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Alle Proklamasies, Goewerments- en Algemene Kennisgewings, wat vir die eerste maal gepubliseer word, is in die linkerbohoek met 'n * gemerk.

All Proclamations, Government and General Notices published for the first time, are indicated by a * in the left-hand upper corner.

GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS.

Onderstaande Goewermentskennisgewings word vir algemene inligting gepubliseer:—

DEPARTEMENT VAN HANDEL EN NYWERHEID.

* No. 637.]

[16 Maart 1951.

PRYSBEHEER.

MAKSIMUM VORDERINGS VIR DIE VERKOOP VAN PRODUKTE DEUR MARKAGENTE.

Ek, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Pryskontroleur, handelende kragtens regulasie 3 van Oorlogsmaatreël No. 49 van 1946, verbied hierby enige markagent om vir diens deur hom gelewer in verband met die bemarking van produkte meer te vorder as wat gewoonlik gedurende die maand Desember 1950, deur hom vir enige soortgelyke diens gevorder is.

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Pryskontroleur.

OPMERKING.—Hierdie kennisgewing „bevries“ die vorderings van markagente teen die tariewe wat gedurende Desember 1950 geheers het.

* No. 638.]

[16 Maart 1951.

PRYSBEHEER.

MAKSIMUM PRYSE VAN BRONSSWEISSTAWE WAT IN DIE UNIE VERAARDIG WORD.

Ek, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Pryskontroleur, handelende kragtens regulasie 3 van Oorlogsmaatreël No. 49 van 1946, bepaal hierby vir die hele Unie, met uitsondering van die Mandaatgebied Suidwes-Afrika en die hawe en nedersetting Walvisbaai as volg:—

1. Die maksimum prys waarteen 'n bronsweissstaaf wat in die Unie vervaardig is en 'n deursnee het wat in die Bylae hiervan aangegee word, deur enigeen verkoop mag word, behalwe in die geval van verkoop deur 'n handelaar aan 'n ander handelaar, is die prys wat in vermelde Bylae teenoor sodanige deursnee aangegee word.

2. Goewermentskennisgewing No. 456 van 23 Februarie 1951 (Maksimum Pryse van Bronssweisstaue wat in die Unie vervaardig word) word hierby herroep.

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Pryskontroleur.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

The following Government Notices are published for general information:—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRIES

* No. 637.]

[16 March 1951.

PRICE CONTROL.

MAXIMUM CHARGES FOR THE SALE OF PRODUCE BY MARKET AGENTS.

In terms of regulation 3 of War Measure No. 49 of 1946, I, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Price Controller, do hereby prohibit any market agent from increasing the charge made by him for any service rendered in connection with the marketing of produce above the charge ordinarily made by him for any like service during the month of December, 1950.

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Price Controller

NOTE.—This notice “freezes” the charges that may be made by market agents at the rates ruling during December, 1950.

* No. 638.]

[16 March 1951.

PRICE CONTROL.

MAXIMUM PRICES OF BRONZE WELDING RODS MANUFACTURED IN THE UNION.

In terms of regulation 3 of War Measure No. 49 of 1946, I, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Price Controller hereby, throughout the Union, excluding the Mandate Territory of South West Africa, and the port and settlement of Walvis Bay:—

1. Fix the maximum price at which a bronze welding rod manufactured in the Union, that is of a diameter specified in the Schedule hereto may be sold by any person, except in the case of sales by a dealer to another dealer, at the price specified in the said Schedule, opposite such diameter.

2. Withdraw Government Notice No. 456 of 23rd February, 1951 (Maximum Prices of Bronze Welding Rods Manufactured in the Union).

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Price Controller

BYLAE.

	s. d.
$\frac{3}{8}$ duim	4 3 $\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{5}{16}$ duim en $\frac{1}{4}$ duim	4 4 $\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{3}{16}$ duim	4 5 $\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{5}{32}$ duim	4 6 $\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{1}{8}$ duim	4 8 $\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{1}{16}$ duim	5 0 $\frac{1}{4}$

OPMERKING.—Die uitwerking van hierdie kennisgewing is om die pryse van bronssweistawe wat in die Unie vervaardig word met 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per pond te verhoog. Die verhoogde prys is toe te skryf aan die stygting in die koste van tin en sink.

* No. 639.]

[16 Maart 1951.

PRYSBEHEER.

MAKSIMUM PRYSE VAN LEKKERGOED (PLAT SJOKOLADE—WYSIGING).

Ek, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, handelende kragtens regulasie 3 van Oorlogsmaatreël No. 49 van 1946—

(1) wysig Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1720 van 20 Julie 1950 (Maksimum Pryse van Lekkergoed) hierby deur die Eerste en die Tweede Bylaes daarvan te vervang deur die ooreenstemmende Bylaes hiervan;

(2) herroep hierby Goewermentskennisgewing No. 453 van 23 Februarie 1951 (Maksimum Pryse van Lekkergoed—Wysiging).

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Pryskontroleur.

OPMERKING.—Hierdie kennisgewing wysig nie die onlangs hersiene maksimum prys van plat sjokolade nie. Dit beperk die toepassing van die nuwe maksimum prys van 2s. tot plat sjokolade van 6 ons of meer wat deur die firmas, genoem in artikel 2 van die Eerste Bylae, vervaardig word. Alle ander plat sjokolade (uitgesondert dié wat in artikel 3 van die Bylae genoem word) wat 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ons of meer weeg, moet nog steeds teen 'n maksimum prys van 1s. 6d. verkoop word.

EERSTE BYLAE.

PLAT SJOKOLADE.

Beskrywing.	Maksimum pryse. s. d.
1. Plat sjokolade sonder vulsel, of plat sjokolade met neute, vrugte en/of heuning (uitgesondert die plat sjokolade genoem in artikel 2 of artikel 3 hiervan)—	
(a) Minimum gewig 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ons.....	1 6
(b) Minder as 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ ons, minimum gewig 3 ons,.....	1 0
(c) Minder as 3 ons, minimum gewig 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ons.....	0 6
(d) Minder as 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ons, minimum gewig $\frac{3}{4}$ ons.....	0 3
(e) Minder as $\frac{3}{4}$ ons, minimum gewig 8 dragmes.....	0 2
2. Plat sjokolade sonder vulsel of plat sjokolade met neute, vrugte en/of heuning met 'n <i>minimum gewig van ses ons</i> vervaardig deur Rowntree & Kie., Bpk., Wilson & Kie., Bpk., of Nestle (S.A.), Bpk.....	2 0
3. Plat sjokolade met heel haselneute en Braziliaanse neute—	
(a) Minimum gewig 5 ons 7 dragmes.....	1 9
(b) Minder as 5 ons 7 dragmes, minimum gewig 3 ons 10 dragmes.....	1 2
(c) Minder as 3 ons 10 dragmes, minimum gewig 1 ons 13 dragmes.....	0 7
4. Plat sjokolade met vulsel—	
(a) Minimum gewig 3 ons 10 dragmes.....	1 0
(b) Minder as 3 ons 10 dragmes, minimum gewig 1 ons 13 dragmes.....	0 6

TWEDE BYLAE.

SJOKOLADEKROKETTE.

Beskrywing.	Maksimum prys. s. d.
(1) Minimum gewig 5 ons 12 dragmes.....	2 0
(2) Minder as 5 ons 12 dragmes, minimum gewig 2 ons 14 dragmes.....	1 0

SCHEDULE.

	s. d.
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch	4 3 $\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{5}{16}$ inch and $\frac{1}{4}$ inch	4 4 $\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{3}{16}$ inch	4 5 $\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{5}{32}$ inch	4 6 $\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{1}{8}$ inch	4 8 $\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{1}{16}$ inch	5 0 $\frac{1}{4}$

NOTE.—The effect of this notice is to advance prices of bronze welding rods manufactured in the Union by 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per lb. The increase is due to the rise in the cost of tin and zinc.

* No. 639.]

[16 March 1951.

PRICE CONTROL.

MAXIMUM PRICES OF SWEETS (CHOCOLATE SLABS—AMENDMENT).

In terms of regulation 3 of War Measure No. 49 of 1946, I, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Price Controller, hereby—

(1) amend Government Notice No. 1720 of 20th July, 1950 (Maximum Prices of Sweets) by the substitution of the First and Second Schedules hereto for the corresponding Schedules thereto;

(2) withdraw Government Notice No. 453 of 23rd February, 1951 (Maximum Prices of Sweets—Amendment).

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Price Controller.

NOTE.—This notice does not introduce any alteration to the recently revised maximum prices of chocolate slabs. It limits the applicability of the new maximum price of 2s. to slabs of 6 oz. or more manufactured by the firms mentioned in section 2 of the First Schedule. All other slabs (excluding those referred to in section 3 of the Schedule) weighing 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or more, must continue to be sold at a maximum price of 1s. 6d.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

CHOCOLATE SLABS.

Description.	Maximum Price. s. d.
1. Solid block slabs or slabs containing nuts, fruit and/or honey (other than the slabs specified in section 2 or section 3 hereof)—	
(a) Minimum weight 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.....	1 6
(b) Less than 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., minimum weight 3 oz.....	1 0
(c) Less than 3 oz., minimum weight 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.....	0 6
(d) Less than 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., minimum weight $\frac{3}{4}$ oz.....	0 3
(e) Less than $\frac{3}{4}$ oz., minimum weight 8 drams.....	0 2
2. Solid block slabs, or slabs containing nuts, fruits and/or honey of a <i>minimum weight of six ounces</i> manufactured by Rowntree & Co., Ltd., Wilson & Co., Ltd. or Nestle (S.A.), Ltd.....	2 0
3. Slabs containing whole hazel nuts and Brazil nuts—	
(a) Minimum weight 5 oz. 7 drams.....	1 9
(b) Less than 5 oz. 7 drams, minimum weight 3 oz. 10 drams.....	1 2
(c) Less than 3 oz. 10 drams, minimum weight 1 oz. 13 drams.....	0 7
4. Filled block slabs—	
(a) Minimum weight 3 oz. 10 drams.....	1 0
(b) Less than 3 oz. 10 drams, minimum weight 1 oz. 13 drams.....	0 6

SECOND SCHEDULE.

CHOCOLATE CROQUETTES.

Description.	Maximum Price. s. d.
(1) Minimum weight 5 oz. 12 drams.....	2 0
(2) Less than 5 oz. 12 drams, minimum weight 2 oz. 14 drams.....	1 0

★ No. 640.]

[16 Maart 1951.

DISTRIBUSIE VAN SAKKE VIR MIELIES EN ANDER SOMERGRAANSOORTE.

Produsente, Mielieraadagente, geregistreerde mielie-handelaars en ander produktehandelaars word hierby in kennis gestel dat die volgende reëlings getref is vir die distribusie van sakke vir vanjaar se mielie- en somergraanoeste:—

1. MIELIES.

(a) Sakke word deur die Kontroleur van Jutegoedere slegs aan Mielieraadagente en geregistreerde mielie-handelaars vir herverkoop aan produsente toegeken. Die werklike getal sakke wat aan individuele agente en handelaars toegeken word, word deur die Raad van Beheer oor die Mieliénywerheid aanbeveel.

(b) Saktoekennings soos hierbo vermeld, is onderworpe aan die voorwaarde dat agente en handelaars sal sorg dat vir elke leë sak wat hulle aan 'n produsent verskaf, die produsent of 'n sak mielies of die leë sak aan die betrokke agent of handelaar terugbesorg. Dit spreek vanself dat agente en handelaars hierdie voorwaarde moet stel wanneer hulle sakke aan produsente verskaf.

2. DIVERSE GRAANSOORTE.

(a) Persone wat sakke vir diverse graansoorte (bv. kafferkorng, sonneblomsaad, ens.) nodig het, moet aansoek by die Kontroleur van Jutegoedere, Posbus 1097, Pretoria, doen.

(b) In die geval van produktehandelaars wat die sakke wil hê om aan produsente te verskaf, moet daar in die aansoek gemeld word—

(i) hoeveel sakke van die betrokke soort graan die applikant gedurende verlede jaar van produsente gekoop het;

(ii) hoeveel hy verwag om vanjaar te koop;

(iii) hoeveel leë sakke hy voorhande het;

(iv) of hy by die verkoop van verlede jaar se graan, gevvolg gegee het aan die sak-vir-sak-regulasie; indien wel, moet hy meld wat hy met die leë sakke of die sakkopons gedoen het; indien nie, waarom hy nie ooreenkomsdig die regulasie gehandel het nie.

(c) In die geval van 'n produsent, moet die applikant meld—

(i) hoeveel sakke van die betrokke soort graan hy verlede jaar geproduseer het;

(ii) hoeveel hy vanjaar verwag;

(iii) hoeveel leë sakke hy voorhande het;

(iv) of hy by die verkoop van verlede jaar se oes, leë sakke van die koper terugontvang het; indien wel, wat van die sakke geword het; indien nie, wie die koper was en hoeveel sakke graan aan hom verkoop is.

H. J. G. KENNEY,
Kontroleur van Jutegoedere.

★ No. 642.]

[16 Maart 1951.

PRYSBEHEER.**MAKSIMUM PRYSE VAN EIERS („BEHEERDE GEBIEDE”).**

(Seisoensverhoging van Pryse.)

Ek, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Pryskontroleur, handelende kragtens regulasie 3 van Oorlogsmaatreil No. 49 van 1946—

- (1) wysig hierby Goewermentskennisgewing No. 1729 van 20 Julie 1950 (Maksimum Pryse van Eiers) deur die Bylae daarvan deur die Bylae hiervan te veryang;
- (2) herroep hierby Goewermentskennisgewing No. 342 van 9 Februarie 1951 (Maksimum Pryse van Eiers —Beheerde Gebiede).

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Pryskontroleur.

★ No. 640.]

[16 March 1951.

DISTRIBUTION OF BAGS FOR MEALIES AND OTHER SUMMER CEREALS.

Producers, Mealie Board agents, registered mealie traders and other produce merchants are hereby notified that the following arrangements have been made for the distribution of bags for this year's mealie and summer cereal harvests:—

1. MEALIES.

(a) Bags will be allocated by the Controller of Jute Goods only to Mealie Board agents and registered mealie traders for resale to producers. The actual number of bags allocated to individual agents and traders will be recommended by the Mealie Industry Control Board.

(b) Bag allocations as described above are subject to the condition that agents and traders will ensure that for every empty bag supplied by them to a producer, the producer delivers back to the agent or trader either a bag of mealies or the empty bag. It follows that agents and traders will have to impose this condition when supplying bags to producers.

2. MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS.

(a) Persons requiring bags for miscellaneous cereals (e.g. kaffircorn, sunflower seed, etc.) should apply to the Controller of Jute Goods, P.O. Box 1097, Pretoria.

(b) In the case of produce merchants requiring bags for supply to producers, the application must state—

(i) how many bags of the type of grain under reference the applicant purchased from producers during last year;

(ii) how many bags he expects to buy this year;

(iii) how many empty bags he has on hand;

(iv) whether, when selling last year's grain, he complied with the bag-for-bag regulation; if so, he must state what has been done with the empty bags or the bag coupons; if not, why he did not act in accordance with the regulation.

(c) In the case of a producer the applicant must state—

(i) how many bags of the type of grain under reference he produced last year;

(ii) how many he expects this year;

(iii) how many empty bags he has on hand;

(iv) whether, when selling last year's crop he received empty bags back from the buyer; if so, what has happened to the bags; if not, who was the buyer and how many bags of grain were sold to him.

H. J. G. KENNEY,
Controller of Jute Goods.

★ No. 642.]

[16 March 1951.

PRICE CONTROL.**MAXIMUM PRICES OF EGGS ("CONTROLLED AREAS").**

(Seasonal Price Increase.)

In terms of regulation 3 of War Measure No. 49 of 1946, I, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Price Controller, hereby—

- (1) amend Government Notice No. 1729 of 20th July, 1950 (Maximum Prices of Eggs), by the substitution of the Schedule hereto for the Schedule thereto;
- (2) withdraw Government Notice No. 342 of 9th February, 1951 (Maximum Prices of Eggs—Controlled Areas).

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Price Controller.

BYLAE.

MAKSIMUM PRYS
PER DOSYN.

Beskrywing van eiers.

	Kolom 1. Groot- handel.	Kolom 2. Klein- handel.
Graad I—	s. d.	s. d.
(a) Groot.....	3 4	3 8
(b) Middelslag.....	3 0	3 4
(c) Klein.....	2 6	2 10
Graad II—		
(a) Groot.....	3 0	3 4
(b) Middelslag.....	2 8	3 0
(c) Klein.....	2 3	2 7
Graad III—		
Gemeng.....	2 5	2 5

OPMERKINGS.

- (1) Die „beheerde gebied” word in Oorlogsmaatreel No. 3 van 1945, soos gewysig, omskryf as die munisipale gebied Bellville, Benoni, Bloemfontein, Boksburg, Brakpan, Durban, Germiston, Goodwood, Johannesburg, Kaapstad, Kimberley, Krugersdorp, Nigel, Oos-onden, Parow, Pietermaritzburg, Port Elizabeth, Pretoria, Pretoria-Noord, Randfontein, Roodepoort-Maraaisburg, Simonstad, Springs, Vischhoek, of Walmer, die dorpsraadgebied Malvern, Pinetown of Vestville, die plaaslike raadsgebied Milnerton of Pinelands, die laaslike gebied Bellville-Suid, Elsiesrivier of Tievlei.
- (2) Die maksimum prys van ekstra groot eiers, graad I, is 2d. per dosyn meer as die maksimum prys van groot eiers, graad I.

No. 643.]

[16 Maart 1951.

PRYSBEHEER.

MAKSIMUM PRYSE VAN EIERS („TUSSEN”- EN „NIE-BEHEERDE” GEBIEDE).

(Seisoensverhoging van Pryse.)

Ek, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Pryskontroleur, handende kragtens regulasie 3 van Oorlogsmaatreel No. 49 van 1946, bepaal hierby vir die hele Unie met uitsondering van—

- (a) die Mandaatgebied Suidwes-Afrika en die hawe en nedersetting Walvisbaai; en
 (b) die „beheerde gebied” soos omskryf in Oorlogsmaatreel No. 3 van 1945, soos gewysig, as volg—
 (1) „Tussengebiede”—

die maksimum prys waarteen eiers deur enige aan iemand anders binne die gebied van die munisipaliteit, dorpsraad of dorpsbeheerraad van Alberton, Amsterdamhoek, Bethelsdorp, Durbanville, Edenvale, Irene, Kempton Park Kuilsrivier, Lyttelton, Silverton, Stellenbosch, Somerset-Wes, Die Strand, Uitenhage, Vanderbijlpark, en Vereeniging verkoop mag word, is drie sjielings en ses pennies per dosyn.

- (2) „Nie-beheerde gebiede”—

die maksimum prys waarteen eiers deur enige aan iemand anders verkoop mag word is drie sjielings en vier pennies per dosyn;

- (3) vir die toepassing van hierdie kennisgewing beteken „eiers” ander eiers as „verkoelde eiers” of „vloeibare eiers”.

- (4) Goewermentskennisgewing No. 343 van 9 Februarie 1951 (Maksimum Pryse van Eiers—Tussen- en Nie-beheerde gebiede) word hierby herroep.

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Pryskontroleur.

OPMERKINGS.

- (1) Die maksimum prys van eiers in die „beheerde gebiede”, d.w.s. die groot stadsgebiede, word in Goewermentskennisgewing No. 642 van 16 Maart 1951, vastgestel. In die aantekening onderaan hierdie kennisgewing word gebiede wat die „beheerde gebiede” uitmaak, noem.

- (2) Die uitwerking van hierdie kennisgewing is dat die maksimum prys van eiers dwarsdeur die Unie drie sjielings en vier pennies per dosyn is *behalwe* in die „beheerde gebiede” en plekke wat as „tussengebiede” aangewys is.

SCHEDULE.

Description of Eggs.

MAXIMUM PRICE
PER DOZEN.

	Column 1. Wholesale.	Column 2. Retail.
Grade I—		
(a) Large.....	3 4	3 8
(b) Medium.....	3 0	3 4
(c) Small.....	2 6	2 10
Grade II—		
(a) Large.....	3 0	3 4
(b) Medium.....	2 8	3 0
(c) Small.....	2 3	2 7
Grade III—		
Mixed.....	2 5	2 5

NOTES.

(1) The “Controlled Area” is defined in War Measure No. 3 of 1945, as amended, to mean the Municipal Area of Bellville, Benoni, Bloemfontein, Boksburg, Brakpan, Cape Town, Durban, East London, Fish Hoek, Germiston, Goodwood, Johannesburg, Kimberley, Krugersdorp, Nigel, Parow, Pietermaritzburg, Port Elizabeth, Pretoria, Pretoria North, Randfontein, Roodepoort-Maraaisburg, Simonstown, Springs or Walmer, the Town Board Area of Malvern, Pinetown or Westville, the Local Board Area of Milnerton or Pinelands, the Local Area of Bellville South, Elsies River or Tievlei.

(2) The maximum prices of First Grade extra large eggs are 2d. per dozen more than the maximum prices of First Grade large eggs.

★ No. 643.]

[16 March 1951.

PRICE CONTROL.

MAXIMUM PRICES OF EGGS (“INTERMEDIATE” AND “UNCONTROLLED” AREAS).

(Seasonal Price Increase.)

In terms of regulation 3 of War Measure No. 49 of 1946, I, Frederick Viljoen Ashpole, Price Controller, hereby, throughout the Union, excluding—

- (a) the Mandated Territory of South West Africa and the port and settlement of Walvis Bay; and
 (b) the “Controlled Area”, as defined in War Measure No. 3 of 1945, as amended—

- (1) “Intermediate Areas”—

fix the maximum price at which any eggs may be sold by any person to any other person within the Municipal, Town Board or Village Management Board areas of Alberton, Amsterdamhoek, Bethelsdorp, Durbanville, Edenvale, Irene, Kempton Park, Kuils River, Lyttelton, Silverton, Stellenbosch, Somerset West, The Strand, Uitenhage, Vanderbijlpark and Vereeniging, at three shillings and sixpence per dozen.

- (2) “Uncontrolled Areas”—

fix the maximum price at which any eggs may be sold by any person to any other person at three shillings and fourpence per dozen;

- (3) direct that for the purpose of this notice “eggs” mean eggs other than “chilled” eggs or “liquid” eggs;

- (4) withdraw Government Notice No. 343 of 9 February, 1951 (Maximum Prices of Eggs—Intermediate and Uncontrolled Areas).

F. V. ASHPOLE,
Price Controller.

NOTES.

(1) The maximum prices of eggs in the “Controlled Areas”, i.e. the major urban areas, are fixed in Government Notice No. 642 of 16th March, 1951. In the footnote of this notice, the areas that constitute the “Controlled Areas” are specified.

(2) The effect of this notice is that the maximum price of eggs is three shillings and fourpence per dozen, throughout the Union except in the “Controlled Areas” and the places designated “Intermediate Areas”.

DEPARTEMENT VAN LANDBOU.

* No. 641.]

[16 Maart 1951.

MINIMUM- EN KWALITEITSPRYSE VIR WYN,
TYDPERK WAARIN BETALINGS MOET
GESKIED, RENTE BETAAALBAAR OP AGTER-
STALLIGE BETALINGS EN PERSENTASIE
WYN WAT TEEN KWALITEITSPRYS VER-
KRY MOET WORD.

Ooreenkomsdig subartikel (1) van artikel vyf van die Wysigingswet op die Kontrole oor Wyn en Spiritualeë, 1940 (Wet No. 23 van 1940), soos gewysig, maak ek, STEPHANUS PETRUS LE ROUX, Minister van Landbou, hierby bekend dat die Koöperatieve Wijnbouwers Vereniging van Zuid-Afrika, Beperkt, kragtens die bevoegdheid hom verleen by gemaalde subartikel, ten opsigte van die jaar wat begin op die eerste dag van Februarie 1951—

- (a) die minimum prys vir wyn van 'n sterkte van hoogstens 20 persent voor versterking, teen £12 per lêer, aflewering vry op spoor by die verkoper se naaste spoorwegstasie of -halte;
- (b) die kwaliteitsprys vir wyn van 'n sterkte van hoogstens 20 persent voor versterking, teen £15 per lêer, aflewering vry op spoor by die verkoper se naaste spoorwegstasie of -halte;
- (c) die tydperk waarin sodanige prys of 'n gedeelte daarvan betaal moet word, naamlik:
 - (i) Ten opsigte van wyn verkoop en afgelewer voor die 30ste dag van Junie 1951, moet 'n aanvanklike betaling bereken op die basis van $66\frac{2}{3}$ persent van die minimum prys soos bepaal in paragraaf (a) vir wyn per bruto lêer afgelewer, gemaak word op die 15de dag van die maand wat volg op die maand waarin die aflewering plaasgevind het, en die balans moet betaal word op die 15de dag van die daaropvolgende maand;
 - (ii) ten opsigte van wyn verkoop maar nie afgelewer voor die 30ste dag van Junie 1951 nie, moet 'n aanvanklike betaling bereken op die basis van $66\frac{2}{3}$ persent van die minimum prys soos bepaal in paragraaf (a) vir wyn per bruto lêer, gemaak word op die 15de dag van Julie 1951, en die balans moet betaal word op die 15de dag van die maand wat volg op die maand waarin aflewering plaasgevind het, maar waar die aflewering plaasvind gedurende die maand Oktober 1951, of gedurende enige maand daarna, moet die balans betaal word nie later nie as op die 31ste dag van Oktober 1951;
 - (iii) ten opsigte van wyn verkoop na die 30ste dag van Junie 1951, maar nie later nie as die 31ste dag van Januarie 1952, moet 'n aanvanklike betaling bereken op die basis van $66\frac{2}{3}$ persent van die minimum prys soos bepaal in paragraaf (a) vir wyn per bruto lêer, gemaak word op die 15de dag van die maand wat volg op die maand waarin die koop aangegaan is, en die balans moet betaal word op die 15de dag van die daaropvolgende maand of op die 31ste dag van Januarie 1952, watter datum ookal die vroegste is: Met dien verstande dat in die geval van wyn verkoop gedurende die maand Januarie 1952 die volle koopsom op die 31ste dag van Januarie 1952, betaalbaar is;
 - (d) die rente wat betaal moet word op alle agterstallige betalings, teen $6\frac{1}{2}$ persent per jaar, bereken vanaf die dag wat volg op die datum waarop die betaling opeisbaar word tot op die datum waarop die betaling geskied;

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

* No. 641.]

[16 March 1951.

MINIMUM AND QUALITY PRICES FOR WINE,
PERIOD WITHIN WHICH PAYMENT SHALL
BE MADE, INTEREST PAYABLE ON ARREAR
PAYMENTS AND PERCENTAGE OF WINE TO
BE ACQUIRED AT QUALITY PRICE.

In terms of sub-section (1) of section five of the Wine and Spirits Control Amendment Act, 1940 (Act No. 23 of 1940), as amended, I, STEPHANUS PETRUS LE ROUX, Minister of Agriculture, hereby make known that the "Koöperatieve Wijnbouwers Vereniging van Zuid-Afrika, Beperkt," has under the powers vested in it by the said sub-section, fixed in respect of the year commencing on the 1st day of February, 1951—

- (a) the minimum price for wine of a strength not exceeding 20 per cent., prior to fortification, at £12 per leaguer, delivery free on rail at the seller's nearest station or siding;
- (b) the quality price for wine of a strength not exceeding 20 per cent., prior to fortification, at £15 per leaguer, delivery free on rail at the seller's nearest station or siding;
- (c) the period within which such prices, or any portion thereof shall be paid, viz.—
 - (i) in respect of wine sold and delivered prior to the 30th day of June, 1951, a first payment calculated on the basis of $66\frac{2}{3}$ per cent. of the minimum price as determined in paragraph (a) for wine per bulk leaguer delivered, shall be made on the 15th day of the month succeeding the month in which delivery was made, and the balance shall be paid on the 15th day of the next succeeding month;
 - (ii) in respect of wine sold but not delivered prior to the 30th day of June, 1951, a first payment calculated on the basis of $66\frac{2}{3}$ per cent. of the minimum price as determined in paragraph (a) for wine per bulk leaguer, shall be made on the 15th day of July, 1951, and the balance shall be paid on the 15th day of the month succeeding the month in which delivery was made, but where delivery is made during the month of October, 1951, or during any month thereafter, such balance shall be paid not later than on the 31st day of October, 1951.
 - (iii) in respect of wine sold after the 30th day of June, 1951, but not later than the 31st day of January, 1952, a first payment calculated on the basis of $66\frac{2}{3}$ per cent. of the minimum price as determined in paragraph (a) for wine per bulk leaguer, shall be made on the 15th day of the month succeeding the month in which the sale was concluded and the balance shall be paid on the 15th day of the succeeding month or on the 31st day of January, 1952, whichever date shall be the earlier: Provided that in the case of wine sold during the month of January, 1952, the full purchase price shall be payable on the 31st day of January, 1952;
 - (d) the interest which shall be paid on all arrear payments, at the rate of $6\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum, calculated from the day following the date on which a payment becomes due until the date of payment;

(e) die persentasie van die totale hoeveelheid wyn gedurende die gemelde jaar deur 'n groothandelaar gekoop of verkry, wat daardie handelaar koop of verkry teen 'n prys wat nie laer is nie as die prys in subartikel (4) van gemelde artikel vyf voor geskryf, op 10 persent;

vasgestel het, en dat ek genoemde prys, tydperke, rente en persentasie goedgekeur het.

S. P. LE ROUX,
Minister van Landbou.

(e) the percentage of the total quantity of wine purchased or acquired by any wholesale trader during the said year which such trader shall purchase or acquire at a price which is not less than the price prescribed in sub-section (4) of the said section five, at 10 per cent;

and that I have approved of the said prices, periods, interest and percentage.

S. P. LE ROUX,
Minister of Agriculture.



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