income as the Collector may allow, provided that such losses or outgoings are not of a capital nature;
 - (b) sums expended for the repairs of property occupied for the purpose of trade or in respect of which income is receivable, and sums expended for the repair of machinery, implements, utensils, and articles employed by the taxpayer for the purposes of his trade; such sums shall be the actual expenditure incurred by the taxpayer during the year of assessment;
 - (c) such sum as the Collector may think just and reasonable as representing the diminished value by reason of wear and tear during the year of assessment of tear during the year of assessment of any machinery, implements, utensils and articles used by the taxpayer for the purposes of his trade: Provided that where a deduction has been allowed under paragraph (b) of this sub-section the Collector shall take into consideration the sum allowed under that paragraph in determining the sum to be allowed under this paragraph and provided also that in no case shall any allowance be made for the depreciation of buildings or other structures or works of a permanent nature;
 - (d) any sum contributed during the year of assessment by way of current con-tribution to any duly established superwidows', annuation, pension, widows', or orphans' fund by any person holding any office or employment where the making of such a contribution is a condition of the holding of such office or employment;
 - (e) in respect of income from mining operations an allowance for the redemption of capital expenditure in lieu of the allowance in paragraph (c) of this subsection. Such allowance shall be ascertained as follows:
 - (i) The balance of capital expenditure unredeemed at the commencement of the year of assessment after subtracting therefre a any recoupments received during the year from capital expenditure (irrespective of the date when such capital expenditure was incurred) shall be originally incurred) shall be added to the amount of capital expenditure ranking for redemption incurred during that year.

The aggregate amount of the sums so added shall then be divided by the estimated number of years during which mining operations may be expected to continue. That number of years is hereinafter referred to as "the life of the mine".

The quotient resulting from the division shall be the amount to be deducted as aforesaid.

- (ii) The life of the mine shall be determined by the Mining Inspector, but such determination shall be subject to objection and appeal to the Court under the provisions of Part III of Chapter III of this Proclamation as if it were a decision of the Collector. the life of the mine, estimated and determined as aforesaid, exceeds thirty years, then so long as the estimate exceeds that period the allowance shall be calculated on a period of thirty
- (iii) The life of the mine shall be subject to revision at the instance of the person liable to the tax or of Collector, whenever material alteration takes place in any circumstances relating to the mine or its working which affects the life of the mine, and shall otherwise be subject to revision in every third year after the last preceding determination. In any such revision the same provisions shall apply as in the original determination of the life of the mine.

No such revision shall affect any assessment determined or any allowance made or presumed to have been made under this Proclamation or any previous law for the taxation of the profits of mining.

- (iv) When separate and distinct mining operations are carried on in mines that are not contiguous, the allowance for redemption of capital expenditure shall be computed separately according to the estimated life of each such mine.
- (v) For the purposes of this sub-section "capital expenditure" means expenditure-
 - (a) on shaft sinking and equipment, including any single renewal or replacement of equipment which, together with the accessories thereto, exceeds in cost two thousand pounds; and

on development, general administration and managedevelopment, (b) on ment prior to the commencement of production or during any period of non-production;

"expenditure on shaft sinking" the expenditure includes on sumps, pump-chambers, stations and ore bins accessory to a shaft;

- "expenditure" means net expenditure after taking into account any rebates, recoupments or returns from expenditure.
- (vi) The balance of capital expenditure unredeemed at the commencement of the first year of assessment chargeable under this Proclamation shall be the balance shown to be unredeemed in the last assessment for normal income tax made by the Collector prior to the commencement of this Proclamation;
- (f) an allowance in respect of any machinery, implements, utensils and articles used by the taxpayer for the purpose of his trade which have been scrapped by such taxpayer during the year of assessment, such allowance to be the difference between the original cost to such taxpayer of such machinery, implements, utensils or articles and the total amount arrived at by adding all the allowances made in respect thereof under paragraph (c) of this sub-section to any amount or the value of any advantage accruing to the taxpayer in respect of the sale or other disposal of such machinery, implements, utensils and articles.
- (2) There shall be set off any balance of assessed loss incurred by the taxpayer in any previous year which has been carried forward from the preceding year of assessment. For the purposes of this sub-section "assessed loss" means any amount, as established to the satisfaction of the Collector, by which the deductions admissible under this section and section fourteen exceeded the income in respect of which they are so admissible.

Net profit in case of more than one trade.

14. Where a taxpayer, either alone or with other persons, carries on or is interested as a partner (otherwise than as a member of a company the capital whereof is divided into shares) in more than one trade in the Territory, and makes a profit in one or more of such trades and a loss other than a loss of a capital nature in another or others during the same year of assessment, such taxpayer shall be entitled to deduct the sum of the losses from that of the profits.

Deductions not allowable.

- 15. (1) No deduction shall in any case be made in respect of any of the following matters:—
 - (a) The cost incurred in the maintenance of any taxpayer, his family or establishment;

(b) domestic or private expenses;

(c) any loss or expense which is recoverable under any insurance contract or indemnity;

(d) normal tax or supertax;

(e) income carried to any reserve fund or capitalized in any way;

- (f) any expenses incurred in respect of any amounts received or accrued which are not included in the term "income" as defined in this Chapter.
- (2) No deduction shall, as regards income derived from any trade, be made in respect of any of the following matters:—
 - (a) Any moneys not wholly or exclusively laid out or expended for the purposes of trade;

(b) the rent or value or cost of repairs to any premises not occupied for the purposes of trade, or of any dwellinghouse or domestic premises except such part thereof as may be occupied for those purposes;

(c) interest which might have been made on

any capital employed in trade;
(d) any debts owed to the taxpayer, except
such as are proved to the satisfaction
of the Collector to be bad or doubtful,
deductions for doubtful debts being
made according to a value estimated by
the Collector;

(e) debenture interest.

16. For the purposes of this Chapter, the Definition expression "trade" shall include every profession, trade, business, employment, or calling.

PART II.

SUPERTAX.

17. (1) Where any Proclamation enacts Levy of that supertax shall be charged for any year and rates at any rate, then in addition to the normal tax chargeable under this or any subsequent Proclamation there shall be charged, levied, and collected throughout the Territory, in accordance with the provisions of this Proclamation, an additional tax (in this Proclamation referred to as "the supertax") in respect of such incomes as are hereinafter declared to be subject to supertax.

(2) The supertax shall be calculated in the manner specified hereunder, subject to the conditions and abatements in this Part pro-

vided.

(3) The rate to be levied shall be fixed annually by Proclamation, but the rate so fixed for any year shall be deemed to continue in force until the next such annual determination if, owing to the distribution or cessation of the income prior to such determination, the collection of the tax leviable upon any income received or accrued during that period cannot be postponed.

18. (1) For the purposes of this Part the Definitions. expression "income subject to supertax" means an amount as determined in section twenty-one received by or accrued to or in favour of any person other than a public company and exceeding in the aggregate two thousand five hundred pounds in any year of assessment.

(2) In this section-

"public company" means any company other than a private company;

" private company " means any company wherein-

(a) shares representing not less than ninety per centum of the share capital of the company are held or controlled by not more than any five shareholders:

> Provided that where shares in a company are registered in the name of a partnership each partner shall be deemed to be a

the company in proportion to his interest in that partnership; or (b) shares representing not less than fifty-one per centum of the share capital are held or controlled by

shareholder having a holding in

one person; or

(c) not less than seventy-five per centum of the working capital has been supplied by one person:

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Provided that a company shall not be deemed to be a private company

(i) if shares therein representing not less than eighty per centum of the share capital are held or controlled by a public company; or

it has distributed as dividends during the year of assessment a sum not less than seventy-five per centum of the income subject to supertax accrued to or received by it during the year of assessment.

For the purposes of this sub-section-"share capital" means subscribed capital and includes vendors', promoters' and founders' shares.

assessment of private companies.

- 19. (1) Where it appears to the Collector that any one person other than a public company controls more than one private company, the Collector shall assess such private companies for supertax jointly as a single company
- (2) Any assessment in terms of this section shall be apportioned amongst the several companies assessed jointly in proportion to each company's share in the massed income subject to supertax of all such companies jointly, and a separate notice of assessment shall be issued to each such company notifying the portion payable by it of the supertax chargeable under the joint assessment.
- (3) Each such notice of assessment shall disclose to the company concerned the names of the other companies with which it has been assessed jointly as aforesaid.
- (4) Any such company may object to its assessment jointly with other companies as aforesaid or to the apportionment of its share in the supertax and may appeal against any decision of the Collector in respect of any such objection: Provided that if two or more companies appeal against such joint assessment, such appeals may, if the companies so desire, be taken as one appeal.
- (5) If such joint assessment is modified in any way, whether by the Collector or by the Court on appeal, a corresponding amendment shall be made in all the assessment notices issued to the several companies concerned.

Limitation

20. The amount of tax payable by any private company (as defined in section eighteen), as normal tax and supertax con-jointly, shall not exceed the amount which would be payable as normal tax and supertax conjointly by a person other than a company on a like taxable amount and amount subject to supertax:

Provided however that the amount so payable by such company shall not be less than the amount payable by such company as normal tax on such taxable amount.

income subject to supertax.

- 21. (1) To determine the amount of any Method of 21. (1) To determine the determining income subject to supertax there shall be taken the aggregate of-
 - (a) the taxable income of the taxpayer as determined for normal tax purposes;
 - (b) any dividends and interest on debentures or debenture stock excluded in the calculation of that taxable income under the provisions of paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section ten of this Proclamation:

- (c) an amount equal to the nominal value of any bonus shares, debentures or other securities awarded to the taxpayer by way of capitalizing the profits of a company of which such taxpayer was a shareholder or member, where such profits have not already been added or allocated to the income of the shareholder under the provisions of sub-section (3) of this section; (d) any amount allocated by the Collector
- to the taxpayer from the undistributed profits of any company under the provisions of sub-section (3) of section:
- any deduction made for supertax purposes in respect of the last preceding year of assessment under the provisions of paragraph (b) of sub-section (2) of this section;
- (f) any dividends or other payments received by the taxpayer on the winding up of a company in which he was a shareholder, in so far as such dividends or other payments represent a share of profits earned by such company whether before or after the commencement of such winding up.
- (2) There shall be set off against the aggregate determined under the provisions of subsection (1) of this section-
 - (a) any expenditure or losses, other than expenditure or losses of a capital nature, incurred by the taxpayer with-in the Territory, in the production of any amounts included in his income subject to supertax under the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) of sub-section (1) of this section;
 - (b) apy balance of loss as at the close of the year of assessment under charge which the taxpayer would be entitled under the provisions of sub-section (2) of section thirteen and section fourteen of this Proclamation to carry forward and set off for normal tax purposes against his taxable income for the next succeeding year of assessment:
 - Provided that in the event of the balance of loss so ranking for deduction exceeding an amount sufficient to relieve the taxpayer from liability to supertax in respect of the year of assessment under charge, the amount deducted shall be limited to a sum sufficient to give such relief.
- (3) (a) Whenever the dividends distributed during any period covered by its annual accounts by any private company are not in the opinion of the Collector a fair and reasonable distribution of the accumulated profits available for that purpose, or whenever during such a period no distribution has been made by such a company from the accumulated profits so available, the Collector may, for the purpose of determining the income subject to supertax of any shareholder in the said company, allocate to such shareholder such sum, proportionate to the amount of his shareholding in the company, as may seem to the Collector to be fair and reasonable, having regard to the circumstances of the company. Any decision of the Collector under this sub-section shall be subject to objection and appeal.
- (b) Any amount so added or allocated by the Collector shall be deemed to have accrued to the shareholder on the last day of the

accounting period the accounts of which disclose the accumulated profits in respect of which the Collector's allocation is made.

(c) For the purposes of this sub-section private company " means any company wherein-

- (i) not more than ten of the largest shareholders hold ninety per centum of the shares; and
 (ii) restrictions are imposed upon the
- right to transfer shares; or (iii) no invitation has been issued to the public to subscribe for any shares or debentures:

Provided that there shall not be included within the term "private company" any company wherein not less than ninety per centum of the shares are held by a company or companies, wheresoever registered or carrying on business which do not fall within the terms of this definition.

(d) The provisions of this sub-section shall not apply to any profits of a private company

as defined in section eighteen.

Assessment for normal tax to be final for supertax purposes.

22. When the taxable income of any person has been finally determined for normal tax purposes, the amount so determined shall be final for the purpose of any supertax assessment upon such person.

Abatement.

23. (1) The abatement to be allowed in respect of any income subject to supertax shall be the sum of two thousand five hundred pounds, which sum shall be diminished by one pound for every pound by which the aggregate income subject to supertax, after making allowance for any amounts to be set off against that income under the provisions of section twenty-one of this Proclamation, exceeds two thousand five hundred pounds.

(2) The amount remaining after the deduction of any abatement allowable shall be the

amount subject to supertax.

Dividends accruing to non-residents exempt.

24. Dividends received by or accruing to or in favour of any person chargeable with supertax, not ordinarily resident nor carrying on business in the Territory, shall be exempt from the supertax, provided such dividends are not paid nor payable within the Territory.

Duty of companies to furnish returns.

- 25. Every company which-
- (a) pays interest upon or in respect of debentures or debenture stock; or
- (b) pays any dividend upon shares in such company,

shall, within thirty days after the thirtieth day of June in each year, furnish in the prescribed form to the Collector a return giving the full name and address of each holder of such debentures or shares and the amount of interest or dividend paid to each such holder during the twelve months ending such thirtieth day of June.

Return of payments in respect of bearer

26. Every bank carrying on business in the Territory or company dealing in or negotiating bearer warrants shall keep a record of all payments in respect of interest or dividends made to any person by means of bearer warrants, and shall, in such manner and form and at such times as may be prescribed or as the Collector may require, furnish particulars of such payments.

27. It shall be the duty of every person chargeable with the supertax to give notice make fuller or further returns respecting any in writing to the Collector that he is so matter of which a return is required or prechargeable.

CHAPTER III.

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

PART I.

RETURNS AND ASSESSMENTS.

28. (1) The Collector shall annually give Notice by public notice in the prescribed manner that collector requiring all persons liable to taxation, whether per-manner of sonally or in any representative capacity, furnishing under the provisions of this or any sub-returns. sequent Proclamation, are required to furnish within thirty days after the date of such potice or within such further to such notice, or within such further time as the Collector may for good cause allow, returns for the assessment of the tax. Such notice shall state the places at which the prescribed forms may be obtained, and it shall be the duty of all such persons, and of all persons required by this Proclamation to furnish such returns to apply for the prefurnish such returns, to apply for the prescribed forms of returns. Any such person failing to furnish such return shall not be relieved from any penalty by reason only of his having received no notice to furnish the same, or of the prescribed form not having been delivered to him; but the Collector may, if he doors it as advisable and form the contract to the contract of the contract to the contract of the contract to the contract of the con if he deem it so advisable, cause forms to be

delivered or sent by post to any person.

(2) If in any particular case the Collector has reason to believe that any tax payable may not be recovered, he may, prior to the issue of any such annual notice, require any person by notice in writing to render interim accounts for any period he may designate in such notice, and may proceed to make an assessment in respect of that period.

(3) Every person shall, on publication of the annual notice, or on receipt of such written notice, prepare and deliver in the prescribed manner, within the period mentioned in such notice, to the person appointed to receive the same, a return in the form prescribed, giving the particulars required and all other details in relation thereto which may be prescribed. Such return shall be signed by the taxpayer, or by his agent duly authorised in that behalf.

(4) Any person signing any such return shall be deemed for all purposes in connection with this Proclamation to be cognizant of all

statements made therein.

(5) Any return made or purporting to be made or signed by or on behalf of any person for the purposes of this Proclamation shall be deemed to be duly made and signed by the person affected, unless such person proves that such return was not made or signed by him or on his behalf.

(6) If any person fails to make such a return, the Collector may appoint a person to make a return on behalf of such person, and the return made by the person so appointed shall be, for all the purposes of this Proclama-tion, the return of the person liable to make the same.

(7) The returns furnished by or on behalf of every person required to furnish returns under this Proclamation shall contain such particulars, be in such form, and be furnished to the Collector at such time as may be pre-

scribed or publicly notified.

(8) The Collector may, when and so often as he thinks necessary, require any person to

scribed by this Proclamation.

(9) All returns required to be furnished under this Proclamation shall be delivered at, or sent by post to, the prescribed address. Any such return shall if marked with the words "Income Tax" and "On His Majesty's Service" be carried and delivered free of postal or other charges by the postal department.

(10) The return of income to be made by any person shall be based on the amount of gross income which was received by or accrued to or in favour of such person in respect of any year of assessment chargeable under this or any subsequent Proclamation, and shall be a full and true return for the whole period of twelve months ending upon the last day of the year of assessment under charge:

Provided that where it is established to the satisfaction of the Collector that the income of a person cannot be conveniently returned for that period, the Collector may accept returns made up to a date agreed by him, but any such return shall be deemed for all purposes of this Proclamation to be a return for the period covered by the year of assessment under charge.

(11) If any person, when called upon to furnish a return of income under this Proclamation, is unable to furnish such return, the Collector may accept a return of estimated income for assessment, and such assessment shall be adjusted by the Collector when an

actual return of income is furnished.

(12) Persons carrying on any business in partnership shall be liable to make a joint return as partners in respect of such business, together with such particulars as may from time to time be prescribed, and each such partner shall be separately and individually liable for the rendering of the joint return, but they shall be liable to tax only in their

separate individual capacities.

(13) Every person carrying on any trade business in the Territory shall keep a proper record of his transactions in the English language, and for the purposes of this sub-section a proper record shall include books containing all such entries relating to and exhibiting the nature of his transactions as (regard being had to the occupation of the person concerned and the scale on which his trade or business is carried on) might reasonably be expected or required to be kept. Every person who fails to keep a proper record of his transactions as required by this sub-section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or, in default of payment, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one vear.

Production of documents and evidence on oath.

- 29. (1) For the purpose of obtaining full information in respect of any income of any taxpayer or of any part thereof, the Collector may require any person to produce for examination by the Collector or by any person appointed by him for that purpose, at such time and place as may be appointed by the Collector in that behalf, any deeds, plans, instruments, books, accounts, trade lists, stock lists, or documents that may be deemed necessary for the purpose of this Proclama-
- (2) The Collector may, by notice in writing, require any person entitled to or in receipt of any income (whether on his own behalf or as a public officer of a company or as an agent or trustee of any person), or any person whom

being examined on oath respecting the income of any person, or any transactions or matters affecting the same or any of them or any part thereof.

Any person so attending may be allowed by the Collector any reasonable expenses necessarily incurred by such person in so attending.

- (3) Every person to whom a form of return is sent by the Collector shall complete the same in accordance with the requirements of the Collector and shall return it to the Collector at such time and place as the Collector may direct.
- 30. (1) The income of a woman married Income of with or without community of property, and a married woman. not separated from her husband under a judicial order or written agreement, shall, for the purposes of this Proclamation, be deemed to be income accrued to her husband, and shall be included by him in returns of income required to be rendered by him under this Proclamation: Provided that in the event of the death or insolvency of the husband during any year in respect of which such income is chargeable, the income of the wife for the period elapsing between the date of such death or insolvency and the last day of the year of assessment shall be taxable as the separate income of such wife: Provided further that if either the husband or the wife makes written application to the Collector, returns of income may be rendered by such husband and wife separately, and assessments may be levied upon each separately of an amount of tax proportionate to the share of the combined incomes returned by each: Provided also that the total amount so assessed upon the husband and the wife together shall not be less than the total amount which would have been assessed upon the husband alone if the income of both husband and wife had been included in one return, as required by this section.
- (2) Any amount payable by way of alimony or allowance by one spouse to the other under any judicial order or written agreement of separation shall be returned as the separate income of the spouse to whom the payment is made, and shall be assessable only in the hands of such spouse.
- 31. (1) Every person shall, if required by Duty to the Collector, furnish to him, in such form returns of and at such time as may be prescribed or as persons employed. the Collector may require, returns of all or any particular class of persons employed by him, and the earnings, salary, wages, allowances, or pensions, whether in money or other-wise, paid or allowed to each person so employed.

(2) Every person carrying on business in the Territory shall, in such manner and form and at such times as may be prescribed or as the Collector may require, furnish to the Collector returns showing—

(a) all payments made to any person in respect of any share or interest in such business;

(b) all moneys received by him from any person on deposit for any fixed time or period with or without interest:

- (c) all such other information in his possession with regard to the income received by or accruing to or in favour of such person as may be prescribed or as may be required by the Collector.
- 32. Any person, whether liable for taxation Duty to under this Proclamation or not, to whom any information the Collector may deem able to furnish information, to attend at a time and place to be named by the Collector for the purpose of the Collector or by any officer acting under

the authority of the Collector, shall comply with the terms of that notice or furnish the information so requested under pain of the penalties for default under the next succeeding section.

Offences.

33. Any person who-

(a) fails or neglects to furnish any return as and when required by this Proclamation or the regulations or by the Collector under the powers conferred by this Proclamation or by the regulations; or

(b) without just cause shown by him, refuses or neglects to attend and give evidence as and when required by the Collector or any officer duly authorised by him, or to answer truly and fully any questions put to him, or to produce any books or papers required of him by the Collector or any such officer; or

(c) obstructs or hinders any officer in the discharge of his duties under this Pro-

clamation,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or, in default of payment, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, and may be further sentenced to a fine not exceeding ten pounds in respect of each day during which any such default continues after the conviction.

Estimated assessments.

- 34. (1) In every case in which any taxpayer makes default in furnishing any return, or if the Collector is not satisfied with the return furnished by any taxpayer, the Collector may make an assessment in such sum as in the Collector's judgment ought to be charged in accordance with this Proclamation, and thereupon shall give notice thereof to the taxpayer to be charged, and such taxpayer shall be liable to pay the tax upon the same.
- (2) Any such assessment shall be subject to objection and appeal as provided by this Proclamation, but the taxpayer, if he has made default, shall not be entitled to any costs on such objection or appeal: Provided that if it appears to the Collector that any person is unable from any cause to furnish an accurate return of his income, the Collector may agree with such person what shall be the taxable amount of such income.

Additional tax in the event of default or omission.

- 35. (1) Any taxpayer who makes default in rendering a return in respect of any year of assessment shall be chargeable in respect of his taxable income for such year of assessment with a double rate of tax, and any taxpayer who omits from his return any amount which should have been included therein shall be chargeable with an amount equal to the difference between the tax as calculated in respect of the taxable income returned by him and the tax properly chargeable in respect of his taxable income as finally determined after including the amounts omitted and he shall be required to pay this amount in addition to the tax properly chargeable in respect of his true taxable income.
- (2) The additional rates and amounts of tax for which provision is made under this section shall be chargeable in cases where the taxable income or any part thereof is estimated by the Collector in terms of section thirty-four as well as in cases where such taxable income or any part thereof is determined from accounts rendered by the tax-payer.

(3) If the Collector is satisfied that the default in rendering the return was not due to any intent either to defraud the revenue or to postpone the payment by the taxpayer of the tax chargeable, or that any such omission was not due to any intent to evade taxation on the part of the taxpayer, he may remit such part or all of the said double rate or additional charge as he may think fit.

(4) The powers conferred upon the Collector by this section shall be in addition to any right conferred upon him by this Proclamation to take proceedings for the recovery of any penalties for evading or avoiding assessment or the payment of tax or attempting to

do so.

36. (1) If at any time the Collector is assessible satisfied that any amounts which should have been subject to tax have not been assessed to tax under this Proclamation or any previous Income Tax Proclamation, he shall raise assessments in respect of such amounts, notwithstanding that assessments may have been made upon the person concerned in respect of the year or years of assessment in respect of which the amounts in question are assessable.

(2) The provisions of sections thirty-four and thirty-five of this Proclamation shall apply to any assessments or additional assessments made by the Collector under the powers

conferred by this section.

37. (1) The particulars of every assessment Assessand the amount of tax payable thereon, shall and the be entered in an assessment register, which recording shall be kept in the office of the Collector.

(2) Upon entering any assessment in any assessment register, the Collector shall give notice of the assessment to the taxpayer whose

income has been assessed.

(3) Such notice shall be in the form prescribed, and shall be sent to such person by post in a registered letter or envelope, or delivered to such person in such other manner as the Collector may consider necessary or convenient.

(4) The Collector shall, in the notice of assessment, give notice to the taxpayer that any objection to the assessment made must be sent to him within twenty-one days after the date of such notice or within such further time as the Collector or the Court may for good cause allow.

38. The register of income tax assessments Inspection shall not be open to public inspection, but of registers every taxpayer shall be entitled to copies, certified by or on behalf of the Collector, of such entries therein as relate to the assessment of his own income.

PART II.

REPRESENTATIVE TAXPAYERS.

39. For the purposes of this Proclamation Representative taxpayer, means—

(a) in respect of the income of any company, the public officer thereof;

(b) in respect of the income of every person permanently or temporarily absent from or resident out of the Territory, the agent of such person; and for the purposes of this Proclamation every person in the Territory having the receipt, management or control of income on behalf of any person absent or resident as aforesaid, or remitting or paying income to or receiving moneys for such person, shall be deemed to be the agent of such person;

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- (c) in respect of the income of any trust, or any minor, or mentally disordered and defective person, or any other person under legal disability, the trustee, guardian, curator or other person entitled for the time being to the receipt, management, disposal or control of such income, or remitting or paying to, or receiving moneys on behalf of, such person under disability;
- (d) in respect of income paid under the decree or order of any Court to any receiver or other person, such receiver or person, whoever may be entitled to the benefit of such income, and whether or not it accrues to any person on a contingency or an uncertain event;
- (e) in respect of any person who dies during any year of assessment, or who dies after the close of any year of assessment but before rendering a return of his income for such year of assessment, the executor or administrator of the estate of such person;

but nothing herein contained shall be construed as relieving any person from any liability, responsibility or duty imposed upon him by this Proclamation.

Liability o represe tative

40. Every representative taxpayer, as regards the income to which he is entitled in his representative capacity, or of which in such capacity he has the management, receipt, disposal, remittance, payment or control, shall be chargeable with the taxation imposed by this or any subsequent Proclamation and shall be subject in all respects to the same duties, responsibilities and liabilities as if the income were income received by or accruing to or in favour of him beneficially, except that no representative taxpayer (not being a public officer of a company) shall, save as provided by section forty-two, be personally liable for the payment of any tax beyond the amount of the income of which he has in such capacity aforesaid the management, receipt, disposal or control: Provided that nothing herein contained shall, in any case where the representative taxpayer acts as an agent or trustee or in any other capacity for several persons, prevent him from claiming that each agency or trust or other capacity shall be treated separately for the purpose of claiming any exemption or deduction provided by this Proclamation.

Right of representative taxpayor such, pays any tax shall be entitled to recover taxpayer to from the person on whose behalf it is paid, indemnity. or to retain out of any moneys that may be in his possession or may come to him in his representative capacity, so much as is required to indemnify him in respect of pay-

Personal liability of represen-tative taxpayer.

- 42. Every representative taxpayer shall be personally liable for any tax payable in respect of any assessment made upon him in his representative capacity if, while it remains unpaid-
 - he alienates, charges, or disposes of the income in respect of which the tax is chargeable; or
 - (2) he disposes of or parts with any fund or money which is in his possession or comes to him after the tax is payable, when from or out of such fund or money the tax could legally have been paid.

- 43. (1) Where a shareholder or a member of Absent a company is absent from the Territory, such holder. company shall, for the purposes of this Pro-clamation, be deemed to be the agent for such shareholder or member, and shall, as regards such shareholder or member and in respect of any income received by or accruing to him or in his favour as shareholder or member, have and exercise all the powers, duties and responsibilities of an agent for a taxpayer absent from the Territory.
- (2) Every company assessed for any tax shall be entitled to deduct from any dividends becoming payable within twelve months after the payment of such tax an amount calculated at the same rate per pound as the rate at which the company has been assessed: Provided that nothing in this sub-section contained shall be construed as affecting the validity of any agreement or contract containing an express stipulation to the contrary.

44. The Collector may, if he thinks neces-collector's sary, declare any person to be the agent of appoint any other person, and the person so declared agent. an agent shall be the agent for the purposes of this Proclamation, and may be required to make payment of any tax due from any moneys, including pensions, salary, wages or any other remuneration, which may be held by him for or due by him to the person whose agent he has been declared to be.

45. The Collector or any person empowered Remedy against all under this Proclamation shall have such and property the like remedies against all property of any kind vested in or under the control or management of any agent or trustee as he would have against the property of any person liable to pay any tax and in as full and ample

- 46. Every company carrying on business or Public having an office in the Territory shall at all companies, times be represented by an individual residing That individual shall be appointed therein. by the company or by an agent or attorney who has authority to appoint such a representative for the purpose of this Proclamation, and the following provisions shall have effect:-
 - (a) The representative shall be called the public officer of the company, and shall be appointed, in the case of a company which at the commencement of this Proclamation so carries on business or has an office in the Territory, within two months after such commencement, and, in the case of a company which thereafter begins to carry on business or has an office in the Territory, within one month after so beginning to carry on business or acquiring the office. In default of any such appointment, the public officer of any company shall be such managing director, director, secretary, or other officer of the company as the Collector may

designate for that purpose;
(b) every company shall also, within the period prescribed by paragraph (a), appoint a place within the Territory at which any notices or other instruments under this Proclamation affect-ing the company may be served or delivered, or to which any such notices

or documents may be sent;
(c) no appointment shall be deemed to have been made under paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) until notice thereof, specifying the name of the public

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officer and an address for service or delivery of notices and documents, has been given to the Collector;

- (d) every company shall keep the office of public officer constantly filled and shall at all times maintain a place for the service or delivery of notices in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section; and every change of public officer or of the place for the service or delivery of notices shall be notified to the Collector within fourteen days of such change taking effect;
- (e) any company which makes default in appointing a public officer or appointing a place for the service or delivery of notices in accordance with this Proclamation, or in keeping the office of public officer constantly filled, or in maintaining a place for the service or delivery of notices, or which fails to notify to the Collector any change of public officer or of the place for the service or delivery of notices, and every person who acts within the Territory as agent or manager or representative of such company, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds for every day during which the default continues;
- (f) every notice, process or proceeding which under this Proclamation may be given to, served upon, or taken against any company, may be given to, served upon, or taken against its public officer; and if at any time there is no public officer then any such notice, process or proceeding may be given to, served upon, or taken against any officer or person acting or appearing to act in the management of the business or affairs of such company or as agent for such company;
- (g) every public officer shall be answerable for the doing of all such acts, matters or things as are required to be done under this Proclamation by a taxpayer, and, in case of default, shall be liable to the penalties provided in respect of defaults by a taxpayer;
- (h) everything done by any public officer which he is required to do in his representative capacity shall be deemed to have been done by the company which he represents;
- (i) the absence or non-appointment of a public officer shall not exonerate any company from the necessity of complying with the provisions of this Procla-mation; but the company shall in all respects be subject to and liable to comply with the provisions of this Proclamation, as if there were no requirement to appoint such officer.

PART III.

OBJECTIONS AND APPEALS.

47. (1) Objections to any assessment made under this Proclamation may be made within twenty-one days after the date of the assessment notice or within such further time as the Collector or the Court may for good cause allow, in the prescribed manner and under the prescribed terms, by any taxpayer who is aggrieved by any assessment in which he is interested.

- (2) Subject to the provisions of the last preceding sub-section, no objection shall be entertained by the Collector which is not delivered at his office or posted to him in sufficient time to reach him on or before the last day appointed for lodging objections, unless the taxpayer satisfies the Collector that reasonable grounds exist for delay in lodging his objection.
- (3) Every objection shall be in writing, and shall specify in detail the grounds upon which such objection is made.
- (4) On receipt of a notice of objection to an assessment, the Collector may reduce or alter the assessment or may disallow the objection, and shall send the taxpayer notice of such alteration, reduction or disallowance, and shall record in the assessment register any alteration or reduction made in the assessment.
- (5) Where no objections are made to any assessment, or where objections have been allowed or withdrawn, such assessment or altered or reduced assessment, as the case may be, shall, subject to the right of appeal hereinafter provided, be final and conclusive.
- 48. The burden of proof that any income Onus of is exempt from or not liable to any tax exemptions, chargeable under this or any subsequent Pro- etc. clamation, or is subject or entitled to any deduction, abatement or set-off, shall be on the person claiming such exemption, nonliability, deduction, abatement or set-off.

- 49. (1) Any taxpayer who is dissatisfied Appeal with any decision of the Collector as notified against collector's in the notice of alteration or reduction of an decision. assessment or disallowance of an objection, or with any other decision which is subject to objection or appeal as provided by this Proclamation, may appeal therefrom to the Court: Provided that unless the taxpayer gives notice of such appeal within the period prescribed by sub-section (2) his objection shall be deemed to be determined
- (2) Notice of such appeal shall be in writing and shall be lodged with the Collector within twenty-one days after the date of the notice mentioned in sub-section (4) of section forty-seven, or within such further time as the Collector or the Court may for good cause allow.
- (3) At any such appeal the taxpayer shall be limited to the grounds stated in his notice of objection.
- (4) If the assessment has been altered or reduced, the assessment as altered or reduced shall be deemed to be the assessment against which the appeal is made.
- (5) At least ten days before the date fixed for the hearing of an appeal the Collector shall send to the taxpayer, or to his duly attorney or representative, authorised written notice of the time and place appointed for the hearing of such appeal.
- (6) The hearing of an appeal may be adjourned by the Court from time to time to any time and place that may seem convenient.
- (7) The sittings of the Court for the hearing of such appeals shall not be public, and the Court shall, at any time on the applica-tion of the appellant, exclude from such sitting, or require to withdraw therefrom, all or any persons whomsoever whose attendance shall not be necessary for the hearing of the appeal under consideration: Provided, however, that the Court may authorise the publication of the legal considerations on which any judgment is based.

Time and nanner of

lodging objections.

(8) The Collector, or any person authorised by him, may appear in support of the assessment on the hearing of any appeal, and the appellant and any person who is interested in such appeal may appear in person or by

his counsel, solicitor or agent.

(9) The Court may alter, or order the alteration of, the assessment register in accordance with the decision given on any appeal, but may only make an order as to costs when the claim of the Collector is held to be unreasonable or the grounds of appeal therefrom to be frivolous.

Obligation to pay not suspended pending appeal.

50. The obligation to pay and the right to receive and recover any tax chargeable under Proclamation shall not, unless Collector shall so direct, be suspended by any appeal or pending the decision of the Court under the next succeeding section; but if any assessment is altered on appeal or in conformity with any such decision, a due adjustment shall be made, for which purpose amounts paid in excess shall be refunded and amounts short paid shall be recoverable.

Questions of law.

51. Whenever a question of law arises with regard to any assessment or altered or reduced assessment under this Proclamation, the Collector may, within thirty days after receipt of any notice of objection or any notice of appeal under this Proclamation, of his own motion or at the request of the taxpayer concerned, state a case for the determination of such question by the Court.

Definition 52. In this Proclamation, unless the of the term tent with the context, the expression "the court". Court "shall mean the High Court of the 52. In this Proclamation, unless inconsis-

Provided that when the High Court shall not be in session any application for extension of time under sub-section (4) of section thirtyseven or sub-section (1) of section forty-seven or sub-section (2) of section forty-nine or subsection (3) of section sixty-one may be made to the Assistant Resident Commissioner exercising jurisdiction under section eleven of the Bechuanaland Protectorate High Court Proclamation, 1938.

PART IV.

Appoint-ment of day

PAYMENT AND RECOVERY OF TAX.

53. (1) Any tax chargeable under this or payment of any subsequent Proclamation shall be paid on such days and at such places as may be notified by the Collector: Provided that nothing herein contained shall take away the right of any taxpayer to pay his tax either through the post or personally at the chief office of the Collector.

Interest at six per centum per annum shall be payable on any amount not paid by the taxpayer on or before the due date fixed

in the Collector's notification.

Persons by whom the tax is payable.

- 54. Subject to the provisions of this Pro-clamation the taxes leviable shall be payable
 - representative taxpayer in respect of any income received or controlled by him in such representative capacity;
 - (b) in respect of every other income and in all other cases, by the person by whom

under the provisions of this Proclamation to include in his income any income which has been received by or accrued to or in favour of his minor child or children shall be entitled to recover from the funds held by or on behalf of such child or children such proportion of the taxation paid by him under this Proclamation as is due to the inclusion in his income of the income of such child or children.

55. Any tax shall, when it becomes due or recovery is payable, be deemed to be a debt due to the of tax. Government and shall be payable to the Collector in the manner and at the time and place prescribed, and may be sued for and recovered by action in any Court of competent jurisdiction by the Collector suing on behalf of the Government.

56. (1) Proceedings in any Court for the Tax to be a recovery of any tax shall be deemed to be proceedings for the recovery of a liquid debt.

(2) In any action or proceedings for the recovery of any tax it shall not be competent for the defendant to question the correctness of the assessment register or any certified extract therefrom.

57. Any tax due and payable under the Tax a first provisions of this or any subsequent Procla-charge upon mation shall be a first charge upon the assets. of the person by whom such tax is due.

58. The production of any assessment Conclusive register, or of any document under the hand making of of the Collector purporting to be a copy of assessment. or extract from any assessment register, shall be conclusive evidence of the making of the assessment and, except in the case of proceedings on appeal against the assessment, shall be conclusive evidence that the amount and all the particulars of such assessment appearing in such register or document are correct.

PART V.

MISCELLANEOUS.

59. If it is proved to the satisfaction of the Refunds. Collector that the amount paid by any person is in excess of the amount properly chargeable under this or any subsequent Proclamation, the Collector may authorise a refund to such person of any tax overpaid: Provided however that no such refund may be authorised unless the claim therefor is made within two years after the date when the payment was made.

60. Any person-

(a) who knowingly and wilfully makes any Offences. false statement in any return, or makes any false answer, whether ver-bally or in writing, for the purpose of evading, or enabling any other person to evade, assessment or taxation; or

(b) who by any falsehood, wilful neglect, fraud, art, or contrivance whatsoever, evades or attempts to evade assessment

or taxation.

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or, in default of payment, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year. Where the income is received or to whom or in whose favour it accrues or is deemed to accrue or who is legally in addition to the punishment imposed, to be entitled to the receipt thereof: Provided that any person who is required tax to which he would otherwise be liable.

19

Form o sentences.

61. (1) Where a person is convicted of such an offence as is described in paragraph (b) of the last preceding section, there shall be two sentences imposed: the first in the usual form of adjudging the accused to pay the penalty imposed, and the second adjudging the accused to pay twice the amount of the tax of which he has sought to evade or avoid the payment.

(2) The first sentence shall forthwith be enforceable, but the second sentence shall not be formally recorded until the amount of the tax of which the accused has attempted to evade or avoid payment has been ascertained by the Collector, who shall, as soon as practicable, proceed to ascertain and fix the same.

- (3) The Collector shall give notice to the accused of the amount so ascertained, and if the accused within fourteen days after such notice, or within such further time as the Collector or the Court may for good cause allow, gives the Collector notice of objection to such amount, he shall be entitled to have such objection heard and determined by the Court.
- (4) At any time after such amount has been ascertained by the Collector, or, upon the accused's objection, by the Court, the second sentence may be formally recorded, adjudging the accused to pay twice the amount so ascertained or determined, and shall be forthwith enforceable.

Authentication and service of documents.

- 62. (1) Every form, notice, demand or other document issued or given by or on behalf of the Collector or other officer under this Proclamation shall be sufficiently authenticated if the name of the Collector or officer by whom the same is issued or given is stamped or printed thereon.
- (2) Any notice required or authorised under this Proclamation to be served upon any person shall be sufficiently and effectively served—
 - (a) if personally served upon him; or
 - (b) if left at his usual or last place of abode or office or place of business in the Territory; or
 - (c) if sent in a registered letter addressed to such place of abode, office or place of business, or to his usual or last known postal address in the Territory;

and, in the case of a company, shall be sufficiently and effectively served if personally served on the public officer of the company or delivered to him or left at the company's address for service under this Proclamation, or, if the company has lodged no address for service as required by this Proclamation, then if the notice is left at or sent in a registered letter by the post addressed to any office of the company in the Territory or any premises therein where it carries on business.

Tax assessable without deduction for United Kingdom tax.

63. For the purposes of income tax payable under this or any subsequent Proclamation income shall be assessable without any deduction for income tax (including supertax) payable in the United Kingdom.

Relief in respect of income tax paid in the United Kingdom.

64. (1) Any person who has paid by deduction or otherwise or is liable to pay income tax under this or any subsequent Proclamation for any year of assessment on any part of his income, and who proves to the satisfaction of the Collector that he has paid income tax in the United Kingdom for that year in respect of the same part of his income, shall be entitled to relief from income tax under this or any such other subsequent Proclamation paid or payable by him on that

part of his income at a rate equal to the amount by which the rate of tax appropriate to his case under this or such other Proclamation exceeds half the appropriate rate of United Kingdom tax. If, however, the rate of tax appropriate to his case under this or such other Proclamation exceeds the appropriate rate of United Kingdom tax he shall be entitled to relief at a rate equal to half the appropriate rate of United Kingdom tax.

- (2) For the purposes of this section a certificate issued by or on behalf of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue in the United Kingdom shall be receivable in evidence to show what is the appropriate rate of United Kingdom tax in any particular case.
- (3) For the purposes of this section the expression "rate of tax", when applied to income tax paid or payable in the Territory, means the rate determined by dividing the amount of the income tax paid or payable for the year (before the deduction of the relief granted under this section) by the amount of the income in respect of which the tax paid or payable in the Territory has been charged for that year, except that where the income tax paid or payable in the Territory is charged on an amount other than the ascertained amount of the actual profits the rate of tax shall be determined by the Collector.
- (4) Every claim for relief under this section shall be made to the Collector within two years of the date of the assessment to which the claim relates or within such further time as the Collector may for good cause allow.
- 65. The High Commissioner may make Regular regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Proclamation for all or any of the following purposes, that is to say:—
 - (a) prescribing the duties of all persons engaged or employed in the administration of this Proclamation;
 - (b) defining the limits of areas within which such persons are to act;
 - (c) prescribing the forms of returns to be furnished to the Collector and by whom the same shall be made and the time and mode of making and furnishing the same:
 - (d) providing that, to avoid duplicate payment in the Territory in any case in respect of the same year or period, the Collector may make such allowance or refund as he shall deem just and in such manner as may be prescribed;
 - (e) prescribing the procedure to be observed in the conduct and hearing of objections and appeals before the Court;

and generally for giving effect to the objects and purposes of this Proclamation. The regulations may prescribe penalties to which any person convicted of any contravention thereof or failure to comply therewith shall be liable, not exceeding a fine of twenty pounds or, in default of payment, imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding three months.

66. In this Proclamation, unless inconsis-Interpretation of terms with the context—

"agent" includes any partnership, company, or any other body of persons, whether incorporated or not, which is acting as an agent; "company" includes any association incorporated or registered under any law in force in the Territory relating to companies, banking companies, d furt companies \mathbf{or} under special law; and further includes any such association which, though incor-porated or registered outside the Territory, carries on business or has an office or place of business therein;

"person" includes any partnership, any company, and any body of persons whether incorporated or not;

" prescribed " means prescribed by or under the authority of this Proclamation, and, in the case of a prescribed form, means a form substantially as prescribed or to the effect thereof;

" regulation " means a regulation lawfully made and in force under this Proclamation;

"tax" or "taxation" means any tax or duty leviable under this or any subsequent Proclamation;

"taxpayer" means any person chargeable with any tax or duty leviable under this or any subsequent Proclamation, and, for the purposes of any provision relating to any return, includes every person required by this Proclamation to furnish such return;

"trustee", in addition to every person appointed or constituted as such by act of parties, by will, by order or declaration of Court, or by operation of law, includes an executor or administrator, tutor or curator, and any person having the administration or control of any property subject to a trust, usufruct fidei commissum or other limited interest, or acting in any fiduciary capacity, or having, either in a private or an official capacity, the possession, direction, control or management of any property of any person under legal disability;

"this Proclamation" includes the regulations;

"year of assessment" means any period in respect of which any tax or duty leviable under this or any subsequent Proclamation is chargeable.

67. The Proclamations mentioned in the Schedule to this Proclamation are hereby repealed: Provided that notwithstanding such repeal any tax which would have been leviable under any such Proclamation and which has not been collected at the commencement of this Proclamation may be collected in accordance with and subject to the provisions of such repealed Proclamation.

Short title

68. This Proclamation may be cited as the and commencement. Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1940, and shall have force and take effect as from the first day of July, 1939.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Cape Town this Tenth day of February, One thousand Nine hundred and Forty.

E. J. HARDING, High Commissioner.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

LAWS REPEALED.

No. and Year	of L	aw.	Title or Subject of Law.	
Proclamation of 1922	No.	70	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1922.	Pro
Proclamation of 1924	No.	25	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Amendment Proclamation, 1924	Ta
Proclamation of 1926	No.	25		Taz
Proclamation of 1929	No.	39	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1929.	Pro
Proclamation of 1930	No.	34	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1930.	Pro
Proclamation of 1932	No.	49	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1932.	- 8
Proclamation of 1934	No.	37	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1934	Pro
Proclamation of 1934	No.	49	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Amendment Proclamation, 1934.	Taz
Proclamation of 1935	No.	54	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1935.	Pro
Proclamation of 1936	No.	57	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1936.	Pro
Proclamation of 1937	No.	52	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1937.	Pro
Proclamation of 1938	No.	38	Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax clamation, 1938.	Pro
E 6199900		oor t		

(Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.)

BASUTOLAND.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 21 of 1940.

CUSTOMS.—DUTY ON GLASS BOTTLES.

It is hereby notified for general information that by sub-section (2) of section twelve of the Customs Tariff and Excise Duties Amendment Proclamation, 1925, as amended, the High Commissioner may by Notice in the Gazette cancel or from time to time amend any Notice issued under section three thereof; and that His Excellency has been pleased to declare that High Commissioner's Notice No. 185 of 1939 is hereby amended by deletion therefrom of the following item-

Pomade pots or jars, empty, of glass-ad valorem, 20 per cent.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN. Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office. Cape Town, 7th February, 1940.

BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 22 of 1940.

CUSTOMS.—DUTY ON GLASS BOTTLES.

It is hereby notified for general information that by sub-section (2) of section twelve of the Customs Tariff and Excise Duties Amendment Proclamation, 1925, as amended, the High Commissioner may by

Notice in the Gazette cancel or from time to time amend any Notice issued under section three thereof; and that His Excellency has been pleased to declare that High Commissioner's Notice No. 186 of 1939 is hereby amended by deletion therefrom of the following item—

Pomade pots or jars, empty, of glass—ad valorem, 20 per cent.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Cape Town, 7th February, 1940.

SWAZILAND.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 23 of 1940.

CUSTOMS.—DUTY ON GLASS BOTTLES.

It is hereby notified for general information that by sub-section (2) of section twelve of the Customs Tariff and Excise Duties Amendment Proclamation, 1925, as amended, the High Commissioner may by Notice in the Gazette cancel or from time to time amend any Notice issued under section three thereof; and that His Excellency has been pleased to declare that High Commissioner's Notice No. 187 of 1939 is hereby amended by deletion therefrom of the following item—

Pomade pots or jars, empty, of glass—ad valorem, 20 per cent.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Cape Town, 7th February, 1940.

BASUTOLAND.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 24 of 1940.

It is hereby notified for general information that, in terms of section seven of the Basutoland Marriage Proclamation, 1911, His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to appoint the Reverend Abuid Simon Mojaki of the Methodist Church of South Africa to be a Marriage Officer under the said Proclamation for the solemnization of marriages within Basutoland.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Cape Town, 8th February, 1940.

BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 25 of 1940.

BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE INCOME TAX.

It is hereby notified for general information that under the powers conferred on him by section sixty-five of the Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1940, His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to make the subjoined regulations.

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

H. E. PRIESTMAN,
Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Cape Town, 16th February, 1940.

REGULATIONS UNDER THE BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE INCOME TAX (CONSOLIDATION) PROCLAMATION, 1940.

PRELIMINARY.

In construing these regulations and the forms contained in the Schedule, the expressions therein shall have the same meaning as in the Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1940, and the following further definitions shall have effect:—

- 1. "Receiver" means any person appointed by the Collector, with the approval of the Resident Commissioner, as Receiver of Revenue in any district and includes the Assistant Collector, if acting as Receiver.
 - 2. "Court" means the High Court.
- 3. "Return" includes all returns, lists, declarations, statements, accounts, and information which may be required to be furnished under the provisions of the Proclamation or under these regulations.
- 4. "Schedule" means the schedule or schedules to these regulations, and wherever a reference is made to a schedule or a form or forms, such reference shall be deemed to be followed by the words "or to the like effect".
- 5. "The Proclamation" means the Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1940, and shall be deemed to include any Proclamation amending the same.

OFFICERS.

- 6. Every receiver, clerk, and other officer appointed for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Proclamation shall be under the direction and control of the Collector, and shall perform such duties as may be required by the Collector or as may be prescribed.
- 7. The various districts defined for the purposes of the Proclamation and the receivers appointed to act therein, respectively, shall be notified by the Collector in the *Gazette*.
- 8. Any receiver so appointed may exercise within the limits of the district specified all powers conferred upon the Collector by the Proclamation in regard to the requiring and obtaining returns of income, including the institution of proceedings against any person in default, but any person wishing to do so may deliver his return to the receiver in a sealed envelope addressed to the Collector, or may forward his return direct to the Collector, provided that at the same time he shall give notice in writing to the receiver of his district that his return has been sent to the Collector.
- 9. Any receiver so appointed may demand and receive on behalf of the Collector payment of any tax duly assessed.

FORMS AND NOTICES.

- 10. Forms in the Schedules to these regulations shall be the forms to be used for the purposes of the Proclamation: Provided that the Collector may require a special form of return in any case where in his opinion special circumstances render it desirable.
- 11. Notices to be given by the Collector may be signed by any officer authorised by him on his behalf, and any notices purporting to be so signed by order of the Collector shall be as valid and effectual as if signed by himself.

RETURNS.

12. A return in the forms C, D and E shown in the Schedule containing the information and particulars mentioned or referred to in such form, verified as therein set forth and accompanied by such accounts, balance-sheets, statements and other documents as may be mentioned in such form or as may be required, shall be furnished respectively by-

(1) every married person residing in the Territory whose taxable income arising or accrued from sources within the Territory and from sources deemed to be within the Territory in terms of the Proclamation exceeded during the twelve months ended the preceding 30th June the sum of four hundred pounds;

(2) every widowed or divorced person residing within the Territory and maintaining a child of his own or step-child under the age of twenty-one years whose taxable income arising or accrued from sources within the Territory and from sources deemed to be within the Territory in terms of the Proclamation exceeded during the twelve months ended the preceding

30th June, the sum of four hundred pounds;
(3) the agent, trustee, executor, administrator, tutor, curator, receiver, or person acting in any fiduciary capacity having the manage-ment, care, or control of any income of any person whose taxable income arisen or accrued from sources within the Territory and from sources deemed to be within the Territory in terms of the Proclamation exceeded during the twelve months ended the preceding 30th June, the sum of four hundred pounds;

(4) every person, other than those described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this section, residing in the Territory whose taxable income arising or accrued from sources within the Territory or from sources deemed to be within the Territory in terms of the Proclamation exceeded during the twelve months ended the preceding 30th June the sum of three hundred pounds;

(5) the agent, trustee, executor, administrator, tutor, curator, receiver or person acting in any fiduciary capacity having the management, care or control of any income of any person to whom paragraph (4) of this section applies whose taxable income arising or accrued from sources within the Territory and from sources deemed to be within the Territory in terms of the Proclamation exceeded during the twelve months ended the preceding 30th June the sum of three hundred pounds;

(6) the public officer of every company which carried on business in the Territory during the year ended the preceding 30th June;

(7) every person to whom notice requiring a particular return in respect of any period shall be given by the Collector or a receiver.

13. Any individual partner in any partnership or the manager of any firm may be required to state the name and address of each of the partners in such partnership or of the person or persons interested in such firm, and may further be required to furnish any such other returns in connection with the transactions of the partnership or firm as the Collector or the receiver of the district may require.

- 14. Every person entitled to or beneficially interested in any income in partnership or jointly with any other person shall furnish a separate return of his income in which he shall include and specify the proportion or amount of the partnership or joint income received by him, or to which he is entitled, or in which he is beneficially interested, in addition to any other income received by or accrued to him or in his favour.
- 15. Every return shall be signed by the person making the same, or, if he is unable to write, his signature made by his mark shall be attested by a witness, who shall sign as such, and such return shall be sent by post to or delivered at the office of the proper officer.
- 16. Subject to the Proclamation, returns may be required from any person at any time in any manner and within such period as may be required by or under a notice given by the Collector for that purpose.
- 17. The returns to be furnished under sub-section (1) of section thirty-one of the Proclamation shall be in the Form F shown in the Schedule.
- 18. The returns to be furnished under sub-section (2) (b) of section thirty-one of the Proclamation shall be in the Form G shown in the Schedule.
- 19. The returns to be furnished under section twenty-five of the Proclamation shall be in the Form H shown in the Schedule.
- 20. Every person shall give his postal address upon every return furnished by him.

NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

21. The notice of assessment to be given by the Collector under section thirty-seven (3) of the Pro-clamation shall be in the Form I shown in the Schedule.

APPEALS.

- 22. In any case in which notice of appeal has been lodged, all papers in connection therewith shall be transmitted to the Court at least twenty-one days before the date set apart for the hearing of the appeal.
- 23. Every appeal shall be heard and determined by the Court at a date to be notified to the appellant.
- 24. The general practice and procedure of the Court shall be that of the High Court, and the burden of proof that the assessment is excessive shall lie on the appellant.
- 25. It shall be permitted to the appellant to appear and conduct his case by means of any person authorised by special power of attorney in writing authorised by special power of attorney in writing under his hand, which shall be filed with the Registrar of the Court, and when it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that, by reason of the absence from home of any appellant, such written authority could not be obtained, then it shall be permitted to anyone having a general authority to manage his affairs in his absence and willing to conduct the case to appear for the appellant and conduct the same.
- 26. In any case in which an appeal is set down for hearing at a place within a district other than that in which the appellant resides, the Court may admit a written statement of the appellant's case in lieu of an appearance by the appellant or any person on his behalf; provided that the Court is satisfied that attendance at the sitting of the Court would impose upon the appellant inconvenience and expense out of proportion to the amount involved in the appeal. Any such statement must be forwarded by the appellant to the Registrar of the Court within the period prescribed by Regulation No. 22.
- 27. Proceedings before the Court shall be commenced by the production by the Collector of a certified copy or extract of the assessment register in so far as it relates to the assessment made upon the appellant or other document under his hand, and the production of the notice of objection lodged and of appeal noted by the appellant, together with any material correspondence relating thereto.

- 28. The appellant or person appearing on his behalf shall then produce and exhibit to the Court any documents or writings whereon his objection may be founded, and shall also produce any witnesses he may require to have examined in support of the same.
- 29. The case on the part of the appellant having been heard, the Collector, or some one on his behalf, shall in like manner produce any further writings or documents he may desire to have read to the Court and any witnesses he may require to be examined in support of his assessment.
- 30. After argument on behalf of the appellant and the Collector, respectively, and the appellant having been heard in reply to any points raised on behalf of the Collector and not dealt with in the argument on behalf of the appellant, the Court shall determine the matter in dispute. The Court may reserve its decision until a later stage of the sitting or until a sitting at a later date.
- 31. If neither the appellant nor any one authorised to appear on his behalf appear before the Court at the time and place appointed for the purpose, and no written statement as provided in Regulation No. 26 has been furnished to the Registrar of the Court, then the Court, upon the request of the Collector and upon proof that the prescribed notice of the sitting of the Court has been given to the appellant, shall confirm the assessment objected to unless any question of law arise, in which case the Court may, before giving its decision, call upon the Collector for argument in support of the assessment.
- 32. In case the appellant shall have failed to state the grounds of his objections or appeal in definite terms, the Court may, upon the opening of proceedings (as provided in Regulation No. 27), decide what shall be considered the grounds of objection or appeal.
- 33. In any case in which a taxpayer has made default in furnishing any return or any information required by the Collector, or if any return or any information furnished by such taxpayer shall have been defective or misleading, such taxpayer shall not be entitled to any costs on the hearing of his appeal.
- 34. The Collector or the appellant shall be entitled to call expert or other witnesses in support of any assessment or any appeal against an assessment, and the Court shall, in respect of the summoning, swearing, and examination of witnesses, the payment of their expenses, the ordering of the production of accounts and documents, the postponement of cases or partly heard cases, have and exercise all and singular the powers and authorities conferred by law upon the High Court for the hearing and determining of civil actions.
- 35. In any case in which the Court shall make an order as to costs, under the provisions of sub-section (9) of section forty-nine of the Proclamation, the bill of such costs shall be taxed by the Registrar of the Court: Provided that the Collector or the appellant may apply to the Resident Commissioner or Assistant Resident Commissioner for reconsideration of any items or portions of items in such bill, and the decision of the Resident Commissioner or Assistant Resident Commissioner, as the case may be, as to whether such items or portions of items shall be allowed, reduced or disallowed, shall be final.
- 36. The fees, charges, and rates to be allowed in such bills of costs shall as far as applicable be those fixed by the tariff of fees and charges in cases heard before the High Court.

PAYMENTS.

37. Before proceedings are taken for the recovery of any tax, a notification to pay shall be forwarded by post to the taxpayer addressed to his place of business or his usual or last-known place of abode.

38. Such notification shall set forth the amount of tax assessed and give particulars of the time and place at which it should be paid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

- 39. Subject to the provisions of sub-section (10) of section twenty-eight of the Proclamation, the return rendered by any taxpayer in respect of any year of assessment shall cover the same accounting period as that covered by the taxpayer's own annual accounts.
 - 40. Whenever as to any particular income-
 - (1) more than one person appears or claims to be liable or qualified to pay any tax; or
 - (2) a question arises as to the person liable to pay any tax; or
 - (3) a question arises as to whether a person is liable to pay or is chargeable with any tax, and whether on his own behalf or in a representative capacity,

the Collector may decide the matter in question subject to objection and appeal as provided by the Proclamation

41. Pending final decision of the matter, all the persons appearing to be liable to pay any tax in respect of any particular income shall be jointly and severally responsible for the proper discharge of the duties imposed by the Proclamation on taxpayers.

duties imposed by the Proclamation on taxpayers.

42. The Collector may make such arrangements and adjustments as he may deem fit for the purpose of avoiding repayments due to any duplicate taxation in the Territory.

in the Territory.

43. The Collector may, for any purpose in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax under the Proclamation or in connection with the hearing of appeals, make use of or produce in evidence, any returns appropriate to the contract of the c

evidence any returns, correspondence, accounts, plans, statements, or other documents to which he has had or may have lawful access for the purpose of Income Tax.

44. Any person applying for any information as to the particulars of an entry in the assessment register shall produce such evidence as will satisfy the Collector that he is entitled to be supplied with such information.

45. Any person who contravenes any of these regulations or fails to comply therewith shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding three months.

SCHEDULE OF FORMS.

A.—FORM OF OATH UNDER SECTION FOUR OF THE PROCLAMATION.

OATH OF SECRECY.

> Assistant Resident Commissioner, First Assistant Secretary, District Commissioner or Justice of the Peace.

B.—PUBLIC NOTICE TO FURNISH RETURNS UNDER THE BECHUANALAND PROTEC-TORATE INCOME TAX (CONSOLIDATION) PROCLAMATION, 1940, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE, 19....

Notice is hereby given that all persons liable to taxation, personally or in any representative capacity, under the provisions of the Bechuanaland Protectorate Income Tax (Consolidation) Proclamation, 1940, are required to furnish within thirty days from the date of this notice, returns for the assessment of the tax. Returns are also required within thirty days from the date of this notice from any other person, whether a taxpayer or not, to whom paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of this notice applies.

Returns are required from-

- (a) every married person whose income for the year ended 30th June, 19..., exceeded £400;
- (b) every widowed or divorced person, maintaining a child of his own or step-child under the age of twenty-one years, whose income for the year ended 30th June, 19..., exceeded £400;
- (c) every person other than those described in (a) and (b) whose income for the year ended 30th June, 19..., exceeded £300;
- (d) the public officer of every company which carried on business in the Territory during the year ended 30th June, 19...;
- (e) every person who is a representative of any person who is described above;
- (f) every person to whom a form shall be issued even though the income of such person may not have amounted to £400.

FORMS.

The forms prescribed under the Proclamation can be obtained at the Office of the Collector of Income Tax, Mafeking.

FORWARDING THE RETURNS.

Every return is required to be forwarded by post or to be delivered at the Office of the Collector of Income Tax, Mafeking.

Note.—Any envelope marked with the words "Income Tax—On His Majesty's Service" will be carried post free.

PENALTIES.

Any person required to render a return who fails to do so within the period of thirty days from the date of this notice is liable to a penalty not exceeding £100, or, in default of payment thereof, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, and, further, to a fine not exceeding £10 for each day during which default continues after conviction, and to an estimated assessment at double the ordinary rate.

Any person who knowingly and wilfully makes any false statement in any return, or evades, or attempts to evade, assessment or taxation, is liable to a penalty not exceeding £100, or, in default of payment thereof, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one year, and, in addition, is liable to be assessed and charged twice the amount of tax which he has sought to evade.

Note.—No person is exempted from penalty by reason merely of the fact that he may not have been called upon individually to make a return.

C.—RETURN FOR NORMAL AND SUPER TAX PUR-POSES BY A PERSON ON HIS OWN BEHALF OR BY A REPRESENTATIVE TAXPAYER ON BEHALF OF THE PERSON FOR WHOM HE ACTS.

STATEMENT OF INCOME.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 19____

		-			ë .	Income.
urce	of	Income	3.			If Nil state
	100		F- 50	A SHOW OF	4	" Nil ".

Amount of

1. From Business, Trade, or Profession of (state nature of business)

carried on under the name of

at

(a) Of Self. £

(b) Of Wife.....£

Note.—Balance-sheet, trading account, and profit and loss account, including a detailed list of trading expenses, a list of bad debts, and details of any personal salary or drawings in cash or kind must be furnished, also a statement showing to whom any interest or rent is paid.

2.	From	Emp.	loyment	:

So

AS	
employed	by
0.4	

Details of income to be specified hereunder:-

(1) In Money.

	Of Self.	Of Wife.	Of Selj	of Wife.
	£	£	£	£
Salary	*			
or Wages House		5-100 to 100 to	Commis-	•
Allow- ance Ration	b oomermoon	bennimm	Bonus	
Allow-			205	
ance	binnennum	- bronzemiajona	Fees	min Removement
Other Allow-	7	e e sage e e	The second of the	**************************************
ance	1		1800	
(specify)	***************************************	Pension	

(specify) Pensi	on	
(2) In Kind.		
	Of Self.	Of Wife.
Quarters, valued at	£	
Board and lodging, valued at	£	No. 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
Servants, valued at	£	
Rations, valued at	£	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
Other, valued at	£	
Total from employment—		
Self £) /	
Wife £) /	
TOTAL		£
Note.—Current pension or		

Note.—Current pension or Superannuation contributions may be deducted, provided that the making of such contributions is a condition of the employment (state name of fund)

			-
Net	TOTAL.	 £	££

	Source of Income. Amount of Income. If Nil state "Nil."	II.—Return scriptions paid by 19 Note.—The	the t	axpayer	during t	he year	ende	d 30th June,
	From farming, supported by Form D in this £ schedule£	must be produce	ed.					Fees or
i. F	rom Rents of Property:—	Name of Fri	iendly ociety.	or Bene	fit	Descript	0.000	Subscriptions
	Gross Rentals:	500	Josep .	E.		Benefi	t.	Paid.
	Self £				i	1.7		£ s. d.
	Wife £ Total £							***************************************
	Less expenses, as detailed in state-							
	ment*£							
						TOTAL	£	
	Net Rentals:					JOIAL,	••••	
	Self£ Wife£ Total £ £	III.—Return the Taxpayer, m year ended 30th if they had lived,	ainta June	ined by	him du , who i	vring an vere or	y po would	ortion of the d have been,
	* Statement to be attached in respect of each property, specifying—	Note.—An						
	(a) description of property, with name of each tenant;(b) rent received from each tenant;	NOIE.—An	anow	ance or				
	(c) expenditure (shown separately) in respect of (i) Rates, (ii) Repairs (giving details), (iii) Insurance, (iv) Interest (showing names and addresses of all persons to whom interest is paid and amount paid to each person). No	Christian Names Surname of eac Child or Stepchi	eh	Date of		Place of Birth.		nere Residing 30th June, 19
	expenses should be included in respect of any property	- Child of Stopesia		Month.	Year.			
	occupied or used by you.	*				1	T	\$10 minutes
5. E	From Interest: Self £							
	Wife £ Total £	***************************************						
S	tatement to be attached giving names and							
	addresses of persons from whom interest						-	
	received and amount received from each							
6 I	person. From Dividends and Debenture Interest:	IV.—Return	ı of	Dependa	nts.			***************************************
0. 1	Self, £ Wife, £ Total £	An allowand	ce of	£30 for	each de	pendant	G.	
8	tatement to be attached giving names of com- panies from which received, the number of shares held, and amount received from each	Such depend (a) incapa (b) a child	acitat	ed by in	nfirmity	or old a	age o	r nder the age
	company.	of tw	entv-	one on	30th Ju	ne, 19	, u	into in any
		The allowar						
7. 1	From income derived from any country out-						toe .	actual main-
8	ide the Territory in respect of which no income ax is chargeable in the country of origin owing	tenano		por a	toraca i	одыши	UCB (
+	to the fact that the taxpayer is not domiciled	(2) if the	ma:	intenano	e cover	s the u	chole	year ended
	or ordinarily resident in that country:			, 19			81	,
	Self, £ Wife, £ Total £	(3) if the	pers	on is act	tually in	capable	of es	rning a live-
8	Statement to be attached giving full particulars.	lihood					8	
	From any other source of income whatever:	1 00	- t	1	T .	4.1		1 8
0. 1	Self, £ Wife, £ Total £	pur	£ 5	20 .	hip	16 0	nce	6 th 5
8	Statement to be attached giving full particulars.	Full Name of Dependant.	of Claim: (a) Infirmity or	(b) Infancy. Age of Denendant	Relationship to Taxpayer.	State value of Maintenance.	Period of Maintenance.	Address of Dependant 30th June, 19
	Total for the year ended 30th June, 19£	Set	(8)	(§) \d (\$\d	1 2 2	E E	<u>~</u>	40%31
-	ATT OVEL MOEG							
٠	ALLOWANCES.						********	
	In order that any abatement to which you may be entitled				0.00			
ma	y be determined, full details must be given under the							
res]	pective heads shown on this page. Note.—The allowances claimed under Sections I, II,					1 1		<u> </u>
TIT	, and IV hereunder are subject to reduction in terms of the	State here:	: Na	mes and	d addres	ses of a	ny c	other person
Inc	ome Tax Proclamation.	who contributed	d to i	the main	ntenance	of abov	ve de	ependants:
	I.—Return of Life, Accident, or Sickness Insurance	(1)	-		Value of	f assista	ince	£
Pre	emiums paid by the taxpayer during the year ended 30th	(2)			Value of	f assista	ince	£
Jun	ne, 19, in respect of his own or his wife's life or the lives	I hereby de	eclare	that th	is retur	n contai	ns a	full and true
of	his minor children.	account of the	whol	e of the	e income	e derive	d by	(a)
	Note.—The allowance is restricted to £50.			an	d my (h	nis) wife	(a)	
		from all sources	s deer	med to b	e within	the Ter	ritor	ry in terms o
	Name of Person Insured Name of Description Promittee	the Bechuanala	nd I	rotecto	rate Inc	ome Ta	x (C	onsolidation
(a	dlowable only as regards Insurance of Paid	Proclamation, 1	940,	that I	ne) was	on the 3	otn .	June, 19
ta	xpayer, his wife, and his minor children). Company. Insurance. Paid.	(b) t	nat n	ny (ms)	last retu	rn was s	ent l	etion given in
		Tax Office at M	areki	ng; an	u that al	ounte c	nd e	MUCALITAGE OF
	£ s. d.	this return and in the claim for	n obe	tomont	ing acc	and or	വധ ക വഴമാ	t.
		in the claim for	r ans	•остисте;	o to vitue			
*****		I						ature. al Address.
		-						dence.
(Tre	ceipts must be produced.)	1						1.0

		Total Outgoings	Number of house servants
3 —	_		Vimet in redmin
3 3 3 3 3	3	rate sheet.	for private use
* ******		implements), Give details on sepa-	sumed in house or exchanged for articles
71 74.		domestic purposes, machinery, or	4. Value of Farm Meat and Produce con-
		hold expenditure, buildings used for	j —
	•	-esuod ebuloni ot rox) assasque redto (g)	3
	3		(b) Other receipts (give details)
		(f) Repairs: Actual cash paid (give details)	(c) From transport
	. 8	ings, fencing, or dams), said (give	3 £
0.00		-blind no bewolk for a milder of lowed on build-	(b) From contracts (such as road-mak-
	3		implements, e.c., hired out
	U	machinery and implements, valued	(a) From tock, threshing machines,
3		to Allowance for wear and tear of	3. Miscellaneous Farming Receipts :-
16. 28		(.mrst	Total, as per detailed list attached
		value of produce or live stock of own	potatoes, cotton, tobacco, timber, poles,
# 85 m		obuloni of rations nor to include	meslies, wheat, hay, lucerne, fruit,
*	10.1	3 (solky	duce " includes wool, skins, hides,
*/	_	Rations (in	produce received in exchange). " Pro-
	3		2. Produce sold (including value of any
. 1		(b) Wages paid.—Cash (nor to include wages of domestic	Total, as per detailed list attached
	7	(c) Fertilizer bought	(Giving names of purchasers.)
	3	(v) Seed bought	ітуе вбоск гесеітей іп ехсавлясе) :
10.4	3	성 - 70-4 N.C. 14 H.C. 14 H.C. 14 T.C. 14 H.C.	I. Live Stock sold (including value of any
		(alistes and taxes paid (give details)	STATEMENT OF INCOMINGS.
		II. Farm expenses:—	
- F	-		(.eand pence.)
	\mathfrak{F}	Interest rate per cent.	agaillida timO)
		A nsol to JanomA	
	~	Interest rate per cent.	betautia doidw
	F	2 asol to tanomA	Districts fri stoirtsid
		oT	To foirteid bas
99	3		ams to sems I
	U	3 nsol lo annoma	
		oT	JULY, 19—, TO 30TH JUNE, 19—
59	F		STATEMENT OF INCOME FROM FARMING FROM 1st
		A nsol to tanomA	D&te.
# 77	72500	οT	Place.
19	F		Collector.
	3	3 nsol to JnuomA	morto 110
	70	The rest rate for center	TIMES CAMPAGE TO THE TOTAL TO LOS
	3	4 nsol to throm A	Double tax is chargeable on any taxable income omitted by any taxpayer from this return.
		or of	Service Control of Con
		concerned on separate sheet) :-	penalty not exceeding £100 or imprisonment for failing to do so.
		10. Interest (give full addresses of persons	signed within 30 days of the date given below. There is a
3	-		This form must be completed and returned to the under-
	F	tooT	Г 11 1 1 1 1 1
	F	jo. oT	Maria de la compania
-		-: dans	
3		Total, as per detailed list attached	
		8. Produce purchased (including value of any produce given in exchange) :	
F		Total, as per detailed list attached	o_{T}
		(Giving names of sellers.)	INCOME TAX.
(F) (E) (E)		of any live stock given in exchange) :-	BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE.
		7. Live Stock purchased (including value	PECHIIANALAND PROMEOMODAME
	i	STATEMENT OF OUTGOINGS	be carried free through the Pos.
		Total Incomings	TAX-ON HIS MAJESTY'S SERVICE." It will then
		particulars on separate sheet)	NOTE.—Please mark the envelope containing reply "INCOME
- 0		6. Wife's income (if any). (Give full	
£ (2) (1)	3	949	(including Income of Wife, whether married in community or not).
36 40	377	(b) Other sources, such as salaries, fees,	- 1865
¥ ——	17		D.—RETURN OF INCOME OF FARMER
	F	fo. morA	MUMINION CATATORNA C TOMOGRAPO
iii	F	10 morA	Collector's Reference No.
	F	fo. Storows Tree (9)	Heference No.
~	_	—: teerest (c)	To toritisid
3	r	Trom moral	
	7	to mora	
	3	io morit	ישטה מושה לוח ובסבוגבת חם יחודו וצי חם בעבתפבי
67		(b) From rents, including grazing:	explain fully your reasons for not submitting them. The fact that you received no form is no excuse.
3		as per detailed accounts attached	If returns have not previously been rendered by you,
W. 248.		(a) From trade, including speculation,	separated under order of court or written agreement.
snd pence.)		on a separate sheet) :	(b) State whether married, single, widowed, divorced, or
egnillide timO)		5. Other Receipts (details should be given	(a) State full name.
anamanan Carres an are-William		A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF	the second secon

3Тоты отностива....

SCHEDULES OF PRODUCE AND LIVE STOCK on hand and not sold on 1st July, 19...., and 30th June, 19. SCHEDULE A.—Produce (gathered and marketable), valued at or about average cost of production or market value, whichever is the lower.

DESCRIPTION.	On hand at		On hand at 30th June,			
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.		
Wool	6.4 % 2 2 2 1 1 1 2	£		£		
Frain						
Hay						
'obacco		* (71)				
Totals		€		£		

a	CLAS	S (1).	CLAS	S (2).	CLAS	SS (3).	
	Pedi Stoc any E	k of	Gra Hor Cat	ned	Stock not included in Classes (1) or (2).		
DESCRIPTION.	Numb hai		Numb har			ber on nd.	
	lst July, 19	30th June, 19	1st July, 19	30th June, 19	1st July, 19	30th June, 19	
<u> </u>							
Pedigree Bulls							
Pedigree Cows							
Pedigree Tollies and	F.1						
Heifers. Two years		28					
and under							
Pedigree Calves under							
one yearOTHER CATTLE							
One year or under							
From one to two years							
From two to three years						ļ	
From three to four years							
Over four years Bulls over five years	·						
SHEEP							
Rams					ļ		
Ewes							
Lambs under one year							
GOATS Kids under one year		·					
HORSES—	+		-22			- 7	
Stallions. Four years						i	
and over			-				
Mares. Four years and over	*				37	18	
Geldings. Three years							
and over							
Colts and Fillies.—		8	1 2 2	0 6		1	
Three years							
Two years One year							
Foals under one year						1	
DONKEYS—		The state of the s	1-1		14000-1000-1000		
Jacks—	1 0		1				
Three years and over Under three years				-			
Jennies—			*		./	1	
Three years and over				-			
Under three years	-					-	
Foals under one year		-	-	-		-	
MULES	200		1 - 5			1	
Four years and over Three years			-				
Two years					4		
One year					-		
Under one year		-	-	-	-	-	
OSTRICHES	-	1.		1	-	-	
Chicks	7						
Under one year							
ANY OTHER CLASS OF				1	SLAC ASSESSED		
ANIMAL			-	-			
		-		<u> </u>			
TOTALS				-	-]	-	

Schedule C.—Bloodstock purchased for Stud Purposes. Give particulars and purchase price of each animal.

(Note.—The taxpayer who has no bloodstock used for stud purposes must NOT fill in this schedule).

DESCRIPTION.	- 277	rchas rice.	е	Number on Hand.			
(Bull, Stallion, Ram, etc.)	£	8.	d.	1st July, 19	30th June 19		
TOTAL				y-			

			-	
	-	,	-	
	-			
_			-	
Total			-	
S		- Y	- 1	
	UMMA	RY.	- 42	
(To be completed or no Total Value of Produce a 1st July, 19	and Liv	e Stock	on hand	l, . £ . £
			# 8t	£
Total Incomings as above Total VALUE of Produce 30th June, 19	and Liv	e Stock	on hand	l,
***************************************				-
			51	£
Mortality Allowance with assessment of the taxpay Proclamation. Name of Taxpayer	nmarri	erms of ed, wid	Section ow,] der {	ector in the 8 (6) of the
30th June, 19	2578)	
If married, give full name				
I hereby declare that the account of the whole of wife) from all sources de Protectorate, and that a statements attached to it Taxpayer's signature.	the inco emed to ll inform , is true	ome der be with nation e and c	rived by hin the B given in orrect.	me (AND M) echuanalan
			-	
2.200			name of the latest of the late	go essa se
Postal address			***************************************	8
Date		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
АТ	LOWA	NCES.		*** * ***
Information required t			aim for A	hatement

- I. Insurance Premiums paid during year (only £50 in all is allowed, and it is only claimable in respect of life, accident, or sickness, insurance of the taxpayer, or his wife, or minor children). (Receipts to be produced.) ...Company to insure. .paid to...Company to insure. paid to... paid to... ...Company to insure. II. Subscriptions to Friendly or Benefit Societies paid during year (only £10 in all is allowed) :-Society. ___paid to_ ..paid to.. III. List of Children or Step-children of the taxpayer main-
- tained by him, who were, or would have been if they had lived, under the age of 21 years on 30th June, 19... (An allowance of £100 is made for each child.)

(Name)	born 19
(Name)	born 19
(Name) ,	born 19
(Name),	born19

IV. List of Dependants maintained by taxpayer (£30 is allowed in respect of any person incapable by reason of old age or infirmity from earning a livelihood, or any child, other than the child or step-child of the taxpayer, under the age of 21 years on 30th June, 19, who was maintained for the whole year by the taxpayer):— (Name)incapable by reason of(Name)incapable by reason of(Name)incapable by reason of	If debenture gage charges h value of assets	Amount of Income. If Nil state "Nil." s have been redeemed or mortate been repaid or the capital has been reduced during the iod, state the amount: £
	If the busine	ess of the Company extends to
E.—RETURN BY THE PUBLIC OFFICER OF A COMPANY.	Total asse Assets of t	ets of the Company £
STATEMENT OF THE INCOME RECEIVED BY OR ACCRUED TO OR IN FAVOUR OF	been fully and t supplies a full an deemed to have clamation, from twelve months co	clare that all the information called for has ruly stated, and that the above statement did true account of the income of accrued, in terms of the Income Tax Proaccued, in terms of the Territory during the overed by this return.
"Nil".	Date	Address for Service of Notices, etc.
1. From the Trade or Business of carried on at based on		
(Annex Accounts. If a loss has been incurred the accounts must nevertheless be furnished.)	fees, pension, stipend, bonus, allowance,	Other (specify).
2. From Rents of Property:—	snuc.	Other
Gross Rentals*£ Less expenses, as detailed in statement*£	stipend, bo	employer).
Net Rentals £ £	nsion, s	Sahinsa W & Jean State Office of the contract of the cont
Note.—Sums expended for improvements or alterations cannot be claimed as expenses.	fees, pe	bervants (state value). Fuel, Light, and
*Statement to be attached specifying—	on.	sunum)
 (a) properties let and (except in case of properties let for under £100 a year) names and addresses of tenants; (b) rent received from each tenant; (c) expenditure on each property (shown separately) in respect of—(i) Rates, (ii) Repairs, (iii) Insurance, (iv) Interest (shown 	INFORMATION. NE, 19 om you salary, wa	House or Quarters (state value per annum). Board or Rations
ing names and addresses of all persons to whom interest is paid and amount paid to each person). 3. From Dividends and Interest, to be specified	MERAL INFOR 30rH JUNE, 19. A. ceived from you ate;	Bonus.
separately (as per statement attached), show- ing Companies from which dividends received,	GENERAL DED 30TH Ju A. A. A. A. creeived fi	Wages Paid during The Period. Period. Period. Period. Period. Pees and Commission.
and names and addresses of persons from whom interest received, and amount received from each Company and person	OF G R ENDE	Therefore, the particular and th
(Any dividends not liable to tax will be deducted by the Collector when the assessment	F.—RETURN OF GENTAX YEAR EXDED chole of the above year, re mounting in the case of	S animb bisques Paint on Salary or S animb bisques Wages Paint object of S animb bisques
is made.) 4. From income derived from any country out-	F.—RE TA	Period Employed.
side the Territory in respect of which no income tax is chargeable in the country of origin owing to the fact that the Company is not domiciled nor ordinarily resident in that country	F.—RETURN O TAX YEAR o, during the whole of the above sh or kind) amounting in the men to £400 or more, in the	Married or Single personnel (state M. or S). Address Address S.
Statement to be attached giving full particulars.	ons who (in cas	elgnis ro berraeM of Since of
5. From any other source£ Statement to be attached giving full particulars. Total for the year ended 30th June, 19 £		Names of Persons Employed see Note I above).
The amount of loss, if any, carried forward from the return for the year ended 30th June, 19, may be recorded here: £	L.—]	Names o Empl (see Note

Date.

e n	Other (specify).	(d) 18		***************************************
	Othe	65 ₈₀		
	Insurance (life) and Income Tax (paid by employer).	ધ્ય		
	Fuel, Light, and Washing (state value).	બ		
	Servants (state value).	બ		
gregate	Board or Rations (state value per annum).	બર		-
a the ag	House or Quarters (state value per annum).	나		
ards, in	-snuog	Ⴗ		
or upw	Fees and Commission.	લા		
nnum pay; snnum	Pension.	બ		
1g pure 10 per a rate of 300 per	Amount of Salary or Wages Paid during Period,	્યા		
o of £4(tive of the of £5	Period Employed.			
persons employed by you during plan only or are above year, who conversely in the case of— married men at the rate of £400 per annum or upwards, in the aggregate; married women, irrespective of rate of pay; single persons at the rate of £300 per annum or upwards, in the aggregate.	Address.	10		
sons em the cas ried me ried wo le perso	elgniS to beirtieM (S to .M etata).			
at the rate per annum, in the case of— (a) married men at the rate of £400 per annum or upwards, in the aggregate; (b) married women, irrespective of rate of pay; (c) single persons at the rate of £300 per annum or upwards, in the aggregate.	Names of Persons Employed (see Note II above).			

В.

RETURN of Directors, Auditors, Accountants, Agents, or other persons who are not full-time employees, to whom fees, commission, or allowances exceeding £5 have been paid or are due for the Income Tax year.

If payment is made to a nominee on behalf of a principal or third party, the name of the latter should be stated. In the case of married women all amounts should be shown, and the initials of the husband stated.

Name of Person.	Address.	In what Capacity Remuneration Earned.	Total Remuneration, Fees, Wages, Allowances, Commission, etc., Paid or Due for the above Year.
, 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	1		£
***************************************		***************************************	
***************************************	·		

C.

- 100	2226 - 307	12.7	100	27.22		120	(2)		5000	₩ 17
	Return	of	Rents	paid	out	for	premises	for	the	Income
Tax	year,	inch	iding	brancl	ies.	25	# W		1	

Name of Person (Landlord).	Address.	Amount.
		£ s. d.

D

Returns of Interest paid out or credited for the Income Tax year.

Address.	Amount.
	£ s. d.
	Address.

I hereby declare that the particulars required are in every respect fully and truly stated, and that no information called for has been omitted.

-		Signatu	re.
<u> Austrian de montes promotes autonomistra de la companya de la co</u>	manus (Alemana)	Address	ě

G. - RETURN OF INTEREST PAID OR CREDITED. TAX YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 19.....

Name of Creditor. (Person or Company.)	Address.	Savings amount upwa Credite above Money w Depos	st (including Bank Interesting to £10 or and Paid or and during the Tax Year on the there on Fix it or Current Account.	st) or e ed
		£	s. d.	_
***************************************		•••		
***************************************				•••••

I hereby declare that the required particulars are in every respect fully and truly stated, and that no information called for has been omitted.

	Signat	are.
.2	Postal	Address.
Date	97	

H.—RETURN OF DEBENTURE INTEREST AND DIVIDENDS.

Name of Debenture or Shareholder. (Person or	Address.	Amount of Debenture Interest Paid or Credited during the Twelve	Dividen or Cre during th Months 30th Jun	ds Paid edited ne Twelve ended e, 19
Company.)	9	Months ended 30th June, 19	Cash.	In any other Form.
		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
			***************************************	***************************************
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				ļ

I.—NOTICE OF ASSESSMENT.

TAX	YEAR	ENDED	30тн	JUNE.	19

I have to inform you upon you in respect of above tax year:—	ou that an as	sessment h	as been made
Source of Income.	Amount shown by Taxpayer.	Amount - Assessed.	Remarks.
9 1 2 24 4	£	£	
TAXABLE INCOME			£(a)
Non-Taxable Income: Interest-exempted In Dividends Other	operial or U		£
ALLOWANCES:	ė.		
Primary	Society Fees.		£
TOTAL ALLOWANCES (fu	ll year)		£
or Proportion thereof for p	period of	projection (**) to respect (**)	£
Reduced by £1 for which the taxable incompart thereof if less that on £	ome (a) exceed an one year)	ds £600 (or calculated	*
Reduced by £1 for which the taxable in	come exceed	s £300 (or	
part thereof if less that	an one year),	viz., on	Zamaninaninaninaninani
			139
ABATEMENT (b)		50	£
Taxable Income (a) Less—			£
Abatement (b)	7		£
Taxable Amount			£
Ratepend			-
	2000		£

within thirty days from the date of this Notice to the-

Collector of Income Tax,
Mafeking.

Objections.—Notice of objection must be in writing and must reach the undermentioned assessment office within twentyone days from the date of this notice.

The taxpayer must state in detail in such notice the grounds of his objection. It should be noted that at the hearing of any appeal the taxpayer is limited, under the Income Tax Proclamation, to the grounds stated in his notice of objection.

Office Date-stamp.

Collector of Income Tax.

Assessment Office at Mafeking.

SCHEDULE.

Standard value applicable to any class of live stock [Section 8 (8) of the Proclamation].

	415-150-16			d Va Regu			
Description of Live Stock.	Sto	(1) Pedigree Stock of any Breed,			(2) Other Stock.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	
Cattle—		(g)			200		
Pedigree Bulls	75	0	0		-		
" Cows	50	0	0		_		
" Tollies and Heifers—Two years and	00	•					
under	20	0	0		-		
" Calves—Under one year	5	0	0		_		
Other Cattle— One year or under			- 44 - 10	1	0	0	
From one year to two years	36.5	_		2	ő	ŏ	
From two to three years		_	3	4	ŏ	ŏ	
From three to four years		_		6	0	0	
Over four years		_		8	0	0	
Bulls over five years				15	0	0	
Sheep	1	-		1	0	0	
Rams	75	0	0	100			
Ewes	25	0	0	N 12425	_	9356	
Lambs—under one year	5	0	0	0	5	0	
Goats	5	0	0	1	0	0	
Kids	1	10	0	0	5	0	
Horses—	100	0		- 00		^	
Stallions—Four years and over	100	0	0	20	0	0	
Mares—Four years and over	75	0	U	15	0	0	
Geldings—Three years and over Colts and Fillies—	1	200		10		U	
Three years	50	0	0	15	0	0	
Two years	40	0	0	10	0	0	
One year	30	0	0	. 7	10	0	
Foals	10	0	0	3	0	0	
Donkeys—					2-12-0		
Jacks—Three years and over	75	0	0	5	0	0	
Under three years	30	0	0	. 3	0	0	
Jennies—	100	0	0	4	0	0	
Three years and over	30	0	0	3	0	0	
Under three years	10	ő	o	ĭ	. 0	ő	
Mules—	10		0	-	•		
Four years and over	1	_		15	0	0	
Three years	1 .	_		10	0	0	
Two years		_		7	10	0	
One year		_		5	0	0	
Under one year				3	0	0	
Ostriches		-		5	0	0	
Chicks	1	_	×.	0	10	0	
Pigs	10	0	0	2	10	0	
Under one year	5	0	0	1	0	0	
Any other class of Animal	60.	-		100	-		

(Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.)

BASUTOLAND.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 26 of 1940.

With reference to High Commissioner's Notice No. 171 of 1939, it is hereby notified for general information that His Excellency the High Commissioner has been pleased to declare that Leihlo Fako Makhoathi shall be recognised as the headman of Boqate, ha Makhoathi, Subordinate to the Chief of Thaba Bosiu, in the District of Maseru, in place of Petrose Makhoathi.

> By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

> > H. E. PRIESTMAN, Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Cape Town, 16th February, 1940.

(Printed by the Government Printer, Pretoria.)

BASUTOLAND, BECHUANALAND PROTECTORATE, SWAZILAND.

HIGH COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE No. 27 of 1940.

It is hereby notified for general information that High Commissioner's Notices Nos. 234, 235 and 236 of 1939 [publishing Defence (Finance) Regulations for Basutoland, the Bechuanaland Protectorate, and Swaziland] are each amended by substituting the words "section one" for the words "section two".

By Command of His Excellency the High Commissioner.

H. LESTER SMITH, for Administrative Secretary.

High Commissioner's Office, Čape Town, 16th February, 1940.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application by THOMAS MNISI, of Gege, Swaziland, for a butcher's licence, near the Border Gate, will be heard at the Mankaiana Court-house, at 10 a.m. on Friday, the 8th March, 1940.

Any objections must be lodged in writing at the Office of the undersigned as well as with the applicant, not later than 2nd March, 1940.

C. GLEN LEARY, Assistant District Commissioner.

Mankaiana. Swaziland, 13th February, 1940.

NOTICE.

In the Estate of the late ABDUL GANI HAJI ADAM (No. E. 336), of Ranavav, in the District of Porbander, India.

The First and Final Liquidation and Distribution Account in the above Estate will lie for inspection at the office of the Master at Maseru, and a duplicate thereof at the office of the District Commissioner at Leribe for a period of 21 days reckoned from the date of the publication hereof.

GRUNOW & FROST. Attorneys for Executor Testamentary.

P.O. Box 1, Fouriesburg, 6th February, 1940.

NOTICE OF TRANSFER OF BUSINESS.

Notice is hereby given in terms of section four (1) of the Registration of Businesses Proclamation (Swaziland), No. 42 of 1933, that the general dealer's business hitherto carried on by ARTHUR THEODOR KARL LOOF, under the style or firm of MANTAMBI STORE, has been sold and is about to be transferred to HILTON WALTER NUNN, of Mantambi, Southern District, Swaziland.

3rd February, 1940.

A. T. K. LOOF. 9-16-23

NOTICE OF SURRENDER.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the High Court of Swaziland at Mbabane, on Tuesday, the 19th March, 1940, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, for the acceptance of the surrender of the Estate of ARTHUR THEODORE KARL LOOF, a storekeeper of Laings Halt, District Southern Swaziland; and that a statement of his affairs will lie for inspection at the Office of the Master of the High Court of Swaziland, Mbabane, and at the Office of the District Commissioner for Southern Swaziland at Hlatikulu, for a period of 14 days as from the 9th day of February, 1940.

Dated at Piet Retief, this 2nd day of February, 1940.

Attorneys for Applicant.

63 Church Street, P.O. Box 29, Piet Retief.

9-16-23

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application by Mr. D. P. M. Bothma, of Driefontein, P.O. Amsterdam, Swaziland, for a speculator's licence in livestock and produce licence, will be heard at the Mankaiana Court-house, at 10 a.m. on Friday, the 8th March, 1940.

Any objections must be lodged in writing at the Office of the undersigned as well as with the applicant, not later than Friday the 1st March, 1940.

C. GLEN LEARY, Assistant District Commissioner.

Mankaiana, Swaziland, 6th February, 1940.

SALE IN EXECUTION.

(In the District Commissioner's Court of the Southern District of Swaziland, held at Hlatikulu.)

Between MOSENTHAL BROTHERS, LIMITED, Plaintiff, and D. W. B. MILNER, Defendant.

In pursuance of a judgment in the Court of the District Commissioner of the Southern District of Swaziland holden at Hlatikulu and a Writ of execution dated on the 6th day of February, 1940, the following stock in trade will be sold by public auction in execution on Monday, the 5th day of March, 1940, at 10 a.m., at Mhlotsheni:—

Clothing, Materials, Footware, Farm Implements, Groceries, etc.

M. ANSELL, Deputy Messenger of the Court, Goedgegun. Goedgegun, 10th February, 1940.

NOTICE.

In the Estate of the late HENRY LAWSON GILES, of Mahalapye.

Creditors and Debtors in the above Estate are hereby required to file their claims with and pay their debts to the undersigned within thirty (30) days of the date of publication hereof.

Dated at Mafeking, this 13th day of February, 1940.

MINCHIN AND KELLY, Attorneys for the Executrix Testamentary.

SWAZILAND.

Government Notice No. 2 of 1940.

It is hereby notified for general information that under the powers in me vested by Regulation 26 (c) of the Defence Regulations published under High Commissioner's Notice, No. 153 of 1939, I have ordered that no person shall proceed from Swaziland to Portuguese East Africa, whether or not such person be resident in Swaziland, except under the authority of a written permit granted by an European Officer or Non-Commissioned Officer of the Swaziland Police.

C. L. BRUTON, Resident Commissioner, Swaziland.

Government Offices, Mbabane, Swaziland, 14th February, 1940.

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Staatskoerant

UNIE VAN SUID-AFRIKA

(Verskyn elke Vrydag.)

ADVERTENSIETARIEWE.

WETLIKE KENNISGEWINGS, Verlore Aktes, Sertifikate, Polisse, ens., Kennisgewings van Geregsbodes, en in verband met Handelsmerke, Orders van die Hof, Beedel-oorgawes, Tenders en Verkopings, Maatskappye, ens.

Die advertensietarief is as volg:-

5s. per duim, enkele kolom; herhalings, 3s.
10s. per duim, dubbele kolom; herhalings, 6s.
15s. per duim, driedubbele kolom; herhalings, 9s.
Om die ruimte wat 'n advertensie sal beslaan, by benadering te bereken, moet adverteerders die woorde in die advertensie tel en reken.

Vir enkele kolom, 6 woorde per reël; Vir dubbele kolom, 14 woorde per reël; Vir driedubbele kolom, 21 woorde per reël; en 8 reëls per duim.

In elke geval moet 'n ekstra half-duim aan die bo- en onderkant bereken word vir die titel en ondertekening respek-tiewelik. Gedeeltes van 'n duim moet as een volle duim gereken word.

KENNISGEWING IN SAKE UITGESTORWE BOEDELS.

Kennisgewings aan krediteure en debiteure in die boedels van oorlede persone en kennisgewings van eksekuteurs betreffende likwidasie-rekenings wat ter insae lê, word gepubliseer in skedulevorm teen 8s. per boedel.

KENNISGEWINGS IN SAKE DIE INSOLVENSIEWET.

'n Vaste bedrag van 12s. per boedel word bereken vir die publikasie in skedulevorm van kennisgewings voorgeskrewe deur die regulasies opgestel ingevolge die Insolvensiewet, 1916

Let Wel.—In die geval van vorms 3 en 4 moet adverteerders die woorde in die advertensie tel en reken: 12s. vir die eerste 36 woorde (of gedeelte daarvan) en 2s. vir elke addisionele 12 woorde (of gereelte daarvan).

KENNISGEWINGS IN SAKE PATENTE.

Kennisgewings van aanneming van volledige spesifikasies met betrekking tot aansoeke om oktrooibriewe word vir 10s. in drie agtereenvolgende uitgawes geplaas.

KENNISGEWINGS IN SAKE NATURALISASIE.

Aansoeke om naturalisasie word vir 13s. geplaas, watter bedrag 'n eksemplaar van die Staatskoerant insluit.

SLUITINGSUUR.

Adverteerders dien daarop te let dat die sluitingsuur vir die aanneming van kopie vir die Unie-Staatskoerant 4 uur n.m. op Woensdag van elke week voor verskyning is. Wanneer openbare feesdae verskyning raak, sal daar 'n spesiale kennisgewing in die Staatskoerant geplaas word wat eventuele veranderings van die sluitingsuur aankondig.

Alleen wetlike advertensies word vir publikasie in die Staatskoerant aangeneem en is onderworpe aan die goedkeuring van die Staatsdrukker wat kan weier om advertensies aan te neem of verder te publiseer.

Die Staatsdrukker behou hom die reg voor om kopie te redigeer.

redigeer.

redigeer.
Geen aanspreeklikheid kan aanvaar word vir verliese wat deur uitlatinge of tipografiese of ander foute ontstaan nie.
Die manuskrip van advertensies moet slegs op een kant van die papier geskrywe word en nie op die begeleidende brief nie. Alle eiename moet duidelik geskrywe word; ingeval enige naam verkeerd gedruk word tengevolge van onduidelike skrif, kan die advertensie alleen na betaling van die koste van 'n tweede plasing weer gepubliseer word.

Geen advertensie kan goplaas word nie, tensy dit vooruitbetaal is.

Alle tjeks, bankwissels, posorders of poswissels moet uitgemaak word op naam van die Staatsdrukker, Pretoria, en gekruis wees ,, Suid-Afrikaanse Reserwebank . Alleen tjeks wat deur die Bank geparafeer is, sal aangeneem word.

INTEKENCELD.

Die intekengeld vir die Unie-Staatskoerant (insluitende die Offisiële Koerant van die Hoë Kommissaris, Buitengewone Staatskoerante en Byvoegsels, met Kwartaal-indeks) is as

£1 per ses maande (posvry). £2 per twaalf maande (posvry). Prys per los eksemplaar, 6d.

Intekengelde moet vooruitbetaal word aan die Staatsdrukker, Pretoria, en kan ingaan van die 1ste van enige maand, maar kan nie vir 'n korter tydperk as ses maande aangeneem word nie.

J. J. KRUGER. Staatsdrukker.

Government Gazette

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA

ADVERTISEMENT RATES.

LEGAL NOTICES, Lost Deeds, Certificates, Policies, etc., Messangers' Notices, Trade Marks, Orders of Court, Surrenders, Tenders and Sales, Company Notices, etc.

Rates of advertising are as follows:-

5s. per inch single column; repeats 3s. 10s. per inch double column; repeats 6s 15s. per inch treble column; repeats 9s.

In order to arrive at the approximate space which an advertisement will occupy, advertisers should count the words in the body of the advertisement, and reckon—

For single column, 6 words to the line; For double column, 14 words to the line; For treble column, 21 words to the line; and 8 lines to the inch.

In each case an additional half-inch at top and bottom should be allowed for heading and signature respectively. Fractions of an inch to be reckened an inch.

DECEASED ESTATE NOTICES.

Notices to Creditors and Debtors in the Estates of Deceased Persons and Notices by Executors concerning Liquidation Accounts lying for inspection are published in schedule form at 8s. per Estate.

INSOLVENCY ACT NOTICES.

A fixed charge of 12s, per Estate is made for publishing notices in the schedule forms prescribed in the Regulations made under the Insolvency Act, 1916 and 1936.

N.B.—In the case of forms 3 and 4, advertisers should count the words in the advertisement and reckon: 12s. for the first 36 words (or portion thereof) and 2s. for every additional 12 words (or portion thereof).

PATENT NOTICES.

Notices of acceptance of complete specifications in respect of Applications for Letters Patent are inserted in three consecutive issues for 10s.

Applications for Naturalization are inserted for 13s. (which includes a copy of the Gazette).

CLOSING HOUR.

Advertisers should observe that the closing hour for the acceptance of "copy" for the *Union Gazette* is 4 p.m. on Wednesday of each week preceding publication. When Public Holidays affect publication, a special notice will appear in the *Gazette* notifying any change in the closing hour.

Only Legal Advertisements are accepted for publication in the Gazette, and are subject to the approval of the Government Printer, who can refuse to accept or decline further publication of any advertisement.

The Government Printer reserves to himself the right to lit "copy".

No responsibility can be accepted for losses arising from omissions or typographical errors.

Manuscript of advertisements should be written on one side of the paper only and not as part of the covering letter. All proper names must be plainly inscribed; in the event of any name being incorrectly printed as a result of indistinct writing, the advertisement can be republished only on payment of the cost of another insertion.

No Advertisement can be inserted unless it is Prepaid.

All cheques, bank drafts, postal orders, or money orders must be made payable to the Government Printer, Pretoria, and crossed "South African Reserve Bank". Cheques will only be accepted when initialed by the Bank.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

The subscription rates to the Union Gazette (including Official Gazette of the High Commissioner, Gazettes Extraordinary, and Supplements, with Quarterly Index) are as follows:

£1 for six months (post free). £2 for twelve months (post free). Price per single copy, 6d.

Subscriptions are payable in advance to the Government Printer, Pretoria, and may commence from the 1st of any month, but cannot be accepted for a shorter period than

J. J. KRUGER, Government Printer.