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Part 1 of 3

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IMPORTANT NOTICE OF OFFICE RELOCATION



Private Bag X85, PRETORIA, 0001 149 Bosman Street, PRETORIA Tel: 012 748 6197, Website: www.gpwonline.co.za

URGENT NOTICE TO OUR VALUED CUSTOMERS: PUBLICATIONS OFFICE'S RELOCATION HAS BEEN TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED.

Please be advised that the GPW Publications office will no longer move to 88 Visagie Street as indicated in the previous notices.

The move has been suspended due to the fact that the new building in 88 Visagie Street is not ready for occupation yet.

We will later on issue another notice informing you of the new date of relocation.

We are doing everything possible to ensure that our service to you is not disrupted.

As things stand, we will continue providing you with our normal service from the current location at 196 Paul Kruger Street, Masada building.

Customers who seek further information and or have any questions or concerns are free to contact us through telephone 012 748 6066 or email Ms Maureen Toka at Maureen. Toka@gpw.gov.za or cell phone at 082 859 4910.

Please note that you will still be able to download gazettes free of charge from our website www.gpwonline.co.za.

We apologies for any inconvenience this might have caused.

Issued by GPW Communications

For purposes of reference, all Proclamations, Government Notices, General Notices and Board Notices published are included in the following table of contents which thus forms a weekly index. Let yourself be guided by the gazette numbers in the righthand column:

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IMPORTANT NOTICE:

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS WILL NOT BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY ERRORS THAT MIGHT OCCUR DUE TO THE SUBMISSION OF INCOMPLETE / INCORRECT / ILLEGIBLE COPY.

No future queries will be handled in connection with the above.

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HIGH ALERT: SCAM WARNING!!!

TO ALL SUPPLIERS AND SERVICE PROVIDERS OF THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS

It has come to the attention of the *GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS* that there are certain unscrupulous companies and individuals who are defrauding unsuspecting businesses disguised as representatives of the *Government Printing Works* (*GPW*).

The scam involves the fraudsters using the letterhead of *GPW* to send out fake tender bids to companies and requests to supply equipment and goods.

Although the contact person's name on the letter may be of an existing official, the contact details on the letter are not the same as the *Government Printing Works*'. When searching on the Internet for the address of the company that has sent the fake tender document, the address does not exist.

The banking details are in a private name and not company name. Government will never ask you to deposit any funds for any business transaction. *GPW* has alerted the relevant law enforcement authorities to investigate this scam to protect legitimate businesses as well as the name of the organisation.

Example of e-mails these fraudsters are using:

PROCUREMENT@GPW-GOV.ORG

Should you suspect that you are a victim of a scam, you must urgently contact the police and inform the *GPW*.

GPW has an official email with the domain as @gpw.gov.za

Government e-mails DO NOT have org in their e-mail addresses. All of these fraudsters also use the same or very similar telephone numbers. Although such number with an area code 012 looks like a landline, it is not fixed to any property.

GPW will never send you an e-mail asking you to supply equipment and goods without a purchase/order number. *GPW* does not procure goods for another level of Government. The organisation will not be liable for actions that result in companies or individuals being resultant victims of such a scam.

Government Printing Works gives businesses the opportunity to supply goods and services through RFQ / Tendering process. In order to be eligible to bid to provide goods and services, suppliers must be registered on the National Treasury's Central Supplier Database (CSD). To be registered, they must meet all current legislative requirements (e.g. have a valid tax clearance certificate and be in good standing with the South African Revenue Services - SARS).

The tender process is managed through the Supply Chain Management (SCM) system of the department. SCM is highly regulated to minimise the risk of fraud, and to meet objectives which include value for money, open and effective competition, equitability, accountability, fair dealing, transparency and an ethical approach. Relevant legislation, regulations, policies, guidelines and instructions can be found on the tender's website.

Fake Tenders

National Treasury's CSD has launched the Government Order Scam campaign to combat fraudulent requests for quotes (RFQs). Such fraudulent requests have resulted in innocent companies losing money. We work hard at preventing and fighting fraud, but criminal activity is always a risk.

How tender scams work

There are many types of tender scams. Here are some of the more frequent scenarios:

Fraudsters use what appears to be government department stationery with fictitious logos and contact details to send a fake RFQ to a company to invite it to urgently supply goods. Shortly after the company has submitted its quote, it receives notification that it has won the tender. The company delivers the goods to someone who poses as an official or at a fake site. The Department has no idea of this transaction made in its name. The company is then never paid and suffers a loss.

OB

Fraudsters use what appears to be government department stationery with fictitious logos and contact details to send a fake RFQ to Company A to invite it to urgently supply goods. Typically, the tender specification is so unique that only Company B (a fictitious company created by the fraudster) can supply the goods in question.

Shortly after Company A has submitted its quote it receives notification that it has won the tender. Company A orders the goods and pays a deposit to the fictitious Company B. Once Company B receives the money, it disappears. Company A's money is stolen in the process.

Protect yourself from being scammed

- If you are registered on the supplier databases and you receive a request to tender or quote that seems to be from a government department, contact the department to confirm that the request is legitimate. Do not use the contact details on the tender document as these might be fraudulent.
- Compare tender details with those that appear in the Tender Bulletin, available online at www.qpwonline.co.za
- Make sure you familiarise yourself with how government procures goods and services. Visit the tender website for more information on how to tender.
- If you are uncomfortable about the request received, consider visiting the government department and/or the place of delivery and/or the service provider from whom you will be sourcing the goods.
- In the unlikely event that you are asked for a deposit to make a bid, contact the SCM unit of the department in question to ask whether this is in fact correct.

Any incidents of corruption, fraud, theft and misuse of government property in the *Government Printing Works* can be reported to:

Supply Chain Management: Ms. Anna Marie Du Toit, Tel. (012) 748 6292.

Email: Annamarie.DuToit@gpw.gov.za

Marketing and Stakeholder Relations: Ms Bonakele Mbhele, at Tel. (012) 748 6193.

Email: Bonakele.Mbhele@gpw.gov.za

Security Services: Mr Daniel Legoabe, at tel. (012) 748 6176.

Email: Daniel.Legoabe@gpw.gov.za

Closing times for ORDINARY WEEKLY OCCUPATION OF COVERNMENT GAZETTE

The closing time is **15:00** sharp on the following days:

- > 24 December 2019, Tuesday for the issue of Friday 03 January 2020
- ➤ 03 January, Friday for the issue of Friday 10 January 2020
- ➤ 10 January, Friday for the issue of Friday 17 January 2020
- ➤ 17 January, Friday for the issue of Friday 24 January 2020
- > 24 January, Friday for the issue of Friday 31 January 2020
- > 31 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 07 February 2020
- ➤ 07 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 14 February 2020
- ➤ 14 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 21 February 2020
- 21 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 28 February 2020
- > 28 February, Friday for the issue of Friday 06 March 2020
- ➤ 06 March, Friday for the issue of Friday 13 March 2020
- ➤ 13 March, Thursday for the issue of Friday 20 March 2020
- ➤ 20 March, Friday for the issue of Friday 27 March 2020
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- ➤ 02 April, Thursday for the issue of Thursday 09 April 2020
- ▶ 08 April, Wednesday for the issue of Friday 17 April 2020
- ➤ 17 April, Friday for the issue of Friday 24 April 2020
- > 22 April, Wednesday for the issue of Thursday 30 April 2020
- > 30 April, Thursday for the issue of Friday 08 May 2020
- > 08 May, Friday for the issue of Friday 15 May 2020
- ➤ 15 May, Friday for the issue of Friday 22 May 2020
- ➤ 22 May, Friday for the issue of Friday 29 May 2020
- > 29 May, Friday for the issue of Friday 05 June 2020
- ➤ 05 June, Friday for the issue of Friday 12 June 2020
- ➤ 11 June, Thursday for the issue of Friday 19 June 2020
- ➤ 19 June, Friday for the issue of Friday 26 June 2020
- ➤ 26 June, Friday for the issue of Friday 03 July 2020
- ➤ 03 July, Friday for the issue of Friday 10 July 2020
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- ➤ 14 August, Friday for the issue of Friday 21 August 2020
- 21 August, Friday for the issue of Friday 28 August 2020
- > 28 August, Friday for the issue of Friday 04 September 2020
- ➤ 04 September, Friday for the issue of Friday 11 September 2020
- ➤ 11 September, Friday for the issue of Friday 18 September 2020
- ➤ 17 September, Thursday for the issue of Friday 25 September 2020
- > 25 September, Friday for the issue of Friday 02 October 2020
- ➤ 02 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 09 October 2020
- ➤ 09 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 16 October 2020
- ➤ 16 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 23 October 2020
- ➤ 23 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 30 October 2020
- 30 October, Friday for the issue of Friday 06 November 2020
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- ➤ 13 November, Friday for the issue of Friday 20 November 2020
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- ➤ 10 December, Thursday for the issue of Friday 18 December 2020
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LIST OF TARIFF RATES

FOR PUBLICATION OF NOTICES

COMMENCEMENT: 1 APRIL 2018

NATIONAL AND PROVINCIAL

Notice sizes for National, Provincial & Tender gazettes 1/4, 2/4, 3/4, 4/4 per page. Notices submitted will be charged at R1008.80 per full page, pro-rated based on the above categories.

Pricing for National, Provincial - Variable Priced Notices					
Notice Type	Page Space	New Price (R)			
Ordinary National, Provincial	1/4 - Quarter Page	252.20			
Ordinary National, Provincial	2/4 - Half Page	504.40			
Ordinary National, Provincial	3/4 - Three Quarter Page	756.60			
Ordinary National, Provincial	4/4 - Full Page	1008.80			

EXTRA-ORDINARY

All Extra-ordinary National and Provincial gazette notices are non-standard notices and attract a variable price based on the number of pages submitted.

The pricing structure for National and Provincial notices which are submitted as **Extra ordinary submissions** will be charged at R3026.32 per page.

The Government Printing Works (GPW) has established rules for submitting notices in line with its electronic notice processing system, which requires the use of electronic Adobe Forms. Please ensure that you adhere to these guidelines when completing and submitting your notice submission.

CLOSING TIMES FOR ACCEPTANCE OF NOTICES

- The Government Gazette and Government Tender Bulletin are weekly publications that are published on Fridays and the closing time for the acceptance of notices is strictly applied according to the scheduled time for each gazette.
- 2. Please refer to the Submission Notice Deadline schedule in the table below. This schedule is also published online on the Government Printing works website www.gpwonline.co.za

All re-submissions will be subject to the standard cut-off times.

All notices received after the closing time will be rejected.

Government Gazette Type	Publication	Publication Date	Submission Deadline	Cancellations Deadline
dovernment dazette type	Frequency	r ublication bate	Submission Deaumie	Cancellations Deadline
National Gazette	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00 for next Friday	Tuesday, 15h00 - 3 working days prior to publication
Regulation Gazette	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00 for next Friday	Tuesday, 15h00 - 3 working days prior to publication
Petrol Price Gazette	Monthly	Tuesday before 1st Wednesday of the month	One day before publication	1 working day prior to publication
Road Carrier Permits	Weekly	Friday	Thursday 15h00 for next Friday	3 working days prior to publication
Unclaimed Monies (Justice, Labour or Lawyers)	January / September 2 per year	Last Friday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Parliament (Acts, White Paper, Green Paper)	As required	Any day of the week	None	3 working days prior to publication
Manuals	Bi- Monthly	2nd and last Thursday of the month	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
State of Budget (National Treasury)	Monthly	30th or last Friday of the month	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Extraordinary Gazettes	As required	Any day of the week	Before 10h00 on publication date	Before 10h00 on publication date
Legal Gazettes A, B and C	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	Tuesday, 15h00 - 3 working days prior to publication
Tender Bulletin	Weekly	Friday	Friday 15h00 for next Friday	Tuesday, 15h00 - 3 working days prior to publication
Gauteng	Weekly	Wednesday	Two weeks before publication	3 days after submission deadline
Eastern Cape	Weekly	Monday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Northern Cape	Weekly	Monday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
North West	Weekly	Tuesday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
KwaZulu-Natal	Weekly	Thursday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Limpopo	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication
Mpumalanga	Weekly	Friday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication

Government Gazette Type	Publication Frequency	Publication Date	Submission Deadline	Cancellations Deadline
Gauteng Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	Wednesday before the First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 working days after submission deadline
Northern Cape Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 working days after submission deadline
National Liquor License Gazette	Monthly	First Friday of the month	Two weeks before publication	3 working days after submission deadline
Mpumalanga Liquor License Gazette	Bi-Monthly	Second & Fourth Friday	One week before publication	3 working days prior to publication

EXTRAORDINARY GAZETTES

3. Extraordinary Gazettes can have only one publication date. If multiple publications of an Extraordinary Gazette are required, a separate Z95/Z95Prov Adobe Forms for each publication date must be submitted.

Notice Submission Process

- 4. Download the latest *Adobe* form, for the relevant notice to be placed, from the **Government Printing Works** website www.gpwonline.co.za.
- 5. The Adobe form needs to be completed electronically using Adobe Acrobat / Acrobat Reader. Only electronically completed Adobe forms will be accepted. No printed, handwritten and/or scanned Adobe forms will be accepted.
- 6. The completed electronic *Adobe* form has to be submitted via email to submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za. The form needs to be submitted in its original electronic *Adobe* format to enable the system to extract the completed information from the form for placement in the publication.
- Every notice submitted must be accompanied by an official GPW quotation. This must be obtained from the eGazette Contact Centre.
- 8. Each notice submission should be sent as a single email. The email **must** contain **all documentation** relating to a particular notice submission.
 - 8.1. Each of the following documents must be attached to the email as a separate attachment:
 - 8.1.1. An electronically completed Adobe form, specific to the type of notice that is to be placed.
 - 8.1.1.1. For National *Government Gazette* or *Provincial Gazette* notices, the notices must be accompanied by an electronic Z95 or Z95Prov *Adobe* form
 - 8.1.1.2. The notice content (body copy) **MUST** be a separate attachment.
 - 8.1.2. A copy of the official **Government Printing Works** quotation you received for your notice. (Please see Quotation section below for further details)
 - 8.1.3. A valid and legible Proof of Payment / Purchase Order: **Government Printing Works** account customer must include a copy of their Purchase Order. **Non-Government Printing Works** account customer needs to submit the proof of payment for the notice
 - 8.1.4. Where separate notice content is applicable (Z95, Z95 Prov and TForm 3, it should **also** be attached as a separate attachment. (*Please see the Copy Section below, for the specifications*).
 - 8.1.5. Any additional notice information if applicable.

- 9. The electronic *Adobe* form will be taken as the primary source for the notice information to be published. Instructions that are on the email body or covering letter that contradicts the notice form content will not be considered. The information submitted on the electronic *Adobe* form will be published as-is.
- To avoid duplicated publication of the same notice and double billing, Please submit your notice ONLY ONCE.
- 11. Notices brought to **GPW** by "walk-in" customers on electronic media can only be submitted in *Adobe* electronic form format. All "walk-in" customers with notices that are not on electronic *Adobe* forms will be routed to the Contact Centre where they will be assisted to complete the forms in the required format.
- 12. Should a customer submit a bulk submission of hard copy notices delivered by a messenger on behalf of any organisation e.g. newspaper publisher, the messenger will be referred back to the sender as the submission does not adhere to the submission rules.

QUOTATIONS

- 13. Quotations are valid until the next tariff change.
 - 13.1. Take note: GPW's annual tariff increase takes place on 1 April therefore any quotations issued, accepted and submitted for publication up to 31 March will keep the old tariff. For notices to be published from 1 April, a quotation must be obtained from GPW with the new tariffs. Where a tariff increase is implemented during the year, GPW endeavours to provide customers with 30 days' notice of such changes.
- 14. Each quotation has a unique number.
- 15. Form Content notices must be emailed to the eGazette Contact Centre for a quotation.
 - 15.1. The *Adobe* form supplied is uploaded by the Contact Centre Agent and the system automatically calculates the cost of your notice based on the layout/format of the content supplied.
 - 15.2. It is critical that these *Adobe* Forms are completed correctly and adhere to the guidelines as stipulated by **GPW**.

16. APPLICABLE ONLY TO GPW ACCOUNT HOLDERS:

- 16.1. GPW Account Customers must provide a valid GPW account number to obtain a quotation.
- 16.2. Accounts for GPW account customers must be active with sufficient credit to transact with GPW to submit notices.
 - 16.2.1. If you are unsure about or need to resolve the status of your account, please contact the GPW Finance Department prior to submitting your notices. (If the account status is not resolved prior to submission of your notice, the notice will be failed during the process).

17. APPLICABLE ONLY TO CASH CUSTOMERS:

- 17.1. Cash customers doing **bulk payments** must use a **single email address** in order to use the **same proof of payment** for submitting multiple notices.
- 18. The responsibility lies with you, the customer, to ensure that the payment made for your notice(s) to be published is sufficient to cover the cost of the notice(s).
- 19. Each quotation will be associated with one proof of payment / purchase order / cash receipt.
 - 19.1. This means that the quotation number can only be used once to make a payment.

COPY (SEPARATE NOTICE CONTENT DOCUMENT)

- 20. Where the copy is part of a separate attachment document for Z95, Z95Prov and TForm03
 - 20.1. Copy of notices must be supplied in a separate document and may not constitute part of any covering letter, purchase order, proof of payment or other attached documents.

The content document should contain only one notice. (You may include the different translations of the same notice in the same document).

20.2. The notice should be set on an A4 page, with margins and fonts set as follows:

Page size = A4 Portrait with page margins: Top = 40mm, LH/RH = 16mm, Bottom = 40mm; Use font size: Arial or Helvetica 10pt with 11pt line spacing;

Page size = A4 Landscape with page margins: Top = 16mm, LH/RH = 40mm, Bottom = 16mm; Use font size: Arial or Helvetica 10pt with 11pt line spacing;

CANCELLATIONS

- 21. Cancellation of notice submissions are accepted by GPW according to the deadlines stated in the table above in point 2. Non-compliance to these deadlines will result in your request being failed. Please pay special attention to the different deadlines for each gazette. Please note that any notices cancelled after the cancellation deadline will be published and charged at full cost.
- 22. Requests for cancellation must be sent by the original sender of the notice and must accompanied by the relevant notice reference number (N-) in the email body.

AMENDMENTS TO NOTICES

23. With effect from 01 October 2015, **GPW** will not longer accept amendments to notices. The cancellation process will need to be followed according to the deadline and a new notice submitted thereafter for the next available publication date.

REJECTIONS

- 24. All notices not meeting the submission rules will be rejected to the customer to be corrected and resubmitted. Assistance will be available through the Contact Centre should help be required when completing the forms. (012-748 6200 or email info.egazette@gpw.gov.za). Reasons for rejections include the following:
 - 24.1. Incorrectly completed forms and notices submitted in the wrong format, will be rejected.
 - 24.2. Any notice submissions not on the correct Adobe electronic form, will be rejected.
 - 24.3. Any notice submissions not accompanied by the proof of payment / purchase order will be rejected and the notice will not be processed.
 - 24.4. Any submissions or re-submissions that miss the submission cut-off times will be rejected to the customer. The Notice needs to be re-submitted with a new publication date.

APPROVAL OF NOTICES

- 25. Any notices other than legal notices are subject to the approval of the Government Printer, who may refuse acceptance or further publication of any notice.
- 26. No amendments will be accepted in respect to separate notice content that was sent with a Z95 or Z95Prov notice submissions. The copy of notice in layout format (previously known as proof-out) is only provided where requested, for Advertiser to see the notice in final Gazette layout. Should they find that the information submitted was incorrect, they should request for a notice cancellation and resubmit the corrected notice, subject to standard submission deadlines. The cancellation is also subject to the stages in the publishing process, i.e. If cancellation is received when production (printing process) has commenced, then the notice cannot be cancelled.

GOVERNMENT PRINTER INDEMNIFIED AGAINST LIABILITY

- 27. The Government Printer will assume no liability in respect of—
 - 27.1. any delay in the publication of a notice or publication of such notice on any date other than that stipulated by the advertiser;
 - 27.2. erroneous classification of a notice, or the placement of such notice in any section or under any heading other than the section or heading stipulated by the advertiser;
 - 27.3. any editing, revision, omission, typographical errors or errors resulting from faint or indistinct copy.

LIABILITY OF ADVERTISER

28. Advertisers will be held liable for any compensation and costs arising from any action which may be instituted against the Government Printer in consequence of the publication of any notice.

CUSTOMER INQUIRIES

Many of our customers request immediate feedback/confirmation of notice placement in the gazette from our Contact Centre once they have submitted their notice – While **GPW** deems it one of their highest priorities and responsibilities to provide customers with this requested feedback and the best service at all times, we are only able to do so once we have started processing your notice submission.

GPW has a 2-working day turnaround time for processing notices received according to the business rules and deadline submissions.

Please keep this in mind when making inquiries about your notice submission at the Contact Centre.

- 29. Requests for information, quotations and inquiries must be sent to the Contact Centre ONLY.
- 30. Requests for Quotations (RFQs) should be received by the Contact Centre at least **2 working days** before the submission deadline for that specific publication.

PAYMENT OF COST

- 31. The Request for Quotation for placement of the notice should be sent to the Gazette Contact Centre as indicated above, prior to submission of notice for advertising.
- 32. Payment should then be made, or Purchase Order prepared based on the received quotation, prior to the submission of the notice for advertising as these documents i.e. proof of payment or Purchase order will be required as part of the notice submission, as indicated earlier.
- 33. Every proof of payment must have a valid **GPW** quotation number as a reference on the proof of payment document.
- 34. Where there is any doubt about the cost of publication of a notice, and in the case of copy, an enquiry, accompanied by the relevant copy, should be addressed to the Gazette Contact Centre, **Government Printing Works**, Private Bag X85, Pretoria, 0001 email: info.egazette@gpw.gov.za before publication.
- 35. Overpayment resulting from miscalculation on the part of the advertiser of the cost of publication of a notice will not be refunded, unless the advertiser furnishes adequate reasons why such miscalculation occurred. In the event of underpayments, the difference will be recovered from the advertiser, and future notice(s) will not be published until such time as the full cost of such publication has been duly paid in cash or electronic funds transfer into the **Government Printing Works** banking account.
- 36. In the event of a notice being cancelled, a refund will be made only if no cost regarding the placing of the notice has been incurred by the **Government Printing Works**.
- 37. The **Government Printing Works** reserves the right to levy an additional charge in cases where notices, the cost of which has been calculated in accordance with the List of Fixed Tariff Rates, are subsequently found to be excessively lengthy or to contain overmuch or complicated tabulation.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

- 38. Copies of any of the *Government Gazette* or *Provincial Gazette* can be downloaded from the **Government Printing Works** website www.gpwonline.co.za free of charge, should a proof of publication be required.
- 39. Printed copies may be ordered from the Publications department at the ruling price. The **Government Printing Works** will assume no liability for any failure to post or for any delay in despatching of such *Government Gazette*(s)

GOVERNMENT PRINTING WORKS CONTACT INFORMATION

Physical Address:Postal Address:GPW Banking Details:Government Printing WorksPrivate Bag X85Bank: ABSA Bosman Street149 Bosman StreetPretoriaAccount No.: 405 7114 016Pretoria0001Branch Code: 632-005

For Gazette and Notice submissions: Gazette Submissions: E-mail: submit.egazette@gpw.gov.za
For queries and quotations, contact: Gazette Contact Centre: E-mail: info.egazette@gpw.gov.za

Tel: 012-748 6200

Contact person for subscribers: Mrs M. Toka: E-mail: subscriptions@gpw.gov.za

Tel: 012-748-6066 / 6060 / 6058

Fax: 012-323-9574

GOVERNMENT NOTICES • GOEWERMENTSKENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTRY AND FISHERIES

NO. 1283

04 DECEMBER 2020

NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT: AIR QUALITY ACT, 2004 (ACT NO. 39 OF 2004)

DRAFT METHODOLOGICAL GUIDELINES FOR QUANTIFICATION OF GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS - CARBON SEQUESTRATION IN THE FORESTRY INDUSTRY TO SUPPORT THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REPORTING REGULATIONS, 2016 FOR PUBLIC COMMENT

I, Barbara Dallas Creecy, Minister of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment, under section 56 and section 57 of the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004 (Act No. 39 of 2004) hereby publish for public comment, the Methodological Guidelines for Quantification of Greenhouse Gas Emissions - Carbon Sequestration in The Forestry Industry - Guidelines for Validation and Verification of Greenhouse Gas Emissions. The Guidelines can be accessed at: https://www.environment.gov.za/legislation/gazetted_notices

Regulation 10 of the National Greenhouse Gas Reporting Regulations published under General Notice No. 275 in Government Gazette No. 40762 of 3 April 2017 (the Regulations) requires data providers to report using methods set out in the methodological guidelines for quantification of greenhouse gas emissions. To this end, the Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries has developed methodological guidelines for quantification of greenhouse gas emissions - carbon sequestration in the forestry industry, to serve as a companion to the Regulations for data providers with forestry plantations. Members of the public are invited to submit written representations or comments, within 30 days from the date of the publication of this notice in the Gazette, to any of the following addresses:

By post:

The Director-General: Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries

Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries Attention: Mr Jongikhaya Witi

Private Bag X447

Private Bag X447 Pretoria

0001

By hand: By email: Ground Floor (Reception), Environment House, 473 Steve Biko Road, Pretoria.

By email: GHGReporting@environment.gov.za or by fax: 086 615 4321.

Any inquiries in connection with the draft guidelines can be directed to Mr Jongikhaya Witi at 012 399 9048 or 083 991 9913.

Comments received after the closing date may not be considered.

BARBARA DALLAS CREECY

MINISTER OF FORESTRY, FISHERIES AND THE ENVIRONMENT



SCHEDULE

Methodological Guidelines for Quantification of Greenhouse Gas Emissions – Carbon Sequestration in the Forestry Industry

A companion to the South African National Greenhouse Gas Emission Reporting Regulations



Acronyms

ΔC_B Annual change in carbon stocks in biomass

BEF Biomass Expansion Factor

BCEF Biomass Conversion and Expansion Factor

C Carbon

CAI Current Annual Increment

CF Combustion factor

CH₄ Methane CO₂ Carbon dioxide

CO₂eq Carbon dioxide equivalents

COC Chain of custody

D Density

DEFF Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries
DOM Dead organic matter (composed of dead wood and litter)

d.m. dry matter

DW Dead wood (sub-pool of DOM)
FES Forest Economic Services
FSC Forest Stewardship Council

GC Growth curve
GHG Greenhouse gas
GS Gold Standard

ha hectares

HWP Harvest wood products

IPCC Inter-governmental Panel on Climate Change
ISO International Organisation for Standardisation

KP Kyoto Protocol LCA Life cycle analysis

LT Litter (sub-pool of DOM)

LULUCF Land use, land use change and forestry

MAI Mean Annual Increment

MRV Monitoring, reporting and verification

N₂O Nitrous oxide

NAEIS National Atmospheric Emissions Inventory System

NFA National Forest Act

NGER National GHG Emissions Regulation NGHGIS National GHG Information System

PAMSA Paper Manufacturers Association of South Africa
PEFC Programme for the Endorsement of Forest Certification

QA/QC Quality Assurance and Quality Control

R Ratio of below-ground biomass to above-ground biomass

S_B CO₂ component of biogenic fuel emissions from the combustion of biogenic fuels from

plantations

 $\begin{array}{ll} S_{fert} & Emissions \ from \ fertilisers \\ S_{fire} & Emissions \ from \ fires \end{array}$

S_{HWP} Emissions/removals from HWP

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SAGERS South Africa's GHG Emissions Reporting System

SOC Soil organic matter

TAR Third Assessment Report
TUP Temporary Unplanted Areas

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

VCS Verified Carbon Standard WBP Wood-based panels wwt wet white tonnes



Definitions

"3rd party forests" is defined a forest land area or ownership that is not eligible under the C Tax Act. Wood supplier for HWP production having between 1000 and 10000 ha of forest which is not eligible in the scheme. Its participation in the scheme is only possible through eligible entities which report emissions from fossil fuels "E" under the C tax.

"accounting" is a method to calculate the amount of emission reduction or sequestration, following the rules defined in this rulebook, by an eligible company.

"accounting period" is the period over which for which emissions reduction or removals by forestry activities are reported and accounted, which is annually from 1st of January to December the 31st, submissions are due at the end of each fiscal year.

"accounting rulebook" refers to the Forestry Accounting Rulebook provided in Chapter B.

"afforestation" is the direct human-induced conversion of non-forested land to forested land through planting, seeding and/or the human-induced promotion of natural seed sources.

"deforestation" is the direct human-induced conversion of forested land to non-forested land (consistent with IPCC, 2014). This includes all areas that meet the forest definition (including invasive species such as wattle).

"facility" is a plantation management unit or manufacturing facility

"forest" definition from the National Forest Act (Act 84 of 1998) (NFA) states that:

- i. "forest" includes a natural forest, a woodland and a plantation (Section 1(2)(x) of NFA);
- ii. "natural forest" means a group of trees whose crowns are largely contiguous, or which have been declared by the Minister to be a natural forest (Section 1(2)(xx) of NFA);
- iii. "plantation" means a group of trees cultivated for exploitation of the wood, bark, leaves or essential oils (Section 1(2)(xxii) of NFA); and
- iv. "woodland" means a group of indigenous trees which are not a natural forest, but whose crowns cover more than five percent of the area bounded by the trees forming the perimeter of the group (Section 1(2)(xxxix) of NFA).

However, in order to facilitate a robust reporting and accounting system for forestry under the GHG Reporting Regulations, using the Marrakech Accord (2011) as a guide, a forest is defined as follows:

"Forest" is defined as having a minimum area of land of 1.0 hectare with tree crown cover (or equivalent stocking level) of more than 30 per cent with trees with the potential to reach a minimum height of 5 metres at maturity in situ. A forest may consist either of closed forest formations where trees of various storeys and undergrowth cover a high proportion of the ground or open forest. Young natural stands and all plantations which have yet to reach a crown density of 30 per cent or tree height of 5 metres are included under forest, as are areas normally forming part of the forest area which are temporarily unstocked as a result of human intervention such as harvesting or natural causes but which are expected to revert to forest."

"forest activity" refers to the activities forest management, afforestation and deforestation.

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- "forest management" is a system of practices for stewardship and use of forest land aimed at fulfilling relevant ecological (including biological diversity), economic and social functions of the forest in a sustainable manner. Note: The broad definition of management shall be applied, which means including planned management of silvicultural intervention even if the forest is not currently managed.
- "gross-net accounting" is an accounting method to calculate the accounting amount which does not consider a reference period, so it is equal to the reported gross removal/emission for a forest category over the accounting period.
- "net-net accounting" is an accounting method to calculate the accounting amount as the reported emissions/removals over the accounting period minus the annual emissions/removals for the selected reference period.
- "liable entity" is a Forest and forest products Company with processing facilities such as sawmills, board mills and pulp and paper mills within South Africa and that are required to report under the South African Carbon Tax Act.
- "mass-balance" is a rule where amount entering the system is equal to amounts exiting the system.
- "methodological guidelines" refers to the Methodological Guidelines for Land Activities in Forest Plantations provided in Chapter C.
- "MRV tool" refers to the Carbon Tax Sequestration MRV Tool for Forest Plantations and Timber Processing Industry.
- "not a source" is a rule that allows to exclude from accounting a carbon pool in which the C stock change is neutral or a sink (acts as removal) rather than a source (emission).
- "reference period" is the period which is selected as representing the baseline circumstances for emission or removals level, it can be one to several successive years. It is used for net-net accounting to estimate the mean annual net emission/removal for forest over the selected period.
- "registered taxpayer" is a person or company that is registered to account and report under the C
- "reporting" is the provision of data by a taxpayer in a comparable, transparent, consistent, accurate and complete manner to DEFF for estimation of accountable CO₂eq emissions/removals
- "taxpayer" means a person or company liable for the carbon tax in terms of section 3 of the Carbon Tax Act 2019.
- "verification" refers to the collection of activities and procedures that can be followed during the planning and development, or after completion of an inventory report that can help to establish its reliability for the intended applications of that inventory. Typically, methods external to the inventory are used to check the truth of the inventory or input parameters (Guidelines for Validation and Verification of Emissions).



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Chapter A: Introduction and background

A.1. Introduction

The Carbon Tax Act (Act No. 15) of 2019 (referred to as "C Tax Act" in this document) attempts to incentivise reduction of fossil fuel emissions and to increase sequestration associated with the land use and forestry sectors. This means that permanent carbon dioxide (CO₂) removals from atmosphere are used to offset against emissions from the use of fossil fuels and other fugitive emission for companies reporting and accounting under the C tax scheme. In the C tax scheme sequestration represents the number in respect of greenhouse gas emissions, expressed in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent, that were sequestrated in respect of that tax period as verified and certified by the Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries (DEFF).

Sequestration in the forestry sector can broadly be split into 3 major activities, namely a) removals in the forest C cycle (including land use change related management), b) storage of C in harvested wood products (HWP) and c) substitution of energy intensive materials or fossil fuels with timber products (Figure A.1).

Forestry activity related carbon (C) sequestration can be achieved through:

- Afforestation and reduction of deforestation;
- Extension of the rotation ages in current plantations or reduced harvest, integral harvesting and use of wood parts of the trees;
- Substitution with tree species with higher capacity of carbon uptake and storage over a rotation (e.g. faster growth, wood with higher density or increase productivity through genetic improvement);
- Manufacture of harvested wood products (HWP) from domestically produced timber;
- Production of harvested wood products with a longer lifetime or increased recycling of products in order to further delay emissions from HWP;
- Substitution of energy intensive products such as steel or cement with wood products (i.e. product substitution);
- Increase of the carbon permanently stored in the soils, deadwood and litter pools;
- Reduction of controlled biomass burning such as burning of harvest residues;
- Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from fertiliser application.

Sequestration in the forest ecosystem is a result of the net uptake of C during photosynthesis, accumulation in the deadwood and soil pools, decomposition losses associated with turnover of C in deadwood and emission of greenhouse gasses due to disturbances (e.g. harvest, fires) and application of fertilisers. Disturbance due to management intervention has the largest impact on the C balance resulting in either net removals or net emissions of CO_2 into the atmosphere. One of the largest impacts on managed forest plantation C balance is the level of harvest relative to growth increment (Grassi et al., 2018). It is generally accepted that afforestation results in a net removal of CO_2 from the atmosphere for the first rotation, but deforestation causes emissions of similar magnitude. It is important that accounting CO_2 removals from atmosphere under financial mechanisms or emissions reduction mitigation action are permanent.

HWP removals are a function of manufacture of long-life timber products, which are stored in the HWP pool, and emissions from the existing (historical) HWP pool back to the atmosphere due to

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product end life and cascading into other products or uses (e.g. bioenergy). HWP sequestration does not take place just by production of HWP but by adding more HWP to the pool than what is being released back to the atmosphere.

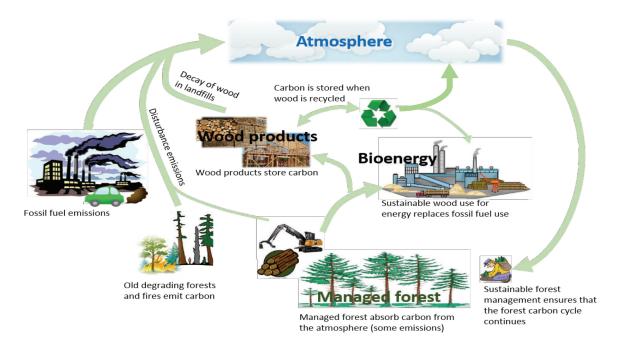


Figure A.1: A schematic representation of GHG flows between the atmosphere and forestry related activities including forest management, disturbances, wood processing emissions, net HWP storage and product substitution.

Product substitution is based on the concept of avoidance of emissions by replacement of processes or products using wood as a substitute (Stare and O Connor, 2010). Life cycle analysis (LCA) of wood products provides a way of measuring the CO₂ savings that can be made by use of wood products and replacement of high CO₂ emission potential products such as energy, cement etc. (Oliver, 2014). However, the accounting of product substitution is not included in C offsetting mechanisms, emission trading and C tax schemes due to methodological complexities and detailed data required to determine the extent of substitution. Potential sequestration can vary considerably depending on assumptions used and the system boundary used in the LCA (Stare and O Connor, 2010).

In order for emissions and removals to be accounted under International Climate Change Targets (e.g. Kyoto Protocol), C trading platforms or C tax schemes, certain well adopted principles should be adhered to such as permanence, additionality, leakage, robustness and avoidance of double accounting. Permanence of accounted removals is a particularly complex issue to address in the context of forest activities. All accounted forest and HWP removals should in principle be permanent to reflect real removals from the atmosphere. In this context, the relationship between emissions associated from harvest from forestland, the production of HWP and the decomposition of the HWP pool needs to be taken into account (i.e. accounting must ensure mass balance of relevant C flows).

Additionality is another principle which is difficult to deal with in the land use sector, in particular, accounted removals should be directly human induced and additional to historical trends to ensure

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that effective emission reduction to the atmosphere are real and fully attributable to the concerned activity. This requires consideration of base line, and reference level accounting frameworks, such as gross net or net-net accounting (Grassi et al., 2018; $16CMP/1^1$, 2CMP/7 and 8).

This chapter outlines the concepts, accounting principles, specific forest industry considerations and concerns and the justification of proposed accounting rules for accounting forest and HWP emissions/removals under the South African Carbon Tax Act of 2019.

A.2. System boundary

The scope of this guideline is to only consider an accounting framework for forest and HWP related emissions and removals in the South African plantations and timber processing sector. The accounting of emissions associated with wood processing and use of fossil fuels (defined as "E" in the C Tax Act) have already been developed under the C Tax Act and are not considered.

In order to account for sequestration activities accounting for plantation management and wood processing (i.e. "S"), all C pools (biomass, deadwood, litter, soils and HWP) and non-CO₂ emissions such as those form fires, management of soils, fertiliser and lime application in activities are considered based on internationally established methods (IPCC, 2006). Specific novel approaches are, however, explored to facilitate company-based accounting under the C Tax Act.

Ownership and liability of emissions and removals is a key system boundary consideration. Although the C Tax Act lays out the criteria for eligibility, careful consideration on how timber flows from small and non-eligible plantation owners are included in the accounting framework without creating a reporting burden on owners with limited resources. This aspect has not been extensively explored in the C Tax Act, we propose new criteria for eligibility under the C Tax Act to address these issues. Rules defined here also observe avoiding double-accounting or leakage.

A.3. Legislative Framework

A.3.1. National Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting Regulations

The National Greenhouse Gas Emission Reporting Regulations (NGER) published under the National Environmental Management: Air Quality Act, 2004 (Act No. 39 of 2004) were gazetted on 3 April 2017. Amendments to the regulations were issued for public comment on 6 September 2019 but have not yet been promulgated. Annexure 1 of the amended regulations list the activities and thresholds for which GHG emissions must be reported. The NGER serves as a reporting framework under international obligations.

Plantations meeting the area threshold specified in the NGER are required to register in the South African GHG Emissions Reporting System (SAGERS) (which is part of the National Atmospheric Emissions Inventory System (NAEIS)). Plantation activity data and emission factors will be reported through the reporting templates and this data will be utilized to improve the National GHG Inventory for carbon tax reporting and for international reporting.

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¹ https://unfccc.int/resource/docs/2005/cmp1/eng/08a03.pdf

A.3.2. The Carbon Tax Act 2019

The C Tax Act serves as an accounting framework at the company scale. The legal basis for this is the Carbon Tax Act (Act No. 15 of 2019) which came into effect from 1 June 2019. Amendments to the Act were gazetted on 31 October 2019.

Section 6 (1) sets out the formula for calculation of the tax payable by a taxpayer in respect of a tax period.

$$X = <\{[(E-S)\times (1-C)] - [D\times (1-M)]\} + \{P\times (1-J)\} + \{F\times (1-K)\} > \times R$$

Equation A.1

The variables in the above formula are:

- (a) "X" represents the amount to be determined that must not be less than zero (i.e. No tax credits are issued if X is a net removal of CO₂ from the atmosphere);
- (b) "E" represents the number in respect of the total fuel combustion related greenhouse gas emissions of the taxpayer in respect of that tax period expressed as a carbon dioxide equivalent;
- (c) "S" represents the number in respect of greenhouse gas emissions, expressed in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent, that were sequestrated in respect of that tax period as verified and certified by the Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries (DEFF);
- (d) "C" represents a number equal to the sum of the percentages of allowances determined under sections 7, 10, 11, 12, and 13 of the C Tax Act in respect of that tax period, subject to section 14 of the act;
- (e) "D" represents the number in respect of the petrol and diesel related greenhouse gas emissions of that taxpayer in respect of that tax period expressed as a carbon dioxide equivalent, determined in terms of section 4(1) of the act.
- (f) "M" represents a number equal to the sum of the percentages of the allowances determined under sections 7, 12 and 13 in respect of that tax period, subject to section 14 of the tax act;
- (g) "P" represents the number in respect of the total industrial process related greenhouse gas emissions of the taxpayer in respect of that tax period expressed as a carbon dioxide equivalent determined in terms of section 4(1) or (2)(c) of the tax act;
- (h) "J" represents a number equal to the sum of the percentages of the allowances determined under sections 7, 8, 10, 11, 12 and 13 in respect of that tax period, subject to section 14 of the tax act;
- (i) "F" represents the number in respect of the total fugitive greenhouse gas emissions of the taxpayer in respect of that tax period expressed as a carbon dioxide equivalent determined in terms of section 4(1) or (2)(b) of the act;
- (j) "K" represents the sum of the percentages of the allowances determined in terms of sections 7, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13 in respect of that tax period, subject to section 14 of the tax act; and
- (k) "R" represents the rate of tax prescribed under section 5 of the tax act.

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GHG emissions represented by the variable "E" in the formula are calculated in accordance with the methodology set out in the Technical Guidelines for Monitoring, Reporting and Verification of Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Industry (DEA, 2017).

The applicable allowances for listed activities that are summed to calculate variable "C" are set out in Schedule 2 of the Carbon Tax amendments.

Key points included in the C Tax amendments that are relevant to the forestry sector are:

- a) Schedule 1: Biogenic fuels that include wood/wood waste, sulphite lyes (black liquor), other primary solid biomass, charcoal, bio-gasoline, biodiesels, other liquid biofuels, landfill gas, sludge gas, other biogas and municipal waste (biomass fraction) report CO₂ emissions separately **and are not included** in the CO₂ emission totals (namely in "E"). The calculated values for N₂O and CH₄ are included in the calculation for the variable "E".
- b) Schedule 2: All activities listed under IPCC Code 3 (Agriculture, Forestry and other land use) and Code 4 (Waste) are discounted with a 100% allowance.
- c) The threshold for reporting by plantations is set out as >100 ha in the NGER and the Carbon Tax Act.

Although the variable "S" is included in the formula, the calculation method is not defined. The guidelines to be developed within this project will develop the methodology for measurement and verification.

Although the calculation of "S" is not explicitly outlined in the C Tax Act, there are a number of elements in the Act that pertain to eligibility of forest plantations and sector owners/companies and which define the system boundary of a forest accounting system (Table A.1). These elements can be directly used to define some accounting rules since they are already defined in law.



Table A.1: Elements extracted from the 2019 C Tax Act, amendments to the act (B18-2019) and proposed further amendments (appendix 1) which have relevance to accounting rules





Yes, need to create rules regarding eligibility, permanence, leakage avoidance and additionality (direct human induced in relation to natural unmanaged forests) using the threshold defined in the C Tax Act or redefine provide for enhanced? eligibility criteria (see System Boundary section)	potential sequestration must be linked to harvest emissions in related forest areas. Rules to differentiate between company own and third party wood sources.	Yes, the 100% tax free emission allowance means that these emissions are reported but not accounted	Excluding the reporting of emission below waste thresholds. However, emissions from the waste sector only include CH ₄ and N ₂ O. C waste emissions need to be reported under HWP but not accounted (the tax free emission allowance is set at 100%)
Schedule 2 pg 58 of the Act	Schedule 2 pg 60 of the Act	Schedule 2 pg 60 and 63 of the Act	Schedule 2 IPCC code 4
Yes, provided a threshold for Schedule 2 pg 58 of the participation in, the use of "S" only if Act lands owned or leased by a company are equal to or greater than 10 000 ha [eligibility]	Yes, the current act excludes HWP, but proposed amendments to the threshold will include HWP	Yes, but these emissions are excluded, proposed amendments to the threshold will include reporting of these emissions (appendix 1)	Yes
Owners with forest of areas greater than 10000 ha and less than 10000 ha are required to register, and owners with areas equal or greater than 10000 ha of plantation and required to register and report	The threshold for HWP category 3D1 is N/A	The thresholds for biomass burning, direct and indirect emission from managed soils categories 3C1a, 3C4 and 3 C5 are N/A	Thresholds for waste treatment in processing



A.4. Existing forest industry frameworks

A number of existing forest data resources and certification schemes have been suggested to be suitable for inclusion and/or adaption for reporting and accounting requirements under the C Tax Act:

- a) The Forestry Economics Services (on behalf of DEFF) collects all plantation and timber production data as legally required in terms of Regulation 19 made by the Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries under the provisions of Section 6(1) and Section 6(3) of the National Forest Act, 1998 (Government Gazette No 32185, dated 29 April 2009). This data is submitted by all company and state owned plantations in electronic format on a form referred to as the "Green Mamba" form. This is the primary data source on forestry statistics, such as the Forestry South Africa Handbook. The project has considered the inclusion of data in the reporting format outlined in the Green Mamba forms. Forest products chain of custody standards (COC) and certification (PEFC and FSC) demonstrates that registered company produces source timber from controlled, well managed forest resources. The forestry industry suggests that COC or certification should be used as a proxy for sustainable timber production, preservation of forest C stocks and that these mechanisms could be incorporated in an accounting framework. However, this approach has drawbacks:
 - Since COC or certification uses sustainability indicators to assess adherence to the schemes, this is often misinterpreted that timber is sustainably produced, while at best it could be described as responsible management with no causative link with carbon sequestration as an ecosystem service. For example, FSC criteria², under the S.A. standard, does not assess harvest relative to volume increment, a core sustainability indicator linked to forest C budgets (Grassi et al, 2018). Moreover, C sequestration is not listed as one of the ecosystem criteria under the FSC standard.
 - The assumption that certified plantations would not be a net emission for any reporting period does not hold. In fact, nearly 60% of the worlds certified forests and plantations are in Europe. Some member state GHG inventories report that net emissions or a decline in forest C stocks since 1990 (UNFCCC³). The same can be seen in the emission/removal trends for the South African, which shows that annual forest stock changes are a net emission and that C stocks have generally declined despite participation on COC and certification schemes.
 - Not all timber suppliers to the processing facilities are certified⁴. In South Africa approximately 76% of the plantations areas are owned or managed by large companies, 95% of which are certified. Another 20 % of the plantation area is owned by commercial farmers or family companies (typically between 100 and 5,000 ha). Only 30% of these areas are covered by one of the four certification schemes and nearly no small growers are covered by a scheme. This means that even if certification was used as a proxy to ensure harvested 3rd party and non-registered forest areas

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² https://fsc.org/en/document-centre/documents/resource/319

³ https://unfccc.int/process-and-meetings/transparency-and-reporting/reporting-and-review-under-the-convention/greenhouse-gas-inventories-annex-i-parties/national-inventory-submissions-2019

⁴ Source SA Forestry Online http://saforestryonline.co.za/articles/environment/how effective is forest certification/



(under the C Tax Act) are replanted and "responsibly" managed, most on the 3rd party timber sources supplied to manufacturing facilities may still not be certified.

 Participation in COC or a certification scheme does not guarantee permanence of accounted removals because certification may not be renewed following subsequent audits.

Despite the above-mentioned difficulties, it is acknowledged that COC and certification could be used in cases where the risk of non-permanent accounting of removals is low, such as in the case of 3rd party forest emissions and removals and inflows into HWP storage (see Accounting Rules in Chapter B). However, 3rd parties can only be included if proof of certification is provided and that the burden of reporting and accounting is put on the company accounting for "S" under the C tax scheme.

A.5. Defining the Variable "S" and system boundaries

The previous "Technical guidance for the reporting of GHG emissions from plantation forests, biogenic fuels and harvested wood products within the South African plantation forest and forest products sector" (Knowles and Christie, 2018) defines the net sequestration by forest and forest products ("S"), as:

$$S = S_B + S_{HWP} - \Delta C - S_{fire} - S_{fert}$$

Equation A.2

Where:

- $S_B = CO_2$ component of biogenic fuel emissions from the combustion of biogenic fuels sourced from South African plantations (e.g. wood, bark, black liquor) expressed in t CO_2 eq. Note that this excludes non- CO_2 emissions but these are reported and accounted under 'E';
- S_{HWP} = CO₂ emissions or removals by harvested wood products (expressed in t CO₂eq).
- ΔC = Annual change in plantation carbon stocks (expressed in t CO₂eq);
- S_{fire} = Emissions from controlled burning and wildfires (N₂O and CH₄ expressed in t CO₂ eq);
- S_{fert} = The fraction of emissions from applied fertiliser (N_2O expressed in t CO_2eq).

Subsequent to the compilation of the Knowles and Christie guideline document, the amendments to the C Tax Act define biogenic fuels as a net zero CO_2 emission assuming that sources are renewable. In addition, through the implementation of a mass balance methodology of S_{HWP} , biogenic fuel use and CO_2 emissions are included in this calculation. Since the conventions for net removals of CO_2 eq under the UNFCCC that emissions are denoted as a positive value and sequestration as a negative value, both S_{HWP} and ΔC should have negative values in equation A.3, to denote net removals of CO_2 eq. Equation A.2, therefore, becomes:

$$S = -S_{HWP} - \Delta C - S_{fire} - S_{fert}$$

Equation A.3

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Emissions from fires and fertilisation are to be reported under the C Tax Act, but these emissions are not included in the final tax account as the C Tax Act fully discounts these emissions (see equation A.4). The rationale for reporting (under the C Tax Act) but not accounting for these emissions is that baseline data is required to develop more suitable accounting procedures in the future. Fertiliser emissions may be excluded from reporting (under C Tax Act) in future if they are found to be insignificant, but the initial reporting is required to determine if these emissions are below the significance threshold. Fire is to be reported so that a background level can be determined in order to exclude wildfire emissions in future (see section A.12.4 for method suggestions for excluding wildfire). On the other hand, fire and fertilisation emissions may also be included for accounting if determined to be significant and if the C Tax Act is reviewed. Equation A.3 is therefore rewritten as:

$$S = -S_{HWP} - \Delta C - \left[S_{fire} - \left(S_{fire} \times \frac{D}{100} \right) \right] - \left[S_{fert} - \left(S_{fert} \times \frac{D}{100} \right) \right]$$
 Equation A.4

D is the current discount defined in the act (Schedule 2, C Tax Act of 2019), which is 100% for emissions from fires and fertiliser application. Equation 4 excludes emissions associated with forest lands in the IPCC guidelines, which are considered to be negligible in South Africa. These include:

Nitrogen mineralisation associated with loss of soil organic matter resulting from change of land use or management of mineral soils (F_{SOM}) (du Toit et al, 2016). However, F_{SOM} can directly calculated from soil C stock changes under ΔC (equation A.4) and included in the future if considered to be significant (see



- a) Table A.2).
- b) CO₂ emissions associated with lime application is not a practice of SA plantations.

A.6. Principles of a Robust GHG Accounting System

The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), the International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO), the Verified Carbon Standard (VCS), the Gold Standard (GS) as well as South Africa's National Atmospheric Emission Inventory System (NAEIS) and National GHG Inventory Management System (NGHGIS), among others, have adopted the common principles of relevance, significance, completeness, consistency, accuracy, transparency and comparability. These principles should be applied to entities accounting for "S" under the C Tax Act.



Table A.2: Common principles informing the scope and structure of organization GHG inventories.

Common Reporting Principles*	Description (as defined in ISO 14064-1)
Relevance	Select the GHG sources, GHG sinks, GHG reservoirs, data and methodologies appropriate to the needs of the intended user.
Completeness	Include all relevant GHG emissions and removals. Include all relevant information to support criteria and procedures.
Consistency	Estimations of GHG stocks, emissions and removals should be done consistently across time and space
Comparability	Enable meaningful comparisons in GHG-related information over time and across different data providers
Accuracy	Reduce bias and uncertainties of parameters used and accounted amounts as far as is practical
Transparency	Disclose sufficient and appropriate GHG-related information to allow intended verifiers to make decisions with reasonable confidence and reporting and accounting rules have been adhered to.
Significance	An emission for a pool or source may only be excluded from reporting and accounting if it is smaller than a significance threshold which is a fraction of the total emission and removals. Following the UNFCCC guidelines (art 37(b) of decision 24/cp19), the significance threshold is <0.05% of the total emissions for both "E" and "S" (i.e. sum of absolute emissions from "E" and "S").
Adherence to the IPCC Guidance (AFOLU 2006 and KP- supplement 2013)	The IPCC guidance provides the reporting methodology which is broadly adopted under the forestry reporting rulebook (Annex B). This is important in cases where models may be used or where company specific factors are used in calculation emissions and removals. Note: some IPCC guidance is not followed in detail, such as HWP (see section A.8.3)

^{*}These common principles are shared by IPCC, ISO, VCS, CDM, GS, GHG Protocol as well as South Africa's National Atmospheric Emissions Inventory System (NAEIS) and National GHG Inventory Management System (NGHGIS).

Additional considerations on overriding principles should be adhered to when a framework for robust accounting of GHG emissions and removals is developed (

Table A.3). These principles are based on international agreements, such as the Paris Agreement, agreements from other UNFCCC Conference of the Parties (particularly 16CMP/1⁵, 2CMP/7 and 8), the voluntary market principles and climate change policy drivers behind the C Tax Act.

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⁵ https://unfccc.int/resource/docs/2005/cmp1/eng/08a03.pdf



Table A.3: Common principles adopted when developing a robust carbon accounting system and considerations specific to accounting of forest land under the C Tax Act.

Accounting principles	Considerations
Eligibility	Forest definition: The forest definition should be consistent with the National forest definition but with additional criteria to ensure robust reporting of areas.
	Ownership and liability: Tax act thresholds stipulate that plantation forests eligible for registration and define liability for removals or emissions.
	Eligibility should ensure that the mass flow of C between HWPs and forest land C budgets are maintained.
Permanence	Once in, always in principle: Once emissions and removals are accounted for in a unit of forest land these areas and pools should be continued to be reported and accounted throughout the accounting period and for subsequent accounting periods.
	Permanence has important implications on the treatment of deforestation and decay of accounted HWP removals
Accounting periods and intervals	Reporting Periods and intervals pursuant to the Carbon Tax Act
Robustness	The treatment of any accounted activities be based on sound science, that mass balance is conserved and accounting should ensure emissions or removals are verifiable.
Additionality	That the mere presence of carbon stocks be excluded from accounting.
	That accounting excludes removals resulting from indirect human activities: (i) elevated carbon dioxide concentrations above their pre-industrial level; (ii) indirect nitrogen deposition; and (iii) the dynamic effects of age structure resulting from activities and practices before the accounting year.
	This is an important consideration when deciding on appropriate accounting rules, such as gross-net or net-net accounting and the rules for HWP accounting.
Incentives and policy alignment:	Accounting framework should consider other policies such as those set out under the national framework, UNFCCC and the Paris Agreement (e.g. action plans) but also incentivise companies to enhance forest sinks and reduce emissions without being unfairly penalized for current and historical management practice.
Leakage	Increased emissions of GHGs or decreased removals should not result outside the accounting framework boundary. For example: use of timber sources from outside the geographical of South Africa for production of HWPs or timber form non-reporting or unregistered entities could result

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	in increased emission or deforestation in other regions or from forest lands non-certified for sustainable management.
Double accounting avoidance	Emissions or removals shall not be accounted twice. For example, already produced pulp, recycled pulp or paper from another production facility cannot be used as a carbon inflow into the HWP pool for the reporting entity.

A.7. Challenges faced when implementing carbon accounting system at the company level

A.7.1. Eligibility and liability

The use of an area threshold as a criterion for accounting forest and HWP emissions/removals (C Tax Act October 2019) has implications regarding inclusion of timber to HWP from non-eligible, 3rd party, forest owners. The major forest companies who will account for HWP removals can only include timber produced by eligible companies under the Act (from own wood land and leased land), estimated to be ca. 80% or less of the annual harvest. This is because the emissions associated with harvest have to be linked to removals associated with HWPs to ensure balanced and robust accounting.

Another issue is that the area-based criteria also does not consider related eligibility to account for "E" under the act. It is possible in the future that a wood product manufacturer has to account for emissions from "E" but cannot account for potential forest removals if the forest areas they own falls below the area threshold.

It is therefore, proposed that the area threshold currently used in the C Tax Act should be removed and eligibility to account should be solely based on the threshold related to processing and fossil fuel emissions "E" (Figure A.2, option A).

During the consultation, the forestry industry indicated that it would be important to include all wood flows into the HWP pool as there were concerns that the market would be biased as companies would lean towards purchasing wood from accounting companies. This may cause smaller plantations to be disadvantaged. As discussed, emissions associated with such harvest would need to be included to ensure permanence. In order to try to accommodate this an additional voluntary clause in proposed framework where non-eligible 3rd party timber inflows can be included in the HWP accounting by eligible companies (Figure A.2, option B) provided that the following conditions are met:

- a) Ownership of HWP removals and emissions is assigned to the wood processing company;
- b) 3rd party forest emissions associated with the harvest timber inflows into the HWP pool are accounted;
- c) There is no double accounting if timber is supplied to two or more registered companies accounting for HWP;
- d) All timber from 3rd parties must be registered with COC or certified from sustainability perspective (i.e. replanting to occur after harvesting within the legal 5-year period). This is a departure from the NGER but ensures harmonisation between land ownership and industry related emissions.

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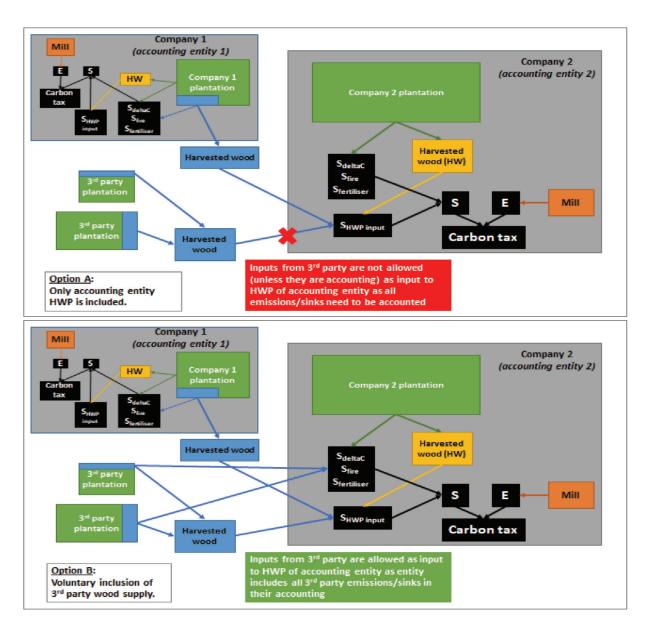


Figure A.2: Illustration of the process for accounting excluding (Option A) and including (Option B) voluntary 3rd party HWP inputs.

The proposed accounting options for eligible HWP inflows is presented in Figure A.2. Option A only considered eligible companies under the C Tax Act. Option B includes a voluntary inclusion of 3rd party HWP inflows as long as 3rd party forest emissions/removals are also reported and accounted.

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A.7.2. Reporting of 3rd party emissions/removals by accounting entity

The forestry industry expressed concern around the reporting of 3rd party emissions/removals by an accounting entity, since the NGER stipulates that an entity reports for emissions/sequestration on activities over which they have operational control. Their view is that an entity cannot therefore report on behalf of a plantation ownership that will be required to register and report independently. The forestry industry suggests using the chain of custody (COC) be used for inclusion of 3rd party HWP by the accounting entity instead of having the accounting entities report the 3rd party emissions/removals.

In response, operational control is stipulated in the NGER, however, these rules are for accounting under the C Tax Act and are guided by the text in the Act. In the C Tax Act, it is only those companies that have "E" that will be accounting for the "S", so companies with plantations only will not be reporting and accounting independently under the C Tax Act. As indicated in the section A.8.1. above it is proposed that the area threshold be removed from the C Tax Act and replaced with entities with "E" so as not to cause confusion between the two legislations. Further to this, the reasons that COC cannot be used instead of reporting is discussed in section A.A.4. Therefore the only two options for accounting are presented in Figure A.2.

A.7.3. HWP accounting

The HWP first order decay approach for semi-finished HWP (IPCC, 2006) proposed by Knowles and Christie, (2018) for use under the C Tax Act, has numerous drawbacks when implemented at company scale:

- a) Application of the first order decay approach means that emissions from previously historically produced HWP must be accounted in subsequent years. If there is change of ownership or where a company may exceed the eligibility threshold to the account for "E" for the first time, then newly registered companies (persons) are being debited for emissions created by previous owners or historical HWP inflows that were not accounted. Ownership is a key eligibility criterion under the C Tax Act. Therefore, annual accounting requires the accounting of removals and all emissions associated with production and use of the HWP in the year when HWPs are manufactured so to ensure that permanence principles are adhered to. The IPCC approach can be applied at the company level for annual accounting but this would require the reporting and accounting of emissions from HWP produced in previous years (for many decades or since establishment).
- b) The IPCC semi-finished product approach to allocate timber harvest to wood product does not consider company level processing efficiencies in conversion or raw timber to products. A recent South African study (Adu Poku, 2015) provides process specific mass flow approaches and conversion factors for the paper industry and similar approaches can be applied to the sawlog processing industry. Previous studies show that more detailed timber allocation models to finished products provide more accurate removal estimates when compared to the IPCC semi-finished product approach based on FAO data (Aleinikovas et al., 2018). The mass flow approach, proposed by Adu Poku (2015) appears to be the best option for the South African industry.
- c) The IPCC methodology (2006) does not clearly outline the assumptions used when determining the life time (half-life) of wood and wood products. The methodology assumes a time constant (half-life) and that the product life goes to recycling or waste or burning etc.

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In South Africa, it is estimated that ca. 68% of paper is recycled⁶, but recycled paper should not be considered as an emission (Vácha, 2011). To account for recycling, a large proportion of paper should be reallocated to the recycled inflow pool every year or the half-life decay should be applied to 32% only. The same would apply to solid wood cascading and recycling, but there are no known national studies on detailed life cycle analysis in wood products.

Consequently, the **proposed accounting rules advocate to use the mass flow approach** (Adu Poku, 2015) with product efficiencies and flow factors derived from South African studies (Adu Poku, 2015; Christie and Sholes, 1995) supplemented by international data where data is not available (UNECE/FAO, 2010). Mass flow approach means that the total amount of C entering the system (e.g. round wood and recycled paper) equals the sum of C outputs from the system (e.g. in sawn-wood, gaseous emissions from burning wood). The application of method for accounting for emissions from HWP emissions is discussed in section A.8.3.

A.7.3.1. C stock and Emissions from HWPs

HWPs are included in "S" as a potential sequestration because removals are deemed to be permanent and that credits cannot be accounted simply do to the creation of C stocks (

Table A.3:). HWP sequestration does not take place just by production of HWP but by adding more HWP to the pool that what is being released back to the atmosphere, so accounting should be based on removals and emissions or a stock change from year to year (IPCC, 2006).

The industry claims that ownership is the key liability for accounting of emissions for corporate/company, so the consumer should be responsible for all related emissions. However, there are numerous drawbacks and risks associated with this proposal:

- a) Equal treatment of all sectors: Long term retention of C in manufactured products are considered viable for annual accounting if the product life cycle is more than 1 year. Therefore, sequestration from production of charcoal, firewood, matches and other biogenic compounds in the food sector (for example) are excluded from the C Tax Act because they are considered as short-term products due to the relatively fast decay of the products after production and sale to the consumer. Emissions from these products are, therefore, implicitly accounted. Although paper and other HWP have long lifecycles, the decay of the created HWP pool should be accounted to ensure permanence and so that accounting rules are applied equally across all sectors.
- b) Removals must be permanent (so there is an actual benefit for the atmosphere, i.e. less CO₂). For HWP removals to be permanent, emissions from the HWP pool must be considered. If the ownership principle is applied, then all future emissions from HWP should be accounted under the waste sector. However, waste emissions are not included in the C Tax Act due the methodological complexity. Therefore, if emissions cannot be accounted under the forest sector then all removals and emissions should be excluded from the act due to methodological complexity and to ensure that removals are permanent. This, again, is consistent application of rules to all sectors.

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⁶ https://www.thepaperstory.co.za/south-africas-paper-recycling-rate-rises-to-68-4/



- c) **Robust accounting**. If no emissions are applied to all HWPs, then the accounting framework does not acknowledge extensive scientific evidence⁷ that solid wood products have longer lifecycles than paper. The discount under the act already excludes biogenic and waste emissions for HWP manufacturing. Therefore, the paper industry will be able to claim the same amount of credits per t C of product as the sawn wood and wood-based panel manufacturing facilities. This is contrary to the scientific literature.
- d) **Baseline approach.** Fact that various industrial entities produce various HWP with different climate or C storage impact is considered part of the baseline, resulted from historical contribution to the national economy.

A.7.3.2. How should HWP decay be accounted?

The forest industry does not accept that the IPCC approach is suitable for accounting HWP removal and emissions. Use of the mass flow approach provides a partial solution for the C allocation aspect of the method. However, alternative methods to account for emissions on an annual basis are still required. A review of the literature concluded the use of one of the three options discussed below could be considered.

A.7.3.2.1. The land fill approach

The default half-life factors applied to the paper and other timber products is suggested to be over conservative and the half-life value for paper products is too generalised to capture the range of products produced by the paper industry (see section A.8.3.a)). Alternative approach may be that to use the **share of wood products converted to C emissions in landfills** (Skog and Nicholson 1998). Some studies suggest that C emissions from paper in landfill varies form 3- 38 % over 96 years (Skog & Nicholson, 1998; **Error! Reference source not found.**), magnitudes lower than the expected C lost based on the first order decay approach. The comparable half-life of paper using the landfill approach is 220 years, compared to 1 to 6 years for paper (IPCC, 2006, Skog & Nicholson,1998). Land fill approach by Skog and Nicholson does not consider paper recycling, product life in use and combustion of paper, so could be considered as an underestimation of emissions.

Table A.4: Estimated maximum proportions of wood and paper converted to CO₂ or CH₄ in landfills (Skog & Nicholson, 1998) with associated life-cycle retention values (fLC96).

Product type (i)	Maximum % carbon converted	fLC ₉₆
Solid wood	3	0.97
Newsprint	16	0.84
Coated paper	18	0.82
Boxboard	32	0.68
Office paper	38	0.62
Mean for paper and pulp		0.74

A.7.3.2.2. The 100-year approach

A proposed alternative is the use of the 100-year approach (Miner, 2006), which is designed for application to corporate accounting, considering **future decay of today products of the company** in

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⁷ Skog and Nicholson, 1998; Profft et al., 2009; Winjum et al., 1998; Brown et al., 1999; Marland et al., 2010; Miner and Perez-Garcia, 2007; Broadmeadow and Matthews, 2003; O'Connor, 2010; Lippke et al., 2011; Henschel et al., 2008; Pingoud et al., 2006; Skog, 2008; Ellison et al., 2011; UNECE, 2010; etc



contrast to the national reporting by the IPCC approach (that applies decay to historical inflows). This approach proposes three important modifications:

- a) It recognised that the decay is not a first order function, i.e. the decay constant varies over time (see Kurtz et al., 1992; Row & Phelps, 1996). This acknowledges that decay constant declines over time due to the slower breakdown of more recalcitrant C (such as lignin) remaining in product after end of use and during decay. These functions also attempt to construct decay curves by considering time-in-use, an improvement on the IPCC assumptions (see section A.8.3).
- b) The 100-year time frame is based on the general IPCC approach used to defining radiative forcing potentials and this 100-year period is used in many climate change projection scenarios.
- c) The approach facilitates annual accounting where all future emissions and current removals are accounted in one year.
- d) Removals and emissions are all attributed to current business options of the company.

The 100-year method involves five steps:

- 1) Identify the types and amounts of biomass-based products (e.g. Pine or Eucalyptus) that are made in the year of interest and end up in a final product (e.g. sawlog, pallet, mining poles, paper, long life paper etc.)
- Express this annual production in terms of the amount of biomass carbon per year for each product.
- 3) Divide the products into categories based on function and allocate the carbon to the functional categories. Some of the functions may be single use products. Alternatively, products can be divided into the categories used for national and international harvested wood products.
- 4) Use 2nd or 3rd order decay curves or other time-in-use information to estimate the fraction of the carbon in each functional category, expected to remain in use for 100 years.
- 5) Multiply the amount of carbon in annual production in products in each functional category by the fraction remaining at 100 years. The result is the amount of sequestered carbon in the products in each functional category attributable to this year's production.

A.7.3.2.3. The CCAR approach

All C trading platforms, besides the Californian Carbon Action Registry (CCAR), do not account for HWP because of methodological and system boundary complications. The CCAR solution is to **use the IPCC approach but to exclude historical HWP C stock in the first year of reporting** because it is not often possible to derive this data at a corporate level. At the end of the first year, the net emission/removal of HWPs is equal to the amount of carbon in products-in-use associated with the company's production for that year. In each subsequent year, the company estimates additions to, and losses from, the pool of carbon attributable to its products. Additions are equal to the carbon in products-in-use attributable to new production. Losses are determined by decay curves that describe the amounts of products-in-use removed from service each year.

Under a scenario where the annual production of new products remains constant, the approach results in large annual increases in the pool of carbon in products-in-use in early years, and smaller annual increases over time. This is because the annual losses from the pool of products-in-use are small at first but increase over time as the pool gets larger and the products get older. This results in what might be termed a "start-up effect", which may be an undesirable feature in a corporate accounting context (Miner, 2006).

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The disadvantage of this approach is that the use of first order decay models tend to overestimate emissions, but the multiple time decay constant approach (e.g. Row and Phelps, 1996) can be used. Another disadvantage is that the accounting of emissions of manufactured product is done in years subsequent to production and these emissions increase as the HWP pool increases. Another disadvantage is related to when company has a new owner (which should continue the account for previous owner emissions) or start new accounting (when "start-up effect" is strong).

A.7.3.2.4. Comparisons and conclusions

In conclusion, all of the outlined methods have problems from an accounting perspective and do not accurately reflect emission reductions perspective and true atmospheric effect. If future emissions are accounted in advance (e.g. the landfill and 100-year approach), the company is in effect paying a C tax in advance. On the other hand, if emissions are accounted when they occur in subsequent years then all emissions and removals are not accounted in the year and the company may be prone to legacy risks in the future.

Comparison of the potential outcomes on implementing a HWP accounting method for the three HWP is summarised in Table A.5.

Table A.5: A comparison between the landfill carbon remaining approach (LCA), CCAR and 100 year approaches for accounting emissions and removals for paper production in a hypothetical mill (assuming production of 200 000tC/year based on the mass flow principle). The effect of using different half-lives and life-cycle retention values (FLC96 or FR). Retention fraction (FR) values are calculated using corresponding half-life values in the same row. The 2 year half-life (highlighted in red) is the current IPCC default for paper, and the FLC96 of 0.74 (highlighted in green) is the suggested value for paper based on an average of the data from Skog and Nicholson (1998) (see Table A.4).

S _{HWP} with I	S _{HWP} with landfill factor 96 year		S _{HWP} CCAR approach (using IPCC half-life) Year 1 of accounting		NP 100 year coach Row and decay curve (FR culated at half- es of 1 -10)
FLC96	t CO ₂ /yr	Half life (yr)	t CO ₂ /yr	FR	t CO ₂ /yr
0.74	542 667	1	366 667	0.05	35 911
0.8	586 667	2	518 548	0.06	41 553
0.85	623 333	3	582 050	0.06	45 758
0.9	660 000	4	616 661	0.07	49 298
0.95	696 667	5	638 407	0.07	52 445
1	733 333	10	684 228	0.09	65 416

As seen in Table A.5, the application of the landfill carbon remaining approach (LCA) approach, compared to the CCAR and 100-year method, offers a large advantage to the paper industry. It should be noted that the CCAR approach has a high "start-up value" but this will decline sharply regardless of future production outputs (Figure A.3).

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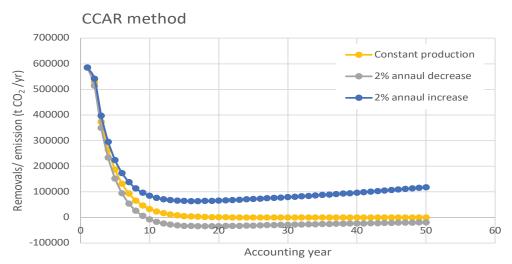


Figure A.3: A projected estimate of accountable HWP removals/emissions under the CCAR scheme using a hypothetical mill with a pulp production of 225 000 tC/yr as an example assuming a constant or 2% annual increase of decrease in production output.

The 100-year approach appears to be the most robust from a scientific point of view, but this is still sensitive to assumptions on the time products are in use. The 100-year approach would be the preferred option, but only if data can be provided on product time in use for the industry.

The LCA approach clearly overestimates C retention in wood products. The corresponding half-life of paper using a FLC96 of 0.74 (Skog & Nicholas, 1998) is 220 years. This is greater than the half-life of lignin (150 years) in natural ecosystems (Dittmar, 2001), which is theoretically unlikely. Although it is acknowledged that the 1st order half lived are overly conservative, the 100-year approach and multiple time decay models show that differences are quite small (Miner (2006). Uncertainty analysis by Pingoud et al (2011) show that the level of uncertainty for first order decay short life products (2-4 year half-lives) is only 9-20% and most published half- life values for paper do not exceed 6 years (Miner, 2006).

Although the life-cycle retention value (FLC96) for different products (Skog and Nicholson, 1998), may largely overestimate HWP removals, the risk of claiming excessive credits due to removals is limited due to the cap applied under the C Tax Act (Table A.1). Moreover, since the annual accounting of future emissions might be argued as a payment of tax in advance, this downside may be seen to be compensated by the over estimation of removals. The LCA approach covers more HWP categories (see Skog and Nicholson 1998, Christie and Scholes, 1995) and will not have a large influence in differences in claimed credits if emissions are not accounted (Table A.6).

Table A.6: The proposed impact of using the LCA approach for annual accounting HWP removals and emissions for mills with various pulp production using the average paper FLC96 factor of 0.74.

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	Annual production (Adu Poku, 2015)	S _{HWP} with FLC96	S _{HWP} without FLC96	Difference
Mill	pulp (t C/yr)		t CO₂/yr	
Mill A	400 000	1 085 333	1 466 667	381 333
Mill B	300 000	814 000	1 100 000	286 000
Mill C	200 000	542 667	733 333	190 667
Mill D	100 000	271 333	366 667	95 333
Mill E	50 000	135 667	183 333	47 667
Mill F	20 000	54 267	73 333	19 067
Mill G	10 000	27 133	36 667	9 533
Mill H	2 000	5 427	7 333	1 907

The proposed interim accounting approach is to adopt the mass flow approach with the land fill approach to account emissions. However, it is strongly recommended that the 100-year approach should be implemented in future C tax periods as soon as industry specific studies are completed to derive suitable half-life, and product use period assumptions.

A.8. Reporting of fertilisers and fires

Emissions from fertilisers and fires have been included in "S" as all emissions/removals from plantation activities need to be accounted for. However, the C Tax Act fully discounts emissions from biomass burning and fertilisation, therefore during this first tax phase these activities are only reported but not included in the accounting (i.e. not included in the calculated tax liability). The reason for continued reporting of these emissions is to collect company level baseline data so that these emissions can be excluded or included in the accounting in future. This reporting was also initially agreed by the forestry industry during a stakeholder meeting.

A.8.1. Fertilisers

The forestry industry indicated that fertiliser emissions are insignificant and should not be included in the reporting. The rulebook states that emissions can be excluded from reporting and accounting if it is smaller than a significance threshold. The UNFCCC significance level is described as either an absolute size (500 kt CO₂eq) or a fraction (<0.05%) of the absolute total emissions/removals. The absolute value of 500 kt CO₂eq is only applicable at the national level, and C Tax is at the company level, therefore this absolute significance level was removed from the significance definition



Table A.2). For emissions to be insignificant they must be less than 0.05% of the total emissions for both "E" and "S".

A theoretical exercise was conducted by SAPPI to calculate the worst-case scenario of non-CO₂ emissions from the application of fertiliser at planting for national level plantations to show its insignificance. It was estimated that if the 1.2 million plantation hectares were all planted to eucalypts on a 10-year rotation, the 120 000 ha of replanted area will have an annual emission of 18.6 kt CO₂eq as a result of nitrogen fertiliser application. This is an estimate for national level plantations. The difficulty is that insignificance is a fraction of total emissions/removals of the company, i.e. the net of "E" and "S", and determining the net emissions/removals for the plantation and timber processing industry is complex. It requires data which will be obtained through the C Tax reporting, hence the recommendation to complete this reporting as part of the C Tax accounting until it can be shown that fertiliser emissions are less than 0.05% of the net emissions/removals of a company.

A.8.2. Fires

The reporting of emissions from fires is recommended so that data can be obtained to determine a threshold for exclusion of natural disturbance and fires (see section A.12.4 on natural disturbance provision). The natural disturbance provision will require company level emissions and these emissions also need to be divided into controlled and wildfire emissions. Where data is lacking for the calculation of these emissions, IPCC default values are provided in the accounting tool.

There are different approaches for accounting for natural disturbance and a suggested methodology for the future is provided in section A.12.4. This approach would, however, be reviewed and discussed further when a natural disturbance provision is being considered for inclusion and once data has been obtained.

A.9. Accounting frameworks

There are various proposed accounting frameworks designed to deal with different forestry activities.

Gross-net accounting: is generally applied to afforestation and deforestation activities, where actual reported emissions or removals are accounted for each year.

Net-net accounting: is applied to managed forests, where removals or emissions need to factor out indirect human induced removals/emissions (see additionality principle) or incentives are provided to account where there are net emissions. Notably, there is a reduction in the accounted amounts of net emissions in managed areas over time. The net-net accounted value is calculated using the reported emissions/removals in an accounting period (grey zone in Figure A.4: (2008-2012) relative to a reference year (example 2000 in Figure A.4). In all of the scenarios provided in Figure A.4, credits will be accounted, even in the case where net emissions are reported in the accounting period (Scenario C). Debits will only be accounted if the slope between the reference year and accounting year is negative.

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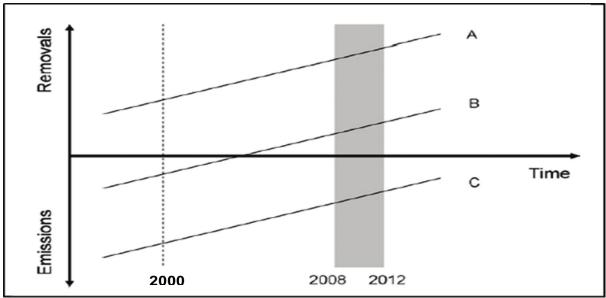


Figure A.4: Examples of net-net accounting of reported emissions and removals.

Net-net with a reference level: This is an adopted net-net approach which accounts for dynamic shifts in age class structure and historic management legacy. However, the approach requires the use of complex models (to simulate at least biomass growth under management interventions). This is dealt with in more detail in section A.12.3.

An accounting cap: The C Tax Act applies a cap where credits from "S" cannot exceed debits from "E", i.e. there is no tax rebate if the sum of "E" and "S" is a net removal (see Table A.1:). In order to provide a fair and balanced cap and in accordance with the discounts applied to the Land sector in schedule 2 of the C Tax Act, we proposed the same should apply to a situation where the sum of emissions and removals from forests and HWP is a net emission (i.e. additional emissions from "S" cannot be added to "E" (see Table A.1). The advantage of the cap is that it limits the amount of credits that can be claimed through forest activities whilst at the same time incentivising participation of the forestry industry in the C Tax Act where net forest and HWP activities may be a net emission, particularly under a gross net accounting framework. This may function as compensation across time given the intensity of commercial activity.

A.9.1. Justification for the Use of Annual Gross-net Accounting

Gross-net reporting has been recommended to apply to all eligible forest activities because of the following:

- a) To provide incentives for accounting of removals though allocation of timber for long term wood products and creation of new forest sinks though continued afforestation. Application of a net-net framework would provide no incentive for these.
- b) Although a gross-net approach or the only net-net options available at present (i.e. net-net with a reference period) does not factor out any dynamic age class legacy

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effect on forest growth increment, particularly due to historical afforestation legacy there is no modelling capacity to develop an alternative approach at present.

- c) Application of a gross-net accounting to both the forest and HWP category ensures that the accounting system is robust and balanced. Appling different accounting framework to HWP and forest land would result in unbalanced and inconsistent accounting"
- d) Application of one accounting procedure to all forest categories facilitates a simpler reporting task. Ideally the cost and effort of reporting under the C Tax Act should be minimised and simplified as much as possible.
- e) Although a gross-net approach does not factor out any indirect human influences on emissions and removals, it is assumed that any windfalls are offset by debits associated with management legacy which is not factored out.
- f) Liability for very large debits due to natural disturbances are excluded because emissions from fires are not accounted under the current framework.
- g) "Implicit cap" from C Tax Act ensures that accounted credits are limited by the size of the "E" debit and debits cannot be incurred for "S".
- h) Encourages participation and collecting data for future when enhanced accounting can be applied.

A.10. Reporting and verification

A.10.1. Sequestration submission process

For C Tax reporting of sequestration, taxpayers are required to register on NAEIS. Here the MRV tool will be provided for completion. Once completed the tool can be uploaded to NAEIS where it will go to DEFF for review (Figure A.5). A taxpayer may be selected to undergo an independent review (see further details in the Verification Guidelines in Chapter D). Once reviewed and verified, DEFF will approve the "S" amount and submit it to SARS where it will be combined with the other emission components in the carbon tax equation to determine the overall tax liability.



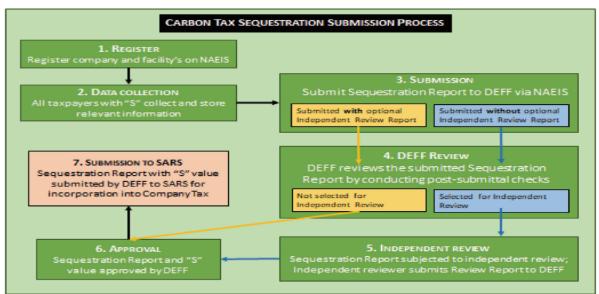


Figure A.5: Carbon Tax sequestration submission process.

A.10.2. Reporting

The NGER specifies **reporting requirements, not accounting rules** to be applied under the C Tax Act. The accounting requirements are therefore much stricter than NGERS requirements as accounting rules (such as permanence, inclusion of deforestation and new HWP methodologies) need to be included and adhered to. There was, therefore, a need to develop a separate accounting tool (Carbon Tax Sequestration MRV tool for Forest Plantations and Timber Processing Industry (referred to as "MRV Tool" in this document)) for company sequestration accounting purposes (Figure A.6). Although all efforts were made to harmonize reporting requirements under the C Tax Act and those required under the NGER, the **overriding framework for developing accounting rules must be derived from text in the 2019 Carbon Tax Act.**

The MRV tool is provided as an excel spreadsheet and is attached with this document. The MRV tool provides an option for using a default methodology (tier 1) with provided emission factors and conversion factors. Tier 1 approaches can be used in the absence of available methodologies (e.g. soils and dead organic matter). If companies have their own emission or conversion factors, these can be used (tier 2 reporting). Where models are used (tier 3), the description of the calculations, methods input data and output data should be transparently documented and verified by DEFF. Methodological guidelines detailing the use of the tool are provided in Annex C.



A.10.3. Verification

Reporting under the NGER cannot be directly be linked to accounting under the C Tax Act as the former is documented at the plantation level and the latter at a company level (Figure A.6). As a consequence, there is no required verification of accounted emissions removals by eligible companies against GHG reported emissions or removals. All accounting related verification are based on nationally available forestry statistics (e.g. Green Mamba reports discussed in section A.5) and additional verification processes (see verification guidelines in Chapter D).

Recently the process for submitting Green Mamba forms was investigated. The forms are sent out by Forestry Economic Services (FES) to the various plantations, who then complete the forms. SAPPI provided us with an excel version of the form. It is not clear yet if all companies have the excel sheets or if some just have pdf forms. This still needs to be clarified. The forest plantations then complete the form and send it in hard copy to FES. FES converts the information into a database, aggregates the data for the whole plantation industry and produces the Timber Statistics Report. It is this report which gets submitted to DEFF⁸.

The problem with this is that it means FES has the actual raw data, not DEFF, making it difficult for DEFF to do verification with Green Mamba forms. The Green Mamba forms would therefore need to be requested from FES or from the individual companies. Alternatively, an external verifier could be tasked with doing verification on site. The other alternative is that the Green Mamba form be modified or additional items added so as to report all data required for NGER and then this could be submitted under the NGER reporting. It should, however, note that these Green Mamba forms provide long term historical data for plantations, therefore any modifications or additions to the forms should be able to allow for aggregation to ensure consistency with historical records. FES indicated that their contract was up for renewal shortly and so additional reporting requirements could possibly be incorporated into the current Green Mamba forms.

⁸ Contact at DEFF is Godfrey Maano, email: <u>GodfreyMAN@daff.gov.za</u>



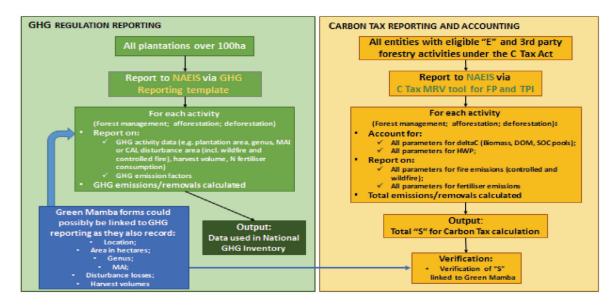


Figure A.6: Illustration showing the two different reporting processes.

A.10.4. Reducing the reporting burden

Reporting can become a burden on companies and the aim is to try to minimise reporting where possible. The forestry industry already reports data to DEFF via the Green Mamba forms (see section A.5), therefore there was a request by the forestry industry to try to harmonise the current Green Mamba reporting with the C Tax accounting and reporting. This was considered, however, as discussed above, the accounting requires quite specific data and not all the required data is recorded in the Green Mamba forms (the data by activity, for example). It is recommended that the Green Mamba data rather be used in the verification process for verifying various activity data included in the C Tax accounting and reporting.

A.11. Future considerations

A.11.1. Net-net Accounting Frameworks

The UNFCCC COP (2/CMP7) and the EU LULUCF regulation 841/EU(2018) implemented the use of a forward-looking baseline approach to define the reference level for managed forests based on dynamic forest models. This approach factors out age-class legacy and other indirect human factors whilst still providing an incentive for potential C credits, but also allowing the continuation of sustainable management practice without potential debits associated with management legacy. This legacy has been shown to be associated with age-class shifts in forest areas due to either fluctuation in afforestation or practices that result in non-uniformly distributed ages classes in forest ecosystems (Black et. al., 2012; Botcher et al., 2008). The same trends are evident based on our analysis of the plantation on forestry industry carbon stock changes. The forward-looking baseline approach is generally accepted as credible science-based carbon accounting approach based on the projected

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continuation of documented historical forest management practice (Grassi et al., 2018). Meanwhile the gross-net approach is retained for afforestation and deforestation.

The advantage of this approach, in a South African forest industry perspective, is that implementation of improved management practice or deployment of genetically improved nursery stock can potentially increase any removals and hence companies can account removal credits for these activities. The suggested framework allows for the continuation of sustainable management practice and utilisation of HWP without unfairly debiting accountable emissions due to age class legacy effects (see Box A. 1).

The development of forward-looking baselines requires the implementation of modelling frameworks that simulate changes in forest age class structure based on silvicultural rules defined for different species and existing stands over the defined reference period.

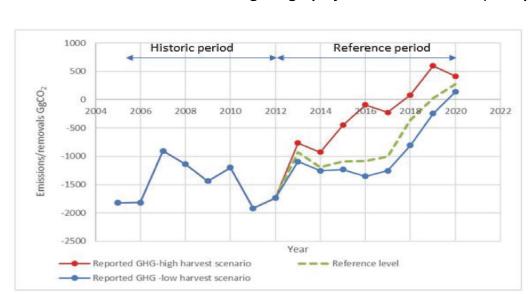
A.11.2. Current Forest Carbon Modelling Capacity

The development of a forward-looking baseline requires the ability to dynamically model forest C stocks based on silvicultural practice and shifts in the state of the forest (i.e. age class shifts as a result of management etc.). Based on a review of the forestry industry's capacity to develop and use complex tier 3 models for reporting or development baselines (this project and Knowles and Christie, 2018), it is suggested that the capacity is not sufficiently developed to implement such an approach.

A phased approach to the implementing of reporting should be implemented that allows entities to report using Tier 1 methodology unless the information is available for an entity to submit information using higher tier calculation.

A study by Ndalowa (2014) highlighted the potential use of internationally available models, such as CBM_CFSv3 (Kurz et al., 2009) or CASMOFOR (Somogyi, 2019), for reporting and modelling future GHG profiles from South African plantations. However, it was also suggested that considerable time and resources are required to implement this at a company or national scale (Knowles and Christie, 2018). Other national platforms such as the carbon calculator are being developed to calculate carbon stocks in above- and below ground biomass pools (du Toit et al 2016, 2019). We are also aware that some companies such as Sappi have produced carbon stock change forecasts based on Mean Annual Increment (MAI) growth curves and inventory information.

It is noted, however, that the basic information and allometric equations for the calculation of above ground biomass changes are available (du Toit et al., 2016) and these together with growth curves can be used to develop integrated modelling frameworks, which can simulate forest stock changes using different silvicultural assumptions but not for different climatic conditions.



Box A. 1: Net-net accounting using a projected reference level (example)

The figure shows hypothetical reported GHG emission and removals for managed forest land and HWP, where the sink is declining due to age class legacy effects under two scenarios. The high level of harvest (red line) scenario is due to increase demand for timber of timber products. The low harvest scenario represents a case where forest sinks are enhanced though deployment of improved genetic material and a reduction in the level of harvest.

The projected forest reference level (FRL, green line) was constructed using historical management practices based on the historic period using a dynamic model.

The accountable emissions/removals under a gross-net accounting framework in the reference period would be equivalent to the absolute values for each year over the reference period (solid symbols). Note that there would be an accountable net emission of 413 and 137 GgCO₂eq. in 2020 for both the high and low scenarios, respectively.

Under a net-net forward-looking base line approach the annual accountable amount is the equal to the reported amount minus the FRL in any given year in the reference period. Under the high harvest scenarios, an annual net debit of 134 to 994 Gg of CO_2 eq. will be incurred. However, a net credit of -60 to -420 Gg CO_2 eq. will be accounted under the low harvest scenario. In the year 2020, the low harvest scenario reports a net emission of 137 Gg CO_2 , but the FRL emission is higher (275 Gg CO_2 eq.), which means an accounted credit of -138 Gg CO_2 is incurred.

A.11.3. Forward looking baseline (net-net) rules

It is recommended that the proposed accounting framework applied to managed forests should be reviewed in the next 3-5 years to determine if a forward looking base-line [reference level] approach can be adopted for managed forest lands based on the proposal by Grassi et al. (2018). Assuming that the modelling capacity has been developed by that time, the following accounting rules and criteria should be considered in constructing a reference level:

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- a) The projected reference level should be based on historical management practice (silvicultural practices they were *actually* applied) used for a defined historic reference period, for which period data needs to be available. Accordingly, the following information should be considered:
 - i) historic thinning practice such as thinning intensity and frequency for specified species
 - ii) historic rotation ages and fallow periods for specific species/management cohorts;
 - iii) historic proportional inflows of timber products into HWPs;
 - iv) historic levels of deforestation and afforestation.
 - v) The projected reference level should not include the following factors (after the initial year of the simulation):
 - envisaged increased levels of harvest due to increased demand or future policy
 - the harvest to volume increment ratios observed for the reference period should not be exceeded in the projected reference level
 - planned changes in forest structure, management or composition of tree species.

Guidance on construction of reference levels are outlined by Grassi et al. (2018):

- b) Models must be able to simulate age-class dynamics as a result of management and simulations should replicate historical carbon inventory estimates.
- c) The generated reference level must be reviewed and verified by an independent third party based on defined rules before a new accounting cycle is implemented. This can be verified by a technical board set up by the Forestry industry and DEFF.
- d) The South African Forestry Industry advocated the implementation of a Technical Advisory Board to guide the development of revised reporting and accounting rules. Such a body could be involved with the definition of reference periods, implementation of a 100year HWP approach (see section 8.3.1), review processes or even model capacity building.
- e) The reference level should be able to simulate all C pools, unless a pool is explicitly ruled out in the legislation revision.
- f) There must be a capacity to adjust for changes in methodology over time by implementation of a technical correction when accounting for forest and HWP emissions and removals.
- g) Net-net accounting with a baseline should be applied to both HWP and managed forest to ensure robust and balance accounting.

A.11.4. Accounting of natural disturbances

The following section outlines possible accounting approaches for natural disturbance if future amendment of the Carbon Tax Act no longer discounts fire and natural disturbance emissions from accounting. This cannot be implemented at present because there is no baseline data at the company level. However, baseline data can be collected over the next 5 years. Industry has agreed to report these emissions at a company level so that sufficient baseline data can be collected to develop threshold for exclusion of natural disturbance and fire emissions. Controlled burning may be reported, but only accounted if emissions exceed a defined threshold (

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Table A.2), and if the effort of collection of data is disproportionate (e.g. high costs) with respect to overall benefit (e.g. emissions are negligible).

In order to minimise the impact of "force majeure" disturbance effects, such as wildfires, a natural disturbance provision, similar to that used for Kyoto Protocol⁹ accounting and the EU LULUCF regulation¹⁰, can be applied. This eliminates the liability of non-anthropogenic GHG emissions and emissions that are beyond the control of the taxpayer.

The forest industry could consider the use of a background level to correct for non-controlled GHG emissions (Box A.2). Due to climate change the incidence of natural disturbance events will increase (more droughts, hail, heat, etc.). Furthermore, the occurrence of natural disturbance is not similar from year to year. History shows that there are large peaks in certain years when disasters strike, such as the 2007/2008 fires (Figure A.7). Industry will not be penalised for such events that are outside their control if a natural disturbance baseline rule is defined and used.

Carbon stock changes due to natural disturbances and effects beyond human control (e.g. droughts, pests and diseases, fire, frost, snow, etc.) should be excluded from accounting. An attempt has been made to develop a method to partition between the effects (Krug, 2018). Kurz (2018) provided a conceptual framework that can be used as a starting point.

- a) The natural disturbance provision allows areas effected by wildfires to be excluded from accounting if the annual emissions from wildfires in company owned forest exceeds a background level. The burnt area is removed from the accounting until biomass C stocks are equivalent to those before the disturbance event took place.
 - The background threshold could be based on historical wildfire data for each eligible company;
 - ii) If the threshold is exceeded in an accounting year then emissions and removals for these areas are excluded from accounting until such time that the C stocks in these areas are equivalent to the biomass stock before the wildfire event;
 - iii) Companies should still report C annual stock changes for the areas excluded, which must be geospatially explicitly identified (i.e. a GIS boundary, GIS co-ordinates or maps showing boundaries and describing the elements which define the boundary), as a separate item in their annual reporting.
 - iv) Emission associated with salvage logging shall continue to be reported and accounted;
 - v) If the excluded areas are deforested after the natural disturbance provision was applied, then emissions shall be accounted for in the current reporting year when deforestation is identified.
 - vi) Emission from controlled burning, i.e. burning of harvest residues or fire breaks, should be excluded from the natural disturbance provision.
- b) The natural disturbance background must the calculated for afforested and managed forest land activities separately if different accounting frameworks are use.
 - c) The background level cannot be adjusted after submission and verification and it will be applied for all accounting periods (one off submission).

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⁹ https://unfccc.int/resource/docs/2012/cmp8/eng/13a01.pdf#page=2

¹⁰ https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=uriserv:OJ.L .2018.156.01.0001.01.ENG&toc=OJ:L:2018:156:TOC



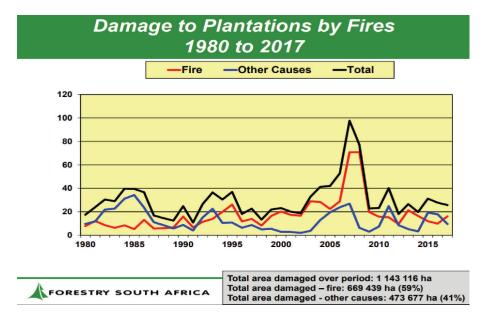
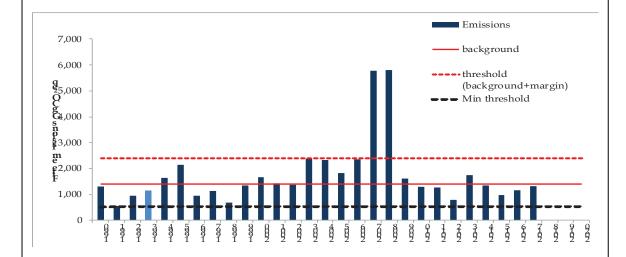


Figure A.7: Plantation area damaged between 1980 and 2017.



Box A.2: The natural disturbance example

The forest areas subject to fire (Error! Reference source not found.) were used to calculate CO_2 eq. emissions for the period 1990-2017 using IPCC tier 1 methods and emission factors. The background level is calculated as the mean and the margin is the standard deviation. Outliers are removed from the data set for any given year if the annual emission is greater than the background plus 2 times the margin value (IPCC, 2014). The background and margin values are then recalculated until all outliers are removed. The reference threshold in then determined as the background plus 2 times the margin, when there are no outliers in the calibration dataset (see figure below).



In this figure 2007 and 2008 are outliers and these were removed before the final threshold (margin plus background were estimated). When emissions from fire are greater than the threshold (ca. 2513 Gg CO_2eq) emissions will be excluded from accounting under the natural disturbance provision.

An alternative approach, and one better suited for situations where calibration data is limited, is the minimum background threshold (IPCC, 2104). The threshold is determined as the minimum emission value observed over the time series. In this example the threshold will be $575~Gg~CO_2$ eq (black line in the figure).

It is proposed that the minimum threshold may be more suitable under the C Tax Act if calibration data for each registered company is to be collected and reported over the next 5 years. In this case, the threshold can be defined as the minimum emission form natural disturbances over the period 2020-2024.



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Chapter B: Accounting Rulebook

B.1. Introduction

The aim of the rulebook is to provide an instrument for inclusion of carbon (C) sequestration as a component of the C Tax Act accounting framework under the relevant legislation applicable in South Africa.

Although C sequestration and emissions from the South African Forestry Industry have been reported in the National Greenhouse Gas (GHG) inventory, values have been calculated at a national level using information available to Government and application of the default values set out in the IPCC guidelines. The implementation of the Carbon Tax, liability for emissions will be calculated at a company level. The IPCC has acknowledged that there are challenges associated with the application of the guidelines to areas other than national inventories, such as carbon accounting, and has held expert meetings to review these (e.g. Sofia, 1-3 July 2014). Some major challenges include: difference in boundary-setting, availability, detail and quality of data, questions of appropriateness of emission factors and activity data, insufficient level of detail for specific applications and the non-prescriptive nature of guidance on some issues.

The accounting rules outlined in this document are based on, criteria set out in the C Tax Act, proposed modifications to the Act (see discussion in section A.8), international guidelines (e.g. Conference of Parties under UNFCCC) and consideration of country specific factors based on consultation with Forestry South Africa and PAMSA. In this context, it is important to distinguish between accounting of emissions/removals under the C Tax Act and reporting by companies of sequestration and emissions associated with forestry plantations to the National Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting Regulations (NGER). Although many of the reporting considerations in the act are taken directly from the NGER, some of the reporting requirements under the NGER are not adaptable to inclusion as the basis for an accounting framework under the C Tax Act, particularly those related to forestry and other land use activities. The justification of the forestry and harvested wood product (HWP) accounting rules is provided in Chapter A.



B.1.1. Definition of S

The term "S" in the C Tax Act, as discussed in section A.6. above, is defined as:

$$S = -S_{HWP} - \Delta C - \left[S_{fire} - \left(S_{fire} \times \frac{D}{100} \right) \right] - \left[S_{fert} - \left(S_{fert} \times \frac{D}{100} \right) \right]$$
 Equation B.1

B.1.2. HWP accounting

HWP are accounted by applying the mass flow approach with the land fill approach to account for emissions, therefore S_{HWP} re calculated as:

$$mC_{HWP} = mC_{RM} - mC_E - mC_{SW} - mC_{LW}$$
 Equation B.2

Where:

- mC_{HWP} = mass of biogenic carbon in HWP leaving the mill. This should include pulp, paper, solid wood products, saw milling waste sold for pulping if applicable, fines or lignin by products (t C);
- mC_{RM} = mass of biogenic carbon entering the mill in the timber raw materials (t C);
- mC_E = mass of biogenic carbon leaving the mill as gaseous emissions (t C);
- mC_{SW} = mass of biogenic carbon exiting the mill as solid waste (t C);
- mC_{LW} = mass of biogenic carbon exiting the mill as liquid waste (effluent) (t C).

Note: waste discharge threshold applies to mC_{SW} and mC_{LW} and emissions are only accounted if these thresholds are exceeded (see IPCC code 4 schedule 2 of the 2019 Carbon Tax Act).

Since biogenic and waste emissions are discounted (D) under the 2019 Carbon Tax Act Equation B.2 can be rewritten as equation B.3.

$$mC_{HWP} = mC_{RM} - (mC_E \times \frac{D}{100}) - (mC_{SW} \times \frac{D}{100}) - \left(mC_{LW} \times \frac{D}{100}\right)$$
 Equation B.3

The discount is currently set at 100 % in the 2019 Carbon Tax Act, but these emissions will still be reported.

The land fill approach shall be used to account for HWP emissions:

$$S_{HWP(i)} = mC_{HWP(i)} \times fLC_{96(i)}$$
 Equation B.4

Where:

- S_{HWP(i)} = sequestered carbon as HWP of product (i);
- fLC_{96(i)} = fraction of C decayed over 96 years (Skog & Nicholson, 1998).

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B.2. Emission pools or sources included under the various forest activities

Forest plantations can accumulate carbon in three different pools, i.e. living biomass, dead organic matter (DOM, that includes dead wood and litter) and soil organic carbon (SOC). Conversely, if forest plantation is change to a non-forest used, this can result in GHG emissions. Management practices (e.g. application of fertiliser and controlled burning) and wildfires also results in GHG emissions. Table B.1 indicates which pools or emission sources are mandatory.

Table B.1: Sources included or excluded in the reporting and accounting of "S" for the C Tax Act.

Component in Eq B.1	C Pools or non-CO₂ emissions	Gases	Forest activity
S _{HWP}	Sawnwood, wood-based products, pulp and paper	CO ₂	All but excluding deforestation
	Aboveground biomass (AGB)	CO ₂	All
ΔC	Belowground biomass (BGB)	CO ₂	All
	Deadwood and litter (DOM)	CO ₂	All*
	Mineral soils (SOC)	CO ₂	All# except deforestation
Sfire	Wildfires	CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O	Reported but not accounted
	Controlled burning	CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O	Reported but not accounted
S _{fert}	Emissions associated with application of fertilisers	N ₂ O	Reported but not accounted
F _{SOM}	Mineralisation losses associated with SOC loss (related to soil management)	N₂O	Not reported until baseline data is available for a significance test

^{*} Carbon stock changes for DOM should only be reported for afforestation (1st rotation forests up to 20-years old) and deforestation if tier 1 or tier 2 methods are used as under these circumstances changes in DOM in forest management will not occur. If an entity uses advanced tier 3 models, then carbon stock changes can also be reported for managed forest land remaining forest land.

B.3. Accounting Rules

The following accounting rules will apply to entities when accounting carbon tax liabilities. These rules are primarily based on proposed amendments to the C Tax Act (see Annex A) but also in line with international agreements, such as the Paris Agreement, agreements from other UNFCCC Conference of the Parties (particularly 16CMP/1¹¹, 2CMP/7 and 8), the voluntary market principles and climate change policy drivers behind the C Tax Act 2019.

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^{*}Carbon stock changes for SOC should only be reported for afforestation (1st rotation forests up to 20-years old) if tier 1 or tier 2 methods are used as under these circumstances changes in SOC in forest management will not occur.

¹¹ https://unfccc.int/resource/docs/2005/cmp1/eng/08a03.pdf



B.3.1. Eligibility

The current eligibility criteria under the NGER and the C Tax Act is an area threshold of 100ha. These eligibility criteria are redefined to facilitate accounting HWP removals from 3rd party timber harvests, where owned forest areas are less than 100 ha. The rationale is that eligibility to register and account should be based on the criteria to report "E" and not on the area threshold.

B.3.1.1. Ownership and liability

- a) Only taxpayers that are eligible to report and account for "E", as stipulated under the C Tax Act, can account for forest and HWP emissions and removals (S).
- b) Once an area of forest owned by an eligible taxpayer (B.3.1.1.a) is included and registered for accounting, then it shall continue to be reported and accounted for subsequent tax periods.
- c) To avoid double accounting, ownership of the removals by HWP resides with the processing company and not the plantation from which it is sourced.
- d) Inflows of harvest from other registered taxpaying companies into HWP may be accounted by the eligible taxpayer, provided that the source and amount HWP inflows are transparently identified.
- e) Eligible taxpayers may <u>voluntarily</u> elect to account for forest emissions/removals and inflows into HWP from 3rd party forest plantations areas subjected to, lease, harvest rights or supply contract agreements with the eligible manufacturing company. In this case:
 - i. It is the eligible taxpayer's responsibility to report and account for 3rd party forestry emissions/removals associated with harvests included in HWP inflows.
 - ii. All 3rd party forest emissions and removals <u>shall</u> be reported and accounted only in the year that harvests from the 3rd party forest area is used as inflows to HWPs.
 - iii. 3rd party HWP inflows may only be accounted if proof of chain of custody certification is provided in the year relevant HWP inflows are accounted.
 - iv. The 3rd party area of forest associated with harvest must be the unit (e.g. sub-compartment) that was harvested (not the total forest area owned by the 3rd Party) and this area must be identifiable and traceable (using GIS or maps).
 - v. If the harvested timber from a unit of 3rd party land is sold to more than one registered taxpaying company, then the individual taxpayer shall transparently account for the equivalent proportion amount of emissions from harvest and inflow into the HWP pool.
- f) If there is a change in ownership, lease or harvest rights, all emissions and removals are the liability of the new land owner.
- g) Only domestically sourced wood from forest land registered by the taxpayer, other registered taxpayers under the act, or accounted 3rd party area are eligible to be accounted as HWP inflows (see section B.3.1.1 a and e).



B.3.2. Accounting categories and activities

B.3.2.1. Afforestation and deforestation activities

- a) Afforestation (A), deforestation (D) and associated harvested wood products (HWPs) shall be identified and reported as separate activities and accounted for annually on a gross-net basis¹².
- b) Afforestation areas shall include all established 1st rotation forests for the first 20 years of the rotation. After 20-years, these areas shall be transition to the managed forest land category.

B.3.2.2. Forest management activities

- a) Managed forest areas include all managed forest activities which do not fall under the A and D activities.
- b) Forest management and associated HWPs should be reported as a separate activity.
- c) Accounting of managed forest areas shall be accounted for on a gross-net basis¹³.

B.3.2.3. 3rd Party forest activities

- a) Election of accounting emissions and removals in forest and HWP for 3rd party areas (see B.3.1.1 e) is voluntary.
- b) To avoid double accounting, emissions and removals associated with the areas (i.e. see B.3.1.1 d and e) of forests owned by 3rd parties shall be reported as a separate category and transparently accounted in the year associated harvests are accounted as HWP inflows.

B.3.2.4. Harvested wood products

- a) Harvested wood product emissions and removals from afforested activities may be reported and accounted under forest management activities if taxpayers cannot distinguish the amount of harvest coming from afforestation or forest management activities. However, deforestation, other registered taxpayers and 3rd party HWP removals should be reported as separate categories.
- b) Harvested wood products shall be estimated based on the mass balance approach (see section A.8.3.2 of Chapter A).
- c) Estimation of mass flow components shall be based on mass flow fractions specific for each HWP category and industrial process (i.e. default factors and methods outlined in the methodological guidelines (see section C.3.3 in Chapter C) or higher tier methods developed by the taxpayer, providing that the methods used are demonstrated to be transparent, verifiable, applicable and accurate.
- d) Annual inflows into the HWP mass balance equation (mC_{RM}) shall only include:
 - i. Domestic timber harvested from company owned or leased land or timber purchased from registered taxpaying companies or 3rd parties which is used for production of HWP produced by the company owned manufacture facility.

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 $^{^{12}}$ Justification for gross-net accounting is provided in section 10.1 of final report.

¹³ It is recommended that net-net accounting be introduced when the industry has capacity to use models and projected emissions/removals as a base line (Section 12.1 of final report).



- ii. To avoid double accounting, recycled pulp or mill residues produced by the taxpayer and used for production of the HWP shall not be considered as inflows because these are already included in the mass balance calculations.
- iii. All inflows shall not have previously been accounted as HWP sequestration by a registered 3rd party or the registered company.
- iv. Inflows should exclude purchased processed wood products from registered and 3rd parties or cascaded wood products.
- v. Purchased sawmill or pulp <u>waste</u> residues from other registered taxpayer can be included as inflows. For example, saw mill residues from sawn wood production can be included as inflows if purchased by a wood-based panel manufacturing facility. Similarly, if a registered taxpayer has different processing facilities, the wood-based waste from other production lines can be used of inflows only if it can be demonstrated that removals are not double accounted (i.e. verifiable information must be provided to show that waste inflows are not already included in the mass flow balance of the seller).
- vi. Timber originating from deforested land must be excluded from HWP inflows in the year deforestation is detected.
- e) Accountable outflows shall include:
 - i. Biogenic gaseous CO_2 emissions. These shall be reported but are discounted by 100% in the C Tax Act. N_2O and CH_4 emissions are reported in accordance with the NGER and accounted as "E" in the C Tax Act.
 - ii. Solid or liquid waste emissions shall also be reported if the defined thresholds set out in the C Tax Act are exceeded. Accounting of all waste emissions are 100% discounted in the C Tax Act.
 - iii. CO₂eq from CH₄ and N₂O emissions from waste should be reported under HWP IPCC category 3D1 as set out in the NGER.
 - f) The accounting of HWP removals shall acknowledge that long term storage of C is greater in sawn wood and wood-based panels than paper. It is also acknowledged that the half-life decay approach as set out under the IPCC may conservatively overestimate HWP emissions and underestimate long term storage. Therefore, to facilitate accounting of reported mC_{HWP} for each HWP category and/or subcategories will be weighted and discounted based on long-term C retention potentials (96 years, see LCA approach in section C.3.3. in Methodological Guidelines (Chapter C))¹⁴.
 - g) Should mass flow factors for a particular processing facility (i.e. tier 2 or 3) not be available, a taxpayer may use default recovery fractions (see Methodological Guidelines, Annex C, section C.3.3) to estimate HWP removals.
 - h) If tier 2 mass flow and recovery factors are confidential, then this information can be provided during the verification under a non-disclosure agreement between DEFF and the taxpayer.
 - i) HWP removals for use as fuels, such as firewood, charcoal and matches, are not considered as long term HWP pools and are excluded from "S" in the tax equation.

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¹⁴ See section A.8.3.2 of Chapter A for justification and arguments for application of the LCA approach and recommendation for implementation of the 100 year accounting approach when required national data is available.



- j) Additional information on annual (tax period) harvested timber owned and sold by the taxpayer and timber purchased from other companies within the tax scheme for production of HWP should be provided when accounting, including:
 - i. The total harvest from eligible forest areas owned by the taxpayer.
 - ii. Timber harvested by the taxpayer and used for production of company owned HWP production facilities.
 - iii. Timber purchased from other registered taxpayers for production of company owned HWP production facilities.
 - iv. Timber purchased for HWP from accounted forest areas owned by a 3rd party.
 - v. All HWPs produced by the company in the tax period, by type of HWP.

B.3.3. Permanence

- a) Once emissions and removals are reported and accounted by a taxpayer, these forest areas should continue to be reported for subsequent accounting periods.
 - i. The permanence condition B.3.3.a will not apply if a registered taxpayers production facility is sold and/or the threshold to account to E under the C Tax Act is not met¹⁵.
 - ii. If deforestation occurs in registered forest areas, biomass, litter and deadwood C pools will be assumed to be immediately / instantaneously oxidised. Tier 1 emission factors can be used for deadwood pools if no company specific data exists.
 - iii. SOC and F_{SOM} emissions or removals on deforested land shall not be reported or accounted because other land uses are not included in the 2019 C Tax Act.
 - iv. If there is a change in ownership after deforestation occurs, all emissions and removals are the liability of the new landowner.
 - v. All eligible deforestation emissions and removals will be accounted as a debit in the year the deforestation event takes place.
 - vi. If the registered forest area is clear felled and not replanted before sale or lease to a new owner, whom is not eligible for registration or reporting under the scheme, the entity that reported HWP will be debited all emissions from biomass, litter, deadwood and HWP pools in the year before the clear fell event took place (i.e. from all C pools (except for SOC and F_{SOM}) on land and from HWP, using the immediate oxidation assumption applied in clause B.3.3(a)ii.
 - vii. The registered area may be withdrawn from the scheme without any penalties (and not accounted) in the event of rescinding or withdrawal of a water use licence under the National Water Act (Act No. 36 of 1998), removal of plantations from river courses (includes wetlands) as defined in the National Water Act (No. 36 of 1998), or as a result of successful land claims, mandatory clearing of invasive species (Conservation of Agricultural Resource Act, 1983 (Act No. 43 of 1983); National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act: Alien and Invasive Species Regulations). However, proof of a withdrawal notice should be submitted in the year areas are withdrawn.
- b) Each registered company shall account for all changes in the following carbon pools: above-ground biomass, below-ground biomass, litter, dead wood, soil organic and harvested wood products (see Table B.1). A company may choose not to account for litter, deadwood and soil

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¹⁵ Note: liability for accounting of E and S is based on ownership as defined in the act, therefore companies cannot be liable for sold land and strict adherence to the permanence principle cannot be satisfied. However, this may lead to leakage of emissions or emission avoidance. (also applies to B.5.3 iv)



pools if transparent and verifiable information is provided that the pool is not a source. However, once a pool is reported under an activity, they it must continue to be reported for subsequent tax periods.

- c) When accounting, a taxpayer should distinguish temporary unplanted (TUP) land from deforested land. TUP areas that have not been replanted within a period of 5 years after a clear-fell, or where there is clear evidence of land use change, shall be deemed to be deforested. Emissions from these disturbed areas shall be accounted when land use change occurs or when the 5-year period between clear-fell and replanting has expired (whichever occurs first).
- d) If previously accounted mandatory forest areas are sold or where the lease has expired, the following information shall be provided [in the relevant year of submission]:
 - i. The name and registration identification of owner reporting to the NAEIS or the name of unregistered owner;
 - ii. The carbon stock for biomass at the time the registered areas were sold.
- e) In order to minimise liability due to force majeure disturbances such as wildfires, a natural disturbance provision may be applied in the future (see section A.12.4 of Chapter A). However, the current legislature does not require the accounting of emissions from forest fires.

B.3.4. Accounting periods and intervals

- a) Reporting Period: The period for all reporting will be from the beginning (1 January) to the end of the tax year (31st December) preceding the reporting cycle.
- b) Reporting cycle: Data for the preceding year must be reported to NAEIS by 31 March each year.

B.3.5. Robustness

- a) The treatment of any accounted activities will be based on sound science.
- b) All activities shall be reported using the prescribed tier 1 methods if company specific activity data does not exist. Company or manufacturing process specific methods (tier 2) or models (tier 3) methods can be used if the approach is transparently documented and justified by references
- c) The reversal of any removal due to land-use change and forestry activities will be accounted for in the year when the activities occur.
- d) Taxpayers may choose not to include in their accounts changes in carbon stocks provided that it can be demonstrated that the carbon pool is not a source. However, the option shall not apply to the carbon pools of biomass and harvested wood products in the land accounting category of managed forest land and afforestation.
- e) Reported emissions and removals must be verified by DEFF in accordance with the Verification Guidelines before debit or credits can be accounted (see Chapter D).
- f) The pools and emission sources considered for reporting and accounting of emissions removals are outlined in Table B.1.

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B.3.6. Additionality

- a) The mere presence of carbon stocks is excluded from reporting and accounting ¹⁶ (i.e. only C stock change is reported for the accounting year and activity, and not the C stocks cumulated from the past).
- b) Accounting should exclude removals resulting from indirect human activities:
 - i. elevated carbon dioxide concentrations above their pre-industrial level;
 - ii. indirect nitrogen deposition; and
 - iii. the dynamic effects of age structure resulting from activities and practices before the accounting year, assuming robust scientific information becomes available.

Note: the gross-net accounting rule does factor out indirect human induced activities, particularly for forest management. However, the SA forestry industry currently does not have capacity to implement a net-net accounting system (see section A.12.3 of Chapter A);

c) Only managed forest land is eligible to comply. Therefore, natural forests or woodlands are excluded from accounting, but only if they are not managed.

B.3.7. Incentives and policy alignment

- b) The information required to report and account for forestry related activities under the Carbon Tax Act 2019 is consistent with the information required under the NGER with some additional elements:
 - i. Different eligibility criteria to facilitate inclusion of 3rd party harvest in HWP accounting.

Additional reporting requirements for deforestation and HWP to ensure the principles of carbon accounting are adhered to (

- ii. Table A.3, see section A.7 of Chapter A);
- iii. Reporting but not accounting for emissions from fires and fertiliser application;
- iv. Discounting of waste carbon emissions associated with wood processing under HWP;
- v. Additional verification and validation data requirement to ensure adherence to accounting rules.
- c) In order to incentivise afforestation and to disincentivise deforestation, activities should be accounted on a gross-net basis.
- d) Forest management activities should be accounted for on a gross-net basis. However, future rules should consider a net-net accounting in cases such as:

Where forests with declining stock due to legacy management practice, age class structure changes or natural phenomena can be fairly accounted without penalising as an owner or entity for indirect human induced effects (see additionality principle in

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¹⁶ For example, produced HWP stock cannot be considered as an accountable removal amount without considering emissions due to product life cycle or harvest emissions.



- i. Table A.3 of Chapter A). This may be best done using a net -net accounting approach but gross-net approach is currently recommended until such time modelling capacity is developed.
- ii. Incentivised management actions in cases where forest stocks are increasing or where improvement to stock changes are brought about by management or genetic improvement for successive rotations, forests (managed forest land) land removals and emissions should be accounted for based on a net-net approach relative to a reference period. However, a gross-net approach is recommended until such time modelling capacity is developed.

B.3.8. Leakage

- a) Increased emissions of GHGs or decreased carbon removals should not result outside the accounting framework boundary. For example: use of timber sourced from outside South Africa for production of HWPs could result in increased emission or deforestation in other regions.
- b) HWP inflows are only permitted from domestically produced timber harvested or purchased from registered and reporting forest owners under the C tax scheme, or from 3rd parties which implement the current rules.

B.3.9. Double accounting

- a) Where carbon credits have been claimed by a manufacturer for HWPs these products cannot be included as a carbon inflow into the HWP pool for a taxpayer.
- b) Emissions and removals cannot be accounted for under more than one accounting category.

B.3.10. Significance

- a) In order to reduce the administrative burden of reporting very small emissions that do not have a significant impact on overall emission or removals, a threshold test for significance pools can be applied:
 - i. Emissions may be excluded from reporting and accounting if it is smaller than a significance threshold which is a percentage of the total emissions for all, energy, processing, forest and HWP activities (i.e. sum of absolute emissions from" E" and "S").
 - ii. The threshold for exclusion is <0.05% of the total emissions for both "E" and "S".

B.3.11. Global Warming Potentials

In line with the updated reporting requirements of the NGER, entities will report GHGs separately (CO_2 , CH_4 and N_2O). Thereafter, based on their relative Global Warming Potentials (GWPs), a CO_2 eq amount is calculated and used to estimate 'S' using Equation B.1. The C Tax Act specifies the use of GWP values set out in the IPCC third assessment (IPCC, 2001) report be used for calculation of CO_2 equivalent values, namely N_2O - 296 CO_2 eq, and CH_4 - 23 CO_2 eq.

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B.3.12. References

- IPCC (2001). Climate Change 2001: The Scientific Basis. Contribution of Working Group I to the Third Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change [Houghton, J.T., Y. Ding, D.J. Griggs, M. Noguer, P.J. van der Linden, X. Dai, K. Maskell, and C.A. Johnson (eds.)]. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, United Kingdom and New York, NY, USA, 881pp.
- Knowles, T and Christie, S. (2018). Technical guidance for the reporting of GHG emissions from plantation forests, biogenic fuels and harvested wood products within the South African plantation forest and forest products sector. Draft report, GIZ, Pretoria
- Skog K & Nicholson G.A. (1998). Carbon cycling through wood products: The role of wood and paper products. Forest Products Journal 48(7):75-83.

Chapter C: Methodological Guidelines for Land Activities in Forest Plantations

C.1. Introduction

The methodological guidelines serve as a background document to facilitate the understanding and completion by companies of the Carbon Tax Sequestration MRV Tool for Forest Plantations and Timber Processing Industry (hereafter referred to as 'MRV tool') for reporting, and the verification of the information reported. The guidelines are underpinned by the Forestry Accounting Rulebook (hereafter referred to as the 'Accounting Rulebook') for the accounting of forest plantations and timber processing industry greenhouse gas emissions and removals under the Carbon Tax Act (Act No. 15) of 2019 (hereafter referred to as 'C Tax Act').



C.1.1. Carbon Sequestration in the Carbon Tax Act

The Accounting Rulebook (Chapter B, Section B.3, equation B.1 of this document) defines the net sequestration by forest and forest products, S, as:

$$S = -S_{HWP} - \Delta C - S_{fire} - S_{fert}$$

Where:

- S_{HWP} = The amount of carbon located in harvested wood products (expressed in t CO₂eq). Note that it is an IPCC convention that a flux into the atmosphere (emissions) is denoted as a positive flux and sequestration (removals) as a negative flux;
- ΔC = Annual change in plantation carbon stocks, expressed in t CO₂eq. Note that it is an IPCC convention that a flux into the atmosphere (emissions) is denoted as a positive flux and sequestration (removals) as a negative flux;
- S_{fire} = Emissions from fire (N₂O and CH₄ expressed in t CO₂eq);
- S_{fert} = The fraction of emissions from applied fertiliser (N₂O expressed in t CO₂eq) growth of wood.

Note: Emissions from fires and fertilisation are to be reported, but not accounted. The reporting conversion for net sequestration is that it should be denoted as a negative value i.e. removal of CO_2 eq, however, when entering S into the C Tax formulae [equation 1 main project report] it should have a positive sign.

In accordance to the Accounting Rulebook, the four activities to be reported are:

- 1) Forest Management;
- 2) Afforestation;
- 3) Deforestation; and
- 4) HWP production.

The emission pools or sources included under the various activities are outlined in the Accounting Rulebook (Table B.1).

C.1.2. Purpose of methodological guidelines

Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions represented by the variable "E" in the C Tax formula are calculated in accordance with the methodology set out in the Technical Guidelines for Monitoring, Reporting and Verification of Greenhouse Gas Emissions by Industry (DEA, 2017). The purpose of these guidelines is to provide guidance on the methodology for determining the sequestration or "S" factor in the C Tax formula. The guidelines aim to facilitate the understanding and completion by companies of the MRV tool for reporting, and the verification of the information reported. The guidelines are in line with the Accounting Rulebook that contain the accounting rules for the C Tax Act (Accounting Rulebook, Chapter B of this document).

C.2. Structure of the Methodological Guidelines

The following sections describe the methods for the estimate of emissions/removals from the different sources and sinks contained within the MRV tool and Accounting Rulebook. Firstly, the source is described, then the calculation method is presented followed by a list of the data required for the estimates in the MRV tool. Examples of calculations are shown within the orange boxes. Finally,

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there are three sections which state the data that is to be reported by the companies, the data that is to be verified and the reference to the Accounting Rulebook for the corresponding source.

C.2.1. Relation to Accounting Rulebook and MRV Tool

These methodological guidelines are complementary to the Accounting Rulebook and the MRV tool.

The corresponding section of the Accounting Rulebook is referred to throughout these methodological guidelines as:

Section [name of section] in the Accounting Rulebook

The MRV tool is a Microsoft Excel file which aims to collect information on emissions and removals from companies that are subject to reporting and/or accounting obligations. The emission/removal estimate methods implemented in the MRV tool are explained in these methodological guidelines. The corresponding sheet in the MRV tool is referred to throughout these methodological guidelines as:

Sheet [name of sheet] in the MRV tool

The MRV tool contains various sheets with different purposes: introduction and instruction, textual data collection, variable/parameters used, emissions/removal estimates, accounting and verification. Therefore, the MRV tool allows simultaneously for the Reporting, Accounting and Verification of the emission/removal estimates.



Table C.1: Content of the MRV tool: sheets and purpose

Sheet name and colour	Description
Content and Instructions	This sheet contains information on the MRV tool content and general instructions for its use. It contains the list of sheets in the MRV tool, the colour coding used, an acronym list and a reference list.
Company Details	This sheet contains general organisation details to be filled by the user.
Facility Register	This sheet contains the main plantation details to be filled by the user.
3 rd Party Register	This sheet contains the details of the 3rd parties from which the reporting facility has purchased wood. The 3rd Party ID should match the 3rd Party entered in the "Ownership" column in the 'Land Stock-Difference Method'/'Land Gain-Loss Method' tabs.
Parameters	This sheet contains default IPCC 2006 Guidance and country-specific parameters to support the estimates.
BCEF Lookups	This sheet contains factors for expansion of merchantable growing stock volume to standing above-ground biomass (BCEF ₅), for conversion of net annual volume increment to biomass growth (BCEF ₁) and for conversion of wood and fuelwood removal volume to above-ground biomass removal (BCEF _R).
Supporting Calculations	This sheet provides suggested calculations for generating activity data/emissions/removals estimates to be used in the yellow compilation sheets. Defaults are provided where available, but if alternative data which is considered to be more representative for the company circumstances and is justifiable and verifiable is available, this should be used.
Land Stock- Difference method*	This sheet provides emissions/removals estimates due to the change in Carbon Stock in living biomass using the gain-loss method.
Land Gain-Loss method*	This sheet provides emissions/removals estimates due to the change in Carbon Stock in living biomass using the stock-difference method.
HWP	This sheet provides emissions/removals estimates due to HWP.
Wildfires	This sheet provides emission estimates due to wildfires
Controlled burning	This sheet provides emission estimates due to controlled burning.
Fertilisation	This sheet provides emission estimates due to fertilisation
Reporting & Accounting	This sheet provides the summary of estimates for reporting and accounting purposes.
Verification	This sheet provides a list of checks that can be completed for verification purposes.
List	This sheet contains the values for the dropdown lists used in the MRV tool.

st Either the Gain-Loss or Stock-Difference method should be used, not both. The other should be left empty.

The MRV tool includes instructions to allow its use as a standalone file. However, further explanation on the methods implemented is presented in these methodological guidelines. In addition, the MRV tool utilises colour coding for the fields to facilitate its use:



Table C.2: Colour coding used in the MRV tool

Input data: data required to be included by the user

Emissions/removals: calculated emissions/removals

Calculation/linked cells: cells with formulae, automatically updated. Do not change

Conversion factors & constants

Assumptions/assumed values

Checks

<u>Note on input data:</u> these methodological guidelines include tables to show the data that is required to complete the estimates in the MRV tool. The user has the option to use the **Sheet Supporting calculations in the MRV tool** to estimate some of the variables needed in other sheets in the MRV tool, these cases are highlighted throughout these guidelines.

<u>Note on the use of different tiers:</u> the estimation methods included in the MRV tool allows for reporting of emissions and removals using different tiers:

- **Tier 1**: using the equations for the estimates as implemented in the MRV tool and default IPCC 2006¹⁷ or country specific values for the required parameters. These factors are included in the **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and can found in Appendix C.1.D. Tier 1 methods and country-specific parameters have been specially selected for the South African forestry sector.
- **Tier 2**: using the equations for the estimates as implemented in the MRV tool and facility-specific values for several parameters.
- **Tier 3**: when other methods, different from those implemented in the MRV tool are used. The MRV tool allows for the reporting of emissions/removals and the parameters required for verification.

The MRV tool has formulae implemented for Tier 1 and Tier 2 estimates. When applying Tier 2 with facility-specific parameters, justification of the appropriateness of those parameters must be provided. In the case of Tier 3, less input data is needed in the MRV tool since Tier 3 estimates are only reported, not calculated, using the MRV tool. When applying Tier 3, a description of the methods used, and justification of their appropriateness must be provided as part of the annual reporting. In addition, inputs required for verification must also be provided.

Each of the columns in the MRV tool tables where data has to be reported have the following structure, showing the variable, instructions and tier.

Table C.3: Structure of the columns in reporting tables in the MRV tool

e.g.: Facility ID	1st row (title row): Name of the variable
e.g.: INFORMATION ROW (do not delete)	2 nd row: instructions to fill in the column
e.g.: INFORMATION ROW - TIERS (do not delete)	3 rd row: Tier for which the column is to be filled

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¹⁷ The only exception is the stock change factors for SOC which are taken from IPCC 2019 Refinement.



Implementation of Tiers in the M	NV 1001		
The MRV tool implements Tier 1 and provides default values, sourced from both IPCC 2006 and country specific values, sourced from various publications.			
Companies can use their own parameters where information is available and is justified with supporting documentation.			
Complete the Methodology Informat			
Complete the Methodology Informat compilation sheets to provide a descri	ion Boxes included at the top of each of the yellow iption of which tier, or combination of tiers has been Methodology Information Box		
Complete the Methodology Informat compilation sheets to provide a descriapplied.	iption of which tier, or combination of tiers has been		
Complete the Methodology Informat compilation sheets to provide a descriapplied. Tier used for carbon stock change:	iption of which tier, or combination of tiers has been		

C.3. Methodological Guidelines for Reporting and Accounting Carbon Sequestration in Forest Plantations

It should be noted that increases in carbon stocks, i.e. positive (+) stock changes, represent a removal (or 'negative' emission) from the atmosphere, while decreases in carbon stocks, i.e. negative (-) stock changes, represent a positive emission to the atmosphere.

Forest plantations represent three different carbon pools, i.e. living biomass, dead organic matter (DOM, that includes dead wood and litter) and soil organic carbon (SOC). Management practices (e.g. thinning and harvesting, application of fertiliser and controlled burning) and natural disturbances (e.g. wildfires) results in CO₂ removals enhancement and GHG emissions. Table B.1 in Chapter B of this document indicates which pools or emission sources are mandatory for reporting or accounting.

C.3.1. Area tracking for the reporting of Annual Change in Plantation Carbon Stocks, ΔC

As determined in the Accounting Rulebook, and in line with IPCC 2006, the afforestation areas shall include all forest for the first 20 years. After 20-years, these areas shall transition to the managed forest land category. The variable/column "age category" in the tables in the MRV tool allows for the tracking of areas:

• Afforestation: "age category" indicates the number of years since the afforestation occurred. This cannot be 0, it should be 1 in the year of the afforestation and up to 20 years (≤ 20 years), because starting the year 21st the land will be subject to forest management (see Box C.1 for example). The age information is considered in the estimates of carbon stock change in DOM and SOC. The first year the land is afforested (age category = 1), previous land use can be Grassland, Annual Cropland, Perennial cropland or Other. The following years, the previous land use should be Afforestation.

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- Forest management: "age category" indicates the number of years of the rotation. This should be ≥ 21 years for the first rotation and can be any value for the following rotations.
- Deforestation: "age category" indicates the age of the managed forest land deforested or the age of the afforested land deforested. The age information in the deforested lands is considered in the estimates of carbon stock change in DOM. Taxpayers should have a system for distinguishing between deforestation and temporary unplanted (TUP) land.

Box C.1. Reporting of Afforested areas

In the facility AX32, 2 ha of grassland are afforested with *Pinus patula* in 2020, 4 ha in 2021 and 3 ha in 2022. The reported data in the reporting year 2022 should be:

Facility ID	Activity	Previous land use category	Species/Genus	Age Category	Area (ha)
AX32	Afforestation	Grassland	Pinus patula	1	3
AX32	Afforestation	Afforestation	Pinus patula	2	4
AX32	Afforestation	Afforestation	Pinus patula	3	2

C.3.2. Annual Change in Plantation Carbon Stocks, ΔC

There are two main methods for GHG estimates in the LULUCF sector as presented in 2006 IPCC Guidelines (IPCC, 2006):

- The Gain-Loss Method estimates the net balance based on the estimation of gains and losses separately for each individual reported year.
- The Stock-Difference Method is based on carbon stocks in relevant pools measured at two points in time to assess carbon stock changes.

In the MRV tool, both methods have been implemented for the estimates of carbon stock change in living biomass. However, the gain-loss method for DOM and SOC pools requires models that simulate DOM and SOC dynamics and these are not implemented in the MRV tool. Therefore, the estimates of DOM and SOC carbon stock change in the **Sheet Land Gain-loss method in the MRV tool** applies stock-difference method so that all carbon stock changes in all pools can be estimated in one single sheet of the MRV tool, regardless the method used for living biomass.

For transparency, the estimation method for DOM and SOM are explained in different sections of these methodological guidelines (see sections C.3.2.3 and C.3.2.4 below).

C.3.2.1. Living biomass pool: Gain-loss method

Sheet Land Gain-Loss Method in the MRV tool

The gain loss method, as presented in the 2006 IPCC guidelines, requires the biomass carbon loss to be subtracted from the biomass carbon gain¹⁸.

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¹⁸ For further explanation of the gain-loss method, refer to Volume 4, Chapter 2 of 2006 IPCC Guidelines.



Calculation method in the MRV tool

The calculations for emissions/removals from the change in carbon stock in living biomass are based on the IPCC 2006 Tier 1 Biomass Gain-Loss Method (Equation 2.7 in IPCC 2006 volume 4, chapters 2 and 4). Emissions/removals are calculated based on the following equations:

$$\Delta C_B = \Delta C_G - \Delta C_L$$
 Equation C.1

Where:

- ΔC_B = annual change in carbon stocks in biomass (the sum of above-ground and below-ground biomass) for each land sub-category, considering the total area, t C yr⁻¹
- ΔC_G = annual increase in carbon stocks due to biomass growth for each land sub-category, considering the total area, t C yr⁻¹
- ΔC_L = annual decrease in carbon stocks due to biomass loss for each land sub-category, considering the total area, t C yr⁻¹

<u>Annual increase in biomass carbon stocks</u> due to biomass increment in land remaining in the same land-use category are calculated based on the following equation (Equation 2.9 in IPCC 2006 volume 4, chapter 2) with examples provided in Box C.2 and C.3:

$$\Delta C_G = \sum_{i,j} (A_{i,j} \times G_{TOTAL_{i,j}} \times CF_{i,j})$$
 Equation C.2

Where:

- ΔC_G = annual increase in biomass carbon stocks due to biomass growth in land remaining in the same land-use category by vegetation type and climatic zone, t C yr⁻¹
- A = area of land remaining in the same land-use category or in conversion, ha
- G_{TOTAL}= mean annual biomass growth, t d.m. ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹
- i = ecological zone (i = 1 to n)
- j = climate domain (j = 1 to m)
- CF = carbon fraction of dry matter, t C (t d.m.)-1

Average annual increment in biomass are calculated based on the following equation (Equation 2.10 in IPCC 2006 Volume 4, Chapter 2):

Tier 1:
$$G_{TOTAL} = \Sigma \{G_W \times (1+R)\}$$

Biomass increment data (dry matter) are used directly

Tiers 2 and 3:
$$G_{TOTAL} = \Sigma \{I_V \times BCEF_I \times (1+R)\}$$
 Equation C.3

Net annual increment data are used to estimate $G_{\rm w}$ by applying a biomass conversion and expansion factor.

Where:

- G_{TOTAL} = average annual biomass growth above and below-ground, t d.m. ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹
- G_W = average annual above-ground biomass growth for a specific woody vegetation type, t d.m. $ha^{-1} yr^{-1}$

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- R = ratio of below-ground biomass to above-ground biomass for a specific vegetation type, in t d.m. below-ground biomass (t dm above-ground biomass)⁻¹. R must be set to zero if assuming no changes of below-ground biomass allocation patterns (Tier 1).
- I_V = average net annual increment for specific vegetation type, m^3 ha^{-1} yr^{-1} . This is the current annual increment of standing volume, i.e. the actual increment in volume, referred as CAI.

NOTE. Mean Annual Increment (MAI), i.e. the mean increment over the entire lifetime of the plantation, is not an adequate substitute of Current Annual Increment (CAI), as MAI only represents the net cumulated volume or biomass at the end of the rotation. The use of MAI generally leads to underestimation of the annual increment in the early ages of the plantations. However, if MAI is the only data available, it can be used, while transparent information is provided on it.

Note that if standing tons are stated as wet white tonnes (wwt), i.e. at field wet basis moisture level, then the values need to be converted from wwt to m^{3.} For this conversion, Standard Industry Conversion Factors (ICFs) for round wood can be used.

Product	Species	ICF	Unit
Sawlogs	Softwood	0.94	m³/t (wet)
Sawlogs	Eucalyptus Grandis	0.94	m³/t (wet)
Sawlogs	Other Eucalyptus Species	0.78	m³/t (wet)
Matchwood	Poplar	1.03	m³/t (wet)

Table C.4: Standard Industry Conversion Factors (ICF) for Round wood

- BCEF_i = biomass conversion and expansion factor for conversion of net annual increment in volume (including bark) to above-ground biomass growth for specific vegetation type, tonnes above-ground biomass growth (m³ net annual increment)⁻¹.
- If BCEF_i values are not available and if the biomass expansion factor (BEF) and basic wood density (D) values are separately estimated, then the following conversion can be used:

$$BCEF_i = BEF_i \times D$$

Where, Biomass Expansion Factors (BEF_i) expand merchantable volume to total above-ground biomass volume to account for non-merchantable components of increment. BEF_i is dimensionless.

To convert wood harvest data without bark, i.e. under bark, into merchantable wood removals including bark, i.e. over bark, multiply by the bark factor. Default and country-specific bark factors are included in the **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and can be found in Appendix C.1.D. If the wood harvest data is already over bark, the bark fraction should be 0.



Box C.2. Information for the example for C stock change in biomass using Gain-Loss method in Box C.3.

For a forest area of 10 ha in temperate zone, it is assumed the forest species have a rotation age of 32 years and is thinned twice at 12 and 22 years (Error! Reference source not found.). To calculate gains and losses, current annual increment (CAI) and losses (harvest) data are needed.

All volumes are expressed as over bark.

Table C.5: Hypothetical stand characteristics of Pinus patula showing volume data (merchantable over bark volume)

Stand	Volume m³/ha			Increment m ³ /ha/year	
age (years)	Thinning	Standing vol	Cumulative Vol	MAI	CAI
0.001			0.0001		0.001
7		82.0	82.0	11.7	11.7
12	123.0	95.0	218.0	18.2	27.2
17		265.0	388.0	22.8	34.0
22	120	428.0	548.0	24.9	32.0
27		580.0	703.0	26.0	31.0
32		714.0	837.0	26.2	26.8



Box C.3. Annual increase in biomass carbon stocks due to biomass increment in land remaining in the same land-use category

Sheet Land Gain-Loss method in the MRV tool; column Living Biomass GAIN. Sheet Supporting calculations

It is possible to model CAI using a Chapmans growth function or another function as suggested by forest expert, using the information provided in Table C.6. CAI is the recommended increment value to use because it reflects the actual annual increment rate for volume. MAI (derived as the cumulative volume over stand age) is not suitable for growth projections. MAI is generally only used for stand management decision such as determining theoretical stand rotation age (i.e. where CAI and MAI intersect, see Figure C.1).

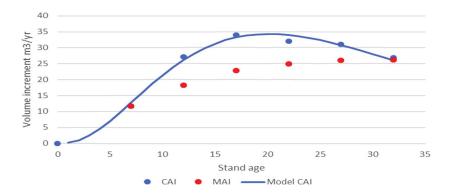


Figure C.1: Derived CAI and MAI from cumulative volume production data and the interpolated CAI using the Chapmans growth function (blue line).

The danger of using MAI is that volume increment and thus biomass growth will be underestimated and hence a lower carbon stock change will be calculated, until age 32 in Figure C.1Figure C.1.

Considering the example forest in Box C.2, in year 17 the CAI, BCEF; and R are:

 $CAI = 34.0 \text{ m}^3 \text{ ha}^{-1} \text{ yr}^{-1}$

BCEF₁ = 0.69 t m^{-3} (IPCC 2006, Volume 4, Chapter 4, Table 4.5, climatic zone temperate, forest type pine and growing stock level 265 m³ ha⁻¹, i.e > 200 m³ ha⁻¹) R = 0.28 (Du Toit B. et al. 2016).

CF = 0.47 (IPCC 2006).

Average annual increment (G_{Total}) is calculated as:

 G_{TOTAL} = 34.0 x 0.69 x (1+0.28) = 30.02 t d.m. ha^{-1} yr⁻¹ (Note that if MAI is used, this would be: G_{TOTAL} = 22.8 x 0.240 = 20.24 t d.m. ha^{-1} yr⁻¹)

In the MRV tool, the Factor for conversion to C biomass growth $0.69 \times (1+0.28) \times 0.45 = 0.40$ (can be calculated in **Sheet Supporting calculations**); and the total Gain in living biomass (t C) is calculated in **Sheet Land Gain-Loss Method** as:

Living Biomass GAIN (ABG+BGB, t C) = $34 \text{ m}^3 \text{ ha}^{-1} \times 0.42 \text{ t C m}^{-3} \times 10 \text{ha} = 141.14 \text{ t C}$

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<u>Annual biomass loss</u> is the sum of losses from wood removal (harvest), fuelwood removal (not counting fuelwood gathered from woody debris), and other losses resulting from disturbances, such as fire, storms, and insect and diseases.

$$\Delta C_L = L_{wood-removed}$$
 Equation C.4

Where:

- ΔC_L = annual decrease in carbon stocks due to biomass loss in land remaining in the same landuse category, t C yr⁻¹
- L_{wood-removed} = annual carbon loss due to wood removals, t C yr⁻¹, includes harvest, regardless its use as fuelwood, and tree parts removals for fuelwood.

And annual biomass carbon loss due to wood-removals is:

$$L_{wood-removed} = H \times BCEF_R \times (1+R) \times CF + FG_{part} \times D$$
 Equation C.5

Where:

- L_{wood-removed} = annual carbon loss due to biomass removals, t C ha⁻¹ yr⁻¹
- H = annual wood removals, roundwood, m³ yr⁻¹
- R = ratio of below-ground biomass to above-ground biomass, in t d.m. below-ground biomass (t d.m. above-ground biomass)⁻¹. R must be set to zero if assuming no changes of below-ground biomass allocation patterns (Tier 1).
- BCEF_R = biomass conversion and expansion factor for conversion of removals in merchantable volume to total biomass removals (including bark), t biomass removal (m³ of removals)-¹. However, if BCEF_R values are not available and if the biomass expansion factor for wood removals (BEF_R) and basic wood density (D) values are separately estimated, then the following conversion can be used:

$$BCEF_R = BEF_R \times D$$

To convert wood harvest data without bark into merchantable wood removals including bark, multiply by bark factor. Default IPCC 2006 bark factors and country-specific bark factors are provided. These factors are included in the **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and can found in the Appendix. If volume is already over bark, then bark fraction should be 0.

- CF = carbon fraction of dry matter, t C (t d.m.)⁻¹
- FG_{part} = annual volume of fuelwood removal as tree parts (where trees are not felled), m³ yr⁻¹. Assumed 0 in Tier 1.
- D = basic wood density, t d.m. m⁻³

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Box C.4. Annual decrease in Carbon stocks due to Wood removals in land remaining in the same land-use category.

Sheet Land Gain-Loss method in the MRV tool; column ΔC Living Biomass.

Sheet Supporting calculations

This example uses BEF and Wood density (D), instead of BCEF used in Box C.3.

Harvest volume – whole tree ($m^3 yr^{-1}$) = 500 $m^3 yr^{-1}$ harvest. There is not fuelwood exploitation of tree parts, i.e. $FG_{part} = 0$.

 $BEF_R = 3.1 \text{ m}^3 \text{ t}^{-1}$

Bark fraction = 0.13 (default)

Wood density = 0.354 t m⁻³ (*Pinus patula* Du Toit B. et al. (2016))

R = 0.28 (Du Toit B. et al. 2016) CF = 0.47 (IPCC 2006)

Then, $L_{wood-removed} = 500 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x} 3.1 \text{ x} (1 + 0.13) \text{ x} 0.354 \text{ t} \text{ m}^{-3} \text{ x} (1 + 0.28) \text{ x} 0.47 = 373.01 \text{ t} \text{ C}$

In the MRV tool, the Factor for conversion to C biomass loss $3.1 \times (1 + 0.13) \times 0.354 \text{ t m}^{-3} \times (1 + 0.28) \times 0.47 = 0.75$ (can be calculated in **Sheet Supporting calculations**); and the total Living Biomass LOSS (ABG+BGB, t C) is calculated in **Sheet Land Gain-Loss Method** as:

Living Biomass LOSS (ABG+BGB, t C) = $500 \text{ m}^3 \text{ yr}^{-1} \text{x } 0.75 = 373.01 \text{ t C}$

Continuing with the example forest from previous boxes: Therefore, the annual change in carbon stocks in biomass in the 10 ha is:

 $\Delta C_B = \Delta G_G - \Delta G_L = 141.14 - 373.01 = -231.9 t C$



Data required for the estimates in the MRV tool

This method requires activity data (e.g. area) and forest parameters (e.g. increment, harvest) at either the aggregated (e.g. plantation management units) or disaggregated (e.g. compartment) scale of the land.

Data needs to be disaggregated by the activity, i.e. Forest management.

Table C.6: Data required for estimating ΔC living biomass (gain-loss method)

Facility ID	Enter the unique facility ID
Activity	Forest Management, Afforestation or Deforestation
Previous land use category	Forest Management, Afforestation, Deforestation, Grassland, Annual Cropland, Perennial Cropland or Other
Ownership	Company owned or 3 rd party (please specify)
Species/Genus	Predominant species name
Age Category	Enter value, for afforested areas this should be the years since afforestation occurred
Area	Enter value in ha
Growing stock volume annual net increment	CAI or MAI* (optional for T3)
Factor for conversion to C biomass growth	Enter value or refer to Sheet Supporting Calculations (optional for T3)
Harvest volume, whole tree	Enter value in m³/yr
Factor for conversion to C biomass loss	Enter value or refer to Sheet Supporting Calculations (optional for T3)
Living Biomass LOSS - Fuelwood Tree parts	Enter value in t C, assumed 0 in Tier 1 approach

^{*} CAI = current annual increment, MAI = mean annual increment

C.3.2.2. Living biomass pool: Stock-difference method

Sheet Land Stock-Difference Method in the MRV tool

The Stock-Difference method, as presented in the 2006 IPCC guidelines, requires biomass carbon stock inventories for a given land area, at two points in time¹⁹. Per unit of area at time t_2 , the annual stock change is the difference between the carbon stock at time t_2 and time t_1 , divided by the number of years between the two inventories²⁰.

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¹⁹ For further guidance on the stock-difference method, refer to Volume 4, Chapter 2 of 2006 IPCC Guidelines. https://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.jp/public/2006gl/vol4.html

²⁰ For further guidance on the stock-difference method, refer to Chapter 2 of 2013 IPCC KP Supplement. https://www.ipcc-nggip.iges.or.ip/public/kpsg/index.html



Calculation in the MRV tool

The calculations for emissions/removals from the change in carbon stock in living biomass are based on the IPCC 2006 Tier 1 Biomass Stock-Difference Method (IPCC 2006 volume 4, chapters 2 and 4). Emissions/removals are calculated based on the following equations (Equation 2.8 in IPCC 2006 volume 4, chapters 2):

$$\Delta C_B = \frac{(C_{t_2 - C_{t_1}})}{(t_2 - t_1)}$$

$$C = \sum_{i,j} \{A_{i,j} \times V_{i,j} \times BCEF_{S_{i,j}} \times (1 + R_{i,j}) \times CF_{i,j}\}$$

Equation C.6

Where:

- ΔC_B = annual change in carbon stocks in biomass (the sum of above-ground and below-ground biomass terms) in land remaining in the same category (e.g. forest land remaining forest land), tonnes C yr⁻¹
- Ct₂ = total carbon in biomass for each land sub-category at time t₂, t C
- Ct₁ = total carbon in biomass for each land sub-category at time t₁, t C
- C = total carbon in biomass for t₁ to t₂, t C
- A = area of land remaining in the same land-use category, ha
- V = merchantable growing stock volume (over bark), m³ ha⁻¹
- i = ecological zone i (i=1 to n)
- j = climate domain j (j=1 to m)
- R = ratio of below-ground biomass to above-ground biomass, t dm below-ground biomass (t d.m. above ground biomass)⁻¹
- CF = carbon fraction of dry matter, tonne C (t d.m.)⁻¹
- BCEF_s = biomass conversion and expansion factor for expansion factor for expansion of merchantable growing stock volume to above-ground biomass, t above-ground biomass (m³ growing stock volume)⁻¹

As indicated in 2013 Kyoto Protocol (KP) Supplement, when using this method for a specific activity, it is important to ensure that the area of land in that activity at times t_1 and t_2 is identical, to avoid confounding changes in stock caused by area changes. If the forest area is changing, then carbon stock changes can occur as a result of the transfer of land between activities. Indeed, if the area subject to an activity increases from the beginning to the end of the reporting year, then the reported carbon stocks reflect the transfer of area (and the associated carbon stocks) into the activity; similarly, carbon stocks will decrease, if area is removed from an activity. The issue is of particular concern when areas outside the scheme enter into the reporting system.

It is good practice to implement the calculations of annual carbon stock changes in the following sequence: (1) for any carbon pool of each activity and for each area, the annual carbon stock change should be calculated for the year of interest on the area at time t_2 , (2) these stock changes should be

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summed for all areas subject to the activity. Annual carbon stock changes and non- CO_2 GHG emissions with the area of the activity at the end of the inventory year should be calculated. The same approach should be used consistently over time.

When land-use change events occur, the associated fluxes are reported in the new land-use category (e.g. afforestation or deforestation/conversion from forest plantation to non-forest lands).

The following example, extracted from 2013 IPCC KP Supplement, shows the correct and incorrect way to implement the stock-change method.

Box C.5. Suggested alternative: Example of Stock-difference calculation Sheet Land Stock-Different method in the MRV tool; column ΔC ABG+BGB in the year i

Sheet Supporting calculations

There is 10 ha of Pinas patula that has been under forest management for 10 years.

Total standing volume in previous year (year t_i⁻¹) in vol merch. m³ over bark = 425 m³

Total standing volume in current year (year t_i) in vol merch. m³ over bark = 200 m³

If volume is expressed as under bark then the bark fraction needs to be added.

Wood density = 0.354 t m⁻³ (*Pinus patula* Du Toit B. et al. (2016))

BEF for CAI = $0.6861 \text{ m}^3 \text{ ha}^{-1} \text{ yr}^{-1}$

R = 0.28 (default)

Bark fraction = 0.13 (default)

CF = 0.47 (IPCC 2006)

In the MRV tool, the Factor for conversion to standing C stock $0.6861 \times 0.354 \text{ t m}^{-3} \times (1 + 0.13) \times (1 + 0.28) \times 0.47 = 0.17$ (can be calculated in tab Supporting calculations).

Therefore, the Standing C stock in year t_i^{-1} = 425 m³ x 0.17 = 72.3 t C;

the Standing C stock in year $t_i = 500 \text{ m}^3 \text{ x } 0.17 = 85.0 \text{ t C}$

 $\Delta C_{AGB + BGB} = 85.0 - 72.3 =$ **12.7 t C**

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Box C.6. Example of Stock-difference calculation. Source KP Supplement

During a year of the CP the area of land reported under FM varies because new forest land (natural forest expansion or previously unmanaged forest land that becomes subject to management) is added to the FM area and because of deforestation activities:

	At the start of year	At the end of year
Area of forest lands that was subject to FM in the previous year	1,000,000 ha	990,000 ha
Area of lands subject to FM converted to non-forest land	0 ha	10,000 ha
Area of new forest lands subject to FM	0 ha	10,000 ha
Total area subject to FM	1,000,000 ha	1,000,000 ha

The carbon stocks measured at times t1 and t2 in those lands are:

	At the start of year	At the end of year
Average per hectare biomass carbon stock of forest lands subject to FM	100 tC ha ⁻¹	105 tC ha ⁻¹
Average per hectare biomass carbon stock of new forest lands subject to FM	80 tC ha ⁻¹	84 tC ha ⁻¹
Average per hectare	100 tC ha ⁻¹	20 tC ha ⁻¹

A correct procedure will calculate stock changes in the three land categories:

- managed forest lands that were subject to FM since the beginning of the year,
- forest lands where the FM activity started during the year, managed forest lands subject to FM that were deforested and converted to cropland in the year.

Then, the sum of stock changes calculated for the two types of lands subject to FM will be reported under the FM activity, while the change in stock calculated for deforested land will be reported under D (Article 3.3).

	A. Total stock-change in area subject to FM that was subject to FM in the previous year	990,000 ha * (105 – 100) tC ha ⁻¹ = 4,950,000 tC
	B. Total stock-change in area subject to FM for the first time in this year	10,000 ha * (84 – 80) tC ha ⁻¹ = 40,000 tC
	C. Total stock-change in deforested areas	10,000 ha * (20 - 100) tC ha ⁻¹ = -800,000 tC
	Total stock-change in FM areas (A+B)	4,950,000 + 40,000 = 4,990,000 tC
Stock change reported in Forest Land converted to Cropland under UNFCCC and in D under Article 3.3 (C)		-800,000 t C

It would be incorrect, for instance, to calculate the total aboveground biomass carbon stock on the total land subject to FM at times t_1 and t_2 and then subtract C_1 from C_2 e.g.:

C ₁ Total stock in land subject to FM at the start of year	1,000,000 ha * 100 tC ha ⁻¹ = 100,000,000 tC
C ₂ Total stock in land subject to FM at the end of year	990,000 ha * 105 tC ha ⁻¹ + 10,000 ha * 84 tC ha ⁻¹ = 103,950,000 + 840,000 = 104,790,000 tC
Co. C yields the incorrect result	104 790 000 - 100 000 000 = 4 790 000 +C

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Data required for the estimates in the MRV tool

This method requires activity data (i.e. area) and forest parameters (i.e. standing volume) *at very disaggregated level*, e.g. for each forest compartment of the land under administration by the entity for previous and current year subject to reporting.

Data is needed for the two calendar years, i.e. end of two years, subject to reporting.

Forest compartment would be identified in MRV tool as of records from forest management planning.

As indicated in Table C.6 above and Table C.7 below, the user has the option to use the calculations in the **Sheet Supporting calculations in the MRV Tool** to estimate some of the data required for the estimates. At least Species and Growing stock volume level data are required.

Parameters needed for the estimate of carbon stock change in living biomass are outlined in Table C.7. Defaults are provided where available, but if alternative data which is considered to be more representative and is justifiable and verifiable is available, this should be used. The default parameters are included in the **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and can found in Appendix C.1.C.

Table C.7: Data required for estimating ΔC ABG + BGB (stock-difference method)

Facility ID	Enter the unique facility ID
Activity	Forest Management, Afforestation or Deforestation
Previous land use category	Forest Management, Afforestation, Deforestation, Grassland, Annual Cropland, Perennial Cropland or Other
Ownership	Company owned or 3 rd party (please specify)
Species/Genus	Predominant species name
Age Category	Enter value, for afforested areas this should be the years since afforestation occurred
Harvest volume, whole tree	Enter value in m³/yr
Area in the current year t_i	Enter value in ha
Total standing volume in previous year (year t_i^{-1})	Enter value in merchantable volume over bark m ³ , 0 = default for afforested land in age category 1 (optional for T3)
Total standing volume in current year (year t _i)	Enter value in merchantable volume over bark m ³ , 0 = default for deforestation (optional for T3)
Factor for conversion to standing C stock in the previous year \mathbf{t}_i^{-1}	Use Sheet Supporting Calculations if value is not known (species and growing stock volume must be entered) (optional for T3)
Factor for conversion to standing \boldsymbol{C} stock in the current year \boldsymbol{t}_i	Use Sheet Supporting Calculations if value is not known (species and growing stock volume must be entered) (optional for T3)
Standing C stock in the previous year t_i^{-1} C AGB+BGB (t C)	Use Sheet Supporting Calculation s if value is not known (species and growing stock volume must be entered) (optional for T3)

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Standing C stock in the current year t_i C AGB+BGB (t C)

Use **Sheet Supporting Calculations** if value is not known (species and growing stock volume must be entered) (optional for T3)

C.3.2.3. Dead Organic Matter, ΔDOM

In line with the Accounting Rulebook, for the estimates of carbon stock change in Dead Organic matter pool (Dead wood and litter) the following has been assumed:

- there is no change in DOM pool on forest plantations where there is a continuous forest management as forest plantation (> 20 years as forest), therefore carbon stock change in DOM is only estimated in the case of Afforestation and Deforestation activities.
- If deforestation occurs litter and deadwood C pools are assumed to be immediately / instantaneously oxidised, therefore carbon stock change in DOM is estimated and reported in the year when the Deforestation occurs (Box C.7). If afforested land is deforested before 20 years then only the amount of DOM accumulated over the afforestation period is oxidised (Box C.8).
- If afforestation occurs, afforested areas accumulate DOM for the first 20 years of the established 1st rotation. After 20-years or the rotation, DOM reaches an equilibrium value specific to continuous forest plantations.
- Because plantations are under very intensive management and there is no Dead Wood present only carbon stock in Litter is considered.

Calculation method in the MRV tool

Since it is assumed that the carbon stock in DOM pool only changes in the case of Afforestation or Deforestation activities, the IPCC 2006 method for Land conversions is used.

Two methods can be used: either track inputs and outputs (the Gain-Loss Method) or estimate the difference in DOM pools at two points in time (Stock-Difference Method). These estimates require either detailed inventories that include repeated measurements of dead wood and litter pools, or models that simulate dead wood and litter dynamics (IPCC, 2006, volume 4 chapter 2).

The MRV tool allows for the estimates using the stock-difference. The Tier 1 assumption is that DOM pools in non-forest land categories after the conversion are zero, i.e., they contain no litter or dead wood. The Tier 1 assumption for land converted from forest to another land-use category is that all DOM carbon losses occur in the year of land-use conversion. Conversely, conversion to Forest Land results in build-up of litter and dead wood carbon pools starting from zero carbon in those pools. DOM carbon gains on land converted to forest occur linearly, starting from zero, over a transition period (IPCC, 2006, volume 4 chapter 2).

Equation C.7 is the stock-difference method applied in the MRV tool and examples are provided in Boxes 7-9.

$$\frac{\Delta C_{DOM} = (C_n - C_o) \times A_{on}}{T_{on}}$$

Equation C.7

Where:

ΔC_{DOM} = annual change in carbon stocks in dead wood or litter, t C yr⁻¹

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- C_o = dead wood/litter stock, under the old land-use category, t C ha⁻¹
- C_n = dead wood/litter stock, under the new land-use category, t C ha⁻¹, for forest land the default stock is 20 t C ha⁻¹ at 20 years
- A_{on} = area undergoing conversion from old to new land-use category, ha
- T_{on} = time period of the transition from old to new land-use category, yr. The Tier 1 default is 20 years for carbon stock increases and 1 year for carbon losses.

Data required for the estimates in the MRV tool

Table C.8: Data required for estimating △C Dead Organic Matter (DOM)

Facility ID	Enter the unique facility ID
Activity	Forest Management, Afforestation or Deforestation
Previous land use category	Forest Management, Afforestation, Deforestation, Grassland, Annual Cropland, Perennial Cropland or Other
Ownership	Company owned or 3 rd party (please specify)
Age Category	Enter value, for afforested areas this should be the years since afforestation occurred
Area / Area in the current year t _i	Enter value in ha
DOM	DOM in t C/ha, use of Sheet Supporting Calculations is possible if value is not known.
	Note that the calculated ΔC DOM should be positive (+) in the case of Forest Management and Afforestation; and negative (-) in the case of Deforestation
DOM in previous land use	DOM in non-forest use t C/ha, the default value is 0. This field is optional.

As a minimum, forest type needs to be known for the use of **Sheet Supporting Calculations in the MRV Tool**. Default values of DOM by forest types are sourced from IPCC 2006 Guidelines, these factors are included in the **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and can found in Appendix C.1.D.



Box C.7. Annual change in Carbon stocks in DOM due to land use conversion: Afforestation

Sheet Land Gain-Loss method in the MRV tool; column ΔC DOM

Sheet Supporting calculations

The default method applied in the MRV tool uses a steady state stock of C in DOM at 20 years.

The stock change for 10 ha of afforested areas of *Pinus patula* in climatic zone warm temperate for the first 20 years is:

C in DOM (equilibrium value for specific continuous forest plantation): 20.3 t C ha⁻¹ (for Needleleaf evergreen, IPCC 2006, volume 4, chapter 2, Table 2.2, Climate: Warm temperate)

C in DOM in non-forest land: 0 t C ha⁻¹ (IPCC 2006 Tier 1 assumption)

Then, $\Delta C_{DOM} = (20.3 \text{ t C ha}^{-1} - 0 \text{ t C ha}^{-1}) \times 10 \text{ ha}/20 \text{ years} = 10.15 \text{ t C yr}^{-1}$

Box C.8. Annual change in Carbon stocks in DOM due to land use conversion: Deforestation of previous Forest management

Sheet Land Gain-Loss method in the MRV tool; column ΔC DOM

Sheet Supporting calculations

For deforestation all DOM is assumed to be immediately oxidised. The stock change for 10 ha of deforested area of *Pinus patula* in climatic zone warm temperate is:

C in DOM (equilibrium value for specific continuous forest plantation): 20.3 t C ha⁻¹ (for Needle leaf evergreen, IPCC 2006, volume 4, chapter 2, Table 2.2, Climate: Warm temperate)

C in DOM in non-forest land: 0 t C ha-1 (IPCC 2006 Tier 1 assumption)

Then, ΔC_{DOM} = (0 t C ha⁻¹ - 20.3 t C ha⁻¹) x 10 = - 203 t C yr⁻¹ to be reported only in the event year



Box C.9. Annual change in Carbon stocks in DOM due to land use conversion: from Afforestation to Deforestation

Sheet Land Stock-Difference method in the MRV tool; column ΔC DOM

Sheet Supporting calculations

If 10 ha of *Pinus patula* in climatic zone warm temperate in afforested lands are deforested before reaching 10 years after establishment of the 1st rotation (e.g. at 3 years) then the DOM stock change is:

C in DOM (equilibrium value for specific continuous forest plantation): 20.3 t C ha⁻¹ (for Needle leaf evergreen, IPCC 2006, volume 4, chapter 2, Table 2.2, Climate: Warm temperate)

C in DOM in non-forest land: 0 t C ha⁻¹ (IPCC 2006 Tier 1 assumption)

 $\Delta C_{DOM} = ((0 \text{ t C ha}^{-1} - 20.03 \text{ t C ha}^{-1})/20 \text{ years}) \times 3 \text{ years } \times 10 \text{ ha} = -30.45 \text{ t C yr}^{-1}$

C.3.2.4. Soil Organic Carbon, ΔSOC

In line with the Accounting Rulebook, for the estimates of carbon stock change in Dead Organic Matter pool (dead wood and litter) the following has been assumed:

- there is no change in SOC pool in Forest management, therefore carbon stock change in SOC is only estimated in the case of Afforestation and Deforestation.
- SOC stock changes associated with Deforestation generally occurs for a period after deforested.
 However, SOC emissions or removals shall not be reported or accounted because other land uses are not included in the 2019 Carbon Tax Act.
- Therefore, carbon stock change in SOC is only reported when Afforestation occurs and for Forest Management, if Tier 2 or Tier 3 methodologies are applied.
- If afforestation occurs, the default Tier 1 assumption is that afforested areas accumulate SOC for the first 20 years. After 20-years of the rotation, SOC reaches an equilibrium value.

Calculation method in the MRV tool

Since it is assumed that the carbon stock in the SOM pool only changes in the case of Afforestation or Deforestation activities, the IPCC 2006 method for Land conversions is used.

$$\Delta C_{Mineral} = \frac{(SOC_0 - SOC_{(0-t)})}{D}$$

$$SOC = \sum_{c.i.j} (SOC_{REF_{c,s,j}} \times F_{LU_{c,s,j}} \times F_{MG_{c,s,j}} \times F_{I_{c,s,j}})$$

Equation C.8

Note: T is used in place of D in this equation if T is \geq 20 years

Where:

ΔC_{Mineral} = annual change in carbon stocks in mineral soils, t C yr⁻¹

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- SOC₀ = soil organic carbon stock in the last year of an inventory time period, t C
- SOC_(0-t) = soil organic carbon stock at the beginning of the inventory time period, t C
- SOC₀ and SOC_(0-T) are calculated using the SOC equation in the box where the reference carbon stocks and stock change factors are assigned according to the land-use and management activities and corresponding areas at each of the points in time (time = 0 and time = 0-T)
- T = number of years over a single inventory time period, yr
- D = Time dependence of stock change factors which is the default time period for transition between equilibrium SOC values, yr. Commonly 20 years, but depends on assumptions made in computing the factors F_{LU}, F_{MG} and F_I. If T exceeds D, use the value for T to obtain an annual rate of change over the inventory time period (0-T years).
- c = represents the climate zones, s the soil types, and i the set of management systems that are present in a country.
- SOC_{REF} = the reference carbon stock, t C ha⁻¹
- F_{LU} = stock change factor for land-use systems or sub-system for a particular land-use, dimensionless.
- F_{MG} = stock change factor for management regime, dimensionless
- F_I = stock change factor for input of organic matter, dimensionless
- A = land area of the stratum being estimated, ha. All land in the stratum should have common biophysical conditions (i.e. climate and soil type) and management history over the inventory time period to be treated together for analytical purposes.

Data required for estimates in the MRV tool

Table C.9: Data required for the estimates, Soil Organic Carbon (SOC)

Facility ID	Enter the unique facility ID
Activity	Forest management, Afforestation or Deforestation
Previous land use category	Forest Management, Afforestation, Deforestation, Grassland, Annual Cropland, Perennial Cropland or Other
Ownership	Company owned or 3 rd party (please specify)
Area / Area in the current year ti	Enter value in ha
SOC	SOC in t C/ha, use of Sheet Supporting Calculations is possible if value is not known.
	Note that the calculated ΔC SOM should be positive (+) in the case of Forest Management and Afforestation; and negative (-) in the case of Deforestation

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SOC in previous land use

Change in SOC in non-forest use in t C/ha. Use of **Sheet Supporting Calculations** is possible if value is not known.

As a minimum, climate zone and soil type needs to be known for the use of **Sheet Supporting Calculations in the MRV Tool**. Default values of SOC for forest, cropland and grassland are sourced from South Africa NIR 2017. These values are included in the **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and can found in Appendix C.1.D.

Box C.10. Annual change in Carbon stocks in SOC due to land use conversion: Afforestation

Sheet Land Gain-Loss Method in the MRV tool; column ΔC SOC

Sheet Supporting calculations

The default method applied in the MRV tool uses a steady state stock of C in SOC by ha at 20 years. Carbon stock in SOC in non-forest land uses is assumed to be in equilibrium before the first afforestation.

The stock change for 10 ha of afforested areas of *Pinus patula* converted from annual crop in climatic zone warm temperate – moist and sandy soils, for the first 20 years is:

C in SOC in forest after 20 years: 34 t C ha⁻¹ (SA NIR 2017)

C in SOC in annual cropland: 22.59 t C ha-1 (SA NIR 2017)

Then, ΔC_{SOC} = (34 t C ha⁻¹ – 22.59 t C ha⁻¹)/ 20 years x10 ha = 5.7 t C yr⁻¹



Box C.11. Annual change in Carbon stocks in SOC due to accumulation of SOC: Forest management

Sheet Land Stock-Difference Method in the MRV tool; column ΔC SOC

The default Tier 1 method applied in the MRV tool uses a steady state stock of C in SOC by ha in Forest Management areas. However, if facility-specific data is available i.e. a Tier 2 or 3 method is applied, then SOC from Forest Management areas can be estimated.

To estimate the stock change for 10 ha area *Eucalyptus grandis* which has been under forest management for 5 years, it is assumed that:

C in SOC in forest reached equilibrium at 48 t C ha-1 after 15 years

C in SOC in non-forest use: NA (not applicable)

Then, ΔC_{SOC} = (48 t C ha⁻¹ / 15 years) x 10 ha =32 t C yr⁻¹

Note: the values used in this example do not represent real data.

Accounting of Annual Change in Plantation Carbon Stocks, AC

All emissions and removals from annual changes in plantation carbon stocks that are reported are accounted within the MRV Tool. **Refer to the Accounting Rulebook** (see Chapter B, section B.2) for further information.

C.3.3. Harvested Wood Products, Shwp

C.3.3.1. The mass balance approach

Calculation method in the MRV tool

A mass balance approach (Ado_Paku, 2015) can be used to determine the mass of carbon in the HWP emanating from a mill as follows:

$$mC_{HWP} = mC_{RM} - mC_E - mC_{SW} - mC_{LW}$$

Equation C.9

Where:

- mC_{HWP} = mass of biogenic carbon in HWP leaving the mill. This should include pulp, paper, solid wood products, saw milling waste sold for pulping if applicable, fines or lignin by products, t C
- mC_{RM} = mass of biogenic carbon entering the mill in the timber raw materials, t C

Biogenic carbon mC_{RM} can be calculated based on the mass of timber processed and default conversion. It also included the mass of recycled wood/pulp.

$$mC_{RM} = V_{(OB)} \times D \times CF + mC_{recycled}$$

Equation C.10

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Carbon Sequestration Guidelines



Country specific values for bark fraction²¹, wood density and carbon fraction are included in the MRV tool. Same factors should be used for species in calculating C stock change in forest land and HWP.

 $V_{(OB)}$ = overbark volume, m³. If under bark values are used, then V x (1+Bark fraction) should be used. This parameter is needed in order to apply consistently the default factors (e.g. fractions, mass flow factors) provided in this guideline.

 mC_{recycled} is the mass (tC) of inflow from other timber processing facilities that have not been accounted previously. The reported must demonstrate that inclusion of recycled inflows is not double accounting.

 mC_E = mass of biogenic carbon leaving the mill as gaseous emissions, determined as a fraction of mC_{RM} entering the mill based on the mass flow into biogenic energy, expressed as a fraction of mC_{RM} (FmC_E), t C

$$mC_E = mC_{RM} \times FmC_E$$
 Equation C.11

mC_{SW} = mass of biogenic carbon exiting the mill as solid waste determined as a fraction of mC_{RM} entering the mill based on the mass flow into biogenic energy, expressed as a fraction of mC_{RM} (FmC_{SW}), t C

$$mC_{SW} = mC_{RM} \times FmC_{SW}$$
 Equation C.12

mC_{LW} = mass of biogenic carbon exiting the mill as liquid waste (effluent) determined as a fraction
of mC_{RM} entering the mill based on the mass flow into biogenic energy, expressed as a fraction of
mC_{RM} (FmC_{LW}), t C

$$mC_{LW} = mC_{RM} \times FmC_{LW}$$
 Equation C.13

Note: waste discharge threshold applies to mC_{SW} and mC_{LW} and emissions are only reported if these thresholds are exceeded (see IPCC code 4 schedule 2 of the 2019 Carbon Tax Act).

Since biogenic and waste emissions are discounted (D) when accounting under the 2019 Carbon Tax Act Equation C.9 can be rewritten as Equation C.14.

$$mC_{HWP} = mC_{RM} - (mC_E \times \frac{D}{100}) - (mC_{SW} \times \frac{D}{100}) - \left(mC_{LW} \times \frac{D}{100}\right)$$
 Equation C.14

The discount is currently set at 100% in the 2019 Carbon Tax Act, but these emissions will still be reported. The derived mC_{HWP} value from equation 10 can be used as the S_{HWP} variable in the S of the C tax equation outlined in the 2019 Carbon Tax Act.

The mass flow approach can be used for all production facilities including the pulp/paper, lignin-based compounds, sawn products or primary wood-based products, or other products well defined as entering or exiting the mill gate. However, certain accounting rules regarding the eligibility of m_{CRM} need to be considered to avoid double accounting, leakage and conserved mass balance with harvest

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²¹ Bark fraction is the factor for converting under bark to total merchantable wood i.e. the inclusion of the mixture of bark, wood, branches etc, which is separated from the pulp wood during the process of barking.



coming from forest areas included in the scheme (see section B.5.2.4.d of Accounting rules in Annex B).

The final removal or emissions from HWP pool (S_{HWP}) for different HWP categories (i) is derived as a fraction of HWP remaining based on the landfill approach whereby the fraction of C decayed over 96 years (fLC_{96}) by different HWPs (i) is applied to the reported mC_{HWP} value submitted by companies:

$$S_{HWP(i)} = mC_{HWP(i)} \times fLC_{96(i)}$$

Equation C.15

The retention potential is expressed as default fLC_{96} value for different products and is based on the estimated maximum proportions of wood and paper converted to CO_2 or CH_4 in landfills over 96 years (Skog & Nicholson, 1998). The value for pulp is based on the average for all paper products (see **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and Appendix C.1.C).

The industry can use their own Tier 2 values, but this should be demonstrated to be applicable, verifiable and based on sound science, with references included in the annual report.

C.3.3.2. Paper mills

System boundaries, in line with the over-riding concepts outlined above:

- Any pulp bought in or recovered pulp from other companies as wood products (mC_{HWP}) cannot be
 included in mC_{RM}, since this would represent double accounting as the credits would have already
 been claimed as mC_{HWP} by the company selling the pulp or recovered pulp.
- Sawmill residues or recovered pulp used in production of product cannot be included in mC_RM, as these are already included in the mass flow balance as waste of the reporting company.
- Therefore, there is no need to distinguish between integrated and non-integrated mills.
- However, bought in recovered pulp or wood waste residues provided by other parties (i.e. waste bought in by a non-integrated mill) is considered as mC_{RM}, since these were not accounted elsewhere (Figure C.2: A mass flow accounting for paper mills).
- Gaseous (mC_E), liquid (mC_{LW}) and solid waste (mC_{SW}) are fully discounted under the C tax rules so
 this falls outside the system boundary (Figure C.2: A mass flow accounting for paper mills). These
 emissions could include lime kiln emissions which are considered as a biogenic source of C as part
 of the recovery in the Kraft process (Adu Poku, 2015).



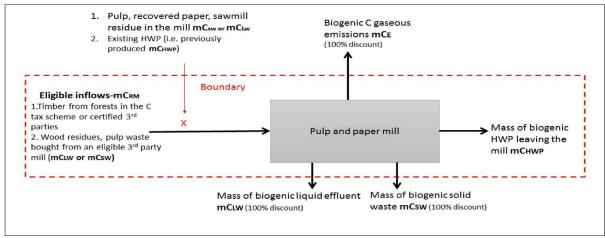


Figure C.2: A mass flow accounting for paper mills

Mass flow factors for paper mills are derived from the thesis of Adu Poku (2015), where factors can be categorised based on different milling processes. These factors are included in the **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and can found in Appendix 1.D. Individual companies can calculate their own mass flow fractions for carbon leaving the mill based on the latest data available where information is available and can be verified with supporting documentation.

C.3.3.3. Sawmills

Error! Reference source not found. Figure C.2: A mass flow accounting for paper mills**Tier 1 option: Mass flow factors for all sawn wood**. Appropriate mass flow factors have not been identified, so tier 1 estimates are based on the fraction recovery of product based on raw timber inputs by HWP category (F_{HWPrec}).

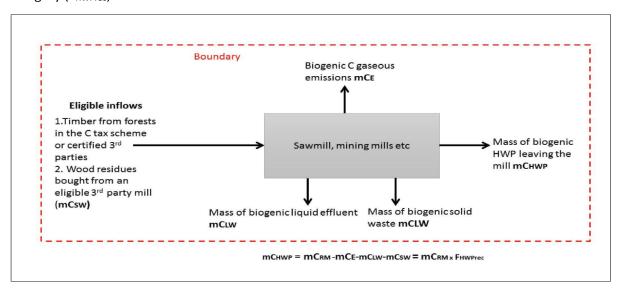


Figure C.3. Mass flow accounting tier 1 (default) option for the sawmill, panels, mining and pole production

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In the absence of any country specific data for F_{HWPrec} , it is recommended to use the UNECE/FAO conversion factors for the timber industry as a default. Hence Equation C.9 can be restructured for this sector if no specific mC_E , mC_{SW} , mC_{LW} data is available:

$$mC_{HWP} = mC_{RM(i)} \times F_{HWP \, rec(i)}$$

Equation C.16

Where:

• F_{HWPrec} is the recovery of product based on raw timber inputs and i is the HWP category.

In the default approach mC_{RM} only includes timber inflow from forest areas within the C tax scheme and recovered waste wood or pulp purchased form 3^{rd} parties within the C tax scheme. Although the presented recovery ratios do not consider use of by products such as wood chips, saw dust used in other processes such as wood-based panels from particles (WBP) and pulp, processing residues are considered as eligible inflows (Figure C.3).

The approach also means that biogenic and waste emissions are reported but these are fully discounted for this sector (Figure C.3).

Default values for F_{HWPrec} by HWP category are included in the **Sheet Parameters in the MRV tool** and can found in Appendix C.1.D.

Higher tier methodologies can use complete C mass flow or models if they are available and verifiable. Hence, individual companies may use their own recovery factors or data relating to biogenic emissions, other wood by-products and C lost in waste from the plant as outlined in Figure C.3, based on the latest available information. Use of such an approach must be verified by supporting production data for each product. It is recommended that the South African milling sector develops specific mass flow factors for each type of mill process. This may be particularly useful if the discount on waste and energy emissions are changed in future amendments to the C Tax Act.

Individual processing facilities should use their own mass flow factors based on the latest available information, which should be verified with supporting documentation.

Tier 2 option. The mass flow principle can also be applied to the milling and solid wood processing sector (Figure C.3). Carbon mass balance studies are at present only available for production of sawn wood (unpublished data, Kerr 2019). But there are no known publications on mass flow balances for mining poles, wood based panels, plywood or pole production in South Africa. If companies have specific information to calculate sawmill HWP mass balance then the same approach can be used as outlined for the paper and pulp sector using equation C.10, the relevant discounts and waste thresholds (Figure C.2).

Note that if standing tons are stated as wet white tons (wwt), i.e. at field wet basis moisture level, then the values need to be converted from wwt to m³. For this conversion, Standard Industry Conversion Factors (ICFs) for round wood can be used (see Table C.4). It needs also to be ensured that the biomass entering the mill is overbark.



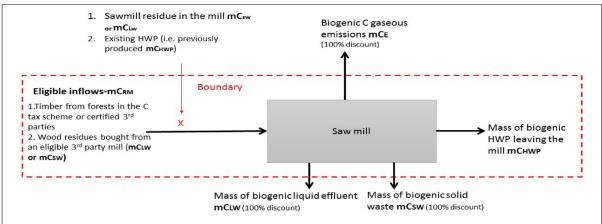


Figure C.4: Mass flow tier 2 accounting option for the sawmill, panels, mining and pole production

Data required for estimates in the MRV tool

In line with the Accounting Rulebook (see Chapter B, section B.3.2), the MRV tool allows for the estimation of the HWP contribution differentiated by Activity (forest management, afforestation or deforestation). However, the HWP estimates in afforested areas can be reported under forest management. HWP estimates in deforested areas are to be reported separately (see column Fraction of harvest from registered forests that is from deforested land), because these are not to be accounted.

The method used requires the following data for Paper mills and Sawmills. Data on the total mass of carbon entering the mills is also required (see Table C.10). The Tier 2 methodology for Sawmills matches the Paper mill methodology with the exception that HWP type rather than the process has to be reported (see Table C.10 below). The Tier 1 methodology for Sawmills is presented in Table C.12.

Ownership

Company owned, 3rd party (please specify) or other registered company

Predominant species name

Volume entering the mill underbark

Enter a value in m³, or leave blank is 'Biomass entering the mill (t d.m.)' is provided

Biomass entering the mill (t d.m.)

Enter a value in t d.m, or leave blank is 'Volume entering the mill (m³)' is provided. Ensure it includes bark

Table C.10: Data required for estimating HWP, mass carbon entering the mill

Mass C Entering the mill (t m³) can be estimated using the MRV tool within Table C.10 based on:

- Volume Entering the Mill (m³) by species
- Mean wood density (t m⁻³) (default by species provided)
- Carbon fraction, CF (default by species provided)
- Bark fraction (default provided)

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Note that when using the MRV tool the volume entering the mill should express under bark, since the bark fraction is then applied. If the volume entering the mill is over bark, then the bark fraction should be 0.

Table C.11: Data required for estimating HWP, pulp/ paper mills

Mill name	Enter mill name
Activity	Forest management, Afforestation, or Deforestation
	If it is not possible to split the data by activity, then select Forest management.
Process	Kraft, Sulphite, Soda (Bagasse), Thermomechanical, NSSC, Mechanical & Kraft, NSSC & Kraft or User defined
Solid waste per year	Enter value, t d.m.
Liquid waste per day	Enter value, m³/day
mC recycled inflow	Enter value, t C, the default value is 0
Mass C Entering the Mill	Enter value, t C. Reported separately for 3 rd party and other register company inflows
Fraction of harvest from registered and/or 3 rd party forest under the C tax act 2019	Enter fraction



Box C.12. Estimates for HWP contribution: Pulp mill example

Sheet HWP in the MRV tool

In a pulp mill produces thermomechanical pulp from wood of *Eucalyptus grandis*. The annual volume under bark entering the mill is 337 240 m³. Pulp rejects are minimized by continuously recycling fibres back into the process.

It is not possible to differentiate the origin of the wood by activity (i.e. Forest management, Afforestation or Deforestation). Solid waste per year is 24 400 t d.m. and Liquid waste output per day is $50 \text{ m}^3 \text{ day}^{-1}$.

Applying Tier 1, the Total inflow: Mass C Entering the Mill (t C) is

Species = Eucalyptus grandis

Volume Entering the Mill (m³) under bark = 337 240 m³

Mean wood density (t m^3) = 0.42

Carbon fraction (CF) = 0.47 (default)

Bark fraction = 0.13 (default)

Activity = Forest management.

Total inflow: Mass C Entering the Mill (t C) = 337 240 x 0.42 x (1+0.13) x 0.47 = 75 225 t C

mC recycled wood/pulp inflow (t C) = 0, because it is already included in the mass flow balance.

 mC_{RM} (t C) = 75 225 t C

 $FmC_E = 0.11$; $FmC_{SW} = 0.04$; $FmC_{LW} = 0.1$

 $mC_E = 9 152 t C$

Does solid waste threshold exceed amount specified in C tax act? No Does waste water threshold exceed amount specified in C tax act? No

 mC_{SW} (t C) = NO

 mC_{LW} (t C) = NO

 mC_{HWP} from milling processing facility (t C) = 66 951 t C

 $fLC_{96} = 0.74$ (default provided)

S_{HWPi} Reporting = - **181 659 t CO₂** S_{HWPi} Accounting = -**204 112 t CO₂**



Table C.12: Data required for the estimating HWP, sawmill Tier 1

Mill name	Enter mill name
Activity	Forest management, Afforestation, or Deforestation If it is not possible to split the data by
	activity, then select Forest management.
HWP type	User defined, e.g. Sawn wood, Sawn wood (Pine), Sawn wood (Eucs), Veneer and plywood, Particle board, OSB and wafer board, Fibreboard (all), Mining timber, Poles or User defined
mC recycled wood/pulp inflow	Enter value, t C, the default is 0
Mass C Entering the mill	Enter value, t C. Report separately for 3 rd party and other register company inflows
Fraction of harvest from registered and/or 3 rd party forests under the C tax act 2019	Enter fraction

Table C.13: Data required for estimating HWP, sawmill Tier 2

Mill name	Enter mill name
Activity	Forest Management, Afforestation or Deforestation If it is not possible to split the data by activity, then select Forest management.
Solid waste per year	Enter value, t
Liquid waste per day	Enter value, m3 day ⁻¹
HWP type	User defined, e.g. Sawn wood, Sawn wood (Pine), Sawn wood (Eucs), Veneer and plywood, Particle board, OSB and wafer board, Fibreboard (all), Mining timber, Poles or User defined
mC recycled wood/pulp inflow	Enter value, t C, the default is 0
Mass C Entering the mill	Enter value, t C. Report separately for 3 rd party and other register company inflows
Fraction of harvest from registered and/or 3 rd party forests under the C tax act 2019	Enter fraction
FmC _E	Enter value, no defaults available
FmC _{sw}	Enter value, no defaults available
FmC _{LW}	Enter value, no defaults available



Box C.13. Estimates for HWP contribution: Saw mill example

Sheet HWP in the MRV tool

A saw mill produces poles from wood of *Eucalyptus grandis*. The annual volume under bark entering the mill is 337 240 m³. No recycled wood is used.

It is not possible to differentiate the origin of the wood by activity (i.e. Forest management, Afforestation or Deforestation). Solid waste per year is 24 400 t d.m. and Liquid waste output per day is $50 \text{ m}^3 \text{ day}^{-1}$.

Applying Tier 1, the Total inflow: Mass C Entering the Mill (t C) is

Species = Eucalyptus grandis

Volume Entering the Mill (m³) under bark = 337 240 m³

Mean wood density (t m^3) = 0.42 (default)

Carbon fraction (CF) = 0.47 (default)

Bark fraction = 0.13 (default)

Activity = Forest management.

Total inflow: Mass C Entering the Mill (t C) = 337 240 x 0.42 x (1+0.13) x 0.47 = 75 225 t C

mC recycled wood/pulp inflow (t C) = 0, because it is already included in the mass flow balance.

 mC_{RM} (t C) = 75 225 t C

 $f_{HWPrec} = 0.83;$

 mC_{HWP} from milling processing facility (t C) = **62 437** t C

 $fLC_{96} = 0.97$ (default provided)

S_{HWPi} Reporting = -222 068 t CO₂ S_{HWPi} Accounting = -267 552 t CO₂

C.3.4. 1Emissions from Fire, Sfire

Biomass burning entails the emissions of CO_2 , CH_4 and N_2O gases. Two types of fires are described in this section: wildfires and controlled burning. The MRV tool includes separate sheets for each of them:

- Controlled burning covers the burning of the remaining residue and litter following the removal
 of wood to mills and the burning of vegetation in firebreaks. This vegetation is considered to be
 savanna grassland.
- Wildfires are limited to those affected forest areas within the plantation, i.e. wildfires occurring in grassland areas within the plantation are not estimated nor reporting.

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Calculation method in the MRV tool

The calculations for emissions from fires (S_{fires}) are based on the IPCC 2006 methodology (volume 4, chapter 2, equation 2.27). Emissions from fires are calculated based on the following equations:

$$L_{fire} = A_{disturbed} \times M_B \times Cf \times G_{ef} \times 10^{-3}$$

Equation C.17

Where:

- L_{fire} = amount of greenhouse gas emissions from fire, t's of each GHG e.g., t CH₄, t N₂O, etc.
- A = area burnt, hectares
- M_B= mass of fuel available for combustion, t d.m. ha⁻¹. This includes all biomass, ground litter and dead wood. When Tier 1 methods are used then litter and dead wood pools are assumed to be zero, except where there is a land-use change, therefore:
 - o If the activity is Forest management, the total emissions from DOM burnt is assumed to be 0 for tier 1^{22} . For higher tier total DOM C stock needs to be provided.
 - If Activity is Afforestation, then total C in DOM depends on the age of the afforestation.
 - If the activity is Deforestation, total C in DOM depends on the age of the afforestation or forest
- C_f = combustion factor, dimensionless. Tier 1 assumption uses the fraction biomass lost based on the type of disturbance and assume the same fraction for AGB and DOM.
- Gef = emission factor, grams per kilogram of dry matter burnt (default values in Appendix C.1).

Wildfires - Data required for estimates in the MRV tool

The method requires data on the biomass burnt.

Table C.14: Data required for estimating emissions from wildfires.

Facility ID	Enter the unique facility ID
Activity	Forest Management, Afforestation or Deforestation
Total area	Enter value in ha
Mass of fuel available for combustion,	It can be estimated based on total biomass and fraction damaged.
Area disturbed	Enter value in ha
Type of damage	Slight loss, Serious damage or Total loss. This is used to provide default values for the fraction of biomass lost, facility- specific values can be used instead of defaults.

²² Because the C stock change in DOM in Forest management is 0, i.e. loss should not be reported because gains are not reported.

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In the case of Wildfires, the amount of biomass burnt can be estimated based on:

- Total biomass: input by the user
- fraction damaged: input by the user or default provided based on type of damage (slight loss 1% lost; serious damage 60% lost, and total loss 100% lost according to SA NIR 2017).
- Biomass burnt (t C) = M_B (t d.m.) x Fraction biomass lost

Emissions of CH₄ and N₂O are converted to CO₂eq applying GWP of IPCC third assessment report (TAR).

Box C.14. Emission estimates due biomass burning: wildfires, forest fires

Sheet Wildfires in the MRV tool

Applying tier 1, the biomass loss and gases emissions due to a wildfire affecting 5 ha, producing serious damage in a forest management of Extra tropical forest with a total biomass (living biomass and DOM) per ha of 150 t d.m. ha⁻¹ are:

Area disturbed = 5 ha

 $M_B = 150 \text{ t d.m. ha}^{-1}$

Fraction damage = 0.6 (SA NIR 2019)

 G_{ef} -CO₂ = 1569 g (kg d.m. burnt)⁻¹ (default IPCC 2006)

 $L_{fire-CO2}$ = 5 ha× 150 t d.m. ha⁻¹ × 0.6 × 1569 x 10⁻³ = **706.05 t CO₂**

 G_{ef} -CH₄= 4.7 g (kg d.m. burnt)⁻¹ (default IPCC 2006)

 $L_{fire-CH4}$ = 5 ha × 150 t d.m. ha⁻¹ × 0.6 × 4.7 x 10⁻³ = **2.12 t CH**₄

 G_{ef} - N_2O = 0.26 g (kg d.m. burnt)⁻¹ (default IPCC 2006)

 $L_{fire-N2O} = 5 \text{ ha} \times 150 \text{ t d.m. ha}^{-1} \times 0.6 \times 0.26 \times 10^{-3} = 0.12 \text{ t N}_2\text{O}$

 $L_{fire-CO2eq}$ = 706.05 + 2.12 x 23 + 0.12 x 296 = **789.3 t CO_{2eq}**

Note that emission factors are expressed in g/kg, therefore 10^{-3} needs to be included in the calculation of emissions.

 CO_2 , CH_4 and N_2O are first estimated and reported separately. The emissions are then converted to CO_2 eq and reported as a summed total. CO_2 emissions have to be reported in case of deforestation, while it is assuming short term recovery of C in all C pool in the case of forest Management and Afforestation, and therefore CO_2 emissions are not reported.

The estimates must be reported by wildfire.

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Wildfires - Accounting of emissions from Fire, Sfire

This source is not accounted. See Chapter B, section 3 (Accounting Rulebook).

Controlled burning - Data required for estimates in the MRV tool

The method requires data on the biomass burnt.

Table C.15: Data required for estimating emissions from controlled burning

Facility ID	Enter the unique facility ID
Activity	Forest management, Afforestation or Deforestation
Species/Genus	Predominant species name
Area burnt	Enter value in ha
Controlled burning category	Select from the dropdown (11 options available)

In the case of controlled burning, the amount of biomass burnt could can be estimated (see Box C.15 for example) using **Sheet Controlled burning in the MRV Tool**:

- For the controlled burning category post-harvest burning, the amount of biomass burnt is the product of biomass in litter and harvest residues, that is input by the user or default provided, and the combustion fraction, that is input by user or default provided (0.9) sourced from Dovey (2012) in Cirrus report, p.55, table 6.2).
- For the controlled burning category Firebreaks, the amount of biomass burnt is input by the user or the default provided sourced from IPCC 2006, vol 4, ch. 6, table 6.1 t d.m. ha⁻¹ and the combustion factor 0.77 sourced from IPCC 2006, vol 4, ch. 2, table 2.6, type of vegetation savanna grasslands (mid/late dry season burns), surface layer combustion only.

Emissions of CH₄ and N₂O are converted to CO₂eq applying GWP of IPCC third assessment report (TAR).



Box C.15. Emission estimates due biomass burning: controlled burning

Sheet Controlled burning in the MRV tool

Applying tier 1, the biomass loss and gases emissions due to controlled burning postharvest in 100 ha of *Eucalyptus grandis* under forest management is:

Area disturbed = 100 ha

Biomass in litter and harvest residues (t d.m. ha⁻¹) = 31.4 t d.m. ha⁻¹ (default provided)

Cf = 0.9 (default IPCC 2006)

 G_{ef} - CO_2 = 1569 g (kg d.m. burnt)⁻¹ (default IPCC 2006)

 $L_{fire-CO2}$ = 100 ha × 31.4 t d.m. ha⁻¹ × 0.9 × 1569 x 10⁻³ = **4434.0 t CO₂**

 G_{ef} -CH₄= 4.7 g (kg d.m. burnt)⁻¹ (default IPCC 2006)

 $L_{fire-CH4} = 100 \text{ ha} \times 31.4 \text{ t d.m. ha}^{-1} \times 4.7 \times 10^{-3} = 13.3 \text{ t CH}_4$

Gef-N₂O= 0.26 g/kg d.m. burnt (default IPCC 2006)

 $L_{\text{fire-N2O}} = 100 \text{ ha} \times 31.4 \text{ t d.m. ha}^{-1} \times 0.26 \times 10^{-3} = 0.7 \text{ t N}_2\text{O}$

 $L_{fire-CO2eq}$ = 4377,51 + 13.3 * 23 + 0.7 * 296 = **4957.0 t CO₂eq**

 CO_2 , CH_4 and N_2O are first estimated and reported separately. The emissions are then converted to CO_2 eq and reported as a summed total.

The estimates must be reported by controlled burning (harvest residues and litter or firebreaks).

Controlled burning - Accounting of emissions from fire, Sfire

This source is not accounted. See Chapter B, section 3 (Accounting Rulebook).

C.3.5. Applied Fertiliser, Sfert

The application of fertilisers results in human-induced net N additions to soils (e.g. organic fertilisers such as deposited manure, crop residues, sewage sludge and synthetic fertilisers) and consequentially N_2O emissions. Commercial fertilizers may contain a fraction of nitrogen which represents the activity data for estimation (N inputs). Formally termed "direct emissions from the application of fertiliser", it does not include the emissions generated through the production and supply of the fertiliser, only the N_2O emissions generated where they are applied. Only synthetic N fertilisers are assumed to be used, i.e. methodology to estimate emissions due to the use of organic fertilisers is not included in the MRV tool or this document.

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Calculation method in the MRV tool

The calculations for emissions from applied fertiliser (S_{fert}) are based on the IPCC 2006 Tier 1 methodology (volume 4, chapter 11). Emissions from fertiliser are calculated based on the following equations (see Box C.16 for example):

$$N_2O_{Direct}$$
- $N = N_2O$ - $N_{Ninputs}$

Equation C.18

$$N_2O-N_{Ninputs} = F_{SN} \times EF_N$$

Equation C.19

Where:

 N_2O Direct -N = annual direct N_2O-N emissions produced from managed soils, kg N_2O-N yr⁻¹ (N which is available for conversion to N_2O)

- N₂O-N inputs = annual direct N₂O-N emissions from N inputs to managed soils, kg N₂O-N yr⁻¹
- F_{SN} = annual amount of synthetic fertiliser N applied to soils, kg N yr⁻¹
 - $\circ \quad F_{SN} = F_{TOTAL} \times Fraction_{N},$
 - o where F_{TOTAL} = Total fertiliser applied (kg), Fraction N = the fraction of N in fertiliser
 - EF_N = emission factor for N_2O emissions from N inputs (0.01 t N_2O -N tN⁻¹)

Conversion of N_2O-N emissions to N_2O emissions for reporting purposes is performed by using the following equation:

$$N_2O = N_2O - N \times \frac{44}{28}$$

Emissions of CH₄ and N₂O are converted to CO₂eq applying GWP of IPCC third assessment report (TAR).

Box C.16. Emission estimates due to Synthetic fertiliser application Sheet Fertilisation in the MRV tool

 N_2O emissions due to the application of 10,000 kg of N synthetic fertilisers in a forest plantation are:

$$F_{SN} = 10,000 \text{ kg N}$$

$$EF_N = 0.01 \text{ kg N}_2O - N \text{ (kg N)}^{-1} \text{ (default IPCC 2006)}$$

$$N_2O-N_{N \text{ inputs}} = 10,000 \text{ kg N} \times 0.01 \text{ kg N}_2O-N \text{ (kg N)}^{-1} = 100 \text{ kg}$$

$$N_2O$$
 emissions = 100 *44/28 x 10⁻³ = 0.16 t

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Data required for estimates in the MRV tool

Registered companies must provide their annual total fertiliser application in kg of N. Default values are provided for other parameters required to calculate the total N applied and N_2O .

Table C.16: Data required for estimating emissions from applied fertiliser

Fertiliser type	Enter fertiliser type
Activity	Forest Management, Afforestation or
	Deforestation
N in fertiliser applied (kg)	Use of Supporting Calculations is possible if value is not known. At least the amount of C in
	the fertiliser amount applied is required.

If the total amount of N applied is not known this can be estimated based on the total amount of fertiliser applied and a default content of N in fertiliser, sourced from Cirrus report.

Companies should report the total emissions both in t N_2O and t CO_2eq from fertiliser application.

Accounting of applied Fertiliser, Sfert

This source is not accounted. Refer to Annex B, section 5 (Accounting Rulebook).

C.3.6. Land Tracking

There is a need for land tracking under the C tax that is covered in the **sheet Facility Register in the MRV tool.** This is required to ensure accounted emissions/removals are permanent and that once an area is accounted it will continue to be accounted for subsequent years. General information is requested by Facility unit.

Table C.17: General information by Facility unit

Facility ID	Enter unique facility ID
Province	Select from dropdown
Region	Select from dropdown
Geospatial verification	Provide file reference e.g. paper maps, or geospatial reference
Species/genus	Predominate species name, this should be consistent with the calculation sheets
Area	Enter the area in ha, this should be consistent with the areas entered in either the Land Gain-Loss Method or Land Stock-Difference Method sheets
TUP area	Enter temporary unplanted area in ha.

C.3.7. 3rd Party register

There is a need to track the 3rd parities from which the taxpayer is purchasing wood. This is done within the **sheet 3rd Party Register in the MRV tool.** This is required to ensure accounted emissions/removals are eligible. General information is requested by 3rd Party Name.

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Table C.18: General information by Facility unit

3 rd Party Name	Enter 3 rd party name
Facility ID	Enter unique facility ID
Area harvested	Enter the area of the Facility that is harvested
Proportion of harvest bought	Enter value
Harvest amount	Enter value
Units of harvest	Provide the units of the harvest amount
Geospatial verification	Provide file reference e.g. paper maps, or geospatial reference
Is there an agreement with the 3 rd Party?	Yes or no
Has a certificate been provided?	Yes or no
Are forest emissions/reported?	Yes or no

C.3.8. Verification

A separate document has been prepared to provide detailed information for the verification process (see Chapter D of this report). In the **sheet Verification in the MRV tool** some information relating to verification is provided. It is not mandatory to complete this sheet, but taxpayers are encouraged to do so as it would assist the verification process and could shorten the time for the approval process.

C.3.9. Guidance for the Use of Models

Companies can develop their own tier 3 methods for estimating carbon sources and sinks. Tier 3 methods make use of measurements and/or modelling, with the goal of improving the estimation of GHG emissions and removals, first in order to reach Tier 2 or go beyond what is possible with Tier 1 or 2 methods. The IPCC Refinement Volume 4, chapter 2, section 2.5. provides guidance on the development of such models.

If tier 3 models are applied in C tax accounting it is essential to have detailed and transparent documentation to accompany the model. The following details are required in the documentation:

- a) Model selection or development:
 - i. A description of the model;
 - ii. Reasons for choosing the model (e.g. suitability to C tax reporting and accounting);
 - iii. Discussion on any likely consequences if the model is used outside of the domain that the model is parameterised to simulate;
- b) Model calibration:
 - i. Description of the process undertaken to calibrate the model;
 - ii. Documentation of the data sources informing the manual or automatic calibration;
- c) Model behaviour evaluation:
 - Results of the analysis verifying model behaviour using independent measurements to confirm that the model is capable of estimating carbon stocks, stock changes and/or emissions and removals in the source/sink categories of interest;
 - ii. Source of independent data;
- d) Model implementation:
 - i. Overview of procedures that are used to apply the model;
- e) Quantifying uncertainties:
 - . Description of the approach taken to estimate uncertainty in the model outputs;

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- f) Verification of estimates:
 - i. Summary of the verification results for the model;
- g) Reporting and documentation:
 - i. Information on the quality assurance and quality control step taken throughout the process.

This documentation would need to be submitted along with the C Tax sequestration submission to DEFF.

C.4. References

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Appendix C.1

Appendix C.1.A: Functionalities in the MRV Tool & User Tips

It is recommended that users familiarise themselves with the Methodology Guidelines before using the MRV Tool. The key functionalities or the MRV Tool and user tips are provided below. This information is also provided within the **Sheet Content and Instructions in the MRV tool**.

- Detailed information is provided within each sheet as well as within the Methodological Guidance. Read this information carefully before entering any data into the tool.
- Complete all green cells (input data cells) which are relevant for the tier being applied, note that users should:
 - Use either the gain-loss of the stock-difference method for calculating the carbon stock change in living biomass.
 - o Use either the tier 1 or tier 2 tables provided for Saw Mills in the 'HWP' sheet.
- Complete the methodology boxes at the top of each sheet
- Add new rows under the tables as needed, the formula will be copied automatically.
- Some tables are pre-filled with data for demonstration purposes, references are provided to the Methodological Guidelines. This data should be overridden/ removed before submitting this file.
- The formula within the compilation tables are provided to help with the calculations but can be overridden, it is recommended that users first review the examples provided within the MRV Tool.
- Default parameters are provided for some categories, users may use their own parameters as long as justification is provided. Detailed information is provided within the methodology.
- Some activity data/emissions/removals estimates required for the yellow compilation sheets can be generated in the **Sheet Supporting Calculations in the MRV Tool**.
- The **Sheet Reporting & Accounting in the MRV Tool** is filled automatically, ensure that the appropriate methods are selected in the dropdowns

Where no emissions/removals are generated from a source/pool the appropriate notation keys should be applied (see below).



Appendix C.1.B: Country specific Mass flow factors for sawn wood

Mass flow factors for all sawn wood production systems based on inflows of round wood. The only available mass flow factors for the sawn wood products are provided by Kerr (unpublished thesis, 2019) as shown in

Table C.19. These are based on mass flow for all sawn wood products in South Africa, so these estimates are not suitable for use by individual mills because recovery rates could vary from 28 to 100 % (Christie and Scholes, 1995). These are not considered to be suitable for reporting of HWP flow for individual companies.

Table C.19: Mass flow factors for sawn wood. Not to be used for Tier 1

Mass flow factor	Value (t C/t C of roundwood inflows)
fmC _E	0.061
fmC _{LW} *	NA
fmC _{sw}	0.092

^{*} There are no liquid waste emission C flows in the sawn wood processing sector (NA= not applicable)



Appendix C.1.C: BCEF default values (see "BCEF lookups" in MRV tool)

Table C.20: BCEF default values

Lookup	Climatic Zone	Species	Growing stock level (m³)	BCEF ₁ (t/m ³)	BCEF _R (t/m³)	BCEF _S (t/m³)
Hardwoods/Eucalyptus< 20	Temperate	Hardwoods/Eucalyptus < 20	< 20	1.5	3.33	c
Hardwoods/Eucalyptus21 - 40	Temperate	Hardwoods/Eucalyptus	21 - 40	1.3	1.89	1.7
Hardwoods/Eucalyptus41 - 100	Temperate	Hardwoods/Eucalyptus	41 - 100	6.0	1.55	1.4
Hardwoods/Eucalyptus101 - 200	Temperate	Hardwoods/Eucalyptus	101 - 200	9.0	1.17	1.05
Hardwoods/Eucalyptus> 200	Temperate	Hardwoods/Eucalyptus	> 200	0.48	0.89	0.8
Pines< 20	Temperate	Pines	< 20	1.5	2	1.8
Pines21 - 40	Temperate	Pines	21 - 40	0.75	1.11	Н
Pines41 - 100	Temperate	Pines	41 - 100	9.0	0.83	0.75
Pines101 - 200	Temperate	Pines	101 - 200	0.67	0.77	0.7
Pines> 200	Temperate	Pines	> 200	0.69	0.77	0.7
Acacia< 20	Temperate	Acacia	< 20	1	3.33	n
Acaciα21 - 40	Temperate	Acacia	21 - 40	0.83	1.55	1.4
Acaciα41 - 100	Temperate	Acacia	41 - 100	0.57	1.11	Н
Acacia101 - 200	Temperate	Acacia	101 - 200	0.53	0.83	0.75
Acacia> 200	Temperate	Acacia	> 200	9.0	0.77	0.7

Source: IPCC (2006) Volume 4, Chapter 4, Table 4.



Appendix C.1.D: Default and country-specific parameters included in the MRV tool

Type	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
General	Cto (10)	-3.67		IPCC 2006
named				
ranges set	N to N2O	1.57	1	IPCC 2006
	GWP CH4	23	-	IPCC third assessment report (TAR)
	GWP N2O	296		IPCC third assessment report (TAR)
	kg to t / g to kg	0.001	1	
Carbon Fraction				
	CF: Default	0.47	t C/ d.m.	IPCC 2006, V4, Chp4, Table 4.3 Default value
Combustion factors				
	Eucalyptus grandis - Both treatments, spread- and piled- slash	0.92	0.92 fraction	Nadel (2005) (Knowles & Christie, 2018, p.55, table 6.2)
	Eucalyptus grandis - 36.4 t.ha-1 pre- fire, 4.2 t.ha-1 post-fire	0.9	0.9 fraction	Dovey (2012) (Knowles & Christie, 2018, p.55, table 6.2)
	Firebreaks: grassland	1	fraction	IPCC (2006)
R: above-grou	R: above-ground to below-ground ratio			
	R: Eucalyptus grandis	0.24	0.24 ratio	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	R: Eucalyptus dunnii	0.24	ratio	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	R: Eucalyptus macarthurii	0.24	ratio	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	R: Eucalyptus nitens	0.24	0.24 ratio	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	R: Eucalyptus smithii	0.24	ratio	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	R: E.grandis x E.urophylla	0.24	0.24 ratio	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016



Туре	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
	D. E grandic v E nitone	NC 0	o 34 citer	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation foracts Bronzes rounds 1 Bronzed for DAMSA Educary 2016
	n. E.grandis A E.interis	0.24	ומנוס	Idrests, Flugicas report fluither 1. Flepared for Paivish, replically sold
	R: E grandis x E camaldulensis	0.24	ratio	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests. Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA. February 2016.
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	R: Pinus patula	0.28	ratio	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	R: Pinus elliottii (13 yrs)	0.28	ratio	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	R: Pinus radiate	0.28	ratio	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	R: Pinus taeda (12 yrs)	0.28	ratio	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	R: Pinus pinaster	0.28	ratio	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	R: Acacia mearnsii	0.28	ratio	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
D: Mean wood density	d density			
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	D: Eucalyptus grandis	0.42	t/m³	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	D: Eucalyptus dunnii	0.534	t/m³	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	D: Eucalyptus macarthurii	0.541	t/m³	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	D: Eucalyptus nitens	0.483 t/m³	t/m³	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	D: Eucalyptus smithii	0.569 t/m³	t/m³	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	D: E.grandis x E.urophylla	0.487 t/m³	t/m³	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
				Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	D: E.grandis x E.nitens	0.512	t/m³	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	:	1		Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation
	D: E.grandis x E.camaldulensis	0.588	t/m³	forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016

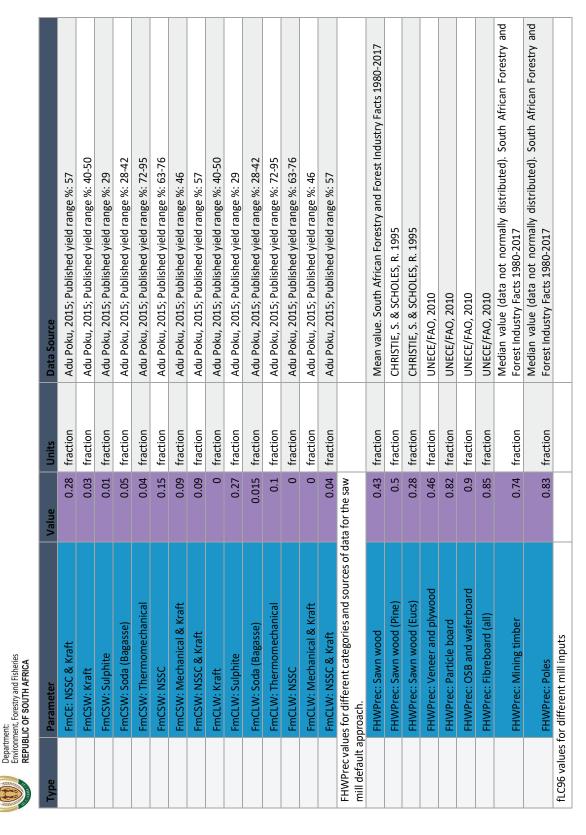


Туре	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
	D: Pinus patula	0.354	t/m³	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	D: Pinus elliottii (13 yrs)	0.42	t/m³	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	D: Pinus radiate	0.382 t/m³	t/m³	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	D: Pinus taeda (12 yrs)	0.416 t/m³	t/m³	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	D: Pinus pinaster	0.44	0.44 t/m³	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
	D: Acacia mearnsii	0.655	t/m³	Du Toit B. et al. (2016) Carbon sequestration in South Africa plantation forests, Progress report number 1. Prepared for PAMSA, February 2016
Bark fraction				
	Bark fraction: default	0.13	fraction	IPCC 2006, V4, Ch12, Table 12.5, default value from notes
Default living	Default living biomass in other land uses			
	Total biomass: Grassland	6.1	t C/ d.m.	IPCC 2006, V4, Ch6, Table 6.4, Climate: Warm temperate, dry
	Total biomass: Annual Cropland	5	t C/ d.m.	IPCC 2006, V4, Ch5, Table 5.9
	Total biomass: Perennial Cropland	2.1	t C/ d.m.	IPCC 2006, V4, Ch5, Table 5.9, Climate: Temperate
	Total biomass: Other	0		
Default DOM	Default DOM carbon stocks			
	DOM: Broadleaf deciduous	28.2	t C/ha	IPCC 2006, V4, Ch2, Table 2.2, Climate: Warm temperate, dry
	DOM: Needleleaf evergreen	20.3	20.3 t C/ha	IPCC 2006, V4, Ch2, Table 2.2, Climate: Warm temperate, dry
Default mass	flow fraction for C leaving the mill as a prop	oortion of timbe	er entering the mill	Default mass flow fraction for C leaving the mill as a proportion of timber entering the mill under different milling processes. Paper/pulp mill
	FmCE: Kraft	0.49	fraction	Adu Poku, 2015; Published yield range %: 40-50
	FmCE: Sulphite	0.45	fraction	Adu Poku, 2015; Published yield range %: 29
	FmCE: Soda (Bagasse)	0.62	fraction	Adu Poku, 2015; Published yield range %: 28-42
	FmCE: Thermomechanical	0.11	fraction	Adu Poku, 2015; Published yield range %: 72-95
	FmCE: NSSC	0.13	fraction	Adu Poku, 2015; Published yield range %: 63-76
	FmCE: Mechanical & Kraft	0.36	0.36 fraction	Adu Poku, 2015; Published yield range %: 46

environment, forestry

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Tring	20000000	Volue	Linite	Date Courses
ıype	rarameter	value	SILO	Data source
	fLC96: Solid wood	0.97	fraction	Skog & Nicholson, 1998
	fLC96: Newsprint	0.84	fraction	Skog & Nicholson, 1998
	fLC96: Coated paper	0.82	fraction	Skog & Nicholson, 1998
	fLC97: Boxboard	0.68	fraction	Skog & Nicholson, 1998
	fLC97: Office paper	0.62	fraction	Skog & Nicholson, 1998
	fLC97: Mean paper used for pulp	0.74	fraction	Skog & Nicholson, 1998
Fires				
	Extra tropical forest CO2 EF	1569	g/kg d.m. burnt	Andreae and Merlet (2001). IPCC 2006, V4, Ch2, Table 2.5
	Extra tropical forest CH4 EF	4.7	g/kg d.m. burnt	Andreae and Merlet (2001). IPCC 2006, V4, Ch2, Table 2.5
	Extra tropical forest N2O EF	0.26	g/kg d.m. burnt	Andreae and Merlet (2001). IPCC 2006, V4, Ch2, Table 2.5
	Slight loss	0.01	fraction	South Africa 2017 GHI inventory
	Serious damage	9.0	fraction	South Africa 2017 GHI inventory
	Total loss	1	fraction	South Africa 2017 GHI inventory
Biomass burni	Biomass burning Post-harvest			
	Biomass burning Post-harvest:	31.4	+ d m/ha	di Toit et al (2004) (Knowles & Christie 2018)
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-spread			
	slash: Eucalyptus grandis	15	t d.m/ha	Nadel (2005) (Knowles & Christie, 2018)
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-piled slash: Eucalyptus grandis	79	t d.m/ha	Nadel (2005) (Knowles & Christie, 2018)
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-mean: Eucalyptus grandis	15.4	15.4 t d.m/ha	Nadel (2005) (Knowles & Christie, 2018)
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-harvest residue: Eucalyptus grandis	26	t d.m/ha	Dovey (2012) (Knowles & Christie, 2018)
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-litter: Eucalyptus grandis	24.6	24.6 t d.m/ha	
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-litter-sawn timber regime: Pinus patula	15 - 138	t d.m/ha	Ross 2004 (Knowles & Christie, 2018)
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-litter- pulp wood regime: Pinus patula	23 - 53	t d.m/ha	Ross 2004 (Knowles & Christie. 2018)



Туре	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-harvest residue-sawn timber regime: Pinus patula	54.6	54.6 t d.m/ha	Ross 2004 (Knowles & Christie, 2018)
	Biomass burning Post-harvest-harvest residue - pulpwood regime: Pinus patula	55.6	55.6 t d.m/ha	Ross 2004 (Knowles & Christie, 2018)
	Biomass burning grassland: firebreaks	10	10 t d.m/ha	IPCC 2006, V4, Ch2, Table 2.4, All savanna grasslands (mid/late dry season burns)*
Fertilisers				
	EF for N additions from mineral fertilisers, organic amendments and crop residues, and N mineralised from mineral soil as a result of loss of soil carbon	0.01	kg N2O-N (kg N)-1	IPCC 2006 V4, Ch11, Table 11.1. Uncertainty range 0.003 - 0.03
	N in synthetic fertiliser (NPK)	0.175	Fraction N	Knowles & Christie, 2018: NPK fertiliser (REF)?), Table 7.2. N elemental =5/(5+1+0) * 0.21
Discount for emissions	emissions			
	Fires	100		Accounting Rulebook and C tax Bill 2019
schedule 2 of the act	Fertilisation	100		Accounting Rulebook and C tax Bill 2019
SOC values				
	Managed forest - Cold, temperate, dry - High activity clay	50	50 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold, temperate, dry - Low activity clay	33	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold, temperate, dry - Sandy soils	34	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold, temperate, dry - Volcanic soils	20	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold, temperate, dry - Wetland soils	87	87 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold temperate, moist - High activity clay	95	95 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)



Туре	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
	Managed forest - Cold temperate, moist - Low activity clay	85	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold temperate, moist - Sandy soils	71	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold temperate, moist - Spodic soils	115	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold temperate, moist - Volcanic soils	130	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Cold temperate, moist - Wetland soils	87	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, dry - High activity clay	38	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, dry - Low activity clay	24	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, dry - Sandy soils	19	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, dry - Volcanic soils	70	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, dry - Wetland soils	88	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, moist - High activity clay	88	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, moist - Low activity clay	63	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, moist - Sandy soils	34	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, moist - Spodic soils	NA	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, moist - Volcanic soils	80	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Managed forest - Warm temperate, moist - Wetland soils	88	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold, temperate, dry - High activity clay	33.56	33.56 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)

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Туре	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
	Perennial crop - Cold, temperate, dry -			
	Low activity clay	22.15	22.15 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold, temperate, dry -			
	Sandy soils	22.83	22.83 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold, temperate, dry -	c	+ (/2)	CA NIB 2017 (IDCC 2006 COC Bof and IDCC 2019 ctork)
	Volcality	n	r <i>C/</i> IIIa	34 NIN 2017 (IFCC 2000 30C NEI AIIU IFCC 2019 310CN CIIAIIBE IACLOIS)
	Perennial crop - Cold, temperate, dry -			
	Wetland soils	58.41	58.41 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold temperate, moist -			
	High activity clay	63.77	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold temperate, moist -			
	Low activity clay	22.06	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold temperate, moist -			
	Sandy soils	47.66	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold temperate, moist -			
	Spodic soils	77.2	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold temperate, moist -			
	Volcanic soils	87.27	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Cold temperate, moist -			
	Wetland soils	58.41	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, dry -			
	High activity clay	25.51	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, dry -			
	Low activity clay	16.11	16.11 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, dry -			
	Sandy soils	12.76	12.76 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, dry -			
	Volcanic soils	46.99	46.99 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, dry -			
	Wetland soils	29.08	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, moist			
	- High activity clay	59.084 t C/ha	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, moist			
	- Low activity clay	42.29	42.29 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)



Type	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, moist - Sandy soils	22.83	22.83 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, moist - Spodic soils	∀ Z	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, moist - Volcanic soils	53.71	53.71 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Perennial crop - Warm temperate, moist - Wetland soils	59.07	59.07 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold, temperate, dry - High activity clay	36.73	36.73 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold, temperate, dry - Low activity clay	24.24	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold, temperate, dry - Sandy soils	24.98	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold, temperate, dry - Volcanic soils	14.69	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold, temperate, dry - Wetland soils	63.91	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold temperate, moist - High activity clay	63.97	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold temperate, moist - Low activity clay	57.24	57.24 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold temperate, moist - Sandy soils	47.81	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold temperate, moist - Spodic soils	77.44	77.44 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold temperate, moist - Volcanic soils	87.54	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Cold temperate, moist - Wetland soils	58.58	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, dry - High activity clay	27.58	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, dry - Low activity clay	17.42	17.42 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)



Туре	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, dry - Sandy soils	13.79	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, dry - Volcanic soils	50.81	50.81 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, dry - Wetland soils	63.87	63.87 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, moist - High activity clay	58.47	58.47 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, moist - Low activity clay	41.86	41.86 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, moist - Sandy soils	22.59	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, moist - Spodic soils	NA	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, moist - Volcanic soils	53.15	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Annual crop - Warm temperate, moist - Wetland soils	58.47	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold, temperate, dry - High activity clay	20	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold, temperate, dry - Low activity clay	33	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold, temperate, dry - Sandy soils	34	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold, temperate, dry - Volcanic soils	20	20 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold, temperate, dry - Wetland soils	87	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold temperate, moist - High activity clay	95	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold temperate, moist - Low activity clay	85	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold temperate, moist - Sandy soils	71	71 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)

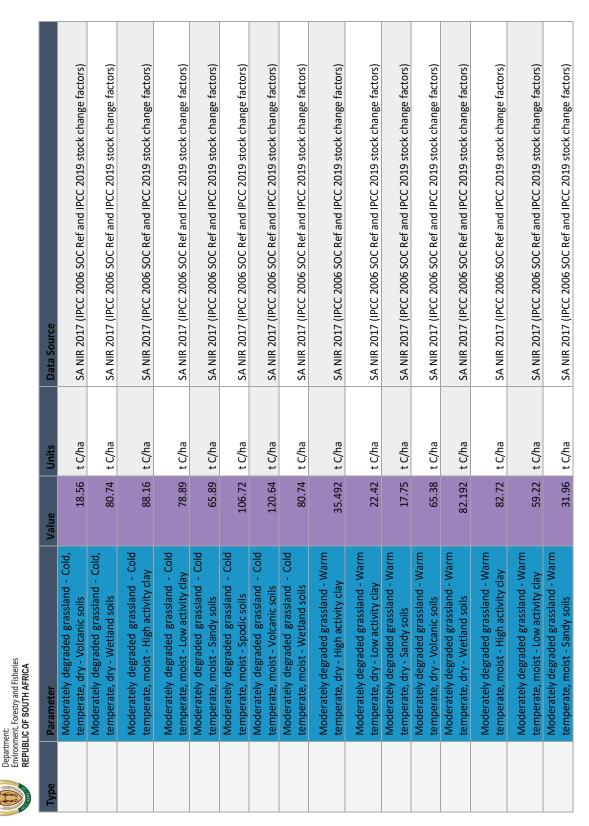


Time	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	Value	Linite	Data Courses
201	-	Adiac	SIID	במום סיסורים
	Natural grassland - Cold temperate, moist - Spodic soils	115	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold temperate, moist - Volcanic soils	130	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Cold temperate, moist - Wetland soils	87	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, dry - High activity clay	38	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, dry - Low activity clay	24	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, dry - Sandy soils	19	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, dry - Volcanic soils	70	70 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, dry - Wetland soils	88	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, moist - High activity clay	88	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, moist - Low activity clay	63	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, moist - Sandy soils	34	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, moist - Spodic soils	NA	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, moist - Volcanic soils	80	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Natural grassland - Warm temperate, moist - Wetland soils	88	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Moderately degraded grassland - Cold, temperate, dry - High activity clay	46.4	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Moderately degraded grassland - Cold, temperate, dry - Low activity clay	30.64	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Moderately degraded grassland - Cold, temperate, dry - Sandy soils	31.55	31.55 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)

environment, forestry

fisheries







Гуре	Parameter	Value	Units	Data Source
	Moderately degraded grassland - Warm temperate, moist - Spodic soils	NA	t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Moderately degraded grassland - Warm temperate, moist - Volcanic soils	75.2	75.2 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)
	Moderately degraded grassland - Warm temperate, moist - Wetland soils	82.72	82.72 t C/ha	SA NIR 2017 (IPCC 2006 SOC Ref and IPCC 2019 stock change factors)



Chapter D: Verification Guidelines for Carbon Sequestration in Forest Plantations

D.1. Overview

An overview of the verification process is shown in Table D.1. The Carbon Tax Sequestration MRV Tool (referred to as "MRV Tool" throughout this document) is the tool which should be submitted via the NAEIS system. The collection of data and calculation of emissions/removals should follow the rules provided in the Accounting Rulebook (Chapter B) and the methods provided in the Methodological Guidelines for Land Activities in Forest Plantations (Chapter C). The competent authority to undertake the review in this case is the Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries (DEFF).

Table D.1: Overview of verification process.

Process stage	Details of the validation and verification guideline section	Applicable guideline section
1 Data collection	The taxpayer is required to collect and store relevant data and supporting evidence related to its sequestration. It is regarded as good practice that the facility establishes a Monitoring Plan.	Section D.2
2 Submission of data	The taxpayer is required to complete the self-declaration and MRV Tool and submit the requested documentation on the NAEIS. Taxpayers who have voluntarily submitted an acceptable verification statement on the NAEIS from an accredited or approved Independent Verifier (in accordance with process stages 4 and 5) alongside their MRV Tool, may have their data immediately approved by the DEFF for that facility, provided the requirements of Section D.2 have been met.	Section D.3
3 DEFF review	Once the taxpayer has submitted the required data to the NAEIS, the DEFF will conduct a series of post submittal data and risk assessment checks (see Section D.4.1). The results of the post-submittal checks will be used by the DEFF to determine which taxpayers should undergo inspection or independent verification and which taxpayers should have their MRV Tools approved.	Section D.4
4 Independent verification	If a taxpayer is selected for independent verification, they will be required to select an Independent Verifier approved by the DEFF prior to undertaking the verification assessment based on their competence being aligned to the SANAS accreditation requirements as outlined in Section D.5. This is a transitionary arrangement and Independent Verifiers will need to be SANAS accredited from 2023 to undertake independent verification. Additional detail on this is provided in Section D.5. The verification process must be completed within 90 days of notification. Once a signed Verification Opinion and final Verification Report has been issued by the Independent Verifier and the DEFF has conducted final checks on the MRV Tool and Verification Report and is satisfied with the outcome, the MRV Tool outputs will be approved.	Section D.5
5 Data approved	The taxpayers' MRV Tool is deemed accepted if the DEFF does not respond to the taxpayer with questions for clarification or corrections within 60 days of having received the Verification Report. If a taxpayer is required to undergo independent	Section D.6

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verification as outlined in Step 4, the DEFF will notify the taxpayer once the MRV Tool has been checked.

D.2. Data collection

Taxpayers must ensure transparency of the MRV Tool by archiving all data, calculations, algorithms, procedures and technical references used to estimate GHG emissions/removals. This information relates to the calculations performed for the listed activities in line with the requirements of the Accounting Rulebook (Chapter B) and the Methodological Guidelines for Land Activities in Forest Plantations (Chapter C). This is done to ensure that verification of submissions made in terms of the C Tax Act can take place. Data Providers must keep a record of the information submitted to the DEFF for at least five years, and at least between two successive independent verifications, and such records must, on request, be made available for inspection by the DEFF.

Documents to be kept are:

- Archiving all reports submitted for at least 5 years or since last independent verification;
- Documents to support the extent of the plantations area and wood/biomass productivity;
- Documentation of assessments made over excluded emission sources (e.g. annual amount of liquid and solid waste);
- Data management system documentation, including descriptions of the processes for data collection, input, calculation, and management;
- Results of any relevant internal audit or third-party verification activities;
- Facility level breakdowns of data used to generate the sequestration estimated in the MRV
 Tool for forest land and HWP;
- Records of incidents or events on site that may impact on production or other emission/sequestration drivers (e.g. disease or fires);
- Justification of the quantification methodology and emission factors used, including documented references and citations, and root data upon which any site-specific factors were derived:
- Documentation of any key assumptions and uncertainties associated with the sequestration data:
- Description of GHG reduction projects;
- Description of operational incidents that impact GHG performance;
- Explanation of trends in sequestration emissions from historical data and forecasts;
- Supporting MRV Tool detailing source data;
- Green Mamba spreadsheets;
- GIS or paper maps identifying the plantation areas;
- Documentation on system for distinguishing TUP from deforested areas, including remote sensing data to track TUP and deforestation;
- Certification records;
- Correspondence with suppliers of harvested wood and 3rd party suppliers (e.g., invoices);
- Correspondence with suppliers of fertilisers (e.g., invoices);
- Self-implemented monitoring plan (optional).

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D.3. Submission of data

In accordance with C Tax Act, all taxpayers are required to submit their Sequestration Report on the NAEIS/SAGERS for the preceding calendar year, to the DEFF by 31 March of each year. Taxpayers who have submitted a Verification Report, in accordance with Section D.5 of this guideline, with the submission of their MRV Tool report via the NAEIS, may have their data immediately approved by the DEFF provided that:

- The independent verifier has issued a positive Verification Opinion (See Section D.5 for further detail) and any material misstatements detected in the independent verification process have been rectified;
- The DEFF is satisfied that the Verification Report and opinion produced by the independent verifier is in line with the requirements of the Validation and Verification Guideline; and
- A final check of the MRV Tool by the DEFF is completed.

Taxpayers who have been selected for independent verification, as an outcome of the process outlined in Section D.4.2, should submit the Verification Report to the DEFF within 90 days of being notified of the requirement to undertake independent verification by the DEFF.

D.3.1. Submission reports

Data Providers are required to submit the following information on the NAEIS by 31 March:

- I) MRV Tool: Taxpayers are required to complete the MRV Tool for each of its facilities.
- II) Self-declaration: As a part of the submission, taxpayers will be required to self-declare on the NAEIS that they have reviewed their MRV Tool for accuracy before submitting onto the NAEIS, and that all information submitted on the NAEIS is truthful, accurate, complete and in compliance with the Carbon Tax Act, to the best of their knowledge.
- III) Verification Reports (Optional): Taxpayers who have voluntarily completed an independent verification exercise in accordance with the Validation and Verification Guideline, may submit their facility level Verification Report and Verification Opinion at this stage of submission. Taxpayers may have their data immediately approved by the Competent Authority for that facility, if they have opted to have their emissions verified, provided the requirements of Section D.3.1 have been met.
- IV) Monitoring Plan (Optional): While it is not mandatory for taxpayers to submit monitoring plans to the competent authority in Phase 1 of the Verification Programme, taxpayers who have monitoring plans in place may do so.

D.4. Review by DEFF

D.4.1. Post submittal checks

Once the MRV Tool has been formally submitted on the NAEIS, the DEFF will run a number of post-submittal checks to evaluate the validity of submitted data and identify areas where risk of inconsistencies or inaccuracies exist. The post-submittal checks will entail a combination of automated system and manual checks. The outcome of the post-submittal checks will determine whether independent verification required. Examples of the types of checks that will be conducted are outlined

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in Table D.2 below. Examples of other suggested checks which DEFF can undertake to ensure the value ranges are in the correct range are provided in Appendix D.1.

Table D.2: Examples of checks that will be completed as part of the review by competent authority.

Type of check	Description	MRV tool reference
Rulebook checks	Check that all rules in the Rulebook have been adhered	
Rulebook Cheeks	to.	
	Determine if Sequestration report data is within the	All sheets
Range checks	expected range. Make comparisons with IPCC default	
Chadistical shaples	values.	
Statistical checks	Evaluate data from similar taxpayers to identify outliers.	All also sta
	Check that columns have been added correctly. Check balance between various input and output	All sheets
	parameters	
Calculation checks	Check all appropriate data columns are completed	All sheets
	3rd party checks	All streets
	Check that the discount factors are correctly applied.	Accounting sheet
	Check the mass of carbon entering the mill is balanced	HWP sheet
Mass balance checks	with what is leaving the mills. Sum of inputs (tC) - sum of	
	outputs (tC) = 0	
Afforestation checks	Check that afforested areas are not older than 20 years.	Land gain-loss method
Deforestation and	Check the consistency in reporting of TUP and	
TUP checks	Deforestation areas	
Biomass burning	Check ratio of estimated gas emissions are equal to the	Wildfires; Controlled
checks	GWP of that gas	burning
	Check changes in tier levels, and ensure methods are	
Methodological	following IPCC methodology.	
checks	Ensure correct columns are completed for the selected	
	Tier method	
Unit checks	Ensure consistency in units and check unit conversions.	
Change in	Determine if there have been any changes in ownership	Verification sheet
ownership and	and whether this has affected outputs.	
registration checks		
Outside data checks	Data checks against an outside source, specifically Green	Verification sheet
	Mamba forms (see Table D.3).	
Missing data checks	Identify gaps in emission/sequestration sources compared to the taxpayer activities.	
	Cross-check with new data or common parameters used	
	across sectors against that of other entities in the same	
Cross checks	sector or sector averages.	
	Cross-check with NGER submissions.	Verification sheet
	Assess whether data captured is in the correct reporting	
	period, and that the data should be included as a part of	
Boundary checks	the facilities data or not.	
	Ensure that roundwood stocks from previous years are	
	not reported twice as input into HWP.	
Trend analysis	Identify unusual or unexpected trends or outliers which	
•	may be indicative of errors between years.	
	Complete a land change matrix and check all land area is accounted for.	
Land area checks	Check land change matrix for previous submission to	
Taria di Ca Circons	check correspondence between previous and current	
	stratification.	
		1

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Verification checks

Checks of the results of a previous verification completed in line with the validation and verification guideline.

In the MRV Tool a Verification sheet has been included (Table D.3). The completion of this sheet is optional but would assist in the verification process and may reduce the change of being selected for an independent review.

Where areas of unexplained risk are detected, the DEFF may contact the taxpayer to resolve failed checks or explain why the failed checks do not indicate an error. This may entail a process of documentation requests by the DEFF for additional evidence to explain sources of error in the Sequestration Report. Where necessary, the DEFF may request an on-site visit to the taxpayer's facility if the documentation provided still does not satisfy the DEFF that the error has been resolved. Taxpayers are given a period of 60 days to address errors otherwise a compliance issue is raised.



Table D.3: Verification table included in the Sequestration tool.

1	Mostrod	Percental Welve	4		2 4 7
riement	Method	reported value	SILIS	Green Mamba Kererence	Notes
Any land acquired or leased?		Yes		B.2 Page 3	
Area of land acquired/ leased from a 3rd party	J-9	0	ha	B.2.1 Page 3	Only area associated with purchases HWPs should be reported here
Total area at the beginning or the reporting period	S-D	30	ha	B.6 Page 5	
Area of plantation		0	t	Section C and D, Page 6 - 11	Consider total area by genus/species if possible
Total area by species: Softwood	S-D	[calculate manually]	ha	Section E Page 12	Aggregate softwood areas for comparison with Green Mamba
Total area by species: Eucalyptus grandis	S-D	0	ha	Section E Page 12	Aggregate Eucalyptus grandis areas for comparison with Green Mamba
Total area by species: Other eucalyptus	S-D	[calculate manually]	ha	Section E Page 12	Aggregate other eucalyptus areas for comparison with Green Mamba
Total area by species: Wattle	S-D	[calculate manually]	ha	Section E Page 12	Aggregate wattle areas for comparison with Green Mamba
Total area by species: Poplars	S-D	[calculate manually]	ha	Section E Page 12	Aggregate poplar areas for comparison with Green Mamba
Total area by species: Other hardwood	S-D	[calculate manually]	ha	Section E Page 12	Aggregate other hardwood areas for comparison with Green Mamba
Total volume Consumed and / or Processed from own forest management units		[calculate manually]	m3	Table F2.2 F.2.2 - Own Consumption and / or Processing	Only consider Total inflow: Mass C Entering the Mill (t) from company owned plantations
Total area affected by wildfires		5	ha	Section H.1 Page 15	Assumed that only wild/accidental fires are reported under Green Mamba



D.5. Independent verification

D.5.1. Selection of facilities for independent verification

D.5.1.1. Criteria for selection of independent verification

There are several factors that the DEFF will consider that may trigger the need for a taxpayer to undergo independent verification of their facility. The main criteria that will be used in this determination includes the following:

- The results of the post-submittal checks completed in Table D.2;
- The completion of the Verification tab in the MRV Tool (Table D.3) and
- The total sequestration taxpayers with high total sequestration are more likely to be required to undergo independent verification.

D.5.1.2. Notification of independent verification

Should the taxpayer MRV Tool be selected to undergo independent verification, the DEFF will notify the taxpayer. The notification for independent verification will at a minimum contain the following details:

- Indication of the reason for being selected for independent verification;
- Detail on the timelines for the finalisation of the independent verification process;
- The scope of the independent verification. Independent verification may in certain circumstance focus on specific elements of the Sequestration Reports submitted; and
- Additional administrative guidance on the independent verification process.

D.5.2. Independent verification principles and requirements

D.5.2.1. Principles of verification

The principles of verification described below are taken from section 3.1.2 of the Guidelines for Validation and Verification of Emissions (DEFF, 2020). The Independent Verifier shall adhere to the following principles of verification throughout any independent verification engagement:

- I) Independence and objectivity —The Independent Verifier and its verification team shall remain independent of the facility and activity being verified, and free from bias and conflict of interest. The verification teams shall maintain objectivity throughout the verification to ensure that the findings and conclusions will be based on objective evidence generated during the verification.
- II) Ethical conduct Demonstrate ethical conduct through trust, integrity, confidentiality and discretion throughout the verification process.
- III) Fair presentation Reflect truthfully and accurately verification activities, findings, conclusions and reports. Report significant obstacles encountered during the verification process, as well as unresolved, diverging opinions among verification team members, the Independent Verifier and the Data Provider.
- IV) Due professional care Exercise due professional care and judgment in accordance with the importance of the task performed and the confidence placed by the Data Provider and Independent Verifier. Have the necessary skills and competencies to undertake the verification.

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D.5.2.2. Scope of verification

The verification team shall plan and perform the verification to state with a reasonable level of assurance that the aggregated error in the total GHG emissions for the reporting period does not exceed the materiality limit.

These verification guidelines outline the type of verification procedures that shall be conducted (i.e. substantive testing, controls testing, site visit) to achieve a reasonable level of assurance. However, they are not intended to be prescriptive about the exact verification activities to be performed during verification. The exact verification activities shall be conducted based on the lead verifier's professional judgment.

D.5.2.3. Reasonable level of assurance

The level of assurance refers to the degree of assurance the intended user requires in a verification and this is defined in section 3.1.3 of the Guidelines for Validation and Verification of Emissions (DEFF, 2020).

D.5.2.4. Materiality

The prescribed materiality limit for independent verification engagements under these guidelines is 5% based on international standards and norms (DEFF, 2020). The total emissions and removals, i.e. the total "S" value, determined by the independent verifier should not deviate by more than 5% of the taxpayers reported value in order for the verification team to issue a positive Verification Opinion statement).

D.5.3. Independent verification process

The independent verification process will follow that described in section 3.2 of the Guidelines for Validation and Verification of Emissions (DEFF, 2020).

D.6. Data approval

A taxpayer's MRV Tool is deemed accepted if the DEFF does not respond to the taxpayer with questions for clarification, corrections or instruction for verification within 90 days of the submission. In the instance that a taxpayer is required to undergo independent verification, the DEFF will communicate with the taxpayer on the verification requirements and any necessary instructions and will provide confirmation once the verification process has concluded and the data has been approved by the DEFF.

Once the Sequestration Report is approved it will be submitted to SARS where it will be combined with the company's total fuel combustion related greenhouse gas emissions ("E" in the Carbon Tax Act). SARS will be responsible for checking that if the sequestration ("S") is actually a net emission (i.e. S<0) then "E-S=E".

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D.7. References

DEFF, 2020. Technical Guidelines for Validation and Verification of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: A companion to the South African National Greenhouse Gas Emission Reporting Regulations, Department of Environment, Forestry and Fisheries, Pretoria, South Africa.



Appendix D.1

Type of check	Description	MRV tool sheet reference
	Total area checked against reported	Facility register; 3 rd party
Area checks	area for FM, AR, D (i.e. Total =	register; Land gain-loss method;
	FM+AR-D).	Land stock-difference method
Affavoration shocks	Check that Afforestation area is not	Land gain-loss method; Land
Afforestation checks	older than 20yrs	stock-difference method
	Check that TUP is not more than 5	Land gain-loss method; Land
TUP check	years	stock-difference method, check
		MRV tool if emission is deducted
	TUP area that was 5 years in	Land gain-loss method; Land
Deforestation check	previous submission and was not	stock-difference method
Deforestation theta	replanted should be now	
	deforestation.	
	Check previous submission to check	Facility register
Stratification checks	correspondence between previous	
	and current stratification (for C stock	
	change method).	Land sain land sevel to t
	Living Biomass GAIN (ABG+BGB, tC)	Land gain-loss method
	/ Living Biomass LOSS (ABG+BGB, tC) ±1 (or very close to 1, ideally smaller	
	in sustainable forestry)	
	Total of [Total net removal (t	Land gain-loss method
	CO ₂ eg/yr)] / Total of [Total area (of	Land gam-ioss method
	AR, FM)] < approx. 5 (so in practice it	
	should be equivalent to net biomass	
	growth per 1 ha per year, as long as	
Gain-loss method checks	$1tCO_2 = 1$ mc of wood), if annual	
	roundwood increment is 10 m ³ that	
	is 10tCO ₂ , or slightly higher is entire	
	ABG is included (foliage, roots) 12	
	tCO ₂	
	Total of [Harvest volume (m³/yr)] =	Land gain-loss method, Green
	Total of [Harvest volume (m³/yr)]	Mamba
	from Afforestation and Forest	
	Management	
	Total of [Total net removal (t	Land stock-difference method
	CO ₂ eq/yr)] / Total of [Total area (of	
Stock difference method	AR, FM)] < MAI	Land stock-difference method,
checks	Total of [Harvest volume (m³/yr)] = Total of [Harvest volume (m³/yr)]	Green Mamba
	from Afforestation and Forest	Green Maniba
	Management	
Reporting and accounting	Total accounted amount / Total of	Reporting & accounting
checks	[Total area (of AR, FM)] < approx. 5	
	$20 * DOM \DeltaC (tC) = DOM (tC/ha) in$	Land gain-loss method; Land
DOM checks	afforestation	stock-difference method
	to be consistent with harvest from	Land gain-loss method; Land
	CSC biomass (expected approx. Rem	stock-difference method
Removals from forest	>0.9 Harvest). Inflow cannot be	
	bigger than removals	
	to be consistent with Removal	Land gain-loss method; Land
Volume entering the mill	(expected approx. Entering >0.9	stock-difference method; HWP
	Removal)	

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National level checks	At national level, the sum of harvested from eligible must be the sum of inflow reported by all companies	
HWP checks	Total of [Volume Entering the Mill (m³)] (HWP sheet) = Total of [Harvest volume Whole tree (m³/yr)] from Afforestation and Forest management	HWP
HWP mass balance checks	Sum of inputs (tC) - sum of outputs (tC) = 0	HWP
Biomass burning verification	Ratio of estimated N ₂ O emissions/ CO ₂ emissions = GWP N ₂ O	Wildfires; Controlled burning
	Ratio of estimated CH ₄ emissions/ CO ₂ emissions = GWP CH ₄	Wildfires; Controlled burning
	Ratio of estimated N_2O emissions/ CH ₄ emissions = GWP N_2O / GWP CH ₄	Wildfires; Controlled burning
Fertiliser checks	Verify quantity purchased correspond to usage	Fertilisers

DEPARTMENT OF HOME AFFAIRS

NO. 1284 04 DECEMBER 2020

ALTERATION OF FORENAMES IN TERMS OF SECTION 24 OF THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ACT, 1992 (ACT NO. 51 OF 1992)

The Director-General has authorized the following persons to assume the forename printed in *italics*:

- 1. Ajeraan Andrews 630531 0205 080 27 Talen Street, Parow, CAPE TOWN, 7500 Wazeema
- 2. Tshoiso Vincent Letsoalo 010806 5619 083 628 Ndimande Street, RATANDA, 1441 Tshidiso
- 3. Tamzon Arendse 970526 0018 085 114 Megan Street, Lost City, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7785 Maajidah
- 4. Zimalisile Halana 770129 5161 083 7 Main Street, KOMGA, 4950 Sandla Zane
- 5. Refomone Mathe 940531 0223 088 738 Zone 21, GA-RANKUWA, 0208 Refomone Selinah
- 6. Doroti Mabaso 940309 0029 080 13980 Extension 12, Ivory Park, MIDRAND, 1685 Zanele Doroti
- 7. Molefe Sethabathaba 900728 5480 089 4446 Extension 5, EMBALENHLE, 2285 Molefe Victor
- 8. Hunadi Maryan Masemola 920116 0495 086 Stand No 117 , Zone 5A, SESHEGO, 0742 Mpho Precious
- 9. Hana Masetisho Mofokeng 770327 0330 089 A88 Ipeleng, KOFFIEFONTEIN, 1986 Hannah Masetisho
- 10. Nyeleti Muelekanyi Mthembu 810106 0618 087 38 Maraboa Road, Extension 1, BIRCHACRES, 1618 Confidence
- 11. Jade Alexander 951103 5584 082 93-5th Street, KENSINGTON, 7405 Jaed
- 12. Johannes Philippus Eloff 001220 5015 089 73 Ben Meruis Street, KROONSTAD, 9499 John Phillip
- 13. Joash Martin Murugass 940211 5106 089 14 Wingfern Place, Redfern, PHOENIX, 4068 Joash Theophilus
- 14. Tselete David Moreroa 780511 5509 080 P O Box 141, SESHEGO, 0742 Tseletse David
- 15. Nombuso Hloniphile Matenjwa 960226 0485 085 Waterloo Area, VERULAM, 4819 Nombuso Kinie
- 16. Ntando Mabaleka 680918 5938 089 4242 Extension 3, Wedela, CARLETONVILLE, 2499 Ntando Terry
- Ouma Phillipine Mosupyoe 910523 0708 081 608 Paul Kruger Court, 513 Paul Kruger Street, PRETORIA, 0001 -Mosibudi Ntebogiseng Opelotshweu
- 18. Palesa Rotheli 890217 0699 085 1044 Extension 7, BRAAMFISCHER, 1875 Palesa Princess
- 19. Zanele Johannes Wana 810216 5324 084 221 Block A3, Thulani, DOORNKOP, 1874 Anele Johannes
- 20. Lydia Mmoloke 840215 0566 081 25a Thababosigo Street, Zone 2, MEADOWLANDS, 1852 Mpho Lydia
- 21. Matshupa Mobe Ramela 930813 0153 081 33 Morris Avenue, Morehill, BENONI, 1501 Matshupa
- 22. Relebohile Gladys Nkete 861229 0643 083 7988 Aquarius Street, Braamfisher, ROODEPOORT, 1724 Relebohile
- Nonhlanhla Khosa 851001 0554 087 5819 Witwatersrand, Extension 4, LENASIA SOUTH, 1829 Nicole Nonhlanhla
- 24. Nolecia Moesha Brantina Afrika 010505 0672 085 19 Oboe Street, RETREAT, 7945 Asheegah
- 25. Nozuko Bhityashe 000806 0507 087 Kb2547 Kosovo, SAMORA MACHEL, 7785 Athayanda
- 26. Ranita Thobela 840130 0561 083 Stand No 686, MKHUHLU, 1246 Ranita Mbali
- 27. Litha Jalisa 970523 5555 088 22947 Gwaza Street, Wallacedene, KRAAIFONTEIN, 7570 Azola Litha
- 28. Phamela Niki Ntshani 960610 0767 081 House No 1024a, Waterval Location, ELIM HOSPITAL, 0960 Nikiwe Phamela

- 29. Meashay Crystal Stemmet 950614 0281 087 12 Sirius Road, Surrey Estate, ATHLONE, 7764 Alia
- 30. Ashtavon Dylan Moses 941019 5179 082 2 Pam Road, MANENBERG, 7764 Aashiq
- 31. Phillip Koos Boet Mahlangu 700102 5403 081 702 Block Ww, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Phillip Buti
- 32. Lebogang Edna Tshenye 711014 0798 083 House No 20505, ,SEGAKWANENG, 0314 Olebogeng Edna
- 33. Joseph Teme 730305 5539 085 781a Morema Street, SOWETO, 1818 Eric Joseph
- 34. Joshua Dhlamini 790925 5963 089 179 Mopane Street, Extension 5, Ponong, VOSLOORUS, 1475 Sipho Joshua
- 35. Yondelwa Mkwini 831214 1173 089 Moyeni Location, LIBODE, 5160 Yondelwa Patricia
- 36. Nasiera Ella Jaffar 810225 0159 080 461 Greenstone Ridge, GREENSTONE HILL, 1616 Ella-Reese Elmar
- 37. Lerato Malatsi 800328 6118 084 10099 Motiketsane Section, BAPONG II, 0337 Lerato Mogatusi
- Mbali Palesa Zulu 851111 1001 085 20112 Ntsoanne Crescent, Etwatwa West, Daveyton, BENONI, 1519 Mbali Zamazulu
- Lebogang Mphatwe 880622 6037 085 House No 17115 , Extension 22, Boitekong, RUSTENBURG, 0300 -Kamogelo Cosmos
- 40. Elias Ntuli 730810 5861 082 2330 Ramatsu Street, Zithobeni, BRONKHORSTSPRUIT, 1024 Elias King
- 41. Riyaaz Estacio Defigueiredo 830331 5266 080 4 Salerno, NORTCLIFF, 2195 Estacio Hevelyn
- 42. Rejoyce Duduzile Nkosi 951020 0024 080 416 Lyndrenn Court, 35 West Street, KEMPTON PARK, 1620 Rejoyce
- Kedibone Alexandra Selebogo 991223 0459 080 1418 Alfred Nzo Crescent, Extension 2, Ivory Park, MIDRAND, 1692 - Nketo Martha
- 44. Bafana Tebogo Gama 010316 5232 085 410 Garland Street, WESSELTON, 2350 Menelisi Uphiwe Abundance
- 45. Tyla Groenmeyer 961129 0025 084 66 Jasmine Street, BONTEHEUWEL, 2764 Imaan
- 46. Sinethemba Zulu 991112 0717 086 2733 Maseko Street, PHOMOLONG, 1632 Sinethemba Mkabayi
- Thabang Lovers Nhlengethwa 991230 5584 085 Block 4 Room 11, Ncp Flats, Vusimuzi Section, TEMBISA, 1632 -Thathani Lovers
- 48. Olga Rankotsane Kgokolo 810306 0534 082 138 Woburn Avenue, BENONI, 1501 Kgaladi Rankotsane
- 49. Maakome Tersia Kgwete 900403 0847 084 1031 Anthesis Street, LOTUS GARDENS, 1085 Ngwanalekhutsa Tersia
- 50. Thomas Sagela 860525 5449 082 285 Thekwane, RUSTENBURG, 0311 Thomas Aggrey
- 51. Khomotso Frans Makgae 951217 5780 084 20117 Matladi, Shongaane, LEPHALALE, 0555 Nkaiseng Frans
- 52. Nicolas Tshepo Mafutsa 850316 5638 086 V522 Extension 10, Smallview, SOSHANGUVE SOUTH, 0152 Nicolous Tshepo -Go Modimo
- Isaac Ditshego Baitumetse Lerumo 901107 5648 087 23 Cliff Street, Clyville West, OLIFANTSFONTEIN, 1666 -Baitumetse Ramoupi
- 54. Sekekele Jeremiah Mashiane 690801 5328 089 Stand No 345, Ga-Malekane, SEKHUKHUNE, 1058 Phafe Jeremiah
- 55. Daniel Thamsaqa Kopi 911003 6014 080 4400 Phahameng, THEUNISSEN, 9410 Daniel Thamsanqa
- 56. Makate Victor Rapulana 810102 5556 083 2922 Moreri Street, Extension 4, NELMAPIUS, 0122 Mofenyi Makate
- 57. Thandoluhle Ntsane Monaheng 020117 5127 087 4 Jupiter Street, WESTONARIA, 1729 Thandoluhle Mookodi
- 58. Gila Efrat 980503 6218 082 31 Constitution Street, ZONNEBLOEM, 7285 William Gila

- 59. Mushaisano Cynthia Musisidwa 810506 0463 089 8261 Winnie Mandela, TEMBISA, 1632 Sibongile Cynthia
- 60. Athi Fayi 980928 0166 088 11301 Phase 5, Bloemside, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9306 Athi Zoluntu
- Mantoa Sarah Mokgotsoa 971022 0379 080 Unit 3 Riversdale, Bloemspruit, Midway, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9323 -Keitumetse
- 62. Madimetja Johannes Mogale 941016 5268 089 134 Block Dd, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Motheo Courage
- 63. Qengeba Mgxulwa 010318 5646 082 Stand No 982, New Homes, TSOLO, 5170 Slindile
- 64. Patricia Louis Grewe 930205 0127 084 129 Monto Rosse, Vredekloof, BRACKENFELL, 7560 Patricia Louise
- 65. Magrietatjie Hartzenberg 920710 0275 082 6 Kat Court, Leiden, DELFT, 7100 Nuraan
- 66. Zité Beth Latief 920202 0154 087 2 Suikerbos Street, Lentegeur, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7620 Taalia
- 67. Peetro Debra Cronje 000705 0897 086 10041 Extension 6, Mhluzi, MIDDELBURG, 1050 Mpilenhle Peetro Debra
- 68. Lizzie Malaole 750909 0417 083 1871 Kameeldoring Avenue, OLIFANTSHOEK, 8450 Keolebogile Lizzy
- 69. Tishetso Mphoko Gladys Malatji 010301 0475 087 Glen Cowie Village, NEBO, 1051 *Tishetso Ngwanamokgoma Gladys*
- 70. Ella Ayanda Mbhele 820303 1183 082 J823 Umlazi Township, UMLAZI, 4066 Ayanda Ella
- 71. Abigail Smith 010408 1095 085 46 Alpha Way, OCEAN VIEW, 7975 Asheegah
- 72. Tsukutlane Evodia Matsabela 010715 1121 087 9142 Ratau Extension, THABANCHU, 9780 Thato Evodia
- Blessing Ntokoto Mathebula 970420 5734 088 Zb 40 Saulsville, PRETORIA, 0125 Blessing Ntokoto Jamai Jackson
- 74. Andy Mohlale 970420 5534 082 Stand No 60074, Ngwanamatlang, JANE FURSE, 1085 Mohlale Andy
- 75. Brain Kgaphola 970329 5743 082 256 Tswelopele, Praktiseer, BURGERSFORT, 1150 Brain Williams
- Antombizandile Susan Mdlamza 980603 0344 080 8672 Galanti Street, Boysenpark, PORT ELIZABETH, 6059 -Zandile
- 77. Sylvia Gugu Msweli 801117 0893 084 29718 Tsipa Street, Zone 1, MEADOWLANDS, 1852 Nkazimulo Gugu
- 78. Thabiso Mantji 000727 6107 088 5365 Jeff Masemola Street, Hospital View, TEMBISA, 1632 Daniel Tsheola
- 79. Nthibeng Albert Riet 610215 5542 085 1693 Fout Street, KANANA, 2619 Albert
- 80. Jandré Heyns 001103 5142 089 4 Oos Street, MIDDELBURG, 1050 Jandre Alister
- Moshosho li Semetja Motlhabane 001221 5224 085 315 Dutoit Street, Wierdapark, CENTURION, 0157 -Moshosho Semetja
- 82. Nolufefe Mvundla 000910 5408 083 U1633 Masihlane, UMLAZI, 4023 Sanele Nolufefe
- 83. Katlego Mary-Jane Letsoalo 910405 0400 085 1231 Block V, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Lesimule Katlego Mary-Jane
- 84. Nophelo Joyce Tyala 710406 1111 087 1245 Hliso Street, Ngangelizwe, UMTATA, 5099 Vuyokazi Nophelo Joyce
- 85. Sibongiseni Khasana 930421 0905 086 1458 Thabo Street, EMNDENI, 1868 Limise
- 86. Tessa Monyela 000307 0499 086 P O Box 1723, TZANEEN, 0850 Bokamoso Tessa
- 87. Itumeleng Selinah Moeketsi 931010 0206 089 6393 Tabane Street, GA-RANKUWA, 0200 Khumoetsile Itumeleng Selinah
- 88. Nthabiseng Gane Mokhatla 981223 0718 081 7015 Extension 13, BOPHELONG, 1911 Nthabiseng Jane

- 89. Vanilla Veldeen Louw 930807 0044 084 3552 Extension 3, VLAKFONTEIN, 2000 Veldeen
- 90. Bathobile Ruth Zulu 850927 0361 084 Bhomela Location, Ward 25, PORT SHEPSTONE, 4240 Bathobile
- 91. Sinentokozo Magwaza 950120 0656 088 Emile Residence, KWADLANGEZWA, 3150 Tutu Sinentokozo
- 92. Mmakwena Noko Kendridge Manyelo 910813 5124 081 Unit 76, Matopi Eco-Estate Village, Onverwacht, LEPHALALE, 0557 Letago Joseph
- 93. Mzuvukile Daniel Manxiwa 830527 5495 088 12083 Nhoyo Street, Kwazakhele, PORT ELIZABETH, 6205 Mzuvukile
- 94. Kaloshi Lavia Radingwana 891003 5924 085 Mohlaletse Village, SEKHUKHUNE, 1121 Kaloshi Davis
- 95. Katlego Monyai 980204 5706 082 Stand No 105, MMAMETLHAKE, 0432 Jacob Katlego
- 96. Rapelang Tholyman Tsotetsi 890623 5764 081 Zicole Area, NQUTU, 3135 Rapelang Khulekani
- 97. Norah Irene Ngongoma 920609 0850 086 Burlington Heights , QUEENSBURG, 3651 Maningi Norah Irene
- 98. Grace Malope 830318 0786 089 12969 Kokela Street, 5 Star Center, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Monoka Grace
- 99. Judicious Refilwe Makgotlho 920514 0441 086 1145 Bhele Street, Pimville, SOWETO, 1818 Refilwe
- 100. Chandre Sandiswa Dyantyi 021210 1412 089 3 St Wenceslas Close, SEAWIND, 7945 Chandré
- 101. Gcinetheni Zitshelile Maqubane 930903 0950 089 Ntshiza Area, NKANDLA, 3885 Gcina Zinhle
- Idumeleng Eva Banda 951126 0106 080 7335 Extension 4, Khutsong Location, CARLETONVILLE, 2499 Itumeleng Eva
- 103. Sizwe Shezi 000128 6023 088 Ashdown Location, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3201 Thandisizwe
- 104. Martin Frans 900612 5208 080 799 Denniswhiteville, RICHMOND, 7090 Nathan Martin
- 105. Jennifer Katia Marques Hitge 900411 0226 084 9 Riley Road, BEDFORDVIEW, 2007 Jennifer Katia Valentim
- 106. Zethu Vigness Ngubeni 901215 0598 080 Kwavala Area, LOSKOP, 3330 Zethu
- 107. Susan Thandekile Mabena 930611 0312 081 28 Mcebi Street, KWATHEMA, 1575 Thandekile
- 108. Buhlebonke Bulelwa Tapiwa Caine 870308 0584 080 1f Seeiso Street, ATTERIDGEVILLE, 0008 Buhlebonke Thabile
- 109. Leonard Bongosi Lairi 770910 5868 086 10210 Bacela Street , Zone 7B, SEBOKENG, 1983 Leonard Bonginkosi
- 110. Ntokozo Goodlove Sibiya 780611 5690 086 94 Camden Avenue, ERMELO, 2751 Ntokozo Dingimpilo
- 111. Shonisani Anikie Mukwevho 740810 1252 086 9 Ash Street, Noordwyk, MIDRAND, 1686 Rebekah
- 112. Mpho Makgatho 960814 0662 082 Mogodi Village, MPHAHLELE, 0736 Mpho Leseilane
- Agripha Matsemela Moloi 720605 5889 089 369 Xaba Street, Mofokeng Section, KATLEHONG, 1431 Matsemela Aggripha
- 114. Mphato Public Mphahlele 750209 6073 083 P O Box 4709, DITHABANENG, 0805 Mphato
- Nowanda Qenesile Zulu 910516 0470 082 3125 Zone 2, Zonkezizwe, KATLEHONG, 1431 Nowanda Qinisile
- 116. Kamogelo Ramatsimele Ria Kgasago 010825 0510 089 870 Zone R, LEBOWAKGOMO, 0737 Kamogelo
- 117. Fatima Mossa 010512 0247 082 87 Nirvana Drive, LENASIA, 1827 Shirzaan
- 118. Eduardo Joao Tjimwiza 981112 5291 089 7451 Extension 39, MAHIKENG, 2745 Edward John
- 119. Jan Skhwela Mmatlati 780916 5520 088 944 Digwale C, MBIBANE, 0449 Majesty Skhwela

- 120. Sanele Nomeni Mkhwanazi 990904 5500 082 4476 Thusi Village, ERMELO, 2350 Sanele Norman
- 121. Nontobeko Mkhwanazi 950519 0417 088 A481 Octavia Hills, FORDSBURG, 1865 Nontobeko Aisha
- 122. Aubrey Sibahle Gavu 841118 5258 085 308 Ramblers View, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9301 Aubrey Sibahle Luthando
- 123. Thembakele Ngeleza 910224 5688 085 862 Kiwane Location, EAST LONDON, 5200 Khayalethu
- 124. Shayne Beukes 920919 5245 087 Vredekloof Square, BRACKENFELL, 7560 Shahir
- 125. Laylaa Mohamed 910409 0030 082 6 Chatham Road, HEATHFIELD, 7945 Alia
- 126. Fabian Nice Cly-Dene Matroos 930930 0204 084 41 St John Street, KEIMOES, 8860 Fabian Nice Cly-Dene
- 127. Rethabile Mpipe Bapela 940928 0632 088 Ga-Marishane Village, JANE FURSE, 1064 Mamphake Rethabile
- 128. Kgugelo Menwell Sibanyoni 950801 5454 088 Mb337 Ga-Matsepe, TAFELKOP, 0474 Kgaugelo Manuel
- 129. Johannes Sporo Napo 800708 5520 085 1757/17 Westview Estate, PRETORIA WEST, 0185 Khomotšo
- 130. Oubuti January Dlamini 911125 5414 084 1537 Hospital View, TEMBISA, 1632 Nathaniel
- 131. Balungile Myeza 990125 0726 080 Msunduze Area, NDWEDWE, 4450 Balungile Eunice
- 132. Lesiba Sefton Phahladira 960913 5588 084 77 Moselesele Street, LOTUA GARDENS, 0025 Lesiba
- 133. Paula Johanna Ngoma 940408 0434 082 96 Marokolong, HAMMANSKRAAL, 0400 Gabriella Mary Paula Aaron
- 134. Sebokwana Sara Nkoana 820824 0787 086 Stand No 91, Letebejane, MARBLE HALL, 0450 Pheladi Sara
- 135. Florence Lusiti 651222 0846 081 E560 Gili Street, KHAYELITSHA, 7784 Nontobeko
- 136. Mfan'futhi Isaac Mbebe 931219 5328 083 Stand No 408, MATSULU C, 1203 Dumisani
- 137. Zingisa Jara 910331 5557 085 09 Montclair Road, Unit 06, Claircourt, MONTCLAIR, 4004 Fulfillment Zingisa
- 138. Nonjongo Verushka Mabokela 850308 0630 085 Ny 121 No 37, GUGULETU, 7750 Njongo Verushka
- 139. Kholiswa Ndungwana 980314 0845 080 Phepheni Area, MOUNT AYLIFF, 4730 Kholiswa Minentle
- 140. Mandla Dludlu 980107 5805 087 Siphofu Location, Ward 13, TURTON, 4186 Ayanda Mandla
- 141. Keoagile Klaas Kgakatsi 010127 5349 088 10087 March Village, KURUMAN, 8460 Loverboy
- 142. Gideon Michael Lourens Louw 010731 5080 088 18 College Road, Labiance, BELLVILLE, 7532 Legosi
- 143. Nontsikelelo Hoffman 920220 0822 081 41 Bettie Street, Kalkfontein, CAPE TOWN, 7580 Blessings
- 144. Ayanda Khumalo 830905 0994 083 77 West Central Street, Dawn Park, BOKSBURG, 1459 Ayanda Khanyisile
- Vuyiswa Nhlumayo 940511 0313 089 52 Reginald Street, Extension 13, Clayville, OLIFANTSFONTEIN, 1666 -Onalenna Vuyokazi
- 146. Mavis Mxamli 990512 0307 088 Qota Area, NGCOBO, 5050 Mavis Namhla
- 147. Anna Nyembezi Zikhali 830519 0502 083 P O Box 86, MBAZWANA, 3974 Anna Zandile
- 148. Ledile Antonia Madubanya 810817 0749 082 Stand No 26, Mars, MASHASHANE, 0743 Lesiba Antonia
- 149. Siviwe Mazamisa 900601 5780 081 102 Adriaan Street, Highway Park, MOSSEL BAY, 6506 Siviwe Chris
- 150. Maisela Zacharia Movundlela 990916 5675 086 Mogoto Village, ZEBEDIELA, 0732 Happiness Zacharia Maisela
- 151. Xolelwa Khungwayo 930924 5991 084 2302 Nekkies West , KNYSNA, 6571 Xolela
- 152. Zamayedwa Dinca 950912 6077 081 6472 Frans Hoek Street, Asle Park, MOSSEL BAY, 6506 Shadrack

- 153. Denêil Porhia Gasnola 940713 0191 081 6 Shepherd Way, Westridge, Mitchells Plain, CAPE TOWN, 7785 Zariah
- 154. Inga Goli 980501 0836 081 Stand No 482, Sakwe Park, IDUTYWA, 5000 Inganathi Andisiwe Lawrence
- 155. Freedom Mkhululi Zuba 731116 5655 089 32-122 Fukutha Street, Makhaza, KHAYELITSHA, 7784 Freedom Viwe
- 156. Thando Mokoena 011205 0152 084 12 Gabbro Avenue, WALDRIF, 1939 Thando Nomalanga
- 157. Constance Lenusiah Du Plessis 010211 0311 085 21 Rina Street, EASTLYNN, 0186 Caliana
- Lesedi Shabangu 980626 0285 086 581 Sabie Avenue, Waterlake Farm Estate, BOSCHKOP, 0182 Lesedi Segametsi
- 159. Mashpa Precious Makgato 921224 5843 083 174 Banian Street, LOTUS GARDENS, 0025 Mashapa Hussain
- 160. Nosipho Jiba 890605 0674 084 9612 Xenon Street, Extension 8, Nellmapius, PRETORIA, 0122 Ayanda Nosipho
- Rasethitje Nancy Mahlaela 911125 0871 080 581 Lesolang Street, Extension 2, MAHUBE VALLEY, 0122 Lerato Maria Nancy
- 162. Johanna Ngwanaledwaba Mogotlane 981012 0845 089 Ga-Mogotlane Village, MOLETLANE, 0697 Caroline Hlakamone
- 163. Dibb Collett Mohlamonyane 870908 5454 088 465 Jabulane, DENNILTON, 1030 Mafofoane Collett
- 164. Shannon Stigling 980403 0877 084 13 Faraday Court , Woodlands, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7785 Fazlin
- 165. Sydney Moyahabo Moroko 940127 6029 080 Inveraan Village, BOCHUM, 0790 Sydney Piletsi
- 166. Nokozani Surprise Cele 960329 5352 084 Zamani Village, UMLAZI, 4066 Thokozani Surprise
- 167. Cecilia Ayanda Badi 911126 0337 080 518 Afrika Road, ZWELETEMBA, 6852 Ayanda Cecilia
- 168. Mduduzi Jeoffrey Phiri 790206 5363 087 23 Towers, Epheleni, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3201 Mduduzi
- 169. Natasha Kathleen Bartlett 900111 0021 085 29 Kingfisher Drive, Fourways, JOHANNESBURG, 2055 Natasha Kathleen Edith
- Reginah Ntswaki Karabo Dithipe 980414 0405 081 9048 Ipopeng Street, Ikageng Location, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2531 - Karabo
- 171. Pontsho Hazel Motaung 850521 0057 089 7 Eland Street, Edelweiss, SPRINGS, 1559 Pontsho Hazel Thembi
- 172. Calvin Mareme Senong 990429 5818 086 Kotsiri Village, SEKHUKHUNE, 1124 Calvin Tukisho
- Johanna Margaret Constance Anthonie 360113 0345 087 6a Jupiter Road , Surrey Estate, ATHLONE, 7764 -Jasmine
- 174. Alocias Tshepo Modisana 980831 5219 086 263 Herbert Mckenzie, Eersterust, PRETORIA, 0022 Alocias
- 175. Distance Motliseng Chiloane 980823 5260 087 1700 Maluma Street, MOUNTAIN VIEW, 1133 Dustin
- 176. Brenda Tau 840909 0791 083 Matolokwaneng Village, SEKHUKHUNE, 1129 Mokwale Mokwena
- 177. Felicity Yvonne Adams 470218 0593 086 13 St Theresa Crescent, Seawinds, CAPE TOWN, 7824 Fatima
- 178. Maphale Ronny Mogoba 910525 5872 085 Ga-Mmela Village, ,EKHUKHUNE, 1124 Thato Ronny
- 179. Nokwazi Mazibuko 020304 0114 084 Wembezi Area, ESTCOURT, 3310 Aisha Nokwazi
- Nompilo Charity Soni 850824 0288 088 8243a Khambule Street, Zone 6, Diepkloof, SOWETO, 1818 Nompilo Zoe Charity
- 181. Ruth Lekgala Sebesho 960910 0676 088 942 Block M, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Ruth Makgwagoshila
- 182. Nomshado Jaola 950527 0560 088 176 High Street, Rosettenville, JOHANNESBURG, 2190 Shado

- Magdeline Nelisiwe Thandanani Tau 990529 0520 080 157 Steven Pule Crescent, Extension 11, KAGISO, 1754 -Ratanang
- 184. Ditelo Lerato Seimela 010817 0192 083 2187 Unolwilwiwi Street, RAMAPHOSA, 1460 Tetelo Lerato
- Ntshembo Jubilant Mpandza 960912 0698 088 449 Sisulu Street, 96 Oranje-Hof Suid, PRETORIA, 0007 Hope Jubilant
- Hlengiwe Patricia Ntuli 720222 0841 089 Block D, EMONDLO, 3105 Hlengiwe Nomthandazo
- 187. Phomelelo Mashapa 990302 5717 089 P O Box 137, MPHAHLELE, 0736 Mothwana Phomelelo
- 188. Phelokhzi Speelman 900813 0424 082 H18 S/Camp, Fisantekral, DURBANVILLE, 7550 Phelokazi
- 189. Luvuyo Mtati 011230 5804 083 Dangwana Area, MOUNT FRERE, 5090 Vuyo
- 190. Nosipho Ignesia Mfayela 000208 0336 080 Mona Area, NDWEDWE, 4342 Nosipho Sphindile
- Seletane Barnard Maelane 870102 5345 088 Stand No 270, Mabitsi B, Ga-Rakgwadi, NEBO, 1059 Ralekwe Barnard
- 192. Zigqibo Monelisi Kahla 850729 5559 088 Tiki-Tiki Area, TSOLO, 5170 Zigqibo Moneliseki
- 193. Dimakatso Kenneth Molefe 810613 5362 082 House No 06, Xx-Section, LEROME SOUTH, 0497 Kenneth Kenny
- 194. Joseph Gobusamang 660328 5779 083 House No C119, Magojaneng, KURUMAN, 8460 Masilonyane Joseph
- 195. Jongikhaya Toni 960913 5602 083 1008 Nyibiba Street, QUEENSTOWN, 5320 Bathandwa
- 196. Jenevé Geraldine Square 991210 0288 080 22 Ruwenzori, TAFELSIG, 7785 Jehaan
- Neo Lisa Rebese 820823 0720 089 137 Whisken Avenue, Crowthorne, MIDRAND, 1684 Paul Samuel
- 198. Makwena Bernis Manamela 921221 0751 089 631 Cranton Court, Francisbaard, ARCADIA, 0700 Koketso Bernice
- 199. Katleho Moloi 910927 5494 086 4562 Usinga Street, Extension 3, Protea Glen, CHIAWELO, 1819 Mamello Jack
- Muzomubi Joseph Nene 820304 5900 083 905 Tiberus Flat, Rissik & Devillers Street, JOHANNESBURG, 2000 -Muzomuhle Joseph
- 201. Tubake Rebacca Mabuza 870907 0636 087 12884 Umcimbi Street, KATLEHONG, 1431 Tubake Khabonina
- Patience Maphaha 870711 0332 089 2 Kock Street, Lambton Gardens, GERMISTON, 1401 Pacious N'wamathye Maphaha
- 203. Jizani Johanna Kalaote 910701 0361 081 3047 Extension 3, Kokosi Township, CARLETONVILLE, 2515 Marinki
- 204. Mpho Josiah Mkonyana 740903 5829 080 16429 Extension 4, VOSLOORUS, 1468 Fadil Josiah
- No-Unitra Sitoto 880130 0511 089 60697 Nomsa Maphongwana Street, Kuyasa, KHAYELITSHA, 7784 No-Unitra Ntombi
- 206. Rachel Matlhapelo Rabaralela 870619 0338 081 89 Brigton Road, LOMBARDY WEST, 2090 Rachel Mathapelo
- 207. Wontsokolo Matyhumza 740707 1045 082 68-18th Avenue, ALEXANDRA, 2090 Nontsokolo Nontsikelelo Patricia
- 208. Junior Ramadimetja Monama 951231 0345 082 94-11th Avenue, ALEXANDRA, 2090 Mpho Dianah Ramadimetja
- 209. Sesi Sanna Tsotetsi 940923 0492 088 4680 Linda Motsepe Street, RATANDA, 1441 Sesi Sanna Nomusa
- Dimakatso Rantsimele 880430 0434 088 Phatshima Section, Dinokana Village, ZEERUST, 2865 Cecilia Dimakatso
- 211. Chad Geduld 990224 5287 089 10 Fennel Crescent, Statice Heights, KEWTOWN, 7764 Rafeeq
- Mochai Nancy Digangwane 930207 0223 087 833 Segodi Street, Marapong Location, LEPHALALE, 0556 Phuti Nancy

- 213. Mmapula Sethole 010501 1577 084 0547 Kgale Section, PHOKENG, 0305 Vanessa Mmapula
- 214. Esethu-Mahlubi-Namatshawe-Isiphiwo Dlabantu 830811 0902 086 98 Wode House Street, KING WILLIAMS TOWN, 5601 Esethu Isiphiwo
- 215. Mafanato Mazibi 001020 1102 083 Stand No 717, MASWANGANI, 0821 Lufuno
- 216. Siphosethu Phumla Hlela 940801 0327 084 8533 Knoll Drive, SWEETWATERS, 3201 Phumla Siphosethu
- Nyefolo Ernestina Mohasoa 810303 0756 088 5632 Bloemside 2, Pieterswarts, HEIDEDAL, 9300 Makatleho Ernestina
- 218. Molefi John Matebesi 940602 5642 083 2863 Manyatseng, LADYBRAND, 9745 Ikaneng John
- 219. Lefu Petrus Seoe 930311 5312 083 7100 Phase 4, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9323 Life
- Gilbert Bontsi 910912 5761 080 5220 Mpho Street, Ipelegeng Location, SCHWEIZER-RENEKE, 2780 Gilbert Dollarray
- Ernest Matholwane Makofane 940406 5527 082 73 Geogra Crescent, Extension O, COSMO CITY, Andrew Ernest Matholwane
- 222. Angelina Gumede 980516 0096 080 262 Block 6, Kutloanong, ODENDALSRUS, 9483 Dimakatso Angelina
- 223. Mzondeki Petrus Mlotshwa 890329 5408 089 5112 Extension 5, Siyathemba, BALFOUR, 2410 Mzondeki Lunga
- 224. Sharon Letshego Senokoane 930105 0091 084 54 Geelvis, Bloemside, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9306 Letshego Sharon
- 225. Refy Mangakane Mampuru 990526 0739 082 Moroke Village, DRIEKOP, 1129 Refilwe Marutle
- 226. Lindi Millicent Bonani 770525 0264 089 25 St Andrews, Wingate Golf Estate, PRETORIA, 0181 Nkazimulo Millicent Bonani
- 227. Monana Sophy Disemelo 790919 0417 084 939 Dingogong Section, TLOKWENG, 2839 Thalitha Sophy
- 228. Kebogile John Mokwatsi 000429 5359 089 1863 Mokgareng Village, TAUNG, 8580 Kgothalang John
- 229. Problem Precious Gumede 890412 0792 085 Qologolo Place, Umthwalume, UMZINTO, 4200 Sanelisiwe Precious
- 230. Mahefuza M Salim Tailor 920122 0161 082 3 Arzoo Street, AZAADVILLE, 1754 Mahfuza
- Prudence Mmaledimo Kgapola 910912 0295 084 95 Mat Avenue, Woodlands Place, WOODMILL, 0042 Kholofelo Prudence
- Ntombouuyo Victoria Ntusikazi 690402 0628 084 321 Mabandla Street, Joe Slovo, PORT ELIZABETH, 6201 -Ntombovuyo Victoria
- 233. Nobuntu Philda Ziqu 590121 0865 089 Matyeba Area, TSOLO, 5170 Mofezile Philda
- 234. Umeshan Sivalingum 960903 5049 088 16 Oranjeriver Drive, Terenure, KEMPTON PARK, 1619 Umesshann
- 235. Mabhensa Nokukhanya Nxusa 920207 0708 089 299 Meriting, GRASMERE, 1828 Nokukhanya
- 236. Vuyisa Matshaya 850628 5814 081 4 Hill Street, GRAHAMSTOWN, 6139 Libo Vuyisa
- 237. Thandiwe Lukhozi 950731 0671 081 31 Brickfield Road, SALT RIVER, 7925 Thando Tyson
- 238. Nkosingiphile Pinky Mnguni 960414 0376 088 Thembeni Cemetry, KWADUKUZA, 4450 Pinky Vanessa
- 239. Margaret Moreroa 950604 0612 084 8542 Extension 9, Phomolong, MODIMOLLE, 0510 Khanyisa Masedi
- 240. Marake James Modiba 000920 5663 082 Ga-Kgole Village, LESHOANE, 0724 Mabule James
- 241. Maditaolana Evelyn Mashoeng 760828 0499 081 79 Kgotsong, BOTHAVILLE, 9660 Mathato Evelyn

- 242. Anna Magrietha Isabella Van Der Bank 720723 0097 085 37 Oranjerivier Street , VANDERBILJLPARK, 1911 Adélle
- 243. Ayabonga Mdingi 010406 0757 085 Mantlaneni Area, LUSIKISIKI, 4820 Ayabonga Ayabukwa
- 244. Elihle Ntunzi 011228 5346 089 37909 Mbotyi Street, Harare, KHAYELITSHA, 7784 Elihle Theodore
- 245. Floyd Mabitsela 011116 5044 087 9542 Extension 44, SESHEGO, 0742 Floyd Kgabo
- 246. Naleli Katleho Mosala 011228 0208 086 5342 Mokoena Street, Phahameng, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9323 Naledi Katleho
- 247. Koketso Custer Mukwevho 000314 0942 081 17310 Extension 89, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Koketso Castea
- 248. Lesiba Eugene Mogaila 900615 6002 089 4685 Midge Pupa Street, Extension 31, Leopards Rest Estate, ALBERTSDAL, 1448 *Thabiso Lesiba*
- 249. Sello Johannes Mashapa 881031 5406 086 1116 Mahad Magandi Street, MOOKGOPHONG, 0560 Pablo Sello
- 250. Courtney Nicole Pearce 981030 0716 084 96 Schauder Avenue, Holland Park, PORT ELIZABETH, 6001 Kaashiefah
- Annah Motshidisi Kajane-Sefafe 821124 0450 085 5324 Peterswart, Bloemside 2, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9323 -Motshidisi Makhosi
- 252. Siphokazi Shield Mokoena 841111 0221 083 38 Manyase Street, Kwanobuhle, UITENHAGE, 6242 Siphokazi
- Khanyisile Lesedi Patuleni 980913 5020 084 2104 Loch Logan Park, 163 Nelson Mandela Drive, Westdene, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9301 - Marcus Fahim
- 254. Tebogo Marumo Makau 941223 5543 087 58 Candirus Street, Delmore Gardens, BOKSBURG, 1459 Tebogo Lenong
- 255. Leroy Angelo Jacobs 790718 5281 085 82 Washington Street, Malibu, CAPE TOWN, 8000 Layth
- 256. Metse Leah Mathabatha 810704 0789 088 49 Loopgraaf Avenue, ELANDSPOORT, 0183 Daniel Daniella
- 257. Karishma Gwen Govender 970827 1106 089 1420 Wadia Street, Benoni, ACTONVILLE, 1501 Zaakirah
- Miyelani Ingrid Sejaphala 970206 0702 083 21360 Grapefruit Street, Extension 29, PROTEA GLEN, 1818 Dineo Ingrid
- 259. Tebogo Rebaone Phiri 871216 5553 084 3023 Nkotswe Street, Zone II, GA-RANKUWA, 0208 Purity Rebaone
- 260. Motlalepule Edward Moeketsi 970111 5523 080 6310 Unit 7, TEMBA, 0407 Edward
- 261. Zusiphe Sophaga 970712 5828 088 4 Thandeka Street, Dunoon, Milnerton, CAPE TOWN, 7441 Zusiphe Bathini
- 262. Chané Wyngaard 950920 0376 086 11 Albercore Street, Factreton, CAPE TOWN, 7405 Imaan
- 263. Sherin Razak Ismail 910322 0166 089 41-703 Montford, CHATSWORTH, 4092 Zayba
- 264. Nonqaba Gwabe 900508 0622 087 1218 Zone 1, WHITTLESEA, 5360 Nonqaba Bongeka
- 265. Keenen Chad Pypers 930729 5216 089 04 Sonopo Avenue, Blanco, GEORGE, 6579 Kiyam
- 266. Alice Sondlane 940811 0504 087 Stand No 079f, Hoyi Trust, KOMATIPOORT, 1348 Alice Eulenda Khethiwe
- 267. Devin Diago Benjamin 000716 5031 084 21f Brambleway, Bonteheuwel, CAPE TOWN, 7764 Asheeq
- 268. Sergio John Stewart 930116 5043 087 23 Sugarloaf Road, MANENBERG, 7764 Mu'izz
- Mkhululi Mbali 841112 5442 088 66 Beacon Bay, EAST LONDON, 5241 Mkhululi Mthetheleli
- 270. Mawande Mzuzu 991219 5590 085 1271 Elangeni Street, THOKOZA, 1426 Mawande Luis
- 271. Erna Englbrech Muller 430218 0406 080 321 Fortuin Street, Pineview, GRABOUW, 7160 Sylvia Cynthia

- Allucia Malesele Manaileng 910821 0451 086 81400 Molokoloko Street, Extension 3, Ikageng, MAMELODI EAST, 0459 - Allucia
- 273. Andrew Kwazi Gwacela 921104 5762 089 P O Box 683, RAMSGATE, 4285 Lwazi Andrew
- 274. Lenketsang Thomas Leeuw 791228 5671 086 1390 Nyakants Street, THABA NCHU, 9780 Lentsekisang
- 275. Sisanda Tshomela 980414 6002 080 560 Watervaal Spruit, Extension 9, ALBERTON, 1429 Sisanga
- 276. Maria Maanyaku Sekgololo 900715 0880 082 107 Moleleki, Extension 1, KATLEHONG, 1431 Maria Pikinyane
- 277. Michelle Salie 920204 0650 080 20 Mahogan Circle, HANOVER PARK, 7800 Zayaan
- 278. Sindisa Patricia Mtileni 840122 0522 082 P O Box 647, ELIM, 0960 Tiyiselani Patricia
- 279. Samuel Thato Magano 840905 5494 087 96 Magriet Avenue, Geelhout Park, RUSTENBURG, 0300 Thato
- 280. Ejellah Maria Kutumela 860417 0521 083 799 Block Gg, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Engelinah Maria
- Joyce Mathabathe 741030 0538 083 2036 Cadmilim Lane, Extension 26, Clayville, OLIFANTSFONTEIN, 1666 -Joyce Glenda Mogomotsi
- Makaosazana Hariet Kubheka 890611 0291 085 466 A Shiba Street, Mofolo Village, SOWETO, 1800 -Makhosazana Mbalenhle Harriet
- 283. Naphty Makutu 820513 5775 085 Koomfontein Village, BLINKPAN, 2250 Mapato Naphty
- 284. Abby Gerrit Moolman 870412 5742 089 5 Aster Deurloop Street, `, POSTMASBURG, 8470 Abe Gerrit
- 285. Magalekgobe Ruth Dichaba 701108 0796 089 57 Df Malan Street, JAN KEMPDORP, 8550 Peloentle Heart
- 286. Phumzile Olga Mthembu 790520 0422 080 441688 Balokwakhe Road, SHONGWENI DAM, 3650 Nompumelelo
- 287. Thaneshnee Pillay 960410 0273 085 44 Leighglen Road, Glendale Gardens, QUEENSBURG, 4090 Kasradeya
- 288. Carla Caren Valentine-Abrahams 980401 0732 085 9 A Kanega Way, MANENBERG, 7764 Anisha
- Grant Aubrey Phalatse 631220 5957 080 10 Mopalami, 480 Lilian Ngoyi Street`, PRETORIA, 0002 Grant Aubrey Nailane Teboho
- 290. Kamogelo Maxwell Mokale 900711 5903 086 901 Zone 4, SESHEGO, 0742 Mathews Madumetja
- 291. Lefentse Porutlo Mampane 810107 0611 080 3 Hlapi Street, Rethabile Gardens, POLOKWANE, 0700 Elizabeth
- 292. Amos Kuane 720620 5741 081 4527 Extension 3, BOIKHUTSO, 2740 Molatlhegi Amos
- 293. Dikeledi Elizabeth Falla 891104 0357 089 1838 Masimong, WITSIESHOEK, 9870 Abhaya
- 294. Silindile Gigaba 980423 0821 080 Cleverland Place, Glenwood, DURBAN, 4001 Noxolo
- 295. Angelinah Keneude Molekane 940220 0344 082 617 Ottershaw Farm, TWEESPRUIT, 9770 Angelinah Keneuwe
- 296. Vusumusi Morris Khumalo 990725 5337 088 12 Democracy Drive, PHOENIX, 7441 Vusumuzi Morris
- 297. Carley Petersen 940614 0450 081 77 Rainbow Road, Harmony Village, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7789 Kauthar
- 298. Robyn Ashley Abrahams 950331 0199 082 55 Cambridge Way, Portlands, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7789 Rabiya
- 299. Tshepiso Mokoena 991031 0057 089 10 Amber Road, MILNERTON, 7440 Tshepiso Buhlebenkanyezi
- 300. Asanda Skelemane 911114 0236 080 897 Mzilikazi Street, Mlungisi Location, QUEENSTOWN, 5320 Asanda Niyokumthemba
- 301. Fumani Princepp Masilela 900528 0255 084 835 Shiphalane Street, TSAKANE, 1550 Fumani Princess
- 302. Margaret Letabo Rapheeha 981111 0137 081 0555 Extension 3, Marapong, LEPHALALE, 0555 Winny

- 303. Ntomboxolo Shweni 970609 0285 084 Ggogorha Street, PHILLIP, 7785 Ntomboxolo Tania
- 304. Boniswa Ntokozo Gumede 961207 5619 083 A 642, UMLAZI, 4001 Ntokozo Satisfied
- 305. Motmudi Abram Msimanga 940222 6356 086 7060 Extension 4, EVATON, 1984 Mothudi Abram
- 306. Terence Ramushu 940219 5786 081 Manganeng, SEKHUKHUNE, 1124 Mahlomagolo Terrence
- 307. Ntuthuko Mphuzeni Masuku 941008 5956 086 Ekubuseni Area, NONGOMA, 3800 Khulekani Sikelela
- 308. Tinyiko Ndlovu 910117 6197 082 P O Box 1429, HLUVUKANI, 1363 Nyiko`
- 309. Emanuel Thabo Thaele 901017 5393 081 7527 Zone 8, FICKSBURG, 9730 Emanuel Thaele
- 310. Refeloe Desrey Catherine Moloi 920627 0609 088 Robert Sobukwe Road, BELLVILLE, 7530 Refiloe Lesedi
- 311. Bhekumuzi Nelson Mhlambi 921114 5251 082 14146 Extension 8b, ORANGE FARM, 1841 Bhekumuzi
- 312. Mzondeki Jacob Sibaya 930502 5656 087 1497 Extension 4, KESTELL, 9860 S'fiso Mzondeki Jacob
- 313. Jamesroy Bedford 860305 5370 087 18 Kolobe Retirement Village, Pt 23 Farm, MODIMOLLE', 0510 James Roy
- 314. Bozeta Williams 850702 0378 085 4 Hendrik Pierneef. New Woodlands, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7789 Bezeata
- 315. Jaseem Hendricks 840525 5576 087 42 Melkweg, Rockland, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7789 Yaseen
- 316. Gienda Shaney Adams 730129 0553 085 88 Eike Street, Cloetesville, STELLENBOSCH, 7599 Glenda Shaney
- 317. Tandiwe Hluti 780209 0455 082 10821 Singanzo Street, Phelindaba, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300 Thandiwe
- Daniel-Addison Millford Hagley-Regham Mokomane 990413 5463 085 29 Union Street, RIVIERIA, 0100 Daniel-Addison Millford
- Kekgantshaaone Angelinah Segwele 591030 0857 088 House No 2156, Unit 5, MOGWASE, 0314 Kekgantshaone Angelinah
- Nomananda Blossom Mpiyane 760109 0433 085 3 Peck Way, Edgemond`, CAPE TOWN, 7441 Nomawanda Blossom
- 321. Ngubeko Mtolo 010427 5287 084 Fareview Location, IXOPO, 3276 Ngubeko Elvis
- 322. Sandisiwe Angry Zikode 010819 0574 088 Moyeni Area, BERGVILLE, 3350 Sandisiwe Angie
- 323. Pakiso Joseph Metlae 010724 5561 082 1346 G, BOTSHABELO, 9181 Keamohetswe Bright
- 324. Mahlodi Faith Serumula 890822 5981 089 413 Block Kk, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Mahlodi Tumelo
- 325. Sipho Gumede 900702 5880 085 Thengani Area, KWANGWANASE, 3973 Sipho Sibonokuhle
- 326. Qcinani Wendy Hlongwane 930318 0450 081 Sandlwane Area, BERGVILLE, 3350 Gcinani Wendy
- 327. Bhekisephi Njoko 861006 0607 080 Mhlonayo, LADYSMITH, 3370 Nikiwe Bheksani
- 328. Gavin Dean Joshua Jochems 990628 5163 084 42 Texel Street, RUYTERWACHT, 7466 Joshua Gavin-Dean
- 329. Mahomed Sameer Khan 931122 5089 087 4 Solstice Road, 11 Grand Centre, UMHLANGA RIDGE, 4020 Sameer
- 330. Mahomed Maheer Khan 960621 5064 085 4 Solstic Road, 11 Grand Centre, UMHLANGA ROCK, 4319 Maheer
- 331. Gladwell Kgomotso Pete 780513 5370 083 House No 2552, Ramolope Section, MARULENG, 0314 Gladwell Xolani
- 332. Abigail Mary Barron 930611 0147 081 38 Cadilloc Street, Beacon Valley, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7785 Aatigah
- Lebogane Constance Chauke 820908 0849 085 66 Cedar Roc, Vorna Valley, MIDRAND, 0100 Lebogang Lebalang

- 334. Jim Bafana Kwinika 960806 5489 081 554 Crecy, MOOKGOPHONG, 0560 Jim Khutšo
- Kgotlello Molehabamgoe Sere Rantloane 810902 5265 084 36 7th Street, Houghton Estate, JOHANNESBURG, 2001 - Kgotlelelo Sere
- 336. Kagisho Luvuyo Rantloane 880412 5771 086 31 Rietfontein Road, RIVONIA, 2010 Kagiso Luvuyo
- 337. Florence Lerato Sedibe 960625 0310 088 49 Linden Road, BRAMLEY, 2090 Lerato
- 338. Magedi Lebogang Tshebesebe 950919 1060 087 Extension 37, Etwatwa, DAVEYTON, 1520 Kgotsofalo
- 339. Bakhodise Vunani 840924 5506 089 246 Zone 1, GA-RANKUWA, 0208 Nkosinathi Lucas Bakhodise
- 340. Lebohang Helen Mohale 960305 0221 086 1354 B Hani Street, NKOWANKOWA, 0871 Lebohang
- 341. Oreng Kebarileng Masenya 880401 0924 089 1905 Unit 8, GA-RANKUWA, 0208 Kebarileng Mmamorolo
- 342. Joel Kgadishi Dikgale 940224 5335 087 1114 Botswana Street, DAVEYTON, 1520 Luci Kailo
- 343. Thabiso Kolisile 000208 5867 089 , NTABANKULU, 5130 Thabiso Ruben
- 344. Dimakatso Arcina Boyang 830702 0451 085 103 Daffodil Gardens, PRETORIA NORTH, 0182 Gcobile Nono Arcina
- 345. Bhakie Brian Bosaman 920215 5726 089 17 Reier Street, Newtown, POSTMASBURG, 8420 Bheki Brian
- 346. Diva Santos Dos Santos Albano 780417 0214 082 370 Cliff Avenue, Waterkloof Ridge, PRETORIA, 0001 Maria Diva
- 347. Nomzingiso Sogwangqa 950606 0752 083 Ngqutura Area, ENGCOBO, 5050 Nomzingiso Nangazo
- 348. Lebogang Mhlongo 821007 5368 081 18 Van Zyl, Newlands, ,JOHANNESBURG, 2001 Bongani
- 349. Masilo Bernard Ntelele 820103 5437 082 1142 D, NAMAKGALE, 1390 Lesego Benjamin
- 350. Kamogelo Nhose 980616 0183 084 400 Sandpiper Drive, Aspen Hills, NIGEL, 1490 Kay Kamogelo
- Malaki Jeffrey Mbonani 900517 5842 087 1145 Tweefontein M, Thokoza Bottle Store Street, KWAMHLANGA, 1022
 Thabang Jeffrey
- 352. Mapaseka Getrude Qaba 970216 0849 081 123 Saint Joseph Avenue, EERSTERUST, 0022 Mapaseka Maya
- 353. Mathabathe Advice Mokoena 980117 0327 086 No 5322, LUSAKA, 0100 Keletso Advice
- 354. Nomawethu Francinah Qambela 621129 0854 089 Mt Arthur Area, LADY FRERE, 5410 Nomawethu Nomisikhaya
- 355. Fhatuwani Ridonga 861120 0531 081 20388 Usinga Street, Mfundo Park, Extension 30, VOSLOORUS, 1475 Fhatuwani Patience
- 356. Joy Homathamsanqa Mbele 820107 0932 088 14 Sesheke Street, Portion 47, Extension 28, VOSLOORUS, 1400 Joy Nomathamsanqa
- 357. Temoso Ezekiel Molabe 011030 5066 083 Ditwebeleng Village, DRIEKOP, 1129 Matlaupe Ezekiel
- 358. Ruth Chelo Mogotle 940515 0810 085 P O Box 61, LEPHALALE, 0555 Maria Morakane
- 359. Mothobela Precious Mosima 950915 0347 087 29 Bospatrys Street, LEPHALALE, 0555 Precious
- 360. Mabitje Robert Magoro 780414 5562 086 Seleseng, GA-MPHAHLELE, 0700 Mabitje Robert David
- 361. Sesongo Shadrack Thothela 720207 5449 087 2752 A Zone 10, MEADOWLANDS, 1863 Senonkonyane Shadrack
- 362. Lememba David Tshabalala 510723 5591 086 37 2nd Street, BURGERSFORT, 2740 Lenemba David
- 363. Penelope Shaminah Khumalo 910330 0368 084 2832 Sefasonke Section, LEDIG, 0316 Lungile

- 364. Joanne Ramadimetje Phohu 900720 1363 088 Mautane, MPHAHLELE, 0730 Joanne
- 365. Ramadimetsa Francina Ramela 960903 0392 087 Xr 111677, MAMELODI EAST, 0600 Ramadimetsa Tshephang
- 366. Hendrico Klerk 931109 5114 080 37 Tulp Street, GRAAFF-REINET, 6280 Hendrico Gerald
- 367. Cynthia Chauke 011212 1451 085 Stand No 291, Shabanana Trust, HAZYVIEW, 1240 Cynthia Nonhlanhla
- 368. Thembokuhle Trom 971102 5116 081 15979 Thabantlenyana Street, Extension 12, KAGISO, 1754 Shaun Thembokuhle
- 369. Sylvester Kagiso Kgwadi Leputu 990417 5941 081 37 9t H Avenue, ALEXANDRA, 2090 Makopa Sylvester
- 370. Zandile Elisa Zweni 961115 0264 088 83 Soliman Street, Mahadin, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2010 Nompumelelo
- 371. Johannes Lucas Schutte 011214 5075 084 54 Angelier Street, BRACKENFELL, 7560 Hanu
- 372. Bontle Shirley Mararang 890930 0805 086 House No E7, Dithakong Village, KURUMAN, 8460 Bontlhe Shearly
- 373. Nalisha Singh 770114 6053 083 102 Boyridge, Kenilworth Avenue, MILNERTON, 7441 Shah Gershom
- 374. Mante Mumty Makgopa 810503 0410 087 3400 / 08 Amur Falcon Street, Elandspoort, PRETORIA, 0180 Lethabo
- 375. Aaron Raphiri 000314 5367 086 Vergelegen C, JANE FURSE, 1085 Dihlare Aaron
- 376. Abel Mpofu 990916 5404 081 15 Siyabanga Street, Bongolethu, OUDTSHOORN, 6625 Abel Terence Ngwenya
- 377. Tokelo Edwin Mamphye 000531 5590 082 Ga-Mashabela, MARISHANE, 1064 Magasane Tokelo
- 378. Mohubidu Silver Tsetsewa 700214 5775 085 287 Davinci Flat, Johan Street, ARCADIA, 0001 Mokgase Silver
- Itumeleng Decious Marutlulle 920820 5754 088 Stand No 20244, Sechabeng Section, MADIBONG, 1080 Itumeleng Maishataba
- 380. Matthew Williams 941024 5042 082 18 Sands Street, Klippoortjie, GERMISTON, 1400 Maya
- 381. Lerato Gladys Motjatji Makola 811003 0360 084 5 Pendoring Park, Gamby Street, DORINGPOORT, 0150 Lerato
- 382. Shireen Lorna Samuels 761014 0142 083 4 Leplate Road, MANNENBERG, 7764 Shireen
- Nokuzola Jane Cata 800803 0741 081 0707 York Louise, Cnr Kerk & Rissik Street, JOHANNESBURG, 2001 -Nokuzola Zolani-Mampondomise
- 384. Lords Frederickmitchel Ramalepe 020308 5524 080 Stand No 12, Medingen Village, GA-KGAPANE, 0800 Lord
- 385. Zamalinda Cebekhulu 971027 0333 086 680 Old Dunbar Road, CATO MANOR, 4010 Zamalinda Zahra
- 386. Shiejaan Jacobs 850715 0323 083 7 Benes Street, MAITLAND, 7785 Shehaam
- 387. Teboho Angeline Hamotseo 881211 0998 085 17 York Street, Waverley, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300 Teboho Matlole
- Jack Matholoane Noge 700426 5700 083 25 Pansy Street, Riamar Park, BRONKHORSTSPRUIT, 1020 Moagi Jack
- 389. Abigail Petersen 841203 0770 084 9 Klipfontein Road, Saartjie Baartman Centre, CAPE TOWN, 7700 Abeeda
- Nontsikelelo Nonvuyo Ncwadi 900618 0102 087 5 Princess Path, Pinelands, CAPE TOWN, 7405 Nontsikelelo Noluvuyo
- 391. Luyanda Clive De Villiers Mbanga 881226 5569 087 28 Turffontein Avenue, MILNERTON, 7440 Luyanda Clive
- 392. Motsane Aubrey Sekgala 970930 5764 083 Mphane, LEBOWAKGOMO, 0731 Mpono Aubrey
- 393. Manteblens Vinolia Mokhutle 860824 0237 083 31 Amampondo Drive, ROOIHUISKRAAL, 0157 Mosa Vinolia
- 394. Danél Lipan 990306 0269 087 108 Surrey Street, Townsend Estate, GOODWOOD, 7460 Geneve

- Oneboy Dyantyi 820205 5741 080 6012 Umbashe Street, Extension 6, MFULENI, 1420 Tutuse Oneboy
- Jonathan James Grimbeek 951120 5059 089 47 Marion Avenue, Glenashley, DURBAN, 4001 Jonathan James Dempster
- 397. Lewies Witbooi 720927 5141 083 33 Meyer Street, BREDASDORP, 7280 Louie Lamar
- 398. Thikitha Paulos Mothapo 901217 5391 081 Rv 9176, VERGENOEG, 0008 Manthata Lesetja
- 399. Nomasonto Nhlanhla 811012 0836 084 2054 / 7 Extension 25, EMBALENHLE, 2285 Nomasonto Mamie
- 400. Ass Mashaba 000822 0463 080 911 Sekgala Street, ETWATWA, 1519 Assa
- 401. Jenolene April 000628 0576 080 92 Geelhout Street, ROSEDALE, 6529 Genolene
- 402. Charmaine Klassen 621030 0828 083 1 Volga Street, Endhaven, DELFT, 7100 Shanaaz
- 403. Nomafu Mary Bhengu 840803 0449 083 23496 Kwampande Location, VULINDLELA, 3201 Noma Mary
- 404. Noxolo Nickon Xaba 950629 0325 080 A 1792 Mbangela Khuzwayo Road, FOLWENI, 4100 Noxolo
- 405. Motubatse Reginald Mashabela 920716 5060 080 Stand No MA 520, TAFELKOP, 0474 Separitle
- 406. Thabang Mabitse Mashegoane 991222 6311 089 Riverside, JANE FURSE, 1085 Thabang Malekutu
- 407. Thobani Sifiso Ngiba 960316 6199 085 Thebmeni Area, STANGER, 4450 Thobelani Sifiso
- 408. Onkaetse Edwin Marumo 000814 5897 081 69 5th Avenue, ROODEPOORT, 1725 Onkabetse Edwin
- 409. Nyeleti Paell Mashengete 020814 1066 083 21745 Tau Street, MERITING, 9301 Nyeleti Pearl
- Ntlhagongwe Humphrey Manaka 941203 5746 088 67 Plovers Nest, Parkland Estate, BOKSBURG, 1459 -Nthlagongwe Humphrey
- 411. Beatrice Monique Solomons 950528 0061 085 24 Pluto Street, Salberay, ELSIES RIVER, 7490 Bashirah
- 412. Nurse Kutu 820815 0493 089 3247 Dipuo Street, Extension 4, NELLMAPIUS, 0162 Neo
- 413. Mable Hunadi Koma 940628 0520 081 1161 Cmi Houses, MASHISHING, 1120 Bathabile Hunadi
- 414. Mohlale Tiny Malatji 820423 0501 082 Sehunyane, Driekop, PRAKTISEER, 1150 Mamatshaba Tiny
- 415. Arabella Nyanisi Mawila 010919 0483 080 2113 B Maxakeni Street, Nkowankowa, TZANEEN, 0850 Arabella Michelle
- 416. Sekgopa Daniel Magane 640312 5627 083 Stand No 40, Motetena Township, GROBLERSDAL, 0470 Maraas Daniel Sekgopa
- 417. Maxon Tuya 741120 5265 087 3 Laatz Close, NEW GERMANY, 3610 Mthuthuzeli Maxon
- 418. Audrey Mogomotsi 880606 1011 088 1230 Unit 1, Nyambo Street, Lerato, LEHURUTSHE, 2880 Lemogang Audrey
- 419. Maphohla Calvinia Kgatle 980313 0923 087 1460 Unit F, MANKWENG, 0727 Malaika Calvinia
- 420. Mokolomaki Anna Milanzi 870109 0559 084 B 003 Swartz Manor, ONVERWAGHT, 0557 Mokolomaki
- 421. Mpho Kudzai 850313 5604 085 1536 Phalafala Street, TEMBISA, 1632 Mpho Orsborne
- 422. Belinda Nombuyiselo Ngcanga 730430 0525 085 9468 Site & Service, Buyambo Street, KWAZAKHELE, 6205 Zusakhe Belinda
- 423. Terryn Abigail Chetty 980304 0269 084 42 Fish Eagle Creek, Dragme Avenue, ROODEPOORT, 1725 Tarryn Abigail
- 424. Jonathan Tjomeane Tjebane 751216 5782 084 836 Baduza Street, Nhlapo Section, KATLEHONG, 1431 Mokone Tjomeane

- 425. Mokgaetji Rebecca Mashishi 900606 0550 082 10049 Hans, MAPELA, 0610 Morongwa Rebecca
- 426. Thulkile Agnes Mbasha 820722 0613 080 Ward 9, EMALANGENI, 4100 Thulisile Agnes
- 427. Davashlen Moodley 971217 5187 088 4 Rosewood Flat, Jacaranda Avenue, VERULAM, 4339 Divika Davashlen
- 428. Naledi Lethabo Mogale 970216 0255 081 194 Ramokgopa Street, SAULSVILLE, 0125 Remoratile Naledi Lethabo
- 429. Taariq Aricum 980908 5353 089 48 Old Trathard Way, Rondeblei Park, MITCHELLS PLAIN, 7785 Tyron
- 430. Balothile Ernestina Sithole 780810 0473 080 Phosani Location, BULWER, 3744 Banothile Ernestina
- 431. Tarryn Jones 970709 0697 088 5 Paulusberg Road, Heideveldt, ATHLONE, 7764 Azrah
- 432. Abram Mofokeng 780829 5665 086 14608 Thabang, WELKOM, 9460 Abraham Shakes
- 433. Gomolemo Magano 000801 5076 089 50084 Ramasung Section, Pella Village, ZEERUST, 2880 Magano Herman
- 434. Donald Bernad Mokgola 810818 5593 087 1440 Zone 10, Winnie Mandela, TEMBISA, 1632 Donald
- 435. Rosina Nanaki Mokwena 980819 0138 088 1979 Sinqobile Street, KRUGERSDORP, 1740 Letlhogonolo Rosina
- 436. Aymtioa Mashele 901017 0657 084 4049 Tswelepele, TEMBISA, 1632 Amicia
- Anele Nqiqo Makaluza 810906 5550 080 20897 Solomon Mahlangu Crescent, MANDELA PARK, 7784 Anele Ngqiqo
- 438. Walter Mahlokoane 750505 5730 080 Stand No 261, Senzele, DENNILTON,1036 Sogane Walter

DEPARTMENT OF HOME AFFAIRS

NO. 1285 04 DECEMBER 2020

ALTERATION OF SURNAMES IN TERMS OF SECTION 26 OF THE BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ACT, 1992 (ACT NO. 51 OF 1992)

The Director-General has authorized the following persons to assume the surnames printed in *italics*:

- 1. Christiaan Koen 930621 5359 086 Gamaboslaan Unit 2, ORANIA, 8752 Van Niekerk
- 2. Aslam Bilal Kantwela 940409 5227 083 Jacaranda Avenue, Forestdale, DUNDEE, 3000 Nkosi
- 3. Muziwenele Msingathi Jali 010509 5492 085 Zingulubeni Area, MSINGA, 3010 Mdlalose
- Maila Lucas Mashiloane 860128 5413 081 2035 Extension 1, ORANGE FARM, 1841 Mabokela
- 5. Zimasa Onica Bambisa 951106 0544 084 94 Bathweng Street, Zone 1, DIEPKLOOF, 1862 Dangazele
- 6. Mabatho Philadelphia Maluleke 870211 0704 080 778 D Zone 5, MEADOWLANDS, 1852 Shibambo
- Thabo Jacob Dlamini 941214 5679 088 262 / 46 Hunt Street, SMALL FARMS, 1954 Dlamini-Hlahane
- 8. Ontlametse Ragel Cawe 811007 0508 089 332 Rdp, MOROKWENG, 8614 Mooketsi
- 9. Solomon Mohau Lekalakala 970112 5038 087 2395 Block Gg, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Ngako
- 10. Nono Michael Matsela 780919 5927 089 4149 Zonkezizwe, Zone 1, KATLEHONG, 1431 Mokhobo
- 11. Nectar Ngwanakang Nonyane 800512 0385 084 13172 Fever Street, Tasbet Park, WITBANK, 1035 Maile
- 12. Buntu Mdekazi 940328 6247 082 A 076 Marathon Squateer Camp, GERMISTON, 1401 Madlebe
- 13. Nokuthula Nomvula Wellcome Mndawe 951121 0392 087 1259 Section D, MAMELODI WEST, 0122 Mathebula
- 14. Prudence Mathibe 731024 0666 087 286/44 Block F 1, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Malefane
- 15. Botshelo Vernon Sithole 980721 5111 088 1152 Block H, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Moyana
- 16. Sabelo Craig Gladwill Sibiya 910702 5871 082 072158 Umzinyathi Area, INANDA, 4310 Sibisi
- 17. Amanda Boitumelo Rakhosi 990801 0501 083 15033 Extension 15, EMBALENHLE, 2285 Douw
- 18. Christopher Mathupe Tshehla 780720 5498 083 470 Boshoff Street, Extension 6, CHANTELLE, 0182 Makua
- 19. Mpumelelo Blessing Shibase 940916 5770 086 Umzinyathi Area, INANDA, 4310 Goba
- 20. Thokozani Sikhakhane 741002 5598 081 2190 Homedale Place, NWELAND WEST, 4037 Makhoba
- 21. Sylvester Lerato Mgijima 840127 5614 081 D 133 Monde Crescent, Khayamandi, STELLENBOSCH, 7600 Mgijima-Bahume
- 22. Lesedi Nazia Ndovi 940322 0551 086 99 School Street, MFULENI, 7100 Petrus
- 23. Tokologo Malatole 000110 5924 086 469 Phadima Section, KATLEHONG, 1431 Mogakane
- 24. Kutloano Martin Sejake 980301 5441 080 12033 Kraaipan Station, MMABATHO, 2735 Mokgele
- 25. Siphesihle Thwala 931212 5694 083 Ntabenebomvu Area, DUNDEE, 3000 Mpungose
- 26. Senzo Cedric Ngiba 830626 5321 086 Ntsahawini Location, KWADUKUZA, 4450 Maphumulo
- 27. Kwanele Tholumusa Ntokozo Sithole 000507 5615 087 Kwahlaza Location, EMPANGENI, 3910 Mhlongo
- 28. Mbekezeli Francis Ngcobo 001009 5557 087 Mashakeni Location, IXOPO, 3276 Xulu
- 29. Sixolele Solomon Ngiba 871001 5396 084 Entshawini Location, KWADUKUZA, 4450 Maphumulo
- 30. Nqobile Caroline Ngiba 811123 0321 082 Entshawini Location, KWADUKUZA, 4450 Maphumulo
- 31. Tsebo Nkonwana 921230 5506 083 2841 B Luvhola Street, DIEPKLOOF, 1852 Makgapheetja
- 32. Thabo Mabjaia 970922 5807 087 Stand No 2677, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Mabelo
- 33. Thabo Harry Phofu 850404 5978 080 535 A Modubu Street, Zone 3, MEADOWLANDS, 1852 Molebatsi
- 34. Nomthandazo Ncipa 820608 0769 081 4449 Ubuntu Street, PHILIPPI, 7785 *Mpahleni*
- 35. Dolly Pumza Sotsaka 940102 0720 083 Gallaway Street, HARDING, 4680 *Jood*
- 36. Londiwe Innocentia Mpontshane 910720 0802 084 Port Ford Reserve, ESIKHAWINI, 3887 Mathenjwa
- 37. Kayaletu Manqana 770929 5948 086 Glydesdale Location, UMZIMKHULU, 3297 Khanyile
- 38. Gift Hlonijo Mahlangu 010612 5354 089 342 Verdepark, PRETORIA, 0082 *Tlou*

- 39. Mnqobi Tresure Mbutho 000607 5561 081 Langeni Ward 4, HARDING, 4680 Blose
- 40. Oratile Phutiyagae 020104 5475 088 House No 4032, Nhole, TAUNG, 8584 Mahemo
- 41. Barend Frederik De Jager 960922 5412 088 P O Box 516, STELLA, 8650 Van Der Linden
- 42. Siphilasande Nqobile Msomi 930926 5904 082 Ogagwini Reserve, UMZUMBULU, 4105 Ndulini
- 43. Tshepo Christopher Mongale 750816 5956 082 House No Y 100, Bakola Section, GANYESA, 8613 Disipi
- 44. Storm Ross Herring 011005 5124 082 11 Raymond Crescent, DUYNEFONTEIN, 7441 Acey
- 45. Lehlohonolo Rakobo 010513 5051 081 700 Klippan Street, Unit 51 Illanga Place, MONTANA, 0182 Dikgale
- 46. Thembelani Lungisani Skhosana 010430 5520 082 Khambi Area, NGENETSHENI, 3100 Maphisa
- 47. Sboniso Sydney Mgaga 820214 5689 083 A 1966 King Bheku, Newtown A, KWAZIMELE, 4360 Sibiya
- 48. Mxolisi Gracious Khanyile 920202 5919 088 A 710 Unit 11, Kholwa Road, KWA MASHU, 4360 Ngobese
- 49. Sbongile Moloi 921214 0408 081 6819 Pooa Street, Extension 2, DUDUZA, 1496 Mahlangu
- 50. Dikeledi Maki Baloyi 990506 0897 080 House No 51, Ramautswe, MAMAMAKHOTENG, 0352 Thobejane
- 51. Ramaano Mulaudzi 001220 5913 085 1606 Bafana Bafana Street, Payneville, SPRINGS, 1559 Ndou
- 52. Xoliswa Mkwayi 000323 0966 081 Trust Area, LADY FRERE, 5410 Zondani
- 53. Khumbulani Ndawonde 000311 0174 087 Machunwini Location, HARDING, 4680 Mnomiya
- 54. Samkelo Victor Mathebula 000609 5251 085 18989 Ndungwane Street, Extension 6, KWA THEMA, 1575 Simelane
- 55. Lebogang Merriam Mogorosi 000304 0911 087 New Stand, Mahobikraal, MANKWE, 0314 Tshose
- 56. Andile Zuma 001116 5433 084 C 12 Mfolozi Road, KWA MASHU, 4360 Dlokweni
- 57. Nomfundo Cele 000413 0496 088 Diovinga Location, IZINGOLWENI, 4260 Xolo
- 58. Ncazelo Duma 000327 5525 081 Hlathikhulu, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Zuma
- 59. Nompumelelo Trudy Chauke 000613 0795 088 Stand No 2730, MSHOLOZI, 1240 Zitha
- 60. Ofentse Mfolo 001201 5532 083 911 Thabaneng Section, MARAPYANE, 0431 Mosomane
- 61. Refilwe Frans Maila 000310 5834 083 1146 Phaphadikota Street, Extension 24, NELLMAPIUS, 0122 Mashalane
- 62. Khonzuyise Zamakuphi Msomi 890509 5598 084 Emaphiepheheni Area, M 28 Road, INANDA, 4310 Mathe
- 63. Elias Nakedi Matloga 990302 5904 083 House No A D 77, Siyahlala, ATTERIDGEVILLE, 0008 Rametsi
- 64. Tebatso Mokonyane 001217 0358 084 2 Andrea Street, Legae La Batho, POLOKWANE, 0699 Hlako
- 65. Asanda Hadebe 000215 5613 082 3316 Sigalo Street, Zone 3, PIMVILLE, 2094 Mpembe
- 66. David Mpofu 991223 5549 083 Madisha Leolo, ZEBEDIELA, 0737 Maile
- 67. Madimetse Tebalelo Mokoale 820824 0984 089 Ga Nchabeleng Village, LEFALANE, 0741 Phakoago
- 68. Nomvula Pretty Zibula 960707 0517 084 P O Box 267, TONGAAT, 4400 Mkhwanazi
- 69. Sedumedi Stephen Rakuba 780316 5816 083 2215 Lekugung Section, Silverkrans, MADIKWE, 2839 Kgaswane
- 70. George Mapatje 830711 5759 087 7548 Sebotsa Street, THOKOZA, 1426 Majela
- 71. Goitseone Theophilus Tokotshane 970530 5918 083 711 Leshobo Village, TAUNG, 8584 *Tokwe*
- 72. Richard Happy Mahlangu 831225 5981 087 6368 Block F 4, New Eersterus, HAMMANSKRAAL, 0400 Mohloane
- 73. Matsobane Evans Tsela 821224 5396 083 33 Vanzyl Street, Newland, JOHANNESBURG, 2092 Hlabela
- 74. Ramatsobane Victor Malatji 801119 5613 087 416 Unit D, Temba, HAMMANSKRAAL, 0400 Pale
- 75. Tabo Sokhanyile 990126 5739 086 Manzana Area, MOUNT AYLIFF, 4735 Mambi
- 76. Makitimela Elias Tshukudu 760909 5717 089 Ga-Masemola, JANE FURSE, 1085 Moshidi
- 77. Sbongiseni Dubazane 880722 5334 085 Dubeni Area, MELMOTH, 3835 Buthelezi
- 78. Sanele Ngubo 910216 5578 084 Cg 1 Demat Road, Welbedacht West, CHATSWORTH, 4092 Lembede
- 79. Sinothando Siphokazi Matshisi 000507 0769 087 13 Gable Street, VRYBURG, 8600 Ngqakaza
- 80. Ogone Sebitile 981212 5462 084 House No 51 G, DRYHARTS, 8588 Monamodi

- 81. Nothando Felicity Mlotshwa 001108 0517 086 226 Section C, ELIKWATINI, 1192 Masilela
- 82. Mndanduleni Jeffrey Mugari 780611 5536 081 Ha- Mutsha Village, MAKHADO, 0955 Mphephu
- 83. Joseph Patamedi Maenetja 010320 5941 083 House No 328, Gamakanye, MANKWENG, 0727 Moloto
- 84. Fortunate Mahlatse Mathaba 010527 5664 081 P O Box 3358, POLOKWANE, 0700 Maponya
- 85. Bhekumusa Shabangu 830417 5698 081 551 Ditaung Street, Ditaung Street, Mojuteng, NORTHAM, 0360 Phakola
- 86. Queen Abram Maeko 810918 5614 089 P O Box 722, Raditshaba, LIMPOPO, 0718 Mathata
- 87. Joyce Mabaso 920227 0585 089 3098 Sphamandla, Moleleki Extension 2, KATLEHONG, 1431 Gwambe
- 88. Magrieta Busisiwe Mtsweni 880305 0255 081 Stand No 006, Nooigedacht Farm, BELFAST, 1100 Mnguni
- 89. Edith Chukudu 880418 0467 083 148 A Mamasianoka Street, Zone 1, Meadowlands, SOWETO, 1852 Phadu
- 90. Jan-Louis Obed Wall 890223 5260 089 335 B Fisonte Circle, Acacia Park, GOODWOOD, 7460 Van Eden
- 91. Njabulo Cyril Hlangulela 950924 5506 085 Tylors Halt, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Zondi
- 92. Kopanang Mabaso 840826 6087 086 21059 Molokoloko Street, Extension 3, Ikageng, MAMELODI, 0122 Nyathi
- 93. Antony Thabang Kayizana 780629 5904 083 P O Box 28, PENGE, 1160 Mogofe
- 94. Zimele Derrick Dumbu 780725 5811 086 5115 Magogoe Tar, MAHIKENG, 2745 Mayisela
- 95. Isaac Phaswana Monkangwe 750605 5945 082 1170 Phase 1, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Magopa
- 96. Khuliswa Mtabazi 820224 0471 080 P 43 Enkanini, Siyabonga Street, DUNOON, 7441 Mapongwana
- 97. Tshegofatso Kelvin Mahlaole 890412 5816 087 7 Cestum Street, FLORA PARK, 0699 Matlala
- 98. Mandisa Felicity Shozi 971023 0065 083 C 68 Coastline Crescent, WINDLESPRUIT, 1426 Mlotha
- 99. Simpho Stuurman 940318 5206 080 69 Mpofu Street, Nu L , Motherwell, PORT ELIZABETH, 6211 Norongo
- 100. Andile Rwanga 011217 5242 083 Willowfountein, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Bhengu
- 101. Nikiwe Mkhabele 000305 5767 085 Nkomanini Village, MUTALI, 0870 Mabuza
- 102. Kholofelo Winston Mkanzi 941006 5840 086 330 Jacob Mare Street, 503 Belvoir Flat, BEREA PARK, 0002 Kekana
- 103. Thabang Witness Leballo 941118 5588 084 Stand No 779, Motinti, MOLETJIE, 0742 Maluleka
- 104. Vuyisile John Tsholo 921231 5327 082 947 Block G, BOTSHABELO, 9781 Madika
- 105. Andiswa Ngcobo 980727 5293 081 Amandawe Mission, Ward 14, SCOTTBURGH, 4180 Mbutho
- 106. Bonginkosi Walter Ngubeni 781130 5382 080 1682 Extension 2, Vlakfontein, SOWETO, 1852 Phakhathi
- 107. Mabu Joseph Samson Ngoepe 850128 5796 081 P O Box 1356, MOKOPANE, 0600 Mathatho
- 108. Ntlaletjeng Susan Chuene 990325 0863 087 942 Zone 5 D, Seshego, POLOKWANE, 0700 Ngoasheng
- 109. Mishack So Nny Mngunu 680822 5919 083 709 D Mandela Village, HAMMANSKRAAL, 0400 Mahlangu
- 110. Motlogeleng Sefoka 980518 5189 084 26837 Moloise Street, MAMELODI, 0122 Moswane
- 111. Simphiwe Percival Buthelezi 981223 5678 082 Keadsoript Location, MSINGA, 3410 Zulu
- 112. Ntokozo Victorean Sithole 990226 5280 089 293 C Ekuvukeni Area, WASBANK, 2930 Mlambo
- 113. Nkosinsiphile Mondli Sibisi 000313 5471 088 402810 Richmond Road, CHATSWORTH, 4092 Mzimela
- 114. Mzamo Justice Mofokeng 950924 5416 084 695 Zazi Road, CLERMONT, 3610 Gumede
- 115. David Mbongeni Dhlomo 770322 5241 084 1345 Mbazo Street, DLAMINI, 1818 Ngema
- 116. Vuyelwa Goodness Ntsibande 871111 0924 085 3596 Ndaba Street, Zone 10, MEADOWLANDS, 1852 Titisi
- 117. Nobuhle Signoria Sukazi 920126 0729 087 17526 Alana Street, Extension 16, PROTEA GLEN, 1818 Motha
- 118. Thandokwethu Mjuza 971118 5512 087 353 Rdp Marikana, RUSTENBURG, 0300 Makom
- 119. Obakeng Regionald Moreesele 881114 5917 086 101 Caleb Motshabi, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300 Sebitloane
- 120. Unathi Sompunzi 840522 5829 087 Godzie Area, TSOLO, 5170 Gaya
- 121. Bongi Mkhonza 771229 0340 085 11323 Lenong Street, Ivory Park, MIDRAND, 1685 Mahlake
- 122. Moses Tsietsi Mokwena 820203 6233 082 P O Box 9040, BURGERSFORT, 1150 Mgiba
- 123. Mxolisi Enoch Gagelo 840427 6269 087 19488 Ggoggora Crescent, PHILLIPI, 7785 Nkalweni

- 124. Andile Aron Ngangase 860416 5898 082 55941 Nambuzane Street, Kuyasa, KHAYELITSHA, 7784 Tsawe
- 125. Katleho Setata 991221 5202 083 7474 Tsotetsi Street, THOKOZA, 1426 Mahlaba
- 126. Portia Khazamula 780113 0259 082 25 Manyaleti, Poplar Avenue, Craigeton, FOURWAYS, 2021 Jacobs
- 127. Emmanuel Motlatsi Walaza 830825 5780 081 13767 / 90 Abigail Mfebe Street, Kagiso Extension 18, KRUGERSDORP, 1754 Motene
- 128. Dion Andzani Sibuyane 941127 5774 081 268 Joe Slovo, Extension 9, IVORY PARK, 1685 Silaule
- 129. Nombuso Bridget Nyawo 860519 0621 084 Ogodiwayo Area, PONGOLA, 3170 Nxumalo
- 130. Tebello Victor Letlotlo 000626 6197 083 No 12 Democracy Drive, JOE SLOVO, 7441 Mahloko
- 131. Thando Sibusiso Lushozi 980617 6281 088 2064/1 32 Extension 26. EVANDER, 2280 Mphikeleli
- 132. Nomfundo Mayise 980822 1110 080 P O Box 12, MANDINI, 4490 Ndhlovu
- 133. Elias Madonsela 960516 6034 089 3184 Section 7, Enkangala, BRONKHORSTSPRUIT, 1021 Mbambala
- 134. John Obakeng Baloyi 790520 5919 080 30 Jensen Street, ORCHARD, 0180 Kgwedi
- 135. Nicholus Thembinkosi Nyezi 960123 5300 080 825 Bhima Street, Extension 2, ZITHOBENI, 1024 Malinda
- 136. Vusumuzi Mbonani 831027 5758 089 154 Entshonalanga Section, TEMBISA, 1620 Radebe
- 137. Keaitumela Jacob Selomane 990605 5409 089 33377 Maganagobuswa, SIYABUSWA, 0472 Molefe
- 138. Dudu Renneth Maliso 861203 0358 083 44 Enxuweni Section, TEMBISA, 1636 Mothebe
- 139. Bethusile Betty Margaret Thole 840830 0587 083 13044 Madeun Street, MAEMLODI EAST, 0122 Sebanyoni
- 140. David Mokoena 780822 5693 083 Thabaneng Section, RANKELENYANE, 0284 Mahlalela
- 141. Terrence Thobela Nduna 800215 5544 081 21024 Richmond Street, Nomzamo, STRAND, 7140 Mabayo
- 142. Dumisani Nelson Khumalo 920511 5656 080 F 4444 Section 6, MADADENI, 2951 Mthimkhulu
- 143. Jabulani Motau 941219 5784 085 P O Box 4265, MPUNDULLE, 1057 Mahlangu
- 144. Kesaoleboga Makgoe 000121 5790 088 69 A Itirekeng Village, PAMPIERSTAD, 8566 Job
- 145. Nonhlanhla Fortunate Ncube 730206 0374 082 76 Belfort Road, Northdal, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Mbambo
- 146. Karabo Sithembiso Tshabalala 980112 5044 083 125 B Kgari Street, Zone 1, DIEPKLOOF, 1864 Bapela
- 147. Sibongakuye Xulu 990514 5841 087 Ntamalala Area, NKANDLA, 3825 Sibisi
- 148. Simiso Praise Ngiba 900917 5490 087 27 Strathcone Place, Woodland, DURBAN, 4004 Ntshingila
- 149. Danver Angelo Philander 920320 5106 082 31 Amandel Street, WORCESTER, 6849 Carstens
- 150. Protus Nkosingiphile Phewa 880303 5493 088 House No 24200, Nxala Road, Auckland, MARIANHILL, 3600 Ngwane
- 151. Goitseone Goodenough Sheikh 980118 5555 085 2 Reid Street, ZEERUST, 2865 Sebogodi
- 152. Thato Donald Malatji 920531 5376 083 30002 Riba Street , Extension 10, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Makitla
- 153. Samuel Kgomotso Tshitavhani 860313 5632 084 771 Block C, MABOPANE, 0190 *Ditabo*
- 154. Tshepo Olly Nkosi 990519 5470 084 429 Christassen Street, PRETORIA WEST, 0183 Matsemela
- 155. Brilliant Thandi Nndwamato 940215 0497 088 145 Govon Mbeki, PORT ELIZABETH, 6001 Bvuma
- 156. Martins Mmitseng Ntsimane 911010 5649 089 E 39 Malebye Street, DIPETLELWANE, 0250 Molekoa
- 157. Onthatile Mabotle Princess Moshoeshoe 980524 0236 086 498 Brussels Lane, Reedville, SPRINGS, 1559 Tlhatsi
- 158. Sello Abel Majake 970306 5274 086 39748 Phokeng Village, Thabong, WELKOM, 9460 Maruma
- 159. Gontse Clifford Molefe 930913 5754 089 1200 Newtown, BAPONG, 0269 Raphiri
- 160. Taetso Mokgoba Lebogo 000215 0062 087 P O Box 727, BOCHUM, 0790 Mowasa
- 161. Thobekani Mazibuko 000201 5630 086 Madolobheni Area, ESTCOURT, 3310 *Ndlovu*
- $162. \hspace{0.5cm} \textbf{Thabang Dick Motaung 830110 6016 086 2556 Lusaka, Bluegum View, DUDUZA, 1490 \textit{Mofokeng} }$
- 163. Lungelwa Mokoena 010615 5430 080 Lokateng Village, MAHIKENG, 2745 Bamphitile
- 164. Siyalakha Luzuko Mfundo Magula 971027 5408 081 36 Fairfield, 71 Grimhorpe, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Notsolo
- 165. Tshepo Josias Cokoto 880531 5253 082 36239 Vula Street, Extension 16, TSAKANE, 1550 Moagi

- 166. Reginald Makhura 750227 5695 086 1921 Block F, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Mankga
- 167. Bilal Ntshiyane 880523 5105 081 17 Zenith Road, Vanguard Estate, ATHLONE, 7764 Waggie
- 168. Daniel Tseko Dikhethe 810507 5517 085 2803 Section J , Palm Vaal, SPRINGS, 1560 Tsotetsi
- 169. Thobeka Cijana 970617 0356 086 Ngudle Area, TSOMO, 5400 Hlabeni
- 170. Constance Nonzwakazi Madondolo 680413 0816 084 407 Nyokana Road, KOKSTAD, 4700 Hlathi
- 171. Mcabangiseni Ngcobo 000103 5572 088 A 794 Ntokozo Road, KWA MASHU, 4359 Nzama
- 172. Ngoako Japhter Maloba 810315 5507 084 No 23 Extension 14, MOKOPANE, 0600 Mogale
- 173. Mmashela Unice Tselana 900511 0658 085 No 20062, Ga-Mushe, STETLOOP, 0608 Komape
- 174. Sizwe Isaak Gwebu 000108 5760 088 Mabocha Location, BURGERSFORT, 1150 Makofane
- 175. Sindi Nkonzo 010106 0274 087 Weibedutch East, CHATSWORTH, 4092 Nonjingo
- 176. Neo Fortune Mathari 010312 5149 080 3399 Extension 2, Tubatse, BURGERSFORT, 1150 Moreku
- 177. Sfiso Kenneth Nkosi 800225 5610 089 Stand No 1064, Clau-Clau, NELSPRUIT, 1200 Mawenya
- 178. Charles Jalous Magoane 730717 5683 087 P O Box 9314, BUSHBUCKRIDGE, 1280 Ndhlovu
- 179. Garnett Hezekiah Sephton 020121 5415 088 Plot 25, Mooivallei, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2531 Jacobs
- 180. Ofentse Molemane 011114 0560 082 E 55 Endels Rust, RADITHUSO, 2738 Mosala
- 181. Letlotlo Mamoitlisi Alita Makole 920224 0690 084 1803 Moretologa Street, Phase 8, GA-RANKUWA, 0208 Moeketsi
- 182. Kidibone Lambani 960713 0556 080 Mulima Village, TSHITALE, 0917 Choene
- 183. Lesetja Albert Makono 800724 5486 086 Stand No 709, Kalkspruit, GA-MARABA, 0705 Mothoa
- 184. Thinasinothando Mbiko Sizwe Nzuza 011004 5519 086 P O Box 486, KWANGWANASE, 3973 Mathenjwa
- 185. Masego Millencia Peele 001213 0515 088 8359 Bosnia Street, Cosmo City, Extension 7, RANDBURG, 2188 Motlhabane
- 186. Sizwe Gcabashe 000529 5769 086 Mbongolwane Area, NDWENDWE, 4342 Hlabisa
- 187. Elizabeth Lindiwe Masinga 840101 0457 085 No 538 , Block C, KOMATIPOORT, 1340 Hlatshwayo
- 188. Sandile Junior Zulu 000704 5911 083 Ncekwana Reserve, EMPANGENI, 3910 Zondi
- 189. Ephraim Bafana Makoe 990817 5362 081 5098 Extension 3, Mhlaombi, WINTERVELDT, 0998 Masemola
- 190. Themba Johannes Ledingoana 770121 5306 081 288/13 Vesting West Street, NATURENA, 2064 Nzama
- 191. Benny Kgabo Tsebe 860608 5424 089 96 Sower Street, GERMISTON, 1401 Teffu
- 192. Moses Sheburi 990909 5886 084 3059 Zone 3, LEBOTLWANE, 0411 Sebola
- 193. Boitumelo Felecia Mlangeni 910907 0676 085 168 Zone 6, Extension 5, SEBOKENG, 1982 *Thowe*
- 194. Andile Noluthando Zulu 000306 5656 088 4977 Igwalagwale Street, SOWETO, 1829 Khumalo
- 195. Daniel Tai-Tai 801111 5437 088 72285 Kanana, SEBOKENG, 1952 Dlephu
- 196. Faith Tholakele Mthethwa 841118 0390 081 Mzingwenya Park, ESIKHAWINI, 3887 Mdletshe
- 197. Lesego Vincent Sihlangu 011029 6067 082 3700 Emphisweni Street, Vila Liza, BOKSBURG, 1460 Biloane
- 198. Thabang Songo 000717 6159 080 465 Block G, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Khoza
- 199. Gedion Vusi Khoza 871015 5849 082 Stand No 2086, Clau-Clau, KABOKWENI, 1245 Nkuna
- 200. Emmanuel Sthembiso Mthethwa 800115 5336 084 767 Tokologo, MHLUZI, 1053 Hlatswayo
- 201. Banele Phake 950318 5751 082 3942 Tsoletsi Street, DUDUZA, 1496 Mazibuko
- 202. Thandiswa Nxele 910913 0825 086 5661 Extensin 7, Mankahiana Street, DIEPKLOOF, 2189 Cossa
- 203. Sbusiso Lungelo Nene 981001 5876 082 Sweetwaters Location, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Mtshali
- 204. Nondumiso Precious Mlambo 881017 0591 089 Shoba Area, VRYHEID, 3100 Zulu
- 205. Xolile Princess Mncwabe 980213 0768 088 Block C, EMONDLO, 3105 Maphisa
- 206. Happy Basimane Mojela 961231 5175 086 1225 Chief, Mogale Phase 2, Kagiso Ii, KRUGERSDORP, 1740 Ndlovu
- 207. Mokete Simon Mokoena 770228 5846 089 10790 Extension 11, EVATON WEST, 1984 Motaung
- 208. Piet Masilo Tebogo Makgasha 990908 5643 081 Stand No 33, Ga-Matjia, GA-MAMABOLO, 0727 Modiba

- 209. Joseph Sunnyboy Chauke 700428 5486 085 Ga-Ntamaties Village, GOMPIES, 0631 Baloyi
- 210. Samkelo Shezi 000819 6030 087 Dumisa Area, Ward 5, UMZINTO, 4200 Khuzwayo
- 211. Shabale Mkohliwe 000120 5693 086 Mnyolo Area, NGCOBO, 5050 Gcora
- 212. Thobeka Innocentia Vilakazi 000912 0333 084 7538 Extension 5, BETHAL, 2310 Mnquni
- 213. Thabo Jerry Nkuna 890908 5582 082 17540 Mmabatho Street, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Makhubela
- 214. Leocadia Lungile Khwela 950918 0494 081 P O Box 344, PENNINGTON, 4184 Shange
- 215. Koketso Francinah Buthane 010722 0457 082 3306 Jv, ATTERIDGEVILLE, 0008 Mafokoane
- 216. Gladfred Tshepo Mpongwane 880415 5376 087 6545 Zone 12, Extension, SEBOKENG, 1983 Rabapane
- 217. Dumisa Gift Mankazana 910510 5352 080 5173 Mpane Street, Orlando West, SOWETO, 1806 Nhlapo
- 218. Thokozani Madontsela 861203 5636 087 15492 Extension 8, ORANGE FARM, 1805 Sithole
- 219. Koketso Bogopa 010723 6319 086 Stand No 3, Rathoke, Section G, MARBLE HALL, 0450 Masimini
- 220. Simiphile Siyabonga Ndimande 010915 6267 089 Umbumbulu Area, ISIPINGO RAIL, 4105 Mdima
- 221. Nomsa Sifaya 011010 1703 087 New Rest, STERKSPRUIT, 9762 Sikwati
- 222. Langelihle Dlamini 010906 6421 081 P O Box 702, MTUBATUBA, 3960 Sibiya
- 223. Lehlohonolo Stephen Mthembu 910416 5728 081 1767 Bishop Street, Boitumelo, SEBOKENG, 1983 Motloung
- 224. Kamogelo Salamina Marogoa 960329 0922 089 3250 Zone 2, SESHEGO, 0742 Kgomo
- 225. Buti Johannes Khambule 760616 5264 083 No 50 18 Th Avenue, ALEXANDRA, 2090 Mokoena
- 226. Teboho Elias Maseko 771208 5752 080 1219 Sibusiso Street, Dikole Extension 1, KATLEHONG, 1458 Diba
- 227. Themba Nkosi 870618 5250 085 2846 Katlehong South, KATLEHONG, 1432 Msomi
- 228. Kgotlaemang Chimane Legote 660626 5620 086 3 Mhala Flats, Bhongweni, RANDFONTEIN, 1760 Molete
- 229. Lebogang Rodney Marumo 960412 5312 082 2248 Moletsane Street, Mohlakeng, RANDFONTEIN, 1759 Mbovu
- 230. Thapelo Jack Mnisi 990605 5427 081 922 Extension 21, NELLMAPIUS, 0122 Modiba
- 231. Anathi Nqatawuli 990817 5537 088 Makapusi Village, LADY FRERE, 5320 Zepe
- 232. Boitumelo Eugene Shisana 770425 5406 084 1197 Block U, MABOPANE, 0190 Sekgobela
- 233. Vincent Tshegane Mailola 870312 5431 081 245 Block U, SAULSVILLE, 0125 Sekele
- 234. Thabiso Elias Ramotopo 900216 5355 089 33 Tsheepe Street, SAULSVILLE, 0125 Mokwena
- 235. Zanele Keith Makebani 991102 0666 086 27281 Tokyo Street, TSAKANE, 1550 Nkaiseng
- 236. Thembuyise Ntetha 591106 5500 087 Nibela Area, HLUHLUWE, 3960 Myeni
- 237. Joel Richard Mashego 680707 5548 083 3707 26 Street, ETWATWA, 1520 Ubisi
- 238. Luthando Edward Mateane 871130 5332 086 6 De Villiers Street, Southern Wood, EAST LONDON, 5201 Ndabeni
- 239. Kgotso Mack Moropa 950219 5662 081 406 Eerste Geluk, STEELPOORT, 1133 Masehlele
- 240. Katleho Masike 880511 5371 084 447 Springbok Street, East Bank, ALEXANDRA, 2090 Sopoli
- 241. George Monareng 970617 5929 085 588 Block T, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Mutakusi
- 242. Mduduzi Mkhonza 900714 5296 089 2539 Emdeni , Kolobe Street, SOWETO, 1868 Vilakazi
- 243. Cyprian Thembinkosi Ngcobo 880402 5408 086 460 Nhlalakahle, Northdale, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Zuma
- 244. Nonkoliso Mqadi 960603 0809 086 Malwebu Area, BIZANA, 4800 Simanga
- 245. Bongiswa Mbandezi 930805 0791 084 7228 Zizemele Township, BUTTERWORTH, 4960 Nkunzana
- 246. Cyreal Mkhonto 860101 6282 086 P O Box 7, BUSHBUCKRIDGE, 1280 Silubana
- 247. Tshepiso Lucas Mokoma 860103 5283 081 617 Khudu Street, BOIKHUTSO, 2740 Magasi
- 248. Minenhle Mandisa Ngobese 010128 0551 082 82 St Regis, Smith Street, DURBAN, 4001 Luthuli
- 249. Neo Makola 980503 0136 082 40031 Hospital View, Mapulaneng, BAKENBERG, 0611 Rampou
- 250. Queen Charmain Cindi 011030 0252 084 37 Khumbuzo Street, KWATHEMA, 1575 Modjadji

- 251. Mabete Moses Bogale 781123 5612 085 21 Moswana Street, Phase 4, LOTUS GARDENS, 0008 Balovi
- 252. Vuyisanani Lennox Mfakadolo 980709 5191 085 Ngcothoyi Location, ALICE, 5700 Libalele
- 253. Mbali Portia Sekgogoba 971119 04720 087 2711 Kopanong Street, Zone 13, SEBOKENG, 1983 Mnukwa
- 254. Itumeleng Mokgele 960203 5344 088 6 Kappituit, Peliessie, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300 Medupe
- 255. Tebogo Mathobela Maseeme 980512 0870 087 Cabrieve, Ga-Moloi, NEBO, 1059 Kubjane
- 256. Mathanzima George Ramohlonami 910818 5541 085 7751 Namibia Square, Phahameng Location, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300 Mthata
- 257. Violet Siziba 820309 0657 083 Stand No Vb, Mamvuka Village, DZANANI, 5362 Musekwa
- 258. Sabotsha Brendon Mashala 990112 5831 081 40166 Ga-Rauwe, MOKOPANE, 0610 Kwanaite
- 259. Mogorosi Andries Masigo 830911 5298 082 9928 Tontobane Street, Extension 6, Boipatong, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2531 Bannanye
- 260. Stanley Mfanafuthi Mkhize 840404 5904 089 4 Child Road, Aa-519, UMLAZI, 4031 Mchunu
- 261. Oratile Sandile Senna 971219 5287 082 348 Matsikeng Village, WITSIESHOEK, 9870 Msimanga
- 262. Zamokuhle Thembelihle Ngcobo 940928 0464 086 Hosiyana Area, NDWEDWE, 4342 Nzama
- 263. Oratile Maluleka 010123 5173 081 House No 1890, Reyorogile, THABAZIMBI, 0380 Marokoane
- 264. Thabang Matsobane Masemola 981212 5632 082 14244 Extension 73, POLOKWANE, 0699 Manaka
- 265. Velo Tshangase 970317 5294 081 Gayinyanga Location, Amanndawe, SCOTTBURG, 4180 Gumede
- 266. Tsholofelo Cynthia Mkwanasi 960510 0206 082 838a Tshiapa Street, Zone 1, MEADOWLANDS, 1852 Khobo
- 267. Sinoxolo Colombile 980506 5561 089 Ngezwa Area, LUSIKISIKI, 4820 Mhatu
- 268. Zandile Shabalala 990618 0917 089 66 Moma Street, Extension 28, Phase 2, VOSLOORUS, 1475 Sibiya
- 269. Itumeleng Faku 861009 5611 081 120 Schmidt Street, DANVILLE, 0018 Kwati
- 270. Innocentia Siziwe Malaza 960202 0482 083 3930 Malobola Street, ZITHOBENI, 1024 Debeila
- 271. Mduduzi Abdul Nxakwe 870412 6025 088 3243 Section K, MAMELODI WEST, 0122 Mahlangu
- 272. Koketso David Mathato 990314 5048 084 176 Mpopotmane Street, Sunvalley, MAMELODI WEST, 0122 Mohlakela
- 273. Philani Mishack Mbili 820202 7021 082 Mthebeni Area, NDWEDWE, 4400 Mazibuko
- 274. Mzwandile Delani Shezi 980812 5692 084 Magwaza Area, NKANDLA, 3855 Shange
- 275. Daniel Kgomo Morebodi 901212 5902 086 10106 Setilhogo, SELEKA, 0600 Kgomo
- 276. Aluwani Ernest Matumba 911121 5841 087 P O Box 3052, DZANANI, 0955 Nthangeni
- 277. Karabo Leonard Vuma 831006 5480 084 Stand No 891 B, MMAMETLHABE, 0432 Manamela
- 278. Shirwin Hamish Vandrey 771121 5186 086 988 Seeleeu Street, Pretorius Park, PRETORIA, 0001 Kemoetie
- 279. Duncan Cyril Mothoa 811212 6330 088 3024 Phola Park, KWAMHLANGA, 0100 Beroka
- 280. Thabo Tijsetso Monama 830519 5366 088 1161 Mamba Crescent, DIEPKLOOF, 1862 Mothoagae
- 281. Thabo Letshedi Phahlamohlaka 850103 5418 085 P O Box 1279, SHILWANE, 0873 Mawasha
- 282. Raesibe Linah Mamabolo 990101 0515 088 3314 Extension 5, MOOKGOPHONG, 0560 Pofu
- 283. Nondumiso Pearl Mdunge 840505 0624 082 2335 Unit Bb, Imbali, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Ngwenya
- 284. Isaac Msiza 790710 5306 087 Stand No 1836, Phola, KWAMHLANGA, 1022 Mtshweni
- 285. Calvin Qibelo Mashiane 010324 5542 081 11952 Rentnbileng, BRONKHORSTSPRUIT, 1026 Nkambule
- 286. Adolph Msiza 931227 5964 088 750 Mobetema Location, WITBANK, 0473 Mohlala
- 287. Sthembisa Agrippa Msiza 950829 6019 089 Stand No 450, Nhlazatshe No 6, ELUKWATHINI, 1192 Makhanyi
- 288. Monday Paulos Mabuza 790110 6001 086 P O Box 1146, UTHOKOZANE, 1346 *Lubisi*
- 289. Eva Mogola 930905 0440 086 431 No, Nellmapius, PRETORIA, 0001 Siwela
- 290. Lucky Masonganye 830717 5231 084 Sofasonke Village, ELIM, 0960 Hlongwane
- 291. Thabiso Crenawena Kgwedi 980808 5070 081 4722 Mount Sharker Street, Extension 4, LENASIA, 1829 Madingwane
- 292. Tshegofatso Yviyah Malau 981029 5621 083 Ma 142, TAFELKOP, 0474 Mohlosana
- 293. Nkisa Nicholars Mamonakwe 790122 5567 082 Ga-Mashaegoane, SEKHUKHUNE, 1124 Maloma

- 294. Bongani Kenneth Ngcobo 861009 5595 086 Erf 1521 / 1073, Extension 2, HLALANIKAHLE, 1039 Mokabane
- 295. Poppy Ramatshika 960525 0623 086 Stand No 32, Lasvegas Village, MODJADJISKLOOF, 0838 Ranama
- 296. Maankepeng Patrick Malale 760422 5271 081 Stand No 96, TICKYLANE, 0890 Mahlakwane
- 297. Sifiso Eudy Nkosi 880708 5787 083 34 Ndlazi Street, KWA THEMA, 1575 Mgidi
- 298. Calvin Phathela 780910 5081 084 Stand No 462, Tshituni Village, NZHELELE, 0955 Mauda
- 299. Simphiwe Patricia Mthembu 941013 0711 080 20 Happpiness Village, NIGEL, 1491 Dhlamini
- 300. Thabang Motlhatlhego 970701 5723 084 Tlhaping Section, MADIBOGO, 2772 Oepeng
- 301. Thulani Stanley Maseko 820401 5357 080 4560 Extension 23, BETHAL, 2310 Mahlangu
- 302. David Sinky Mphaga 880904 5746 084 1443 Thokoza Section, SIYABUSWA, 0472 Mahlangu
- 303. Elizabeth Boorman 461001 0154 088 23 Jacob Regop Street, POSTDENE, 8420 Borman
- 304. Tshiamo Lesetja Keepilwe 010917 5279 081 56 Howard Avenue, ALEXANDRA, 2090 Maredi
- 305. Nonsapho Lucy Millicent Siko 010604 0773 082 2125 / 53 Kwena Street, Extension 13, OLIEVENHOUTBOSCH, 0175 Nyembe
- 306. Unarine Ephraim Mbobvu 970923 5716 088 A 12 Mawoni, DZANANI, 0955 Mamphwe
- 307. Zakhele Emanuel Hlatshwayo 821122 5615 082 6645 Mogoshadi Street, Extension 21, MAHUBE VALLEY, 1214 Madalane
- 308. Ryan Viljoen 000128 5060 081 14 Rhino River Avenue, RUSTENBURG, 0290 Henning
- 309. Manline Mthintwa Mtsweni 800225 5641 084 5682 Hefero Street, EMALAHLENI, 1039 Mathibela
- 310. Thabo Ernest Maunye 740821 5488 089 P O Box 716, KABOKWENI, 1205 Ndhlovu
- 311. Sandiso Sbongakonke Sithole 951007 0639 082 Matshana Reserve, EMPANGENI, 3880 Gumede
- 312. Khumo Goitsemang Segone 900504 5243 086 17 Kenneth Avenue, VEREENIGING, 1939 Rapuleng
- 313. Brenda Nolusindiswa Jula 840916 0269 085 24591 Mazibuko Street, KWA THEMA, 1575 Bacela
- 314. Thubalethu Shange 980922 5652 085 Vuma Area, ESHOWE, 3815 *Ntuli*
- 315. Zamacephe Nontokozo Mncwabe 990331 0436 080 123593 Cutshwayo, PINETOWN, 3614 Makhunga
- 316. Joseph Vusi Dhlamini 750213 5825 089 Sun City, MKOBOLA, 0450 Mabena
- 317. Abdul Jerry Ubissi 991027 5386 085 4244 Khaya, DAVEYTON, 1520 Hlabangani
- 318. Sthandiwe Ngobile Dlamini 990406 0709 080 Nkwezela Location, BULWER, 3244 Tshezi
- 319. Zolile Jonathan Sijaji 800717 5741 088 23 Mayikhale Street, MOSSELBAY, 6506 Loliwe
- 320. Mpho Joyce Maine 831016 0340 084 10106 Matsheng, TAUNG, 8580 Tsolo
- 321. Hendrick Motsumi 900827 5569 089 T 1050 Motshitlane Section, MADIBOGO, 2776 Moholo
- 322. Prince Percy Nchimane Hlangoane 970318 5635 083 494 Mapela, GA-MOLEKANE, 1876 Makhubela
- 323. Rendani Treasure Khoza 990914 5756 089 Stand No 693, LENYENYE, 0920 Luvhimbi
- 324. Tsholofelo Lucy Sehoole 800223 0670 083 Stand No 2070, PANKOP, 0414 Motsene
- 325. Eric Morena Mokwatisi 900227 5870 084 11163 Lekoko, MAHIKENG, 2745 *Moleleki*
- 326. Thanduxolo Braveman Dube 960424 5767 082 B 2904 Ward 13, OSIZWENI, 2952 Cele
- 327. Keaobaka Freddy Mmusi 810218 5834 088 52296 A Seweding, MAFIKENG, 2745 *Thomas*
- 328. Collen Andile Sikhakhane 800412 5320 089 3348 18th Street, Khuma, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2520 Ganjana
- 329. Boiketlo Matlawa 010531 5587 086 D/O, JANE FURSE, 1088 Selape
- 330. Fannie Patrick Mautlana 750317 5690 086 Bothashoek, BURGERSFORT, 1150 Kopane
- 331. Evidence Matsekoleng 961117 0638 089 38316 Extension 18, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Masemola
- 332. Tlotliso Humphrey Moilwa 970110 5905 081 P O Box 1348, BOCHUM, 0790 Masipa
- 333. Siphamandla Nkululeko Ntombela 811111 6052 082 Manzimnyama Location, NKANDLA, 3855 Ngobese
- 334. Mbofheni Ronald Ramatsitsi 650201 5070 088 Stand No 169, Block C, MPHENI, 0900 Sikhweta
- 335. Shimane Mpatoli 921015 5563 089 08 Island Drive, KLIPSPRUIT, 1509 Motaung

- Charlize Allison Gouws 970805 0040 087 23 Broodboom Street, KUILSRIVER, 7580 Brenkman 336
- Kgaugelo Samuel Ndlovu 820318 5667 088 109 Pooe Street, Rockville, SOWETO, 0170 Komape 337.
- Joshua Thapelo Buthelezi 990830 5135 084 8245 / 23 Extension 36, OLIEVENHOUTBOSCH, 0175 Ndhlovu 338.
- 339. Pauladene Lollie Stafa - 991011 0256 089 - C 14 Polinyane Street, Ethembeni, PRIESKA, 8940 - Maritz
- 340. Mia Msomi - 850108 0727 083 - Mhlaba-Cross, RITAVI, 0850 - Mohlaba
- Katlego Joel Mayuso 850416 5574 081 Stand No 859, JANE FURSE, 1085 Mokgwatsana 341.
- 342. Raesibe Sarah Ledwaba - 850910 0523 085 - P O Box 225, SESHEGO, 0742 - Kgole
- 343. Keamogetswe Pheladi Mathobela - 920125 0380 081 - 8915 Block M, MABOPANE, 0190 - Rantloane
- Bongani Edward Kubheka 031216 5931 089 5922 Extension 5, BETHAL, 2310 Mlangeni 344
- 345. Kaosietsile Atkins Lerole - 850927 5388 082 - 2368 Block F. KANANA, 0400 - Mathebula
- 346. Buhle Pretty Malatji - 010926 1313 083 - Vezunyawo Village, PIET RETIEF, 2380 - Nzima
- Kamogelo Success Msome 010806 6205 080 P O Box 5812, CASTEEL, 1370 Mathipa 347.
- Bukelani Mchunu 991029 6136 089 Hlokozi Location, HIGHFLATS, 3200 Msimang 348
- 349 Bhekani Blose - 000317 6314 080 - Elimpondweni Area, NDWEDWE, 4400 - Maphumulo
- Mosukudu Albert Maphoto 010321 5993 082 No 10036 , GLEN COWIE, 1061 Mahloele 350.
- Pusheletjo Monakedi 990414 0789 086 3414 Thokozile Zwane Street, Extension 5, KWAKUQA, 1030 Mgwathi 351.
- 352. Xolani Eric Mbobo - 740203 6308 089 - Ndaleni Location, RICHMOND, 3780 - Zuma
- Thelumusa Mlindeli Zondi 000924 5452 082 101044 Ngubeni Location, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Maleyu 353
- Matieho Agreenet Mhlabane 920514 0382 082 2926 Extension 1, ORANGE FARM, 1841 Mthembu 354.
- 355. John Lentikile Moreo - 771224 5327 088 - 2669 Tigane, HARTEBEESFONTEIN, 2700 - Sedukanelo
- 356. Simon Moraba - 960522 5603 080 - P O Box 15, BURGERSFORT, 1150 - Mangwale
- Patrick Mojalefa Kgongoana 860905 5425 086 2112 Lusaka Park Masilo THEUNISSEN 9400 Moshodi 357
- 358. Njabulo Sibusiso Sibanda - 871225 5302 087 - Stand No 1858, MATSULU, 1203 - Shekwa
- Lerato Luyanda Timba 010511 1218 084 Stand No 499, DRIEKOPPIES, 1331 Nkosi 359.
- 360. Elphus Nhlanhla Nkosi - 010829 6173 082 - 1731 Dlamini D. BADPLAAS, 1190 - Sibeko
- Talente Ndumiso Nzuza 010625 6057 089 736 G 120053 Congo, INANDA, 4310 Shange
- Karabo Bridget Nare 010909 1354 083 Stand No 1423, Madodonga Village, MAKHADO, 0920 Rangata 362.
- 363. Wisani Mkhabele - 010918 6372 081 - Stand No, Njhakanjhaka Village, MAKHADO, 0920 - Mthombeni
- 364. Meshack Motaung - 940601 5296 080 - 2157 Block 7, AKASIA, 0118 - Mphela

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- Lucia Khumbuzile Gumede 920503 0756 080 Nkundusi Area, MTUBATUBA, 3935 Mangele 365
- Philile Mangele 971019 0709 084 Kwamafunze Location, Elandskop, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Nxele 366.
- 367. Abram Thema Motseokae - 670202 5596 086 - Tv 1221, Holomusa Section, BEKKERSDAL, 1779 - Mlambo
- 368. Lindokuhle Thulani Ngema - 010721 5150 080 - 4001 Tom-Tom Road, KWANDENGEZI, 3607 - Mdunge
- Ntombizodwa Ivy Mzolo 700830 0641 087 6053 Morailane Street, ORLANDO EAST, 1804 Tsatsimpe 369
- Siyanda Mchunu 000719 5419 085 A 395 Jabula Road, KWA MASHU, 4360 Khanvile 370.
- Zandisile Godfrey Mdoda 610626 5446 087 25 Bertram Road, Zwide, PORT ELIZABETH, 6001 Mavela 371.
- 372. Rankobi Jones Maboe - 810604 6076 086 - 1164 New Stand, HEBRON, 0192 - Poo
- Steve Ngobeni 740405 5798 083 13802 Extension 7, EVATON, 1984 Letsoalo 373
- 374. Karabo Jabulane Mohlodi - 930807 5206 084 - 11 Robert Avenue, BENONI, 1500 - Maiola
- 375. Sifiso Zungu - 910123 5773 089 - 1045 Block Kk, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 - Tshamba
- Makhosazane Yolanda Nhlapo 900715 0279 087 970 Block K, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Thabethe 376.
- 377. Mashudu Muridili - 990420 5927 084 - 352 Block Bb, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 - Funzani
- Dembe Mutshekwa 971114 5569 086 Stand No 165 MUKULA 0950 Rafele 378

- 379. Makokotele Smith Seloga 760720 5832 087 Mangaheng, SEKHUKHUNE, 1124 Makuwa
- 380. Sisa Flatela 821208 5598 087 8206 Main Road, Extension 2, DOBSONVILLE, 1863 Bidli
- 381. Ephraim Jomo Ndhlovu 981128 5856 085 3041 Ramotse Section, BELA-BELA, 0480 Setshedi
- 382. Paul Timothy John Leeuw 971112 5714 082 8 Glen Street, Richmond Hill, PORT ELIZABETH, 6001 Ryan
- 383. John Panderhani Mtshali 870924 5372 089 1330 Mokwebo Stand, WINTERVELDT, 0198 Mokwebo
- 384. Sandile Zamani Nxumalo 780728 5611 084 Mjoji Area, NDWEDWE, 4340 Shabalala
- 385. Mondli Dladla 880828 5770 085 Nkunzebomvu, EMPANGENI, 3910 Shabalala
- 386. Palesa Trulia Cossa 910327 0538 088 5947 Makalima, SEBOKENG, 1913 Mothopeng
- 387. Zuza Khoza 800306 5632 081 2250 Harry Gwala Street, DAVEYTON, 1520 Nkabinde
- 388. Mzomuhle Mthiyane 990718 5601 082 Mpembeni Reserve, ESIKHAWINI, 3567 Khoza
- 389. Thembinkosi Hlongwane 991219 5756 082 34448 Sankontshe Area, HAMMARSDALE, 3700 Zakwe
- 390. Sfundo Thamsanga Phungula 981018 5471 086 Sampofu Area, MSINGA, 3010 Mntungwa
- 391. Thabang Jerry Nameng 940912 5310 080 30 12th Avenue, ALEXANDRA, 2090 Fannel
- 392. Charles Tumelo Namo 891207 5620 086 2859 Ndlaki Street, DAVEYTON, 1520 Kodisang
- 393. Mathews Miya 870927 5532 081 11 Park Street, RANDFONTEIN, 1760 Maloka
- 394. Nkosikhona Victor Mthembu 850220 5507 087 32 Plane Street, JOHANNESBURG, 2001 Mchunu
- 395. Xolani Chris Kraqa 960810 5508 080 3330 Morula Street, Extension 1, PROTEA GLEN, 2001 Mboniswa
- 396. Nomusa Ronicca Ndebele 770703 0322 088 D 611 Dinangwe Road, KWADABEKA, 3610 Chonco
- 397. Athabile Maseti 000516 5825 083 70064 Zakheni Section, KWAMHLANGA, 1022 Ncube
- 398. Calvin Thokozani Tshabangu 000204 5562 085 1072 Extension 2, Delpark, DELMAS, 2210 Khanye
- 399. Lungile Millicent Gumede 800915 1185 082 D 458 Mpumalanga Township, HAMMARSDALE, 3700 Mdluli
- 400. Khomotso Luciano Modyela 861209 5608 083 111 Zone C, Longtilly, NAMAKGALE, 1291 Maake
- 401. Somila Vani 000818 0538 087 P O Box 51, STERKSPRUIT, 9762 November
- 402. Kate Gopolang Sithole 910714 0572 086 8785 Morula View, MABOPANE, 0190 Maleka
- 403. Pakiso Steven Sithole 810123 5315 080 919 Evaton North, EVATON, 1984 Kunene
- 404. Mahlatsi Monyane Ngele 981118 5531 085 8487 Extension 6, Phomolong, MAMELODI EAST, 0100 Magolego
- 405. Nokwanda Penelope Mzimela 970626 0735 082 B 1462 Khokhoba Road, KWAMASHU, 4359 Khumalo
- 406. Thulani Zulu 000116 5456 086 Ph 3 712, Block 6, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Maphutha
- 407. Kenneth Tumelo Lekgwati 980628 5601 085 26175 Aseletho Street, Extension 8, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Pakadi
- 408. Cebo Lehlohonolo Nyama 940319 5079 089 542 B Mmilo Street, Zone 3, MEADOWLANDS, 1852 *Lethiba*
- 409. Mandisa Zamakhuba Sithole 010919 0282 086 M 491 Bhungezi Road, KWA MASHU, 4360 Mpungose
- 410. Annestacia Seudula Mlahleki 911120 0362 081 31 Hlakubela Street, SAULSVILLE, 0125 Mashile
- 411. Gopolang Mthombeni 990305 5836 080 533 A Rabakala, LETLHBILE, 0195 Sepeng
- 412. Constance Ngcobo 650224 0500 081 669 Mbali Place, Molweni Area, PINETOWN, 3600 Mchunu
- 413. Athenkosi Kabane 860707 5491 088 2285 Zelethu Street, Chris Hani, MBEKWENI, 7600 Mengcane
- 414. Mookamedi Marcus Motube 890907 5823 082 House No 159 E, Perth Village, KURUMAN, 8460 Bareeng
- 415. Zanemvula Bobani 760206 5595 080 Kalama Location, KING WILLIAMSTOWN, 5600 Stofile
- 416. Pearl Refiloe Sedumedi 930623 0249 080 1248 A Zone 9, Meadowlands, SOWETO, 1852 Lebakeng
- 417. Andiswa Andrew Bhengu 990912 5868 086 Amandawe Ward 4, SCOTTBURGH, 4180 Nzuza
- 418. Senzo Cyril Mpunzi 980304 5324 082 Dd 16 Zone 7, Thembalethu, GEORGE, 6530 *Thelelo*
- 419. Goodness Siphiwe Sambo 910331 0370 088 4293 Zakhe Street, Extension 2, VOSLOORUS, 1475 Ntamele
- 420. Uyathandwa Quinton Dos Santos 991209 5867 088 208 Tom Street, NEW CROSSROADS, 7750 Gcwabe

- 421. Thina Majambe 980622 5774 083 8470 Mgwali Street, Extension 6, MFULENI, 7100 Metuse
- 422. Tshepho Klaas Makalela 810831 5771 082 Makiting, MOLETLANE, 0697 Maja
- 423. Erwin Monare Ramaube 971109 5514 082 Tshehlwaneng Village, SEKHUKHUNE, 1124 Matlala
- 424. Gosiamang Philly Makopo Botjoko 970918 6040 082 P O Box 621, MARISHANE, 1064 Sello
- 425. Siyabonga Maseko 000611 6080 083 Mansheni Village, NEBO, 1059 Kabinde
- 426. Precious Ngwanamokone Mamosadi 000710 1353 089 No 0426 , Lucky, NEBO, 1051 Sekwati
- 427. Isaac Sambo 000301 6489 084 P O Box 412, STEENBOK, 1347 Ngomane
- 428. Ngaba Pule Nodonti 960717 6046 087 35 Captain Street, MOTHERWELL, 6211 Ngoma
- 429. Nzuzo Bhengu 010615 5640 084 Nxamalala Area, NKANDLA, 3855 Goge
- 430. Nokuphiwa Fortunate Nxumalo 000904 1347 080 P O Box 177, WARTBURG, 3230 Shandu
- 431. Rachel Makoto Maabela 001126 0829 087 No 2280 , POLOKWANE, 0700 Ramakgolo
- 432. Ayanda Mtungwa 000620 1571 087 P O Box 183, Gxobanyawe Areaw, TUGELA FERRY, 3010 Thusi
- 433. Siyabulela Bizela 000922 6241 082 Ndlunkulu Area, ENCOBO, 5050 Gcora
- 434. Lehlohonolo Richard Sibeko 970118 5942 087 2648 Refengkgotso, DENEYSVILLE, 1932 Mokoena
- 435. Lindelani Siyabonga Madondo 950605 5771 080 3170 Ncotshane Street, BOCHUM, 3100 Mamba
- 436. Sabelo Protas Vilakazi 941103 5597 087 R 765, UMLAZI, 4001 Mgobhozi
- 437. Gugu Precious Phewa 801212 0522 088 050254 Ntaka Road, Nyuswa Reserve, BOTHA'S HILL, 3660 Ndlovu
- 438. Bulelani Peter 900705 6040 088 85 Mankana, Graceland, MOSSELBAY, 6530 Magombo
- 439. Michael Koketso Motloutsi 900506 5487 084 5374 Direlago Street, Extension 4, NELLMAPIUS, 0162 Kopane
- 440. Cornelius Mudau 770416 5481 086 1721 Mushango Village, MUSINA, 0900 Motau
- 441. Andile Nomsa Mndaweni 011207 1109 089 Boshoek Farm, UTRECHT, 2980 Mlambo
- 442. Dumisani Andile Makaka 010402 6415 083 2943 Section I, EKANGALA, 1021 Lekhuleni
- 443. Nkosingiphile Greshender Monaheng 020210 0279 084 426 Mhlanga Street, Extension 2, LANGAVILLE, 1550 Mhlanga
- 444. Jappie Dumisani Shabalala 781008 5936 081 3866 Extension 23, BETHAL, 2310 Ngwenya
- 445. Phillip Masango 780913 5572 086 106 Welgedacht Avenue, SPRINGS, 1356 Mngomezulu
- 446. Nontutuzelo Lydia Ngqeme 940417 0209 089 286 King Street, Diktlhake, KOFFIEFONTEIN, 9986 Guma
- 447. Wendy Sindiswa Gama 001103 0513 086 Engodini Area, LOSKOP, 3330 Mazibuko
- 448. Itumeleng Innocentia Geld 890919 0346 084 1073 Phelandaba, BETHULIE, 9992 Molahloe
- 449. Paul Mosia 760730 5411 089 1755 Nyathi Street, Rockville, SOWETO, 1800 Ndlovu
- 450. Ryan Khumbuza Nomdebevana 940626 5184 085 Albertsville Road, PORT SHEPSTONE, 4240 Cele
- 451. Kedibone Annah Tlhako 630501 1034 086 House No 147 E, Gamokatedi, KURUMAN, 8460 Mongale
- 452. Masesi Makhosi Khoza 700203 1067 084 Bucanana Village, EMPANGENI, 3880 Mchunu
- 453. Moses Newson 701229 5153 082 2 Mathanzima Street, KIMBERLEY, 8300 Leeu
- 454. Philile Mirriam Mndaweni 921030 0199 086 15737 Allegro Street, BRAAMFISHERVILLE, 1725 Nkosi
- 455. Matsobane Caiphus Mnisi 910817 5237 082 1460 Vuyelwa Street, Extension 1, KATLEHONG, 1401 Ledwaba
- 456. Mandlenkosi Hadebe 970302 5293 085 T 21 Old Mine, Jameson Park, NIGEL, 1490 Dhlamini
- 457. Dimpo-Ziphozihle Mutlane 961106 0614 083 21 Polka Place, Extension 4, OLIEVENHOUTBOSCH, 0187 Dywili
- 458. Arenavho Muofhe 980517 5718 082 P O Box 735, VHUFULI, 0971 Mathieledzha
- 459. Sanele Jerry Masilela 991006 5386 089 2063 Block F, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Mashigo
- 460. Gontse Brian Rankapole 900405 5706 082 1164 A Thembelihle Street, Emdeni South, SOWETO, 1717 Mogale
- 461. Lloyenda Goitseone Rametsi 980306 0494 083 29 Kerk Street, Jari House, JOHANNESBURG, 2001 Lelaka
- 462. Ivan Nkosi 751001 5517 080 120 Dlamini 2, BOngiwe Street, SOWETO, 1717 Ntuli
- 463. Tswakae Margaret Gloria Ntsutle 750104 1174 087 150 Mount Street, BRYANSTON, 2021 Radebe

- 464. Thabo Malada 980617 5801 084 4240 Angrabies Drive, WATERFALL, 1682 Manyatsa
- 465. Lesego Motshidi 890202 0442 082 1358 Moshoete Street, Mapetla, SOWETO, 1818 Modise
- 466. Timothy Matsupe Molope 710919 5654 084 18289 Lesika Street, Extension 25, VOSLOORUS, 1475 Pitsoane
- 467. Phopolo Collen Monageng 840601 5399 083 1511 Moteti, DENNILTON, 1030 Namane
- 468. Enet Curra Vilakazi 621010 1382 082 House no 290, Vergenoeg, KURUMAN, 8460 Van Wyk
- 469. Welcome Skosana 000808 6051 086 3255 Extension 6, EMPHUMELEWENI, 1039 Madlabane
- 470. Nokwanda Ndebele 980919 1283 089 Mahhashini Area, NONGOMA, 3801 Buthelezi
- 471. Simphiwe Tankiso Mosia 990710 5850 082 Acton Homes Area, BERGVILLE, 3350 Dladla
- 472. Minenhle Zama Thusi 960130 0421 084 26 Langing, 12 Kings Road, PINETOWN, 3600 Mhlongo
- 473. Si mphiwe Dladla 000710 6366 086 389 Manzana Street, KIMBERLEY, 8345 Vava
- 474. S'busiso Mthobisi Buthelezi 840904 5726 085 House no 6802, OSIZWENI, 2957 Dlamini
- 475. Katlego Isaac Makgasha 931222 5612 084 Stand no 33, Ga-Matsea, SOVENGA, 0727 Modiba
- 476. Ayanda Mndaweni 960123 0375 087 15737 Allegro Street, BRAAMFISCHERVILLE, 1864 Nkosi
- 477. Mxolisi Wilson Yoyo 570708 5791 080 280 River Road, Irene, CENTURION, 0140 Sondara
- 478. Thomas Kgokong 710910 6050 083 2397 Matlhobolo Section, BATLHAROS, 8476 Chere
- 479. Asavela Sigebenga 980803 1016 089 M 14997 Memani Street, KTC, NYANGA, 7500 Ngundze
- 480. Poppy Ladylove Khene 891129 0562 081 8372 Kobe Street, Extension 2, DOBSONVILLE, 1863 Mavimbela
- 481. Brian Augus 961124 5419 085 Meriting, Extension 1, RUSTENBURG, 0300 Newson
- 482. Demi Rossouw 970221 0046 084 48 Ross Street, CAPE TOWN, 7440 Van Zyl
- 483. Emmanuel Mhlengi Khumalo 781110 5800 083 441 Inanda Glebe, INANDA, 4309 Langa
- 484. Ngoako Dorothy Matabola 020303 0104 087 Stand no 453 A, Mokopu, RAMOKGOPA, 0811 Raphahlelo
- 485. Mthokozisi Nyawo 910821 5772 080 B 2 Masakhane Village, WITBANK, 1035 Ndlovu
- 486. Brenda Miemie Masango 820617 0804 087 1875 Block G, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Machika
- 487. Fhatuwani Nevhulaudzi 840804 5397 087 42 Tempo Complex, Mozartlane, MIDRAND, 1010 Mafenya
- 488. Sfiso Halalisani Ngcobo 801118 5753 083 1586 Office Street, CLERMONT, 3610 Dladla
- 489. Tshegofatso Solly Tsotetsi 991116 5486 084 1967 X 8 Xenon Street, NELLMAPIUS, 0122 Mushandana
- 490. Nqobile Kunene 821229 0846 081 956 Long-Homes, GREYTOWN, 3250 Ndlovu
- 491. Percy Bonginkosi Msibi 991212 5756 087 XS 11 394, MAMELODI EAST, 0120 Mazive
- 492. Tshepiso Makwana 961106 5904 083 488 Modikwe, WINTERVELDT, 0100 Makondo
- 493. Lesiba Frans Maleka 760316 5647 086 Ga-Mashashane Village, SESHEGO, 0740 Mashao
- 494. Isaac Mbuyiswa Seutlwali 900605 5601 080 101116 Extension 7 B, ORANGE FARM, 1803 Mzolo
- 495. Thabang Pilane 950605 5489 089 1357 Lekung Street, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Ndhlovu
- 496. Siphiwe Simelane 910429 5689 088 1744 Plover Street, Extension 3, Ebony Park, MIDRAND, 1685 Molefe
- 497. Reginah Lebohang Mariri 880424 0718 087 Stand no 12567, Extension 10, EMBALENHLE, 2285 Mofolo
- 498. Nonjabulo Masombuka 001225 0726 085 55 Siyabiswa D, MDUTJANA, 0472 Ngoma
- 499. Simbonge Ngidi 011218 5344 085 New River Area, INANDA, 4310 Nene
- 500. Kwazi Vuyo Mthethwa 990311 5582 088 H 502 Sibisi Road, HAMMARSDALE, 3700 Ndlovu
- 501. Ramokone Lisbeth Morudu 960826 0749 081z Stand no 284, MMOTONG, 0751 Morolong
- 502. Kutloano Boledi Lema 020126 0343 086 Stand no 441, Podile Village, GA-MOLEPO, 0701 Senama
- 503. Ophele Fedel Makgopa 981007 5237 084 3808 Martin Mabitsela, ALEXANDRA, 2001 Masenya
- 504. Molefi Edwin Mothai 901113 5208 088 8381 Thabang, WELKOM, 9463 Lenong
- 505. Mmaphefo Maria Mosegaethebe 720820 0700 088 20027 Rasetlang Section, PELLA, 2890 Motlhabane

- 506. Sonicca Lerato Gumbu 890810 0796 081 Madisha-Digoro, ZEBEDIELA, 0631 Nkuna
- 507. Ayanda Dlamini 971201 6104 086 Bhoda Area, UMZIMKHULU, 3297 Ngutyana
- 508. Nomthandazo Molefe 011107 1070 085 6560 Dudu Road, KWA MASHU, 4020 Thungo
- 509. Siyanda Osborne Msibi 010518 6070 089 House no 1523, Glonoilung, DOORNPOORT, 1490 Mashinini
- 510. Siyabonga Ayanda Dlulisa 010514 6343 089 B 93 Mamba Road, KWA MASHU, 4010 Ngcobo
- 511. Lifa Mkatshwa 010909 6225 080 Stand no 1848, KABOKWENI, 1245 Mathabathe
- 512. Lusanda Ntobela 010103 6516 082 Dumezulu Location, IZINGOLWENI, 4260 Xolo
- 513. Thapelo Lawrence 010208 6020 082 1172 Zone 20, GA-RANKUWA, 0200 Malebye
- 514. Joy Ndzo 011018 1077 089 67 Cazablanca Clear Water Estate, BOKSBURG, 1542 Mkhonto
- 515. Philani Ximba 810101 7478 080 Emzisho Location, TUGELA FERRY, 3200 Nzama
- 516. Phillip Mashego Hlungwane 790911 5565 082 51 Sunbird Street, Rainbow Park, POLOKWANE, 0700 Tlaila
- 517. Xolane Johannes Zulu 980517 5182 081 712 Block 6, Phase 3, MAMELODI EAST, 0100 Maphutha
- 518. Mabotlane Lisbeth Masoga 990613 0653 081 Thabazimbi Section, HAMMANSKRAAL, 0402 Chiloane
- 519. Njabulo Siyabonga Vooi 910703 5584 089 P O Box 7325, TOKOZA, 1426 Nyandeni
- 520. Siphokuhle Steven Vuntu 941012 5445 082 109 Lebo Street, KRAAIFONTEIN, 7570 Ndlovu
- 521. Luyanda Siyanda Teedy Hadebe 010405 5781 082 Loskop Village, ESTCOURT, 3310 Ngcobo
- 522. Zamokuhle Msawakhe Ntuli 010426 5701 086 Gudu Area, MONDLO, 3105 Sibiya
- 523. Mpho John Molatudi 920319 5507 083 54 Phooko , KATLEHONG, 1431 Radebe
- 524. Charles Tsaepo Moreo 890531 5468 084 1248 Extension 8, TLHABOLOGANG, 2725 Thabane
- 525. Mncedisi Thabiso Mfene 970502 5126 082 166 B Matswedi Street, MEADOWLANDS, 1720 Mofokeng
- 526. Andisiwe Dyosi 010806 0727 089 4108 Olga Ncwata Road, SAMORA MACHEL, 7785 Mpahlwa
- 527. Sibusiso Masondo 820101 6623 080 105 Mtwallme Street, Extension 2, TOKOZA, 1426 Ndaba
- 528. Matuba Jackson Talane 760405 6291 083 Ga-Masemola Village, JANE FURSE, 1060 Manala
- 529. Denvy Mavabaza 830321 5830 084 P O Box 343, NWAMITWA, 0871 Maimela
- 530. Shayn Gwillim De Lange 921104 5080 086 124 Wessel Street, FAIRLAND, 2030 Gwillim
- 531. Jacky Makobe 960811 5643 083 Moeding, MASEMOLA, 1060 *Diale*
- 532. Menelisi Somakahle 011011 5237 080 Thonjeni Location, UMZIMKHULU, 3297 *Jileka*
- 533. Recardo Derely Sibusiso Zwane 810214 5404 089 Unit 14 Samuel Flats, 69 North Rand Road, KEMPTON PARK, 1816 Khumalo
- 534. S'thembiso Nhlangulela 960110 5919 084 1378 Vezi Road, OVERSPILL, 4020 Mchunu
- 535. Nkosinathi Selby Dube 840123 5233 089 A 771 Inanda, NEWTOWN, 4020 Xaba
- 536. Nhlanhla Dlamini 911128 5796 088 S 75 Mhlabumzima, KWADABEKA, 3610 Bhengu
- 537. Kgopolo Solomon Mosime 891122 5561 083 1009 Bethal Section, LEFARAGATHE, 0301 Mahlangu
- 538. Mphahle Gift Makota 710822 5339 088 Mehlareng Village, GOMPIES, 0631 Munyai
- 539. Mnoneleli Rangana 730224 5812 089 Ntibane Area, TSOLO, 5170 Nkwebi
- 540. Tshepo Moatshe 910312 5339 088 60 17th Avenue, ALEXANDRA, 2040 Mpyatona
- 541. Lesego Aubrey Mmusi 780526 5383 088 61 Espirit Estate, SANDTON, 2100 Mokone
- 542. Kopano Humphrey Mogale-Seelamo 831125 5707 088 913 Maina Street, SCWEIZER RENEKE, 2780 Mogale
- 543. Emmanuel Thabo Motsweni 910831 5108 086 183 Kwananele , BREYTEN, 2330 *Khoza*
- 544. Sbongile Phillip 930607 0580 081 15 Nomvenou Street, Ilitha park, KHAYELITSHA, 7784 Mtsila
- $545. \hspace{0.5cm} \textbf{Kgomotso Ronaldo Jautse } 010419\ 5691\ 084\ -\ 1760\ Metejwe\ Section,\ TLOKWENG,\ 2839\ -\ \textit{Lekete}$
- 546. Katlego Portia Mocumi 890703 0761 082 House no 982, B Knock, KAGUNG, 8400 *Magano*
- 547. Sello Matsemela 950419 5517 083 6751 Unit T, TEMBA, 0407 *Phoshoko*
- 548. Sandisiwe Mafanya 870423 5618 088 P O Box 424, MTHATHA, 5099 Tyekela

- 549. Tumelo William Napo 880825 5766 089 226 Extension 1, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Msiza
- 550. Masego Monty Peter Maphosa 900417 5230 088 66 Ronny Masloanganye Street, SAULSVILLE, 0125 Bopape
- 551. Thapelo Happyness Kobe 970630 0962 084 P O Box 24, BOCHUM, 0790 Mpuru
- 552. Mphoyabona Sydney Danisa 980419 5347 089 1245 Zone A, LEBOWAKGOMO, 0737 Ncongwane
- 553. Letago Betrum Mphahlele 950919 6031 083 Mampiri Village, MPHAHLELE, 0736 Modipana
- 554. Kabelo Samuel Maloma 881002 5727 086 71086 Marumo Street, DAVEYTON, 1520 Senong
- 555. Tumelo Raphashe Mchunu 970411 5291 088 8097 Zondi Street, DAVEYTON, 1520 Mathibe
- 556. Tebogo Kekana 880610 5336 087 37072 Lusaka Khuto Street, Extension 22, MAMELODI EAST, 0122 Ngubeni
- 557. Victor Tabane Mogashoa 810912 5633 082 14625 Kgagodi Street, MAMELODI EAST, 0100 Geldenhuys
- 558. Joseph Mokhari 800429 5630 085 B 22 Nagameng, MDUTJANA, 2472 Mohlala
- 559. Piet Mandhlazi 900716 5950 086 6054 Sewgapa Street, Extension 7, FREEDOM PARK, 0510 Masango
- 560. Koketso Thabo Thibedi 850124 5642 086 10222 Zone 1, GA-RANKUWA, 0100 Moloisane
- 561. Sibongiseni Goodman Nkosi 831205 5800 081 H 30 Lindelani, KINGSWAY, 1501 Motha
- 562. Ntombizodwa Sweetness Dlamini 720228 0405 080 6417 Bandura Street, Extension 11, NELLMAPIUS, 0122 Mahlangu
- 563. Thalios Kheepe Chelopo 840721 5382 085 Mokwasele Village, TZANEEN, 0850 Malematja
- 564. Kegomoditswe Simon Moutloane 911015 5096 082 1685 Polonia, MMAKAU, 0201 Mmoledi
- 565. Yandisa Jada 821015 0425 087 8 Xipula Street, Kwandokuthula, PLETTENBERG BAY, 6600 Njovane
- 566. Matsobane William Mavalela 780908 5431 085 453 Strekwater, MOKOPANE, 5600 Gwagwa
- 567. Sduduzo Thango 010122 5781 083 Mahlabaneni Area, VRYHEID, 3100 Mjiyakho
- 568. Neo Alfred Moloi 960312 5400 087 18775 Extension 12, Ikageng, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2531 Mothabe
- 569. Keoobametse Mokwene 891202 5655 083 House no B44, BATTLEMOUNT, 8460 Mpuru
- $570. \quad \text{Mbongiseni Siphamandla Mbili } 880712\ 5540\ 088\ \ \text{Dududu Road, UMZIMKHULU, } 4180\ \ \textit{Ngcobo}$
- 572. Bathobile Nonkululeko Jali 901117 0576 084 221 Basden Avenue, Unit 24, Falcon Crest, CENTURION, 3200 Nxumalo
- 573. Jan Seabelo Molepo 790706 5826 082 670 Block TT, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Seoka
- 574. Zisanda Dunga 000805 0526 089 All Saints Area, NGCOBO, 5050 Macozoma
- 575. Anele Gwanya 000321 5193 081 179 Riebeeck Street, GOODWOOD, 7460 *Nkonyana*
- 576. Lehlogonolo Josias Chiloana 920612 5374 086 37122 Cornwell Street, TSAKANE, 1550 Matea
- 577. Thabiso Brenton Tshwenyane 930223 5639 086 G127 Kingsway, BENONI, 0100 Matsepe
- 578. Letshela Walter Kekane 950516 5603 084 7214 Mokgaetsi , Extension 30, PRETORIA, 0001 Lekalakala
- 579. Signey Simphiwe Mashinini 870820 5465 081 4849 Extension 14, SECUNDA, 2280 *Mgaga*
- 580. Lesedi Kgomotso Mahlabegwane 990725 0084 081 12 Berghoon, MEREDALE, 2091 Rancho
- 581. Sonwabiso Buzani 010919 5560 080 3452 Nazo Street, Mike Valley, FORT BEAUFORT, 5720 Mathondolo
- 582. Aniya Winifred Leslie 010803 0106 083 4 Watermeyer Street, GRAHAMSTOWN, 6139 Holder
- 583. Nina Olivia Leslie 990829 0028 088 4 Watermeyer Street, GRAHAMSTOWN, 6139 Holder
- 584. Herman Tsomele Sello 810530 5683 087 1021 Extension 24, Tsunani, GA-RANKUWA, 0208 Pule
- 585. Luyanda Mbatha 011116 6070 081 Nqabeni Location, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Ndlovu
- 586. Nduduzo Thabiso Makhathini 010227 5267 080 Unit 18, Imbali, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Mfeka
- 587. Tidimalo Mildred Matibako 010811 1005 089 Selosesha Section, MOROKWENG, 8600 Phele
- 588. Nontokozo Fikile Ndala 010929 1240 082 5026 Two-ling, SIYABUSWA, 0472 Masilela
- 589. Pfariso Glan Ramutumba 011017 5883 088 Dzimaulu Village, MUTALE, 0956 Muvhango
- 590. Mahlatse Hope Mabulana 010802 5689 085 Mahlatse Hope, GA-NTATA, 0535 Manyama

- 591. Minenhle Zondo 000329 5925 089 Mpumuza Location, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Ndlovu
- 592. Harrold Letsholo Chiloane 891220 5544 081 P O Box 161, ENGODINI, 1242 Malumane
- 593. Sipho Kenneth Zitha 840113 5342 089 Stand no 1014, KAMHLUSHWA, 1040 Dlozi
- 594. Hosea Motlhodi Dlamini 820824 5787 081 288/19 Block BB, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Mathabathe
- 595. Sibusiso Magnificent Nkabinde 950227 5874 085 7256 Orongo Street, DAVEYTON, 1520 Skosana
- 596. Nelisiwe Valencia Kula 910130 0495 089 1194 Isichala Street, Extension 14, Vosloorus, TONGAAT, 1475 Sikhosana
- 597. Molatodi Stephen Rasenyalo 800726 5731 080 1818 Tweefonteinn K, KWA-MHLANGA, 9781 Siluma
- 598. Matome Archiruft Thokolo 880107 6076 085 Block BB 7, Itereleng, LAUDIUM, 0037 Kgatla
- 599. Simosakhe Cyprian Maphanga 850202 6383 080 2084 Manqindi Road, CATO RIDGE, 3600 Mkhize
- 600. Bhekokuhle Kuhle Rudolph Phora 950311 5844 080 Stand no 276, DENNILTON, 1050 Mlangeni
- 601. Nhlakanipho Mkhize-Hlongwane 880420 5849 083 Unit 168, Soholofts, 10 Soho Lane, FOURWAYS, 2191 Mkhize
- 602. Modiko Moses Pale 860812 5743 080 86 Lakaneng Section, TEMBISA, 0600 Seleka
- 603. Pitso Clinton Motswagae 830920 5938 084 House no 640, Ramokgotsi Section, CHANENG, 0300 Phatshwane
- 604. Kabelo Johannes Mokgatle 770912 5874 080 House no B046, Mogono Section, LUKA, 0314 Motsomi
- 605. Blessing Phasha 930404 5613 087 206 Ga-Phasha, SEKHUKHUNE, 1124 Mohlala
- 606. Lebohang Lidia Phiri 940110 0276 089 604 Stand, DENNILTON, 1030 Maphothoma
- 607. Singcwalise Mgele 900714 0863 081 Stand no 25, Two Town, KHAYELITSHA, 7784 Mxabo
- 608. Simnikiwe Buntu Siduka 011010 5170 085Ngxabaxha Area, MOUNT FRERE, 5090 Hlabingwe
- 609. Molebogeng Molobatsagae Betty Makole 881201 0594 083 1803 Moretologa Street, Phase 8, GA-RANKUWA, 0208 Moeketsi
- 610. Mduduzi Mokgomogane 970601 5747 085 5130 G Stoffel Park, MAMELODI, 0152 Mthimunye
- 611. Musawenkosi Godfrey Sandlana 860730 5465 084 1201 JB Magra , Rocklands, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300 Khumalo
- 612. Jabulani Victor Mazibuko 870321 5272 080 7806 Makhoba Street, Extension 2, DOBSONVILLE, 1000 Mathye
- 613. Themba Sipho Nkabinde 920528 5277 089 3001 Vilakazi Street, ROCKVILLE, 1818 Mazibuko
- 614. Mxolisi Maxwell Shezi 890810 5511 089 15983 Paul Shezi Road, LUGANDA, 3610 Mabida
- 615. Ayanda Xaba 930730 0276 086 2303 B Lesito Street, Zola 2, SOWETO, 1268 Ntshangase
- 616. Kopano George Khatla 861026 5619 088 4301 Extension 6, CLOCOLAN, 9730 Mereko
- 617. Themba Tuis Kwebu 980729 5221 088 8198 Makonyane Street, WITSIESHOEK, 9870 Mokoena
- 618. Noko Setati 921228 5193 084 42 Oak Drive, KYALAMI, 1684 Masuku
- 619. Sarah Maphuti Mabotja 970112 0497 080 75 Section, SEGOPJE, 0744 Rakau
- 620. Xolani Mcondo Mwandla 860529 5745 085 Ngome Area, VRYHEID, 3100 Magwaza
- 621. Simphiwe Comfort Mlaba 930921 5187 085 27678 Mpola , Milkyway, PINETOWN, 3600 Kubheka
- 622. Nkosinathi Cavine Ngwenyama 860810 5476 081 839 Claremont Street, DASPOORT, 0010 Hlatshwayo
- 623. Koketso Fanny Mokoena 810810 6068 086 15323 Extension 11, SOSHANGUVE, 0152 Mashifane
- 624. Aubrey Sabelo Xana 911226 5895 080 2233 Mothupi Street, Letsopa Location, OTTOSDAL, 2610 Maqadika
- 625. Agness Kelebogile Kgopodimetse 720516 0732 085 436 Modiba Street, GLAUDINAH, 2700 Molokwane
- 626. Ayanda Thango 010122 5782 081 Mahlabimeni Area, VRYHEID, 3100 Mjiyakho
- $627. \hspace{0.5cm} \textbf{Gopolang Thomas Ramphora -750314\ 5731\ 085\ -356\ Visagie\ Street,\ PRETORIA,\ 0001\ -\textit{Tjobonde}}$
- 628. Siyabonga Thabani Ngobese 010102 5436 086 Eskom No 274132, Dicks Hawet, OSIZWENI, 2940 Majola
- 629. Thandekile Nokulunga Mkhwanazi 870709 0365 083 F 287 Ward 32, ESIZWENI, 2952 Mthethwa
- 630. Siboniso Christian Sithebe 891203 5723 087 No 3107, OSIZWENI, 2952 Dlamini
- 631. Harry Sydney Matsane 810511 5487 083 2922 Extension 2, BOITEKONG, 0201 Nkosi
- 632. Macdonald Segoshane Segafa 980430 5847 085 Ga-Mampuru, STEELPOORT, 1080 Mashilangako

- 634. Ikanyeng Kennedy Selebogo 930808 5473 088 P O Box 949, GANYESA, 8613 Manoko
- 635. Mbandeni Elias Nkale 840601 5495 089 126 Maralaneng, WITSIESHOEK, 9870 Tshabalala
- 636. Pheello Benedict Mbele 910702 5505 086 House no 444, WITSIESHOEK, 0870 Mofokeng
- 637. Mororiseng Brutus Motepa 940509 5368 082 6818 Phase 4, BLOEMFONTEIN, 9300 Molipa
- 638. Nozipho Jennifer Ngcobo 880112 0387 082 7 Butteralt Road, WATERLOO, 4010 Msomi
- 639. Bonisile Ritta Hlongwane 841002 0998 087 C 1013, FOLWENI, 4105 Mnyandu
- 640. Lesiba Johannes Mandhlazi 781212 6495 085 Mogoto Village, KORINGPUNT, 0632 Kekana
- 641. Kamvelihle Mabuya 001104 1051 084 No 93 Zone 4, CAPE TOWN, 9300 Sotashe
- 642. Mongezi Benny Mnisi 000425 6176 084 No 565, KWAMHLANGA, 1022 Motau
- 643. Kgothatso Kenny Phahlane 000626 6055 083 2163 Section F, EKANGALA, 1021 Kgapula
- 644. Manxotwe Maneathi 510626 0150 081 Shukunxa Area, QUMBU, 5180 Plaatjie
- 645. Nomcebo Ntombela 981231 1085 087 Balgowanbosch Hoek Farm, HOWICK, 3295 Mlotshwa
- 646. Thamsanga Ndumiso Mbele 011104 5488 082 Emdlebu Location, ESTCOURT, 3210 Madondo
- 647. Zodwa Patience Mdlalose 780921 0330 087 Dambuza Location, PIETERMARITZBURG, 3200 Mkhize
- 648. Lillian Dikeledi Motlhoki 730507 0444 084 1141 San Baronto Estate, Cnr Dornel and Van Heerden Street, Halfway Gardens, MIDRAND, 1685 Mabalane
- 649. Tshidiso Sanieboy Moeng 830926 5329 083 P O Box 2234, VRYBURG, 5600 Hebe
- 650. Kristen Gina Hempel 940815 0243 083 112 Maureen Circle, Bluewater Bay, PORT ELIZABETH, 6001 Mackenzie-Hempel
- 651. Nceba Mandisi Gladile 830912 5714 086 91 Termunus Road, NYANGA, 7500 Ntenda
- 652. Luvuyo Kolwana 890706 5367 086 5622 Ndlebe Street, Site B, NYANGA, 7784 Dyasi
- 653. Uyazi Daluxolo Matwasa 820315 5702 089 Mfinizweni Area, LUSIKISIKI, 4820 Bezana
- 654. Enock Dodana Phungula 810529 5697 089 Sh 039 Murogan Road, GLEN HILLS, 4449 *Qulu*
- 655. Tshegofatso Hlamulo Mathye 950826 5315 088 1 Shingwenzi Street, POLOKWANE, 0699 Lebepe
- 656. Yanga Cijana 000518 5213 088 Ngudle Area, TSOMO, 5350 Hlabeni
- 657. Ntshwari Felicia Mabhena 810807 0319 085 145 Section BA, KWA-MHLANGA, 1022 Mabitsela
- 658. Suprise Gadifele Makiti 940119 0294 083 Tau Tlou Village, KEMPTON PARK, 1620 Mmotong
- 659. Xolane Sidwell Hlongwane 851119 5345 085 19365 Tau Street, ROCKLANDS, 9301 Ndungane
- 660. Phumlani Bonginkosi Walter Mkhwanazi 850111 5711 086 2201 Phase 1, Braamfischer, ROODEPOORT, 1724 Mngomezulu
- 661. Ngcebo Samantha Maluka 010608 0300 085 36 Minaar Street, BALFOUR, 2410 Mashabela
- 662. Letlhogile Moses Mohloua 821213 5299 082 333 Matihare Street, Ikageng Location, POTCHEFSTROOM, 2531 Motingoe
- 663. Masintle Zanele Mazibuko 860202 0290 081 406 Ncala Section, KATLEHONG, 1431 Mhlambi
- 664. Mothibedi Isaac Majake 720504 5616 081 201 H Section, BOTSHABELO, 9781 Lebeko
- 665. Thobile Theresa Shozi 920103 0590 082 300123 Ophuthwini Area, INCHANGA, 3610 Phewa
- 666. Sifiso Madondo 741014 5552 083 Lenge Area, WASBANK, 2920 *Mbatha*
- 667. Salang Emmah Legotsa 000528 0766 089 30036 Leshobo, TAUNG, 8584 Seriri
- 668. Kgotso Letwaba 950105 5071 086 88 Sprinkaanvoel Street, EASTLYNNE, 0186 *Lee*
- 669. Madimetja Thomas Boya 670322 5649 089 1018 Thulang Street, Extension 17, MAWHELERENG, 2626 Tlokana
- 670. Thozamile Cetumane 800202 6895 084 10 Mzondi Street, Dunoon, MILNERTON, 7441 Nomna
- 671. Mpeyake Samuel Radebe 690103 6527 086 1259 Msikinya Street, AVATON, 1984 Nsele
- 672. Boitumelo Phillip Thuntsi 000128 5041 081 107 Myburgh Street, CAPITAL PARK, 0081 Mosehle
- 673. Thobelani Reginald Mkhize 860801 5486 089 Somzela Location, DONNYBROOK, 3231 Sikhakhane

NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION

NO. 1286 04 DECEMBER 2020

OFFICE OF HEALTH STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

I Siphiwe Mndaweni hereby publish the Enforcement Policy contained in the Schedule hereto, in terms of regulation 22(2) of the Procedural Regulations Pertaining to the Functioning of the Office of Health Standards Compliance and Handling of Complaints by the Ombud published in *Government Gazette* No. 40396, Notice No. 1365 of 2 November 2016.

DR SIPHIWE MNDAWENI

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER: OFFICE OF HEALTH STANDARDS COMPLIANCE

DATE: 19/11/2020

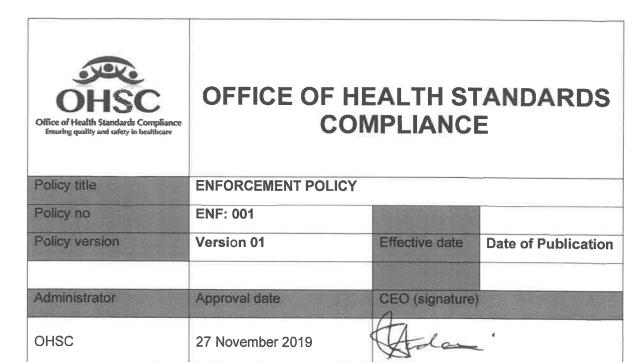


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1. DEFINITIONS

- 1.1. **"Board"** means the Board of the Office of Health Standards Compliance appointed in terms of Section 79A of the Act;
- 1.2. "Chief Executive Officer" means the person appointed as Chief Executive Officer of the Office in terms of Section 79H(1) of the Act;
- 1.3. "Constitution" means the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, Act 108 of 1996;
- 1.4. "Compliance Enforcement Committee" means an administrative body established by the Office to adjudicate on formal hearings relating to breaches or non-compliance with the prescribed norms and standards;
- 1.5. **"Early Warning System"** means the surveillance systems that collect information of serious breaches of norms and standards that prompt interventions by the health establishment, the Office or relevant authority;
- 1.6. "Health Establishment" means the whole or part of a public or private institution, facility, building or place, whether for profit or not, that is operated or designed to provide inpatient or outpatient treatment, diagnostic or therapeutic interventions, nursing, rehabilitative, palliative, convalescent, preventative or other health services;
- 1.7. "Inspector" means a person appointed as an inspector in terms of Section 80(2) of the Act;
- 1.8. "Minister" means the Minister responsible for Health;
- 1.9. "Norms and Standards" means the norms and standards prescribed by the Minister in terms of Section 90(1)(b) and (c) of the Act;
- 1.10. "Office / OHSC" means the Office of Health Standards Compliance established by Section 77(1) of the Act;

- 1.11. "Ombud" means a person appointed as an Ombud in terms of Section 81(1) of the Act;
- 1.12. "person-in-charge" means a person designated by the relevant authority, as a person in charge of a health establishment;
- 1.13. "Policy" means this Enforcement Policy of the Office;
- 1.14. "Reasonable time" means refers to the amount of time that is fairly required to do whatever is required to be done, conveniently under the permitted circumstances. For the purpose of the Office, reasonable time shall be any time frame within which a health establishment is required to perform a specific action and communicated accordingly;
- 1.15. "Regulations" means the Procedural Regulations Pertaining to the Functioning of the Office of Health Standards Compliance and Handling of Complaints by the Ombud;
- 1.16. "Relevant Authority" refers to provincial department of health, district health authority, municipal authority or executive management authority in the private sector;
- 1.17. "the Act" means the National Health Act, 2003 (Act No. 61 of 2003); and
- 1.18. "User" means the person receiving treatment in a health establishment, including receiving blood or blood products, or using a health service, and if the person receiving treatment or using a health service is—
 - (a) below the age contemplated in section 129 of the Children's Act 38 of 2005, "user" includes the person's parent or guardian, or another person authorised by law to act on the first mentioned person's behalf; or
 - (b) incapable of taking decisions, "user" includes the person's spouse or partner or, in the absence of such spouse or partner, the person's parent, grandparent, adult child or brother or sister, or another person authorised by law to act on the first mentioned person's behalf.

2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 The Office of Health Standards Compliance was established by section 77(1) of the National Health Act, 2003 (Act No. 61 of 2003), which recognised the need to foster good quality health services. The rationale behind the establishment of the Office was to put in place institutional mechanisms, to advise on how to improve quality of care, monitor, enforce and report on non-compliance with the prescribed norms and standards.
- 2.2 The norms and standards for different types of health establishments were developed to ensure that users receive health services at the acceptable standard.
- 2.3 The following are some of the activities that the Office is enjoined to perform as part of its responsibilities
 - a. Inspect health establishments to ensure compliance with the prescribed norms and standards;
 - b. Certify health establishments found to be compliant with the prescribed norms and standards;
 - c. Enforce compliance with the prescribed norms and standards;
 - d. Provide guidance and support on the interpretation and application of the prescribed norms and standards; and
 - e. Investigate complaints relating to the breaches of the prescribed norms and standards.

3. THE PURPOSE OF THE ENFORCEMENT POLICY

- 3.1 The purpose of the Enforcement Policy is to set out the approach to be followed by the Office in enforcing compliance by health establishments with the prescribed norms and standards to guide its employees, the Board as well as the categories of health establishments to whom the prescribed norms and standards apply.
- 3.2 This Enforcement Policy also sets out the roles and responsibilities of the stakeholders.

4. APPLICABLE LEGISLATION

- 4.1 The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, Act 108 of 1996;
- 4.2 The National Health Act, 2003 (Act No. 61 of 2003), as amended;
- 4.3 Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000);
- 4.4 The Protection of Personal Information Act, 2013 (Act No. 4 of 2013);
- 4.5 Promotion of Administrative Justice Act, 2003 (Act No. 3 of 2000);
- 4.6 Criminal Procedure Act, 1977 (Act No. 51 of 1977);
- 4.7 Norms and Standards Regulations applicable to different categories of health establishments, 2016; and
- 4.8 Procedural Regulations Pertaining to the Functioning of the Office of Health Standards Compliance and Handling of Complaints by the Ombud, 2016.

5. PRINCIPLES OF ENFORCEMENT

In exercising its enforcement powers and to promote the statutory objective of promoting and protecting the health and safety of users, the Office has adopted the following five (5) principles in its daily operations and regulatory decisions—

PRINCIPLE	DEFINITION
5.1 Accountability	The prescribed norms and standards set explicit benchmarks for health establishments that are objectively assessed and held accountable for compliance.
5.2 Transparency	Clear, specific, and explicit obligations are placed on health establishments through the norms and standards, assessment tools and procedures. Furthermore, regulatory findings and decisions are published, as required by the Regulations.
5.3 Targeting	Enforcement shall target health establishments and part thereof which poses a risk to users of health care services.
5.4 Proportionality	The response as well as the use of enforcement powers must be assessed by the Office to be proportionate to the circumstances of an individual case. Where the health establishment can remedy the breach and the risk to users is not immediate, the Office shall give the health establishment an opportunity to remedy the breach before taking enforcement action.
5.5 Consistency	The Office must take a similar approach, in similar cases, to achieve

similar outcomes, and ensure that regulatory enforcement processes are consistent, and decisions are reliable and fair (similar action in similar circumstances to achieve similar results).

6. SCOPE AND APPLICATION

- 6.1 This policy shall be applicable to-
 - 6.1.1 The OHSC Board;
 - 6.1.2 Employees of the OHSC;
 - 6.1.3 Health establishments; and
 - 6.1.4 Relevant authorities.

7. COMPLIANCE MONITORING

- 7.1 The Office monitors compliance with the norms and standards in several ways including, but not limited to—
 - 7.1.1 Inspections;
 - 7.1.2 Complaints investigations; and
 - 7.1.3 Early warning system.

8. EDUCATION, ADVICE AND GUIDANCE ON COMPLIANCE

- 8.1 The purpose of education, advice and guidance is to—
 - 8.1.1 raise awareness of all stakeholders' rights and obligations in relation to the prescribed norms and standards;
 - 8.1.1 support the person in charge of the health establishments on how to comply with the norms and standards and other applicable legislation; and
 - 8.1.3 empower and capacitate health establishments to address breaches of norms and standards within a reasonable time and achieve compliance.

9. INSPECTIONS

9.1 The purpose of inspections is to assess the extent of compliance by health establishments with the prescribed norms and standards and to provide support where necessary.

- 9.2 Inspectors appointed by the Office may—
 - 9.2.1 Inspect health establishments in accordance with the Inspection Strategy of the Office;
 - 9.2.2 Question any person who is believed to have in her or his possession any relevant information;
 - 9.2.3 Request documents from the person in charge of a health establishment;
 - 9.2.4 Take samples of any substance or relevant photographs; and
 - 9.2.5 Issue a compliance notice to the person in charge of a health establishment if the health establishment is found to have breached any norms and standards.

10. RESPONSE TO NON-COMPLIANCE

The health establishment is responsible to take reasonable time and appropriate action to remedy any identified breaches of norms and standards. If a health establishment fails to correct any identified breaches of norms and standards, a compliance notice will be issued to a health establishment.

11. COMPLIANCE NOTICE

- 11.1 A compliance notice shall be issued by an inspector to a health establishment that is found to have breached the prescribed norms and standards.
- 11.2 The health establishment will be expected to comply with the conditions set out in the compliance notice prior to the Office taking any enforcement action.
- 11.3 A compliance notice shall stipulate the time frame within which remedial action must be taken to correct the identified breaches to the norms and standards.

12. ENFORCEMENT

12.1 PURPOSE OF ENFORCEMENT

- 12.1.1 The primary purpose of enforcement is to
 - a) enforce compliance by health establishments with the prescribed norms and standards;
 - b) protect users and health care personnel from harm and the risk of harm caused by non-compliance by health establishments with prescribed norms and standards;
 - c) ensure that users receive health services of acceptable standard and that health care personnel work in a safe environment.

12.2 CRITERIA FOR ENFORCEMENT

- 12.2.1 In deciding the most appropriate action to take, the Office may be guided by the following considerations
 - a) The impact of the breach on the provision of health care service delivery;
 - b) Any injury, loss, damage or death resulting from the breach;
 - c) The health establishment or person in charge blameworthiness or the degree within which they should be held accountable for the breach;
 - d) The compliance history of the health establishment;
 - e) Any mitigating or aggravating factors, including efforts undertaken by the person in charge of the health establishment to prevent / control the risk;
 - f) Whether the breach is imminent.

13. ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS

The below diagram outlines the enforcement actions enjoined on the OHSC by the National Health Act, 2003 (Act No. 61 of 2003) —

Diagram 1 - Enforcement actions



13.1 WRITTEN WARNING

- 13.1.1 If a health establishment fails to comply with a Compliance Notice issued by an inspector, the Office shall issue a written warning to the person in charge of the health establishment.
- 13.1.2 The written warning shall include a time frame within which compliance must be achieved.
- 13.1.2 Failure by the person in charge to respond to a written warning within the reasonable time would lead to the matter being referred for other enforcement processes.

13.2 REQUEST FOR A WRITTEN RESPONSE FROM A HEALTH ESTABLISHMENT

- 13.2.1 Where appropriate, the Office shall request for a written response from the health establishment, providing reasons for the continued non-compliance.
- 13.2.2 The request for a written response from the Office will also set out the consequences of failure to respond.

13.3 RECOMMENDATION TO THE RELEVANT AUTHORITY FOR SUITABLE ACTION

- 13.3.1 The Office shall recommend, to the relevant authority, any appropriate or suitable action to be taken against the person in charge of a health establishment or the health establishment.
- 13.3.2 The Office shall monitor all recommendations sent to the relevant authority and report to the Minister on the implementation thereof.

13.4 REVOCATION OF A COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE AND RECOMMENDATION FOR TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT CLOSURE OF A HEALTH ESTABLISHMENT OR PART THEREOF.

- 13.4.1 Where a health establishment fails to comply with a Compliance Notice issued by an Inspector, the Office may revoke the certificate of compliance issued to a health establishment and recommend to the Minister to temporarily or permanently close a health establishment or a part thereof that constitutes a serious risk to the users.
- 13.4.2 Health establishments shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard prior to revocation of a compliance certificate or recommendation to the Minister for temporary of permanent closure of a health establishment of part thereof, that poses a risk to the users.
- 13.4.3 The recommendation to the Minister shall include all the information contained in regulation 27(2) of the Regulations, to enable the Minister to make a decision.

13.5FINE

- 13.5.1 Prior to imposing a fine, the Office shall afford the health establishment an opportunity to submit a request for leniency.
- 13.5.2 The fine, if imposed, will be subject to the thresholds determined by the Minister by notice in the Government Gazette.
- 13.5.3 The health establishment shall pay the imposed fine into a designated account within twenty (20) working days of the decision.
- 13.5.4 Banking details for payment of fines shall be provided by the Office.

13.6 PROSECUTION

- 13.6.1 Where an alleged breach of prescribed norms and standards is considered to amount to a criminal offence, the Office shall refer the matter to the National Prosecuting Authority for consideration and possible criminal prosecution.
- 13.6.2 The Office shall also refer for prosecution any offences in terms of the Act.
- 13.6.3 The decision to prosecute lies solely with the National Prosecuting Authority after considering all the relevant factors relating to the alleged offence or offences.

14. FORMAL HEARING

- 14.1 The Office shall notify the health establishment of its intention to revoke the certificate of compliance or to impose a fine, as the case may be, and initiate a hearing which must be presided by a suitable person appointed by the Chief Executive Officer, to allow the health establishment an opportunity to make representations before taking a final decision.
 - 14.1.1The person appointed as a presiding officer for the hearings shall not have a personal interest in the matter or be in any way associated with any of the parties.

- 14.1.2The hearings shall be open to the public, subject to the determination of the presiding officer.
- 14.1.3The presiding officer shall communicate the decision on the hearing to the Office, person in charge of a health establishment as well as the relevant authority within the prescribed timeframe.

14.1.4 Notice of hearing-

- a) notice of hearing shall be given to both the Office and the health establishment to prepare for the hearing.
- b) notice of hearing or notice of the Office's intention to revoke a certificate of compliance or to impose a fine would be deemed to have been received by the party or parties, as the case may be, if such notice was—
 - sent to the registered postal or physical address of either party and there is sufficient proof thereof;
 - ii. sent to either party's official fax number and there is a fax transmission as proof that the fax was sent or received;
 - iii. hand-delivered and signed for at either party's registered business address; or
 - iv. sent by e-mail to either party's official email address.
- c) Where there is proof that the notice of hearing was delivered late, the receiving party may request extension of time or postponement of the hearing, which may not be unreasonably denied.

15. APPEAL

- 15.1 An appeal against any decision of the Office must be in writing and lodged, with the Minister, within thirty (30) days from the date of gaining knowledge of the decision.
- 15.2 The Minister shall, upon receipt of the notice of appeal, appoint an *ad hoc* tribunal to hear the appeal.
- 15.3 The procedure and conduct of the appeal must be determined by the *ad hoc* tribunal.

15.4 There is no right of appeal to the Minister in relation to a conviction for an offence, if prosecuted.

16. PUBLICATION OF TRIBUNAL DECISIONS AND REPORTS

- 16.1 The Office shall publish the decisions of the *ad hoc* tribunal in the *gazette* within twenty-five (25) working days from the date of the decision.
- 16.2 All other reports relating to the outcome of the hearings conducted and recommendations made to the Minister or other relevant authorities shall be published on the Office's website every six months.

17. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF STAKEHOLDERS

17.1 Health establishments, person-in-charge, and employees	 Familiarise themselves with prescribed norms and standards. Comply with the prescribed norms and standards. Cooperate with the Office and its employees.
17.2 Relevant Authorities	Ensure that breaches of the prescribed norms and standards are dealt with as and when referred by the Office.
17.3 Users	 Provide inspectors with required information. Report breaches of norms and standards / non-compliance by health establishments.
17.4 The Office	 Inspect compliance with the norms and standards Guide health establishment on compliance with the norms and standards Enforce compliance with the norms and standards Issue certificate of compliance to compliant health establishments

18. REVIEW OF THE ENFORCEMENT POLICY

This Policy shall be reviewed as and when necessary.

19. PUBLICATION OF THE ENFORCEMENT POLICY

A copy of this Policy must be published in the Government *Gazette* and also made available at the Office's official website: http://www.ohsc.org.za.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND INFRASTRUCTURE

NO. 1287

04 DECEMBER 2020

NOTICE OF EXPROPRIATION IN TERMS OF SECTION 7(1) OF THE EXPROPRIATION ACT, 63 OF 1975 ("THE EXPOROPRIATION ACT")

WHEREAS ON 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 THE MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS ("THE MINISTER") approved an application in terms of section 26 of the Electricity Regulation Act, 4 of 2006 ("the Electricity Act") by Eskom Holdings SOC Limited ("Eskom"), read with section 2 of the Expropriation Act read with section 25(1) of the Constitution, for the expropriation of certain servitudes ("the land rights"), the total extent of which appear more fully from SG diagram 1232/2014 dated 21 January 2015 ("the SG diagram") and described in this notice, across the land being part of the farm Nooitgedacht number 664, in the Sundays River Valley Local Municipality, Division of Uitenhage, held under Title Deed number P27811/2014 (now described as Title Deed Number T27811/2014CTN) and in extent 249.3714 hectare ("the property"), owned by Staufen Investments (Pty) Ltd ("the company"), with registration number 2001/026710/07;

AND WHEREAS ON 25 SEPTEMBER 2018 The High Court (Eastern Cape Local Division, Port Elizabeth) under case number 756/2017 dismissed the company's application to review and set aside the Minister's decision to approve Eskom's application;

AND WHEREAS ON 25 MARCH 2020 the appeal of that judgment and order was dismissed by the Supreme Court of Appeal under case no. 200/2019;

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in terms of section 7(1) of the Expropriation Act									
<u>TO</u> :									
The owner of the property									
Staufen Investments (Pty) Ltd									
22 Bournemouth Street									
Summerstrand									
Port Elizabeth									
(Being its registered address)									
By registered post									
AND TO:									
The company's attorneys									
Schoeman Oosthuisen Inc.									
167 Cape Road									
Mill Park									
Port Elizabeth									

(Ref. Mr S. Oosthuisen)

By hand

AND TO:

The Land Use and Planning Directorate: Nelson Mandela Bay Metropolitan Municipality

Sunday's River Valley Local Municipality

Sarah Baartman District Municipality

By hand

AND TO:

All other persons claiming any right to or interest in the property described in this notice whether by virtue of registration or otherwise, and particularly any lessee, buyer or builder contemplated in section 9(1)(d) of the Expropriation Act

By publication in the Government Gazette and "The Eastern Province Herald" and "Die Burger" newspapers.

1. DESCRIPTION AND EXTENT OF THE LAND RIGHTS OVER THE PROPERTY

- 1.1 an electrical substation, represented by the lines depicted on the SG diagram (schedule A hereto), as described in servitude note 9 to the SG diagram, in extent 1,0000 hectare;
- the right to convey electricity over the property by means of 132 kV and 22 kV overhead power lines represented by the lines depicted on the SG diagram, as described in the servitude notes numbers 1 to 8 in the SG diagram and in the extent and width as stated in the servitude notes;
- 1.3 a right of way (access road) 6 m wide represented by the curved line S1-S2 on the SG diagram as depicted in servitude note 10 to the SG diagram representing the centreline of a servitude road;
- 1.4 the ancillary rights set out in schedule B hereto.

2. DATE OF EXPROPRIATION AND EXERCISE OF LAND RIGHTS OVER THE PROPERTY BY ESKOM

- 2.1 The Minister's decision of 30 September 2016 is the effective date of expropriation;
- 2.2 Eskom was exercising the land rights over the property at the time that the company took possession and transfer of the property.

3. **COMPENSATION**

- 3.1 The Department of Public Works will compensate the company in terms of section 11 of the Expropriation Act in an amount of R1 294 711.01 (one million two hundred and ninety-four thousand seven hundred and eleven rand and one cent)
- 3.2 The company's attention is drawn to section 9(1)(a)(b),(c),(d)(i)(ii)(iii) and (e) and section 12(3)(a)(ii) of the Expropriation Act which provides as follows:
 - "9(1) An owner whose property has been expropriated in terms of this Act, shall, within 60 days from the date of notice in question, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Minister written statement indicating —

- (a) if any compensation was in the notice of expropriation offered for such property, whether or not he accepts that compensation and, if he does not accept it, amount claimed by him as compensation and how much of that amount represents each of the respective amounts contemplated in section 12(1)(a)(i) and (ii) or (b) and full particulars as to how such amounts are made up;
- (b) if no such compensation was so offered, the amount claimed as compensation by him and how much of that amount represents each of the respective amounts contemplated in section 12(1)(a)(i) and (ii) or (b) and for particulars as to how such amounts are made up;
- (c) if the property expropriated is land and any amount is claimed in terms of paragraph (a) or (b), full particulars of all improvements thereon which, in the opinion of the owner, affect the value of such land;
- (d) if the property being expropriated is land -
- (i) which prior to the date of notice was leased as a whole or in part by unregistered lease, the name and address of the lessee, and accompanied by the lease or certified copy thereof, if it is in writing, or for particulars of the lease, if not in writing;
- (ii) which, prior to the date of notice, was sold by the owner, the name and address of the buyer, and accompanied by the contract of purchase and sale or certified copy thereof;

- (iii) on which a building has been erected which is subject to a builder's lien by virtue of the written building contract, the name and address of the builder, and accompanied by the building-contract or certified copy thereof;
- (e) the address to or at which the owner desires that further documents in connection with the expropriation may be posted or delivered or tended:

 Provided that the Minister may at his discretion extended the said period of sixty days, and that, if the owner requests the ministry in writing within 30 days as from the date of notice to extend the said period of sixty days, the Minister shall extend such period by a further sixty days

...

- 12(1)...
 - (2)...
- (3)(a)

(i)...

(ii) if the owner fails to comply with the provisions of section 9 (1) within the appropriate period referred to in the said section, the amount so payable shall during the period of such failure and for the purpose of the payment of interest be deemed not to be an outstanding amount."

4. **RESPONSE ADDRESSEE**

All responses to this notice must be addressed to:

Mr J. Van Der Walt

Regional Manager

Department of Public Works and Infrastructure

Eben Donges Building

Corner of Robert and Hancock Streets

Port Elizabeth

Tel: 041-408 2002

Cell: 082 772 5924

Fax: 041-484 4226

Email: Johan.VanDerWalt@dpw.gov.za

MS PATRICIA DE LILLE, MP

MINISTER OF PUBLIC

WORKS AND

INFRASTRUCTURE

SIGNED at CAPE TOWN on this 12th day of November 2020.

SCHEDULE A

ATTACH THE SG DIAGRAM

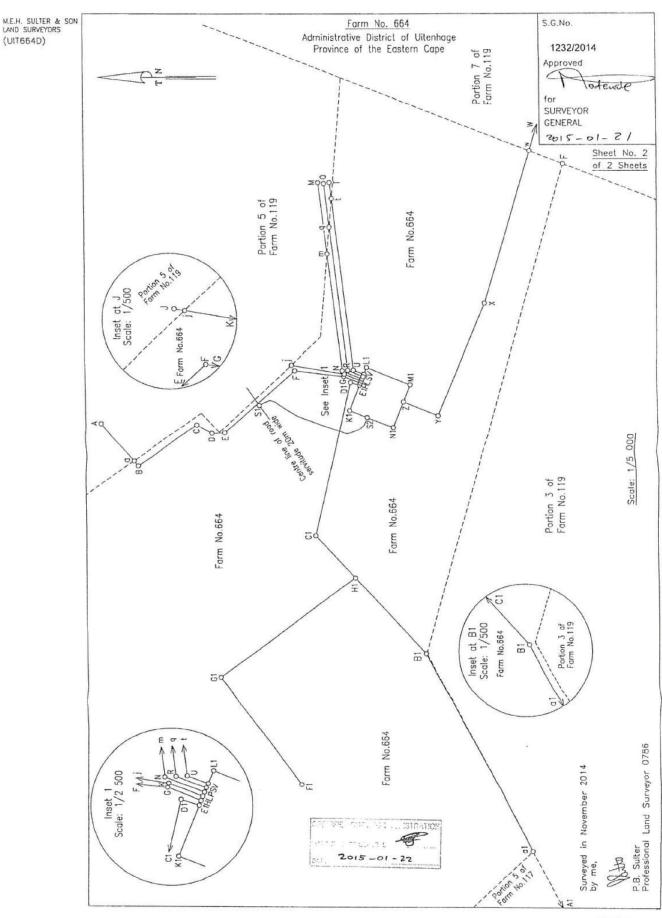
SCHEDULE B

- 1. The servitudes depicted in schedule **A** include the following ancillary rights:
 - 1.1 the right to maintain, repair alter or inspect a substation and all work necessary or ancillary thereto;
 - the right to erect structures, conductors, cables, or appliances and, without limitation, everything else as may be necessary or convenient in exercising the right of servitude and that structure-supporting mechanisms (the rights/infrastructure under sub-paragraph 1.1 and this sub-paragraph are collectively referred to as "the Goods") may reasonably extend beyond the servitude area when it is necessary to safely secure the Goods;
 - 1.3 the right to enter and be upon the property at any time in order to construct, erect, operate, use, maintain, repair, re-erect, alter or inspect the Goods or in order to gain access to any adjacent property in the exercise of similar rights;
 - 1.4 the right to use existing roads and gates giving access to and running across the property and to erect in any fence such gates as may be

necessary or convenient to gain access to or exit from the property and the Goods or in order to gain access to any adjacent property in the exercise of similar rights;

- 1.5 the right to remove any trees, bush, material, grass or structures and the right to cut or trim any tree, bush or grass within the servitude or restricted area in order to comply with the appropriate restrictions; and
- 1.6 every ancillary right necessary or convenient for the proper exercise of the servitudinal rights granted to Eskom.

	SERVITUDE DIAGRAM									TUDE DIAGRAM					
M.E.H. SULTER & SON LAND SURVEYORS	ANGLES of CO-ORD Y System : W												S.G.No.		
(UIT664D)			-	onsta					+3710	00				1232/2014	
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	a.j.m.q.t.w.a1							bea	con	ed					
	All	other beacons are 20mm Iron Peg													
	Servitude Notes: 1) The lines a-B-C-D-E-F-G-H represent the centre lines of electric powerline servitude 18,00m wide. 2) The lines j-K-L represent the centre lines of electric powerline servitude 18,00m wide. 3) The lines m-N-P represent the centre lines of electric powerline servitude 18,00m wide. 4) The lines q-R-S represent the centre lines of electric powerline servitude 18,00m wide. 5) The lines L-U-V represent the centre lines of electric powerline servitude 31,00m wide. 6) The lines w-X-Y-Z represent the centre lines of electric powerline servitude 31,00m wide. 7) The lines a1-B1-C1-D1-E1 represent the centre lines of electric powerline servitude 18,00m wide. 8) The lines F1-G1-H1 represent the centre lines of electric powerline servitude 18,00m wide. 9) The figure K1 L1 M1 N1 represents a servitude area 1,0000 hectore in extent.														
	All over:— Farm No.664 situate in Sundays River Municipality Administrative District of Uitenhage Province of The Eastern Cape Surveyed in November 2014								Blo						
	by	me,												Professi	P.B. Sulter onal Land Surveyor 0
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															1232/2014



DEPARTEMENT VAN OPENBARE WERKE EN INFRASTRUKTUUR

NO. 1287

04 DESEMBER 2020

KENNISGEWING VAN ONTEIENING INGEVOLGE ARTIKEL 7(1) VAN DIE ONTEIENINGSWET, 63 VAN 1975 ("DIE ONTEIENINGSWET")

SEPTEMBER 2016 'n aansoek ingevolge artikel 26 van die Electricity Regulation Act, 4 van 2006 ("die Electricity Act"), deur Eskom Holdings SOC Limited ("Eskom"), gelees met artikel 2 van die Onteieningswet gelees met artikel 25(1) van die Grondwet, vir die onteiening van sekere serwitute ("die grondregte"), waarvan die totale grootte duideliker blyk uit SG-diagram 1232/2014 gedateer 21 Januarie 2015 ("die SG-diagram") en in hierdie kennisgewing beskryf, oor die grond wat deel is van die plaas Nooitgedacht nommer 664, in die Sondagsriviervallei Plaaslike Munisipaliteit, Afdeling Uitenhage, gehou kragtens Transportakte nommer P27811/2014 (nou beskryf as Transportakte Nommer T27811/2014CTN) en groot 249.3714 hektaar ("die eiendom"), besit deur Staufen Investments (Pty) Ltd ("die maatskappy"), met registrasienommer 2001/026710/07, goedgekeur het;

EN AANGESIEN OP 25 SEPTEMBER 2018 Die Hooggeregshof (Oos-Kaapse Plaaslike Afdeling, Port Elizabeth) onder saaknommer 756/2017 die maatskappy se aansoek afgewys het om die Minister se besluit om Eskom se aansoek goed te keur, te hersien en ter syde te stel;

EN AANGESIEN OP 25 MAART 2020 die appèl teen daardie uitspraak en bevel deur die Hoogste Hof van Appèl afgewys is onder saaknommer 200/2019; 200/2019;

WORD KENNIS HIERBY GEGEE ingevolge artikel 7(1) van die Onteieningswet

<u>AAN</u>	:

Die eienaar van die eiendom

Staufen Investments (Pty) Ltd

Bournemouthstraat 22

Summerstrand

Port Elizabeth

(synde sy geregistreerde adres)

Per geregistreerde pos

EN AAN:

Die maatskappy se prokureurs

Schoeman Oosthuisen Ing.

Kaapweg 167

Mill Park

Port Elizabeth

(Verwys: Mr S. Oosthuisen)

Per hand

EN AAN:

Die Direktoraat Grondgebruik en Beplanning: Nelson Mandelabaai Metropolitaanse

Munisipaliteit

Sondagsriviervallei Plaaslike Munisipaliteit

Sarah Baartman-distriksmunisipaliteit

Per hand

EN AAN:

Alle ander persone wat aanspraak maak op enige reg op of belang in die eiendom wat

in hierdie kennisgewing beskryf word, uit hoofde van registrasie of andersins, en in die

besonder enige huurder, koper of bouer beoog in artikel 9(1)(d) van die

Onteieningswet.

Per publikasie in die Staatskoerant en die koerante "The Eastern Province Herald" en

"Die Burger".

1. **BESKRYWING EN GROOTTE VAN DIE GRONDREGTE OP DIE EIENDOM**

- 1.1 'n Elektriese substasie, voorgestel deur die lyne aangedui op die SG-diagram (Bylae A hierby), soos beskryf in serwituutnota 9 by die SG-diagram, groot 1,0000 hektaar.
- 1.2 Die reg om elektrisiteit oor die eiendom te gelei deur middel van 132 kV en 22 kV oorhoofse kraglyne voorgestel deur die lyne aangedui op die SG-diagram, soos beskryf in die serwituutnotas nommers 1 tot 8 in die SG-diagram en tot die grootte en breedte soos in die serwituutnotas vermeld.
- 1.3 'n Reg van weg (toegangspad) 6 m breed voorgestel deur die geboë lyn S1-S2 op die SG-diagram soos aangedui in serwituutnota 10 by die SG-diagram, wat die middellyn van 'n serwituutpad voorstel.
- 1.4 Die bykomende regte in Bylae B hierby uiteengesit.

2. **DATUM VAN ONTEIENING EN UITOEFENING VAN GRONDREGTE OP DIE EIENDOM DEUR ESKOM**

- 2.1 Die Minister se besluit van 30 September 2016 is die effektiewe datum van onteiening.
- 2.2 Eskom het die grondregte op die eiendom uitgeoefen toe die maatskappy besit en oordrag van die eiendom geneem het.

3. **VERGOEDING**

- 3.1 Die Departement van Openbare Werke sal die maatskappy ingevolge artikel 11 van die Onteieningswet vergoed teen 'n bedrag van R1 294 711.01 (een miljoen twee honderd vier-en-negentig duisend sewe honderd en elf rand en een sent)
- 3.2 Die maatskappy se aandag word gevestig op artikel 9(1)(a), (b), (c), (d)(i), (ii) en (iii) en (e) en artikel 12(3)(a)(ii) van die Onteieningswet, wat soos volg bepaal:
 - 9(1) 'n Eienaar wie se goed ingevolge hierdie Wet onteien is, moet binne sestig dae vanaf die betrokke kennisgewingsdatum aan die Minister lewer of laat lewer 'n skriftelike verklaring waarin aangedui word –

- (a) indien in die onteieningskennisgewing vergoeding vir die goed aangebied is, of hy daardie vergoeding aanneem of nie, en, indien hy dit nie aanneem nie, wat die bedrag is wat hy as vergoeding eis en hoeveel van daardie bedrag elk van die onderskeie bedrae beoog in artikel 12(1)(a)(i) en (ii) of (b) verteenwoordig en volledige besonderhede betreffende die samestelling van daardie bedrae;
- (b) indien geen sodanige vergoeding aldus aangebied is nie, wat die bedrag is wat hy as vergoeding eis en hoeveel van daardie bedrag elk van die onderskeie bedrae beoog in artikel 12(1)(a)(i) en (ii) of (b) verteenwoordig en volledige besonderhede betreffende die samestelling van daardie bedrae;
- (c) indien die goed wat onteien word, grond is, en 'n bedrag ingevolge paragraaf (a) of (b) geëis word, volledige besonderhede van alle verbeteringe daarop wat, na die oordeel van die eienaar, die waarde van dié grond raak;
- (d) indien die goed wat onteien word, grond is -
- (i) wat voor die kennisgewingsdatum in sy geheel of vir 'n deel verhuur is by wyse van 'n ongeregistreerde huurkontrak, die naam en adres van die huurder, vergesel van die huurkontrak of 'n gewaarmerkte afskrif daarvan, indien die kontrak op skrif is, of volledige besonderhede van die kontrak, indien dit nie op skrif is nie;

(ii) wat voor die kennisgewingsdatum deur die eienaar verkoop is, die naam en adres van die koper, tesame met die koopkontrak of 'n gewaarmerkte afskrif daarvan;

(iii) waarop 'n gebou opgerig is wat onderworpe is aan 'n retensiereg ten gunste van 'n bouer uit hoofde van 'n skriftelike boukontrak, die naam en adres van die bouaannemer, tesame met die boukontrak of 'n gewaarmerkte afskrif daarvan;

(e) die adres, waarheen of waar, na die eienaar verlang, verdere stukke in verband met die onteiening gepos of oorhandig of aangebied kan word:

Met dien verstande dat die Minister na goeddunke genoemde tydperk van sestig dae kan verleng, en dat, indien die eienaar die Minister binne dertig dae vanaf die kennisgewingsdatum skriftelik versoek om genoemde tydperk van sestig dae te verleng, die Minister daardie tydperk met 'n verdere sestig dae moet verleng.

...

12(1)...

(2)...

(3)(a)

(i)...

(ii) indien die eienaar versuim om binne die toepaslike tydperk bedoel in artikel 9(1) aan die bepalings van genoemde artikel te voldoen die bedrag wat aldus betaalbaar is, gedurende die tydperk van sodanige versuim vir die doeleindes van die betaling van rente geag word nie 'n uitstaande bedrag te wees nie.

4. **ADRES VIR ANTWOORDE**

Alle antwoorde op hierdie kennisgewing moet gerig word aan:

Mnr J. van der Walt

Streekbestuurder

Departement van Openbare Werke en Infrastruktuur

Eben Döngesgebou

Hoek van Robert- en Hancockstraat

Port Elizabeth

Tel: 041 408 2002

Sel: 082 772 5924

Faks: 041 484 4226

E-pos: Johan.VanDerWalt@dpw.gov.za

ME PATRICIA DE LILLE, LP

MINISTER VAN OPENBARE

WERKE EN

INFRASTRUKTUUR

GETEKEN te KAAPSTAD op hede die 12de dag van November 2020.

BYLAE A

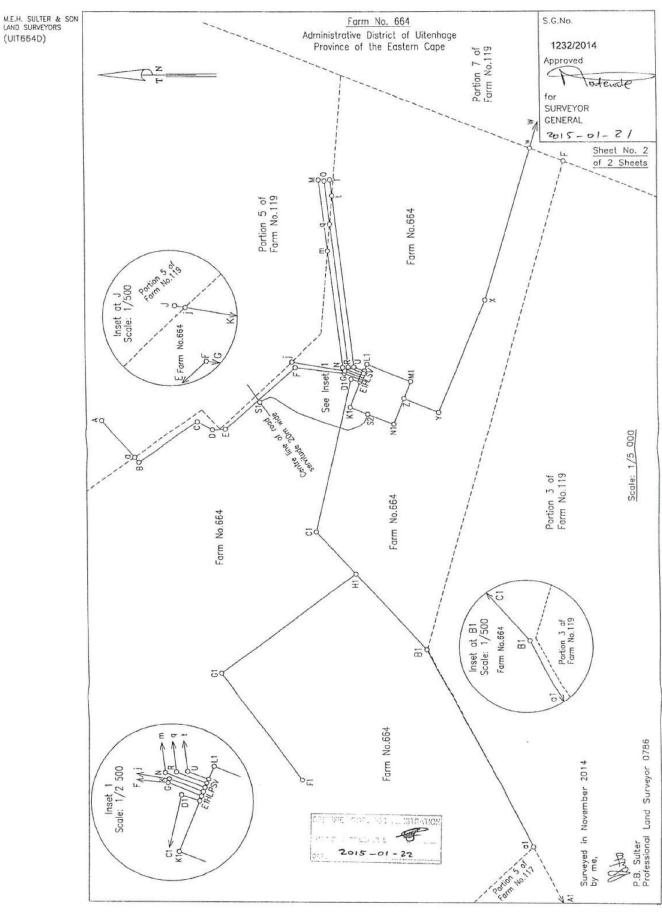
HEG DIE SG-DIAGRAM AAN

BYLAE B

- 1. Die serwitute aangedui in Bylae **A** sluit die volgende bykomstige regte in:
 - 1.1 die reg om 'n substasie in stand te hou, te herstel, te verander of te inspekteer, en alle werk wat nodig of bykomstig daarby is;
 - die reg om strukture, geleiers, kabels of toestelle op te rig en, sonder beperking, enigiets anders wat nodig of gerieflik is by die uitoefening van die reg van serwituut, en daardie struktuursteunende meganismes (die regte/infrastruktuur ingevolge subparagraaf 1.1 en hierdie subparagraaf word gesamentlik "die Goedere" genoem) kan redelikerwys tot buite die serwituutgebied strek wanneer dit nodig is om die Goedere veilig te bevestig;
 - die reg om die eiendom te eniger tyd binne te gaan en daarop te wees ten einde die Goedere te bou, op te rig, te bedryf, te gebruik, in stand te hou, te herstel, her op te rig, te verander of te inspekteer of ten einde toegang tot enige aangrensende eiendom te kry by die uitoefening van soortgelyke regte;

- 1.4 die reg om bestaande paaie en hekke te gebruik wat toegang tot die eiendom verleen en daaroor loop en om in enige heining sodanige hekke op te rig as wat nodig of gerieflik is om toegang tot of uitgang uit die eiendom en die Goedere te kry of ten einde toegang tot enige aangrensende eiendom te kry by die uitoefening van soortgelyke regte;
- die reg om enige bome, bosse, materiaal, gras of strukture te verwyder en die reg om enige boom, bos of gras te sny of te snoei binne die serwituut of beperkte gebied ten einde aan die toepaslike beperkings te voldoen; en
- 1.6 elke bykomstige reg wat nodig of gerieflik is vir die behoorlike uitoefening van die serwituutsregte wat aan Eskom verleen is.

.H. SULTER & SON D SURVEYORS		DES etres		LES		Υ			DINATES		×					S.G.No.	
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	- 1)	The lines	a-B-C-	-D-E-	-F-G-	Н гер	resent	the c	entre lin	nes	of elec	tric powerline	servitude 18	3,00m w	ride.		
	(3)	The lines	j-K-L m-N-F	repres repre	ent (the ce	tre line entre li	nes of	electric f electri	pow c po	erline werline	servitude 18,0 servitude 18	00m wide. 3,00m wide.				
	• 4)	The lines	q-R-S	repres	sent f	he cer	itre lin	es of	electric	poy	werline	servitude 18,0 servitude 18,0	00m wide.				
	6)	The lines	W-X-Y	-Z rep	preser	t the	centre	lines	of elec	tric	powerl	ine servitude .	31.00m wide				
	(8)	the lines	F1-G1-	-H1 re	prese	nt the	centre	lines	s of clea	ctric	power	ic powerline s line servitude	18,00m wide	00m wid ≥.	e.		
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	ьу		1112110													P.B. Su	lter
	-														Janes Halland	sional Land	
	Thi	is diagra	m is a	nnexe	d to				The orig	ginal	diag	ram is			File: Uitge S.R. No.569		
	2000	ted							No. 556	51/	1998	annexed to			Comp. 80-6 80-6	A (4333) AAB (4334) ABA (4335)	
															DO-E		



DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY AND COMPETITION

NO. 1288 04 DECEMBER 2020



CO OPERATIVES THAT HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM THE REGISTER OF CO-OPERATIVES BY CONVERSION TO ANY OTHER FORM OF JURISTIC IN TERMS SECTION 62 & 64 OF THE CO-OPERATIVE 14 OF 2015, AS AMENDED.

- 1. FARMERS HOPE CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED (2014012973/24)
- 2. MCGREGOR KOÖPERATIEWE WYNMAKERY BEPERK (1948000003/24)
- 3. ROODEZANDT KOÖPERATIEWE WYNMAKERY BEPERK (1953/000001/24)
- 4. UBUNTU PROPERTY AND BUILDING MAINTENANCE PRIMIMARY CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED (2015004799/24)
- 5. VIDA MOSA MANUFACTURING CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED (2014/016634/24)
- 6. BANDILE CATTLE FARMING PRIMARY CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED (2012/10342/24)
- 7. VHUHULWANE MULTI-PURPOSE PROJECTS PRIMARY CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED (2012005457/24)
- 8. MOKOPU GROUP CO-OPERATIVE LIMITED (2014/001486/24)
- 9. QUALITY BAKERS PRIMARY COOPERATIVE LIMITED (2018/001453/24)

Notice is hereby given in terms section 26(2) of the Co-operatives Amendment Act, **No 6 of 2013**, that the names of the above mentioned co-operatives have been converted into another Juristic form by way of special resolution.

REGISTRAR OF CO OPERATIVES
Office of the Registrar of Co operatives
Dti Campus
77 Meintjies Street
Pretoria
0002

Private Bag X237 Pretoria 0001

DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SANITATION

NO. 1289 04 DECEMBER 2020

Table 1: Summary of Water Resource Classes for each IUA and the Target Ecological Category (TEC) for priority biophysical river and estuary nodes

n Ordinary Government Gazette No. 43872, Government Notice No. 1179, published on 06 November 2020: Replace page 71 (Table 1) with the following page;

DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SANITATION: CORRECTION NOTICE:

Integrated Unit of Analysis (IUA)	Water Resource Class for IUA	Quaternary Catchment	RU	Resource Name	Biophysical Node Name	TEC	"WAR*
A1 Berg Estuary	=	G10M	A1-E01	Berg (Groot)	Bxi1	၁	25
A2 Langebaan	=	G10M	A2-E04	Langebaan	Bxi3	A	A/N
100 O	=	G21A	A3-R01		Bviii3	D	14.6
As west coast	=	G21B	A3-R02	Sout	Bviii10	D	16.4
		G10A	D8-R01	Berg	Bvii13	A	98
D8 Upper Berg	=	G10A	D8-R02	Berg	Bvii1	၁	27
		G10C	D8-R03	Berg	Biii3	O	53
		G10C	D9-R04	Pombers	Bviii11	C	366
D9 Middle Berg	=	G10D	D9-R05	Kromme	Bvii3	D	89
		G10D	90X-6Q	Berg	Bvii5	D	49
CE Dona Tributation	=	G10E	C5-R07	Klein Berg	Biii4	С	82
co berg inbuanes		G10G	C5-R08	Vier-en-Twintig	Bi1	B/C	23
2 G 20110 NG	Ξ	G10J	B4-R09	Berg	Bvii6	D	52
D4 LOWEI DEIG	=	G10K	B4-R10	Berg	Bvii12	D	51
		G21D	D10-R11	Diep	Bv1	D	99
D10 Diep	≡	G21D	D10-R12	Diep	Biv6	D	89
		G21F	D10-E03	Rietvlei/ Diep	Bxi7	D	78
		G22B	E11-R13	Hout Bay	Bviii6	D	97
E11 Peninsula	=	G22A	E11-R14	Silvermine	Bvii20	С	98
		G22A	E11-E04	Wildevöelvlei	Bxi14	D	107
		G22D	E12-R15	Keysers	Bvii7	D	93
E12 Cape Flats	≡	G22K	E12-E05	Zandvlei	Bxi9	D	93
		G22K	E12-E05	Zeekoevlei	Bxi9	D	N/A
		G22F	D6-R16	Eerste (Jonkershoek)	Biii6	С	93
D6 Eerste	=	G22G	D6-R17	Klippies	Biv8	D	77
		G22H	D6-E06	Eerste	Bxi3	D	90
		G22J	D7-R18	Lourens	Bvii21	D	114
D7 Cir I campu's	=	G22K	D7-R19	Sir Lowry's Pass*	Bviii9	၁	84
C C COMI y a	=	G40A	D7-R20	Steenbras	Bvii22	B/C	81
		G22J	D7-E07	Lourens	Bxi4	C	85

Note: This is based on the estimated/simulated flow requirement in the system to meet downstream TECs as well as with current demands. Note that this will differ from the minimum flow requirement to meet the EWR at any given node. In some cases, the flow is above 100% of natural due to the impact of releases to meet downstream demands.

GENERAL NOTICES • ALGEMENE KENNISGEWINGS

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NOTICE 683 OF 2020

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT, 1994 (ACT NO. 22 OF 1994)

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994) that a claim for the restitution of land rights on the following properties have been lodged with the Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal and that the Commission on Restitution of Land Rights will further investigate the claim in terms of provisions of the Act in due course:

Property : Portion 6 (Remaining Extent) of the farm Reserve No. 16 No. 15836

Extent of property : 14069, 8687 ha

Magisterial District : Ingwavuma

Administrative District: : KwaZulu-Natal

Current Title Deed No. : T14456/2003

Current Owner : Ingonyama Trust-Trustees

Bonds & Restrictive

Conditions (Interdicts) : None

Claimant : Mhlushwa Ndlanzi on behalf of the Mbodla Community

Date claim lodged : 31 December 1998

Reference number : KRN6/2/2/E/15/0/0/18

Any party/parties who have an interest in the above-mentioned properties is hereby invited to submit, within **30 days** from the date of publication of this notice, any representations and/ or information which shall assist the Commissioner in proving or disproving this claim.

Should no information and/ or representations from the affected party/ parties be forthcoming within the stipulated period, the affected party/parties shall be *ipso facto* barred from further doing so and the Commission shall continue with the subsequent processes towards completion of the investigation.

Any comments and information should be submitted to:

The Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal

Private Bag X9120 Pietermaritzburg 3200

Tel: (033) 355 - 8400 Fax: (033) 342 - 3409

Submissions may also be delivered to Second Floor, African Life Building, 200 Church Street, Pietermaritzburg.

LEBJANE MAPHUTHA

REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER: KWAZULU NATAL

DATE:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NOTICE 684 OF 2020

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT, 1994 (ACT NO. 22 OF 1994)

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994) that a claim for the restitution of land rights on the following properties have been lodged with the Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal and that the Commission on Restitution of Land Rights will further investigate the claim in terms of provisions of the Act in due course:

Property : Those portions of Durban, commonly known as:

Bud Road (Shack 1), Cato Manor;
 Cabazini (Shack 2), Cato Manor;
 Cabazini (Shack 3), Cato Manor; and
 Bud Road (Shack 4), Cato Manor

Magisterial District : Ethekwini

Claimant : Punyuka Ngcobo

Bhekumuzi Ngcobo Zwelithini Cele

Date claim lodged : 7 June 1996

4 May 1998

Reference number : KRN6/2/2/E/8/817/2716/2687

Any party/parties who have an interest in the above-mentioned properties is hereby invited to submit, within **30 days** from the date of publication of this notice, any representations and/ or information which shall assist the Commissioner in proving or disproving this claim.

Should no information and/ or representations from the affected party/ parties be forthcoming within the stipulated period, the affected party/parties shall be *ipso facto* barred from further doing so and the Commission shall continue with the subsequent processes towards completion of the investigation.

Any comments and information should be submitted to:

The Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal Private Bag X9120 Pietermaritzburg 3200

Tel: (033) 355 - 8400 Fax: (033) 342 - 3409

Submissions may also be delivered to Second Floor, African Life Building, 200 Church Street, Pietermaritzburg.

LEBJANE MAPHUTHA
REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER: KWAZULU NATAL
DATE:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NOTICE 685 OF 2020

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF SECTION 11A (2) OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT, NO 22 OF 1994 (AS AMENDED)

WHEREAS a land claim was lodged by Chief G D Zulu, which claim was published in terms of section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, No. 22 of 1994 (as amended), under Notice No. 132 published in Government Gazette No. 30680 of 25 January 2008, hereinafter referred to as "the Act".

and

WHEREAS during further investigation of the land claim in so far as it relates to the properties referred to below, the Regional Land Claims Commissioner, has reason to believe that sufficient properties have been acquired by the State towards settlement of the claim,

NOW THEREFORE NOTICE is hereby given in terms of Section 11A (2) of the Act that at the expiry of 60 days from the date of the publication of this notice in the Government Gazette, the notice of the claim previously published under the terms of section 11 (1) of the Act under Notice No. 132 in Government Gazette No. 30680 dated 25 January 2008, will be withdrawn unless cause to the contrary is shown to the satisfaction of the Regional Land Claims Commissioner.

The details of the Gazette No. 30680 dated 25 January 2008, including the following:

Reference No. KRN6/2/2/E/20/0/0/5

Claimant Chief G. D. Zulu on behalf of the Nodunga Community

Property Description See attached schedule

Total extent See attached schedule

Owner See attached schedule

Date Submitted 13 June 1997

Any party who may have an interest in the above-mentioned land claim is hereby invited to make representations, within 60 days from the publication of this notice, as to why the claim should not be withdrawn in terms of section 11A (3) of the Act. The representations must be forwarded to

The Regional Land Claims Commissioner: KwaZulu-Natal Private Bag X9120 Pietermaritzburg 3200

Tel: (033) 355 - 8400 Fax: (033) 342 - 3409

Submissions may also be delivered to African Life Building, Second Floor, 200 Church Street, Pietermaritzburg 3201

LEBJANE MAPHUTHA
REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER: KWAZULU NATAL
DATE:

SCHEDULE

N O	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS
			NO.		(INTERDICTS)
_	The farm Lot 1 Glendale No. 3646	40, 4686 ha	T37196/1997	Ranjeth Ramsoomer and Sunitha Ramsoomer	None
2	The farm Keate Road-Glendale No. 16536	6, 2913 ha	T23504/1994	Republic of South Africa	K735/1994RM
က	Portion 1 of the farm Lot 20 Glendale No. 3572	20, 1392 ha	T37245/1994	ELCSA Property Management Co	None
4	Portion 1 of the farm Lot 13 Glendale No. 3640	4, 0469 ha	T16006/1981	Paripuranama Ramsamy	VA783/2000
			T61461/2001	Abishaikam Cyril Kistnasamy	
			T20565/1987		
2	The farm Deate Road-Glendale No. 16540	0, 2081 ha	T23504/1994	Republic of South Africa	K735/1994RM
9	Portion 56 of the farm The Prospect No. 3295	71, 8031 ha	T30522/2002	F C Trust-Trustees	None
7	Portion 1 of the farm Lot E No. 3557	101, 1715 ha	T30522/2002	F C Trust-Trustees	None
_∞	The farm Zev No. 13032	7, 6398 ha	T37914/2003	Vijay Kalipershad	None
				Shureed Kalipershad	
				Mayawathee Kalipershad	
6	Portion 1 of the farm Dingwall No. 3909	5, 6315 ha	T26251/2001	Navitha Gujraj	None
10	The farm Lot 10 No. 2242	121, 4058 ha	T11062/1996	Langalake Dennis Mzoneli	None
?			T12780/1980	Godfrey Qonda Mzoneli	2
			T20798/1989	Siyabonga Lionel Mzoneli	
			1T2496/1980	Chatwind Tamba Mzoneli	
			T27601/1994	Aubrey Mzoneli	
11	The farm Lot D No. 3581	16, 1659 ha		Not Registered	
12	The farm Lot 12 Glendale No. 3650	40, 4686 ha	T10229/1997	Beharilal Harilall	B1306/1990
			T10229/1997	Shoba Harilall	B33152/2003
			T10193/1996	Parusram Bansilal	
			T49208/2001	Radhakrishnan Sunjevey Murugan	
			T13659/1988	Radhakrishnan Sunjevey Murugan	
			T13659/1988	Coopama Selvum Murugan	
			T17784/1996	Bridhelall Bansilall	
			T17784/1996	Lilie Bansilall	
			T17786/1996	Mathadin Bansilall	
			T17786/1996	Bimaladevi Bansilall	
			11//8//1896	I narawathy Bansilali	

NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
			T27671/1996 T27673/1996 T35978/1999 T56445/2003 T5961/1963 T7037/1987 T8719/1965 T8719/1965 T8719/1965 T8719/1965 T8719/1965 T8719/1965 T8719/1965	Rampierie Bansilall Anwanthi Sookraj Sathish Sooklal Harichund Namnath Sushila Namnath Bansilal-Trustees Premlall Baboothial Mohanlall Cobrajee Choonilall Kunthi Bahadurlall Rajcoomar Rajcoomar	
13	The farm Lot 13 A No. 8693	125, 4527 ha	T14240/1977 T1572/1934 T1572/1934 T1572/1934 T1572/1934 T16094/1979 T36549/1979 T36549/1979 T6310/1962 T6310/1962	Mpiyonke Bafana Macaheni Magamu Mgana Mkana Nkunafa Shobana Dube Sibusiso Michael Dube Mbabo Nkulumo Dube Bheki Boginkosi Dube	None
14	Remainder of Portion 2 of the farm Krans Kloof D No. 3523	183, 0471 ha	T4696/2007	Hollyberry Props 22 (Pty) Ltd	K389/1997s
15	Portion 2 of the farm Helen No. 17152	85, 3602 ha	T22883/1998	Winfrieda Sibusisiwe Lushaba and Dugmore Simosezwe Simphiwe Lushaba	B19742/1998
16	Portion1 of the farm Weltevreden No. 1409	97, 2933 ha	T19891/1998	Subramani Nagiah and Christine Selvagonum Nagiah	I-2502/2006AT B17862/1998

	MOITGIGOSSIG VEGEORG	H	CURRENT	CHARGE	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE
	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXIENI	IIILE DEED NO.	CURRENI OWNER	(INTERDICTS)
-	Remainder of the farm Lot 9 B No. 7684	37, 9463 ha	T1230/1970	Victor Mdoda Nxaba	None
	Portion 2 of the farm Lot 9 B No. 7684	8, 0937 ha	T16766/2000 T16766/2000	Sibongile Hazel Matiwane Lawrence Mfamvumile Matiwane	VA1499/2004 VA949/1996
			T16766/2000	Clerine Matiwane	
			1.16/66/2000	Makhosazana Valerie Sishi	
			116766/2000	Muzi Edmund Sishi Sinbon Russal Mhonambi	
	Dortion 3 of the farm 1 of 0 B No 7684	8 0038 ha	T3207/1007	Datricia Marri Edith Zimbili Nyaba	OCON
1	Portion 6 of the farm Lot 9 B No. 7684	37. 9473 ha	T1228/1970	Alexander Clement Nxaba-Trustees	None
1	Portion 7 of the farm Lot 9 B No. 7684	37, 9491 ha	T3007/1983	Alexander Clement Nxaba-Trustees	VA1737/1997
	Portion 2 of the farm Lot 12D No. 2433	4, 0469 ha	T2457/1995	Subramoney Kuppusamy Naicker	K1530/1972s
					K1516/2002s
	Portion 3 of the farm Lot 12D No. 2433	4, 0469 ha	T9943/1974	Salamma Naicker	VA2839/2006
	Portion 4 of the farm Lot 12D No. 2433	8, 0937 ha	T29198/1994	Durga Muruges Naicker	None
			T29198/1994	Kamala Naicker	
			T949/2005	Selvanaigee Govender	
			T949/2005	Strinavasen Naicker	
			T949/2005	Dhanalutchmee Naicker	
- 1			1949/2005	Sundrambal Naicker	
	Portion 6 of the farm Lot 12D No. 2433	13, 3548 ha	T2296/1972	Rajdev Gokul	None
			T7898/1993	Rajdev Gokul	
			T7898/1993	Lalitha Gokul	
- 1			T7900/1993	Roshan Devchand	
	Portion 7 of the farm Lot 12D No. 2433	13, 3546 ha	T66064/2005	Kelly Jonathan Smith	None
	Portion 13 of the farm Lot 12D No. 2433	13, 7814 ha	T15493/1982	Kavelpathy	K1434/2002s
	Remainder of the farm Tiffany No. 17200	775, 7192 ha	T29233/1998	Tongaat-Hulett Group Ltd	None
	Portion 6 of the farm Tiffany No. 17200	137, 8806 ha	T35685/1998	Amon Jabula Tembe and Nomthandazo	None
				Dorothy Tembe	
	Portion 8 of the farm Tiffany No. 17200			Not Registered	
	Portion 9 of the farm Tiffany No. 17200			Not Registered	
	Portion 10 of the farm Tiffany No. 17200			Not Registered	
	Portion 11 of the farm Tiffany No. 17200			Not Registered	
	Portion 12 of the farm Tiffany No. 17200			Not Registered	
	Remainder of Portion 1 of the farm No. 14A No. 2264	42, 6058 ha	T1739/1964	Rajmuni	None
				aramathee Hiralall	

			CIRRENT		BONDS & RESTRICTIVE
	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
				Neemchund Isurdayal Doolmathie Nundalall Isur Dayal	
		-		Sewlochini	
	Portion 2 of the farm No. 14A No. 2264	90, 8902 ha	T1069/1963	Dolly	I-2504/2000AT
			T1070/1963	Jasodra	I-7967/2003AT
			T1071/1963	Chandravathy Gayathar Badul	B14255/1985
			T1076/1965	Bhugeloo	B7115/1991
			T13965/1985	Sunpersad	VA396/21992
			T13965/1985	Ookah	
			T14463/1979	Karansingh	
			T17182/1974	Komal	
			T20540/1969	Sarasvati	
			T20576/1992	Goolam Hoosen Mitha	
			T2296/1972	Pooran Gokul	
			T2296/1972	Hansraj Gokal	
			T25781/1992	Mooniamah Chetty	
			T2655/1994	Vijay Kalipershad	
			T2655/1994	Mayawathee Kalipershad	
			T28238/1990	Gopichand Gopichand	
			T7899/1993	Pooran Gokul	
			T88/1993	Saraspathi Devnath	
	Portion 3 of the farm No. 14A No. 2264	20, 15648 ha	T37867/1995	Dayanandhen Rajaruthnam Moodley	None
	Portion 4 of the farm No. 14A No. 2264	1, 2141 ha	T9318/1959	Glenville Indian School Board	None
	Portion 1 of the farm Lot 12A No. 2424	4, 0469 ha	T2331/1994	Lutchman Woodraj and Leelabathy	B3511/1994
-				Woodraj	
	Portion 2 of the farm Lot 12A No. 2424	6, 0703 ha	T16766/1994	Ranjith Lochanram	None
	Portion 3 of the farm Lot 12A No. 2424	10, 1172 ha	T6353/1981	Bridglal	None
T T	Portion 5 of the farm Lot 12A No. 2424	8, 0937 ha	T19024/1969	Kissoon	None
ľ	Portion 7 of the farm Lot 12A No. 2424	8, 0938 ha	T14114/1993	Pulmathi Ramdeen	None
	Portion 8 of the farm Lot 12A No. 2424	8, 0938 ha	T14114/1993	Pulmathi Ramdeen	None
	Portion 10 of the farm Lot 12A No. 2424	14, 5628 ha	T24287/1980	Mohanlall Rajcoomar	K1644/2006s
			T6284/1991	Mohanlall Rajcoomar	
T			16284/1991	I honawattee Kajcoomar	
	Remainder of the farm Hlabathini No. 14379	237, 5723 ha		Not Registered	
	Portion 1 of the farm Hlabathini No. 14379	33, 9389 ha		Not Registered	
1					

BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)						I-1571/1978LG	None					1-1571/81978LG	11108/1957T	Sunitha I-4792/1994LG-	23/6/1994/17752/1976T	None										100000000000000000000000000000000000000	I-4/92/1994LG-23/6/1994						
CURRENT OWNER	Not Registered	Moonsamy Reddy	Govindamma	Loganathan Kuppusamy	Parvathiammal Kuppusamy	Rajaluxmi Govender	Thiamma Kuppusamy	Govindasamy		Ranjeth Ramsoomer and Sur	Ramsoomer	Chainwathee Singh	Bhagwanthie Sigapaul	Birball Sigapaul	Nirend Singh	Damarupurshad	Basanth Ramdas Narain	Ramsuruj Narain	Ramsuruj Narain	Matadin	Ramsuruj Narain	Boodhanee	Chainwathee Singh		Birball Sigapaul	Nirend Singh	Damarupurshad	Basanth Ramdas Narain	Ramsuruj Narain				
CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.						T7550/1963	T29256/1987					T11108/1957		T37194/1997		T19003/1998	T19003/1998	T19003/1998	T19003/1998	T2093/1984	T2273/1975	T265/1980	T266/1980	T5100/1965	T5100/1965	15100/1965	119003/1998	0861/600611	T19003/1998	T19003/1998	T2093/1984	T2273/1975	T265/1980
EXTENT	33, 9389 ha	33, 9389 ha	33, 9389 ha	33, 9389 ha	13, 7046 ha	15, 6857 ha	1, 6187 ha					13, 0448 ha		2, 0234 ha		8, 1951 ha										-10470 1	4, 0473 na						
PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	Portion 2 of the farm Hlabathini No. 14379	Portion 3 of the farm Hlabathini No. 14379	Portion 4 of the farm Hlabathini No. 14379	Portion 6 of the farm Hlabathini No. 14379	Portion 7 of the farm Hlabathini No. 14379	Remainder of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	Portion 1 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409					Remainder of Portion 5 of the farm South Mocha No.	2403	Portion 7 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409		Portion 8 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409										0000 - N - 1 - 1 - N - 1 - 0 - 0 - 1 - 1 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 1	Portion 9 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409						
Ŏ.	48	49	20	51	52	53	54					22		26		22										C	200						

Š.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
			T5100/1965 T5100/1965 T5100/1965	Matadin Ramsuruj Narain Boodhanee	
59	Portion 10 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	3, 3725 ha	T10950/1976 T19003/1998 T19003/1998 T19003/1998 T2093/1984 T265/1980 T266/1980 T5100/1965 T5100/1965	Rajpathi Chainwathee Singh Bhagwanthie Sigapaul Birball Sigapaul Nirend Singh Damarupurshad Ramsuruj Narain Matadin Ramsuruj Narain Boodhanee	None
09	Portion 11 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	2, 0235 ha	T3415/1955	Kranskloof Indian School Board Trust	I-1571/1978LG I-4792/1994LG-23/6/1994- 3415/1955T
Š	Dortion 12 of the farm Courth Mocha No. 2400	2 0037 ha	T20256/1087	Course	1 1702/10011 C 23/6/1001
0	Polition 12 of the famil South Mocha No. 2409	2, U234 IId	/ 061 /00767		1-4732/1934LG-23/0/1934- 20256/1003T
				Logariatriari Auppusarriy	1 /061 /00767
				Parvathiammal Kuppusamy	
				Dick Kuppusamy Govender	
				Rajaluxmi Govender	
0				I niamma Kuppusamy	:
62	Remainder of Portion 14 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	4, 0469 ha	T11638/1965 T75195/2003	Subramani Pillay	None
63	Remainder of Portion 16 of the farm South Mocha No.	4, 3777 ha	T29257/1987	Govindamma	I-1571/1978LG
	2409			Sagadevan Govender	I-4792/1994LG-23/6/1994-
				Rajamah Govender	29257/1987T
64	Portion 17 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	2, 0234 ha		Not Registered	I-4792/1994LG-23/6/1994
<u> </u>	Portion 18 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	6, 8797 ha	T62985/2002	Sivakumaran Naidoo	B37466/2002
99	Portion 19 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	5, 9513 ha	T62985/2002	Sivakumaran Naidoo	B37466/2002
<i>L</i> 9	Portion 20 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	4, 9851 ha	T32913/1993	Dharmalongam Govender and Padmini Govender	None
89	Portion 22 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	4, 9851 ha	T18730/1988	Manikam Farms cc	None
69	Portion 23 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	2, 8328 ha	T31904/1992	Govindamah Rajarathenum	None
20	Portion 24 of the farm South Mocha No. 2409	4, 0469 ha	T11637/1965	Govindamma Pillay	I-14607/1999AT

NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS
			NO.		(INTERDICTS)
			T15487/2005		
71	Portion 18 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	3, 9978 ha	T10206/1996	Dhluarchuram Sewmungal and Shanilla Sewmungal	None
72	Portion 19 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	4, 8685 ha	T6647/1992	Soobramoney Pandaram	B8577/1992
73	Portion 20 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	9, 9685 ha	T19206/1967	Munsamy	None
			T19206/1967	Soobramoney	
			T19206/1967	Madraimmal	
			T19462/1971	Mariamma	
			T19206/1967	Minatchamma Pillay	
			T56109/2004	Minatchamma Pillay	
			T51001/1999	Dhoropathy Perumal	
ì			151001/1999	Krisnna Moonsamy	
74	Portion 22 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	6, 0703 ha	T59155/1999	Sipo James Mthembu	B27485/1999
75	Portion 24 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	11, 7349 ha	T26/2007	Colin David Evans	VA2632/2007
9/	Portion 25 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	7, 9668 ha	T1791/1994	John Robin Charles Farran	None
77	Portion 26 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	12, 4765 ha	T22461/2007	Colin David Evans	None
78	Portion 28 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	13, 9500 ha	T8839/1964	Anandaye	I-1556/1978LG
			T8970/1969	Abramiammal	
79	Portion 30 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	0, 4047 ha	T26364/2000	Dumisani Richard Banda and Eunice	None
				Nomvula Banda	
8	Portion 31 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	52, 6830 ha	T28428/2003	Mgigimbe Communal Property Association	None
<u>%</u>	Portion 32 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	51, 3523 ha	T35684/1998	Thabang Josiah Makamole and Elibeth Zitusile Makamole	B27385/1998
82	Remainder of Portion 33 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	15, 4959 ha	T17926/2007	Yogan Properties cc	None
83	Portion 36 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632	0, 8094 ha	T7920/1956	Kikimbee Social and Educational Society	I-1556/1978LG
84	Portion 51 of the farm Welverdient No. 2632			Not Registered	
82	Portion 3 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	4, 0469 ha	T25622/1999	Arthur Michael Laing and Queen Jubblinen Laing	None
98	Portion 9 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	2, 0235 ha	T1038/1940	Roman Catholic Church	I-355/1977LG EX135/1989-11/4/989- 1038/940T
87	Portion 10 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	12, 1406 ha		Not Registered	
88	Portion 14 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	4, 0471 ha	T17574/1971	Henry Oliver Laing	None
88	Portion 15 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	16, 1885 ha	T39255/2004	Sani Communal Property Association	None
8	Portion 17 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	8, 0937 ha	T12680/2001	Queen Jubblinen Laing	1-2020/2001c

Ŏ.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
			T12681/2001 T12681/2001 T12679/2001 T13679/2001 T12680/2001	Arthur Michael Laing Queen Jubblinen Laing Arthur Michael Laing Queen Jubblinen Laing Arthur Michael Laing	VA2402/1998
91	Portion 18 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	6, 1760 ha	T10347/1985	Isobel Jasmin	K514/1997s
95	Portion 21 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	11, 5115 ha	T16395/1993 T16395/1993 T4153/1996	Jayprakash Pundit Priscilla Pundit Mariorie Gordon	K507/1997s
93	Portion 22 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	0, 2023 ha	T27983/1981	Telkom SA Ltd	None
94	Portion 23 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	2, 7770 ha	T3214/1997	H Collins & Sons (Pty) Ltd	K536/2000s
92	Portion 24 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	0, 8094 ha	T9281/1997	Fatima Bibi Desai and Ahmed Desai	None
96	Portion 25 of the farm Krans Kloof C No. 2884	1, 8421 ha		Not Registered	
97	Portion 1 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	24, 2812 ha	T6234/1983	Veeramma Moodley	B24234/1998
86	Remainder of Portion 2 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	8, 0938 ha	T3694/1945	Anga Muthen	I-2588/1978LG
66	Remainder of Portion 3 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	34, 6936 ha	T18559/2007	Yogan Properties cc	None
100	Remainder of Portion 4 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	17, 6509 ha	T11598/2006	Balvirsingh Bodasingh and Sarojini	B78332/2006
				Bodasıngn	B78333/2006 B78334/2006
101	Remainder of Portion 5 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	71, 8206 ha	T14064/1974	Lutchmanasamy Konan	B10204/1975
			T5356/1972	Muniamma	B11409/1986
			T9049/1986	Eadhev Singh Sugar Estate (Pty) Ltd	B16646/1994 VA3578/2004
102	Portion 6 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	8, 0937 ha	T35830/2007	Janet Theresa Landey	K3328/2007s
103	Portion 7 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	4, 0469 ha	T66948/2005	J G B Dev (Pty) Ltd	None
104	Portion 8 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	8, 0937 ha	T35830/2007	Janet Theresa Landey	K3329/2007s
105	Remainder of Portion 9 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	8, 1162 ha	T19784/1982	Poonendra Artheemulam	None
106	Portion 10 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	8, 0937 ha		Not Registered	
107	Portion 11 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	10, 1172 ha		Not Registered	
108	Portion 12 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	6, 0704 ha	T47723/2002	Suemeshni Chinniah	None
109	Portion 13 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	6, 0704 ha	T29040/1991	Atchuamma Naidoo	None
			T32428/2003	Parthasarathy Pillay	
			132428/2003	Saraspathie Pillay Ramsamv	
			T945/1951	Nookiah	
			T945/1951	Butchiah	

NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
110	Portion 14 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	6, 0704 ha	T47218/2000 T47219/2000	Yogambaram Kisten Moodley	None
111	Remainder of Portion 15 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	0, 0285 ha	T13046/1981	Nookalamma Moodley	None
112	Portion 16 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	4, 0469 ha	T21185/2007	Vadival Govender	None
113	Portion 18 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	4, 3562 ha	T29040/1991	Atchuamma Naidoo	I-3913/2001AT
			T32428/2003	Parthasarathy Pillay	
			T32428/2003	Saraspathie Pillay	
			T945/1951	Ramsamy	
			1945/1951 T945/1951	Nookian Butchiah	
114	Portion 19 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	4. 0469 ha	T19784/1982	Poonendra Artheemulam	None
115	+	2, 4281 ha	T2722/1985	Narayanasami Pillay and Kanniamah Pillay	None
116		2, 4281 ha	T2722/1985	Narayanasami Pillay and Kanniamah Pillay	None
117	Portion 22 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	4, 0469 ha	T26393/1987	Jaswanthee Khader	None
118	Portion 23 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	6, 4092 ha	T22779/1995	Dayanandhen Rajaruthnam Moodley	None
119	Portion 24 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	4, 0469 ha	T22779/1995	Dayanandhen Rajaruthnam Moodley	None
120		8, 0937 ha	T16586/1985	Ramjith Gobind and Rajpathi Gobind	None
121	Portion 26 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	4, 0516 ha	T11748/1972	Govindasamy Subramoney Naidoo	I-2588/1978LG
				Perumal	
				Vijia	
				Sithambaram	
				Gooindamma	
				Loganathan	
				Lagarinaraiii Pushpa	
122	Portion 27 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	8, 1506 ha	T35830/2007	Janet Theressa Landey	None
123	Portion 28 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	8, 2360 ha	T49576/2002	Manivasagen Pillay	B2531/2003
124	Portion 29 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	14, 2596 ha	T66948/2005	J G B Dev (Pty) Ltd	None
125	Remainder of Portion 30 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	8, 2243 ha	T14984/1998	Hardeya Manboth	None
			T39366/1997	Kistan Moodley	
			T39366/1997	Subbama Moodley	
			T6305/1987	Basmathi Rampurshad	
126	-	6, 1727 ha	T4407/1954	Kistan	I-2588/1978LG
127		2, 4460 ha	T1084/1958	Kistan	I-2588/1978LG
128	Portion 33 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	10, 4412 ha	T13528/1973	Pushpavathiamma	I-2588/1978LG K601/107/s
			+061/36++31	Malailisally Moduley	NO9 11 191 48

BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)		None	None		None								7/42632/2007	VA2632/2007	VA2632/2007	None	None	None	None	None	B25533/1992	I-2588/1978LG	None					
CURRENT OWNER	Ramsamy Lingapa Munusamy	Maduray	Suemeshni Chinniah	Not Registered	Kabootari	Chandra Kumari Maharaj	Cedhmathie	Rajendrapersad Sewpursat Maharaj Jagogia	Jankyuevi	Kabootali Mahadev Maharaj	Vivakanandh Sewpursat Maharaj	Roopnarain	Vishnodutt Colin David Evans	Colin David Evans	Colin David Evans	Mandlenkosi Derrick Lushaba	Yogan Properties cc	Driffwood Bricks and Blocks (Edms) Bpk	Reshad Shaik and Faeeza Shaik	Parthasarathy Pillay and Saraspathie Pillay	Palaniveloo Valiathum Moodley	Woodithparsad Rampersad Siwan Nathoo	Munsamy	Soobramoney	Madraimmal	Lutchmee	Ramaye	Munsamy
CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	T3725/1946 T3725/1946 T3725/1946	13/25/1946 T7106/1958	T47723/2002		T12288/1981	T25653/1981	T4260/1974	T4260/1974	T4261/1974	T4261/1974	T4261/1974	T4261/1974	14261/19/4 T26/2007	T26/2007	T26/2007	T62820/2001	T18559/2007	T32480/2005	T3205/2006	T17638/1985	T9383/1983	T14791/1969	T18753/1969	T18753/1969	T18753/1969	T18753/1969	T18753/1969	118753A/1909
EXTENT		4 1332 ha		2, 0818 ha	8 0712 ha								4 3321 ha	13, 2741 ha	8, 0937 ha	16, 1874 ha	3, 0743 ha	8, 0937 ha	8, 3150 ha	8, 2852 ha	8, 2361 ha	2, 0235 ha	6, 0703 ha					
PROPERTY DESCRIPTION		Portion 34 of the farm Wellvale No 6454	Portion 37 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 38 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 39 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454								Portion 40 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Remainder of Portion 41 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 42 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 43 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 44 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 46 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 47 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 48 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 49 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 50 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	Portion 52 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454					
NO.		129	+	+	132								133	+		136	137		139	140	141	142	143					

<u>8</u>	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
			T18753A/1969	Soohramonev	(
			T18753A/1969	Madraimmal	
			T18753A/1969	Lutchmee	
			T18753A/1969	Ramaye	
			T18753/1969	Minatchamma Pillay	
			T56105/2004	Minatchamma Pillay	
			T18753A/1969	Minatchamma Pillay	
			T56106/2004	Mariamma	
			T19462/1971	Mariamma	
			T51000/1999	Dhoropathy Perumal	
			T51000/1999	Sriram Moonsamy	
144	Portion 54 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	13, 2741 ha	T26/2007	Colin David Evans	VA2632/2007
145	Portion 55 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	6, 0703 ha	T14693/1982	Visvanathan Naicker	VA1011/2005
146	Remainder of Portion 56 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	33, 1784 ha	T7858/1959	Kistan	I-2588/1978LG
147	Portion 57 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	2, 1246 ha	T11188/1985	Sagadeva Pillay and Tholasyamma Pillay	None
148	Portion 58 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	4, 0469 ha	T14984/1998	Hardeya Manboth	K1532/1972s
			T2558/1985	Laukoosh Rampurshad Rampurshad	
149	Portion 59 of the farm Wellvale No. 6454	17, 4128 ha		Not Registered	
150	Portion 1 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	2, 0234 ha	T9800/1981	Barruth Gujraj	B10258/1984
151	Portion 2 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	46, 1181 ha	T32358/20047	Refocus & Upliftment Foundation Trust-	VA2655/2007
				Trustees	
152	Portion 4 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	40, 4686 ha	T1260/1954	Madramoothu	None
			T22718/1995	Vasanthagokilan Moodley	
			T22718/1995	Gonasagri Moodley	
			T2921/1997	Nadarajan Moodley	
7.7	-	240101	133515/1988	Kasavan Moodley	Maria
153	-	32, 3/49 na	1,29003/1988	Dorasamy Moodley	None
154		14, 1640 ha		Not Registered	
155	Portion 12 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	24, 2812 ha	T12227/1966	Kisten	None
			T12227/1966	Subramoney Venkatasen	
			T1457/1966	Narayanasamy	
			T14916/1995	Mohanlall Diaram	
			T14915/1995	Thara Diaram	
	-		T17631/1975	Muthusamy Naidoo	
156	Portion 16 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	42, 9024 ha	T17797/1996	Palaniveloo Valiathum Moodley and Ponaseamma Moodlev	None

			CHRRENT		BONDS & RESTRICTIVE
NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	TITLE DEED	CURRENT OWNER	CONDITIONS
157	Portion 17 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	20. 2343 ha	T24908/1991	Savanthalai Moodlev	None
158	Portion 19 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	20, 2345 ha	T10075/1960	Arnajellam Gounden	None
159	Portion 21 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	10, 5218 ha	T7198/1976	Janki	VA1193/1995
160	Portion 22 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	20, 2343 ha	T7440/1993	Subramoney Munien cc	B7382/2005
161	Portion 23 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	8, 0937 ha	T2456/1995	Kuppusamy	None
162	Portion 27 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	6, 0703 ha		Not Registered	
163	Portion 28 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	8, 1639 ha		Not Registered	
164	Portion 29 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	5, 6864 ha		Not Registered	
165	Portion 30 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	2, 3811 ha		Not Registered	
166	Portion 31 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	1, 9795 ha		Not Registered	
167	Portion 32 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	9, 4632 ha		Not Registered	
168	Portion 33 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	19, 8504 ha		Not Registered	
169	Portion 34 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	9, 0615 ha		Not Registered	
170	Portion 35 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	22, 3279 ha		Not Registered	
171	Portion 36 of the farm Lot D No. 3518	20, 2343 ha		Not Registered	
172	Remainder of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	15, 2565 ha	T13975/1998	Woogandran Reddy	VA1267/2003
173	Remainder of Portion 4 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	17, 4015 ha	T2355/1965	Ramsoomer Maharaj	None
			T37192/1997	Kishore Kishore	
			137192/1997	Navithree Kishore	
174	Portion 6 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	8, 9032 ha	T7617/1963	Perumal Govender	None
175	Portion 7 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	4, 0469 ha	T9592/1973	Chinappen Govender	B22472/1984
			T30616/1998		B6526/1982
176	Coding of the family and I and a Dead	40 440E bo	T40F40/4007	L4 (.40) 000 0	VAZ 133/1330
9/	Portion 9 of the farm Kranskioof B No. 2631	12, 1405 na	1.18549/1987	Narayansamy & Sons (Pty) Ltd	None
177	Remainder of Portion 11 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	26, 2418 ha	T13976/1998	M Reddy Family Trust-Trustees	VA2553/2004
178	Remainder of Portion 12 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	20, 4164 ha	T13975/1998	Woogandran Reddy	VA1267/2003
179	Portion 13 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	12, 1406 ha	T11825/1979	Ramsamy Govender	B19463/1989
180	Portion 14 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	6, 0703 ha	T25289/1983	Soobramoney Govender	B27136/1998
181	Portion 15 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	6, 0703 ha	T34949/1999	Paramanantha Pappa Reddy and Sasenayagee Redy	d None
182	Portion 16 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	6, 0703 ha	T9249/1980	Surinarani Reddy	None
183	Portion 20 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	6, 0703 ha	T39976/2003	Ramiah Narayansamy Naidoo and Marieamma Naidoo	d B22357/2003
184	Portion 24 of Portion 8 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	2, 0234 ha	T70272/2002	Petros Hlanganisani Khanyile	B41936/2002

NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS
			NO.		(INTERDICTS)
185	Portion 28 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	6, 0703 ha	T2265/1982	Munsamy, Govender & Sons (Pty) Ltd	None
186	Portion 29 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	2, 9071 ha	T25289/1983	Soobramoney Govender	B27136/1998
187	Portion 30 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	3, 7375 ha	T34949/1999	Paramanantha Pappa Reddy and	None
188	Portion 31 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	3, 4300 ha	T9249/1980	Surinarani Reddy	I-1557/1978LG
189	Portion 33 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	6, 8502 ha	T1039/2003	Vadival Rajan Govender	None
190	Portion 34 of the farm Kranskloof B No. 2631	2, 0234 ha	T7189/1995	Nagah Reddy Family Trust-Trustees	VA190/2004
191	Portion 3 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	66, 0067 ha	T8187/1944	Roopsingh Sudamasingh-Trustees	I-417/1977LG
192	Remainder of Portion 4 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	9, 3632 ha	T10329/1977	D M Kajee Family Trust-Trustees	I-417/1977LG
			T13868/1971	Fatima	K1153/1977L
			T13868/1971	Khatija Muruga Komom, Billo,	
			1 1201/01/13/1	I NOUPSAILIY FIIIAY	
193	Remainder of Portion 7 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	19, 8296 ha	T25056/1993	Behary Lal Bharuth and Shantiedevi Bharuth	B36122/1993 K1565/1984s
194	Remainder of Portion 9 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	12, 6338 ha	T23931/2006	Etienne Charles Mallandain	B30331/2006
195	Portion 10 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	2, 0157 ha	T8187/1944	Roopsingh Sudamasingh-Trustees	I-417/1977LG
196	Portion 11 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	40, 4863 ha	T1540/1993	Kanapathy Govender	I-5774/1996c-19/7/1996-
			T1540/1996	Dayaneedhie Govender	K4/1973L
			T20051/1996	Patchappen Pillay	B21701/1996
			T20051/1996	Indhrani Pillay	
197	Remainder of Portion 17 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	16, 3531 ha	T21581/1993	Moira Mahadeo	VA3142/2003
			T32328/1988 T32328/1988	Behary Lal Bharuth Shantiedevi Bharuth	
198	Remainder of Portion 18 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	3, 8812 ha	T54158/2003	Danipershad Rosan Ganasee	None
199	Portion 19 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	24, 2946 ha	T2808/2000	Manipersad Rosan Ganasee	I-5484/1986c-8/7/86-
					K672/982s
					B1928/2000
					B30602/1994
					K1572/1984s
200	Portion 21 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	12, 2635 ha	T10/2004	Peter Harold Jacobs	B12/2004
201	Remainder of Portion 23 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	22, 2238 ha	T8402/1983	Bell Estate (Pty) Ltd	I-2355/1990c-25/4/1990-
					8402/1983T
					B50623/2004
					B953/1985 K1636/1984s
202	Portion 26 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	86, 3574 ha	T8187/1944	Roopsingh Sudamasingh-Trustees	I-417/1977LG
	-			-	

2	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	FXT	CURRENT TITI F DEFD	CIIRRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE
2			NO.		(INTERDICTS)
203	Remainder of Portion 27 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	12, 0835 ha	T3057/1975	Rajagopal Subramani	I-417/1977LG
	-				B12876/1979
204	Portion 28 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	9, 5439 ha	T9732/1980	Brooklyn Sugar Estate cc	B25547/1998
205	Portion 31 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	27, 9233 ha	T10855/1978	Patchappen Pillay	B21701/1996 VA2483/2004
206	Portion 33 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	2, 2844 ha	T12470/1965	Thavagie Naicker	VA374/2007
			T15960/2001	Kamala Naicker	
			T19077/1980	Kamala Naicker	
			T20034/1982	Shunmugham Pillay	
			T8246/2005	Coopsamy Masilamoney Naicker	
207	Portion 34 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	33, 8848 ha	T2918/1937	Boodhia	I-417/1977LG
					B1373/1938
	+				D302/1939
208	Portion 35 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	48, 0246 ha	T2918/1937	Boodhia	I-417/1977LG
					B1373/1938 B582/1950
0	+				2007
508	\dashv	4, 5409 ha		Not Registered	
210	Portion 37 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	4, 0469 ha	T13225/1972	Beharilal	VA1581/2006
			T16525/1966	Rajdew Ramkilawon	VA25/1989-13225/1972T
			T16525/1966	Bhagirathie Rankilawan	
			T23930/2006	Bhagirathie Rankilawan	
			T563/1997	Brian Cobus Charles	
			T563/1997	Mary Margareth Charles	
211	Portion 38 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	4, 0469 ha	T11312/1992	Manigammal Pillai	None
212	Portion 40 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	3, 8704 ha	T196/1982	Muthusamy	I-417/1977LG
213	Portion 41 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	3, 8704 ha	T13471/1973	Kishore	I-417/1977LG
24.0	+	2 9701 bc	T12/170/1072		D13000/19/3
7 4	Poluon 42 ol me tami viak opium no. 1170	3, o/04 na	1 1347 2/1973	Istiwariali	F417/1977LG B13888/1973
215	Portion 43 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	4, 7585 ha	T32444/2005	Reshan Govender and Gregory	B14640/1986
				Gonaseelan Govender	
216	Portion 45 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	0, 4047 ha	T10650/1978	Bissoondar Bissoondar	None
217	Portion 46 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	12, 7657 ha		Not Registered	
218	Portion 47 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	6, 3828 ha		Not Registered	
219	Portion 48 of Portion 21 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	20, 2344 ha	T6553/2005	Padmini Naicker	None
220	Portion 49 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	3, 2764 ha	T11004/1971	Roopsingh Sudamasingh-Trustees	I-417/1977LG

NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	CURRENT TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	BONDS & RESTRICTIVE CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
					EX317/1985-14/6/85- 11004/971T
221	Remainder of Portion 50 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	12, 0284 ha	T13683/1993	Anupbal Rajdew and Sushila Sewchander Ramdeen Rajdew	None
222	Remainder of Portion 51 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	9, 7672 ha	T6193/1998	Harilall Rajdew and Shareen Rajdew	B5922/1998
223	Portion 52 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	1, 0112 ha	T9236/1984	Bell Estate (Pty) Ltd	I-2355/1990c-25/4/1990- 9236/1984T
					I-417/1977LG
224	Portion 53 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	1, 0112 ha	T223/1994	Bell Estate (Pty) Ltd	None
225	Portion 54 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	2, 5238 ha	T30272/1989	Devikarani Govender	None
226	Portion 55 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	4, 0469 ha	T13680/1993	Haripersad Raidew and Indira Raidew	B19763/1993
227	Portion 61 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	33, 1252 ha	T41657/2002 T48759/2001	Manipersad Rosan Ganasee	K740/1985s
228	Portion 62 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	4, 0469 ha	T9901/1986	Winston Isaac Abrahams	None
229	Portion 63 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	7, 6890 ha	T13681/1993	Haripersad Raidew	B19763/1993
	-		T13681/1993	Indira Rajdew	
			T16527/1966	Santhi Ramroop	
			T64225/2004	Barrie Hugh Edgley	
			T63653/2006	Barrie Hugh Edgley	
			T63653/2006	Bevan Gareth Edgley	
230	Portion 64 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	0, 2626 ha	T13682/1993	Haripersad Rajdew and Indira Rajdew	B19763/1993
231	Portion 65 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	0, 7733 ha		Not Registered	
232	Portion 67 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	1, 2419 ha	T27520/1984	Republic of South Africa	None
233	Portion 70 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178	0, 9609 ha	T6192/1998	Arumugam Sivagopal and Dhanalutchmee Sivagopal	None
234	Portion 79 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178			Not Registered	
235	Portion 80 of the farm Vlak Spruit No. 1178			Not Registered	
236	The farm Douglas No. 3644	40, 4686 ha	T11378/1964	Roshanlal	None
			T11378/1964	Meghrajh	
			1113/0/1904	Manadev	
			1113/8/1964	Maniall	
			T18102/1980	Kajamani Pavithram Filava	
			T20466/1985	Vinotham	
			T24175/1969	Chinsamy	

			CURRENT		BONDS & RESTRICTIVE
NO.	PROPERTY DESCRIPTION	EXTENT	TITLE DEED NO.	CURRENT OWNER	CONDITIONS (INTERDICTS)
			T24175/1969	Subramoney	
			T24175/1969	Thawdoo	
			T24175/1969	Jayaganum	
			T22797/1985	Barnabas Ellaya	
			T22797/1985	Veronica Soobramony	
			T27073/1991	Marieama Naicker	
			T2755/1979	Adhimoolam	
			T36091/1994	Vinotham Yerramah	
			T4851/1971	Perumal	
			T4851/1971	Rajamani	
			T4851/1971	Murugan	
237	Remainder of the farm Lot 8A No. 2434	58, 9797 ha	T12762/1965	Huripurshad	K270/1966s
			T12762/1965	Surujparsad	
			T12762/1965	Sunthparsad	
			T12764/1965	Rampursad	
			T12764/1965	Kirpaul	
			T19378/1988	Narayanee	
238	Portion 2 of the farm Lot 8A No. 2434	10, 1172 ha	T15962/1979	Nundukessar Deonarain	None
239	Portion 3 of the farm Lot 8A No. 2434	6, 0703 ha	T10555/1970	Hariduwar Mungree	None
			T10555/1970	Dhanaswer Mungre	
			T10555/1970	Nundkumar Mungre	
			T11573/1987	Mahendari Mungre	
			T5868/1979	Premlie	
			T6411/1983	Dookhanee	
240	Portion 5 of the farm Lot 8A No. 2434	24, 2812 ha	T30272/1989	Devikarani Govender	None
			T18764/2007	Runganaikloo	
			T3676/1948	Runganaikloo	
			T3676/1948	Simadhri	

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NOTICE 686 OF 2020

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT 1994, (ACT No. 22 OF 1994) AS AMENDED.

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 11(1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act, 1994 (Act No. 22 of 1994), as amended. This claim for the restitution of land rights have been submitted to the Regional Land Claims Commissioner for the Western Cape. The particulars regarding this claim are as follow:

Claimant : Mr. J. J Mars

ODI's : Francois Willem Mars, Izaak Cupido Mars, Petrus

Hendrik Mars and Dirk Jan Mars

Property Description : Farm Groenfontein No. 96 Ceres, measuring

7166.6506ha and Farm Knorlfontein No. 140

Ceres measuring 2323.67139 ha.

Date Submitted : 27 February 1996

Reference no : KRK6/2/3/A/24/0/0/7 (M152)

The Regional Land Claims Commission will investigate this claim in terms of provisions of the Act in due course. Any party who has an interest in the above-mentioned land is hereby invited to submit, within 14 days from the publication of this notice, any comments / information to:

The Regional Land Claims Commission: Western Cape Private Bag X9163 Cape Town 8000

Tel: (021)409-0300 Fax: (021)409-0539

CHECKED....

APPROVED..

DATE 04/11/2020

DATE 2020 / 11 / 11

Mr. L.H Maphutha

Regional Land Claims Commissioner

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT **NOTICE 687 OF 2020**

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF SECTION 11(1) OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT (No. 22 OF 1994) AS AMENDED

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 11(1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act (No. 22 of 1994), as amended to publish notice in the Government Gazette in respect of the claim lodged on behalf of the Saron community with the following claim reference numbers: F284 & F460 lodged on 11TH August 1998 & 28TH December 1998 (respectively). The particulars regarding this general notice are as follows:

Dispossessed person Saron community

Property Description Refer to table below for description of claimed properties, extents and current owners

#	Property	Current Land Use	Owner/s	Extent
1.	Remaining Extent of the farm Saron No. 40, Tulbagh Registration Division (RD)	Open and Fallow Land Commonage	Drakenstein Municipality	3305.0595 Hectares
2.	Remaining Extent of Portion 2 of the farm Saron No. 40, Tulbagh Registration Division (RD)	Religious Purposes	Nederduitsche Gereformeerde Kerk (NGK)	10.27840 Hectares
3.	Remaining Extent of Portion 3 of the farm Saron no. 40, Tulbagh Registration Division (RD	Municipal Works Area or Site	Nasionale Behuisingsraad	6.2683 Hectares
4.	Erven 414 to 533, Saron (Extension 1 - formerly erf no. 535, Saron Township) Tulbagh RD	Residential Purposes	Private Individual Members of Saron Community & Drakenstein Municipality	Various properties with different extents
5.	Portion 6 of the farm Saron No. 40, Tulbagh Registration Division (RD)	Business Area or Site	Mr. Sarel J. Vermeulen	1032 m²
6.	Erf no. 537, Saron Township [a consolidation of erf no. 412 & erf no. 536, Saron]	Educational Purposes	Saron Primary School (i.e. Western Cape Department of Education)	6.7109 Hectares
7.	Erf no. 537, Saron Township [a consolidation of erf no. 412 & erf no. 536, Saron]	Educational Purposes	Roodezandt Secondary School (i.e. Western Cape Department of Education)	

Dates of Dispossession Dispossession occurred between 1927 & 1987

Beneficial and undisturbed occupation rights & Rights lost

Agricultural rights in land and animal husbandry

Reference Number

KRK 6/2/2/A/1/0/0/1 (F284) & KRK 6/2/3/A/41/241/0/18

(F460)

The Regional Land Claims Commission investigated this claim in terms of provisions of the Act. Any party who has an interest in the above-mentioned land is hereby invited to submit, within 14 days from the publication of this notice, any comments/information to:

The Regional Land Claims Commission: Western Cape

Private Bag X9163 CAPE TOWN, 8000

Tel: (021) 409 0300;

Fax: (021) 424 5146

MR. B. MARS

CHIEF RESTITUTION ADVISOR

CHECKED

DATE.

MR. L.H. MAPHUTHA

REGIONAL LAND CLAIMS COMMISSIONER

APPROVED

DATE 2070/11/09

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, LAND REFORM AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT NOTICE 688 OF 2020

GENERAL NOTICE IN TERMS OF THE RESTITUTION OF LAND RIGHTS ACT 1994, (ACT No. 22 OF 1994) AS AMENDED.

Notice is hereby given in terms of Section 11 (1) of the Restitution of Land Rights Act 1994 (Act 22 of 1994) as amended, that a Land Claim for Restitution of Land Rights has been lodged by Ms. Notaru Venus Kula as direct descendant and on behalf of the direct descendant of Mr. Cekiso Piccanin Maqoko for No. 48 Riebeek Street in Cape Town also known as Erf 1537 Cape Town situated in the City of Cape Town under Cape Town Metro, Western Cape

Reference Number : K622

Dispossessed Party Mr. Cekiso Piccanin Maqoko

Claimant : Ms. Notaru Venus Kula

Property Description : Erf 1537 Cape Town, City of Cape Town (also

known as No. 48 Riebeek Street in Cape Town

Extent : 176m²

Capacity : Tenancy

Date of Occupation 1950

Date of Dispossession 1960

Current Owners Municipality of Cape Town

Date Submitted 6 February 1997

The Regional Land Claims Commission investigated this claim in terms of provisions of the Act. Any party who has an interest in the above-mentioned land is hereby invited to submit, within 60 days from the publication of this notice, any comments / information to: The Regional Land Claims Commission: Western Cape, Private Bag X9163, Cape Town, 8000, Tel no: (021) 4090300 and Fax no: (021) 424-5146

Mr. L. H. Maphutha

Regional Land Claims Commissioner

APPROVED

DATE

CHECKED.

DATE

INDEPENDENT COMMUNICATIONS AUTHORITY OF SOUTH AFRICA NOTICE 689 OF 2020



350 Witch-Hazel Avenue, Eco Point Office Park Eco Park, Centurion Private Bag X10, Highveld Park 0169

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARINGS: INQUIRY INTO SUBSCRIPTION TELEVISION BROADCASTING SERVICES

The Independent Communications Authority of South Africa ("the Authority") hereby give notice to convene oral hearings on the draft findings document on the Inquiry into Subscription Television Broadcasting Services in accordance with Section 4B of the Independent Communications Authority of South Africa Act, read with section 67(4) of the Electronic Communications Act.

The Authority published the Discussion Document on the Inquiry into Subscription Television Broadcasting Services in Government Gazette 41070 Government Notice 642 of 25 August 2017. The closing date for submissions was 31 October 2017 extended to 04 December 2017. The Authority received eighteen (18) submissions.

Following submissions received from the stakeholders concerning the Discussion Document, the Authority held public hearings from 7 to 11 May 2018.

On 12 April 2019, the Authority published a draft Findings Document¹, and the deadline for written representations thereon was 21 June 2019, which was subsequently extended by notice to 27 August 2019 and finally 4 October 2019.

By the closing date, the Authority had received comments from sixteen (16) stakeholders. The Authority will hear all stakeholders that have submitted written representations in relation to the draft Findings Document and indicated its interest in participating at hearings.

¹ Government Gazette No. 42391

Dr. K Modimoeng (Chairperson), P Kadi, Y Kedama, Dr. C Lewis, ZK Matthews, Adv. L Mkumatela, Adv. D Qocha, T Semane, PJ Zimri, (Councillors), WA Ngwepe (CEO)

The hearings will be held in a hybrid model by means of face-to-face and virtually as follows:

Date: 12-15 JANUARY 2021

Venue: ICASA BLOCK C AUDITORIUM

350 Witch-Hazel Avenue, Eco Point Office Park

Eco Park, Centurion

The virtual link will be forwarded to all parties closer to the day of the hearings. Interested members of the public may request the link to the hearings from CNkosi@icasa.org.za

SCHEDULE

Day 1: 12 January 2021

Registrations	08h00 - 09h00
Chairperson's opening address	09h00 - 09h10
1. World Rugby	09h10 - 10h40
2. SANZAAR	10h40 - 12h10
BREAK	12h10 - 13h00
3. SROC	13h00 - 14h30
End of da	y 1

Day 2: 13 January 2021

Registrations	08h00 - 09h00
Chairperson's opening address	09h00 - 09h10

1. LaLiga	09h10 - 10h40
2. MMA and SOS	10h40 - 12h10
BREAK	12h10 - 13h00
3. SABC	13h00 - 14h30
End of da	ny 2

Day 3: 14 January 2021

Registrations	08h00 - 09h00
Chairperson's opening address	09h00 - 09h10
1. PSL	09h10 - 10h40
2. SARU	10h40 - 12h10
BREAK	12h10 - 13h00
3. etv	13h00 - 14h30
End of day	y 3

Day 4: 15 January 2021

Registrations	08h00 - 08h30
Chairperson's opening address	08h30 - 09h00
1. Multichoice	09h00 - 13h00
End of day	y 4

Presenters are requested to make available **9 copies** of the presentation to panel members.

Any enquiries concerning this notice must be submitted in writing (e-mail) to:

Ms. Honey Makola Project Manager

Tel: 012 568 3665

HMakola@icasa.org.za

or

Ms. Caroline Nkosi

Project Administrator

Tel: 012 568 3037

CNkosi@icasa.org.za

All media enquiries should be directed to:

Mr Paseka Maleka

012 568 3455

079 509 0702

PMaleka@icasa.org.za

Dr. Keabetswe Modimoeng

Chairperson

Date: 11/11/2020

NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION NOTICE 690 OF 2020



26 Victoria Link Street, Route 21 Corporate Park, Nellmaplus Road, Irene.
Postal Address: PO Box 60114, Pierre van Ryneveld, Centurion 0045
Tel: +27 (0)12 345 6360 Fax: +27 (0)12 345 6369
Website: www.savc.org.za

REGISTRAR: MR MONGEZI MENYE

VC/1

9 November 2020

VETERINARY AND PARA-VETERINARY PROFESSIONS ACT, 1982 APPOINMENT/ DESIGNATION OF PERSONS TO SERVE AS MEMBERS OF THE SOUTH

AFRICAN VETERINARY COUNCIL

For general information it is made known that the following person elected and appointed as member of the South African Veterinary Council to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of an elected member of Council and that his term of office will commence on 17 November 2020 and will end on 31 July 2022 in terms of the Veterinary and Para-Veterinary Professions Act, 1982 (Act no 19 of 1982), as amended:

One veterinarian:

Dr OJ Botha Unit 7 Newmark office park Silverlakes road Siliverlakes

Kind regards

NAME SURNAME Mongezi Menye Position Registrar

SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK NOTICE 691 OF 2020

Notice and Order of Forfeiture

Notice of Forfeiture to the State of money in terms of the provisions of Regulation 22B of the Regulations ("the Exchange Control Regulations") made under Section 9 of the Currency and Exchanges Act, 1933 (Act No. 9 of 1933), as amended, as promulgated by Government Notice No. R.1111 of 1961-12-01 in respect of the money of:

Ms Xiaoxia Wang (Passport number EA0700045)

of:

P O Box 90642 Garsfontein 0042

Be pleased to take notice that:

- 1. The Minister of Finance has, by virtue of the provisions of Regulation 22E of the Exchange Control Regulations delegated all the functions and/or powers conferred upon the Treasury by the provisions of the Exchange Control Regulations [with the exception of the functions and/or powers conferred upon the Treasury by Regulations 3(5) and (8), 20 and 22, but which exception does not include the functions and/or powers under Exchange Control Regulations 22A, 22B, 22C and 22D], and assigned the duties imposed thereunder on the Treasury, to, inter alia, the Governor or the Deputy Governor of the South African Reserve Bank.
- 2. By virtue of the functions, powers and/or duties vested in me, in my capacity as the Deputy Governor of the South African Reserve Bank, in terms of the delegation and assignment of the functions, powers and/or duties referred to in 1 above, I hereby give notice of a decision to forfeit to the State the following money and I hereby declare and order forfeit to the State the following money, namely:
 - 2.1 the amount of R38 128.04 being capital standing to the credit of the Respondent, in account number 9220261398, held with the ABSA Bank Limited, together with any interest thereon and/or other accrual thereto.
- 3. The date upon which the money specified in 2 above is hereby forfeited to the State is the date upon which this Notice of Forfeiture is published in this Gazette.
- 4. The money specified in 2 above shall be disposed of by deposit thereof to the National Revenue Fund.
- This Notice also constitutes a written order, as contemplated in Regulation 22B of the Exchange Control Regulations, in terms of which the money specified in 2 above is hereby forfeited to the State

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6.	Signed at Pretoria on this	16th	dav of	November	2020

K Naidoo

Deputy Governor

South African Reserve Bank

SOUTH AFRICAN RESERVE BANK NOTICE 692 OF 2020

Notice and Order of Forfeiture

Notice of Forfeiture to the State of money in terms of the provisions of Exchange Control Regulation 22B made under Section 9 of the Currency and Exchanges Act, 1933 (Act No. 9 of 1933), as amended, as promulgated by Government Notice No. R.1111 of 1961-12-01 in respect of the money of:

Mr Mingqiang Xue (Passport Number G40373189)

of:

18 Crownwood Road Ormonde 2091

Be pleased to take notice that:

- 1. The Minister of Finance has, by virtue of the provisions of Exchange Control Regulation 22E delegated all the functions and/or powers conferred upon the Treasury by the provisions of the Exchange Control Regulations [with the exception of the functions and/or powers conferred upon the Treasury by Exchange Control Regulations 3(5) and (8), 20 and 22, but which exception does not include the functions and/or powers under Exchange Control Regulations 22A, 22B, 22C and 22D], and assigned the duties imposed thereunder on the Treasury, to, inter alia, the Governor or the Deputy Governor of the South African Reserve Bank.
- 2. By virtue of the functions, powers and/or duties vested in me, in my capacity as the Deputy Governor of the South African Reserve Bank, in terms of the delegation and assignment of the functions, powers and/or duties referred to in 1 above, I hereby give notice of a decision to forfeit to the State the following money and I hereby declare and order forfeit to the State the following money, namely:
 - 2.1 the amount of R22 549.43, in account number 9276546140 held with ABSA Bank Limited standing to the credit of Mr Mingqiang Xue with passport number G40373189, together with any interest thereon and/or other accrual thereto.
- 3. The date upon which the money specified in 2 above is hereby forfeited to the State is the date upon which this Notice of Forfeiture is published in this Gazette.
- 4. The money specified in 2 above shall be disposed of by deposit thereof to the National Revenue Fund.
- 5. This Notice also constitutes a written order, as contemplated in Exchange Control Regulation 22B, in terms of which the money specified in 2 above is hereby forfeited to the State.

6. Signed at Pretoria on this _____18th ____ day of _____November ____2020.

K Naidoo

Deputy Governor

South African Reserve Bank

STATISTICS SOUTH AFRICA NOTICE 693 OF 2020

Consumer Price Index, Rate (Base Dec 2017=100)

2018:

Rate: October 2020 – 3.3

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE, INDUSTRY AND COMPETITION NOTICE 694 OF 2020

STANDARDS ACT, 2008 STANDARDS MATTERS

In terms of the Standards Act, 2008 (Act No. 8 of 2008), the Board of the South African Bureau of Standards has acted in regard to standards in the manner set out in the Schedules to this notice.

SECTION A: DRAFTS FOR COMMENTS

The following draft standards are hereby issued for public comments in compliance with the norm for the development of the South Africa National standards in terms of section 23(2)(a) (ii) of the Standards Act.

Draft Standard No. and Edition	Title, scope and purport	Closing Date
SANS 62031 Ed 2	LED modules for general lighting - Safety specifications. Specifies general and safety requirements for light-emitting diode (LED) modules, i.e. LED modules without integral control gear for operation under constant voltage, constant current or constant power, and self-ballasted LED modules for use on d.c. supplies up to 250 V or a.c. supplies up to 1 000 V at 50 Hz or 60 Hz.	2021-01-10
SANS 1676-5 Ed 1	Acoustics - Laboratory measurement of sound insulation of building elements Part 5: Requirements for test facilities and equipment. Specifies laboratory test facilities and equipment for sound insulation measurements of building elements, such as components and materials, building elements, technical elements (small building elements) and sound insulation improvement systems.	2021-01-10
SANS 29383 Ed 2	Terminology policies - Development and implementation. Provides policy makers in governments, administration, non-profit and profit organizations with guidelines and a methodology for the development and implementation of a comprehensive policy concerning the planning and management of terminology.	2021-01-05
SANS 3082 Ed 1	Iron ores - Sampling and sample preparation procedures. Provides the underlying theory, the basic principles for sampling and preparation of samples, and the basic requirements for the design, installation and operation of sampling systems for mechanical sampling, manual sampling and preparation of samples taken from a lot under transfer in order to determine the chemical composition, moisture content, size distribution and other physical and metallurgical properties of the lot using ISO 3852:2007 (Method 2).	2021-01-05
SANS 10139 Ed 4	Code of practice for design, installation, commissioning and maintenance of fire detection and alarm systems in non-domestic premises. Provides recommendations for the planning, design, installation, commissioning and maintenance of fire detection and fire alarm systems in and around buildings, other than dwellings.	2021-01-05
SANS 9994 Ed 4	Lighters - Safety specification. Establishes requirements for lighters to ensure a reasonable degree of safety for normal use or reasonable foreseeable misuse. It also applies to all-flame producing products commonly known as cigarette lighter, cigar lighters and pipe lighters. Does not apply to matches nor other flame producing products intended solely for igniting materials other than cigarette lighter, cigar lighters and pipe lighters.	20021-01-13
SANS 4701 Ed 2	Iron ores and direct reduced iron - Determination of size distribution by sieving. Specifies the methods to be employed for determination of size distributions by sieving of iron ore and direct reduced iron (exclude briquetted iron), utilizing sieves having aperture sizes of 36 micrometers or larger.	2021-01-05
SANS20380 Ed	Public swimming pools - Computer vision systems for the detection of drowning accidents in swimming pools - Safety requirements and test methods. Describes the minimum operational, performance and safety requirements and test methods for computer vision systems used to detect drowning accidents, does not apply to the systems used in domestic swimming pools and pool basins with a surface area of less than 150 m2.	20021-01-13

SANS 13934-1 Ed 2	Textiles - Tensile properties of fabrics Part 1: Determination of maximum force and elongation at maximum force using the strip method. Specifies a procedure to determine the maximum force and elongation at maximum force of textile fabrics using a strip method. It is mainly applicable to woven textile fabrics.	2021-01-10
SANS 105-X12 Ed 4	Textiles - Tests for colour fastness Part X12: Colour fastness to rubbing. Specifies a method for determining the resistance of the colour of textiles of all kinds, including textile floor coverings and other pile fabrics, to rubbing off and staining other materials. It is applicable to textiles made from all fibres in the form of yarn or fabric, including textile floor coverings, whether dyed or printed.	
SANS 10105-2 Ed 4	The use and control of fire-fighting equipment Part 2: Fire hose reels and above-ground hydrants. Covers the requirements for the installation and inspection and use of fire hose reels and hydrants.	
SANS 10105-1 Ed 4	The use and control of fire-fighting equipment Part 1: Portable and wheeled (mobile) fire extinguishers. Gives the requirements for the selection, installation, inspection and use of portable and mobile fire extinguishers.	2021-01-12
SANS 52386 Ed 2	Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Copper sulfate. Applicable to copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate used for treatment of water intended for human consumption. Describes the characteristics and specifies the requirements of copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate and refers to the corresponding analytical methods. It gives information for its use in water treatment. It also determines the rules relating to safe handling and use of copper (II) sulfate pentahydrate.	20021-01-13

SCHEDULE A.1: AMENDMENT OF EXISTING STANDARDS

The following draft amendments are hereby issued for public comments in compliance with the norm for the development of the South African National Standards in terms of section 23(2)(a) (ii) of the Standards Act.

Draft Standard No. and Edition	Title	Scope of amendment	Closing Date
SANS 60335-2-39	Household and similar electrical	Amended to update the normative reference,	2021-01-05
Ed 5.1	appliances - Safety Part 2-39: Particular	change the terms and definitions, marking and	
	requirements for commercial electric	instructions, heating, void, screw and	
	multi-purpose cooking pans.	connection and bibliography.	
SANS 1209	Pipe holderbats	Amended to delete the appendix on "notes to	2021-01-13
Ed 1.2		purchasers".	
SANS 1467	Narrow bandsaw blades.	Amended to delete the appendix on "notes to	2021-01-13
Ed 1.3		purchasers".	
SANS 10368	Transport of low-hazard goods in bulk -	Amended to update referenced standard, the	2021-01-10
Ed 2.1	Emergency information for road	requirements for emergency instructions, and	
	vehicles.	the sub-clause on general in annex A.	
SANS 680	Glazing putty for wooden and metal	Amended to update referenced standards, and	2021-01-10
Ed 3.1	window frames.	to delete the annex notes to purchasers.	

SCHEDULE A.2: WITHDRAWAL OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS

In terms of section 24(1)(C) of the Standards Act, the following published standards are issued for comments with regard to the intention by the South African Bureau of Standards to withdrawn them.

Draft Standard No. and Edition	Title	Reason for withdrawal	Closing Date

SECTION B: ISSUING OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS SCHEDULE B.1: NEW STANDARDS

The following standards have been issued in terms of section 24(1)(a) of the Standards Act.

Standard No. and year	Title, scope and purport	
SANS 20700:2020 Ed 1	Guidance for Management Consultancy Services. Provides guidelines for the effective delivery of management consultancy services.	
SANS 61851-21-2:2020 Ed 1	Electric vehicle conductive charging system - Part 21-2: Electric vehicle requirements for conductive connection to an AC/DC supply - EMC requirements for off-board electric vehicle charging systems. Defines the EMC requirements for any off-board components or equipment of such systems used to supply or charge electric vehicles with electric power by conductive power transfer (CPT), with a rated input voltage, according to IEC 60038:2009, up to 1 000 V AC or 1 500 V DC and an output voltage up to 1 000 V AC or 1 500 V DC.	
SATS 62196-3-1:2020 Ed 1	Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets - Conductive charging of electric vehicles - Part 3-1: Vehicle connector, vehicle inlet and cable assembly for DC charging intended to be used with a thermal management system. Applies to accessories and cable assemblies with the same configuration as specified in IEC 62196-3:2014 with rated operating voltage not exceeding 1 500 V DC and a rated current not exceeding 500 A.	
SATS 33053:2020 Ed 1	Information technology - Process assessment - Process reference model for quality management. Defines a process reference model for the domain of quality management.	
SANS 15489-1:2020 Ed 2	<i>Information and documentation - Records management</i> . Defines the concepts and principles from which approaches to the creation, capture and management of records are developed.	
SANS 290:2020 Ed 3	Mineral insulating oils - Management of polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs). Covers requirements for the management of dielectric fluid that contains PCBs, PCB-contaminated or pure PCB material, and other material that comes into contact with PCB fluid.	
SANS 52903:2020 Ed 2	Products used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Powdered activated carbon. Applicable to powdered activated carbon used for treatment of water intended for human consumption.	
SANS 114:2020 Ed 2	Laboratory glass and plastics ware -Principles of design and construction of volumetric instruments. Sets out principles for the design of volumetric instruments manufactured from glass or from plastics in order to facilitate the most reliable and convenient use to the intended degree of accuracy.	
SANS 60893-3-4:2020 Ed 1	Insulating materials - Industrial rigid laminated sheets based on thermo setting resins for electrical purposes -Part 3-4: Specifications for individual materials - Requirements for rigid laminated sheets based on phenolic resins. Gives the requirements for industrial rigid laminated sheets for electrical purposes based on phenolic resin and different reinforcements.	
SANS 61897:2020 Ed 1	Overhead lines - Requirements and tests for Aeolian vibration dampers. Applies to aeolian vibration dampers intended for single conductors or earth wires or conductor bundles where dampers are directly attached to each subconductor.	
SANS 61851-21-1:2020 Ed 1	Electric vehicle conductive charging system - Part 21-1: Electric vehicle on-board charger EMC requirements for conductive connection to an AC/DC supply. Gives requirements for conductive connection of an electric vehicle (EV) to an AC or DC supply.	
SANS 50334:2020 Ed 1	Gas pressure regulators for inlet pressures up to 100 bar. Specifies constructional, functional, testing, marking, sizing and documentation requirements of gas pressure regulators and applies to regulators which use the pipeline gas as a source of control energy unassisted by any external power source.	
SANS 61643-341:2020 Ed 2	Components for low-voltage surge protection - Part 341: Performance requirements and test circuits for thyristor surge suppressors (TSS). Specifies standard test circuits and methods for thyristor surge suppressor (TSS) components.	

Standard No. and year	Title, scope and purport
SANS 50901:2020 Ed 2	Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Sodium hypochlorite. Describes the characteristics of sodium hypochlorite and specifies requirements and the corresponding test methods for sodium hypochlorite.
SANS 60282-1:2020 Ed 5	High-voltage fuses Part 1: Current-limiting fuses. Applies to all types of high-voltage current-limiting fuses designed for use outdoors or indoors on alternating current systems of 50 Hz and 60 Hz and of rated voltages exceeding 1 000 V.
SANS 61400-25-1:2020 Ed 5	Wind energy generation systems - Part 25-1: Communications for monitoring and control of wind power plants - Overall description of principles and models. Focuses on the communications between wind power plant components such as wind turbines and actors such as SCADA systems.
SANS 50902:2020 Ed 2	Chemicals used for treatment of water intended for human consumption - Hydrogen peroxide. Describes the characteristics of Hydrogen peroxide and specifies the requirements and the corresponding test methods for hydrogen peroxide.

SCHEDULE B.2: AMENDED STANDARDS

The following standards have been amended in terms of section 24(1)(a) of the Standards Act.

Standard No. and year	Title, scope and purport
SANS 62386-103:2020 Ed 4.3	Digital addressable lighting interface - Part 103: General requirements-Control devices. Consolidated edition incorporating amendment No.3. Amended to update definitions, and the clauses on method of operation, and on definition of commands.
SANS 60325-2-5:2020 Ed 3.1	Household and similar electrical appliances - Safety Part 2-5: Particular requirements for dishwashers. Consolidated edition incorporating amendment No.1. Amended to update the clauses on moisture resistance and construction, to add the figures on arrangement of work surface for spillage test on built-in dishwashers and arrangement of work surface for spillage test on built-in dishwashers in partially door opened position, and to update the annex on detergent and rinsing agent.
SANS 60947-2:2020 Ed 5.1	Low-voltage switchgear and controlgear Part 2: Circuit-breakers. Consolidated edition incorporating amendment No.1. Amended to update the scope, referenced standards, the clauses on product information, constructional and performance requirements and on tests, and the annexes on co-ordination between a circuit-breaker and another short-circuit protective device associated in the same circuit, on circuit-breakers incorporating residual current protection, on additional requirements for circuit-breakers intended for connection of aluminium conductors, test sequence for circuit-breakers for IT systems, electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Requirements and test methods for circuit-breakers, on glossary of symbols and graphical representation of characteristics, circuit-breakers not fulfilling the requirements for overcurrent protection, on modular residual current devices (without integral current breaking device), on electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) - Additional requirements and test methods for devices not covered by annex B, annex F and annex M, on instantaneous trip circuit-breakers (ICB), on DC circuit-breakers for use in photovoltaic (PV) applications, and on circuit-breakers incorporating residual current protection with automatic re-closing functions.
SANS 62386-102:2020 Ed 2.1	Digital addressable lighting interface Part 102: General requirements - Control gear. Consolidated edition incorporating amendment No.1. Amended to update the definitions, the clause on method of operation, and to delete figures 6-10 (fading levels) and tables 9-103 (parameters for test sequence).
SANS 122:2020 Ed 1.4	Pressure-sensitive adhesive tapes for electrical purposes (Metric units). Consolidated edition incorporating amendment No.4. Amended to update the scope, definitions, and the requirements for cores, and for packaging, and to delete the annex on notes to purchasers.

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Part 3 of 3

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SCHEDULE B.3: WITHDRAWN STANDARDS

In terms of section 24(1)(C) of the Standards Act, the following standards have been withdrawn.

Standard No. and year	Title

If your organization is interested in participating in these committees, please send an e-mail to Dsscomments@sabs.co.za for more information.

SCHEDULE 5: ADDRESS OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN BUREAU OF STANDARDS HEAD OFFICE

Copies of the standards mentioned in this notice can be obtained from the Head Office of the South African Bureau of Standards at 1 Dr Lategan Road, Groenkloof, Private Bag X191, Pretoria 0001.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT NOTICE 695 OF 2020

AIR SERVICE LICENSING ACT, 1990 (ACT NO.115 OF 1990) APPLICATION FOR THE GRANT OR AMENDMENT OF DOMESTIC AIR SERVICE LICENCE

Pursuant to the provisions of section 15 (1) (b) of Act No. 115 of 1990 and Regulation 8 of the Domestic Air Regulations,1991, it is hereby notified for general information that the application detail of which appear in the appendix, will be considered by the Air Service Licensing Council. Representation in accordance with section 15 (3) of the Act No.115 of 1990 in support of, or in position, an application, should reach the Air Service Licensing Council. Private Box X 193, Pretoria, 0001, within 21 days of date of the publication thereof.

APPENDIX I

- (A) Full name and trade name of the applicant. (B) Full business or residential address of the applicant. (C) Class of licence applied for. (D) Type of air service to which application applies. (E) Category of aircraft to which application applies.
- (A) ISARail SA (Pty) Ltd. (B)Unit D1 Kempton Park Campus, Atlas Road, Bonaero Park, Kempton Park, 1620. (C) Class III. (D) TypeG3, G4, G5 & G10. (E) Category H1.
- (A) Cape Town Airlines (Pty) Ltd; Escape Airways. (B) Unit 12, Provden Park 2, Aviation Crescent, Airport City, Western Cape, 7525. (C) Class I & II. (D) Type S1, S2, N1, N2. (E) Category A1.
- (A) Vharanani Aviation (Pty) Ltd; Vharanani Aviation. (B) 18 Hume Road, Dunkeld West, Johannesburg, 2196. (C) Class II. (D) Type N1. (E) Category A1 &A2.

APPENDIX II

- (A) Full Name and trade name of the applicant. (B) Full business or residential address of the applicant. (C) The Class and number of license in respect of which the amendment is sought (D) Type of air service and the amendment thereto which is being applied for (E) Category of aircraft and the amendment thereto which is being applied for.
- (A) Absolute Flight Services (Pty) Ltd. (B) Hangar103, South Side, Lanseria International Airport. (C) Class II; N964D. (D) Type N1 & N2. (E) Category A1, A2 & A3. Changes to the MP: R Grove` replaces R. Geldenhuys as the RP: Aircraft.
- (A) Airwork Africa (Pty) Ltd. (B) Suite 4, Hangar 38, Wonderboom Airport, Pretoria, (C) Class II & III; N1162D & G1163D. (D) Type N1, N2, G3, G7, G8, G15 & G16 (Ship to Shore). (E) Category H1 & H2. Changes to the MP: Anine Bothman is appointed as the Air Service Safety Officer & Quality Assurance Manager & Tavia van Deventer as the RP: Flight Operations.

AIR SERVICE LICENSING ACT, 1990 (ACT NO.115 OF 1990) APPLICATION FOR THE GRANT OR AMENDMENT OF DOMESTIC AIR SERVICE LICENCE

APPENDIX II

- (A) Full Name and trade name of the applicant. (B) Full business or residential address of the applicant. (C) The Class and number of license in respect of which the amendment is sought (D) Type of air service and the amendment thereto which is being applied for (E) Category of aircraft and the amendment thereto which is being applied for.
- (A) Avcon Jet Africa (Pty) Ltd; Avcon Jet Africa. (B) Ground Floor, Main Terminal Building, Grand Central Airport, New Road, Midrand. (C) Class II; N1133D. (D) Type N1 & N2. (E) Category A2, A3 & A4. Changes to the MP: A. Louw is appointed as the RP: Aircraft, L. H. Enslin as the RP: Flight Operations & G. Appelo as the Air Service Safety Officer.
- (A) BAC Helicopters CC. (B) Office 3, Virginia Airport, 220 Fairway, Durban North, 4051, KZN. (C) Class II & III; N1105D & G1106D. (D) Type N1, N2, G3, G4, G5, G8, G10, G15 & G16 (RPAS). (E) Category H1 & H2. Changes to the MP: A. Bell is appointed as the RP: Flight Operations & B. Hatfield as the Air Service Safety Officer.
- (A) Comair Flight Services (Pty) Ltd: Comair Flight Services / CFS. (B) Hangar 106, Gate 14 (South Side), Lanseria International Airport. (C) Class II; N1015D. (D) Type N1 & N2. (E) Category A1, A2, A3 & A4. Changes to the MP: R. B. Ives replaces A. Steyn as the RP: Flight Operations & P. R. Groves replaces A. Reeves as the RP: Aircraft.
- (A) Helicopter Charter and Training CC. (B) 20 Boeing Road, Walmer, Port Elizabeth Airport, Port Elizabeth. (C) Class II & III; N565D & G573D. (D) Type N1, G10 & G15. (E) Category H2. Changes to the MP: J. J. Cronje replaces J. L, Huddlestone as the Chief Executive Officer & change to Members & Voting Rights: J. L. Huddlestone has 70%, L. Huddlestone has 10% & T. Meyer has 20%.
- (A) Indwe Aviation (Pty) Ltd; Indwe Aviation. (B) George Airport, George, 6530. (C) Class II & III; N1116D & G1117D. (D) Type N1, N2, G2, G3, G10, G15 & G16 (Powerline inspections, Ship to shore & Offshore operations. (E) Category H1. Changes to the MP: G. P. Oosthuizen replaces C. P. Sherwood as the RP: Aircraft.
- (A) MCC Aviation CC; MCC Aviation. (B) Hangar 43, Gate 5, Lanseria International Airport, Lanseria. (C) Class II & III; N751D & G934D. (D) Type N1, N2, G2, G3, G4, G8, G10, G11, G14, G15 & G16 (RPAS). (E) Category A1, A2, A3, A4, H1 & H2. Changes to the MP: L. Hafkamp is appointed as the RP: Flight Operations

BOARD NOTICES • RAADSKENNISGEWINGS

BOARD NOTICE 141 OF 2020



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PO Box 8237 Greenstone 1616 Johannesburg South Africa
Tel 087 940 8800 Fax 087 940 8873 E-mail board@irba.co.za
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AMENDMENTS TO PART 4B OF THE CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT FOR REGISTERED AUDITORS TO REFLECT TERMS AND CONCEPTS USED IN INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ON ASSURANCE ENGAGEMENTS 3000 (REVISED)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 10(1)(a) of the Auditing Profession Act, 2005 (Act 26 of 2005), the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors (IRBA) hereby publishes revisions to the IRBA Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code).

1. PART 4B TO REFLECT TERMS AND CONCEPTS USED IN INTERNATIONAL STANDARD ON ASSURANCE ENGAGEMENTS 3000 (REVISED)

Please be advised that amendments to Part 4B of the IRBA Code are now available and may be downloaded from the IRBA website at https://www.irba.co.za/guidance-for-ras/ethics:-the-rules-and-the-code/the-irba-code-revised-2018.

Part 4B relates to independence for assurance engagements with respect to underlying subject matter covering periods beginning on or after 15 June 2021. Otherwise, the revisions will be effective as of 15 June 2021. Early adoption will be permitted.

For further assistance, enquires may be directed to Mr I Vanker, Director Standards, at the IRBA. Alternatively, please send an email to standards@irba.co.za.

Jenitha John
Chief Executive Officer

Established in terms of Act 26 of 2005

BOARD NOTICE 142 OF 2020



ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL OF SOUTH AFRICA

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Telephone: (012) 349 2331 Facsimile: (012) 349 2327
Email: registrar@ahpcsa.co.za
Website: www.ahpcsa.co.za

DEFINITION

1. In this notice, "the regulations" means the Regulations pertaining to the Allied Health Professions Act (63/1982), as amended, and published in terms of Government Notice No R 127 of 12 February 2001.

2021 ANNUAL FEES

- 2. The amounts of the fees referred to in 37(1) and (2), 38, 39, 40, 41 and 42 (1) and (2) of the regulations, have been determined by Council as shown in the table below.
- 3. These amounts apply to annual fees in respect of the calendar year 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021, which are due on 1 January 2021, and which must be received by the Council by 31 March 2021 (final date for payment); note fee increase thereafter as per the table below in the respective categories.

FEES TABLE

<u>Description</u>	<u>Fee Payable</u>
	(Rands)
Application fee for temporary registration	2535
Registration fee for temporary registration	2200
Examination fee for persons who are temporarily registered	5000
Application and registration fee for first year students	575

Annual student registration fee for years subsequent to the	500
first year	
Fee for late registration as student	4225
Student restoration fee	575
The amount the council may advance to the registrar in cash	2000
Annual registration fee in respect of one profession where	2200
fees are paid on or after 1 January and before 1 April	
Annual registration fee in respect of one profession where	2535
fees are paid on or after 1 April and before 1 May	
Annual registration fee in respect of one profession –where	2990
fees are paid on or after 1 May and before 1 June	
Annual registration fee in respect of one profession where	3685
fees are paid on or after 1 June	
Annual registration fee in respect of two professions where	4400
fees paid on or after 1 January and before 1 April	
Annual registration fee in respect of two professions where	5070
fees are paid on or after 1 April and before 1 May	
Annual registration fee in respect of two professions where	5980
fees are paid on or after 1 May and before 1 June	
Annual registration fee in respect of two professions where	7370
fees are paid on or after 1 June	
Annual registration fee in respect of three or more	6600
professions where fees are paid on or after 1 January and	
before 1 April	
Annual registration fee in respect of three or more	7600
professions where fees are paid on or after 1 April and	
before 1 May	
Annual registration fee in respect of three or more	8975
professions where fees are paid on or after 1 May and before	
1 June	
Annual registration fee in respect of three or more	11050
professions where fees are paid on or after 1 June	

Senior citizen fee (70 to 74 years) per profession	-50%
Senior citizen fee (+75 years) per profession	280
Application fee where applicant does not possess the prescribed qualification	2535
Council fee for the conduct of examination where the applicant has a foreign qualification or is applying for	5000
restoration	
Professional board examination fee in terms of section 4(d)	5000
and 10D(c) of the Act	
Professional board fee for issuing of a certificate	870
Fee for issue of a registration certificate	870
Restoration application fee	2535
Restoration fee in the case of non-payment of fees by the	(i) twice the amount of
practitioner or student	the current annual
	registration fee as a
	restoration fee where
	the practitioner or
	student applies for
	restoration within six
	months of the date of
	his or her de-
	registration; or
	(ii) three times the
	amount of the current
	annual registration fee
	as a restoration fee
	where the practitioner
	or student applies for
	restoration after six
	months of the date of
	his or her de-
	registration
Restoration fee in the case of disciplinary action by the	(i) four times the
council against the practitioner or student.	current annual
	registration fee where

	the person applies for restoration after six months from the date of de-registration but within 12 months of the date of deregistration; or (ii) five times the current annual registration fee where the person applies for
	restoration after 12
	months of the date of
	de-registration
Fee payable to the council by a first-year student upon first	575
application for registration as a student	
Fee payable to the council an intern for each year of	1010
registration as an intern beyond the first year.	
Fee for the issue to a practitioner of duplicate letters of	870
registration or certificates by the registrar.	
Allowances (honoraria) payable by the Council in respect of -	
(a) the attendance of meetings of the council, executive	
committee of the council and professional boards by	
members of the council, the executive committee of the	
council or professional boards are as follows-	
(i) to the chairperson and vice-chairperson of the council,	R2640 per meeting
members of the executive committee of the council and	
chairpersons of the professional boards	
(ii) to the vice-chairpersons of the council and professional	R2175 per meeting
boards, other council and professional board members	
(b) the attendance of other meetings such as that of the	R2175 per meeting
Finance Committee or the Education Committees of the	
council	
Allowance payable where a member of the council or	In accordance with

professional board prefers to use his or her own transport in	the current travel
order to attend meetings out of Pretoria or to attend other	allowances published
council business at places not more than 750 kilometres	by the South African
distant from his or her ordinary residence	Revenue Services on
	its website but not
	exceeding the
	amount of the
	economy class airfare
	that would have been
	payable had the
	member travelled by
	air to the meeting
Extract from the register	N/A
Professional board examination fee	5000
Fee for bioethics and jurisprudence examination	620
Fee for conducting a review of an external educational	Actual costs plus
institution	25%
Allowance (honorarium) payable by the Council in respect of visits to external education institutions for review purposes	5335
Fee for an application for the opening of a new register	130 000
Accreditation fees payable to the council for continuing	
professional development activities -	
Level 1: Activities encompassing non-measurable	
outcomes-	
Large groups(100 delegates or more):	
(i) Conferences or seminars; (ii) Congresses; (iii) Symposia;	3100
(iv) Web-based seminars; (v) International conferences	
(17) 1100 00000 0011111010, (1) International conferences	
Small groups (less than 100 delegates):	
(i) Formally organised meetings by professional societies;	520
(ii) Structured small group discussions with a minimum of	
three practitioners involved; (iii) Case study discussions	
with a minimum number of three practitioners involved; (iv)	
Formally organised special purpose lectures; (v) Formally	
organised special purpose lectures that are not part of a	
business meeting; (vi) Interest groups meeting less than six	
times per year	

Other: (i) membership of an association/society; (ii) serving	
on professional bodies	
	520
Level 2: Activities encompassing measurable outcomes –	
(These activities include those that have a clearly	
measurable outcome or formal evaluation process after the	
activity)	
(i) involving less than 10 persons	
(ii) involving 10 to 20 persons	
(iii) involving 20 to 30 persons	1050
	2100
(iv) involving more than 30 persons	2600
	4150
Level 3: Activities associated with formally structured	4130
-	
learning programmes	
(This is structured learning, namely a formal programme	
presented by an Education and Training Quality Assurance	NO CHARGE
body-accredited, National Department of Higher Education	
registered- and Allied Health Professions Council–approved	
training or educational institution with a measurable	
outcome)	
,	
Other matter not covered by the above considered by any	
CPD committee	
	AHPCSA
	DISCRETION
Fee for issuing a letter of good standing	870
a construction of good ordinarily	5.0

DR LOUIS MULLINDER

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REGISTRAR: ALLIED HEALTH PROFESSIONS COUNCIL OF SOUTH AFRICA

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